A Dictionary of Moroccan Arabic: Moroccan-English

edited by Richard S. Harrell

compiled by Thomas Fox Mohammed Abu-Talib

> with the assistance of Ahmed Ben Thami Allal Chreibi Habiba Kanouni Ernest Ligon Mohammed Mekaoui



The Richard Slade Harrell Arabic Series General Editor: Richard S. Harrell Georgetown University Press, Washington, D.C. 20007

THE ARABIC SERIES INSTITUTE OF LANGUAGES AND LINGUISTICS GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

As an adjunct to its teaching and research program in the field of modern Arabic studies, Georgetown University's Institute of Languages and Linguistics inaugurated a publication series in Arabic studies in 1962. The present volume represents the ninth of the series. A list of currently available and forthcoming publications is to be found on the back cover of this book.

Inquiries as to prices, details of subscription, etc., should be sent to Director of Publications, Institute of Languages and Linguistics, Georgetown University, Washington, D. C. 20007.

THE ARABIC RESEARCH PROGRAM INSTITUTE OF LANGUAGES AND LINGUISTICS GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

The Arabic Research Program was established in June of 1960 as a contract between Georgetown University and the United States Office of Education under the provisions of the Language Development Program of the National Defense Education Act.

The first two years of the research program, 1960-62 (Contract number SAE-8706), were devoted to the production of six books, a reference grammar and a conversational English-Arabic dictionary in the cultivated spoken forms of Moroccan, Syrian, and Iraqi Arabic. The second two years of the research program, 1962-64 (Contract number OE-2-14-029), have been devoted to the further production of Arabic-English dictionaries in each of the three varieties of Arabic mentioned above, as well as comprehensive basic courses in the Moroccan and Iraqi varieties.

The eleven books of this series, of which the present volume is one, are designed to serve as practical tools for the increasing number of Americans whose lives bring them into contact with the Arab world. The dictionaries, the reference grammars, and the basic courses are oriented toward the educated American who is a layman in linguistic matters. Although it is hoped that the scientific linguist and the specialist in Arabic dialectology will find these books both of interest and of use, matters of purely scientific and theoretical importance have not been directly treated as such, and specialized scientific terminology has been avoided as much as possible.

As is usual, the authors or editors of the individual books bear final scholarly responsibility for the contents, but there has been a large amount of informal cooperation in our work. Criticism, consultation, and discussion have gone on constantly among the senior professional members of the staff. The contribution of more junior research assistants, both Arab and American, is also not to be underestimated. Their painstaking assembling and ordering of raw data, often in manners requiring considerable creative intelligence, has been the necessary prerequisite for further progress.

In most cases the books prepared by the Arabic Research Program are the first of their kind in English, and in some cases the first in any language. The preparation of them has been a rewarding experience. It is hoped that the public use of them will be equally so. The undersigned, on behalf of the entire staff, would like to ask the same indulgence of the reader as Samuel Johnson requested in his first English

dictionary: To remember that although much has been left out, much has been included.

Richard S. Harrell Professor of Linguistics Georgetown University

Director, Arabic Research Program

Before his death in late 1964, Dr. Harrell had done the major part of the work of general editor for the last five books of the Arabic Series, and to him is due the credit for all that may be found of value in that work. It remained for me only to make some minor editing decisions, and to see these books through the process of proofreading and printing; for any errors or inadequacies in the final editing, the responsibility is mine alone.

Wallace M. Erwin Assistant Professor of Linguistics and Arabic Georgetown University

INTRODUCTION

This dictionary is designed to serve the practical needs of Americans whose lives bring them into contact with Morocco and Moroccans. The aim of the compilers has been to present the core vocabulary of everyday life. No attempt has been made to cover dialect variations or specialized vocabularies, as for example the detailed terminology of the various handicrafts, of commerce, or of industry. The average Moroccan is no more familiar with such terms himself than is the average American with similar terms in English. The entries are based on the speech of educated Moroccans from the cities of Fez, Rabat, and Casablanca. Except for minor variations, their usage may be taken as typical of urban speech in general. This standard urban usage is understood throughout Morocco, including the villages and the countryside.

Although a variety of reference works were consulted in the compilation of this dictionary, the material presented is wholly primary.* No single entry is a simple reworking or translation of previously published material. Every entry is a critically evaluated reflection of a native Moroccan's judgment as to the meaning of his own speech. In a few rare cases secondary reference works have been relied on for limited terminological purposes. An example is the entry argan, which is translated as 'argan tree'. The Moroccan members of our staff were familiar with the word argan as well as the plant which it represents, but none of them knew the English equivalent. None of the American members of our staff were familiar with the plant. A comparison of various French and English dictionaries convinced the editor that 'argan tree' was the proper entry. No other use has been made of secondary sources.

The word list of Ferré's Lexique Marocain-Français ** was taken as a point of departure. Entries not directly familiar to our Moroccan staff members were deleted and various additions were made from their own knowledge. In no case were Ferré's

^{*}Constantly in use for matters of detail were such standard works as: Webster's Third New International Dictionary (Springfield: G. and C. Merriam Company, 1961), Le Petit Larousse (Paris: Librairie Larousse, 1959), J. E. Mansion, ed., Mansion's Shorter French and English Dictionary (D. C. Heath and Company, no date). The French reference works were indispensable in view of the French education of our Moroccan staff members and the consultation of various French language works on Moroccan Arabic. Particularly useful among the latter were: Louis Brunot, Textes arabes de Rabat (Paris: Librairie Orientaliste Paul Geuthner, Vol. I Textes 1931, Vol. II Glossaire 1952); Daniel Ferré, Lexique Marocain-Français and Lexique Français-Marocain (Editions Nejma, Imprimerie de Fédala, Maroc, no date or place); Henry Mercier, Dictionnaire Arabe-Français (Rabat: Les éditions la porte, 1951) and Dictionnaire Français-Arabe (Rabat: Les éditions la porte, 1959).

^{*} Cf. the preceding footnote.

definitions used otherwise than as a stimulus for arriving at our own definitions. In the process of criticism and revision each of the entries finally arrived at has been read at least four times.

The use of the dictionary presupposes a familiarity with the basic grammatical structure of Moroccan Arabic.* Except for a sprinkling of illustrative items, regularly predictable forms have been omitted. For example, it was considered unnecessary to enter regular diminutives such as ktiyyeb from ktab 'book' or regular participles such as meṣnuɛ from ṣnāɛ 'to make, to manufacture'. Participles, diminutives, and other such derived words are, however, entered if they are irregular in form or specialized in meaning. Entered participles are listed alphabetically but referred back to the parent verb for definition. For example, saneɛ is regular both in form and meaning as the active participle of ṣnāɛ, but it has the additional specialized meaning 'craftsman, artisan'. The information 'a.p. of ṣnāɛ' given for the alphabetically entered ṣaneɛ is a signal that the word should be looked up as a sub-entry under the parent verb ṣnāɛ. The same is true of the participles beginning with m-, irregular diminutives, and in general all other semantically or formally irregular or unpredictable items.

A large number of Fe & aL pattern adjectives and nouns as well as medio-passive verbs (i.e. Measures Ia, IIa(V), IIIa(VI), and the derived quadriliteral measure) were found to be fully predictable in meaning and have been cross referenced rather than translated independently. For example, the entry for wezza& is simply 'ag. n. of wezza&' since its meaning is totally predictable from the meaning of wezza&' to distribute, to hand out'. For similar reasons nebba& is entered as 'ag. n. and adj. of nbe&', ttekteb is entered as 'm.p. of kteb', etc.

Necessary grammatical information (e.g. irregular plurals) is given with the entries. Verbs are entered in the third person singular masculine of the perfect. The imperfect form is written immediately after the perfect form for those verbs which are irregular or which have an unpredictable imperfect vowel. The verbal noun is given for Measure I verbs and elsewhere if irregular. In idioms and expressions which require a variable pronoun (cf. 'I—my', 'he—his', etc. in 'I ate my fill', 'He ate his fill', etc.), the pronoun, like the verb, has been entered in the third person singular masculine with the symbol ϕ after it to indicate that the pronoun varies according to meaning. For example, the entry fda $deqqtu\phi$ 'to get revenge' is conjugated fdit deqqti 'I got (my) revenge', fditi deqqtek 'you got (your) revenge', etc. The symbol \sim after a pronoun indicates it is invariable, e.g. $bih \sim fih \sim$ 'immediately'.

^{*}Cf. Richard S. Harrell, A Short Reference Grammar of Moroccan Arabic (Washington: Georgetown University Press, 1962), A Basic Course in Moroccan Arabic (Washington: Georgetown University Press, 1965), and Harvey Sobelman, ed., A Dictionary of Moroccan Arabic: English-Moroccan (Washington: Georgetown University Press, 1963).

There are numerous cases where Moroccan and English meanings correspond precisely but with differing constructions in the two languages. This circumstance is indicated by the symbol \neq placed directly after the English definition, followed by an example which shows the construction. For example, under $m\check{s}a$ 'to go', the sub-entry $m\check{s}a$ l- is translated 'to lose \neq ', with the illustration $m\check{s}a$ -li sebbati 'I lost my shoes'. The illustration shows that the thing lost is the subject of the verb in Moroccan while the person losing the object in question is placed as the object of the preposition l-.

In those cases where the Moroccan usage or structure is not immediately clear from the English definition, supplementary information such as 'v.i.' for 'intransitive verb' or 'v.t.' for 'transitive verb' is given. An indented paragraph mark, \P , is used to set off sub-entries, e.g. the sub-entry $m\check{s}a$ f- $\nabla alu\phi$ 'to go away' under the main entry $m\check{s}a$ 'to go'. An indented double asterisk, **, preceding a sentence or a group of sentences at the end of an entry or a sub-entry indicates idiomatic uses, e.g. under ras 'head' the sentence $\mathcal{E}ad$ faq b-rasu 'He's finally realized what's going on'.

In order to be as clear as possible and to give a wider range of information about the entries, numerous illustrative sentences have been included. For example, one of the equivalents given for the verb bqa is 'to keep on, to continue, to remain, to persevere (in)', which is then clarified by the appended illustrative sentence bqa ka-ikteb-lu modda twila 'He kept on writing him (regularly) for quite a while'.

The transcription differs in only two respects from that given in the works cited in the footnote referred to immediately above. The e and the short \check{a} are consistently distinguished, and a new symbol, the short \check{i} , has been added. There is considerable variation between e and \check{a} from speaker to speaker. Some speakers almost exclusively have \check{a} rather than e in the neighborhood of c and c. Other speakers reverse this pattern. Other speakers have \check{a} in some words and e in others in the neighborhood of c and c. The transcription adopted represents an attempted consensus of our Moroccan staff. In the final analysis, however, there is no escaping the fact that some speakers say cefa while others say cafa 'ceremony, party', and as might be expected each speaker prefers his own pronunciation.

The symbol i represents a shorter version of the i, which represents a sound similar to the 'i' of English 'machine'. The short i occurs in relatively few words, mostly classicisms. Less well educated people usually use i instead of i, but there are a few words in which i is apparently the only acceptable educated usage, e.g. i 'governor'.

The entries are arranged alphabetically according to the following sequence:

a b(b) d d f g g h i k l(l) m(m) n q r(r) s s š t t u w x y z(z) ž \subset \mathcal{E} Because of the limited and variable role they play in word formation, the glottal stop, \mathcal{P} , and the variable vowels \check{a} , e, \check{i} , and o have been disregarded in the alpha-

betization. Thus such a word as xobz 'bread' is alphabetized as x-b-z, $\angle \check{a}wd$ 'horse' is alphabetized as $\angle -w-d$, and $\angle eddeb$ 'to educate' is alphabetized as d-d-b, etc. The secondary emphatic consonants b, l, m, r, and z have likewise been disregarded for purposes of alphabetization, for similar reasons. This scheme of arrangement is essentially that of Ferré, and familiarity has convinced the editor of its practical usefulness.

In those cases where differing pronunciations of a word require different alphabetizations, both have been listed, usually with a cross reference. There are five generalized variations which require attention:

- (1) The alternation between q and g. In various dialects of Moroccan, the q is regularly replaced by g. For example, many speakers say gal instead of qal 'to say'. For words in which q is the standard pronunciation, the alternatives with g have not been listed. For words where the alternate with g is the more widely accepted pronunciation, the word is entered twice, the translation under the form with g and a cross reference under the form with q. For example, under the entry bqer one finds the note 'same as bger', and under the entry bger the translation 'cattle' is given.
- (2) The change of initial s (or s) to s under the influence of a s or z further on in the word. The procedure has been to list both forms with cross references. For example, entry serzem gives the information 'same as serzem', and the entry serzem gives the meaning 'window'.
- (3) The change of initial z to ž, parallel to the alternation between s and š discussed in (2) above. The alternation is handled similarly, e.g. žellež is entered 'same as zellež', and zellež is translated 'to cover with mosaic'.
- (4) The variation between $\check{a}y$ and i after z and z. Where this variation occurs the meaning is usually given under the form with i and a cross reference is given under the form with $\check{a}y$. For example, the entry under z is 'same as z it' and the entry under z it is 'wall'.
- (5) The variation between $\check{a}w$ and u after \subset and \subset . The variation is exactly parallel to the variation between $\check{a}y$ and i discussed in (4) above, e.g. $\subset \check{a}wma$ 'same $as \subset uma$ ' and $\subset uma$ 'quarter, section (of a city)'.

In closing the editor would like to express his gratitude and warm feelings to all those who participated in the production of this dictionary. Ernest Ligon deserves a final salute for undertaking the proofreading.

Richard S. Harrell Washington, D. C. August, 1964

PRONUNCIATION

1. Table of Sounds: Moroccan Arabic has thirty-one consonants and six vowels.* The symbols for them are listed in the table below. Most of the consonants are classified according to the kinds of movements and positions of the lips, tongue, throat, and nasal passages which produce them.

CONSONANTS						
	Labial	Dental	Palatal	Velar	Pharyngeal	Glottal
Stops	b b	t ț d d		k g q		9
Fricatives	f	s ș z ż	šž	хġ	عع	h
Nasals	m ṃ	n				
Resonants	l l r r w y					
			VOWELS			
			a ă e i o u			

Stops are those sounds which involve, momentarily, a complete blocking of the air stream in speech. For example, notice the complete closure of the lips in the pronunciation of the 'b' in English 'bed'. A fricative is a sound in which the air stream is partly blocked but not completely stopped, with a resulting noisy effect. For example, in the 'f' of English 'foot' note the way the air stream escapes through the partial closure of the lower lip against the upper front teeth. Nasals are sounds which involve a flow of air through the nasal passage, e.g. 'm' as in 'mad'.

The terms 'labial', 'dental', 'palatal', 'velar', 'pharyngeal', and 'glottal' refer, in going from front to back, to the parts of the mouth in which sounds are formed.

'Labial' refers to sounds which involve the lips, e.g. m.

'Dental' refers to sounds which involve the tip of the tongue in the area around the back of the upper front teeth, e.g., d.

^{*} No account is taken of the vowel i in this description.

'Palatal' refers to sounds formed with the upper surface of the tongue against the roof of the mouth, e.g. š.

'Velar' refers to sounds involving the rear part of the tongue against the rear portions of the roof of the mouth, e.g. \dot{g} .

'Pharyngeal' refers to sounds formed in the area of the throat above the larynx ('adam's apple'), e.g. \(\mathcal{Z} \).

'Glottal' refers to sounds formed in the larynx, e.g. ?.

For practical teaching and learning purposes, the sounds listed as 'resonants' are not usefully classifiable according to the system described above. The sounds represented by letters with dots under them, e.g. t, are referred to as 'emphatics'. They are discussed below.

There are six vowels, represented by the symbols a, ă, e, i, o, and u. Each one of these vowels has various pronunciations depending on the consonants they occur with. There is no single isolated pronunciation which can be learned for them. They are discussed individually in relation to the consonants in the following sections.

2. Consonants Similar to English: Fifteen of the thirty-one Moroccan consonants are, for practical purposes, identical with consonants which occur in English. These are b, f, m, t, d, s, z, n, \check{s} (like the 'sh' in 'ship'), \check{z} (like the 's' in 'pleasure'), k, g, w, v, and h.

For the student who wishes to be fully accurate, there is a small difference of detail to be noted between the Moroccan t, d, and n as opposed to the corresponding English sounds. In Moroccan these sounds are formed with the tip of the tongue against the back of the upper front teeth instead of against the gum ridge immediately above them. Note the tip of the tongue against the gum ridge above the teeth for English 't', 'd', and 'n', as in 'tea', 'day', 'no'.

A word about w and y is also necessary. The English speaker is familiar with them before vowels, as in words like 'well' and 'yes'. Moroccan w and y occur after vowels as well as before them. After vowels, the Moroccan w sounds to the English speaker somewhat like the vowel in 'who' and the y sounds somewhat like the vowel in 'he'. The occurrence of h in the middle and at the end of words may also cause the student some difficulty.

3. Vowel Sounds with Familiar Consonants: This section has to do with the pronunciation of some of the Moroccan vowels in combination with the consonants listed in 2 above. The descriptions below are accurate only for the vowels in combination with those Moroccan consonants which are similar to English. Elsewhere the vowels are pronounced differently.

- (1) The e: Like the 'e' in English 'glasses', but always very short.
- (2) The o: Like the 'u' in English 'put', but always very short.
- (3) The a: Like the 'a' in English 'mad' except at the end of words. At the end of words, Moroccan a is pronounced about half-way between the 'a' of 'mad' and the 'a' of 'father'.
- (4) The i: Similar to the vowel of 'be' but without any gliding effect. By listening carefully the English speaker will note that from the beginning to the end of the vowel of 'be' there is a sort of gliding change in vowel quality. This gliding effect must be avoided in Moroccan. For the student who knows French, Italian, or Spanish, it may be helpful to point out that the 'i' in these languages is exactly equivalent to the Moroccan i, as in French vite 'quickly', Spanish mi 'my', or Italian vino 'wine'.
- (5) The u: Similar to the vowel of 'do' but without any gliding effect. Compare the discussion of the i immediately above. The Moroccan u is like the French 'ou', as in fou 'insane', or Spanish and Italian 'u', as in Spanish luna 'moon', Italian luce 'light'.
- 4. The Emphatic Consonants: The easiest way for the English speaker to distinguish the emphatic consonants from the corresponding non-emphatic consonants is by the great difference in the sound of the vowels when they occur next to these consonants (see the discussion of the emphatic vowels below). By paying careful attention to the vowel differences, which he hears relatively easily, the English speaker will arrive at an acceptable pronunciation of the difference between the plain and emphatic consonants, even if he feels that he can hear no difference between them.

The emphatic consonants are written with a subscript dot under the symbol for the corresponding plain consonants. There are eight emphatic consonants, b, m, t, d, s, z, l, and r. The first seven are discussed here, while the r is considered in section δ below. These sounds are lower in pitch than their non-emphatic counterparts. They are pronounced with greater muscular tension in the mouth and throat and with a raising of the back and root of the tongue toward the roof of the mouth. The English speaker can notice this contraction of the throat very easily by prolonging the 'l' in 'full', since this English 'l' is exactly like the Moroccan l except that in the Moroccan sound the tip of the tongue is against the back of the upper front teeth instead of against the gum ridge above the teeth. After having acquired conscious control of the movement of the back and root of the tongue with l, the English speaker can proceed to practice combining it with the other articulatory features of l, m, l, d, s, z, and r. In addition to lower pitch and the contraction of the throat, l differs from l by being released without any friction noise whereas the l usually has some, as in English.

The emphatics t, d, and s are quite common, with or without other emphatic consonants in the words in which they occur. The r also occurs widely in words without the presence of any other emphatic consonants, but it is limited to the neighborhood of the vowels e and a unless a t, d, or s also occurs in the word. The occurrence of b, m, s, or l in words where no t, d, s, or r occurs is quite rare. Contrariwise, there is no occurrence of a plain b or m in a word in which one of the other emphatics occurs. In order to avoid the repetition of subscript dots, the transcription employed here is to write b and m only if no other emphatic occurs in the word. Otherwise only b and b are written although they are to be interpreted as b and b if another emphatic consonant occurs in the word where they are found.

- 5. The Emphatic Vowels: The Moroccan vowels have special pronunciations in the neighborhood of the emphatic consonants. The emphatic pronunciations are:
- (1) The e: Like the 'u' in English 'nut', but always very short.
- (2) The a: Like the 'a' in 'father'.
- (3) The i: Similar to the vowel of 'they', but without any gliding effect.
- (4) The u: Similar to the vowel of 'blow', but without any gliding effect.
- (5) The o: Like the emphatic u, but always very short.
- 6. The Sounds l, r, and r: A minor difference between English 'l' and Moroccan l is that, like the other Moroccan dentals, it is pronounced with the tip of the tongue against the upper front teeth instead of against the gum ridge above them. A more serious difference is that the usual American English 'l' is like the Moroccan emphatic !. The Moroccan plain l is like the French, Spanish, or Italian l in that it is pronounced with the tongue further forward in the mouth and without the back part of the tongue being raised toward the roof of the mouth.

The plain r is a flap of the tongue past the gum ridge above the upper front teeth, like the 'r' in Spanish para 'for' or the 't' in the usual American pronunciation of such words as 'water' and 'butter'. Emphatic r bears exactly the same relation to plain r as the other emphatic consonants to the corresponding plain consonants. See the discussion of the emphatic consonants above.

The vowels next to r are pronounced the same as around the other emphatic consonants. Around plain l and r the vowels are pronounced the same as in the neighborhood of the various consonants which are similar to English, such as m, f, etc.

7. The Consonants q, x, and \dot{g} : The q is similar to the k but is pronounced further back in the mouth. English 'k' ranges over a fairly wide area in the back

of the mouth, and the English speaker must be careful to keep k more to the front part and q more to the back part of the rear of the mouth in order not to confuse them and pronounce q when he means k or vice versa.

The x and \dot{g} are fricatives pronounced in approximately the same position as the q, with the rear of the tongue raised toward the roof of the mouth in the neighborhood of the uvula. The \dot{g} is similar to the French 'r' and the x is the same sound as the 'ch' of German Bach or Scotch loch. If these sounds seem difficult to the English speaker he can approximate them by gargling gently. The \dot{g} is similar to a light gargle accompanied by a musical buzz from the adam's apple ('voice' is the technical term for this musical buzz) whereas the x is the same sound without the musical buzz.

The vowels in the neighborhood of the consonants q, x, and \dot{g} are pronounced approximately the same as the vowels in the neighborhood of the emphatic consonants. This equivalence is only approximate, and the student's prime concern should be with exact imitation of native speakers of Moroccan Arabic.

8. The consonants \subset and \subset : The \subset and \subset are different from anything in English. Careful practice with a native speaker or with recordings is necessary for the English speaker to acquire a proper pronunciation of these consonants. These sounds are articulated by a simultaneous raising of the larynx and a movement of the root of the tongue toward the back wall of the throat. The compression of the throat in this way gives rise to the particular sound quality of these two consonants.

The \overline{c} is somewhat similar to an English 'h' pronounced in a loud stage whisper, as opposed to Moroccan h, which is more like an English 'h' in ordinary conversation. The English speaker must exercise extreme care in learning to distinguish h and \overline{c} from each other, both in hearing and in pronunciation.

The \mathcal{E} is unlike any English sound, and a proper pronunciation of it can be acquired only by careful imitation. A useful articulatory description of the way to pronounce \mathcal{E} is difficult to give briefly in simple terms. The student may approximate it by practicing a loud, prolonged stage whisper English 'h', as for \mathcal{E} . He should note the tension in his throat and the exact position of the adam's apple during the stage whisper 'h'. Then, with his adam's apple and throat in the exact position as for the stage whisper 'h', the student should try pronouncing the 'a' of 'father'. The result should be an acceptable approximation of \mathcal{E} . The student may contrast it with the normal pronunciation of the 'a' in 'father'.

9. The Vowels with \subset and \subset : In the neighborhood of \subset and \subset , the vowels a, i, u, and o are approximately the same as in the neighborhood of the emphatic consonants. The vowel \check{a} is almost never found anywhere except next to \subset or \subset .

It is pronounced about halfway between the 'a' of 'mad' and the 'a' of 'father', but always very short. It is especially important to note the shortness of \check{a} . If it is lengthened, it will be confused with a. The only difference between a and \check{a} is that a is held longer than \check{a} . The vowel e next to \subset and \subset is similar to the 'e' of English 'bet'.

- 10. The Glottal Stop: The glottal stop is represented by the symbol ?. This sound is as rare in Moroccan as it is in English. It is the break between vowels as heard in the exclamation 'uh oh'. The 'tt' in such a word as 'bottle' is also commonly pronounced as a glottal stop in some varieties of New York English ('Brooklynese') or Scotch English. This sound offers no difficulties for the English speaker. The vowels around the glottal stop are pronounced the same as in the neighborhood of such plain consonants as f, \check{s} , n, etc.
- 11. The Diphthongs $\check{a}y$ and $\check{a}w$: These two diphthongs occur almost exclusively after \subset or \mathcal{E} . The English speaker's principal difficulty in pronouncing them is to remember that they are always very short. Except for being pronounced much more quickly, the $\check{a}y$ is similar to the 'i' in English 'night' and the $\check{a}w$ is similar to the 'ou' in English 'about'.
- 12. The Sequences ay and aw: The a in these sequences is pronounced as usual, i.e. similar to the 'a' of 'father' after the emphatics and the consonants q, x, \dot{g} , ζ , and ξ , and similar to the 'a' of 'mad' after other consonants. In these sequences, the y is similar to the 'ee' of 'feed' and the w is similar to the 'oo' of 'food'. The sequences aye and awe, i.e. with an e after the ay and aw, are very common. The pronunciation of the e in these sequences is very fleeting, similar to the 'e' of 'towel' or the 'a' of 'trial'. An exception is that before ζ or ξ the e is fully pronounced.
- 13. Double Consonants: Double consonants are an important feature of Moroccan pronunciation. In English the double writing of a consonant, as the 'dd' in 'middle', is simply a meaningless piece of spelling. In Moroccan, such a writing as mm as opposed to m or dd as opposed to d indicates an important difference in pronunciation. The writing of a consonant symbol twice indicates that the consonant is to be held twice as long as a single consonant. Genuine double consonants never occur in English in the middle of words, but they are very common from the end of one word to the beginning of another. Compare the difference between the single 'd' in 'lay down' and the double "dd' in 'laid down'. Many similar examples for other consonants can be found in English.

Medial double consonants are not particularly difficult for the English speaking student. More difficult is the occurrence of double consonants both at the beginning and the end of words. Careful attention and practice are necessary for the mastery of initial and final double consonants.

- 14. Triple Consonants: Double consonants are held twice as long as single consonants. There are also cases of triple consonants, which are held even longer than double consonants. If the student has exercised the pronunciation of double consonants properly, learning to contrast them with triple consonants should not be difficult.
- 15. Sequences and Clusters: The preceding sections have discussed the various consonant and vowel sounds of Moroccan Arabic. Some of them are very similar to sounds which occur in English, others are quite different. Mastering the new sounds is only a first step for the student. There remains the task of learning to pronounce unfamiliar sequences. Sequences such at bt- at the beginning of of a word or -hd at the end of a word strike the English speaking student as quite strange. Moroccan has a large number of such clusters, and the student must be prepared to deal with them, especially at the beginning and in the middle of words. Such sequences are actually not at all difficult, and they are easily mastered with attention and practice. As a matter of fact, similar clusters occur in rapid conversational English, for example the 'gb' in rapid pronunciations of 'good-bye'; the spelling 'g'bye' is sometimes used to represent this initial cluster in writing. A further example is the initial cluster 'tm' in casual pronunciations of 'tomorrow.' A close examination of spoken English at ordinary conversational speed reveals many such clusters. These can serve as a basis on which the student can build in mastering the pronunciation of seemingly unfamiliar Moroccan clusters.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

adi. adjective adverb adv. agentive adjective ag. adj. agentive noun ag. n. active participle a.p. (the definite) article art. collective coll. comparative comp. conjunction conj. construct (form, state) cons. collective plural cpl. definite article def. art. department dept. diminutive dim. dual du. for example e.g. especially esp. et cetera etc. expression(s) expr. feminine f. gram gm. that is i.e. imperfect impf. imperative impv. inherently possessed inh. pos. literal(ly) lit. masculine m. mathematics math. minute(s) min. medio-passive m.p. ทดนท n. noun of instance n.i. noun of unity n.u. participle part. plural pl. passive participle p.p. preposition prep. pronoun pron. singular sg.

s.o.	someone
s.th.	something
U.S.	United States
usu.	usual(ly)
v.	verb
v.i.	intransitive verb
v.n.	verbal noun
v.t.	transitive verb
φ	Indicates a variable pronoun ending.
~	Indicates an invariable pro- noun ending.
≠	Signals a structural difference between Moroccan and English.
¶	Indicates a sub-entry.
**	
• •	Indicates idiomatic usage.

The above symbols are explained further in the Introduction.

A

a vocative particle fayn gadi a ¿ ăbbas? Where are you going, Abbas? -mse-l-xir, a sidi. Good evening, sir. —a lalla! Madam! Lady! -a d-drari, sektu! Children, be quiet! -a had l-weld xlas u-ma thessel Eliya. Stop pestering me, boy! ?ab pl. ?aba? (classicism but fairly common; does not usually take pron. endings) father ?aba? pl, of ?ab Pabadan never, not at all @abad (usually with art.) eternity ¶ l-l-?abăd forever, eternally abluz n.u. -a unripe date (at yellow stage) abraz see braz @abril April @abu-l-hawl (the) Sphinx ?abt at pl. of bet t Pada v.t. (v.n. mPadya) to hurt, to harm ma-baĝi-ši idir ši-zaža lli toadiha. He doesn't want to do anything to hurt her. Pada? 1. v.n. of Pedda 2. pl. -at payment ?adam Adam (biblical first man) ¶ bani ? adam the human race ²adami pl. -yen 1. human being 2. courteous, well-mannered ?adăb 1. (no pl.) politeness, courtesy 2. pl. Padab literature waš ka-i čažbek l-adab l-mu asir? Do you like contemporary literature? adilla pl. of dalil ²adiya pl. -t 1. evil, harm ma-imken-lek-ši ttsuwwer l-?adiya f-aš žra l-žiranu. You have no idea how much harm he caused his neighbors. 2. nuisance walayenni Padiya dak l-bent! What a nuisance that girl is! ⁹aden b-(s.th.) l-(s.o.) to allow, to permit škun lli ? aden-lek b-le-mši? Who permitted you to go? ?aden (no pl.) permission ²adwiya pl. of dwa ²adyan pl. of din ?adwar pl. of dur ?afat pl. -at accident ¶ grib l-l-?afat fragile ?afkar pl. of fekra and fikr afrag pl. -at partition agwal pl. -at kind of long, large drum, open at one end ?agbiya? pl. of gabiy ağlal same as ğlal Paglat pl. of galat and gelta ²agniya pl. of gani (a.p. of gna) Pahali pl. of Pahl Pahl (used as pl.) pl. Pahali, Pahliya

1. parents 2. family 3. relatives

¶ ?ahl le-blad natives (of some city, country) ²ahliya 1. pl. of ²ahl 2. pl. -t aptitude, qualification ^gahlen wa-sehlen, ^gahlăn wa-sahlăn welcome (interjectional usage) ²ahemmiya pl. -t importance $\mathcal{P}ala$ pl. -t 1. musical instrument (any kind) 2. Moroccan Andalusian music 3. machine Palaf pl. of Palef Palef du. Palfayn pl. Palaf, Puluf, Pulufat thousand alfad pl. of lefda algam pl. of legm, logm ⁹ali musician, instrumentalist @alif-el-ba the abc's, alphabet Paliha pl. of Pilah allah same as llah allah ¶ allahu ?ekber God is great (religious formula used in prayers and as an interjection in various social circumstances). Palz an pl. of laz n ama, ? ama what, which ama zen-lek? What do you prefer? -- ama huwa? Which one? gamakin pl. of makan Pamal (no pl.) hope, wish, desire Eăndi amal baš nešri ši-siyara l-Eam l-maži. I hope to buy a car next year. amalus, Pamalus mud, mire (e.g., in a river when water is low) aman, ?aman 1. peace, security 2. trust, confidence ** Elik l-aman! You don't have to be afraid! You're perfectly safe! ¶ fih^{ϕ} l-aman to be trustworthy \neq ¶ ma-fih ϕ aman to be dishonest, untrustworthy ≠ ¶ tleb l-aman 1. to capitulate, to surrender 2. to request asylum ¶ Emel (or dar) l-aman f- to trust (s.o.) amana, ?amana pl. -t, amayen s.th. delivered (to s.o.) in trust, s.th. entrusted (to s.o.) amayen pl. of amana *amin* so be it, amen amin, ? amin 1. pl. ? umana administrator, executor (court-appointed) 2. pl. -at syndic (agent of a corporation) ¶ @amin s-sendug treasurer ¶ ražel amin trustworthy man amir pl. Qumara emir, prince ¶amir l-muminin Leader of the Faithful (title applied to the king in Muslim countries) @amiral pl. -at admiral ^Qamkina pl. of makan

gamma, wa-gamma as for gamma d-dirasa dvalu ma-bqa-ši ihtemm biha. As for his studies, he doesn't care about them any longer.

¶ amma-ma kan men as for amma-ma kan men Eammtek ma-zal ka-dži tšufna. As for your aunt, she still comes to visit us. @amn same as aman 1

gamen b- 1, to believe in b-as ka-tgamen? What do you believe in? 2. to trust ma-bqa-li ma-n@amen biha. I can't trust her anymore.

gamr 1. pl. gumur, gumurat thing, question, matter 2. pl. @awamir order, command

¶ tezt ? amr at (s.o.'s) disposal ana tezt @amrek. I'm at your disposal.

gamer v.t. 1. to order, to command, to give (an) order to ? amruh baš ixwi le-blad. They ordered him to leave the country. 2. to allow, to give permission to gamerha r-ra@is dyalha baš taxod l-Eotla. Her boss has given her the permission to take a vacation.

amred (coll.) crickets ?amrad pl. of merd a-messab see messab

ana (sg. disjunctive pron.) 1. I ana ktebt le-bra. I wrote the letter. 2. me ža išufni ana. He came to see me (not you).

anašid pl. of našid ² anbiva pl. of nbi

Qandalus (with art.) Andalusia

² andalusi pl. -yen Andalusian

andima pl. of nidam

⁹anisa pl. -t, ⁹awanis 1. Miss l-⁹anisa bahiya ma-zala ka-tegra. Miss Bahia is still studying. 2. young lady šeftu m a wazed l-? anisa mziwna. I saw him with a beautiful young lady.

⁹ agarib pl. of grib (relative)

@agell less

¶ agell men less than The-l-Pagell, Eal 1-Pagell at least ? aqelliya pl. -t minority

agrab same as grab

ara pl. araw (impv.) give, pass, hand over ara-li dak le-ktab llah ixellik. Give me that book, please.

¶ ara-lna (daba) 1. as for (to indicate a change of topic in discourse) ara-lna daba r-ražel l-axor, melli hreb ma-wella. Now as for the other man, he's never come back since he ran away. 2. suppose that (followed with ila or kun) ara-lna ila mša zetta ža Ela ģefla, še-ndiru? Suppose he should come unexpectedly. What would we do? -ara kun ma-kanu-š Eăndu le-flus, ma-ka-ddenn-ši u-kan ža čăndek tsellfu? Suppose he didn't have the money, don't you think he would've come to you to lend him some?

garag pl. of revy 2

aradi pl. of ard, erd, lerd

arba (with art.) Wednesday was gedda l-arbă <? Is tomorrow Wednesday?

Inhar l-arbă (on) Wednesday arb & a four (less common than reb & a) arb Ein forty (less common than reb Ein)

ard same as erd argan argan tree

garkan pl. of rukn arz n.u. erza cedar (tree or wood) asami pl. of ? asem, ? ism, and sem

Pasatida pl. of Pustad

@asba& pl. of subu&

easdas pl. of sudus

Pasăf regret & ăbbret-lu & ăl l-Pasăf dyalha Eăl l-Zadita lli weg Eet-lu. She expressed her regret to him about the accident he had.

¶ be-l-? asăf, m & a l-? asăf unfortunately be-l-? asăf ma-ža-š. Unfortunately he didn't come. It's a pity he didn't come.

** be-l-? asaf! That's too bad!

asfi Safi (Moroccan city)

PasPila pl. of suPal

gasem pl. asami name

¶ ?asem (plus pron. ending or n.) what's . . . name? \neq [?] asmek? What's name? - asem bbak? What's your father's name?

gasmag pl. of gism, ism

easear, easear pl. of seăr, săer asdiga, ? asdiga? pl. of sdig @asfar pl. of safăr 1

Pasili pure, of good quality had l-keswa le-zrir dyalha @asili. This dress is of pure silk.

asel pl. usul origin, lineage

¶ $^{\varrho}$ as lu^{φ} men to be originally from \neq , to originate from \(\neq \text{aslu men tunes.} \) He is originally from Tunis.

⁹ asli pl. -yen original xellit n-nosxa l-⁹ asliya قandi. I kept the original copy.

gasnam pl. of sanam

aš (often abbreviated to š-) 1. what aš

ka-ikteb? What is he writing? -b-aš gettat le-gtar? What did she cover the dish with? 2. relative pron. used with other particles (usually prepositional) l-mus b-aš qettă t l-lzăm madi. The knife I cut the meat with is sharp (i.e., with which I cut . . .). -l-uțil f-aš betna ma-ši gali. The hotel where we spent the night is not expensive. -nsa s-soxra l-aš saftettu. He forgot the errand she sent him for. -ha š-šelya Ela-š kanet galsa. Here's the chair she was sitting on. --le-blad l-aš şafţuh Eažbah. He likes the country where they sent him.

¶aš-emma anything, whatever aš-emma daret dayez. Anything she does is all right.

—bičha b-aš-emma kan. Sell it for whatever you can get. —qda b-aš-emma şab.

He managed with what he could find.

¶ aš-men which, what aš-men dar kritiw? Which house did you rent? —f-aš-men baxira žitiw? What ship did you come on? ¶ l-aš why, what for l-aš qolti-lha dak

š-ši? What did you tell her that for?

** ma-kayen l-aš. There is no use. It's not necessary.

¶w-aš what . . . then w-aš ġad-yă mel? What's he going to do then?

ašbar pl. -at battlement

ašnu same as šnu

aštattu same as štattu

Patar pl. -at 1. trace, evidence ma-bqa zetta Patar de-d-demm. No trace of blood was left. 2. historical monument

¶ dar l-? atar museum

eatat (coll., no n.u., no pl.) furniture

atay (no art.) tea

eati pl. -yen (often f. sg. with pl. n.) 1. next, coming (year, week, etc.) 2. following ketbu l-kelmat l-eatiya. Write the following words.

@atrak pl. of torki 2

atles, fatles (with art.) the Atlas (mountains)

aw or

?awamir pl. of ?amr 2

Pawan used in the expr. f-had l-Pawan at present, at this time, right now

aw-la (also u-la) 1. or ne ăyyeț-lu aw-la nem și e ăndu? Shall I call him or go and see him? —xrox aw-la nsedd elik. Come out or I'll lock you in. 2. (also aw-la-la, u-la-la) or not šriti dik s-siyara aw-la? Did you buy that car or not?

awla, ? awla same as wla

awliva pl. of wali

aweq pl. of wqiya

awsiya pl. of wasi

⁹ awwalan 1. first, firstly awwalan ža mčățțel, taniyen ma-kan-š zafed d-ders. First, he came late; second, he didn't know the lesson. 2. first of all, above all

*awwalan xessek tšuf l-mudir. First of all, you should see the director.

gaxir, **gaxir 1. pl. -in last gedda l-lila l-gaxira dyalu hna. Tomorrow is his last night here. 2. (no pl.) end hada **gaxir t-triq. This is the end of the road.

 \P *l-?axĭṛa* the other world, life after death

eaxiren finally, ultimately, in the end eaxlag (f.) morals, ethics

axor f. &ra pl. &rin 1. other, another. Etini ktab axor. Give me another book. —xellini nšufek ši-nhar axor. Let me see you some other day. —fayn l-weld l-axor? Where is the other boy? 2. next, another imken nebqa hna Eam axor. I may stay here next year. 3. last l-Eam l-axor ma-safert-š. I didn't take any trips last year. 4. used to emphasize pejorative expr. dak ben le-zmeq l-axor! That damned fool!

eaxess used in expr. be-l-eaxess especially, mainly

axur same as axor

*aya pl. -t 1. verse (Koran) 2. miracle, wonder

¶ aya men l-ayat wonderful, excellent, out of this world

^qaydan also, too, as well huwa ¿ăndu siyara, u-wladu ^qaydan ¿ăndhom siyara l-l-wa ced. He has a car, and his sons also each have a car.

ayna (see ina) which ayna bab? Which door?

azaglu (no art.) pl. -wat, -yat yoke azaliya pl. -t legend, story

azfel pl. zfula whip, cat-o'-nine-tails

¶ E ta azfel to whip, to lash

¶ kla azfel to be lashed, to be flogged

azlag see zlag

? ažanib pl. of ? ažnabi 2

*ažarakom !!ah expr. of condolence, said upon s.o.'s death

aži pl. ažiw impv. of ža

 *ažăl (period of) time š al de-l-ažăl ¿tawek? How much time were you allowed?

¶ axĭr ažăl deadline

¶ wfa q ažălu $^\phi$ 1. to expire \neq had t-te q šira gad-iwfa q ažălha ġedda. This visa will expire tomorrow. 2. to pass away \neq $^{\sim}$ čămmu wfa q ažălu had $^{\sim}$ s-sba $^{\sim}$. His uncle passed away this morning.

Pažnabi 1. pl. -yen foreign 2. pl. Pažanib foreigner

ažer compensation, reward (spiritual)

** !!ah i ¿ăḍḍem l-ažer. said to express one's condolences

eazadit pl. of zadit and zdit

@azfir pl. -at ditch

a ¿udu-bi-llah God forbid!; also used with men, e.g., a ¿udu-bi-llah men dak r-ražel!
God preserve us from that man!

Patwam (rare use) pl. of Eam

b (be- before consonant clusters, bi- before pron. endings) 1. with waš tebgi takol l-lzām be-s-sferžel? Would you like meat with quince? —dbezt d-džaža be-l-mus. I killed the chicken with a knife. —mwellef ka-nakol b-yeddi. I usually eat with my hands. —mša ka-ižri le-z-zenga

be-mkzăltu. He ran into the street with his rifle. 2. by tṣaffu žuž b-žuž. They lined up two by two. —xti faytani b-telt snin. My sister is older than I am by three years. —saken b-wezdu. He lives by himself. —had š-ši msaweb be-l-yedd. This was made by hand. 3. for šritha b-žuž derhem. I bought it for two dirhams. —ka-nexdem hna b-walu. I'm working here for nothing. —beddlu b-wazed axor! Change it for another one! 4. on nemši mzak walayenni b-šerţ wazed. I'll go with you on one condition.

** be Ethom tlata be-tlata. I sold them three at a time. —žit qbel š-šuruq b-sa Ea. I arrived one hour before sunrise. —koll žamā E be-smā Etu. Every mosque has a minaret. — zekmu Elih b-Eam de-l-zābs. He was sentenced to one year in prison.

¶ bih~fih~ immediately, at once mša bih fih. He left immediately.

¶ $b-\check{z}u\check{z}$ both, together $\check{z}aw$ $b-\check{z}u\check{z}$. They came together.

¶ b-xemsa, b-setta, etc. all five, the five of them; all six, the six of them, etc. žaw b-xemsa. All five of them came.

¶ biha baš that's why, that's the reason (that) biha baš ma-ža-š. That's why he didn't come.

bab 1. (m. or f.) pl. biban (dim. buiba) door, gate 2. (m.) pl. bwab chapter (book)

¶ bab d-dar pl. biban d-dyur (front) door of a house, main entrance (house)

¶ bab le-fsil door between the vestibule and the inside of a house

baba (inh. pos.) (my) father, daddy (when used as first term of cons, state it reverts to forms of bba, which see)

** bezzaf Ela babak tă Etini bunya! The hell you're going to hit me! —wellah ya babak u-nqebtek! There'll be hell to pay if I catch you! —hada zmeq, ddiw babah! This guy's nuts, take him away!

babbur pl. -at, bwaber (dim. bwiber) 1. (steam) ship, (steam) boat 2. samovar

babgiyu pl. -yat parrot

babnuz kind of herb which is prepared as a tea and drunk for upset stomach

babur same as babbur

badan pl. bdan (human) body (relatively uncommon synonym of dat)

badawi pl. -yen n. pl. badw rural, rustic, from the country

baddaz kind of couscous made from corn meal

badiya pl. -at, bawadi country ana Eaveš fe-l-badiya. I live in the country (not the city).

bader b- to start doing (s.th.) immediately (not used with v.) bader be-l-makla! Start eating right now!

badw n. pl. of badawi

bad ibid same as biyyed 2

baġbaġ n.u. -a catfish (considered inedible) bagi a.p. of bġa

bagi pl. bugat 1. pervert, debauchee, one who is dissolute 2. one who exercises unjust dominion over others, oppressor

bagiya pl. -t prostitute

bahi f. bahya pl. bahyen beautiful, pretty, magnificent

baher v.t. (v.n. mbahra) to contradict, to refute (s.o.)

bakit pl. -at, bwaket (dim. bwiket) package, parcel, pack (cigarettes)

bakur n.u. -a first fig of the season

bal ibul v.i. (v.n. bul) to urinate

bal used primarily in certain expr. with the meaning of idea, mind, attention, etc.

¶ balak pl. balaku 1. type of interjection: Watch out! Look out! 2. about, approximately balak men daba yumayn nži. I'll come in about two days.

¶ f-balu ϕ to think \neq , to be in one's way of thinking \neq f-bali hiya gzala bezzaf. I think she's quite pretty.

¶ Ela bal alert, on one's toes, attentive ¶ lahu (laha, lak, etc.) bal to be important, esteemed $\neq \xi \check{a}mmu$ lahu bal $\xi \check{a}nd$ $l-\tau ukuma$. His uncle is esteemed by the government.

¶ redd balu ϕ to pay attention, to be careful redd balek! Be careful!

¶ Ela bal men aware of huwa Ela bal men dak š-ši. He's aware of that.

bala v.t. to wear out balat ksewtha bă & da. She has already worn her dress out.

¶ bala b- to pay attention to hiya ma-ka-tbali b-zădd. She pays attention to

bala pl. -wat ace, whiz (at some job or activity) walayenni bala hada! This guy is really a whiz!

bala pl. -t 1. spade, shovel 2. bale (cotton, hay, etc.), large shipping package

baladiya pl. -t 1. municipal administrator and services, municipality 2. city hall

balag pl. -at (special) announcement, notice, (press) release, (news) dispatch, bulletin, communiqué

balak see bal (n.)

baleg f- to exaggerate balegti bezzaf f-dak le-zkaya. You sure exaggerated that story. baleg a.p. of bleg

bali f. balya pl. balyen 1. used, worn (out), old (things) siyyeb zwayžu l-balyen. He threw out his old clothes, 2. second-hand, used šra siyara balya. He bought a secondhand car.

baliza pl. -t suitcase

ban iban v.i. (no v.n.) 1. to look, to appear, to seem konti bayen mrid l-barez. You looked sick yesterday. 2. (1-) to seem (to s.o.), to think \neq ban-li bin konti mrid l-barez. I thought you were sick yesterday (when I saw you). 3. to appear, to show up, to come, to arrive ma-zal ma-ban-š. He hasn't shown up yet.

bandira pl. -t flag, banner, standard

banefsež same as bellefžuž

banka pl. -t bank mša xerrež le-flus men l-banka. He went and got the money from the bank.

banyu pl. -yat, -wat bathtub baga pl. -t bouquet (flowers)

baga? used in the expr. baga? u li-llah said interjectionally upon hearing of the death of s.o. (implying a "that's-the-way-it-goes" idea)

baqi a.p. of bqa

bagiva pl. -t rest, remainder

bar ibur v.i. 1. to be left over had s-sel a baret-lna. We have this merchandise left over. 2. to be or become an old maid dak l-bent gadi thur tul Zayatha. That girl is going to be an old maid all her life.

¶ Eateq bayra pl. Ewateq bayrin spinster baraka pl. -t 1. blessing, beneficial effect (from a religious viewpoint) had-l-ma fih l-baraka. This water is blessed. 2. monetary gift, tip (said when donor does not wish to divulge amount given)

** baraka! Enough! That's enough! -baraka men l-makla. Stop eating!

¶ baraka Ela (to be) enough for baraka Eliya had t-terf de-l-xobz. This piece of bread is enough for me.

¶ ši-baraka (d-) a little (bit) (of) Etini ši-baraka d-le-flus. Give me a little money. baramiž pl. of bernamež

barba (sg. and coll.) pl. -t beet

bared pl. -in (comp. bred) 1. cool, fresh (air) had l-ma bared. This water is cool. 2. cold ah, yeddik bardin! My, your hands are cold! 3. calm-natured, composed 4. indifferent, unconcerned 5. cold, frigid (woman), impotent (man)

barda (with art.) fever (with chills or ague) fih l-barda. He has a fever.

bari pl. baryen innocent ana bari,

ma-qteltu-šay! I'm innocent, I didn't kill him!

** ana bari mennek. I won't have anything to do with it (and you better not either); I'll take no responsibility (if you do that).

barixa pl. -t fishing boat

barek (with r rather than r in certain expr. and forms, as listed) v.i. 1. (f-) to bless, to favor (mostly used in set expr.) !lah ibarek fik! God bless you! Thank you! 2. (1-) to present one's good wishes or compliments, to congratulate barek-lu fe-l-Eid. He wished him a happy holiday.

** barek !!ahu fik! 1. Thank you! 2. please . . .

¶ llah ibarek fik please llah ibarek fik sellefni ktabek. Please lend me your book.

¶ p.p. mbarek used in the set expr. mbarek mes Eud! Congratulations!

-mbarek l-Eid or Eidek mbarek mes Eud! Happy Holiday!

barud pl. bwared (pl. of intensity) 1. gunpowder 2. war (local), combat 3. fusillade barez (with art.) yesterday

¶ wel-l-bare day before yesterday ¶ wel-l-bar zayn three days ago

bas ibus v.t. (v.n. bus, busan) to kiss, to give a kiss to

bas harm, evil (limited mostly to set expr.) ** ma-fiha bas. It's all right (with me); sure, why not; I have no objection; that's all right (in response to an apology). -ma-ikun bas. Don't worry; everything will be all right. -ma-mša m akom bas. said by s.o. who has just lost s.o. in death to the person offering condolences

¶ la-bas (I'm he's, etc.) fine, all right kif-en hiya mmek? -la-bas. How's your mother?-Fine. -la-bas Elih. I hope he gets better; he's all right (health); he's well-to-do, rich. -yak la-bas? Is everything all right? Is anything wrong?

basel pl. -in 1. flat, insipid, tasteless (food) 2. flat, not funny (jokes) 3. pestering, irksome, vexatious

başar (eye) sight dak r-ražel fqed l-başar dvalu. That man has lost his sight.

¶ Ela medd l-basar as far as the eye can (could) see

basira same as bsira

baset pl. bwaset counter zett le-flus Eal l-baset u-mša. He put the money on the counter and left.

baš 1. in order to, in order that ka-nexdem

baš nčiš. I work in order to live (in order that I may live). 2. since (time expr.)

šzal hadi baš ža? How long has it been since he came?

vusu

baša (m.) pl. -wat pasha, type of town mayor bašar human being(s), mankind ana bašar ma-ši malak! I'm only human (and not an angel)! —xeṣṣna kollna nxedmu l-meṣṭaz t l-bašar. We should all work for the benefit of mankind.

bašaša geniality, affability qabelna b-wazed l-bašaša kbira. He welcomed us with great

geniality.

bašir same as beššar

bašer v.t. 1. to take care of with patience and understanding (as a sick person) 2. to take it easy with, to take care of (as one's car)

¶ bašer b- (or m a) same as bašer bat ibat v.i. (v.n. mbata) to spend the night, to pass the night, to stay overnight

** batet š-šta xeddama. It rained all

night long.

Ta.p. bayet pl. -in stale (bread, cake), leftover

bat pl. bitan armpit

batata (sg. and coll.) pl. -t same as btata

l-barez dxelt batel le-s-sinima. I got into the movies free yesterday. 2. injustice, false accusation 3. groundless klamek batel. Your statement is groundless.

¶ be-l-batel unjustly, unfairly z kem Elina be-l-batel. He judged us unfairly.
¶ tiyyez (or nezzel) l-batel Ela to accuse unjustly, to bring false accusation against

baxennu n.u. baxennuya arbutus berry bayan pl. -at 1. public announcement 2. clarity, clearness, lucidity

bayn same as bin (prep.)

bayra f.a.p. of bar

bayet see bat

bayta flannel (cotton)

baz pl. bizan 1. falcon, hawk, buzzard 2. large

bowl (of china or metal)

baz 1. expr. of amazement and approval: Amazing! Marvelous! 2. expr. of disbelief: Ah, go on! Come off it! You expect me to believe that!

** baz-lek! How could you! You ought to be ashamed of yourself. (expr. of disapproval)

bazar pl. -at bazaar, shop of native handicraft

baz ibuz b- to disclose, to reveal bazu-lu be-s-serr dyalu. They disclosed his secret. ba & ibi & v.t. (v.n. bi &) to sell

¶ ba & b- to denounce, to report, to inform against, to turn in (has a rather derogatory connotation) žaru ba & bih le-š-šorta. His neighbor reported him to the police.

¶ ba & u-šra (impf. ibi & u-išri) to do business

bac (no pl.) arch (of the foot)

ba Eir (coll. dim. b Eiyyer) young camel bba (inh. pos.) pl. bbawat (my) father fayn

bbaha l-fatima Where's Fatima's father?
** darbu z-zelt u-bba Eăllal. He hasn't a penny to his name.

¶ $bbah^{\phi}$ sidu $^{\phi}$ (first pers. bba, inh. pos.),

or bha sidu (his) grandfather

bpandi, bwandi pl. bpandiya bandit, highwayman

ppandiya pl. of ppandi ppaxennu same as paxennu bebbuš n.u. -a, bibuša snail

bda ibda v.t. or v.i. (v.n. bidaya, bdu) to begin, to start, (usually used with other verbs) men-ba & d-ma xrež bdat š-šta ttiz. After he went out it started to rain.

bdan pl. of badan, bden, and bdin

bdaEi pl. of bedEiya

bda Eiya same as bed Eiya

bedda, bodda (used only in set expr.)

¶la-bedda, la-bodda, or wa-la-bodda it is (absolutely) necessary (that), without fail, to definitely have to (do s.th.) wa-la-bodda nšufu gedda. I definitely have to see him tomorrow.

** wa-la-bodda men xlas d-dariba.

There's no way of getting out of paying taxes.

beddar adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a spendthrift, improvident spender

beddel v.t. 1. to change ila theddel ra? yek qulha-li. If you change your mind, tell me. 2. to change (for), to exchange, to replace heddel had t-tebla b-tebla zen mennha. Change this table for a better one. —beddel zwayžu b-sebga u-mša l-l-zefla. He quickly changed his clothes and left for the

¶p.p. mbeddel pl. -in drawn, distorted (one's face with pain, emotion)

bedder v.t. to waste, squander, or throw away (money, time)

bdin pl. bdan (comp. bden) fat, corpulent, stout

bdie v.n. of bdae

bdie pl. -in, bdae (comp. bdae) beautifully made or done, beautiful, splendid t-tabie a f-eeyyam r-rbie ka-tkun bdie a. In the spring, nature is quite beautiful.

bden comp. of bdin

bden pl. bdan (human) body bdenha bši . Her body is hideous.

bdenžal n.u. -a eggplant

bdu (no pl.) 1. beginning hada gir le-bdu. That's only the beginning. 2. v.n. of bda bedwi pl. -yen bedouin, peasant

bdă v.i. (v.n. bdi v) to innovate, to come out with a new style

¶ bdā f f- to assault (no sexual connotation) cetta bdā fiha Ead gebţuh. They arrested him only after he assaulted her. bdā comp. of bdi f

bed a pl. -t 1. n.i. of bdă 2. something contrary to the traditions of the Prophet (sonna) but not necessarily against the Koran.

bed Eiya pl. -t, bda Ei bolero (loose, waistlength jacket open at the front)

bda&i pl. of bed&a

bed a pl. -t, bda i 1. flesh (of fruit), pulp 2. soft part of bread or cake (as opposed to crust) 3. harmless, quiet person of weak body; weakling (also adj. usage)

beggar pl. -a cattle raiser, cattleman bgira dim. of begra (n.u. of bger)

bger n.u. begra (dim. bgiyra, bgira) cattle, cow (as n.u.)

begra n.u. of bger

begri 1. beef (meat) ka-nfeddel l-begri & ăl l-ġenmi. I prefer beef to mutton. 2. cattle bġa ibġi v.t. 1. to want, to desire, to feel like bġit nešri ši-keswa. I want to buy a suit. 2. to like had r-ražel ka-ibġiweh n-nas bezzaf. People like this man very much. 3. to try (to do s.th.), to attempt, to make an attempt bġaw iqetluni. They tried to kill me. 4. to be about to, to be on the point of to be going to, to almost (have done s.th.) bġa iṭiz! He's going to fall! —dfã ni zetta bġit nṭiz. He pushed me until I almost fell.

** bġit mne-ḷḷah u-mennek tsa edni f-had l-qadiya. I'd be (very much) obliged if you'd help in this matter. —lli bġiti, or lli bġa xaṭṛek. As you wish, whatever you say.

¶ a.p. baġi pl. baġyen (I, he, etc.) would like (to) baġi nšufha. I'd like to see her (now).

bġal pl. of bġel

bġeḍ v.t. (v.n. boġḍ) to hate, to loathe, to detest

bogd 1. v.n. of bged 2. hatred, aversion, animosity ma-bqa binothom bogd. There's no more hatred between them.

bġel pl. bġal 1. (he-) mule 2. strong, husky man with few brains, "big ox"

beġla pl. -t (she-) mule

beğli mortar (masonry)
beğrir n.u. -a kind of pancake

begta in the expr. Ela begta suddenly, unexpectedly, without warning

bha (m.) beauty

bhawat pl. of bhu

bhavem pl. of bhima

behdel b- to degrade, to debase, to humiliate, to make fun of behdlu bih szabu Ela-lli ža b-serwalu metqub. His friends humiliated him because he came with a hole in his pants.

bhed v.t. (v.n. bhid) to amaze, to astound, to astonish

behhat adj. pl. -in, n. pl. -a 1. teller of barefaced lies 2. sly, tricky person

bhid v.n. of bhed

bhima pl. -t, bhayem (dim. bhiyyma) 1. pack animal, beast of burden (usually horse, donkey, mule), mule 2. stupid or doltish person

bhel f. behla pl. buhel innocent, naïve, guileless, simple-minded

behlan stupidity, simple-mindedness, idiocy, moronity

behlul pl. buhala same as bhel

bhet v.i. (v.n. bhut) to speak ill (of), to say nasty things (about) ma-tebqa-š tebhet fe-n-nas! Stop saying nasty things about people!

bhu pl. bhawat alcove of a large room or off a patio

bhut v.n. of bhet

bi classicization of b- used in such fixed expr. as bi-xir! (I'm) fine!

biban pl. of bab 1

bibbuš same as bebbuš

bibi (no art.) sg. and coll. f. -ya, pl. -yat turkey

bidaya v.n. of bda

bid-ma, bid-emma bid-man, bid-manat until qra had le-ktab bid-manat iržă E. Read this book until he returns.

bidu pl. -yat, -wat type of can with a handle used to transport oil, gasoline, water, etc. (especially in military service); jerry-can

bidun pl. -at, byaden see bidu

bid n.u. -a (dim. bwida) egg bida 1. f. of byed 2. n.u. of bid

bidawa n. pl. of bidawi

bidawi adj. pl. -yen n. pl. bidawa native of Casablanca

bideq pl. byadeq 1. one of the pieces or "men" used in checkers 2. nimble person

biha baš see b-

bin that qalu-lu bin ma-imken-lu-š ibqa f-had le-blad. They told him that he couldn't stay in this country.

bin between (used with both elements if at least one is a pronoun ending) weqqef t-tumubil dyalu bin s-sinima we-l-banka. He parked his car between the theater and

the bank. —ma-binu u-bin l-zămmam gir l-zăyt There's nothing between him and the bath (place) but the wall.

** tazu bin režlih. They fell at his feet (in supplication, etc.). —ma-bini u-binhom šay. I have nothing to do with them.

—š-binek u-bin had š-ši? It's not your place to do that. What business is this of yours?

¶ binat same as bin (used with pl. pron. endings) ferquha binatkom! Divide it among yourselves!

** binatkom. That's your (pl.) problem, figure it out for yourselves.

¶ bin u-bin so-so, fair(ly), mediocre kif-en huwa had t-tub?—bin u-bin. How's this material?—So-so.

¶ bin le-Eyad eleventh month of the Muslim lunar year

¶ ma-bin, men-bin between (same as bin) bina? pl. -at building, structure, edifice binat see bin (prep.)

bir pl. byar (dim. bwiyyer) well (water, oil) bisklit pl. -at bicycle

bisar, bisara dish of mashed fava beans or potatoes served with olive oil, cumin, and paprika

bišklit same as bisklit

bit 1. pl. byut (dim. bwiyyet) room, chamber, compartment (train) 2. square on a checker board 3. pl. byat line (of poetry)

¶ bit d-dyaf guest room

¶ bit !!ah !-Z aram the Kaada (in Mecca)
¶ bit !-ma bathroom (toilet only), rest
room, water-closet

¶ bit l-mal (public) treasury (building and dept.)

¶ bit l-makla dining room

¶ bit n-nar chamber of a baker's oven

¶ bit n-n as bedroom

¶ bit s-sabun laundry room

bitala same as btala
bitan pl. of bat
bitar, bitari pl. -yen veterinary, veterinarian

biyyad pl. -a 1. egg seller 2. whitewasher biyyada pl. -t 1. f. of biyyad 2. a good layer (hen)

biyyar pl. -a well-digger biyyat pl. -a night watchman

biyya E pl. -a 1. informer, "stool-pigeon" 2. spy

¶ biyya & šerray pl. biyya & a šerraya merchant, businessman

biyyed 1. v.t., to whitewash, to make white 2. v.i., to lay eggs

biyyen v.t. or v.i. 1. to show, to expose, to make manifest 2. to prove, to show ana gadi nbiyyen-lkom belli had š-ši lli

ka-nqul-lkom sziz. I'm going to prove to you that what I'm telling you is true.

** had ž-žaž ma-ka-ibiyyen-š. You can't see through this glass.

¶ biyyen rasu⁽¹⁾ to make oneself known dak l-bent Eăndha seut mezyan, xessha tbiyyen rasha. That girl has a beautiful voice, she should make herself known.

biyyna pl. -t proof & andhom ši-biyyna & all l-xiyana dyalu? Do they have any proof of his treason?

biyyet v.t. to have or make spend the night, to put up (for the night), to lodge (for the night) biyyet sazbu Eăndu. He had his friend spend the night with him.

bizagra pl. -t hinge

bizan pl. of baz

bi & 1. v.n. of ba & 2. sale, selling

"I-biE u-š-šra business, commerce biEa pl. -t 1. n.i. of baE 2. v.n. of bayeE 3. (act of) informing (against s.o.) l-barez wesletna bih l-biEa. We received information against him yesterday. 4. recognition of superior authority (as a King)

¶ biça de-š-šgal a specific number or lot of one item of manufacture (by hand) by which the craftsman is paid.

¶ $bi \not\in a$ u-šerya (both words take art. and pl.) (business) deal, transaction

I Eta l-bi a l- to pledge allegiance to, to proclaim (i.e., announce publicly the accession of a sovereign)

bka ibki v.i. (v.n. bka) to cry, to weep, to sob bka 1. v.n. of bka 2. crying, weeping, sobbing bekka v.t. to make or cause to cry, to move to tears dreb xah s-sgir u-bekkah. He hit his little brother and made him cry. —dak l-qissa Petter Eliha Zetta bekkaha. That story impressed her to the point of moving her to tears.

bekkay adj. pl. -in, n. pl. -a one who cries frequently and with little provocation, a "cry baby"

bekker v.i. to get up early (in the morning) ** bekkret b-weld. Her first child was a boy.

bkem f. bekma pl. bukem mute, unable to speak

bker f. bekra pl. bkura first-born

bekra pl. -t virgin (still in possession of the hymen)

bekri 1. early ka-nnud dima bekri. I always get up early. 2. a long time ago, in days gone by, in the old days, in days past, formerly bekri kanu n-nas mdiyynin kter men l-yum. In the old days there were more religious people than there are today.

bkura pl. of bker

bla ibla v.i. to get old (things), to become used, to wear out mnin ka-iblaw wayži ka-nešri wayež ždad. When my clothes wear out I buy new clothes.

bla ibli v.t. (v.n. belya, bliya) to teach, show, cause, or allow s.o. to take up bad habits or vices; to corrupt la-txalet-š le-bla la-iblik. Stay away from vice so that it won't corrupt you.

** lli bla yă fu. may he who has allowed all this (some vice) have mercy (expr. showing pity for s.o. who is victim of some vice or bad habit)

¶ bla b- to teach (s.o.) (some vice) blatni b-le-Egez. She taught me lazy habits.

bla (m.) calamity, misfortune, catastrophe ** Eăndu wazed l-weld bla. He has a son that's a little devil.

bla (bla b- before personal pron. endings)
1. without şafet le-bra bla tenber. He sent the letter without a stamp —mša bla-biya. He went without me.

¶ bla-ma (conj.) without bqa gales bla-ma yă mel zetta ši-zaža. He sat there without doing a thing.

¶ bla-š 1. for nothing, free, gratis waš bājti nā £tih-lek bla-š? Do you want me to give it to you for nothing? 2. without (it) ža be-t-terbuš wella bla-š? Did he come with or without his hat (fez)?

blabel pl. of belbula

blabez pl. of belbuza

blad (f.) pl. -at, beldan, boldan 1. country mn-ana blad nta? What country are you from? 2. country ža men le-blad baš iduvuver čăl l-xedma f-le-mdina. He came

3. region, area, locality blad r-rif kollha žbal. The region of the Rif is all mountains.
4. city, town d-dar l-bida blad was & u-& rida. Casablanca is an expansive, sprawling city.

¶ mul le-blad pl. mwalin le-blad 1. landowner 2. (pl.) native people, people of a country or city in which one happens to be

¶ riz le-blad homesickness qaşu riz le-blad. He's homesick (i.e., touched by homesickness)

¶ weld le-blad fellow citizen, compatriot blagi pl. of belga

blalti pl. -ya 1. carpenter 2. drunkard

blan pl. -at 1. plan, blueprint 2. plan, project
blaşa pl. -t, blayeş 1. place, spot, location, site
2. room, space, area 3. position, post (as in the government)
4. seat (theater, bus, etc.)

bla-š see bla
blava pl. -t beach

blaves pl. of blasa

blayez pl. of bluza

belbel v.i. to prattle, to speak unintelligibly belbel fluently ka-ihder l-Eărbiya belbel. He speaks (Moroccan) Arabic fluently.

belbel v.i. 1. to mumble, to mutter, to chatter

(in some foreign language) 2. to bleat (goat)

belbula pl. blabel couscous with buttermilk belbuza pl. -t, blabez eyeball

beldan, boldan pl. of blad

beldi pl. -yen 1. native, indigenous, homegrown was had t-teffaz rumi wella beldi? Are these apples imported or homegrown? 2. unsophisticated, naive 3. unprogressive, old-fashioned

bleg (v.n. blug, bulug) 1. v.t. to attain, to reach, to arrive at bleg l-murad dyalu. He attained his goal. 2. v.i. to reach puberty, to become marriageable

¶ a.p. baleġ pl. -in marriageable, pubescent

belga pl. -t, blagi (dim. bliga) a pair of a type of North African slippers used as general footwear (one slipper: ferda de-l-belga)

bliga dim. of belga

blilta dim. of belluta (n.u. of bellut)

bliya pl. -t 1. v.n. of bla 2. bad habit, vice bliz v.n. of blez

bliと v.n. of blăと

bell v.t. (v.n. bellan) to wet, to get wet bellan v.n. of bell

bellar 1. crystal l-bellar kollu lli kan fuq t-tebla taz u-therres. The (whole set of) crystal which was on the table fell off and broke. 2. crystal had l-kas msuwweb men l-bellar This glass is made of crystal.

bellarež (no art., sg. and coll.) f. bellarža stork

bellati 1. slowly men-lli gerreb le-d-dar bda ixellef bellati. As he neared the house he began to walk slowly. 2. low, in a low voice, in an aside

** bellati! Wait a minute! Just a minute! bella l-bid (sg. and pl.) white jellyfish bellefžuž (no art.) n.u. -a violet belleg v.i. to deliver, to take

¶ belleġ s-slam to say hello belleġ-li s-slam l-Eămmek! Say hello to your uncle for me.

belli that qolt-lu belli ma-Eăndi flus. I told him that I don't have any money.

bellina pl. -t whale

bellel same as bell

bellet 1. v.t. to mess up, to smear belleti wayžek be-ş-şbaya. You've smeared your clothes with paint. 2. v.i. to get drunk

bellut n.u. -a (dim. blilta) acorn(s)

¶ belluta pl. -t 1. tassel (of the selham)
2. eyeball

bellez f-, bellez Eăynih^{\$\phi\$} f- to stare at bellă Eman (no art.) n.u. -a poppy

bleq f. belqa pl. buleq 1. very white (skin)
2. piebald (horse, cow)

¶ bz al tur bleq sticking out like a sore thumb blug 1. v.n. of bleg 2. puberty, marriageability blul gravy for couscous bluza pl. -t, blayez blouse belya v.n. of bla blez v.t. and v.i. (v.n. bliz) to make a faux pas, to botch belza pl. -t faux pas, blunder bel uz a pl. -t Adam's apple bla v.t. (v.n. bli) 1. to swallow, to swallow up (also metaphorical) 2. to absorb (as a sponge) bel a 1. n.i. of bla 2. many, a lot, quite a few bel a d-le-flus mšaw-lu. He lost a lot ben pl. bni 1. son (used in names) waš ka-tă Eref muzămmed ben Eli? Do you know Mohammed Ben Ali? 2. pl. bnayn term used in insulting expr. and epithets ma-Eămmri nelEăb mEak l-karta a ben l-geššaš l-axor! I'll never play cards with you again, you damn cheat! ¶ ben & ămmu\$ (one's) m. cousin bna ibni v.t. (v.n. bni) to build, to construct, to erect (also metaphorical) bnadem (no art. or pl.) human being(s), people Eămmrek šefti ši-bnadem bz al dak xiyyi? Have you ever seen anyone (a human being) like that guy? -kan bnadem bezzaf fe-l-zefla. There were a lot of people at the party. bnader pl. of bendir bnadri pl. -ya 1. player of the bendir 2. maker of the bendir bnak pl. of benk (same as banka) bnan pl. of bnin and benna bnat pl. of bent bnayn pl. of ben 2 bnayeg pl. of bniga bendir pl. bnader a flat, round North African drum with one head bendira same as bandira bender v.i. to play the bendir bendey 1- to greet with a bow, to bow respectfully before bni (no pl.) 1. v.n. of bna 2. pl. of ben 1 3. building, structure, edifice 4. construction (work), (action of) building bnin pl. -in, bnan delicious bniqa pl. -t, bnayeq 1. closet (clothes, linen), cupboard 2. cell (jail) 3. cabin (ship) bnita, bniya dim. of bent benk pl. bnak same as banka benna pl. -t, bnan toe (foot) bennara pl. -t comb (fleshy crest on the head

of certain kinds of fowl)

bennefžuž same as bellefžuž

bennay pl. -a mason, bricklayer

bennež v.t. 1. to drug, to administer a drug to

(s.o.) (said only of sleep inducing drugs) 2. to anesthetize bent pl. bnat (dim. bnita, bniya) 1. girl, daughter 2. term used in insulting expr. and epithets a bent l-z ămga l-oxra! You're (f.) out of your mind! ¶ bent ĕămmu^{\$\phi\$} (one's) f. cousin ¶ bent n-nas girl of good stock, of fine family background benter v.t. to paint (houses, tables, etc.) bnu pl. -wat tire (automobile, etc.) benyan (no pl.) building, structure, edifice benž anesthetic (e.g. ether, chloroform) bqa ibqa v.i. 1. to stay, to remain bqat be-wzădha fe-d-dar. She stayed home alone. 2. to keep on, to continue, to remain, to persevere (in) bga ka-ikteb-lu modda twila. He kept on writing him (regularly) for quite a while. -bgat ka-thessel Eliva zetta tar-li. She kept bothering me until I got mad. ** bqa f-qelbi, or bqa fiya. I feel sorry for him. ** tebqa Ela xir. Good-bye (take care of yourself)! ¶ bqa- lu^{ϕ} to have left \neq , to still have \neq bqaw-lu žuž de-l-garruwat. He has two cigarettes left. ¶ bqa Ela to prevail upon, to work on (s.o.) bgit Elih Tetta Etani Eăšr iyyam de-r-raz a. I worked on him until he gave me ten days' vacation. ¶ ma-bqa-lu ϕ gir 1. to be about to \neq ma-bqa-lu qir iži. He's about to come. 2. to have only . . . left \neq ma-bqa-li gir žuž ryal. I only have two ryals left. ¶ $ma-bqa-\check{s}$ to not . . . any more ma-bqa-š iži. He doesn't come any more. ¶ ma-bqa Elaš (plus impf.) to no longer have any reason for or to $\neq ma-bqa \leq las$ tebki. You no longer have any reason to ¶ bagi, f. bagya, baga, pl. bagyen, bagin still, yet baqya š-šems ma-tel et. The sun hasn't come out yet. bgarež pl. of begrež, begraž bga&i pl. of beg&a, bog&a beqbeq v.i. to gurgle (as water poured from a jug) begg n.u. -a bed-bug(s) beqqal pl. -a grocer (except meat, vegetables) beggaš pl. -in inquisitive, prying, curious begges v.i. to look for s.th. or s.o. (from curiosity), to rummage around (looking into things that do not concern one), to snoop around baraka ma-tbeggeš-š fe-z-wayži! Quit snooping around in my clothes! beqqula (coll.) kind of round-leafed plant (used as a food)

bger same as bger

begra same as begra (n.u. of bger) begraž, begrež pl. bgarež (tea)kettle beq & a, boq & a pl. -t, bqa & i piece, lot, section (of land) bra ibra v.i. (v.n. beryan) to recover (from an illness), to get well bra ibri v.i. to glitter, to sparkle bra pl. -wat (cons. brat, dim. briya) letter, written message braber pl. of berbri brade E pl. of berd Ea brad i pl. -ya manufacturer of pack saddles braga pl. of bergi bramel pl. of bermil bramli pl. -ya barrel-maker braniya eggplant branes pl. of bernus brared pl. of berrad brarek pl. of berraka brarem pl. of berrima brat cons. of bra bratel pl. of bertal brawet pl. of berwita braveg pl. of brig 2 braz ceremony in which the bride is exhibited to the wedding guests who have come to congratulate her and bring her presents braž pl. of berž braeed pl. of bereud berbri pl. braber Berber (person) bred v.i. (v.n. bruda) 1. to become or get cold or cool, to cool off men-lli ka-tebred l-gehwa ma-ka-ngedd-š nešrobha. I can't drink coffee when it gets cold. 2. to become discouraged, to give up bred mnin ma-state &- š iz essel & ăl š-šahada. He be-

came discouraged when he couldn't get his

** bred-lu l-ma fe-rkabih. He was paralyzed (with fear). -berdu ktafu. He got discouraged.

bred comp. of bared

diploma.

berd 1. cold (ness) matu be-l-berd. They died from the cold. 2. wind bda isut l-berd. It's getting windy. 3. used for various illnesses attributed to the cold, e.g., colds, flu, bronchitis, etc.

** gad ikun l-berd had l-lila. It's going to be cold tonight. -žani l-berd. I'm cold. I berd le-mfasel arthritis, rheumatism

(of joints)

¶ dreb l-berd to catch cold ≠ drebni l-berd. I've caught cold.

berda v.t. to leak, to lose (as air from a tire) berdan pl. -in cold (persons) ana berdan! I'm cold!

berdae v.t. to put the packsaddle (berdea) on an animal

berd a pl. brade (dim. brid a) packsaddle bred v.t. (v.n. brid) to file (with a file)

bergi adj. pl. -yen, n. pl. braga brown, brownskinned (person)

bergem v.t. 1. to mumble, to mutter 2. to speak like a negro (i.e., with a typical accent) bergaz pl. -a secondhand peddler (mostly

clothes, but possibly anything)

bridとa dim. of berdとa

brid v.n. of bred

brik v.n. of brek

brim v.n. of brem

brig 1. v.n. of breg 2. pl. brayeg coffeepot

brigga dim. of bergug

brirda dim. of berrada

briwa pl. -t a pastry made of almond paste wrapped in a thin crust and dipped in honey

briya dim. of bra

briz 1. v.n. of berrez 2. announcement (of the berraz)

¶ tleq le-briz 1. to make an announcement (the berraz) 2. to hire a town crier (to make an announcement)

brek v.i. (v.n. brik) 1. to sit (down), to squat (down) 2. to stay, to remain (in one place) brek hna zetta nži! Stay here until I come

¶ brek f- to attack (physically)

¶ brek Ela 1. to exert pressure on or against 2. to push (a switch or button)

brek n.u. *berka* duck

berka slave market or stand

berkukeš a dish made of sweetened hominy grits with milk

brem v.t. (v.n. brim) to cord, to braid (hair, rope), to twist together (as two pieces of string)

brem pl. of berma

berma pl. -t, brem 1. hot water storage receptacle for the public bath 2. water heater bermil pl. bramel barrel

bernamež pl. baramiž 1. schedule (radio), program (entertainment) 2. plan Emelti ši-bernamež l-had l-lila? Have you made any plans for tonight?

berniz varnish

bernus pl. branes burnoose

bernez v.t. to varnish

breq v.i. (v.n. -briq, bruq) to shine (sun, moon, etc.), to glitter, to sparkle, to scintil-

bergeg v.t. to bruise with a blow and cause a bump or swelling

¶ bergeg f- to stare at, to gawk at berquq n.u. -a (dim. briqqa) plum, prune

¶ berquqa pl. -t swelling, lump, bump (as from a blow)

berr land (in contrast to sea)

berr b- to have pity or mercy on, to help berra v.t. to acquit (of guilt)

¶ berra f- to disown (as a son)

berra v.t. to cure, to heal

berra (no art.) 1. country (in contrast to city) ana msafer l-berra. I'm going to the country. 2. outside galsin berra. They're sitting outside.

Theyra men outside (of) galsin berra men d-dar. They're sitting outside (of) the house.

¶ Ela berra same as berra 2

berrad pl. brared (dim. brired) teapot berrada pl. -t (dim. brirda) small jug of porous, unglazed clay used for cooling water

berraka pl. brarek 1. barracks 2. hovel, hut (e.g. in a slum) 3. cabin (beach, etc.)

berrani pl. -yen 1. stranger 2. strange, not from the local area 3. foreigner 4. outside, outer nsiti tšedd l-bab l-berraniya. You forgot to close the outside door.

¶ l-berrani the first room one encounters on entering the public bath

berraz pl. -a town crier

¶ tleq l-berraz to hire a public crier (to make some announcement)

berred 1. v.t. to cool (off), to let cool (off)
2. v.i. to refresh oneself (as with a cool drink) 3. v.t. to calm (down) berredtu
b-žuž de-l-kelmat. I calmed him down with a few words. 4. v.t. to discourage, to dishearten 5. v.t. to hush up (an affair), to keep quiet

** berred Eliya šwiyeš! Lay off me (for a while)! —berred qelbu fiha (or le-ġdayed fiha). He got his revenge on her. —le-xbar berred-li l-ma fe-rkabiya. The news scared me to death (paralyzed me with fear, etc.). —ka-iberred Ela qelbu. He's just making excuses (for his failure in doing s.th.). berri pl. -yen pertaining to land (in contrast to sea)

berrima pl. -t, brarem 1. pencil sharpener 2. brace and bit (carpenter)

berrek v.t. to make sit down (animals)

berriw dung

berrem v.t. to move (over), to pull over berrem siyartek l-had z-zih. Pull your car over to this side. —berrem t-tebla l-dak l-qent. Move the table to that corner.

berren by land (in contrast to sea)

berreq v.t. to prove false, to give the lie to, to belie, to refute (person or thing)

¶ berreq f- to stare at

¶ berreq l-Eăynin to stare, to gawk

berrez v.t. (v.n. briz) to exhibit the bride in the braz

berrez v.i. to make announcements in public (in streets, etc.)

¶ berrez b- to spread (around) or divulge (s.th. that should not be told), to blab bers, bres white blotches on the skin, vitiligo

berslana cement, mortar

beršem v.t. to ornament the edge or fringe of, to decorate with a fringe or border (a garment)

beršman fringe or edge of a garment

bertal pl. bratel 1. bird (small, e.g. a robin)2. sparrow 3. alcove off the patio of a Moroccan house

bruda, brudiya 1. v.n. of bred 2. cold (ness), cool (ness) (also as a personal trait) 3. humidity, dampness 4. lack of vigor, slackness, laziness 5. banality, platitude

bruk 1. v.n. of brek 2. fight(ing) baraka men le-bruk! Stop fighting!

bruq v.n. of breq

bruž, bruža pl. of berž, borž

berwag (coll. and n.u.) asphodel

berwita pl. brawet 1. wheelbarrow 2. a very old car

beryan 1. v.n. of bra 2. pl. -in healthy, in good health

brez v.i. 1. to protrude, to stick out 2. to participate in the braz

berž, borž pl. bruž, bruža, braž fort, citadel berčăd v.t. to roll, to give (s.th.) the shape of a roll (e.g., cake)

ber Eud pl. bra Eed roll (of dough)

bsal v.i. (v.n. bsala) 1. to become flat or tasteless (food) 2. to become a nuisance or obnoxious

bsala pl. -t 1. v.n. of bessel and bsal 2. dullness, vapidity, insipidity (figurative sense) 3. stupidity, nonsense

besbas fennel

bsibsa mace (spice)

besmala v.n. of besmel

besmel v.i. (v.n. besmala) to say be-sme-llah bessel v.i. (v.n. bsala) 1. to say silly things, to talk nonsense

¶ bessel Ela to annoy, to bother

bessem v.t. to make or cause to smile bessa men to get or go away from bessa menni! Go away (from me)!

bsar adj. pl. of bsir

bsaset pl. of bessita

bsat pl. -at 1. large rectangular room on any floor above the first 2. big paper lantern carried in the asura procession, especially in Salé

bsatel pl. of bestila

bsila dim. of bsel, besla

bşir adj. pl. bşar n. pl. beşra blind, blind man bşira perspicacity

bsit 1. pl. -in simple, easy 2. (no pl.) one of the different rhythms of Moroccan Andalusian music

bsel, besla n.u. besla (dim. bsila) onion

besra n. pl. of bsir

beşşila pl. -t 1. leek 2. wild onion (for animal consumption)

bessita pl. -t, bsaset peseta (Spanish money)
besset v.t. 1. to flatten, to squash 2. to amuse
bset (v.n. best) 1. v.i. to joke gir ka-nebset
m ak. I'm only joking with you. 2. v.i. to
have a good time, to enjoy oneself

¶ p.p. mebsut pl. -in gay, jovial

best 1. v.n. of bset 2. joke

bestila pl. -t, bşatel a pastry made with almond paste and chicken or pigeon giblet baked in a thin crust

bsuți adj. pl. -yen jolly, having a sense of humor

bšara 1. gift given to the mother of a newborn baby 2. reward (e.g., for finding s.o.'s lost object) 3. good news

bša pl. of bši ?

bša a 1. meanness, rudeness, despicableness 2. ugliness (appearance)

bšir v.n. of bšer

bšič pl. -in, bšač I. rude, mean, despicable

2. ugly (appearance)

bešnixa kind of plant whose flower is composed of various needle-like parts which, when dried, are used as toothpicks; also, toothpick of this type

bšer v.t. (v.n. bšir) 1. to rub (as with sandpaper) 2. to scale (fish)

bešra pl. -t look, countenance

** bšertu metļuqa. He's affable (i.e., always smiling).

beššar pl. -a bearer of good news or tidings

Deššar l-xir butterfly

besser v.t. to announce (good news or tidings)

¶ beššer b- (s.th.) Ela (s.o.) to make a present of (s.th.) to (s.o.) (specifically to the mother of a newborn baby)

btir v.n. of bter

bter v.t. (v.n. btir) 1. to omit, to leave out 2. to cancel

There men l-bal to forget about, to not think about bter had š-ši men balek! Don't think about it!

bettix n.u. -a melon (except watermelon)

bia ibia v.i. (v.n. biu, beiyan) to be late, to take a long time

¶ bta Ela to make wait, to let wait Elaš bṭiti Eliya. Why did you make me wait (for you)?

btala 1. unemployment 2. absence (from work, school) 3. v.n. of btel

¶ bla bṭala unceasingly

biana pl. biayen (dim. biiyyna) sheepskin

** ntef-lek bṭantek. He spoke ill of you. bṭaqa pl. -t, bṭayeq 1. ticket (admission, travel) 2. card (filing, etc.) 3. bond, coupon

¶ bṭaqa de-ṭ-ṭbib prescription (medicine) bṭaṭa (sg. and coll.) potato

¶ *bṭaṭa qeṣbiya* Jerusalem artichoke

¶ btata rumiya potato (usual meaning) ¶ btata z luwa sweet potato

btayen pl. of btana

btayni pl. -ya 1. seller of sheepskin 2. backbiter, slanderer

btayeq pl. of btaqa

btayzi Andalusian meter or time used in Moroccan music

betbetha~ to stuff oneself, to gorge oneself
with food)

btel (v.n. betlan, btul, btala) 1. to be called off, to be cancelled 2. to be omitted, to be left out 3. to expire, to become invalid

bețlan v.n. of bțel

bten pl. btuna belly, abdomen

betniya bellyful

¶ dreb betniya to stuff or gorge oneself (with food)

bter v.i. (v.n. bter) to hurry (up), to hasten
** bter bih! Make it fast!

bter 1. v.n. of bter 2. rapidity, swiftness, hurry ¶ b-le-bter quickly, rapidly, fast, in a hurry

betta v.t. 1. to make late, to keep (s.o.), to delay 2. to drag out, to make drag on

¶ betta b- same as betta

betta pl. -t, biet 1. large bottle, usually covered with a reed matting or sack cloth and with one or two handles 2. oil can (i.e., used in oiling machinery)

bettal adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a (person) out of work, without employment

bettaniya pl. -t blanket, cover (bedclothes)
bettix same as bettix

bettel v.t. 1. to be absent from, to not go to or report for bettel l-xedma. He didn't go to work. 2. to cancel, to call off 3. to leave out, to omit 4. v.i. to change one's mind la, bettelt, ma-maši-š. No, I've changed my mind, I'm not going.

betten v.t. 1. to line, to put lining in (clothing)
2. to beat (rug, blanket) 3. to beat up, to give a beating to (s.o.)

bļu v.n. of bļa

bțul v.n. of bțel

btuna pl. of bten

betvan v.n. of bta

bet & a same as bed & a

bu pl. -wat father (usually used to emphasize certain expr. and threats) wellah ya buh! Let him try it! I dare him!

bubal (no pl.) top part of either the ferula or fennel plant before it blooms, used in making a dish similar to couscous.

bubbuš same as bebbuš

bubbu (no pl., no art.) expr. used to frighten or intimidate small children, similar to English "bogey man"

bu-bris (sg. and coll., no art.) gecko (small lizard)

budi pl. -ven Buddhist bug pl. bwag 1. loudspeaker 2. megaphone bu-denžal same as bdenžal ¶ dar l-bug b- to tell everyone about bu-dră Erancid (butter) bugal pl. bwagel 1. one of the scoops or bu-dez z as (no art.) whitlow buckets on a water wheel 2. (person) with bu-delfa (no pl., no art.) cobra an oblong head bu-fertitu pl. -yat (no art.) butterfly bugala pl. -t wen (on the head) bu-fessiw pl. -at (no art.) 1. golden-crested burbu powder (face, baby, etc.) or fire-crested wren 2. one who speaks burda poem or hymn in honor of the Prophet queerly, indistinctly 3. child who goes burdu pl. -wat cane with a metal head around yelling and shouting bu-rgiba (coll., no art.) type of pear bugadu pl. -wat, -yat lawyer buri used in the expr. zut buri n.u. zuta bu-glib (no art.) cholera buriya gray mullet bugat pl. of bagi bu-rkabi (no pl., no art.) 1. large, clumsy budaz pl. -at 1. narrow passage, strait person: blockhead, bumpkin 2, ruffian, 2. isthmus roughneck buhala pl. of behlul and buhali bureš v.i. to shiver buhali pl. -yen, buhala simple-minded (per-** lez mu ka-ibureš. He's got goose son), idiot pimples. buhel pl. of bhel bus v.n. of bas bu-herras, bu-herrus (no art.) that which busa pl. -t (dim. bwisa) kiss busan v.n. of bas seems to make one break things (especially dishes) yeddih fihom bu-herrus. He breaks bu-sekka (no pl., no art.) rattlesnake bu-sellat (no art.) elephantiasis everything. buhtan 1. sarcasm 2. hypocrisy (often conbus indolence, sloth noting a betrayal of confidence) bus-d-dar pl. -at patio, court bu-hezhaz, bu-hezzaz (no art.) (the) shakes, bu-seffar, bu-seffir (no art.) (yellow) Parkinson's disease iaundice bu-kebbar pl. -at (no art.) a swelling in the bu-siyyar pl. -at (art. possible) large sieve armpit or groin with big holes (for seeds) bukem pl. of bkem bu-siza (no pl., no art.) tarantula bu-kṛaĉ, bu-kṛāč (no art.) one-legged man bul 1. v.n. of bal 2. urine busla pl. -t compass (magnetic directional) busta pl. -t post office (building and departbula 1, n.i. of bal 2, urine ment) bula pl. -t light bulb buš pl. bwaš 1. marble (as used in a game of bu-lfaf (no pl., no art.) a type of shish kebab marbles) 2. type of (water) jug made of liver wrapped in caul bu-sfer (no pl., no art.) a muzzle-loading bulis 1, pl. of bulisi 2, police (force) musket bulisi pl. bulis, bwales policeman ** had š-ši d-bu-šfer. This (thing) is of buleg pl. of bleg bad quality. bulug v.n. of bleg bu-šeqraq (sg. and coll., no art.) jay bušra pl. -t (item of) good news bulun, bulun pl. -at bolt (for fastening tobu-šwika (no art.) scarlet fever gether) bu-le-žlayeb same as bu-žlayeb bu-teftaf palsy (as commonly accompanying bumba pl. -t 1. pump (oil, water, etc.) 2. (fly) senility) bbah sidu fih bu-teftaf. His grandsprayer 3. bomb (explosive) father has palsy. bumbi pl. -ya fireman, fire-fighter butika pl. -t pharmacy (store) bu-menqaš (sg. and coll., no art.) snipe bu-tellis (no pl., no art.) nightmare (bird) but (sg. and pl.) pair of boots (sg. ferda bu-maiyyes, bu-maes, pl. bu-mausat earwig de-l-but) bu-mqusa pl. -t (no art.) lobster buta pl. -t, bwet 1. metal barrel, drum bu-mwaret (no pl., no art.,) trustee or ad-2. bottle (for gas, e.g. butane) ministrator of vacant successions butel Ela to be unjust toward (s.o.), to make bu-mexyet (sg. and coll., no art.) oysterfalse accusations against (s.o.) catcher (bird) buwwab pl. -a doorman, doorkeeper bu-mezwi (no pl., no art.) sharp stomach-ache buwwaq pl. -a one who spreads news or rebun pl. -at, bwan 1. voucher 2. coupon (e.g. veals secrets in rationing food) buwwaz pl. -in not able to keep secrets. bunta pl.-t (dim. bwinta) cigaret butt bunya pl. -t 1. fist 2. blow with the fist 3. fight buwwel v.t. or v.i. to make or cause to involving fisticuffs urinate, to be diuretic

buwweg b- to spread news about, to disclose a secret about buwwes v.t. 1. to give (s.o.) the cold shoulder, to ignore (s.o.) 2. to fire (an employe) ¶ part. mbuwwes pl. -in lazy, indolent buwwex v.i. to puff, to blow smoke from the mouth (often in a showy manner) buxala pl. of bxil 2 buxara pl. of buxari buyed pl. of byed bu-zekri used in the expr. tmer bu-zekri variety of dry dates ¶ muzunt bu-zekri sequin, spangle, paillette bu-ză Eran (no pl., no art.) tumblebug bužada pl. of bužadi bužadi adj. pl. -yen n. pl. bužada, bwažda inexperienced, ignorant buži pl. -yat, bwaža 1. crane (machine) 2. spark plug bu-žlayeb (no art.) eleventh month of the Muslim lunar calendar bu-žniba pl. -t (no art.) crab bu-žă Eran same as bu-ză Eran bu-zbel (no pl., no art.) windpipe, trachea bu-zefra (no pl., no art.) a kind of musket bu-zămrun (no art.) measles bu-zšiša pl. -t (no art.) gullet, esophagus buz ut pl. of bez t bu-& bula same as ba & bula, n.u. of ba & bul bu-Emira pl. -t (no art.) sparrow hawk, kestrel bu-čătțu (no pl., no art.) grasshopper (small variety) bu-Ewida (sg. and coll., no pl., no art) 1. pear 2. pear tree bwab pl. of bab 2 bwaber pl. of babbur bwaket pl. of bakit bwales pl. of bulisi bwan pl. of bun bwandi same as bbandi barag pl. of bug bwaqel pl. of buqal bwared pl. of barud bwaser (pl.) hemorrhoids bwaset pl. of baset bwaš pl. of buš bwax 1. vapor (usually steam) 2. smoke bwaža pl. of buži bwažda pl. of bužadi buiba dim. of bab bwiber dim. of babbur, babur bwida dim. of bida (n.u. of bid) baiket dim. of bakit bwinta dim. of bunta baisa dim. of busa baset pl. of buta bxal pl, of bxil 1

bxis pl. -in dirt cheap, very inexpensive bxel v.i. (v.n. boxl, bxel) to be or act stingy ma-tebxel-š Eliva! Don't be so stingy (with . boxl, bxel 1. v.n. of bxel 2. stinginess, miserlibxes, bxes v.i. to become cheap (in price) bxur pl. -at incense bexx v.i. to sprinkle (š-šta) ka-tbexx. It's sprinkling. ¶ bexx Ela to sprinkle with water (by spraying from the mouth, as Moroccan shoemakers softening leather) bexxer 1. v.t. to steam (s.th.) was ma-zal ma-bexxerti seksu? Haven't you steamed the couscous yet? 2. v.t. to perfume (with incense, etc.) 3. v.t. to fumigate 4. v.i. to steam, to give off steam or vapors (often used in perfect) t-tenžra bexxret. The pot's steaming. bexxuš n.u. -a bug, beetle (especially those found in grain, beans, etc.) byaden pl. of bidun byad v.i. to get or become white byad 1. whiteness 2. the white spot(s) on the cornea of the eye (characteristic of a certain eye disease) ¶ byad le-wžeh whiting (powder) ¶ byad l-8 ăvn white of the eye byadeq pl. of bideq byar pl. of bir byanu pl. -wat piano, pianoforte byat pl. of bit 3 byed f. bida pl. buyed white byuda whiteness byut pl. of bit 1 and 2 beyyina pl. -t proof, evidence bzabcz pl. of bezbuz bzaq v.n. of bzeq bzar same as ibzar bzatem pl. of beztam bzayem pl. of bzim bzazel pl. of bezzula bezbuz pl. bzabez faucet, tap bezbez v.i. to be amazed (with or without expressing it) mnin šeftu hezz myatayn kilu, bqit gir ka-nbezbez. When he lifted two hundred kilos I was amazed. bezgel v.t. 1. to neglect 2. to botch bzim pl. bzayem buckle (as on a belt) bziq v.n. of bzeq bziz (sg. and coll.) cricket (insect) bzeq v.i. (v.n. bzaq, bziq, bzeq) 1. to spit 2. to void excrement (birds) bzeq 1, v.n. of bzeq 2. n.u. bezqa spit, saliva beztam pl. bzatem wallet, billfold, pocketbook

bexbex v.i. to foam at the mouth (as a dying

bxil 1. pl. -in, bxal stingy, miserly 2. pl.

buxala miser, stingy person, skinflint

bezzaf 1. much, a lot, a great deal, too much, very much; many, too many, very many, numerous. had r-ražel ka-imlek bezzaf d-le-zwanet. That man has many (too many, numerous) stores. 2. very Zăndha bent mezyana bezzaf. She has a very pretty girl. —huwa mrid bezzaf. He's seriously ill. 3. too had l-kas d-atay sxun bezzaf. This glass of tea is too hot. 4. much, many, a lot of kayn l-zut bezzaf f-had l-wad. There are a lot of fish in this river. 5. very much, a lot ka-nzebbek bezzaf. I love you very much.

** had i-ii hezzaf Elih. It's too much for

** had š-ši bezzaf Elih. It's too much for him; he's incapable of doing it.

¶ bezzaf d- much, many, a lot of kaynin bezzaf de-n-nas fe-z-zenqa. There are a lot of people in the street.

bezz men in spite of, unwillingly ≠, against the wishes of d-drari bqaw fe-d-dar bezz mennhom. The children stayed home unwillingly.

bezzer v.t. 1. to season with ibzar 2. to give color to (a story, a tale)

bezzula pl. bzazel breast, teat

bezzez (be-z-zez) by force

¶ bezzez men same as bezz men

bezzez Ela v.t. to force (s.o.), to oblige (s.o.)
ma-tbezzez-š Eliya! Don't force me!

 $b\check{z}e\check{g}$ v.t. (v.n. $b\check{z}ig$) to crush, to mash, to squash

bžig v.n. of bžeg

bežġeţ v.i. to babble, to prattle, to chatter senselessly (as a baby attempting to talk; also some metaphorical use in speaking of adults)

bežmat n.u. -a 1. small, sweet, hard cake(s), resembling a biscuit in consistency 2. long, narrow tile(s) used for flooring

bežmet v.t. to toast until hard (the bežmat)
bal 1. like, as, similar to, the same as

Eăndi keswa be al dyalek. I have a suit like yours. — etta wazed ma-ka-yă eref idreb l-Eud be alu. No one knows how to play the lute like him. 2. such as ka-yă emel ši-vumur qbie a, be al d-dbaz me a ž-žiran. He has some bad faults, such as his fighting with the neighbors.

** bz ali bz alu. We're (he and I are) both in the same situation; He and I are the same. —bz alu bz al bbah. He's a chip off the old block (just like his father). —bz alu bz al l-bermil. He looks just like a barrel.

¶ bzal bzal 1. alike huma bzal bzal
They're (very much) alike. 2. it's all the
same (to me), it doesn't make any difference waš takol daba wella ttsenna zetta
iži?—bzal bzal! Do you want to eat now

or wait until he comes?—It's all the same

¶ bz al-lli as though, as if ban-li bz al-lli ma-Eăndu ġaraḍ imši ixdem. It seemed as though he didn't want to go to work.

¶ tamam or tamamen bzal, bzal . . . tamam or tamamen just like had l-kebbut bzal dyali tamamen. This coat is just like mine.

¶ u-b al had $\check{s}-\check{s}i$ and so forth, and so on, and the like

bzar pl. of bzăr

bzayer pl. of bzira

bzayri pl. -ya truck farmer, one who takes care of a truck garden

bezbez v.t. to make hoarse or husky (voice)
bzira pl. bzayer (dim. bziyyra) vegetable
garden

bezlet same as bezses

bzar pl. bzur, bzura, bzar (dim. bziyyer)
ocean, sea

¶ šra l- ζ ut f-qa ξ le-b ζ ar to buy a pig in a poke

be-zra 1. just be-zra ža. He just arrived.

2. hardly, barely be-zra sab l-weqt baš išiyyet snanu. He hardly had time to brush his teeth. 3. so (that) xessna nrež zu bekri be-zra ntsuwwqu. We've got to get back early so we can go shopping.

bezrar n.u. -a (sea) shell mšaw d-drari l-le-bzăr ileqqţu l-bezrar. The children have gone to the ocean to pick up some shells.

bezri 1. pl. -yen maritime, sea-going, of the sea 2. pl.-ya sailor, seaman, mariner bezses (f-) to stare (at), to gaze fixedly (at)

be et f- (v.n. be et) to investigate, to look into, to inquire into bdina nbeetu f-had l-qadiya ž-žem a lli fatet. We began investigating this case last week.

¶ bzet Ela to search for, to look for bezt pl. abzat, buzut 1. v.n. of bzet 2. investigation, inquest 3. research

bz ur, bz ura pl. of bz ăr

bEad v.i. to become or get farther (away)
s-siyara bqat tebEad tebEad zetta gabet
Ela Eăyniya. The car got further and
further away until it disappeared from
sight.

bead pl. of beid

bā bul n.u. -a 1. slug (gastropod) 2. (adj.) very fat, obese (person)

bă bă v.i. to bleat (sheep)

bă&d after bă&d le-žtima& ġadi tkun

wared l-cefla. After the meeting there will be a reception. —băed naklu nemšiw le-s-sinima. After we eat we're going to the show.

¶ men bă&d 1. after (as bă&d) 2. afterwards, later gad nekteb-lu men bă&d. I'll

write him later. 3. then aži naklu daba u-men bā d nemšiw le-s-sinima. Let's eat now and then go to the show.

¶ bă&d-ma after (con).) bă&d-ma naklu nă&mel-lu tilifun. After we eat I'll call him.

¶ bă E d-emma, bă E d-ella although, even though bă E d-emma E ăyyan ža l-l-xedma. Even though he's sick, he came to work.

be ad comp. of beid

boed distance, state of being far (away)

stal de-l-boed (kayen) ma-bin fas

u-r-rbai? What's the distance between Fez

and Rabat?

¶ bla bo & d not long ago, very recently ¶ men l-bo & d from afar, a long way off, from a distance šeftu men l-bo & d. I saw him from a distance.

¶ Ela bo Ed at a distance of žat meknas Ela bo Ed settin kilumitr men fas. Meknes lies at a distance of sixty kilometers from Fez.

bă Eda 1. already mša bă Eda. He's already left. 2. first aži naklu bă Eda, Ead nšerbu atay. Let's eat first then have some tea. 3. at least qul-lna bă Eda gir šnu Emelti l-barez. Tell us at least what you did yesterday. —u-kan gir qalha-li bă Eda. He could at least have told me. 4. as for bă Eda hiya Eămmerha ma-kanet hna. As for her, she's never been here.

bā ¿d some bā ¿d le-mgarba ka-te ¿žebhom l-qehwa. Some Moroccans like coffee.

¶ $b\check{a} \xi dhom^{\phi} b\check{a} \xi d$ (pl.) each other, one another $ddarbu\ b\check{a} \xi dhom\ b\check{a} \xi d$. They fought one another.

¶bă&d l-merrat sometimes ¶l-bă&d f- (or men) some of l-bă&d fe-t-talaba labsin mer. Some of the students are wearing red.

bă ¿ diyat (with pl. pron. endings) each other, one another ma-qessru ¿ la bă ¿ diyathom be-d-derb. They didn't spare the blows with each other. —tgamzu bă ¿ diyathom. They winked at each other.

b id pl. b ad (comp. b ad) far, distant, a long way (from) l-busta b ida men (or ala) had l-ma all. The post office is a long way from this place.

** bEid baš ikun ržeE men d-dar l-bida

l-barez, Ela-zeqq-aš Eămmru

ma-mša-lha. It's quite impossible that he returned yesterday from Casablanca, because he's never been there. —ma-ši b & id. It's quite possible.

bEir camels (in general)

bčăr v.i. to defecate, to void excrement (animals)

b ĕ ăr n.u. b Ɛ r ă dung, droppings (excrement)

bčăt v.t. 1. (no v.n.) to send 2. (v.n. băčt) to resurrect

bă&t 1. v.n. of b&ăt 2 2. resurrection ¶ yum l-bă&t final Judgment Day

b č ž v.t. 1. to beat, to give a beating to bă č žuh u-men bă č d ddaw-lu flusu. They gave him a beating and then took his money away from him. 2. to castrate (domestic fowl)

bă E čăd 1. v.t., to get, take, or move away bă E čăd dik l-buța men l-E afya! Get that (oil, gas) drum away from the fire! 2. v.i., to get or move away bă E čăd menni! Get away from me!

¶ bă E E ăd men to avoid

D

d- (de- before consonant cluster) 1. of Etini senduq d-le-wqid. Give me a box of matches. —tebġi ši-kas de-l-ma? Would you like a glass of water? —kanu bezzaf de-n-nas fe-l-Zefla. There were a lot of people at the party. —nsit l-Zonwan d-dak le-ktab. I forgot the title of that book.

2. used to indicate possessive s-siyara l-Zāmmi ma-zala ždida. My uncle's car is still new. 3. used in counting with certain numbers (especially three through ten) Zāndu tlata d-le-wlad u-rebZa d-le-bnat. He has three sons and four daughters.

¶šzal d- how much, how many šzal d-atay ka-tešrob? How much tea do you drink?

da used in the set expr.: men da u-ždid anew, all over again

¶ ma da bih ho 1. to like (very much) to \neq ma da biya nešriha mennek be-l- \nearrow äqq daba ma-imken-li-š. I would like very much to buy it from you but I can't now. 2. indicates the appropriateness or necessity of s.o.'s action ma da bik temši daba. You'd better go now.

dab idub v.i. (v.n. duban) to melt, to dissolve daba 1. now, at the present time 2. used as a particle before verbs to express the (immediate) future daba ngulha-lu mna;n iži. I'll tell him when he comes.

¶ daba daba immediately

¶ daba & ad just daba & ad mšat. She has just left.

I men daba in men daba Eamayn iržă E. He will return in two years.

I men daba l-fuq, men daba l-qoddam from now on

dabed pl. dwabed compasses, dividers

dada (no art.; inh. poss.) nurse, nanny dafuniva pl. -t punch or blow with the fist dafe Ela (v.n. difa E) to defend

dagur pl. -in one who lacks the normal ability to use his deductive powers or to learn easily (pejorative)

da@imăn same as daymăn

dak m. (often f.) f. dik pl. duk that dak l-weld rasu qaşez, ma-bga-š ittesma. That boy is stubborn, he won't listen.

-be-šzal šriti dak l-magana? How much did you pay for that watch?

¶ f-dak l-weqt, f-dak s-sa at that time,

dakăr pl. dkura penis

dala pl. -t surf

dalil pl. ? adilla 1. guide (person) 2. guidebook 3. proof, evidence 4. v.n. of dell

dalya pl. -t, dwali grapevine

dam idum v.i. (v.n. mdawma, dwam) to last, to continue z etta z aža ma-ka-ddum f-had d-dunya. Nothing lasts in this world.

¶ ma-dam as long as ≠ ma-demti ka-tegra mezyan, ma-Eăndek mn-aš txaf. As long as you keep studying hard, you'll be all right.

damawi pl. -yen gay, jovial (characteristic of

personality)

damim pl. -in contemptible, despicable

dag idug v.t. (v.n. dugan) to taste & ămmri ma-deqt makelthom. I've never tasted their food.

dar idir v.t. (v.n. diran) 1. to do aš kan ka-idir temma? What was he doing there? 2. to put derti zwayžek fe-š-šanţa? Did you put your things in the suitcase?

** kif dayrin (a.p.) xutek? How are your

brothers?

¶ dar bzal to be or act like, to resemble ¶ dar f- to settle aš derti f-dak l-qadiya

m & a žarek? How did you settle that matter with your neighbor?

¶ darha~ b- to trick, to play a trick on daruha bih Eawed. They tricked him again.

daraža pl. -t (dim. driža) 1. rank, position Etaweh daraža d-safir. He was given the rank of ambassador. 2. degree l-zarara tel et žuž de-d-daražat. The temperature has gone up two degrees.

¶ men d-daraža l-luwwla first-rate, firstclass had atay men d-daraža l-luwwla. This is first-rate tea.

¶ driža be-driža (dim.) little by little, step by step

dariž, dariži used in the expr.:

¶l-lisan d-dariž or l-luga d-dariža the spoken language (i.e., colloquial as opposed to Modern Standard Arabic)

¶ (l-&ărbiya) d-dariža colloquial (Moroccan) Arabic (as opposed to Modern Standard Arabic)

dasayes pl. of dasisa

dasisa pl. -t, dasayes, dsayes conspiracy, intrigue

daser a.p. of dser (same as dser) dat (f., no pl.) (human) body

¶ be-d-dat, b-datuφ exactly dak š-ši lli qal-lek be-d-dat. That's exactly what he told you.

dawa v.t. to cure, to heal, to remedy

dawam same as dwam

dawawin pl. of diwan

dawem v.t. 1. to perpetuate, to bestow perpetually, to do (s.th.) forever !lah idawem Elik ş-şez za! May you always enjoy good health! 2. to do (s.th.) steadily, regularly kollna dawemna l-xedma Eam luwwel. We all worked regularly last year.

¶ part. mdawem pl. -in 1. persistent huwa ražel mdawem čăl ș-sļa. He's persistent in his praying. 2. permanent, perpetual s-syam ma-ši mdawem. The Fast isn't a perpetual thing.

dax idux v.i. (v.n. duxa) to get dizzy, to get seasick daxet b-quwt š-štiz u-tazet. She got dizzy from all the dancing and fell down.

daxili pl. -yen 1. internal 2. boarder (in a school)

daxel l- or Ela (s.o.) b- (s.th.) to beg or beseech (s.o.) for the sake of (s.th.) daxelt Elik be-s-şezba lli binatna ila ma tebqa m ana. For the sake of our friendship I beg you to stay with us.

daxel 1. inside, inner part 2. (pl. dwaxel) intimate and secret matters

¶ l-daxel inside, within

daxlani same as dexlani

daymăn always, forever

dayra pl. -t, dwayer 1. circle 2. surroundings 3. entourage

¶ dwayer (pl.) z-zman ups and downs, vicissitudes

dayt used in the expr. men daytu ϕ l-rasu ϕ on one's own (responsibility), without asking permission or consulting anyone

daz iduz (v.n. dwaz) 1. v.t. and v.i. to pass (by), to go by Ead dazet (men hna). She just passed by. —dak s-siyara dazetna b-sor & a kbira. That car passed us at great speed. 2. v.i. to pass dezti f-le-mtiz an dyalek? Did you pass your exam?

** dezna Elihom. We went by for them

-dazet! Agreed! O.K.

¶ dayzu~ (a.p.) le-klam excellent, perfect dar es same as dr es da idi v.i. (v.n. di a) 1. to spread

le-xbar bda idi & f-le-mdina. The news has begun to spread through the town. 2. to wander, to roam

da ama pl. -t support, prop (also metaphorical)

dbab n.u. -a horsefly

dbaben pl. of debban

dbabez pl. of debbuz

dbal v.i. 1. to fade l-werda lli Etaha bdat tedbal. The flower he gave her is fading. 2. to turn pale, to become pale wežhu dbal men gellt š-šems. His face has become pale from lack of sun.

dbali pl. of debla

dbalež pl. of debliž dbari pl. of debra

dbayez pl. of dbiza

dbaz pl. -at quarrel, dispute

debbag pl. -a tanner

debban n.u. -a cpl. dbaben fly

debbar adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a resourceful, knowing how to get what one wants

debbeb to walk with pain or laborious difficulty, to drag along Ead nad men l-merda dyalu u-daba rah ka-idebbeb. He's just gotten up from being sick and now he's just dragging along.

debbel v.i. to fade l-werd bda idebbel. The flowers are fading.

debber f- to find, to (manage to) get ba \(da \) debbret f-ši-z aža ma tač mel. At least she's found something to do.

¶ debber l-rasu^{\$\phi\$} to shift for oneself

¶ debber m a to handle (s.th. or s.o.) oneself, to take care of ana gad-ndebber mea had l-weld. I'm going to handle this boy myself.

debbuz pl. dbabez cudgel, club

debbez v.t. 1. to give a beating to (s.o.) 2. to

¶ debbez f- same as debbez above

dbir v.n. of dbcr (same as dbcr)

dbiz v.n. of dbez

dbiz v.n. of dbez

dbiz a pl. -t, dbayez 1. v.n. of dbez 2. slaughter 3. slaughtered animal

4. sacrificial sheep of Greater Bairam

debla pl. -t, dbali 1. gnat 2. the part of the wick exposed for burning (candle, lamp) debliž pl. dbalež bracelet

dber same as dber

dbez (v.n. dbiz) 1. v.t. (v.n. also debz) to botch 2. v.i. to talk nonsense 3. v.t. to cram, to fill to repletion, to crowd

¶ dbez f- to give a beating to

debz v.n. of dbez 1

debza pl. -t 1. n.i. of dbez 2. blow of the fist 3. brawl

dbez v.t. (v.n. dbiz, dbiza) to slaughter deb a 1. n.i. of dbez 2. pl. -t slaughter

dda (a.p. meddi, dday) 1. to take, to carry flusha kollhom ddathom m Eaha. She took all her money with her.—ddina s-snadeq Eal le-bhayem. We carried the boxes on the mules. 2. to take (time) had l-xedma

gad-teddi bezzaf de-l-wegt. This work is going to take a lot of time. 3. to take (away) šz al d-le-flus dda-lek dak š-šeffar? How much money did that thief take from you? -weld & ămmi dda-li l-makina

de-t-teswir dyali. My cousin took my

camera away from me. 4. to take, to buy ma-ddit zetta zaža men dak l-zanut. I didn't buy anything from that shop. 5. to receive, to get, to obtain xti ddat l-ža@iza l-luwwla. My sister received the first prize. 6. to gain, to get, to benefit šnu dditi men dak l-bi a u-šerya? What did you get out of that deal?

 $\P dda(ha\sim)$ f- to pay attention to Eămmri ma-dditha fe-klamu. I never paid any attention to what he said.

¶ $ddah\phi$ n- $n\xi$ as to fall asleep $\neq bda$ iddih n-n & as. He's falling asleep.

¶ dda Ela to pay attention to ila ddina Eliha Eămmerna la-miina men hna. If we pay attention to her we'll never leave here. $^{\varrho}edda$ v t. (v.n. $^{\varrho}ada^{\varrho}$) 1. to pay (s.th. or s.o.) 2. to pay for (s.th.) 3. to carry out, to fulfil (duty, obligation)

ddabez v.i. to fight, to have a fight (verbal or physical)

ddaker v.i. to have a discussion, to talk things over

ddar same as tdar (m.p. of dar)

ddawa v.i. 1. (in impf. tense) to be treated (for illness) 2. (in perfect tense) to be cured (of illness) 3. to be curable (disease) 4. to be solvable (problem)

ddaxel (f-) 1. to get involved (in) (willingly or otherwise) 2. to interfere (in, with), to stick one's nose (into)

ddaxer same as dexxer

dday a.p. of dda

ddazes v.i. to jostle or crowd one another ¶ ddazes m&a to jostle, to crowd (s.o.) dda&a v.i. 1. to sue one another, to bring

suit against each other 2. to claim

ka-idda iw bin hiya benthom. They claim she's their daughter.

¶ ddaEa mEa (same as ddaEa) ddaEa meaha. He and she have brought suit against each other.

eddeb v.t. 1. to bring up, to educate waldih ma-Eărfu-š i eddbuh. His parents didn't know how to bring him up. 2. to correct

```
ma-teeddbu gir l-quwwa. Only force can
                                                   ma-def Eu-li s-sel Ea lli žat. They still
                                                   haven't delivered to me the merchandise
    ¶ part. m?eddeb pl. -in polite, courteous,
                                                   which has arrived 4. to pay dfa Et-lu llı kan
  well-bred
                                                   ka-1salni. I paid him what I owed him.
ddfu same as ttfu
                                                     ** ka-1 ¿ežbu idfă ¿sidi ¿ăzzuz. He
ddegdeg v.i. to break into (many) pieces
                                                   likes to be coaxed.
ddegg same as tdegg (m.p. of degg)
                                                      ¶ dfă& le-kdub to tell lies
ddekk same as tdekk (m.p. of dekk)
                                                 def a 1. n.i. of dfa 2. payment saftet-lu
ddell same as tdell (m.p. of dell)
                                                   d-def a l-luwwla. She sent him the first
ddellel m.p. of dellel
                                                   payment.
dden, eedden 1. v.t. to announce (prayer),
                                                 degdeg v.t. 1. to smash degdgu-lu z-zaža
  to make the call to (prayer) le-mwedden
                                                   de-s-siyara. They smashed his car window.
  edden le-fžer. The muezzin has made the
                                                   2. to crush, to reduce to fine particles, to
  call to the dawn prayer. 2. v.i. to be called
                                                   pulverize
  (prayer) dden d-dhur aw ma-zal? Has the
                                                     ¶ degdeg Ela (or fug) to stamp on, to
  noon prayer been called yet?
                                                   trample (on)
ddegg same as tdegg (m p. of degg)
                                                 degg idogg v.t. (v.n. deggan) 1. to crush, to
dderbel v.i. to get old or worn out (clothes)
                                                   pulverize 2. to drive (nail, peg)
dderdeb v.i. to roll (as a ball; usually down
                                                     ** baqı ka-idegg w-idegdeg. He is still
  a grade)
                                                   vigorous.
dderra m.p. of derra
                                                 degg cpl. dgug, dgugat jewelry
dderreg same as dderreg
                                                 deggag pl. -a jeweler
dduwwez m.p. of duwwez
                                                 deggan v.n. of degg
ddexxem v.i. to live high, to live in luxury
                                                 dgig flour (wheat)
  and pleasure
                                                 dgug, dgugat cpl. of degg
    ¶ ddexxem b- to get the most advantage,
                                                 degdeg v.t. to tickle (usually a baby)
  use, or profit from or out of (usually
                                                 degdeg (no pl.) used in the expr. Emel
                                                   degdeg l- to tickle
  money)
ddezz same as tdezz (m.p. of dezz)
                                                 dogri pl. -ven 1. serious-minded 2. industrious
dfa idfa v.i. (v.n. dfawa) to get warm
                                                   3. straight & ăndak tewqef f-ši-mazăll, sir
  (water, weather) l-zal bda idfa. It's
                                                   dogri le-d-dar! Don't stop anywhere, go
                                                   straight home!
  getting warm.
dfal 1. v.n. of dfel 2. spit, saliva
                                                 degya quickly, immediately, rapidly
dfali pl. of defla
                                                 dha idhi v.t. (v.n. mdahya) to distract
dfawa 1. v.n. of dfa 2. warmth
                                                     ¶ p.p. medhi pl. -yen 1. busy, occupied
dfayen pl. of dfina
                                                   (person) 2. distracted, day-dreaming
deff pl. dfuf kind of square tambourine with-
                                                 dhales pl. of dehlis
  out jingles
                                                 dhani pl. of dhen and dehna
dfef pl. of deffa
                                                 dhaz pl. -at trousseau
deffa pl. -t, dfef leaf of a double door
                                                 dheb gold
    ¶ deffa de-š-šeržem (window) shutter
                                                 dehbi golden
deffeg v.t. to spill (liquids only)
                                                 dehdenni (no pl.) heavy, obese, fat (implies
deffen v.i. to give a beating bqaw ideffnu-lu
                                                   slow, difficult movements; no insult
  zetta Elayen mat. They gave him such a
                                                   implied)
  beating he nearly died.
                                                 dehhab pl. -a gilder, one who gilds
dfin v.n. of dfen
                                                 dehheb v.t. to gild
dfina pl. -t, dfayen over-garment of thin ma-
                                                 dehhen v.t. 1. to stroke, to pet (animal, child)
  terial worn by women
                                                   2. to put grease or oil on (hair, chicken to
dfiと v.n. of dfăと
                                                   be cooked)
dfel (v.n. dfal) 1. v.t. to spit out 2. v.i. to spit
                                                     I dehhen Ela to bribe, to grease the palm
defla pl. -t, dfali 1. n.i. of dfel 2. spit, saliva
dfen v.t. (v.n. dfin) to bury
                                                 dehheš v.t. to astonish
dfuf pl. of deff
                                                 dhin v.n. of dhen
dfu e v.n. of dfă e
                                                 dhiš v.n. of dheš
dfae v.t. (v.n. dfie, dfue) 1. to push ila
                                                 dehlis pl. dhales 1. basement, cellar
                                                   2. labyrinth
  ma-baat-ši temši had s-siyara ndef Euha.
  If this car won't start we'll push it. 2. to
                                                 dhem f. dehma pl. duhem pitch-black (horse)
  spend le-flus llı kanu Eăndha kollhom
                                                dhen v.t. (v.n. dhin) to grease, to anoint
  def E athom. She spent all the money she
                                                     ¶dhen l-zălq l- to bribe dehnet-lhom
 had. 3. to give, to deliver ma-zal
                                                  Zălqhom. She bribed them.
```

dhen pl. dhani greasy substance

dehna pl. -t, dhani any greasy or oily substance (lubricating oil, grease, ointment, etc.)

¶ dehna de-ṛ-ṛaş hair oil

dehri pl. -yen atheist

dheš v.i. (v.n. dhiš) 1. to be astonished, to be amazed dehšu melli šafuh neggez Ela s-sur u-ma-wqa \(\xi\)-lu-say. They were amazed to see him jump over the wall without getting hurt. 2. to hesitate, to be afraid to ka-idhes itkellem mea bbah f-had l-muwdue. He hesitates to talk with his father on this subject.

dehša n.i. of dheš

dehšan pl. -in 1. frightened 2. amazed

3. hesitant

di same as lli

dib pl. dyab, dyuba wolf

didban (no art.) large piles or stacks of s.th. (emphatic; also metaphorical; often more emphatic with adj. kzăl) Eăndu didban le-kzăl d-le-flus! He's filthy rich!

didi pl. -yen purplish

difa 2 1. v.n. of dafe 2. defense

dik pl. dyuk, dyuka rooster

dik f. of dak

dikr v.n. of dker

diktatur pl. -iyen dictator

diktaturi pl. -yen dictatorial dil pl. dyul, dyula 1. tail 2. end, extremity

dima always, constantly

men dima all the time

dimašą Damascus

dimugrați pl. -yen 1. democratic

2. Democratic (American political party)

dimugrativa democracy

din pl. dyan, ?adyan religion

¶ qlil d-din pl. qlalin d-din 1. irreligious

2. morally untrustworthy, rascal

din pl. dyun, dyunat debt

¶ be-d-din on credit koll-ši šraweh

be-d-din. They bought everything on credit.

I be-d-din, be-d-dyunat in debt rah gareq be-d-din. He's up to his ears in debt.

" mul d-din pl. mwalin d-din creditor

 $\{ \mathcal{E} lih^{\phi} d\text{-}din \text{ to be in debt } \neq \}$

dini pl. -yen religious

dign pl. ? edgan same as dgen

diraya pl. -t knowledge, know-how

dis n.u. -a rush had le-erd Eamra be-d-dis. This field is full of rushes.

diwan pl. dawawin 1. council, cabinet 2. col-

lection of poems

diwana 1. (no pl.) customs, import duties xellest d-diwana fe-l-mersa. I paid the customs at the harbor. 2. pl. -t customshouse

diwani pl. -yen customs officer

diya pl. -t 1. amount of money paid to the

family or relatives of a dead or injured person by the one who has caused the death or injury 2. imprisonment or other sentence suffered for the crime described in 1 above diyana pl. -t 1. piety 2. religious doctrine

diyyen pl. -in religious, pious

diyyă v.t. 1. to spread (news) 2. to broadcast (radio)

dižla used in the expr. nahr dižla the Tigris

diea v.n. of dae

di E aya pl. -t 1. (bit of) propaganda 2. advertisement (of a product) 3. rumor

dkaken pl. of dokkana

dekk (v.n. dekkan) 1. v.t. to tamp down 2. v.t. to fill up, to stuff 3. v.i. to take a sip of tea (while smoking) ma-ka-yă Eref-š ikmi bla-ma idekk. He can't smoke without taking a sip of tea.

¶p.p. medkuk pl. -in small and younglooking (for one's age)

dekka 1. n.i. of dekk 2. pl. -t sip or quantity of tea (taken while smoking)

dekkan v.n. of dekk

dokkana pl. -t, dkaken stone bench

dokkima pl. -t blow of the fist

dekken v.t. to stuff ma-kan Elaš ddekken s-sendug b-had l-bel a d-le-zwayež. You didn't have to stuff the box with so many

¶ dekkenha~ to stuff oneself with food ¶ dekken l- to give a beating to

¶ dekken Ela to stamp on (e.g., ground) dekker v.i. to chant prayers or religious poetry, either formally or informally

dekker v.t. 1. to pollenize, to fecundate, to fertilize 2. (f-) to remind (of) daba nz awel ndekkru fiha. I'll try to remind him

dekkes v.t. 1. to press, to tamp 2. to stuff dekkset-li š-šanța b-le-zwayež l-balyen. She stuffed my suitcase with old clothes.

dker v.t. (v.n. dikr) to mention, to cite dker-li had l-qadiya be-l-zăqq ma-fesserha-li-š. He mentioned the matter to me but he didn't explain it.

¶ dker !!ah to praise God, to say liturgical

dker pl. dkura 1. male had l-bertal dker wella nta? Is this bird a male or a female?

2. penis

dkura pl. of dakar and dker dlal pl. of dlil

dlala pl. -t 1. v.n. of dellel 2. auction

¶ xerrež le-d-dlala to put up for auction dlalez cpl. of dellaz dlagem pl. of delgum

dlawi pl. of dlu

delga pl. -t 1. minor scandal, flap 2. predicament, tight spot

dlik v.n. of dlek

dlil pl. -in, dlal (comp. dell) 1. vile, base 2. cowardly 3. lazy dlek v.t. (v.n. dlik) to rub, to massage mnavn temši l-l-zămmam qul l-l-kiyyas idlek-lek dehrek. When you go to the (public) bath ask the masseur to rub your back. 2. to knead (dough) dell v.i. (v.n. dellan) 1. to mean, to indicate, to show had š-ši ka-idell bi-?ennahom ma-gad-iqeblu-š. This shows that they won't accept. 2. to humiliate ¶ dell b- (v.n. doll, dell) to humiliate ¶ dell Ela (v.n. dalil, dellan) to prove, to show, to indicate, to demonstrate dell, doll v.n. of dell (in dell b-) dell comp. of dlil della v.t. 1. to hang, to suspend 2. to stick out (arm, head, etc.) della v.n. of ndell dellal pl. -a auctioneer dellan v.n. of dell dellas pl. -a, -in fraudulent, deceitful (person) dellaz n.u. -a cpl. dlalez watermelon della & same as della Z dellel (v.n. dlala) 1. v.t. to sell at auction, to auction off 2. v.i. to be an auctioneer delles v.i. to cheat, to use fraud delgima pl. -t uppercut (blow of the fist) delgem v.t. 1. to strike with an uppercut 2. to rein in (horse) delqum pl. dlagem muzzle, snout (animal) dlu pl. delwan, dlawi leather bucket (for drawing water) delwan pl. of dlu dmag pl. -at brain, mind ¶ $dmagu\phi$ tqil. to be slow-minded, dense ≠ ¶ $dmagu\phi$ xfif. to be quick-minded \neq dmalež pl. of demliž dmamel pl. of demmala dman pl. -at 1. rudder 2. steering wheel dmanži pl. -ya 1. quartermaster 2. helmsman, steersman dmayat pl. of demm demģi mental, done in the head (said of calculations) hada gir zsab demgi. I just figured it out in my head. dmingu f. -ya pl. -yat little man, peewee dmir v.n. of dmer demliž pl. dmalež bracelet demm f- (v.n. demman) to slander, to backdemm pl. dmayat (of intensity) blood gir huwa duwwez Eăl l-kebš u-d-dmayat bdat ka-tsil. As soon as he cut the lamb's throat, the blood began to flow ** šarkin d-demm. They are related by blood.

relatives ≠ ¶ demm le-wžeh honor, dignity ¶ demm s-snan pet aversion ¶ \dot{g} la d-demm f- to be extremely angry \neq , to see the with anger $\neq gla$ fina d-demm. She was mad as a hornet. ¶xerrež d-demm, zuwwel d-demm to have blood let, to bleed qlal n-nas lli ma-zalin ka-ixerržu d-demm fe-l-megrib. In Morocco, very few people still have their blood let. demma Ela to accuse (s.o.) of being ressponsible for a mishap or some damage demma pl. -t 1. protection huwa tezt d-demma dyali. He is under my protection. 2. responsibility dak š-ši f-demmtu. That's his responsibility. demmala pl. -t, dmamel abscess, boil demman v.n. of demm demmiya pl. -t responsibility qal-lek dak š-ši f-demmiytu. He says that's his responsibility. demmă v.i. to snivel dmer v.i. (v.n. dmir) to rush, to hurry ma-kayen Elaš ddmer, ma-zal l-zal. You don't need to rush, you still have time. dmeş same as dmeş dmu e pl. of dem ea dem Ea pl. -t, dmu E tear (from eyes) eden same as eidn dnaden pl. of dendna dnadni pl. -ya musician dnafel pl. of denfil dnaya same as dnaya denb pl. dnub sin ¶ dar d-dnub to sin ¶ dda d-dnub to commit sins denba tail (of small animals) ** šafet fiya be-d-denba d-Eăyniha. She looked at me out of the corner of her eye. ¶ denba de-l-garru cigaret butt denden v.i. to play a musical instrument (casually or informally) ka-idenden & ăl l-Eud dyalu. He's strumming on his lute. dendna pl. -t, dnaden music dendul pl. dnadel pendulum denfil pl. dnafel porpoise dnub pl. of denb denya, donya pl. -t 1. world, universe 2. life d-denya hadi. That's life. 3. wealth, fortune ** tel&et-lha d-denya f-rasha. She is sick and tired of living. denžal same as bdenžal dgayeg pl. of dgiga dqiq 1. (no pl.) flour 2. pl. -in (comp. deqq) fine, minute dqiqa pl. -t, dqayeq minute (of time) dqen pl. dqun chin deqq v.t. or v.i. (v.n. deqq, doqq, deqqan)

¶ binathom ϕ (pl.) d-demm (to be) blood

1. to knock ši-wazed ka-idegą fe-l-bab. Somebody is knocking at the door. 2. to crush, to pound, to pulverize 3. to grind up, to hash (meat for kefta) 4. to drive (nail) ¶ deqq Ela to call at (s.o.'s) door by knocking deqqina Eliha l-barez u-ma-lqinaha-š. We knocked on her door yesterday, but we didn't find her. degg, dogg v.n. of degg ¶ Eta d-deqq 1. to work unceasingly 2. to eat a great deal degg comp. of dgiq deqqa pl. -t 1. blow, knock 2. beat d-deqqa de-t-tbel ma-ši bzal de-t-terr. The beat of the drum is different from that of the tambourine. ¶ fda deqqtu ϕ to avenge oneself, to get revenge deggan v.n. of degg deggag pl. -a 1. one who hashes meat with a hatchet 2. a man who awakens the people during Ramadan for the dawn meal, by knocking on their doors with a hammer. deggeg v.t. to specify dra rust drabek pl. of derbuka drabki pl. -ya derbuka player drabel pl. of derbala drahem, drahem pl. of derhem, derhem drari pl. of derri dras v.n. of dres draweš pl. of derwiš draz pl. -at workshop (shoemaker and weaver) drae same as drăe derb pl. druba (dim. driba, driyyeb) alley, small street derbala pl. -t, drabel old, worn-out piece of derba 1. aptitude, skill 2. experience, training derbuka pl. -t, drabek oblong tambourine without jingles derd coarse sediment derdar (no pl.) ash (tree) derdeb v.t. to cause to tumble down, to cause to roll down ¶ p.p. mderdeb pl. -in rough, rugged (terrain, road) derder Ela to powder, to dust derderti s-sokkar Eăl l-zălwa? Did you powder the cake with sugar? drea n.u. derga cactus derhem, derhem pl. drahem, drahem dirham (basic unit of Moroccan currency) driba dim. of derb drik v.n. of drek driri dim. of derri dris v.n. of dres drisi pl. -yen descendant of Moulay Idris driža dim. of daraža

drek v.t. (v.n. drik) 1. to obtain, to get ila Emelti žehdek kollu, lli bģitiha ddrekha. If you put forth all your efforts, you'll get anything you want. 2. to reach, to arrive at l-murad dyalha derkettu. She reached her drer pl, of derra derra 1. v.i. to rust 2. v.t. to winnow 3. v.t. to sprinkle (powder) derra pl. -t, drer handkerchief ¶ derra de-l-Eăng shawl, cashmere ¶ derra de-ṛ-ṛaş scarf derraqa same as derraqa derras pl. -a thresher (person) derrasa pl. -t threshing-machine derraz pl. -a weaver (usually of blankets) derra E pl. -a good swimmer derreb Ela or f- to train derreg same as derreg derri pl. drari, derriya (dim. driri) little boy derriya 1. pl. -t little girl 2. pl. of derri dorriya pl. -t offspring, posterity derrem f- to run into derrem fiya be-l-bišklita dyalu. He ran into me with his bicycle. derreq same as derreg derres v.t. to teach (s.o. s.th.), to instruct (s.o.) in (s.th.) derră 2 1. v.t. to embrace, to take in one's arms 2. to take (s.th.) by the armful 3. v.i. to swim with a breast stroke dres v.t. (v.n. dras, dris) to thresh druba pl. of derb druk now 2 and 3 ع pl. of dră druea pl. of drae 3 derwa pl. -t hump (camel) derwiš pl. draweš 1. poor, needy 2. harmless (person) dra 2 1. pl. der an forearm 2. pl. dru 2, der an beam of a pair of scales 3. du. der Eayn pl. dru E, dru Ea cubit ¶ be-d-dră € by force der Ean pl. of dra E 1 and 2 der ¿i n.u. -ya sea perch dsam grease (machinery) dsara same as dsara dsayes pl. of dasisa dessem v.t. to smear (with a greasy substance) desser same as desser desses v.i. to grope hebtet ka-ddesses fe-d-druž. She groped her way down the stairs. dsara pl. -t 1. v.n. of dser 2. impertinence, effrontery dser (Ela) v.i. (v.n. dsara) to be impertinent (toward) dak l-weld bda idser Ela waldih. That boy is becoming impertinent toward his parents.

dşuri pl. -yen impertinent, insolent

24

dšiš, dšiša wheat partly ground, used for a kind of soup

dšer pl. dšur, dšura village

deššen v.t. to inaugurate, to open wazir

t-tă Elim de ššen tlata de-l-madaris l-barez. The Minister of Education inaugurated three schools yesterday.

dšur, dšura pl. of dšer

duban v.n. of dab

dubur anus (often extended to include the buttocks)

dud n.u. -a worm

duda 1. n.u. of dud 2. passion, great appetite, great desire fih duda kbira de-l-kura. He has a great passion for football.

duhem pl. of dhem

dula 1. pl. -t, dwel herd, flock 2. pl. duwwăl nation 3. government ru? asa? d-duwwăl kollhom gad-idžem Eu ž-žem Ea ž-žayya. All government heads are going to convene next week.

du-l-qă Eda eleventh month of the Muslim lunar calendar

du-l-zižža twelfth month of the Muslim lunar calendar

dum n.u. -a 1. dwarf palm-tree 2. bunch of leaves of a dwarf palm-tree

dumali pl. -yen rich

duminu dominoes (game)

dun without (prep.)

** ma-gad-ndir-ši men dun dak š-ši dun.
That's all I'm going to busy myself with.

¶ b-dun without (prep.)

¶ b-dun-ma without (conj.)

¶ dun-ma without (conj.) mša dun-ma itleb t-tesriz. He left without asking permission.

¶ men-dun besides škun kan temma men dun bhak? Who was there besides your father?

¶men dun-ma without (conj.)

duni pl. -yen 1. vile 2. of inferior quality

dunya same as denya

duq pl. dwaq, ?edwaq 1. taste, savor 2. taste, inclination

dugan v.n. of dag

duwla same as dula

duwwa v.t. 1. to speak to hadi šzal

ma-duwwatu zit țiyyru-lha dak n-nhar. She hasn't spoken to him for some time because he offended her the other day. 2. to make talk ma-qder zădd iduwwi had babġiyu. Nobody could make this parrot talk

duwway pl. -a talkative

duwweb v.t. 1. to melt 2. to liquefy

duwwed 1. to get wormy, to be full of worms

2. to rot, to decay

duwwăl pl. of dula 2 and 3

duwwem v.t. to prolong, to perpetuate

duwwex v.t. to make dizzy

duwwez 1. to accept bgana nduwwzu-lu

š-šurut kollha. He wants us to accept all his conditions. 2. to pass ma-duwwzuha-š zit ma-kanu-š zāndha n-nuqat mezyanin. They didn't pass her because she didn't have good grades. —duwwzu-lu t-twal zla zănqu. They passed the rope around his neck. —l-mežlis duwwez l-multamas lli geddem ra?is l-z ukuma. The Council

passed the motion made by the Premier. 3. to let pass, to allow ma-ka-iduwwzu-š l-Eăfyun fe-d-diwana. They don't let

opium pass at the customs. 4. to consume (a main beverage or food, with s.th. else) žul l-^qurubbiyen ka-iduwwzu makelthom be-š-šrab. Most Europeans drink wine with their meals. —duwwezna ^qatay be-n-nwa meqli. We had toasted almonds with tea. 5. to take (an examination)

¶ duwwez Ela 1. to review gad-nduwwez Eal d-durus dyali qbel le-mtizan. I'm going to review my lessons before the exam. 2. to slaughter, to slit the throat of (sheep, etc.)

duwwă (f-) to stare (at)

duxa v.n. of dax

duza 1. n.i. of daz 2. stroke l-gezzar daz Éăl l-kebš duza wez da be-ž-ženwi. The butcher slaughtered the sheep with a single stroke of the knife.

** žabettu d-duza dak n-nhar u-Eredt Elih itgedda mEaya. He happened to pass by the other day, and I invited him to have lunch with me.

duzan pl. -at set of tools

dužanbir December

duz pl. dwaz bower, arbor duz a pl. -t 1. prayer 2. wish

dwa idwi v.i. 1. to talk, to chatter 2. to reverberate

¶ dwa f- to slander

dwa (m.) pl. -yat, ?adwiya, ?edwiya 1. medicine (drug) 2. remedy, cure

dwabed pl. of dabed

dwali pl. of dalya

dwam 1. v.n. of dam 2. perseverance l-xedma s-s Eiba ma-ka-ttsuwweb gir be-s-sber u-d-dwam. Hard work is completed only through patience and perseverance.

3. eternity

¶ dar d-dwam the other world

¶ Eăl d-dwam constantly, always, forever

dwaq, edwaq pl. of duq dwaxel pl. of daxel 2

dwaya pl. -t ink-well

dwayer pl. of dayra

dwaz 1. v.n. of daz 2. anything, such as food or drink, served with bread

dwaz pl. of duz

dwida pl. -t 1. passion (sexual) 2. vermicelli
 dwira pl. -t 1. small house, cottage 2. apartment

dwiriya pl. -t 1. small apartment 2. kitchen in a large house

edwiya pl. of dwa

dwel pl. of dula 1

dxali pl. of dexla

dxašeš pl. of dexšuša

dxaxen pl. of doxxan

dxayer pl. of dxira

dxira pl. -t, dxayer 1. reserve, stock, supply tsabet & andhom dxira kbira d-le-mwakel. They happened to have a good supply of food. 2. treasure had l-metzef & amer be-d-dxayer. This museum is full of treasures.

dxel idxol v.i. (v.n. dxul) 1. to enter (go in, come in) 2. to go back dxel l-l-megrib. He's gone back to Morocco. 3. to get married

** dxol suq rasek! Mind your own business!

¶ dxel bin to mediate, to intervene škun dxel binatkom? Who intervened between you?

¶ dxel f- to intervene zetta wazed ma-dxel f-qadiythom. Nobody intervened in their affair.

dxel l- to enter (to go or come into) hadi sz al ma-dxelt l-dak l-bit. I haven't gone into that room for some time.

¶ dxel u-xrež fe-l-hedra to wander (in talking), to talk inconsistently or incoherently

dexla 1. n.i. of dxel 2. pl. -t, dxali entry 3. pl. -t, dxali reception or dinner given in honor of s.o. returning from a long journey

dexlani pl. -yen 1. inner part, that which is inside 2. internal

dexšuša pl. -t, dxašeš bride's chamber dxul v.n. of dxel

¶ lilt d-dxul wedding day doxxan pl. dxaxen 1. smoke 2. cigarets

dexxel v.t. 1. to include, to enter dak š-ši lli dfä ti dexxlu m a s-sayer le-kbir. Enter whatever you spend under general expenses. 2. to take in, to get in dexxelti t-tesbin? Did you take the laundry in? 3. to bring in, to yield l-molk dyalu ka-idexxel-lu xems alaf derhem fe-š-šher. His property brings in 5,000 dirhams a month for him.

** aš dexxlu fiha? Why is he meddling in her affairs?

¶ dexxel $rasu^{\phi}$ f- to stick one's nose in (to) dexxen v.i. to smoke (tobacco)

dexxer v.t. to accumulate (goods, money)

dyab pl. of dib

dyal f. dyalt pl. dyawel (f. and pl. not standard among some urban speakers) 1. shows possessive relationship s-siyara dyal & ămmi ma-zala ždida. My uncle's car is still new. —herres le-kră dyal š-šelya. He broke the leg of the table. 2. possessive adj. (with pron. endings) le-ktuba dyalek kollhom žebthom. I brought all your books. 3. possessive pron. had š-ši dyalek wella dyalhom? Is this yours or theirs? 4. introduces constitutive terms dyal-aš had l-xatem? What is this ring made of? —ka-ibi d-dmalež dyal d-dheb u-dyal n-neqra. He sells gold and silver bracelets. 5. that of le-mtizan had l-&am kan s&āb men dyal dak l-&am. This year's exam was more difficult than that of last year.

¶ be-dyalu ϕ well-off \neq

¶ dyal men whose dyal men had d-dar? Whose house is this?

¶ dyal $rasu^{\phi}$ 1. independent, working independently huma dyal rashom. They work independently. 2. bachelor ma-zal gales dyal rasu. He is still a bachelor.

dyan pl. of din
dyawel pl. of dyal
dyuba pl. of dib
dyuk, dyuka pl. of dik
dyul, dyula pl. of dil
dyun, dyunat pl. of din

dzad v.i. 1. m.p. of zad 2. to be born f-ayna Eam dzadet bentek? What year was your daughter born? 3. to increase

¶ $dzad\ l$ -z $al\ Elih$ ϕ to get worse

(health) ≠ dzagel v.i. 1. to miss each other (trying to meet, shooting at each other, etc.) 2. to forgive one another, to not hold a grudge 3. to get or become loose (s.th. that should be tight) 4. to lose one's mind, to crack up

dzayed v.i. 1. to bid higher (and higher) 2. to rise, to go higher (price)

** dzaydu fe-l-hedra (or f-le-klam).

They had a heated discussion. dzayer pl. of dzira

dzayer (no art.) Algeria

dzaz em v.i. 1. to crowd, to crowd together

2. to shove and elbow one's way (in a crowd)

dzefzif v.n. of zefzef

dzegnin 1. v.n. of zegnen 2. monotonous noise dzegrit v.n. of zegret

dzehza v.i. 1. to wait imken-lek ddzehza šwiya? daba u-huwa ržač. Can you wait a little while? He'll be right back. 2. to procrastinate, to put things off

dzira pl. -t, dzayer 1. island 2. peninsula dziri pl. -yen Algerian, native of Algiers dzizin v.n. of dzizen

dzizen v.i. to become mute, speechless dzellef m.p. of zellef

dzellă E m.p. of zellă E

26 dzenzin dzenzin 1. v.n. of zenzen 2. buzz, buzzing sound dzerwit v.n. of zerwet dzuwwed m.p. of zuwwed dzuwwel m.p. of zuwwel dzuwweg m.p. of zuwweg dzuwwer m.p. of zuwwer dzuwwež (b-) to get married (to) dezz v.t. (v.n. dezzan) to shear (sheep) dzez pl. of dezza dezza pl. -t, dzez fleece dezzan v.n. of dezz dezzaz pl. -a shearer dză Erit v.n. of ză Ereț dză Erița caper, gambol dză zi v.n. of ză ză ză dză Eză E m.p. of ză Eză E džadel v.i. to argue, to have a heated discussion (usually with some purpose) džar pl. of tažer 1 džara v.i. to race, to have a race (foot, car, political campaign, etc.) džara same as tižara džaweb v.i. 1. to answer each other (by letter, i.e., when one writes the other always answers) 2. to have a mutual understanding or rapport džawer v.i. to be neighbors džayži pl. -ya poulterer, poultry dealer džaž coll. 1. chicken tgeddina be-d-džaž l-yum. We had chicken for dinner today. 2. chickens šzal de-d-džaž šriti l-l-zefla? How many chickens did you buy for the party? džaža pl. -t (dim. dživža) hen ¶ džaža z abašiya guinea hen džaz ed v.i. to argue, to dispute (often for the sake of argument) džebbed v.i. 1. m.p. of žebbed 2. to stretch (relaxing the muscles) 3. to stretch out (as on a bed) 4. to become sophisticated (person) džebber m.p. of žebber ¶ džebber Ela to oppress, to tyrannize džehhed m.p. of žehhed džiyfa pl. -t n.i. of žiyyef džiyža dim. of džaža dželled m.p. of želled

He lent me some money, and he made sure I knew where it came from. džemmer v.i. 1. m.p. of žemmer 2. to suffer from grief and mental anguish džemmač same as žemmač dženneb v.t. to avoid, to stay away from (s.o., džennen v.i. to get angry, furious džennes v.i. to become naturalized džerr same as ttžerr (m p. of žerr) džeržer m.p. of žeržer džuwweq to gather together, to form a crowd (people) džuwwež same as dzuwwež $d \subset a$ $i d \subset i$ v.t. (v.n. $d \subset i$, $d \in van$) 1. to dismiss, to fire 2. to put in(to) Elaš dima ka-idzi yeddih fe-žyabu. Why does he always put his hands in his pockets? 3. to drive (nail) dzadez pl. of dezduz das v.n. of daes and daes dezduz pl. dzadez person of small physical stature (adult) (not pejorative) dzi v.n. of dza dzes v.t. (v.n. dzas, madazsa) to jostle dezš pl. dzuša young donkey dzuša pl. of dezš dezyan v.n. of dza dea idei v.t. (v.n. dăewa, mdaeya) to prosecute, to file suit against ¶ d&a f- to slander ¶ dEa mEa, dEa be-l-xir l- to pray for dEadeE pl. of dăEduE deawi pl. of dăewa kind of large ع dage tambourine without jingles dEira same as dEira dă wa pl. -t, de awi 1. v.n. and n.i. of de a 2. lawsuit 3. prayer, invocation 4. benediction, blessing 5. curse, malediction ¶d&a be-d&awt l-xir l- to wish (s.o.) well ¶ mul d-dă& wa pl. mwalin d-dă&wa or mwalin d-d Eaui plaintiff ¶ qeyyed dăEwa Ela or b- to file suit against ¶ şazeb d-dăEwa pl. şzab d-dăEwa or szab d-dEawi same as mul d-dăEwa dă E am v.t. 1. to support ma-žber zădd lli idă&Emu fe-ṛ-ṛă@y dyalu. He couldn't find anybody to support him in his opinion. 2. to wedge, to prop

daded, dadd v.t. 1. to oppose 2. to compete dadus pl. -at, dwades die (pl. dice)

džemmel Ela to remind (s.o.) boastfully that

sellef-li ši-flus u-bda ka-idžemmel Eliya.

one has done him a favor or service

dahir pl. dwaher, dawahir decree (royal) dala b- 1. to start doing (s.th.) (persistently) gir šafuh dalaw Elih be-l-lhib Zetta beddel re?yu. As soon as they saw him they started flattering him till he changed his mind. 2. (also Ela) to indulge in šeftha dalat Eăl le-kdub had l-iyyam. I notice she's been indulging in telling lies recently.

dalem a.p. of dlem

dama pl. -t 1. checkers 2. checkerboard damana same as dmana (v.n. of dmen) damen a.p. of dmen

daq idiq v.i. (v.n. diq) to get bored, to become restless fuq-emma ka-ikun meahom ka-ibgi imši f-zalu zit ka-idiq. Whenever he is with them he wants to leave because he gets bored.

¶ daq bih ϕ l- \sim al 1. to be in a bad condition le-mṛid daq bih l- \sim al bezzaf. The patient is in a very bad condition. 2. to be in difficulty (e.g. financial)

dar idur v.i. (v.n. duran) 1. to turn sir tul u-dur Edl l-imin. Go straight ahead and then turn right. —le-mwara de-l-magana de-s-sersar ma-bqaw-š iduru. The hands of the alarm clock stopped turning. 2. to take a walk, to go for a walk dima ka-nexyož ndur šwiya men băEd le-Eša. I always go out for a little walk after supper. 3. to take a ride, to go for a ride mšaw mEah iduru fe-s-siyara dyalu. They've gone out with him for a ride in his car. 4. to wander, to roam n-nhar kollu u-huwa ka-idur

fe-l-yaba. He's been wandering all day long through the forest.

¶ dar b- to surround

¶ dar f- to turn to daret fiya u-qalt-li...
She turned to me and said . . .

¶ $day \in la$ 1. to look for 2. to turn against, to betray

¶a.p. dayer pl. -in 1. round 2. circular ¶ dayra bih t-tekmila to be in financial straits

dar pl. dyar, dyur 1. house had d-dar xawya. This house is vacant. 2. home, residence ila ma-lqitih-š fe-l-mekteb ¿āyyeṭ-lu le-ḍ-ḍar. If you don't find him in the office call him at his home. 3. (often pl. force in sg.) wife (polite euphemism) ḍ-ḍar dyalek qalu-li ma-maži-š. Your wife told me you're not coming. —ma-žabu-š ḍarhom mɛahom l-l-zefla. They didn't bring their wives

along to the party. 4. firm (business)

5. square (of a checkerboard)

** daba džibu d-dar u-nefdiwha fih. We'll run into him some day and get even with him.

¶ dar d-dbeg tannery ¶ d-dar l-bida Casablanca

¶ dar l-mexzen seat of the Moroccan government, royal palace

¶ dar le-wdu toilet

¶ dar m čăllma workshop (in a private home) for little girls

¶ dar Erifa detention home (for women) ¶ mul d-dar pl. mwalin d-dar 1. head of the house (hold) 2. landlord

¶ mulat d-dar pl. mwalin d-dar

1. mistress of the house (hold) 2. landlady ¶ mwalin d-dar wife kif kanu mwalin d-dar? How is your wife feeling?

dara pl. -t 1. circle setter wazed d-dara sgira b-le-qlam le-zmer Eăl l-werqa.

Draw a small circle on the paper with the red pencil. 2. circumference, periphery

3. disc 4. halo

¶ dreb d-dara to form a circle

darar 1. v.n. of derr 2. harm yak ma-kayen darar ila selleftha men & andek? Will there be any harm if I borrow it from you?

3. damage ma-imken-lek-ši ttsuwwer d-darar lli xella ž-žrad. You can't imagine the damage caused by the locusts. 4. pain 5. inconvenience

darayeb pl. of dariba

dareb v.i. to fight l-E asker mšaw idarbu. The soldiers have gone to fight.

¶ dareb Ela 1. to stand up for, to defend xeṣṣu iḍareb Eăl l-z uquq dyalu. He'll have to stand up for his rights. 2. to fight for lli darbu Eăl l-istiqlal de-bladhom kollhom banu. All those who fought for the independence of their country have been recognized.

dari usually

usuany
kif dari as is the custom
dariba pl. -t, darayeb tax
darir pl. -in blind, sightless (in both eyes,
partially or completely)
dariz pl. drayez mausoleum
darura pl. -t necessity
daruri pl. -yen necessary

dawi pl. -yen bright, shiny daxama pl. -t monstrous or huge object or person (usually substituted for actual object in question) wazed t-tlata

de-d-daxama žaw l-l-mekteb l-bare.
Three enormous fellows came to the office

yesterday. daya pl. -t 1. lake 2. pond

dayef v.t. (v.n. dyafa) to offer hospitality to

dayer a.p. of dar

dawahir pl. of dahir

dayra pl. -t 1. circle Eamlu dayra f-qelb dayra u-bdaw išet u. They formed one circle within the other and started dancing.

2. perimeter d-dayra d-had s-sehriž fiha xemsa u-reb in miter. The perimeter of this pool is forty-five meters. 3 circumference stal fe-d-dayra d-dak n-na ura? What's the circumference of that noria?

4. frame (door, window, etc.) 5. entourage

da idi v.i. (v.n. di a) to be lost, to be wasted gad-idi ?-lhom bezzaf de-l-wegt. They are going to lose a lot of time. ¶ dae f- to lose de eti f-wazed l-forșa Eažiba. You lost a wonderful opportunity. da Eif pl. du Eafa poor dbab n.u. dbaba mist dbari pl. of debra dobb pl. dbuba bear debbeb v.i. to get misty debber same as debber dbeg v.t. (v.n. dbig, dbeg) to tan dbeg v.n. of dbeg ¶ dar d-dbeg pl. dyur d-dbeg tannery dbig v.n. of dbeg dbir v.n. of dber dbit v.n. of dbet dber v.t. (v.n. dbir) to rub raw, to abrade, to bruise debra 1. n.i. of dber 2. pl. -t dbari bruise dbet v.t. (v.n. debt, dbit) 1. to organize 2. to specify, to say or do (s.th.) precisely 3. to vocalize (text) debt v.n. of dbet ¶ be-d-debt precisely, exactly dak š-ši lli bgit ngul-lu be-d-debt. That's precisely what I wanted to tell him. dbuba pl. of dobb dbuEa pl. of dbaE dbae pl. dbuea hyena ddad pl. of dedd ddamen v.i. to unite, to join forces ddareb v.i. to fight, to have a fight (fisticuffs) ddayef v.i. to be a guest, to be received as a guest (usually for a few days) ddar ek v.i. to laugh (as when having a good time) ddebbeb v.i. to become misty, foggy dedd against dedd pl. ddad contrariness ¶rfed d-dedd mea, emel d-dedd mea, dar d-dedd m & a to have s.th. against (s.o.) ddellel v.i. to be or get in the shade ddellem v.i. to get dark (a room) dderr m.p. of derr dderreg v.i. 1. to take shelter (as from rain) 2. to hide dderrae v.i. to moan, to groan (from pain) l- to ask mercy of (s.o.) (playing heavily on s.o.'s sentimentality) dduwwer m.p. of duwwer dda Eda E v.i. 1. to become loose or less solid (fence post, etc.) 2. to become less strong, to weaken (also metaphorical) ddaeeăf m.p. of daeeăf dda E ar m.p. of da E E ar dfar pl. of dfer dfayer pl. of dfira dfir v.n. of dfer

dfira pl. -t, dfayer plait, braid

dfer v.t. (v.n. dfir) to plait ¶ dfer b- to obtain, to succeed in getting dfer pl. dfar, dfura (pejorative) 1. nail (finger, toe) 2. claw defra same as dfira dfura pl. of dfer dgit v.n. of dget dogri same as dogri dget Ela (v.n. degt, dgit) to make, to compel, to exert pressure on degtet Elih bas yă Etiha le-flus kollhom. She compelled him to give her all the money. degt 1. v.n. of dget 2. pressure dehher v.t. 1. to show, to manifest, to reveal ka-idehher-lha wazed l-mazibba kbira. He manifests a great affection toward her. 2. to prove, to show gad-ndehher-lha bi-gennaha kanet galta. I'm going to prove to her that she was wrong. 3. to issue wizart l-barid dehhret Eadad de-t-tnaber ždad. The Post Office Department has issued many new stamps. dher v.i. (v.n. dhur) 1. to seem ka-idher (-li) ma-ġad-iži-š. It seems (to me) he is not coming. 2. to appear, to show up melli xwa le-blad ma-Eawed dher. He left the country and hasn't shown up since. 3. to come into season d-della ma-zal ma-dher. Watermelon hasn't come into season vet. dher pl. dhur, dhura back ¶ Eta be-d-dher to turn one's back on z na glesna z daha u-hiya Etatna be-d-dher. She turned her back on us as we sat near her. dhur 1. v.n. of dher 2. pl. -a noon prayer 3. pl. -a time of the noon prayer 4. pl. of dher dhura pl. of dher dif pl. dyaf, difan guest I tleb dif !lah to ask to be taken in as a guest difan pl. of dif dileg v.i. to wander around, to roam about dim 1. worry, worries ma-qad-nxelli 7 etta z aža ddir-lek d-dim. I won't let anything bring you worries. 2. oppression, injustice ma-imken-š itsuwwer l-wazed d-dim lli šafet dak le-blad tezt le-stiemar. One can't imagine the oppression suffered by that country under colonialism. ** taz Elih ši-dim. Some misfortune happened to him. dig 1. v.n. of dag 2. v.n. of dyag 3. narrowness 4. distress ¶ fe-d-diq in financial straits dìga n.i. of dag diyy daylight diyyeq v.t. to make narrow ¶ diyyeq l-xater l- to annoy, to irritate

¶ part. mdiyyeq pl. -in low on funds, in financial straits

I mdiyyeq l-xater annoyed, irritated diyyeq pl. -in (comp. dyeq) 1. narrow dak z-zenqa diyyqa, ma-nqedru-š nduzu siha be-s-siyara. That street is narrow, we can't get through it with the car. — E ămmri ma-šeft ši-wazed fekru diyyeq bzal xaha. I've never seen such a narrow-minded person as her brother. 2. tight, close-fitting had s-sebbat diyyeq bezzaf Eliya. These shoes are too tight for me. 3. difficult, delicate situation, position) 4. short, limited (time)

I diyyeq l-xater irritable, bad-tempered

diyya v.t. 1. to lose 2. to waste

diea v.n. of dae

dlam v.i. to be dark, to become dark z-zenqa dyalna dlamet, xessha d-duw. Our street is dark, it needs a light.

¶ dlam l-zal to get dark bda idlam l-zal bă Eda. It's getting dark already.

dlim v.n. of dlem dlef pl. of delfa

delfa pl. -t, dlef cactus leaf

dli a dim. of del a delli a delli (v.n. dellan) 1. v.i. to spend the day l-zăd lli fat dellina f-le-zzib d-zămmi, u-fe-l-lil răăzna le-d-dar. Last Sunday we spent the day on my uncle's farm, then we returned home in the evening. 2. v.t. to stay, to spend (time) mnayn kanu hna dellu zăndna telt iyyam. When they were here they stayed three days at our house.

dell pl. dlul 1. shadow 2. shade dollam pl. of dalem (a.p. of dlem)

dellan v.n. of dell

dellel v.t. to shade dellelna maz ăll n-nzaha b-waz ed t-terf d-le-glae kbir. We shaded our picnic place with a large piece of canvas.—dellelt Ela E ăyniya be-l-žarida. I shaded my eyes with the newspaper.

dellem v.t. to darken, to make dark la-tšedd-ši s-sražeb kollhom, daba ddellem l-bit. Don't close all the windows, that'll darken the room.

diem v.t. (v.n. dlim, dolm) 1. to oppress 2. to be unjust to

¶ a.p. dalem 1. pl. -in unjust, oppressive 2. pl. dollam oppressor, tyrant

dolm v.n. of dlem

dlem pl. (of intensity) dlumat darkness

delma pl. -t darkness

dlul pl. of dell

dlumat pl. of dlem

dlu & pl. of del & a

 $del \mathcal{E} a \text{ pl.} -t, dl \mathcal{u} \mathcal{E} \text{ (dim. } dli \mathcal{E} a \text{) rib}$

dmana v.n. of dmen

dmin v.n. of dmen

dmis v.n. of dmes

** mšat Ela Eăynu dmis. He's been thwarted.

demm v.t. (v.n. demm) to hug, to embrace demm v.n. of demm

domman pl. of damen (a.p. of dmen)

dmen v.t. (v.n. dmin, dmana) to guarantee, to promise ma-neqder-ši ndmen-lek ?ožra kter men hadi. I can't guarantee you a higher salary.—qalu-li huma gad-idemnuh zetta iredd-li flusi lli selleftu. They told me they would guarantee that he'd return

retta iredd-li flusi lli selleftu. They told me they would guarantee that he'd return the money I lent him.— raa ndemnuh retta iredd-lek le-flus. We can guarantee that he'll give the money back to you.

¶ a.p. damen bail, bond

¶ damen le-wžeh pl. domman le-wžeh guarantor, bondsman

84a J James 1 to

¶ Eta d-damen 1. to provide bail for oneself, to have s.o. go bail for oneself l-mez kama imken-lha tțelqu ila Eța

d-damen. The court may let him go if he has someone go bail for him. 2. to give a reference mul d-dar tleb mennhom yă tiw d-damen baš ikri-lhom l-mazăll. The landlord asked them for a reference in order to rent them the place. 3. to have or provide a guarantor ma-bġaw isellfuh le-flus zetta tahom d-damen. They didn't want to lend him the money until he had someone serve as a guarantor (that he will return it).

dmeş v.t. (v.n. dmiş) to shuffle (cards)

dnaya pl. -t offspring, progeny

denn v.i. (v.n. denn) to believe, to think, to suppose ma-ka-ndenn-š imken-lu išriha. I don't think he can buy it.

¶p.p. mednun s.th. thought or supposed ma-kan-š l-mednun fik gadi tă mel had š-ši. I don't think you'd do that.

denn 1. v.n. of denn 2. pl. dnun opinion, idea, supposition

dnun pl. of denn 2

dra corn, maize
¶ dra bida sorghum

¶ dra zămra corn, maize draben cpl. of derban

drabez pl. of derbuz draf pl. of drif

drafa gentleness, affability

drahem (pl.) money fayn d-drahem lli kanu f-le-mžer? Where's the money which was

in the drawer?

drareg pl. of derraga

drarež pl. of derraža

dras pl. of dersa

drawa n.pl. of drawi drawi adj. pl. -yen, n.pl. drawa native to the

Dra River area

drayer pl. of derra

drayez pl. of dariz

drae pl. drue, drue udder (of cow)

dreb (v.n. derb, drib) 1. v.t. to hit, to strike, to beat Elaš ka-ddreb l-kura mEa l-bab? Why are you hitting the ball against the door? - r-ana gad-ndreb dak l-weld ila ma-hden-š. I'm going to hit that boy if he doesn't keep quiet. 2. v.t. to ring gad-idreb n-naqus l-le-gda. He's going to ring the lunch bell. 3. v.t. to play ka-yă ref idreb kamanža. He knows how to play the violin. -Eămmri ma-drebt had l-qit€a. I've never played this piece (of music). 4. v.t. to shoot derbuh be-mko la. They shot him with a rifle. 5. v.t. to coin, to mint (money) 6. v.t. to multiply dreb had l-Eadad fe-tmenya. Multiply this number by eight. 7. v.i. to ring s-sersar d-bab d-dar ka-idreb. The doorbell is ringing. 8. v.i. to beat (heart)

¶ dreb l-E and to drop by gul-lu idreb l-&ăndi ġedda. Tell him to drop by my place tomorrow.

¶ dreb nă Esa, drebha~ b-nă Esa to fall sound asleep

¶ derbettu ϕ l-figa to wake up \neq ma-derbethom l-fiqa zetta l-l-Eăsra. They didn't wake up until ten o'clock.

¶ dreb t-triq to tramp, to walk a long distance

¶ derbu∮ l-berd, derbu∮ r-rwaz to catch cold ≠

¶ derbu¢ llah to become ill-fated or un $lucky \neq$

¶ dreb yeddu ϕ l-žibu ϕ to reach into one's pocket

¶ dreb Ela 1. to stand up for, to defend, to fight for la-bodd idreb Ela zăqqu. He has to stand up for his rights. 2. to remove, to cross out gir idreb Ela dak š-ši daba. He can just cross that out now. 3. to play (an instrument)

¶p.p. medrub pl. -in full Etani wazed l-xabya medruba b-le-Esel. He gave me a jar full of honey.

** Eăndu wazed l-weld medrub Eăl l-makla. He has a boy that's just crazy about food. -huwa medrub f-Eăqlu. He's touched in the head.

derb v.n. of dreb

derba pl. -t (dim. driba) 1. n.i. of dreb 2. blow, hit, lash, etc. Etah tlata de-d-derbat b-le-msuta. He gave him three lashes with the whip. 3. shot gir derba wezda u-huwa ițiyyez l-zăžla. It took him only one shot to bring the partridge down.

¶ derbet l-E ăyn hex derban (sg. and coll.) cpl. draben porcupine derbuz pl. drabez railing, balustrade dreg n.u. derga cactus drib v.n. of dreb

driba dim. of derba drif pl. draf 1. gentle, affable 2. courteous *driž* v.n. of *drež* druža dim. of derža dergawa n.pl. of dergawi dergawi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. dergawa member of a certain Moroccan religious fraternity derr v.t. (v.n. darar, maderra) 1. to hurt, to cause pain to rasi ka-iderrni. I have a headache. 2. to cause harm or damage to l-7 ămla derret s-saba bezzaf. The storm has caused a lot of harm to the crops. 3. to inconvenience ila kan had š-ši gad-iderrek la-t & ămlu-š. Don't do it if it's going to inconvenience you

derr, dorr 1. illness 2. pain (physical)

¶ d-derr le-qbiz tuberculosis derra pl. -t, drayer n.i. of derr

derraqa pl. -t, drareq 1. curtain 2. shield 3. porch roof

derraža pl. -t, drarež 1. bicycle 2. hoop (toy) ¶ derraža nariya motor bike

derref v.t. 1. to trim, to clip (hedge, tree, fingernails, etc.) 2. to shave

derreg, derreg, v.t. 1. to hide, to put away kif sem et d-drari derraet l-zălwa. As soon as she heard the children she hid the cake. 2. to give shelter to

derrež to show, to display lemma kan hna l-mufettiš s-sel&a kollha derrežnaha

qbaltu. When the inspector was here we showed him all the merchandise.

ders pl. durus 1. lesson ma-zalin ma-zefdu d-durus dyalhom. They haven't learned their lessons yet. 2. course sqet fe-tlata de-d-durus Eam iuwwel. He failed three courses last year.

dersa pl. -t, dras molar (tooth)

¶ fih ϕ d-dersa, fih ϕ zriq d-dersa to have a toothache ≠

¶ dersa d-le-Eqel wisdom tooth druba pl. -t heifer drura pl. -t same as derr

druž 1. pl. of derža 2. (pl.) staircase, stairs

drue, drue a pl. of drae

drež v.i. (v.n. driž) 1. to walk ndrež meak wazed š-šwiya l-le-mdina. I'll walk with you a while toward town. 2. to step out, to leave gir hiya deržet men d-dar u-raželha ža. Her husband arrived just as she stepped out of the house.

derža pl. -t, druž (dim. driža) 1. step (stair, ladder) 2. rank, degree, classification

dsara same as dsara dser same as dser

dess 1. mortar 2. pavement

dessas pl. -a rammer, ramming instrument desser v.t. to let (s.o.) get out of hand desses v.t. 1. to ram (earth) 2. to pave (road)

dsuri same as dsuri dur pl. dwar, eedwar (dim. dwiyyer) 1. band, ring (finger) 2. hoop 3. turn fe-mmen d-dur de-gsil le-mwa? en l-yum? Whose turn is it to do the dishes today? 4. frame d-dur de-ndadri therres. The frame of my glasses is broken. 5. role, part šzal de-l-eedwar kaynin f-had r-riwaya? How many roles are there in this play? 6. cycle l-gemra kemmlet d-dur dyalha. The moon has completed its cycle. ¶ lEăb dur Ela, Emel (or dar) dur l- to play a trick on (s.o.) dura 1. n.i. of dar, duwwer 2. pl. -t (dim. dwira) turn xellik gadi tul zetta tuwsel le-d-dura t-tanva ¿ăl l-imin. Keep going straight till you get to the second turn on the right. 3. tour gedda gad-ne amlu ši-dura f-le-mdina. Tomorrow we're going to take a tour of the city. 4. rotation 5. curve, bend (road) 6. round(s) l-Eăssas ka-ibda d-dura dyalu fe-t-tnaš de-l-lil. The watchman begins making his rounds at midnight. duran v.n. of dar durus pl. of ders duw pl. dwaw (dim. dwiyyew) 1. light 2. electricity duwwa v.t. to illuminate ¶ duwwa Ela to give light to zid duwwi Eliya šwiyeš l-had ž-žih. Give me some more light over here. ¶ duwwa Eăl s-saliz to light a candle on the tomb of a saint duwwar pl. dwawer village duwwara pl.-t, dwawer 1. circle kayna war ed d-duwwara kbira & ăl l-gitun. There's a big circle around the tent. 2. circumference, periphery 3. tripe (either organs or a dish) daba. Don't turn the page yet. 2. to round,

duwwaya pl. -t skylight duwwer 1. to turn la-dduwwer-si s-seft a to make round 3. to cause to rotate, to turn around

¶ duwwer b- to surround

¶ duwwer n-na ura Ela to cheat, to

¶ duwwer Ela to look for Ela-š kanu ka-iduwwru? What were they looking for? due afa pl. of dae if

dwa idwi v.i. 1. to shine 2. to get bright, light dwa l-bit men bă Ed zăllet š-šražeb. The room got light after she opened the windows.

dwades pl. of dadus

dwadsi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. -ya 1. dice player 2. crook dwaher pl. of dahir dwar pl. of dur dwaw pl, of duw dwawer pl. of duwwara and duwwar dwira dim. of dura dwiyyef dim. of dif dwiyyeq pl. -in (dim. of diyyeq) very narrow dwiyyew dim. of duw dewr same as dur dya (m.) daylight dyaf pl. of dif dyafa pl. -t 1. v.n. of dayef 2. hospitality, hospitable treatment (including food and lodging) dyaq v.i. (v.n. diq) to become narrow dyar pl. of dar dyeg comp. of divyeg dyur pl. of dar dr a time of the morning when the sun is already high above the horizon (about 10 a.m.) dr avek pl. of der ka dzika dim. of dezka dziva pl. -t 1. v.n. of dezza 1 2. blood sacrifice 3. victim, prey 4. sacrificial lamb of l-Eid le-kbir (see Eid) $d \tau \, \check{a} k \, \text{v.i.} \, (\text{v.n.} \, d e \tau \, k) \text{ to laugh}$ ¶ dzăk Ela 1. to laugh at 2. to trick, to lead astray dez k 1. v.n. of dz ek 2. laughter 3. amusement dez ka pl. -t, dz ayek (dim. dz ika) 1. laugh 2. ioke ¶ redd . . . de ka to ridicule, to make a fool of reddet raželha dez ka. She made a fool of her husband. dezza 1. (v.n. dziya) to sacrifice (animal) 2. (v.n. tedziya) to sacrifice, to give up qbel idez zi b-Eămru Ela ºžel wladu. He accepted to sacrifice his life for his children. der Zăk v.t. to amuse, to make laugh der zuki pl. -yen jovial, gay, amusing $d\mathcal{E}$ af v.i. (v.n. $do\mathcal{E}f$) 1. to become weak 2. to lose weight 3. to become poor dとaf pl. of dとif de aver pl. of deira dă e di e v.n. of ddă e dă e do Ef v.n. of dE af deaf comp. of deif $d \in if$ pl. $d \in af$ (comp. $d \in af$) 1. weak, feeble 2. poor

dEira pl. -t, dEayer fine, penalty

dă E ăf v.t. to weaken

F

(fe- before consonant clusters; fi- before pron. endings) 1. in zetta r-riša raha f-le-mžer. The pen is in the drawer too. -kemmlet xdemtha f-sa tayn. She finished her work in two hours. -lexxest-lu l-muwqif dyali f-ness sefza. I outlined my position for him in half a page. -fe-šmen tiyara rkebtiw? Which plane did you take (i.e., in which plane . . .)? 2. into, in Emel had le-flus f-žibek. Put this money in your pocket. 3. at xay ma-zal fe-l-medrasa. My brother is still at school. - qad-nemšiw fe-t-tlata. We are going to leave at three. -šefthom f-wazed l-zefla dak n-nhar. I saw them at a party the other day, 4. on ka-iseknu f-wazed z-zenga mešhura. They live on a famous street. - š-kayen fe-l-bernamež had l-lila? What's on the program tonight? 5. among had le-wlad fihom ši-tlamed mezyanin. There are some good pupils among these boys. 6. about, on tkellemt meah f-muškiltek. I've talked to him about your problem. 7. by, by means of mša l-bariz fe-t-tiyara. He went to Paris by plane. -f-aš safertiw & am l-uwwel? By what means did you travel last year? 8. by

me until I finally ran away from him.

** ma-fih ma imši. He doesn't feel like
going.—had s-sebbat ma-bqa fih ma
ittelbes. These shoes can't be worn anymore.—d-dar ma-bqa-ši fiha ma ikun. The
house is in a terrible condition.

(multiplication) drebna l-žami& f-xemsa.

We multiplied the total by five. 9. used im-

mediately between a verb and its direct

object to denote excess, persistence u-bda

ka-yakol fe-l-xobz. Then he began to eat

bread (greedily). -bqa ižbed fiya zetta

fe-t-tali hrebt mennu. He kept provoking

¶f-aš-ma wherever f-aš-ma & mel flusu ka-inžez. Wherever he invests his money he succeeds.

¶ fih^{ϕ} ... (plus n.) to be ... \neq (common construction representing English adj. usage) $fiya n-n \mathcal{E} as$. I'm sleepy.

fabrika pl. -t factory

fabur pl. -at 1. favor Eămmru ma-insa l-fabur lli Emelti fih. He'll never forget the favor you did him. 2. tip, gratuity 3. gratis, free xellitu yaxod r-radyu s-sgir fabur. I let him have the small radio gratis.

fad ifid v.t. (v.n. fayda) 1. to be useful to, to help had s-sefra jad-tfidu bezzaf. This trip is going to help him a lot. 2. to transmit (information) to, to give information to fad ifid v.i. (v.n. fidan) 1. to overflow (river,

etc.) 2. to boil (water) 3. to grow up fast (as a person in height)

¶ fad Ela to flood (also metaphorical) fadu Eliha le-hdiyat. She was flooded with gifts.

fadăe same as fda fadila same as fdila fadel pl. -in polite, respectful faged v.t. (v.n. fged, mfagda) to remind fagu pl. -wat car (train) faharis pl. of fihris, fihrisa fahi pl. fahyen astonished, (looking)

thi pl. fahyen astonished, (looking bewildered

fakya dried fruits (such as dates, figs, raisins;
includes walnuts)

fal omen

¶ dreb l-fal l- 1. to tell (s.o.'s) fortune hadik le-mra lli derbet-lu l-fal. That's the woman who told him his fortune. 2. to have one's fortune told mšat tedreb l-fal čănd dak l-hindiya. She's gone to that Indian woman to have her fortune told.

¶ drib l-fal fortune-telling, divination ¶ derrab l-fal f. derrabt l-fal fortuneteller

falaqa pl. -t 1. stick with a loop of rope used for binding together the ankles of s.o. who is to be punished by being beaten on the soles of his feet 2. bastinado, the punishment of being beaten on the soles of the feet

¶Eta falaqa l- 1. to administer a bastinado to 2. to reprimand, to reprove falas 1. v.n. of fles 2. ruin, bankruptcy 3. inferior quality nezzlu-lna makla de-l-falas. They served us a food of inferior quality.

—kif kanet l-muzadara?—l-falas! How

falet v.i. to make a blunder, to make a mistake falta pl. -t fault, mistake, malapropism

was the lecture?-Terrible!

fanid n.u. fanida (dim. fwinda) 1. candy (chocolate, nut, fruit, etc.) 2. pill (medicine) fanidi pl. -yen pink

faq ifiq v.i. (v.n. fyaq, fyaqa) 1. to wake up 2. to come to

** faq Elih wezš bladu. He's homesick.

¶ faq b- to become aware of, to notice, to realize Ead faqu be-l-xiyana dyalu.

They've just become aware of his treason.

—degya faqu bih bga ihreb. They suddenly became aware that he wanted to run away.

¶ a.p. fayeq pl. -in alert ¶ fayeq & ayeq shrewd

faqir pl. fuqara 1. poor, miserable, indigent
2. poor elderly man

far ifur v.i. (v.n. fwar) 1. to boil 2. to steam 3. to spring up (jet of water)

far pl. firan (dim. fwiyyer) 1. mouse 2. rat

¶ far blilti pl. firan bliltiyen mouse

¶ far d-Eățțara rat
farae id, farayed pl. of farida
faraz relief, succor (after some ordeal)
faraziya pl. -t, fwarez long tunic of lightweight material worn by men
farid pl. -in, frad unique, unlike anything (or
anybody) else
farida pl. -t, faraeid, farayed obligation, duty
(religious)

(religious)
farina 1. wheat 2. (wheat) flour
farisi adj. pl. -yen n. pl. fors Persian
fareq v.t. (v.n. fraq, mfarqa) to leave, to
stay away from

fares pl. forsan horseman farăz joy, pleasure

¶ bi-kolli farăz gladly, with pleasure fas pl. fisan pickaxe

fas Fez

fasi pl. -yen native of Fez

faseq a.p. of fseq

fașaza eloquence

fasiz adj. pl. -in n. pl. fusaza eloquent

¶ be-l-lsan l-fasiz explicitly

fasel (bin) (v.n. fsal, mfasla) to settle an affair or mediate (between)

fasma pl. -t bandage

fasux kind of fumigating substance

fašal 1. v.n. of fšel 2. failure (as opposed to success)

fat ifut to pass l-weqt ka-ifut. Time is passing. —Ead fetnah fe-triqna le-d-dar. We just passed him on our way home. —fatet f-le-mtizanat kollha. She passed all her exams.

** fat l-zal, or fat l-weqt. It's late. —fat l-fut. It's too late.

¶ fat Ela to pass by l-bare fatu Ela darna u-ma-weqfu-š išufuna. They passed by our house yesterday but didn't stop to see us.

¶ a.p. fayet pl. -in last, past l-Eam l-fayet kanu hna. They were here last year.

** faytani b-Eamayn. She's two years older than me.

fatan v.n. of ften

fatic 1. pl. -in conquerer 2. first (of the month)

fatica (with art.) first chapter (sura) of the Koran

fat a pl. -t, fwate 1. prayer said with palms up 2. pl. -t bethrothal ceremony

¶rfed fat a to say prayers with palms

¶ reffad fatza pl. reffadin fatza yes-man faten a.p. of ften

fawa?id pl. of fayda

fayda pl. -t, fawa id 1. v.n. of fad 2. use, usefulness šni hiya l-fayda d-le-mši dyalha

meahom? What's the use of her going with them? —dak s-siyara ma-qdat-lna etta ši-fayda. That car wasn't of any use to us. 3. result duwwez xems snin fe-l-xariž u-ržāe bla fayda. He spent five years abroad and returned without any result. 4. idea, inspiration xdit fawae id ktira men dak le-ktab. I got many ideas from that book. 5. conclusion, inference, understanding men l-fayda d-le-klam dyalu dhey-lima-baği ixdem-šay. From (the conclusion of) what he said I don't think he wants to work.

fayel Ela to say or do s.th. engendering an evil portent for

fayn 1. where fayn mšat l-barez? Where did she go yesterday? —d-dar fayn kanu

saknin ttba et. The house where they used to live has been sold. 2. some place, a place gad-nšuf-lu fayn ibat. I'll find him a place to stay overnight. 3. any place, no place, anywhere, nowhere ma-sabet fayn tegles. She couldn't find any place to sit.

-ma-gad-nemšiw fayn. We're not going anywhere.

** faynek u-fayn d-dar! You're a long way from home.

¶ faynek Ela as for, meanwhile (transitional expr. used in telling a story or reporting an event) faynek Ela weld le-wzir . . . As for the minister's son . . .

¶ fayn-ma, fayn-emma wherever, anywhere fayn-ma mšat ka-itbå Eha. Wherever she goes he follows her. —jir gles fayn-emma kan. Just sit anywhere.

¶ra-fayn right there, over there qolt-lek ttsennani ra-fayn. I told you to wait for me right there.

¶rah ϕ fayn to be over there \neq rahom fayn. They're over there.

fayeq a.p. of faq

fayet a.p. of fat fayez a.p. of faz

faxer n.u. faxra charcoal

faxer pl. -in (comp. fxer) big and healthylooking

faz ifuz (v.n. fuzan) to succeed, to pass šzal de-d-drari fazu f-le-mtizan? How many boys passed (in) the examination?

¶ faz b- to take advantage of u-kan kont mennek u-kan nfuz bă E da b-had l-forșa. If I were you I would first take advantage of this opportunity.

¶ a.p. fayez pl. -in excellent, superior fazeg a.p. of fzeg

faža Ela to console, to comfort fažira pl. -t prostitute

faz ifuz v.i. (v.n. fuzan) 1. to spread, to diffuse gir hiya dexlet l-l-bit u-rizt le-Eter dyalha fazet. As soon as she stepped into

the room the odor of her perfume spread around. —le-xbar d-le-mži dyalha kan bda ifuz The news about her coming had begun to spread. 2. to boast, to brag

fda ifdi v.t. (v.n. fedya) 1. to replace, to give in compensation for, to make (s.th.) up (to s.o.) 2. to pay a ransom for (s.o.) fdaw weldhom be-myat ? alef derhem. They paid a ten thousand dirham ransom for their son.

** xessek tefdi-lna had l-mežya. You'll have to come and see us again. —daba nefdi fih zayel u-ždid. I'll get even with him once and for all.

¶ fdaha~ f- (or men) to take revenge on, to get even with

¶ fda t-tar, fda taru ϕ , fda deqqtu ϕ to get revenge, to revenge oneself

¶fda t-tar l- to avenge fdaw t-tar le-bbahom. They avenged their father. fdaden pl. of feddan

fdawi pl. -ya public storyteller who gathers
people around him and expects remuneration

fdawiya pl. -t folktale, fable, yarn fdaweš vermicelli

feddan pl. fdaden field, farm land had l-Eam

jeddan, pt. jedden lield, lain laid had legam jad-iz ertu had l-feddan. They are going to cultivate this field this year. fdi& v.n. of fdă&

fedya v.n. of fda

fdă v.t. (v.n. fdă e, fdi e) to dislocate (joint)

fdă & v.n. of fdă &

fda ifda v.i. 1. (v.n. fda) to be vacated, to be vacant gir ifda had l-mazăll, xudu. As soon as this seat is vacant, you may have it.

—bdat tEum zetta fda s-sehriž. She started swimming only when the pool was not so crowded. 2. (v.n. fedya) to finish dima ka-ifda bekri. He always finishes early.

3. (v.n. tfedya) to be settled gadiytu fdat had s-sbaz fe-l-mezkama. His case was settled this morning in court.

fda 1. v.n. of fda 1 2. (no pl.) empty space fdal pl. of fdil

fdayel pl. of fdila

fdayez pl. of fdiza

fedda v.t. (v.n. tfedya) to finish, to complete fedda mea 1. to settle (s.th.) with (s.o.), to be through with ma-xrežt zetta feddit meah le-zsabat kollhom. I didn't leave until I settled all the accounts with him.—smäet fedda mea mratu. I hear he's through with his wife. 2. to kill š-šrab gad-ifeddi meah. Drinking is going to kill him.

fedda silver (metal)

feddaz adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a one who talks too much and cannot keep a secret

fedded v.t. to silver feddel v.t. to prefer

fedfed v.t. and v.i. 1. to beat l-fellus bda ifedfed (žwanzu). The young bird started beating its wings. 2. to flounder

fdil pl. fdal (comp. fdel) 1. distinguished, highly regarded bbah sidu kan wazed r-ražel fdil. His grandfather was a highly regarded man. 2. holy (saint, place, period) fdila pl. fdayel virtue, moral quality

fdiz v.n. of fdez

fdiza pl. -t, fdayez 1. n.i. of fdez 2. scandalous behavior 3. infamy, public disgrace fdel (no pl.) 1. profit, gain šzal d-le-fdel ilăz-lu men dak l-xedma? How much profit did he make from that job? 2. extra, in addition xellsu-lu s-sfer u-wekkluh

u-sekknuh u-Etaweh xems myat derhem fdel. They paid his transportation, gave him room and board and five hundred dirhams extra. 3. left, left over tsara

^qurubba kollha u-šra Eadad de-le-zwayež u-bqat-lu telt myat derhem fdel. He traveled all over Europe, bought a lot of things, and had three hundred dirhams left.

¶ be-fdel thanks to ma-huwa hna gir be-fdel l-mežhud dyalek. He's here thanks only to your effort.

If del llah 1. God's grace, divine assistance žmă na le-flus lli xeşsuna baš nebniw l-medrașa be-fdel llah. We collected the necessary funds to build the school with God's grace. 2. much, many, a great deal nand fdel llah d-le-wanet He owns many shops. 3. a long time, quite a while, quite some time fdel llah hadi u-na hna. We've been here for quite some time.

¶ men fedlek, b-le-fdel mennek please, would you please . . .

fdel (comp. of fdil) 1. better, preferable d-dar fdel men s-siyara. A house is better (more important) than a car. —Eadad de-n-nas ka-iqulu bin Palat Palmanya fdel men Palat Pitalya. Many people think that German machines are preferable to Italian ones. 2. it's better (to), had better fdel-lek tebqa meah, rah isaedek. It's better for you to stay with him, he'll help you.

fdul prying, indiscretion, meddling

fduli pl. -yen 1. nosy, very inquisitive 2. eager beaver

fedya v.n. of fda 2

fdez v.t. (v.n. fdiz, fdiza) 1. to reveal, to divulge 2. to inform on, to turn in ma-Earfu-ši škun lli fdezhom l-l-bulis.

They don't know who turned them in to

ma-zărfu-si skun lli fdezhom l-l-bulis. They don't know who turned them in to the police. 3. to harass fdez ni be-t-tilifunat u-b-le-brawat. He harassed me with telephone calls and letters.

I fdez b- to denounce, to turn in

¶ p.p. mefduz pl. -in open to view (as a glass house) ffad same as fwad fged v.n. of faged fged used in the expr. dreb le-fged f- 1. to watch over, to take care of, to look after ž-žiran kanu ka-iderbu-lna le-fged fe-d-drari mnayn konna mşafrin. The neighbors looked after the children for us while we were away. -magantek ma-fesdet gir z it ma-ka-ddreb fiha fged. Your watch stopped working only because you don't take any care of it. 2. to inspect sa a sa a kan l-mudir ka-idreb le-fged fe-l-? asatida. The principal used to inspect the teachers every once in a while. 3. to find out about, to inquire about hadi šehrayn u-huwa mrid u-ma-dreb fih zădd le-fged. He's been sick for two months and nobody's inquired about him. 4. (with qal) to remind (s.o.) xess lli idreb fiha le-faed w-iqul-lha fuq-aš gad-nemšiw. Someone must remind her when we are supposed to leave. fogga &, foggi & n.u. -a mushroom

¶ foggiča nabta bla šta lit., a mushroom which has sprung up without rain (used in reference to a nosy person)

fegged v.t. to remind ma-ztažet lli ifeggedha f-dak š-ši She didn't need to be reminded of that.

عsame as fogga عfogga feggus n.u. -a variety of cucumber fgis v.n. of fges fgie v.n. of fgăe

fges v.t. (v.n. fgis) 1. to break (an egg) 2. to open up, to lance (e.g. a boil)

 $fg\check{a}$ v.t. (v.n. fgi) 1. to afflict, to cause pain or sadness 2. to irritate, to make angry, to excite

fegとa n.i. of fgăと

fhama pl. -t, fhayem 1. v.n. of fhem 2. understanding, comprehension, quick-wittedness 3. presumption, effrontery, overconfidence thavem pl. of thama

fehd pl. fhud leopard

fehhem v.t. to explain, to make understand, to demonstrate le-fqi Emel žehdu kollu baš ifehhem-lna d-ders. The teacher did all he could to explain the lesson to us.

fhim v.n. of fhem

fhem v.t. (v.n. fhim, fhama, fehm) to understand

¶ p.p. mefhum significance, meaning fehm v.n. of fhem fhud pl. of fehd fida a pl. -t slut, slattern fida n.i. of fad fidan v.n. of fad fihris, fihrisa pl. faharis table of contents fikr pl. ? afkar mind fikra same as fekra fil f. -a pl. fyal elephant filala n. pl. of filali filali adj. pl. -yen n.pl. filala native of Tafilalet filaz a same as flaz a filazi pl. -yen 1. agricultural 2. farmer filil, filila pl. -at, fyalel safety-pin fileștin Palestine fileșțini pl. -yen Palestinian fin same as fayn finu (invariable) excellent, of superior quality

figa n.i. of fag

¶ derbettu ϕ l-fiqa 1. to wake up \neq , to get up ≠ ma-derbettu l-fiqa zetta le-t-tlata d-le-čšiya. He didn't wake up until three in the afternoon. 2. to wake up to (s.th.), to realize men bă Ed sinin Ead derbethom l-fiqa bin-la kanu mestă Emrin. It took them years to realize that they were victims of colonialism.

figh 1. jurisprudence 2. Muslim law

¶ fiqh l-luġa philology fighi pl. -yen related to Muslim law firan pl. of far firma pl. -t farm fir ¿ awn pl. fra ¿ na pharoah fisan pl. of fas fisa & immediately, right away fiš boastfulness fišța pl. -t festivity fitur sediment remaining from olive oil

fitura pl. -t, fyater bill weşluni tlata d-le-fyater men ¿ănd š-šarika had s-sbăz. I got three bills from the firm this morning. fiweg when fiweg žaw? When did they come?

¶ fiweg-mma whenever

flyyed v.t. to make or cause to overflow or flood (river, etc.)

flyyeq v.t. 1. to wake up, to awaken (s.o.)

2. to revive (as from a faint) fivyeš v.i. to boast fižel n.u. fižla rue (plant) fi El pl. ef Eal verb ¶ be-l-fi $\in l$ in fact, really

fiElen in fact, really fkak 1. v.n. of fekk 2. pl. of fekk 2

fkaka pl. -t n.i. of fekk fkaren, fkaren pl. of fekrun, fekrun fkir v.n. of fker

fekk v.t. (v.n. fekk, fekkan, fkak) 1. to untie 2. to unravel, to separate the threads of 3. to decipher, to decode 4. to solve (problem, puzzle) 5. (v.n. fekk) to sprain, to dislocate 6. to liberate, to free huwa r-ra? is lli fekk le-Ebid. He is the president who freed the slaves. 7. to get out, to bail out (of a difficult situation) szabu džem u

u-bġaw ifekkuh men l-zăbs. His friends got together and tried to bail him out of jail. 8. to get rid of $\neq b\dot{g}a\ ibi\xi$ s-siyara u-ma-sab-ši lli ifekku mennha. He wants to sell his car but he can't get rid of it. 9. to stop from, to make stop (fight, argument) kanu ka-iddabzu u-ma-bga z ădd ifekkhom. They were fighting and no one cared to make them stop. fekk 1. v.n. of fekk 2. jaw (lower) fekkan v.n. of fekk fekker 1. (f-) (v.n. tefkir) to think (about), to meditate (on) f-as ka-ifekker? What is he thinking about? 2. v.t. (v.n. tefkar) to remind fker f- (v.n. fkir) to devise, to conceive ¶ fker (s.th.) (or fker f-) ξ la (s.o.) to help (s.o.) get (s.th.), to help (s.o.) obtain (s.th.) fekra pl. -t, ? afkar 1. idea, thought 2. suggestion fekrun, fekrun pl. fkaren, fkaren turtle fla ifli v.t. (v.n. fli) 1. to delouse 2. to scrutinize, to peruse flafel pl. of felfel, felfla flales pl. of fellus flan f. -a so-and-so nferdu genna weld flan ža Eăndek. Let's suppose that so-and-so's son came to see you. flani used in the expr. flan le-flani so-and-so (people) flayek pl. of fluka flayki pl. -ya boatman, ferryman flayel pl. of flil flaysi pl. -ya, -yen venal flaza 1. v.n. of fellez 2 2. agriculture flaz i pl. of felza felfel v.t. 1. to season with red pepper 2. to add color to (e.g., story) felfel (f.), felfla (coll. and sg.) pl. felflat, flafel (dim. flifla) red pepper I felfel xedra green pepper ¶ felfel zarra, felfel sudaniya hot pepper ¶ felfel zămra, felfel zluwa paprika fli v.n. of fla flifla dim. of felfel, felfla flil pl. flayel safety pin fliles dim. of fellus flisat, fliysat (pl. of fliyyes) money flit v.n. of flet

fliyya pennyroyal (type of wild mint) fellaz pl. -a farmer, peasant fellel v.t. to pin, to fasten with a pin felleg v.t. to hit or injure the head (with a blow) felles v.t. 1. to ruin (financially), to make or cause to become poor, to impoverish 2. to corrupt (morally) 3. to ruin, to destroy

4. v.i. to collect things from a junk yard,

dump, etc. to sell to others, i.e., to scavenge ¶ part. mfelles pl. -in 1. bad, no good, stupid dak l-film lli šeft mfelles. That movie I saw was no good. -huwa talib mfelles. He's a very bad student. 2. good for nothing, ne'er-do-well 3. unfortunate, unlucky, iinxed

fellet v.t. 1. to let escape or get away (opportunity, prisoner, etc.) 2. to help escape or get away, to save 3. to make or cause to lose or miss out on had sar bi fellet-li war ed l-bie a u-šerva mezvana. This friend of mine made me lose out on a good business deal.

fellus pl. flales (dim. fliles) chick

fellez 1. v.t., (v.n. teflaz) to cut, to slash 2. v.i. (v.n. flaza) to farm

felq pl. flaq, fluqa piece of cut material to be sewn into some piece of clothing (refers only to one of symmetrical right or left pieces)

fles v.i. (v. n. falas) to become ruined (financially), to go bankrupt (person or company)

fels pl. flus (dim. fliyyes pl. flisat, fliysat) penny, sou, ma-&ăndi zetta fels. I haven't a penny (to my name).

felsa pl. -t ruin, bankruptcy (of person or organization)

flet v.i. (v.n. flit) 1. to escape (jail, injury, etc.) 2. to run or get away

** flet b-xemsa de-d-dular. He at least got five dollars out of it.

¶ falet-luφ (a.p.) čăqluφ, falet-luφ s-selk, $falta-lu\phi$ n-negša to have a screw loose \neq , to be off one's rocker ≠

felta pl. -t n.i. of flet

fluka pl. flayek rowboat, motor boat, launch flus (pl.) money

** flan be-flusu. so-and-so has money, is rich

¶ flus rgaq change (money returned) felža pl. -t space (between front teeth) fel a pl. -t, flazi cut, slash, gash felčăs v.t. to twist (e.g. s.o.'s arm, leg; may also take person as object) fmam pl. of fomm

fmiyyem dim. of fomm

fomm pl. fmam (dim. fmiyyem) 1. mouth (bottle, well, cannon, river, person, etc.) 2. spout (teakettle)

I fomm rumi false teeth

¶ etta l-l-fomm to the top (glass, bottle), to capacity (room) kanet s-sinima Eamya Zetta l-l-fomm. The theater was filled to capacity.

fna ifna v.i. (v.n. fna) 1. to come to an end, to perish, to be destroyed (nation, people) 2. to have just about had it, to be about "shot" (person, machine)

```
fna ifni v.t. (v.n. fna) to destroy, to make
                                                     (eggs) (grasshopper) 3. v.t. to open, to
  perish, to exterminate (nation, people)
                                                    lance (abscess) 4. v.i. to hatch
fna (m.) v.n. of fna
                                                  feggus same as feggus
fnadeg pl. of fendeg
                                                  fegy poverty, misery
fnadqi pl. -va manager of a fendeq
                                                  fger comp. of fagir, fgir
                                                  fogra pl. of fair
fnaneš pl. of fennuš
fnar pl. -at, fnaver 1. flashlight 2. lamp (oil,
                                                  fqes v.t. (v.n. fqis) 1. to cause to worry or
                                                    despair 2. to irritate, to bother
fnayeg pl. of fnig
                                                  feqsa pl. fqayes sorrow, grief, affliction
                                                      ** ka-imut b-le-fgaves u-le-gdayed. He's
fnayer pl. of fnar
fendeg pl. fnadeg 1. combination of a livery
                                                    getting extremely irritated.
  stable and a place to stay overnight 2. ware-
                                                  feqya, foqya pl. of fqi
                                                  fra ifra v.i. to be or become settled or de-
  house, building for storage
fniq pl. fnayeq kind of metal container for
                                                    cided frat l-gadiya. The matter's been
                                                    settled.
  sugar, usually with an accompanying plate
  on which it rests
                                                  fra ifri v.t. to settle, to decide
                                                  frad pl. of frid, farid
fnita dim. of fent
fenn pl. funun 1. field of study 2. art 3. tech-
                                                  frada pl. of ferdi 2
                                                  fradi pl. of ferda
  nique, skill
                                                  frad pl. of ferd 5
    ¶ fe-l-fenn just right, expertly, perfectly
fennan adi, pl. -in n.pl. -a artist (of any of
                                                  frafer pl. of ferfar and ferfara
                                                  frag pl. of ferg
  the arts)
fenned v.t. to cover with sugar (pastry), to
                                                  fraget pl. of fergata
                                                  frag used in the expr. weqt le-frag leisure
  ice
fenni pl. -yen of or pertaining to art
                                                    time
fenniš same as fennuš
                                                  frami pl. of ferma
fennet v.t. to pin, to fasten with a pin
                                                  fran pl. -at brake (refers to the pedal or
fennuš pl. fnaneš hinny (hybrid between a
                                                    lever as well as the mechanism in the
                                                    wheel).
  stallion and a she-ass)
fneš f. fenša pl. fenšin, funeš flat-nosed
                                                  fransa France
                                                  fransawi pl. -ven 1. French 2. Frenchman
fentaziva 1. part of a celebration in which a
  number of men ride horses at great speed
                                                  fransis (coll.) (the) French
  and fire long-rifles into the air simultan-
                                                  fraq 1. v.n. of fareg and freq 2. separation,
  eously 2. airs had r-ražel fih l-fentaziya
                                                    state of being separated le-fraq seib. Being
  bezzaf. That man puts on airs a lot.
                                                    separated is hard (to take).
                                                  frageš pl. of fergeš, ferguš
fgayes pl. of fegsa
fqed v.t. (v.n. fqid) to lose fqed & aqlu. He's
                                                  frara pl. -t milk scum
                                                  fraren pl. of ferran
  lost his mind (gone insane).
feqda n.i. of fqed
                                                  frami pl. -ya one who runs the public ovens
fqi pl. feqva, foqya, fuqaha 1. teacher (in
                                                    for baking
  general) 2. adviser or expert in Islamic
                                                  frareš pl. of ferraša
  law 3. learned, erudite
                                                  frarež pl. of ferruž
fqid v.n. of fqed
                                                  frased pl. of fersada
fqih same as fqi
                                                  fraš pl. -at bed (i.e., s.th. to sleep on)
                                                  frašet pl. of feršita
fgiha pl. -t f. of fgi in 1 and 2
                                                  fratel pl. of fertala
    ¶ dar fqiha Koranic school for little girls
                                                  fratet pl. of fertuta
fgir pl. fogra, fugara (comp. fger) poor
                                                  frațeș pl. of ferțas
fgis v.n. of fges
                                                  frax pl. of ferx
feqqas n.u. -a small, elliptical, thin, toasted
                                                  fraxi pl. of ferxa
  biscuit made of flour, sesame seeds, and
                                                  frayed pl. of frida
                                                  frayes pl. of frisa
fegged v.t. to make or cause to disappear
                                                  frayež pl. of fraža
feggeh v.t. to teach, to instruct, to explain
                                                  fraža pl. -t, frayež show, spectacle, entertain-
  (usually about the things of life rather than
                                                    ment (quite general)
  scholarly subjects)
                                                  fraz, fraz at pl. of ferz 2.
fegger v.t. to impoverish, to reduce to poverty,
                                                  fraena pl. of fire awn
  to take everything away from (personal
                                                  ferd f. ferdiya one (of a pair, as pigeons)
                                                      ¶ ferd aw žuž odd or even
fegges 1. v.t. to break open (egg) 2. v.t. to lay
                                                  ferda pl. -t, fradi one (of a pair of things),
```

```
unit fayn l-ferda l-oxra de-ş-şebbat dyali?
  Where's my other shoe?
ferdi 1. pl. -yen alone, solitary (i.e., without
  its mate) 2. pl. frada revolver, pistol
    ¶ ferdi men Eğyn pl. ferdiyen men Eğyn
  one-eyed
ferdiya f. of ferd
fred v.i. (v.n. ferd) to suppose, to imagine
  fred gennana šrina had l-z anut daba,
  ma-gad-ibqaw-lna-š le-flus baš nbi u
  u-nešriw. Suppose we buy the store now;
  then we won't have the money for doing
  business.
    ¶ fred Ela to impose upon ma-tefred-š
  Eliya Piradtek! Don't impose your will on
ferd pl. frud, furud 1. v.n. of fred 2. obliga-
  tion, duty (religious) 3. alimony (divorce
  cases) 4. supposition, hypothesis 5. pl.
  fruda, frad beam, rafter
ferfar pl. frafer propeller (airplane)
ferfara pl. -t, frafer (dim. frifra) pinwheel
ferfer v.i. 1. to flap wings (repetitive) 2. to
  flutter (as a butterfly) 3. to flit, to fly (as a
  bird from tree to tree) 4. to take off (bird)
  5. to flap, to wave (as a flag) 6. to rustle
  (leaves, cloth), to swish (cloth)
    ¶ ferfer be-ḍ-ḍezk to giggle
ferfet v.t. and v.i. to flap, to flutter (e.g., bird,
  butterfly, etc.)
ferg pl. frag 1. flock (birds) 2. herd (horses)
  3. swarm (bees)
fergata pl. -t, fraget warship, naval vessel
fergă v.t. 1. to detonate, to explode, to set
  off (bomb, etc.) 2. to cause to burst (as a
  balloon)
freg (v.n. frig) 1. v.t. to empty 2. v.i. to be-
  come empty
frid pl. frad 1. same as farid 2. alone, soli-
  tary (without a mate)
    frida pl. frayed 1. obligation, duty (religious)
  2. alimony (divorce cases)
frifra dim. of ferfara
frig v.n. of freg
frik 1. v.n. of frek 2. n.u. -a small, green,
  sour fruit
frim v.n. of frem
frina pl. -t kiln
fris v.n. of fres
frisa pl. frayes 1. prey, quarry (already
  caught) 2. carrion
frišk fresh (perishable foods)
frizi a haircut or hairdo in the European
friž pl. -in in pleasant surroundings, with a
  beautiful view, beautifully situated (e.g. a
  cottage)
fṛiと v.n. of fṛăと
```

by hand) ferkel v.i. 1. to struggle or squirm (in an effort to escape) 2. to twitch or jerk (as in the throes of death, or a fit) ferket v.t. 1. to crumble (up) (bread, etc.) 2. to tear or make into little pieces (paper, etc.) frem v.t. (v.n. frim) 1. to notch, to chip (glass, wood) 2. to snag (cloth) ferma pl. -t, frami 1. lump (sugar) 2. cut, notch, chipped place (in wood, porcelain, etc.) 3. harelip fermasyan pl. -at pharmacist fermli pl. -ya, f. fermliya pl. -t nurse (medifernatši 1. place where water is heated for the public bath 2. pl. -ya one who tends the fernatši, 1 above frenk pl. -at (pl. used to denote the coins) 1. franc 2. one-hundredth of a derhem fernes v.i. to grin freq (v.n. fraq) 1. v.t. to separate 2. v.t. to share 3. to change, to give change for (e.g. a ten-dollar bill for ones) ¶ freq bin 1. to distinguish between 2. to decide (s.th. for two parties) tleb men bbah ifreq ma binu u-bin xah. He asked his father to decide the issue between him and his brother. ferq difference, distinction šnuwa l-ferq ma bin had ž-žuž de-s-sinivat? What's the difference between these two trays? ferga pl. -t 1. team (sports) 2. gang (work) 3. group (people) 4. detachment (military) 5. part (hair) 6. troupe, cast (actors) fergeš, ferguš pl. frageš hoof ferradi pl. -yen alone, solitary (without its mate) ¶ be-l-ferradi retail ka-ibi& be-l-žumla u-be-l-ferradi. He sells wholesale and retail. ferran pl. fraren 1. public oven where people bring their bread to be baked 2. oven ferraq pl. -a ag. n. of ferreq ¶ ferraq le-brawat postman ferraša pl. -t, frareš insole (shoe) ferred v.t. to change (money) ferred-li had l-Eăsra de-d-drahem, barek !lahu fik. Please change this ten-dirham bill for me. ¶ p.p. mferred alone, by oneself ferreg v.t. 1. to empty, to take everything out of 2. to pour (s.th.) ferrek v.t. to shell (peas) ferreq v.t. 1. to spread (apart) 2. to distribute, to hand out 3. to divide (up) 4. to break up, to disperse, to scatter (as a crowd) 5. to distinguish (between), to separate (mentally) ma-neqder-s nferreqhom (or nferreq binathom). I can't

frek v.t. (v.n. frik) to rub or scrub (clothes

separate them (in my mind); I can't disfruxa pl. of ferx tinguish between them. 6. to change, to fruž, fruža pl. of ferž frue pl. of fere 1 give change for (as a ten-dollar bill for ferx f. ferxa pl. frax, fruxa 1. young of an ones) ** ferrqu had l-musem! All right, break animal or fowl 2. young man, adolescent it up! 3. type of round, tall basket used in carryferres 1. to furnish (a room) 2. to lay down, ing figs, mulberries, etc. ferxa pl. -t, fraxi 1. lock (door) 2. young girl to spread out (s.th. to sit or sleep on) 3. to make the bed (implies strong and healthy) frez v.t. 1. (bin) to distinguish (between), to ¶ ferreš (s.th.) b- to pave (s.th.) with, to lay (s.th.) with tell (apart) 2. to sort (out) ferret f- to neglect ferz used in the expr. Emel 1-ferz, fiho ferruž pl. frarež rooster, cock *l-ferz* to be partial (\neq latter) ferrex v.i. 1. to hatch 2. to have or hatch ferziva pl. -t same as ferz ferž pl. fruž, fruža female genitals (external) young ferrez v.t. 1. to make out, to distinguish (as frez v.i. (v.n. ferz) to be happy, content, or handwriting) 2. to explain, to clarify glad ¶ ferrez bin to distinguish between ¶ frez b- 1. to be happy or glad about (s.th.) 2. to give a warm welcome to, to referrež v.t. to entertain, to give a show for ¶ ferrež Ela to relieve (of pain, etc.) ceive warmly 3. to show happiness on seehad d-dwa ferrež Eliya men le-zriq lli ing (s.o.) 4. to play with (as with a baby) kan fiya. This medicine relieved me of my ferz 1. v.n. of frez 2. joy, cheerfulness 3. pl. fra, fra at celebration (usually family) pain. ** !lah iferrež Elik! I hope things get ferてa n.i. of freて ¶ be-l-fer a gladly, willingly better soon (for you). -rebbi iferrež Elih ferz an pl. -in happy, glad, content ana men l-zăbs. I hope he gets out of prison. ferrez v.t. to cheer up, to make happy ferzan bezzaf b-dari ž-ždida. I'm quite fres v.t. (v.n. fris) to devour (animal or like happy with my new house. an animal) fră v.t. (v.n. fri) to smash, to break up fors n.pl. of farisi or in (box, door, etc.) ¶ blad l-fors Persia fer 2 1. pl. fru & branch (tree) 2. pl. furu & forsan pl. of fares branch (bank, agency) fersada pl. -t, frased 1. front, façade (of a ¶ tleq le-frue (or l-furue) to branch out building) 2. blanket (as a wool army (tree, agency, etc.) blanket) fsa ifsi v.i. (v.n. fsu) to break wind noiseferša pl. -t layer (of mortar, tile, bricks, eggs, lessly fsad v.n. of fsed etc.) ferši cork (material) fsed (v.n. fsad) 1. v.t. to spoil, to ruin (maferšita pl. -t, frašet (table) fork chine, business, relations, etc.) 2. v.t. to feršiya pl. -t cork (bottle, etc.) corrupt, to pervert, to debase 3. v.i. to feršex v.t. 1. to break up or crush with blows break down (car, business, etc.) 4. v.i. to 2. to give a beating to spoil, to rot (food) fertala pl. -t, fratel round cushion made of ¶ fsed f- to have sexual intercourse with esparto, used as a seat (a girl) ferteq v.t. to rip apart at the seams, to un-¶ f. a.p. fasda pl. -t prostitute fsix v.n. of fsex seam forcefully (clothing) fertšex same as feršex fseq v.i. (v.n. fsuq) to lead a sensual, defertuta pl. fratet 1. crumb (bread, etc.) bauched life 2. small piece (of food) ¶a.p. faseq adj. pl. -in n.pl. fossaq defertas pl. frates (adj. and n.) 1.(one) with praved the sides of his head shaven 2. having no fesser v.t. 1. to explain 2. to define horns (sheep, goat, etc.) festeq n.u. -a pistachio (nut or plant) ** huwa qrae fertas. He's infested with fsu v.n. of fsa ringworm (or similar disease of the scalp). fsuq v.n. of fseq fertitu pl. -yat butterfly fsuxa pl. of fsex fertet v.i. 1. to struggle and flutter (as a butfsex v.t. (v.n. fesx, fsix) 1. to untie, to undo terfly trying to escape captivity) 2. to shake 2. to annul, to make void (contract) 3. to itself (as a dog drying itself) repeal, to revoke (law) 4. to skin (an frud pl. of ferd animal) fruda pl. of ferd 5 fesx 1. v.n. of fsex 2. annulment, revocation

ftil v.n. of ftel

ftila pl. ftayel wick (candle, etc.)

```
fsex pl. fsuxa snake skin (shed)
fesya pl. -t n.i. of fsa
fesyan pl. -at 1. lieutenant (rank) 2. officer
  (military)
fsal v.n. of fasel and fsel 1. v.n. of fessel
  2. pl. -t, fsayel plan (architecture) 3. pl. -t,
  fsavel form, shape
    Ibla fsala poorly designed, in bad taste
fsayel pl. of fsala 2 and 3
fsiz pl. -in (comp. fsez) eloquent
fsel v.t. (v.n. fsal) to separate, to take apart
    ¶ fsel (s.th.) bin to settle (s.th.) between
  (as an argument)
fesl, fsel pl. fsul 1. season (yearly, hunting,
  etc.) 2. article (e.g., in a written constitu-
  tion) 3. chapter (book) 4. act (play)
fess pl. fsus yolk (egg)
fessa alfalfa, lucern
fessel v.t. (v.n. fsala) 1. to cut (out) (e.g.
  material for a dress) 2. to cut up, to divide
  into sections (meat by a butcher)
fsul pl. of fesl, fsel
fsus pl. of fess
fsec comp. of fsic
fosza (with art.) classical Arabic
fšil v.n. of fšel
fšel v.i. (v.n. fašal, fšil) 1. to fail, to be a
  failure, to not succeed 2. to become dis-
  heartened or discouraged
fešš v.t. (v.n. feššan) 1. to deflate (e.g. a
  balloon) 2. to relieve (s.o. of some anxiety)
feššan v.n. of fešš
feššel v.t. to dishearten, to discourage
feššeš v.t. (v.n. fšuš) to spoil, to pamper
fšuš v.n. of feššeš
     ¶ fih^{\phi} le-fšuš to be spoiled \neq (s.o.)
fta ifta v.i. (v.n. ftawa) to become tender
fta ifti v.t. (v.n. ftu, fetyan) to dictate (as a
  letter)
     I fta revy Ela to advise, to give counsel
     ¶ fta Ela to judge between, to render a
  judgment between mšaw Eănd l-qadi ifti
  Elihom. They went to receive the judge's
  opinion.
fta comp. of fti
ftaqi pl. of fetqiya
ftata pl. -t, ftayet crumb (bread, cake)
ftawa v.n. of fta
ftawi pl. of fetwa
ftaxer (b-) to be proud (of), to have pride
ftayel pl. of ftila
ftaven pl. of fetna
ftayet pl. of ftata
fti pl. -yen (comp. fta) 1. tender (meat,
  bread) 2. reasonable in selling, giving a
  good deal (to buyers)
```

```
ftin v.n. of ften
ftiq v.n. of fteq
ftiz v.n. of ftez
ftel v.t. (v.n. ftil) 1. to roll (e.g. a cigaret,
  small piece of dough for seksu, etc.) 2. to
  braid, to plait, to cord (string, thread)
ften v.t. (v.n. fatăn, ftin) 1. to pester, to
  bother, to disturb 2. to incite, to agitate (to
  riot, revolt, etc.) 3. to bewitch, to dazzle
  (as one's beauty) l-žamal dyalha ka-iften
  Eibad !!ah. Her beauty has dazzled every-
fetna pl. -t, ftayen 1. n.i. of ften 2. state of
  agitation, rioting 3. brawl, free-for-all
  4. revolution, revolt
    I nuwwed fetna to raise a commotion, "to
  raise the roof"
    I nuwwed l-fetna 1. to agitate, to incite a
  riot 2. to incite or foment revolt
fteq v.t. (v.n. ftiq) to unsew, to unseam, to
  rip apart at the seam
fteg hernia
fetqiya pl. -t, ftaqi 1. s.th. used to patch a hole
  (usually wooden) 2. board used in board-
  ing up a door (permanently)
fter v.i. (v.n. fetran) to stop (rain)
fter pl. ftura measurement from the tip of the
  index finger to tip of the thumb of the open
  hand
fetran v.n. of fter
fettaz used in the expr. ya-fettaz said at the
  beginning of some action to invoke the
  help of God
fetteš v.t. to search, to make a search of, to
  inspect
    ¶ fetteš f- same as fetteš above
    I fettes Ela to look for, to be in search of
fettet v.t. to crumb, to break into tiny pieces
  (bread)
fette v.i. 1. to recite the fatiza 2. to blossom,
  to bloom (flowers)
ftu v.n. of fta ifti
ftura pl. of fter
ftuz pl. -at 1. kind of down payment given to
  a fqi for providing a zerz
     ** hada gir le-ftuz! This is only the
  beginning!
fetwa pl. -t, ftawi 1. authoritative opinion or
  decision on matters judicial or religious
fetya n.i. of fta (in fta Ela; see fta ifti)
fetyan v.n. of fta ifti
fter (v.n. ftiz) 1. v.t. to open (usually when
  what is opened is connected as a door)
  2. v.i. to open (as a flower) 3. v.t. to start,
  to open, to go into (business, etc.) 4. v.t. to
  start, to initiate (ceremony) ftez l-zefla
  b-wazed l-xotba. He opened the proceed-
  ings with a speech. 5. v.t. to operate on
```

(surgery) 6. v.t. to conquer (country, city, furud pl. of ferd etc.) 7. v.i. to recite the fatiza furusiya horseback riding, equitation ** l-beqrež ftez. The kettle's boiling. furu & pl. of fer & 2 —ftez خlih !lah He's had some good luck furyan pl. -at pound (dog, etc.) (after having bad luck). fusaza n.pl. of fasiz ¶ p.p. meftuz pl. -in light (in color) fuța pl. -t, fwet towel (often used as napkin) fet a pl. -t 1. n.i. of ftez 2. opening, hole fuwwaqa (coll. and sg.) pl. -t hiccup(s) (e.g. in a wall, fence, armhole in a robe) žatu l-fuwwaqa. He has the hiccups. fta used in the expr. bin fta u-hwa in the air, fuwwara pl. -t geyser (natural) in mid-air fuwwed v.t. to delegate (authority, power) fiana intelligence, quick-wittedness fuwweh v.t. to cause or make yawn ftar pl. of ftir fuwwer 1. v.t. to steam (food) 2. v.i. to fetfet same as ferfet steam, to give off steam or vapor ftim v.n. of ftem fuwwež v.i. to relax, to divert oneself (by taking a walk, etc.) ftin v.n. of ften ftir pl. ftar said of bread that has not risen in I fuwwež Ela to entertain, to amuse, to divert (s.o.) the baking for some reason or other ftem (v.n. ftim) to wean fuyaq when, at what time (rare usage) ften b- (v.n. ftin) to find out about, to learn fuzan v.n. of faz of, to become aware of fužur dissoluteness ¶ a.p. faten pl. -in intelligent, alert fuzan v.n. of faz fter v.i. (v.n. ftur) 1. to break (the) fast fwad viscera 2. to have breakfast, to breakfast fwaqa pl. of fuqi 1 fetra alms of grain distributed to the poor on fwar 1. v.n. of far 2. steam, vapor l-Eid s-şģiŗ fwarež pl. of faražiya fetter v.t. 1. to feed or give (s.o.) breakfast fwatez pl. of fatza 2. to cause to break ş-şyam fwinda dim. of fanida (n.u. of fanid) ftur 1. v.n. of fter 2. pl. -at breakfast fwiyyer dim. of far ful n.u. -a fava bean, horsebean fwet pl. of futa funun pl. of fenn fxad pl. of fexd funeš pl. of fneš fxax pl. of fexxfuq 1. on, upon zett had s-senduq fuq t-tebla! fexd pl. fxad thigh Put this box on the table! —fayn konnaši? fxer v.i. (v.n. fexr) to boast, to brag -fuq l-merfă E. Where's my notebook?fxer comp. of faxer On the shelf. 2. above, over l-qertaşa dazet fexr v.n. of fxer fug rasi. The bullet passed over my head. fexx pl. fxax 1. trap 2. ambush –كălleq z-zaža fuq ţ-ţebla! Hang the lamp fexxar 1. (no pl.) ceramic ware, pottery 2. pl. over the table! -a potter ¶ fuq- $a\check{s}$ when (interrogative), at what fexxem v.t. to velarize, to render emphatic time (i.e., pronounce t as t, s as s, etc.) ¶ fuq-aš-emma every time (that), each fyal pl. of fil fyalel pl. of filil, filila time (that), whenever ¶ fuq men over, above (especially with fyaq 1. v.n. of faq 2. wakefulness verbs of motion) fyaqa 1. v.n. of faq 2. intelligence, quick-¶ l-fuq 1. upstairs rah l-fuq. He's up wittedness stairs. 2. on top, at the top fyater pl. of fitura I men fug from, off rfedt le-ktab men fug fzag wetness, dampness t-tebla. I took the book off the table. fzeg v.i. (v.n. fzig) to get or be wet, damp I men fug had š-ši moreover, besides ¶ a.p. fazeg pl. -in wet, damp ¶ men l-fuq 1. from above 2. in addition fzig v.n. of fzeg to fzie v.n. of fzăe fuqaha pl. of fqi fezzeg v.t. to wet, to dampen fuqani pl. -yen upper (room, etc.) fză v.t. (v.n. fzi) to frighten, to scare fugara pl. of fagir, fgir fezea n.i. of fzăe fuqi 1. pl. fwaqa second floor (building) fžir v.n. of fžer 2. pl. -yen upper (room, etc.) fžel n.u. fežla cpl. fžulat radish fuqiya pl. -t a sheer, usually white, over-¶ fž*el le-xla* horse-radish ¶ klam le-fžel 1. sarcastic remark furat (with art.) Euphrates (river) 2. flattery, soft-soap

fžer v.i. (v.n. fžir) 1. to open up, to burst open d-demmala fežret. The boil has opened up. 2. to corrupt, to become corrupt (morally)

fžer 1. dawn 2. dawn prayer

¶ slat le-fžer dawn prayer

fžulat cpl. of fžel

fežwa pl. -t patch or area of blue sky (sometimes extended to the entire unclouded sky) fežžel l-1. to make sarcastic remarks to 2. to flatter, to soft-soap

fežžer v.t. 1. to open, to lance (boil, blister)
2. to detonate (bomb, dynamite charge,

fežžež v.t. to take for a walk or on a tour, to show around, to take for a ride gedda gad-nfežžež d-dyaf dyali f-le-mdina zit ma-xeddam-š. Tomorrow I'll take my guests around town since I'm not going to be working.

¶ part. mfežžež pl. -in having a nice view had l-ma zăll mfežžež. This place has a nice view.

f-בal see בal

fzăl pl. fzul, fzula 1. stallion 2. vigorous fzăm n.u. fezma cpl. fzumat charcoal

fozš immorality, debauchery fzul, fzula pl. of fzăl

fzula, fzuliya virility, manly vigor

fzumat cpl. of fzăm

fezzam pl. -a coal-merchant

f&al pl. of fă&l

ef€al pl. of fi€l

f ayel pl. of fă la f ăl used in the expr.:

If E ăl f- to rape, to molest sexually

¶ fčăl u-trek to do great harm

¶ fa el (a.p.) tarek pl. fa lin tarkin excellent, first-class, tops

fă El pl. f E al 1. action, act 2. (in pl.) conduct, behavior

** daba ilqa fă Elu. He'll get his just leserts.

fă E la pl. f E ayel foul act or action, dirty trick fă E fă E v.t. to shake, to jiggle (e.g., a table)

G

gabel v.t. 1. to take care of, to take or be in charge of, to attend, to tend to gabel d-dyaf! Take care of the guests. 2. to face, to be in front of darna mgabla ž-žame .

Our house faces the mosque.

gabel (with art.) refers to the next or coming Ramadan

gadd pl. -in capable, able, resourceful

¶gadd b-rasu^{\$\phi\$} capable or able to take care of oneself

gadum pl. gwadem same as gadum

gafla pl. -t, gwafel caravan

gal same as qal

gala same as gala

gales a.p. of gles

gama same as qama

gamila pl. -t, gwamel 1. small sauce pan

2. mess kit, mess tin (military)

gamus pl. gwames (water) buffalo

gana patience, good humor ma-Eăndu gana mEa d-drari. He has no patience with children.

¶ $\xi la \ gantu^{\phi}$ in a good mood or humor l-yum huwa $\xi la \ gantu$. He's in a good mood today.

** kollha u-gantu. To each his own (way, manner, disposition). Everybody to his own taste

gara pl. -t large vacant area or yard, esplanade

garantiya pl. -t guarantee (commercial) garaž pl. -at garage (parking and repair) garfu pl. -wat (table) fork garru pl. -wat, -yat cigaret

garşın pl. graşen 1. waiter 2. shorts (underwear)

garşuna pl. -t waitress

gare pl. -in (dim. gwire) decrepit, old and infirm

gațe pl. -in adult (sheep)

qayla 1. burning noontime sun (summer)

2. siesta time 3. same as qayla

gayza pl. -t, gwayez beam (construction), timber, (sometimes a kind of supporting plank)

gaz same as daz

gaz 1. (also zit l-gaz) kerosene 2. gas (e.g., natural gas)

gazita pl. -t, gwazet newspaper

gazuza pl. -t soft drink (carbonated)

gaža f- to join, to sign up for (army) gaža fe-l-Eăsker. He joined the army.

ga 1. all ga 2 le-zwaye 2 lli E andi balyen.
All my clothes are worn out. 2. at all (with negative phrase) ga 2 ma-ka-neb gih. I don't like him at all.

¶ ga & lli all (those) who, everyone who, anybody that, whoever ga & lli žaw

fe-l-mašina weşlu me ăttlin. All those who came on the train arrived late.

¶ ga & wazed the same, alike huma ga & wazed. They're alike.

** ga \ u.a \ ed! It's all the same (to me).
ga \{ a pl. -t, gy \vec{a} \\ \text{threshing area (wheat)}

```
gbadi pl. of gebda
qbala same as qbala
gebbas pl. -a plasterer
gebbazi, gobbazi (no pl.) 1. a rhythmic
  clapping of the hands 2. a volley of oaths
gebbel Ela to appear before, to come near, to
  come to (generally used in statements of
  warning) ila Eawed gebblet Eliya r-ana
  nxerrežha. If she come to me again I'll
  throw her out.
gebbes v.t. to plaster
gbed same as gbed
gebda same as gebda
qbila same as qbayla
gebs pl. gbusat (pl. of intensity) 1. plaster
  2. chalk, gypsum
gbusat pl. of gebs
gda igdi v.i. (v.n. gdi) 1. to become in-
  candescent from burning (as coal) 2. v.t.
  to light (a fire)
qdam pl. of qdem
gdawer pl. of gedwar
gedd same as gedd
gedd shallow place or spot (as in a river)
  that can be crossed on foot; ford
goddam, geddam same as goddam
goddami pl. -ven foreword, placed in front
gedded v.t. 1. to cut into strips (meat) 2. to
  prepare geddid 3. to gnaw on (as a bone)
geddid a type of meat preserves in strips,
  smoked meat
geddem v.t. 1. to step on, to stomp 2. to run
  over (car, bicycle, etc.)
gdi v.n. of gda
gdem pl. gdam heel (shoe and foot)
gedmiya pl. -t heel (shoe)
gedra pl. -t, gdur 1. type of clay pot used in
  cooking 2. folk dance of southern Morocco
gdur pl. of gedra
gedwar pl. gdawer old piece of cloth, rag
qfa same as qfa
geffet v.t. to roll up (sleeves, etc.)
ghim v.n. of ghem
ghem v.t. (v.n. ghim) to fill (up), to cloy,
  to surfeit, to take away the appetite (e.g.,
  rich food)
gid pl. gyad guide (tourist)
gidun pl. -at 1. handle bar (bicycle, motor-
  cycle, etc.) 2. handle, grip (e.g., lawn
  mower, bicycle)
gitun pl. -at, gyaten tent
giyyed v.t. to lure, to entice (with some de-
  ception as to purpose)
giyyel v.i. to rest or nap during hottest time
  of day (country folk)
giyyez same as qiyyez
giz same as qiz
gla same as qla
glales pl. of gellas 2
```

```
alas 1. v.n. of ales 2. idleness
glasi pl. of gelsa
glati pl. of gelta
gleb v.t. (v.n. glib) 1. same as gleb 2. to turn
  over, to upset, to turn upside down 3. to
  loosen, to break up (the ground)
    ** leh-la ialeb bik! I couldn't care less
  (what you do); To hell with you then!;
  I wash my hands of the whole thing
  (expr. used after attempting to give help or
  advice to s.o. who refuses it).
gelb pl. glub same as qelb
gelba 1. n.i. of gleb
    I faq men l-gelba to wake up, to become
  aware
gelgel v.t. to gargle with
glib v.n. of gleb
glı v.n. of glă (same as qella وع عام) and
  gellă E
glel pl. of golla (same as golla)
golla pl. glel same as golla
gellas 1. pl. -a manager or superintendent
  of a public bath (for men) 2. pl. glales
  chamber pot
qellasa pl. -t manager or superintendent (f.)
  of a public bath (for women).
gellasiva pl. -t kind of clay jug
gellay adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of
  gla
gelleb same as gleb
gelles v.t. 1. to cause or make to sit 2. to show
  to a seat, to have (s.o.) sit 3. to have or
  make stay gellesnah Eăndna reb Eiyyam.
  We had him stay with us for four days.
  4. to have or make sit up (in bed, etc.)
  5. to straighten up, to set up straight, to put
  on end
gellet v.i. to stagnate (water)
qellă v.t. (v.n. qli) to pull out, to extri-
  cate, to uproot (same as qellă)
gles v.i. (v.n. glas) 1. to sit (down) 2. to stay
  gles & andi telt iyyam. He stayed three days
  with me.
    ¶ a.p. gales pl. -in 1. living, staying hadi
  seb e iyyam w-ana gales e ănd e ămmi.
  I've been staying with my uncle for a week
  now. 2. idle, out of work
gelsa, golsa pl. -t, glasi 1. n.i. of gles 2. dress-
  ing room of the public bath 3. session
  (court, conference, etc.) 4. sitting posture
  or position 5, kind of cushion used as a seat
qclta pl. -t, glati pond, puddle (usually of
  rain water)
glub pl, of gelb (same as qclb)
gelya same as qelya
glă (v.n. gli ) same as qellă &
gmagem pl. of gemgum, gemguma
gmari pl. of gemra
gmat pl. gmayet diaper
```

```
gmayet pl. of gmat
gemgam pl. -in one who grumbles, complains
gemgem 1. v.i., to grumble, to complain 2. v.t.,
  to mumble (s.th.) 3. v.t. and v.i. to stutter
gemgum, gemguma pl. gmagem snout, muzzle,
gmim lead (metal)
gmira dim. of gemra
qmel same as qmel
gemmel v.i. to become infested or covered
  with lice (same as qemmel)
gemmet v.t. to put diapers on, to wrap in
  swaddling clothes
gomna pl. -t cable
gemra pl. gmari (dim. gmira) 1. moon
  2. moonlight
    ** amari hadi! What beautiful moon-
  light! —le-gmari našra fe-z-znaqi. Moon-
  light is flooding the streets.
gnaber pl. of genbri and genbura
gnafed pl. of genfud
gnater pl. of gentra (same as gentra)
gnawa pl. of gnawi
gnawi pl. gnawa 1. member (negro) of the
  gnawa brotherhood 2. used in describing
  one in a rage or temper tantrum.
    I ful gnawa black-eyed peas
gnavez pl. of gnaza
gnaza pl. gnayez funeral
genbri pl. gnaber small, banjo-like instrument
  of two and sometimes three strings
genbura pl. -t, gnaber jug
gondaya pl. -t 1. crest or tuft of hair 2. crest
  (of rooster)
gnef v.i. (v.n. gnif) to get angry, to get upset
  gnef Eliya Ela Zeqq-aš ma-xdemt-š
  l-barez. He got angry with me because I
  didn't work yesterday.
genfud pl. gnafed hedgehog (Erinaceus)
    ¶ genfud le-b zăr sea urchin, sea hedge-
geng pl. gnug, gnuga blow with the head,
  hutt
gnif v.n. of gnef
gnitra same as qnitra
quen pl. of gonna
gonna pl. -t, gnen 1. summit (mountain)
  2. crown of the head
gennef v.t. to provoke, to pester
gens pl. gnus 1. race, people, nation 2. breed
   (animal)
genira pl. gnațer same as qenira
gnug, gnuga pl. of geng
gnus pl. of gens
gradi pl. of gerda
gram pl. -at gram
gramet pl. of germat and germata
gran pl. of grin
                                                  quarter franc
```

```
grașen pl. of garșun
gratet pl. of gertit
grawet pl. of gerwat
grayez pl. of griz a (same as griz a)
gray i pl. -va type of singer of simple tunes,
  often extemporaneously invented
gražem pl. of geržuma
gražet pl. of geržuta (same as geržuma)
greb pl. of gerba
gerba pl. -t, greb goatskin for carrying water
gerda v.t. to knock down (s.o.)
gord kind of pasture grass
gerda pl. -t, gradi 1. chopping block
  (butcher) 2. piece (bread, meat, cloth, etc.)
gerga En.u. -a 1. walnut 2. walnut tree
geraef v.t. to guzzle down all in one draught
grig n.pl. of grigi
grigi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. grig Greek
    ¶ blad le-grig Greece
griza pl. grayez same as griza
grin v.n. of gren
grișa (dim. of gerșa) pl. -t 1. small loaf of
  bread (about the size of a bun)
    ¶ grișa de-l-zălwa piece or tablet of
  candy (as a mint)
germat pl. gramet short-eared
germața pl. -t, gramet wooden or metal basin
  for mortar or plaster
germel v.t. to make crisp, to brown (as in an
  oven, frying pan, etc.)
germet v.t. to shorten, to cut off
gren v.t. (v.n. grin) to join, to attach gren
  hada mea hadak. Attach this to that.
    ¶ gren Eăynu¢ f- to stare at
gern pl. grun 1. horn (cow, antelope, etc.)
  2. powder horn 3. tuft of hair left after
  shaving part of the head (custom of certain
  North African country people) 4. tress
  which hangs down on the bosom (women)
gorna pl. -t slaughterhouse
gernin n.u. -a thistle
gerr v.i. (v.n. gerran) to confess, to admit
  guilt
     ¶ gerr be-l-xir to be grateful
gerrab pl. -a one who carries and sells water
  (in a gerba) in the street to passers-by, and
  also to houses
gerran v.n. of gerr
    ¶ gerran be-l-xir gratitude
gerred v.t. to cut into pieces
gerres v.t. to flatten (as bread before baking)
gerrež v.t. to cut a little off, to shorten (e.g.
  a sleeve)
    ** gerržu-lu deb a. They slit his throat.
gerra v.t. to cause to belch (food, drink)
gers, gors, n.u. gersa, gorsa small loaf of
  bread
gerš pl. gruš, grušat old coin worth one-
```

gertit pl. gratet (n. and adj.) animal whose tail has been cut off gertet v.t. to cut off, to lop off, to shorten (e.g. sleeves, hair, animal's tail) grun pl. of gern gruš, grušat pl. of gerš gerwat pl. grawet (n. and adj.) one with a speech defect gerwaža pl. -t sheep's ear (from the gastronomic viewpoint) gerwet v.i. to speak with some impediment gorža, be-l-gorža wholesale šritha be-l-gorža. I bought it wholesale. geržuma pl. gražem 1. throat (internal and external aspect) 2. Adam's apple geržuta pl. gražet same as geržuma grae n.u. gerea squash (including pumpkin) I grač slawi kind of long, green squash ¶ gră& tixrifin (or taxrifin) zucchini squash ¶ gṛặ⊱ ઑmṛa pumpkin gsa&i pl. of ges&a gseb, gesba same as gseb, gesba gess pl. gsus floor of tamped earth or concrete gessas pl. -a ag. n. of gesses gessasa pl. -t tool or machine for tamping earth gesses v.t. 1. to make flat or level by tamping (in preparation for laying a floor) 2, to lay (a concrete floor), to pave (with concrete or asphalt) gsus pl. of gess ges & a pl. -t, gsa & i large bowl or dish in which couscous is served and often eaten gešgaš twigs, branches and dried cow dung used for lighting fires gtati pl. of gettaya gta i pl. of get a getran tar, pitch gettava pl. -t, qtati tuft of hair on the crown of the head (custom of some Northwest African country folk) get a pl. -t, gta i same as qet a gud straight (ahead) sir gud! Go straight ahead! -aži qud le-d-dar! Come straight home! guma pl. -t eraser (rubber) gurara pl. -t stain, spot guses v.i. to spy, to engage in espionage ¶ guses Ela to spy on guwwad pl. -a guide (tourist, expedition,

guwwed v.t. 1. to lead, to conduct, to show (s.o. to some place), to take (somewhere) 2. to drive (cattle, sheep, etc.) guwwez same as duwwez guz n.u. -a 1. walnut 2. walnut tree ¶ guza de-t-tenfiz a snuff container (pear-shaped) gwadem pl. of gadum (same as gadum) gwafel pl. of gafla gwamel pl. of gamila gwames pl. of gamus gwayez pl. of gayza gwazet pl. of gazita gwirez dim. of garez qvad pl. of qid gyaten pl. of gitun gyă و pl. of ga ع a gzami pl. of gezma gezz v.t. (v.n. gezzan) to shear (sheep) gezzan v.n. of gezz qezzar pl. -a butcher gezzer v.t. to cut (up) (as does a butcher in preparing meat) gežder used in expr. e.g., aš ka-tgežder? What the hell are you doing? —aš gežderti l-yum? What have you done today? (implying nothing worthwhile was done) gežgež v.i. to swarm (insects) $g \in ad$ 1. v.n. of $g \in ad$ 2. idleness, inaction g & adi pl. of gă & da 2 $q \mathcal{E} \check{a} d$ v.i. (v.n. $q \mathcal{E} a d$) 1. to sit (down) 2. to stay gă Edet Eăndna telt iyyam. She stayed with us three days, 3. to stop work(ing),

to retire, to be retired 4. to be unemployed or out of work

găEda 1. n.i. of gEăd 2. pl. -t, gEadi sitting position

gă gă v.i. to make the sound of a camel g ف ir v.n. of g ف ăr

 $g \in \check{a}r$ v.t. (v.n. $g \in ir$) to throw violently (so as to break or smash)

găZZãd v.t. 1. to raise (the head from a a bowed position) 2. to cause or make sit (down), to seat 3. to cause or make sit up (as in bed) 4. to set up, to straighten (up) (s.th. that has been overturned or knocked down) 5. to make or have stay (as overnight) 6. to retire (s.o.) 7. to support, to back (up)

** !lah igă & ¿ ăd milu. I hope everything works out for him.

ġa abbreviation of ġadi (as auxiliary before the imperfect) gab igib v.i. (v.n. giba) 1. to be away, to be

etc.)

absent 2. to disappear gabet š-šemš. The sun's disappeared (e.g., behind a cloud). 3. to set (sun)

¶ $\dot{g}ab$ ξla $\xi \ddot{a}qlu\phi$ to faint, to pass out gareb pl. gwareb corner where three sides ¶ a.p. gayeb pl. -in absent come together ¶ $\dot{g}aycb$ ξla $\xi \ddot{a}qlu\phi$ (to be) unconscious, *ġariba* same as *ġriba* to be out garaq 1. v.n. of graq 2. flood, deluge (exgaba pl. -t, gyeb forest, woods tended to a heavy rain) ¶ gaba de-z-zitun olive grove, orchard gareq a.p. of greq ¶ mul l-gaba, bu-gaba forester, forest gasul fuller's earth (used for shampooing the hair) ġabawa 1. stupidity, denseness 2. stubborn*ġaş igiş* v.i. to submerge, to go under ** huwa gayes f-demmu. He's lying in a ġabiy pl. ?aġbiya? 1. stupid, dense 2. stubborn puddle of (his) blood. gadi f. gadya or gada pl. gadyen going fayn *ġaša* v.t. to cause to be oblivious to what is gadi? Where are you going? — (ana) gadi going on, (e.g. by plying with liquor to gain le-d-dar. I'm going home. some advantage) ¶ ġadi, ġad, ġa (invariable) auxiliary gaši (with art.) somebody, something (vague) smă Et l-gaši l-fuq. I heard someused before the imperfect to indicate future body (i.e., a noise) upstairs. time ġad-tțiz š-šta. It's going to rain. -- ja-nšufha jedda. I'm going to see her gat igit v.t. (v.n. git, igata) to come to the aid of, to save (especially from impending tomorrow. gad igid v.t. (v.n., gid) to offend, to hurt gadni dak š-ši lli qolti had s-sbaz. What gaya goal, aim you said this morning offended me. ¶ fe-l-gaya, fe-l-gaya u-n-nihaya, ** ġaḍu l-zal. He's angry, peeved. fi-gayati ma yakun very good, excellent, gadab wrath, anger perfect ¶ ġaytu~ in short, in a word gafel a.p. of gfel galib used in the expr. fe-l-galib, galib š-ši gayeb a.p. of gab gayel v.i. (v.n. gil, gyal) to nurse (suckle) 1. most of the time, in general f-fas ka-ikun l-zal fe-ș-șif sxun fe-l-galib. In Fez the one's child during a succeeding pregnancy weather is hot most of the summer. 2. most (considered unhealthy for the unborn child) likely, probably fe-l-galib ttiz š-šta had gazw v.n. of gza l-lila. It'll most likely rain tonight. gbaber pl. of gobra gali a.p. of gla igla *àbar* manure galat pl. aglat 1. v.n. of glet 2. mistake, gbayen pl. of gbina gebbar pl. -a one who collects the combustible materials used in heating water for the galet a.p. of glet gameq pl. -in profound, hard to understand public bath gamer v.i. to venture forth (to seek advengebben v.t. to make sad or disconsolate, to grieve ganayim pl. of ganima (same as gnima) gebber v.t. to hide (s.th.) gani a.p. of gna gebber v.t. 1. to get dust on or all over (s.th.) 2. to spread or dust (e.g., sugar or cinganima pl. ganayim same as gnima namon on a cake) 3. to powder (e.g., one's ganen v.t. (v.n. gnan) to contradict, to disface) 4. to spread fertilizer on or over (a agree with (s.o.) field) ganžu f. -ya pl. gwanež gullible, easily duped gbina pl. gbayen disconsolation, dejection, (rather slangy) sadness žatha le-ģbina. She's down in the gar igir (men) (v.n. gira) to be jealous (of) mouth (i.e., sadness came to her). ¶ gar Ela to defend, to take the side of, to gben gloominess, moroseness nzel Eliha back up (s.o., as in an argument) le-gben. She's become gloomy. gar pl. giran 1. cave, cavern 2. hole (mouse, gber v.i. to disappear (with whereabouts rabbit, ant, etc.) 3. tunnel unknown) gara pl. -t act of aggression, attack (military) garad, garad aim, goal, desire gebra pl. -t, gbur n.i. of gber gobra pl. gbaber (pl. of intensity) 1. dust ¶Eănduø l-garad b- to need Eăndi l-garad bik. I need you (to help me). 2. (pl.) clouds of dust (as on a windy day) -Eăndi l-garad b-ši-šwiya d-le-flus. I need 3. powder (general term) a little money. gbur pl. of gebra gara?ib pl. of griba gda pl. -wat lunch, dinner (just after the ġarama pl. -t ġarayim same as ġrama noon hour)

gdayed pl. of godda, gedda

garayim pl. of garama (same as grama)

adayer pl. of adir

gedd anger, fury tlae fih l-gedd. He became furious.

¶ gedd lih~ the day after (some previously mentioned day)

gedda tomorrow

¶ bă E d ġedda (the) day after tomorrow ¶ ġedda men ġedda one of these days, some day

¶lla ģedda the next day, the following day ṛžā&t men l-Eoṭla u-lla ġedda sbezt nexdem. I came back from my vacation and the following day I started back to work. ġodda, ġedda pl. ġdayed 1. grief, sorrow

odda, jedda pl. jdayed 1. grief, sorrow 2. resentment ma-berdet-lu-š dik l-jodda. He's still resentful (and is planning to get even).

** a gdayed qelbi!, or a gdaydi! Oh, I wish I'd never been born! Oh, woe is me!

¶ berred le-jdayed f- to take out one's anger on, to cool off by venting one's spleen on

gedded v.t. to irritate (by pestering)

ġdir pl. ġdayer stream, rill (small enough to be jumped)

ġedwa same as ġedda

ġdeb v.i. (v.n. ġdib) to get angry, to get mad ġedba n.i. of ġdeb

gedban pl. -in 1. angry 2. in a bad mood or humor

ġeddab pl. -in irascible, touchy, cross (character trait)

geddar 1. pl. -in deceitful, unfaithful 2. pl. -in misleading, fraudulent 3. pl. -a deceiver, unfaithful person

geddeb v.t. to make angry or mad

gdib v.n. of gdeb

gder v.t. (v.n. gder) 1. to deceive, to mislead2. to be unfaithful to, to betray

gder v.n. of gder

¶ b-le-yder with intentions of deceiving or betraying

geffel v.t. to wait for (s.o., in order to take advantage of his inattention or absence in order to do s.th. that cannot be done in his presence) geffeltu zetta duwwer wežhu u-xdit fanida &ra. I waited until he turned his head, then I took another piece of candy.

gfil v.n. of gfel

ġfir (no pl., no comp.) used in the expr. !!ah
ġfir. God is forgiving.

ġfiŗ v.n. of ġfeŗ

ight ela (v.n. ight) 1. not to give due attention to, to neglect (things) 2. to have patience with, to wait for or on ight eliya wazed š-šwiya. Wait a little while (e.g., and I'll pay you).

¶ a.p. *gafel* pl. -in 1. inattentive, distracted 2. careless, negligent

ġefla n.i. of *ġfel*

¶ Ela ġefla all of a sudden, suddenly, without warning, unexpectedly

ifer l- (v.n. gofran, gfir, megfara) to forgive
 (religious sense)

gofran 1. v.n. of gfer 2. remission of sin(s)
gib used in the expr. fe-l-gib not known,
secret kif kan le-mtiz an dyalek?—

fe-l-gib. How did you come out in the exam?—I don't know.

ġiba pl. -t, ġwayeb, ġyub 1. v.n. of ġab 2. absence heḍru Elih f-ġibtu. They talked about him in his absence.

** fayn had le-gwayed? or fayn gyubek? Where have you been (all this time)?

gibta joy, gladness, elation

ġiḍ v.n. of ġaḍ

ģil v.n. of *ģayel*

gina riches, wealth

ġir 1. only, nothing but, just (often with ma-preceding the verb) ka-nšuf ġir

d-dlem or ma-ka-nšuf ģir d-dlem. I see only darkness. 2. minus, less (implied in telling time) hadi z-zuž ģir tulut. It's twenty to (before, of) two. 3. as soon as, when ģir iži qulha-li. As soon as he comes, tell me. 4. other than, (an)other, others, (used with pron. endings) taxod had le-ktab? la, Etini ģiru. Do you want (to take) this book? No, give me another (a different) one. —telleft flusek u-flus ģirek. I lost your money as well as the others'. 5. used with impv. to show lack of objection to the act ģir sir! Go ahead and go! You can go (if you want). —ģir kul! Go ahead and eat!

** la-hada wa-la ġiru wa-la ġiru! Not this (one) or any other (one)!

¶ ġir kif as soon as, when ġir kif tuwṣe! aži šufni. As soon as you arrive come and see me.

¶men gir (with ma- before verbs)

1. instead of, other than, besides sifet si-wazed men giru. Send someone instead of him. 2. without sir men gir xewf (or men gir-ma txaf) Go and don't be afraid!

3. except šefthom kollhom men gir xak. I saw all of them except your brother.

¶ l-gir other people, others ka-ixelli

šģalu baš i awen l-ģir. He leaves his own work to help others.

ġira 1. v.n. of ġar 2. jealousy, envy 3. indignation żatu l-ġira čla xtu. He's really riled about his sister (her being treated improperly, etc.)

giran pl. of gar

git 1. v.n. of gat 2. rain (as a relief from

/iiu

drought) mšaw itelbu l-git. They went (to

the mosque) to pray for rain.

jita pl. -t, jyet type of Moroccan oboe with

holes in place of keys

** Zălqha rqiq bzal l-gita. She has a shrill, piercing voice. —ža be-t-tbel u-l-gita. He arrived with a great display of pomp. giyabiyen in absentia zekmu Elih giyabiyen.

They sentenced him in absentia.

giyyat pl. -a one who plays the gita giyyeb 1. v.i. to be away for a long time

2. v.t., to cause to be absent, away
** la-tgiyyeb-š b-le-bra Elina. Don't wait

** la-lĝiyyeb-s b-le-bra Elina. Don't wait forever to write us.

giyyed v.t. 1. to hurt (i.e., one's feelings)
2. to anger, to make indignant

giyyem v.i. to get cloudy, overcast l-zal bda ka-igiyyem. It began to get cloudy.

giyyer v.t. 1. to change, to alter, to modify 2. to transform 3. to anger, to upset

giyyes v.t. 1. to get muddy, to muddy, to get mud on 2. to make muddy, to cause (the ground) to get muddy

ġla iġla v.i. (v.n. ġla) to become expensive, to go up (in price)

¶ a.p. ġali f. ġalya pl. ġalyen (comp. ġla) expensive, high (price)

ġla iġli v.i. (v.n. ġli) 1. to boil 2. to crowd, to throng s-saza de-s-sug kanet ka-teġli

b-le-gnem. The market place was crowded with sheep. 3. to swarm (bees, flies, etc)

** ġla d-demm f-rasu. He became furious. ġla (m.) v.n. of ġla iġla

¶ b-le-ġla high, at a high price ka-ibi&u b-le-ġla w-išriav b-le-ġla. They sell at a high price as well as buy at a high price. ġla comp. of ġali (a.p. of ġla iġla)

ġḷaḍ v.i. (v.n. ġeḷḍ, ġoḷḍ) 1. to get fat (person, animal) 2. to become blunted (as a sharp point)

glaf pl. -at 1. scabbard, sheath 2. case (eye-glasses, camera, etc.) 3. envelope 4. cover (book) 5. pod, shell (pea, bean)

glal n.u. -a snail

glaleq pl. of gellaqa

ġlaq, ġlaqa pl. ġlaqat wooden or metal blind used to close the front of a shop or store ġlat pl. of ġelta

glayli pl. -ya fruit and vegetable wholesale dealer

ġleb v.t. (v.n. ġolb) to beat, to be victorious
over

¶ jleb Ela 1. to harm (sadistically) 2. to overpower, to overcome jleb Elih t-tqel. The weight overpowered him.

golb v.n. of gleb

gelba pl. -t 1. n.i. of gleb 2. victory

ġeļd, ġoļd 1. v.n. of ġļaḍ 2. thickness 3. fatness, obesity

gled comp. of glid

ġli v.n. of ġla iġliġliḍ pl. ġlaḍ (comp. ġleḍ) 1. thick (not

liquids) 2. dull, blunt (a point) 3. fat, obese, heavy 4. deep and gruff (voice)

gliq v.n. of gleq

goll, gell rancor, resentment

glel pl. of *gella*

gella v.t. 1. to boil (water) 2. to raise the price of 3. to sell at a high price, to charge a lot for

gella pl. -t, glel 1. crop, harvest 2. fruit

gellal pl. -a seller of fruit

ġellaqa pl. -t, ġlaleq bottle-stopper (includes caps, corks, etc.)

gellay pl. -a tea-kettle

gelleb Ela to help, cause, or make (s.o.) win
(over s.o. else) gellbuh Eliha. They helped
him beat her (in the contest, etc.)

yelled v.t. 1. to thicken, to make thick(er) (as a wall) 2. to cause to put on weight, to make fat(ter) 3. to make deep(er) and gruff(er) (voice)

gellef v.t. 1. to cover (book, wall) 2. to wrap (package)

gelleq v.t. to darken (color)

¶ jelleqha~ or jelleq babaha~ to gorge oneself (with food)

gelles v.i. to do (derogatory usage) aš

ka-tġelles? What the hell are you doing? gellet v.t. to cause or make (s.o.) commit an error xlas, ġelletṭini! Blast it, you made me make a mistake!

glem (f., coll.) sheep

gelmi mutton, lamb (meat)

ġleq v.t. (v.n. ġliq) to close or shut (door, room, etc.)

** ġelquha. They stuffed themselves (with food)

¶ gleq Ela 1. to shut in, to lock in gelqu Elih. They locked him in. 2. to talk over the head of (s.o.) 3. to tell tall stories to gelqa pl. -t n.i. of gleq

** derbuha b-gelqa. They stuffed themselves (with food).

ġlet v.i. (v.n. ġaļăt) to make a mistake, to err
 ¶ a.p. ġaļet pl. -in wrong, mistaken nta

ġalet. You're mistaken.
 ġelta pl. -t, ġlat, ²aġlat mistake, error
 ġludiya 1. thickness 2. fatness, obesity
 ġelya n.i. of ġla

**Ela ġelya ka-itib. It only takes a minute to cook.

gelyan pl. -in (adj.) boiling

gmal 1. v.n. of gmel 2. mold (e.g. on bread)
gmam n.u. -a dark, low clouds

gmamed pl. of gommada

gmaq v.i. 1. to deepen, to become deep 2. to go deep (er) (e.g. s.o. digging)

```
gemda pl. -t (dim. umida) nap, snooze, light
    ¶ Emel gemda to take a nap or snooze
amida dim. of gemda
gmiz v.n. of gmez
gmel v.i. (v.n. gmel, gmal) to get moldy
gmel v.n. of gmel
gemm v.t. to smother, to asphyxiate (other
  than by gas; not necessarily fatal)
    ¶ pp. megmum pl. -in sad, low (in spirit)
gemm pl. gmum, gmayem (pl. of intensity)
  dejection, despondency
gemma 1. n.i. of gemm 2. same as gemm pl.
  gmum, gmayem
gommada pl. -t, gmamed blinder (for horse's
  bridle)
gommayda hide-and-seek (children's game)
gemmed v.t. to sheathe (sword, knife)
gemmed v.t. 1. to close (the eyes) 2. to cover
  the eyes of, to blindfold gemmed-lu E aynih
  Zetta nexrož! Cover his eyes until I leave!
    ¶ gemmed waz ed t-tegmida to take a
  (little) nap, to snooze (a while)
gemmem v.i. to become overcast, to cloud up
  gemmmet s-sma. The sky's clouded up.
gemmeq v.t. 1. to hide, to conceal (by remov-
  ing the object rather than covering it with
  s.th. else). 2. to make deep(er) (as a hole)
gemmes v.t. to dip (in a sauce, as a piece of
  bread)
gomq depth, deepness (physical quality)
gmum pl. of gemm
gmez v.t. (v.n. gmiz) to wink at
gna igni v.t. (v.n. gna) to make rich or
  wealthy
    ** gnah !!ah Ela giru. He's pretty well
  off (and needs no financial help).
    ¶ a.p. ġani f. -ya pl. aġniya 1. rich,
  wealthy 2. self-sufficient (financially)
gna comp. of gani (see gna)
gna (m.) v.n. of gna
gnaber pl. of genbur
gnabež pl. of genbaž
gnan 1. v.n. of ganen and tganen
  2. contrariness
anayem pl. of anima
ġcnbaž, ġonbaž pl. ġnabež kind of žellaba
  worn by mountain folk.
genber v.i. to pull a hood (e.g., of the
  žellaba) over the head in such a way as to
  hide the face
genbur pl. gnaber type of veil, used mostly by
  country women, which encircles the head as
  well as the face
```

gnima pl. -t, gnayem 1. trophy (war) 2. (pl.)

gnem v.t. 1. to take advantage of, to profit by

hunting)

booty, spoil 3. game (i.e., animals taken in

gmayem pl. of gemm

```
(opportunity) 2. to get (s.th. out of s.o.)
  sir u-šuf kan tegnem ši-E ašra de-d-drahem
  mennu. Go and see if you can get ten
  dirhams or so out of him.
gnem (f., coll.) sheep
    ¶ qet& a d-le-gnem flock of sheep
ģenmi same as ģelmi
genna v.t. and v.i. 1. to sing 2. to repeat or
  say again and again (insistently) bqa
  ka-tgenni temmaya! You can keep repeat-
  ing that until doomsday (I'm not changing
  my mind)!
\dot{g}onya pl. -t (a) song
gra paste, glue
grab pl. of grib 1 and 2
ġŗab pl. -at, ġoŗban, ġŗobba crow, raven
grabi pl. -yen raven black, pitch black
grabel pl. of gerbal, gorbal
grabli pl. -va one who makes and sells the
  gerbal
grafi pl. of gorfa
grama pl. -t, grayem 1. v.n. of grem 2. gift,
  usually money, given to the bride by rela-
  tives and friends 3. security, collateral ila
  b'giti le-flus Etini ši-grama. If you want the
  loan give me some security. 4. compensa-
  tion, remuneration (for some loss)
graq v.i. (v.n. gorq, garăq) 1. to go under, to
  sink (but not quite drown) 2. to drown
  3. to sink, to founder (ship) 4. to get deeper
  (as a well)
graref pl. of gorraf
ġṛasi pl. of ġeṛsa
grayeb pl. of griba
grayem pl. of grama
graz pl. of gerza, gorza
grazi pl. of gerza
greb (v.n. grub, gurub) to set, to go down
  (sun)
gerb 1. west 2. (with art.) name of a fertile
  valley on the sbu river
gorba pl. of grib 3
gorba 1. state of feeling out of place, loneli-
  ness 2. homesickness
    ** ka-i ¿iš hna f-gorba. He feels all alone
  living here.
gerbal, gorbal pl. grabel kind of sieve or
  sifter used in grading sand and wheat
gorban pl. of grab
gerbawa pl. of gerbawi
gerbawi pl. gerbawa inhabitant of l-gerb
  (see \dot{g}erb 2)
grobba pl. of grab
gerbi 1. pl. -ven western, occidental 2. cool
  breeze from the west
gerbel v.t. to sift (flour, sand)
```

gref to dip, to serve with a spoon

gṛef pl. of *goṛfa*

```
gorfa pl. -t, grafi, gref 1. n.i. of gref 2. room
                                                   2. to dunk (s.o.), to drown or almost drown
                                                   3. to submerge, to immerse (s.th.) 4. to sink,
  above the ground floor
    ¶ gorfa de-l-Eăwla pantry
                                                   to scuttle (ship) 5. to make deep(er) (as a
    ¶ l-gorfa l-filaziya Chamber of
                                                   hole) 6. to prosecute
  Agriculture
                                                     ¶ gerreq fe-d-din to cause or make go
    ¶ l-aorfa t-tižariva Chamber of
                                                   into debt
  Commerce
                                                 gerres v.t. to make go deep, to drive in deep
gerger v.t. to gargle with xessek tgerger
                                                 gerrez v.t. 1. to baste, to tack 2. to stitch
  l-ma šwiya. You should gargle a little bit
                                                   (surgery)
  with some water.
                                                 gres, gres v.t. (v.n. gris, gres, gers) to plant
                                                   (a plant or area)
grib 1. pl. grab strange, weird, odd 2. pl. grab
  marvelous, amazing 3. pl. dorba one away
                                                 gres v.n. of gres, gres
  from home (and somewhat alone), stranger
                                                 gers (no pl.) 1. garden (vegetable, flower)
àriba pl. àrayeb, àara@ib very unusual thing;
                                                   2. group of potted plants 3. v.n. of gres
  s.th. very much out of the ordinary
                                                 ġeṛsa n.i. of ġres, ġṛeṣ
grim v.n. of grem
                                                 grub v.n. of greb
gris v.n. of gres
                                                 grur v.n. of gerr
griyba pl. -t type of teacake made of semolina
                                                 grez (v.n. griz) same as gerrez
  or flour, sugar, and butter
                                                 gorza pl. -t, graz, grazi stitch (sewing,
griz v.n. of grez
                                                   surgery)
grem v.t. (v.n. grim, grama) 1. to give grama
                                                 gsil v.n. of gsel
  to (the bride) 2. to make restitution or
                                                 gsel v.t. and v.i. (v.n. gsil) to wash (up), to
  compensation for, to pay (back) for
                                                   clean (up) (usually with water)
  xessek tegrem-li ktabi. You've got to pay
                                                 ġesla pl. -t n.i. of gsel
                                                 gessal pl. -a kind of mortician who washes
  me back for my book.
gernața Granada (Spain)
                                                   and wraps the dead before burial
                                                 gessel v.t. to wash and wrap (the dead be-
greg same as graq
    ¶ a.p. gareq pl. -in (comp. greq) 1. deep
                                                   fore burial)
  (as a well, hole, dish, etc.) 2. sunk, sub-
                                                 gsan pl. of gsen
                                                 gseb v.t. (v.n. gsib, gseb, gesb) 1. to pick
  merged (as a ship)
    ¶ gareg fe-d-din deep in debt
                                                   (fruit, etc.) before ripening 2. to deprive
                                                   (of s.th. due) bbah gesbu fe-graytu. His
    ¶ gareq fe-n-n & as fast asleep
greq comp. of gareq (a.p. of greq)
                                                   father took him out of school (deprived him
gorg 1. v.n. of graq 2. depth, deepness 3. deep
                                                   of his studies). 3. to take away (by force or
  place (as in a river)
                                                   intimidation) gsebni f-flusi. He took my
                                                   money away. — gesbuha f-zayatha. They
gerga 1. n.i. of grag 2. complete failure, fiasco
                                                   took away her life (implies in one's prime).
  (business project)
gerr v.t. (v.n. grur, gurur, gerran 1. (some-
                                                 gseb, gesb v.n. of gseb
  times with b-) to tempt (to do wrong), to
                                                 gsib v.n. of gseb
  lead into error or astray 2. to lead (s.o.) on,
                                                 gsen pl. gsan branch (tree)
  to deceive
                                                 gessab pl. -a ag.n. of gseb
gerra v.t. to apply gra to (for gluing
                                                 ġša (cons. ġšat) pl. -wat, ġši 1. envelope
                                                   (letter) 2. case, cover (as for a pillow)
  purposes)
gerrada used in the expr. Ela gerrada with-
                                                 gšam pl. of gšim
                                                 ġšat cons. of ġša
  out warning, unexpectedly
                                                 gši pl. of gša
gorraf pl. graref 1. type of clay jar for stor-
                                                 gšim pl. gšam 1. inexperienced, naive, rustic
  ing drinking water 2. Kind of clay drinking
                                                   2. beginner, tyro, novice
  mug 3. pitcher
                                                     ** kont gšim fik! I didn't know you could
gerran v.n. of gerr
                                                   do that, or were like that (favorable
gerrar pl. -a tempter, one who leads astray
                                                   surprise); I didn't think you'd ever do a
gerreb v.t. 1. to exile, to banish 2. to make
                                                   thing like that (disappointment).
  (s.th.) face west (as in building a house)
                                                 gešš v.t. (v.n. ġešš) to cheat, to deceive (e.g.
  3. v.i. to go or bear west
                                                   in a game, sale)
    ¶ part, mgerreb pl. -in away from one's
                                                     ** ka-tgešš rasek. You can do better than
  own country, in a foreign land
                                                   that (i.e., you're not matching up to your
gerred v.i. to chirp, to warble (bird)
                                                   potential).
gerrem v.t. to make pay for, to make (s.o.)
                                                 ģešš v.n. of ģešš
  make restitution or compensation for
                                                     ¶ be-l-qešš fraudulently, through
gerreq v.t. 1. to drive deep (as a nail, drill)
                                                   deception
```

```
äešša same as äellef
ġeššaš pl. -a cheat (person)
    ** nta ġeššaš! You know you can do
  better! (i.e., have greater potential)
qeššem v.t. to take advantage of (an ingenu-
  ous and naive person), to dupe
gošt August (month)
atari pl. of aetra
atir v.n. of ater
gter v.i. (v.n. gtir) to go away (somewhere)
  and not return at the expected time gterti
  Eliya! Where have you been! (i.e., you
  went out and didn't come back when you
  were supposed to)
getra pl. -t, gtari n.i. of gter
getter v.t. to hide (by removal of the object
  rather than covering it up)
ata pl. -wat ati (dim. ativa) 1. blanket, cover
  (bed) 2. lid (box, pot, jar, etc.)
gtar pl. gotran (said mainly in Fez) plate,
  dish
ati pl. of ata
atis v.n. of ates
ġţiya dim. of ġţa
gotran pl. of gtar
gies (v.n. giis) 1. v.t. to put under, to immerse
  (as in water) 2. v.i. to go under, to sub-
  merge (voluntarily) 3. v.i. to disappear
  fayn gtes med? Where did Ahmed dis-
  appear to?
    ¶ ġţeş Ela to make (s.o.) wait, to be
  away from (s.o. who is waiting) yak,
  ma-gtesna Elik? Well, we were gone (from
  you) quite a while, weren't we?
getsa pl. -t n.i. of gtes
gett muggy weather; heavy, close atmosphere
getta v.t. to cover (with a blanket, lid, etc.)
gettaya, gottaya pl. -t lid, top
geffes v.t. to immerse, to put under (water,
  etc.)
aubaša frown, scowl
    ¶qbet ġubaša to frown, to scowl
qubeš v.i. to frown, to scowl
    gubes f- to give a dirty or mean look to
gufala mop (of hair), long hair (in need of
  cutting) šuf Ela ģufala Eăndu! He sure
  needs a haircut!
qufel v.i. to let the hair grow (until it needs
  cutting) gufelti! You need a hair cut! (i.e.,
  you've let it get too long)
```

ğul pl. gwal, f. gula pl. -t 1. imaginary evil

2. glutton, "pig"

qurub 1. v.n. of greb 2. sunset

being, as an ogre, that eats people, etc.

```
a few (e.g., pig latin)
                                                guta pl. -t 1. scream, cry (either of pain or
                                                  happiness) 2. heated argument, dispute
                                                quwwat pl. -a one given to shouting or
                                                  vociferousness
                                                guwweg Ela to attack (by surprise)
                                                quwwet v.i. to shout, to yell, to scream
                                                     ¶ guwwet Ela 1. to scold, to reprimand
                                                  2. to call (e.g. with a shout)
                                                gwa igwi v.t. (v.n. gwa) 1. to tempt, to (try
                                                  to) induce (s.o. to do s.th.) gwatu baš
                                                  yă melha. She tempted him to do it. 2. to
                                                  lead astray
                                                ġwa (m.) v.n. of ġwa
                                                gwal pl. of gul
                                                ġwanež pl. of ġanžu
                                                gwareb pl. of gareb
                                                gwat 1. shouting, yelling, screaming 2. noisy
                                                  conversation or talk 3. dispute, heated
                                                  argument
                                                gwayeb pl. of giba
                                                gews same as gus
                                                gewt same as gut
                                                gewwasa pl. -t submarine, sub
                                                 aval v.n. of aavel
                                                 avam (coll.) clouds
                                                gyar 1. misunderstanding, quarrel 2. grief,
                                                  distress
                                                 gyeb pl. of gaba
                                                 gevs pl. gyusat (of intensity) mud
                                                 ġeyṣa pl. -t muddy place, mire
                                                 ġyeţ pl. of ġiţa
                                                 gyub pl. of giba
                                                 gyuşat pl. of geyş
                                                 ġza iġzi v.t. (v.n. ġazw) to conquer (a
                                                  country)
                                                 ġzal pl. ġezlan, ġozlan; f. ġzala pl. -t
                                                   1. gazelle 2. (m.) handsome boy; nice, con-
                                                   genial boy 3. (f.) pretty, beautiful girl
                                                     ¶ gezlan l-lil thieves, burglars
                                                 gzil v.n. of gzel
                                                 gzir (no pl.) abundant, plentiful (e.g., rain,
                                                 azel (v.n. azil) 1. v.t. to spin (wool, cotton,
                                                   and silk into thread) 2. v.i. to shiver, to
                                                   shake, to tremble (from cold, fear)
                                                 gezlan, gozlan pl. of gzal
                                                 gezwa pl. -t military expedition (especially
                                                   as carried out by the Prophet Mohammed)
                                                 gezzala pl. -t woman who spins (wool, silk,
                                                   and cotton into thread)
    ** f-keršu l-gula. He eats like a horse.
                                                 qezzez v.t. 1. to gnaw on 2. to bite, to crack
                                                   (with the teeth) 3. to nibble on
gurur 1. v.n. of gerr 2. delusion (of grandeur,
                                                     T gezzez s-snan to gnash or grind the
```

teeth

qus "little language" known and used by only

ha here, here is, here are (used before n. and pron. as an interjection and demonstrative) ha-l-baxira f-aš gad-nrekbu! Here's the ship we're going on! —ha-le-ktub lli šrit mennu! Here are the books I bought from him! —ha-\(\gamma\) mmek, ha-huwa! Here's your uncle, here he is! —ha-huma žaw! Here they are! Here they come! —ha-\(\tau\) na mašyen nšufuhom. We are going to see them. —h-ana gad-nekteb-lu daba. I'm going to write him now. —ha-lli qolt-lek qbel-ma nxeržu! Here's what I told you before we left! (Do you see?)

had (invariable) 1. demonstrative adj. denoting nearness, proximity (art. required before following n. if admissible) had l-weld dki. This boy is clever. —had le-bra Zad weslet had s-sbaz. This letter has just arrived this morning. —had n-nas kollhom ka-iqellbu Zăl l-xedma. All these people are looking for work. —had atay sxun Zliya bezzaf. This tea is too hot for me. 2. used in certain exclamatory remarks a had le-fduli, dxol suq rasek! Hey nosey, why don't you mind your own business?

hada f. hadi pl. hadu (near demonstrative pron.) this, this one, the one hada

l-met E am lli qolt-lek Elih. This is the restaurant I told you about. —hadi hiya le-mṛa lli qalt-li xrežti. This is the woman who told me you'd gone out. —hada gir le-bdu. This is just the beginning. —hada be-d-debt lli fekkert fih zett-ana. It's exactly what I thought, too. —hada

gad-ibiEuh gedda. They're going to sell this one tomorrow. —hadu Eămmerhom ma-kanu Eăndna fe-d-dar. These people have never been at our house. —u-dyal mcn hadi? And who does this belong to?

** hada ma kan. That's all (there is).

-fdiz a hadi ¿ămlu! What a riot they've caused! —walayenni serraqa hadu! Why, these people are thieves!

¶ hadi ... baš it has been ... since, ... ago hadi sett snin baš matet. She died six years ago.

¶ hadi . . . u . . . (time expr.) . . . for . . . hadi ≿amayn u-huwa ġiyyab. He's been away for two years.

** šzal hadi (fe-s-sača)? What time is it? —hadi l-xemsa u-ness. It's half past five.

¶ hadi xir rebbi, hadi xir llah, xir rebbi hadi, xir llah hadi, hadi šzal, šzal hadi a long time ago, for quite some time hadi šzal ma-šefthom. I haven't seen them for a long time.

hadaf pl. ?ehdaf 1. goal, aim, purpose 2. goal (e.g., in soccer)

hadak f. hadik pl. haduk demonstrative pron. and adj. (as adj., art. required before following n. if admissible) referring to remote persons, objects, ideas, etc.; (ha-usu. omitted as adj.; see dak.) hadik hiya l-bent lli šeft. That's the girl I saw. —tebģi haduk? Would you like those (ones)?

** huwa hadak. It's the same. (It makes no difference.) —dak s-sebbat žaha huwa hadak. The shoes fit her just right. —hadak nta! Perfect! Just right!

hadana tranquility, calmness

hadi f. of hada

hadık f. of hadak hadu pl. of hada

haduk pl. of hadak

hat pl. -in excellent, splendid, marvelous hak pl. haku here, take (when handing s.th.

to s.o.) hak had le-flus! Take this money!

—hak! Here (it is, take it)!

hakda like this, this is the way, this way, in this manner, this is how hakda kanet ka-txeyyet ksawiha. This is the way she used to have her dresses made (sewn). —ma-ši hakda bỳat had l-bit meettet. This is not how she wants this room furnished. —sir hakda u-lwi čăl š-šmal. Go this way and make a left turn.

hakdak 1. like that, that's the way, in that manner, that's how 2. about, approximately ġad-nebqa hna ši-šheṛ hakdak. I'm going to stay here about a month.

** hakdak! That's the way!

hakka same as hakda

hakkak same as hakdak

haku pl. of hak

halak catastrophe, disaster

ham ihim v.i. (v.n. himan) to wander, to walk aimlessly

hamaži adj. pl. -yen n.pl. himaž savage, barbarian

hamažiya savagery, barbarism

han ihin v.t. to despise, to have a low opinion of

haraž (no pl.) noise, uproar

hayažan v.n. of haž

hayhay interjection expressing doubt, unlikelihood, and astonishment hayhay waš imši meana! I doubt if he'd go with us. —hayhay! u-ka-ddenn ma-ieamluha-š! Well, you think they wouldn't do it! hayet v.i. (v.n. hyat) to yell, to shout ¶ hayet Ela to call, to yell at (s.o.)

haž ihiž v.i. (v.n. hižan, hayažan) 1. to be agitated, to be troubled hada l-wegt f-as ka-ihiž le-bzăr. This is the time when the sea is agitated. 2. to get excited, to become furious 3. to show sexual excitement

hažer v.t. or v.i. (v.n. hižra, hežran) 1. to emigrate Eadad de-l-lubnaniyen hažru bladhom baš igelsu f-?amirika. Many Lebanese emigrated from their country to settle in America. 2. to immigrate -lli ka-ihažru l-had le-blad kollhom ka-is Eab Elihom ittsansu biha. All those who immigrate to this country find it hard to get adjusted. 3. to leave, to go (be) away from hadi telt snin baš hažru z babhom. They've been away from their families for three years. 4. to flee n-nbi, selle-llah Elih wa-sellem, hažer men mekka l-l-madina. The Prophet (may God's blessing be upon him) fled from Mecca to Medina.

hbal 1. v.n. of hbel 2. madness, folly (lack of critical judgment)

hebb v.i. (v.n. hebban) to blow (wind)

hebbal, hobbal pl. of hbil

hebban v.n. of hebb

hebbaz pl. -in, -a, ag. adj. and n. of hbez hebbel v.t. to madden, to make angry or crazy hebbet v.t. to lower; to put, take, or bring down ka-nz ăyyiw r-raya mnayn

ka-ntell uha aw nhebbtuha. We salute the flag when raising or lowering it. —la-bodda neržă le-d-dar tit nsit ma-hebbett-š le-ġļaqat. I have to go back home because I forgot to put the blinds down. -men bă Ed ş-şif l-uțilat le-kbar ka-ihebbțu

l-? atmina dyalhom. After summer the big hotels lower their rates.

¶ hebbet b- to degrade, to humiliate hbil pl. hebbal, hobbal fool, idiot (lacking critical judgment)

hbiš v.n. of hbeš

hbit v.n. of hbet

hbiz v.n. of hbez

hbel v.i. (v.n. hbal) to go mad, to lose one's mind

hber pl. of hebra

hebra pl. -t, hber boneless meat

hbeš v.t. (v.n. hbiš) to dig up (e.g. ground) hbet v.i. (v.n. hbut, hbit) to come down, to go down, to descend

¶ hbet Ela to assault, to attack mnayn kanu ražein hebtu Elihom gettaein t-trig. On their way back they were attacked by highwaymen.

hebța 1. n.i. of hbet 2. pl. -t width

hbut v.n. of hbet

hbez v.i. (v.n. hbiz) to digress, to talk non-

hda ihda v.i. to be quiet qul le-d-drari ihdaw be-l-zăqq la-ddrebhom-š. Tell the kids to be quiet, but don't hit them.

hda ihdi v.t. 1. (v.n. hdiya) to give (as a present) hdaw-lu ? ala de-t-tesžil. They gave him a tape recorder. 2. (v.n. hidaya) to show the right way to, to guide (God)

?ehdaf pl. of hadaf

hdana same as hadana

hedba pl. -t, hdub fringe (dress)

hedd v.t. (v.n. heddan) to tire out

heddam ag. n. of heddem

heddan v.n. of hedd

heddawa n.pl. of heddawi

heddawi adi, pl. -ven n.pl. heddawa member of a religious group called Heddawa

heddeb v.t. to teach proper behavior or good manners to (s.o.)

hedded v.t. to menace, to threaten (s.o.)

heddem v.t. to destroy, to demolish hedden v.t. to calm, to appease, to quiet

hdef Ela (v.n. hdif) to see or pay a visit to (s.o.) unexpectedly ž-žem a lli dazet hedfu Elina bezzaf de-d-dyaf. Last week we had many unexpected visitors.

hedhud (sg. and coll.) hoopoe

hdif v.n. of hdef

hdim v.n. of hdem

hdin v.n. of hden

hdir v.n. of hder

hdiya 1. v.n. of hda 1 2. pl. -t present, gift hdem v.t. (v.n. hdim) to destroy, to demolish hden v.i. (v.n. hdin) to calm down, to cease, to stop, to end ma-qder in ¿ as z etta hden le-zriq. He couldn't sleep until the pain stopped. —f-ayna blad konti men bă Ed-ma hednet 1-7 ărb? What country were you in after the war ended?

hedna, hodna 1. n.i. of hden 2. pl, -t truce hder v.i. (v.n. hdir) 1. to rattle on, to speak continuously and incoherently 2. to coo (dove, etc.)

hedref v.i. to talk nonsense, to wander, to babble

hedrez v.i. 1. to talk nonsense, to wander, to babble 2. to roar (sea)

hdub pl. of hedba

hdader pl. of hdur 3

hdari pl. of hedra

heddar pl. -a 1. talkative 2. boastful

hedder v.t. 1. to make talk, to cause to talk l-bulis xeddmu žmi El-wasa eil baš

iheddruh. The police used all methods to make him talk. 2. to talk to, to speak to (contemptuously)

hdim v.n. of hdem

hdem v.t. (v.n. hdim, hedm) to digest

hedm v.n. of hdem

hder (v.n. hdur) 1. v.i. to talk, to chat l-barez u-hiya ka-tehder m Eah fe-t-tilifun. 54

She was talking to him on the phone only yesterday. —n-nas kollhom kanu ihedru Eliha. Everybody was talking about her. 2. v.t. to speak ka-ihder bel a de-l-luġat. He speaks several languages.

I hder f- to slander

hedra pl. -t, hdari, hdur 1. talk, chat, conversation 2. language, speech

** walayenni šzal fih de-l-hedra! He's such a talkative person!

¶ dxel u-xrež fe-l-hedra. 1. to talk incoherently, to wander 2. to contradict oneself

hdur 1. pl. of hedra 2. v.n. of hder 3. pl. hdader gossip, chatter

hi? a pl. -t 1. shape l-hi? a d-had le-bni

ma-ξažbani-š. I don't like the shape of this building. 2. appearance (physical, dress) 3. body, corps, bureau (government, military, diplomatic, etc.)

hiba dignified appearance (inspiring fear and respect)

¶ $fih^{\phi}l$ -hiba, $\mathcal{E}lih^{\phi}l$ -hiba to look imposing, dignified \neq ; to inspire fear and respect \neq

hidaya v.n. of hda 2

hidura pl. -t, hyader sheepskin (with the fleece)

hif 1. starvation l-euluf de-n-nas qtelhom l-hif. Thousands of people died from starvation. 2. voracious appetite, gluttony kan fih wazed l-hif dyal lli modda ma-kla. He showed a voracious appetite as if he hadn't eaten for some time. 3. greediness, cupidity

hilal same as hlal

himan v.n. of ham

himaž pl. of hamaži

hiša pl. -t, hyuš, hwayeš animal, beast

¶ fih^{ϕ} le-hwayeš to be epileptic \neq , to have epilepsy \neq

¶ hiša d-le-bzăr whale

¶ hiša d-le-xla wild animal, beast

¶ le-hwayeš epilepsy

hiya (f. sg. disjunctive pron.) 1. she \(\tau na\) xrežna u-hiya bqat fe-d-dar. We went out while she stayed home. 2. it fayn ksuwtek?—ha-hiya. Where is your dress?—Here it is. 3. so, that means (used in connected discourse) hiya bqit ka-nsalek settin derhem. So you still owe me fifty dirhams. 4. used as question marker (see huwa) hiya mšat m\(\tau kom\)? Did she go with you?—škun hiya dak le-mra? Who's that woman?—fayn hiya l-magana lli šra-lek bbak? Where's the watch your father bought you?

Thiya lli she, it (emphatic), she's the one who (see huwa lli)

Thiya daba so, that means hiya daba

imken iwelliw deddu. That means they might turn against him.

** hiya hadik (see huwa hadak). That's her (That's the one); That's it (That's the one); It comes out the same.

hiyyen pl. -in easy, simple

hiyyež v.t. to excite, to arouse

hiža n.i. of haž

hiža? v.n. of hža

hižan v.n. of haž

hižra 1. v.n. of hažer 2. Hegira

hižri pl. -yen of or pertaining to the hižra hel (used in combination with other n.)

1. family, relatives hel le-mra dyalu

mažyen ģedda. His wife's family is coming tomorrow. 2. people, inhabitants, natives (of city, etc.) e.g. hel fas the people of Fez ¶ hel l-zărfa, hel s-sen Ea experts

hlak v.n. of hlek
hlal pl. -at crescent (moon)

hlika v.n. of hlek

hliya same as ?ahliya

hlek v.t. (v.n. hlak, hlika) 1. to cause much harm to 2. to endanger 3. to ruin, to reduce to nothing

¶ hlek $rasu^{\phi}$ to put oneself in a dangerous situation

hellel v.i. 1. to recite litanies containing the formula la-?ilaha ?illa llah 2. to talk nonsense

hmames pl. of hemsa 2

hmed v.i. (v.n. hmid) to calm down (e.g., pain)

hemda n.i. of hmed

hmid v.n. of hmed

hmiz v.n. of hmez

hmel v.t. (v.n. ?ihmal) 1. to neglect 2. to give the cold shoulder to

hemm v.t. to concern, to involve sma had š-ši, rah ka-ihemmek. Listen to this, it concerns you. —š-ka-ihemmni ana f-had š-ši kollu? What do I care about all this?

hemm pl. hmum, humum trouble, worry

hemma pl. -t dignity, self-respect, nobility of

¶ tazet hemmtu ϕ to lose prestige \neq , to be disgraced \neq

¶ tiyyez b-hemma to dishonor, to disgrace tiyyz u be-l-hemma d-raželha. They disgraced her husband.

hemmes v.i. to track up a surface by walking on it with dirty feet

hemses v.i. and v.t. to whisper

hemşa 1. n.i. of hemmeş 2. pl. -t, hmameş dirty footprint

hmum pl. of hemm

hmuz pl. of hemza 2

hmez v.i. (v.n. hmiz) 1. to make a big deal, to make a good haul 2. to spur (horse) hemza 1. n.i. of hmez 2. pl. -t letter of the

Arabic alphabet (glottal stop) 3. pl. -t, hmuz big deal, good deal, good haul

hemziya (with art.) elegy on the Prophet composed by the poet al-busiri

hna ihna v.i. (v.n. hna) 1. to become peaceful, to calm down (condition) 2. to live in peace

hna (m.) 1. v.n. of hna 2. peace, tranquility kanu ¿äyyšin f-le-hna qbel ma-iži. They lived in peace before he came.

hna here xellik hna zetta nemšiw žmič. Stay here till we can go together.

I hna u-hna here and there

¶ le-hna, lle-hna here, hither fuq-aš žat lle-hna? When did she come here?

¶ma-hna...ha (hadi or hadu) expr. used in a statement of disapproval or resentment ma-hna klam hada qal-lha. He shouldn't have said that to her (i.e. he shouldn't have talked to her the way he did) —ma-hna makla hadi. This is no food. —ma-hna ktub hadu. These books aren't worth much.

¶ men hna l-l-fuq, men hna l-l-qoddam from now on

hnak there, over there

hnaker pl. of henkara

hnaya same as hna

hend steel

¶ (blad)l-hend India

¶ br al l-hend very strong, hard

¶ras l-hend pl. ryus l-hend hardheaded, stubborn walayenni dak l-weld ras l-hend. That boy is so stubborn.

hendasa 1. geometry 2. architecture 3. engineering (science)

hendi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. hnud Indian (of India)

hendi, hendiya pl. hnud (of intensity) prickly pear (fruit or cactus)

hendez v.t. to scrutinize, to look at very closely

hniya Ela 1. congratulatory expr. addressed to a person to whom a baby has just been born: to the mother, hniya Elik; to the father or other relative, hniya Ela followed by the mother's name or relationship, e.g., hniya Ela lalla fatma, or hniya Ela mrat xak. 2. sarcastic remark made about or to s.o. doing s.th. late or arriving late iwa hniya Elik! Here you are, at last! (You finally made it!)

henkara pl. hnaker old shoe

henna v.t. 1. to leave alone, to leave in peace sir wezdek u-hennina. Go by yourself and leave us alone (i.e. don't bother us any more). —Elaš had d-duwăl le-kbar ma-ittawaw-š băEdiyathom w-henniw

d-denya? Why can't these big nations get

along together and leave the world in peace? 2. to congratulate henninah

be-n-nažaz dyalu. We congratulated him on his success. 3. to deliver, to rescue, to save xeṣṣu ši-ṭbib mezyan lli ġad-ihennih men had l-merd. He needs a good doctor to deliver him from this illness. 4. to save (s.o.) the trouble rak tā mel fiya xir kbir ila hennitini men s-sfer l-merrakeš. You'll do me a big favor if you save me the trouble of making a trip to Marrakesh.

** !lah ihennik! Good-by!

Thenna bal, henna dmay to assure, to give confidence to hennina-lhom balhom u-qolna-lhom šrina d-dar. We assured them that we bought the house.—gir henni balek (or dmayek) men had l-qadiya. Just don't worry about this matter.

henned v.t. to strengthen, to fortify (door, fort, etc.)

hnud 1. n.pl. of hendi 2. pl. (of intensity) of hendi, hendiya

hra ihra v.i. 1. to be or become overripe 2. to be or become overcooked 3. to be or become spoiled (person)

hragem pl. of hergma

hrarez pl. of herrazi

hrawa pl. -t club, cudgel

hreb v.i. (v.n. hrib, hrub; a.p. hareb, herban)
1. to run away, to flee 2. to play hooky

herba n.i. of hreb

herban 1. a.p. of hreb 2. pl. -in fugitive, run-away

hred v.t. (v.n. hrid) 1. to crush 2. to scrub
3. to eat a great deal of 4. to cram (lesson)
¶ hred n-nab to chat, to beat one's gums
hergma pl. -t, hragem 1. feet of sheep or

cattle 2. meal of sheep or cattle feet herhuri pl. -yen 1. turbulent (of river) 2.

noisy, boisterous

** duz Eăl l-herhuri la-dduz Eăl

s-sakuti. saying implying that a person who appears to be quiet and easy-going might turn out to be very hard to handle or deal with

hri pl. herya, heryan 1. storehouse, warehouse 2. large store 3. granary

hrib v.n. of hreb

hrid v.n. of hred

hrim v.n. of hrem

hriq v.n. of hreq

hrem v.i. (v.n. hrim) to get old, to be broken down by old age (people, things)

hermeš v.t. to partly crush or grind

hernan pl. -in grumbler, one who grumbles hernen v.i. to grumble

hernet v.i. 1. to bray (donkey) 2. to bawl, to scream violently

hreq v.t. (v.n. hriq) to spill (liquid)

I hrea l-ma to urinate

herr v.t. (v.n. herran) to tickle waxxa

ka-nherruh ma-ka-id Tăk-š. Even when we tickle him he doesn't laugh.

herr (no pl.) sensitivity to being tickled \P fih ϕ l-herr to be ticklish \neq

herra v.t. 1. to overcook 2. to spoil (s.o.)
herrab adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a 1. deserter, runaway 2. one given to running away 3. one

herran v.n. of herr

herraga pl. -t urinal

given to playing hooky

herrazi pl. -yat, hrarez cylindrical clay drum open at one end

herreb v.t. 1. to cause or help to run away, escape l-Eăssas b-rasu lli herrebhom men l-Zăbs. It was the guard himself who helped them escape from jail. 2. to cause to stay away, to keep away from Eămmerha ma-ka-tEăllem wladha ši-Zaža lli

gad-therrebhom men l-medrasa. She never teaches her children anything that might keep them away from school. 3. to smuggle out f-weqt l-z ărb kanu ka-iherrbu s-sel a le-qlila. During the war rare goods were smuggled out. 4. to banish, to deport

herrbel kind of sweet gruel made of corn and milk

horrma pl. -t obese or very fat person (derisive)

herreq v.t. to spill (intentionally), to pour (out)

herres v.t. (v.n. tehras, hers) 1. to break škun herres had l-kas? Who broke this glass?

—!azet men fuq l-zāwd u-herrset rželha. She fell off the horse and broke her leg.

2. to cut up herrsu r-rkiza u-gdaw t-traf kollhom. They cut the log up and burned all the pieces. 3. to ruin dak l-biza u-šerya herrsettu. That business deal ruined him.

herrus see bu-herrus

hers v.n. of herres

hrub v.n. of hreb

herwal pl. -in ambler, one that goes at an amble (horse, person)

herwi (sg. and coll.) bull (bovine)

herwel v.i. to go at an amble (horse, person) herya pl. of hri

heryan pl. of hri

hšaš v.i. (v.n. hšaša) 1. to become tender (e.g., cooked meat) 2. to become crumbly (e.g., construction)

hšaš pl. of hšiš

hšaša v.n. of hšaš

hšiš pl. hšaš 1. tender (e.g., cooked meat)
2. crumbly

httef b- (v.n. htif) 1. to acclaim (s.o.) 2. to praise incessantly

htif v.n. of htef

htik v.n. of htek

htir v.n. of hter htek v.t. (v.n. htik) 1. to tear up, to make a

tek v.t. (v.n. httk) 1. to tear up, to make a hole in (by beating hard on s.th., e.g., a drum) 2. to deflower, to deprive of virginity (pejorative)

Thtek l-zorma dyal, htek zormt to cast aspersions on the honor of (s.o.), to dishonor, to disgrace

htemm b-1. to take care of & ammerha

ma-htemmet b-sezztha. She never took care of her health. 2. to be interested in, to give importance to, to pay attention to kan ka-ihtemm be-l-muz adarat. He used to be interested in lectures. 3. to worry about, to be concerned about ka-ihtemmu bezzaf be-l-musteqbal dyalu. They are very much concerned about his career.

hter v.i. (v.n. htir) 1. to talk nonsense, to wander 2. to get out of hand (as a spoiled child)

hetref v.i. to rave, to talk deliriously hudhud same as hedhud

hul pl. hwal calamity, trouble, disaster huma they (pl. disjunctive pron.)

humum pl. of hemm

huwa (m. sg. disjunctive pron.) 1. he huwa ma-Eăndu flus. He has no money.

—ṛa-huwa maži ģedda. He's coming tomorrow. 2. it ha le-ktab Ela-š ka-ddur. —fayn huwa? Here's the book you're looking for.—Where is it? 3. used as a question marker huwa lli tlaqat? Was he the one she met? —škun huwa had l-weld? Who's this boy? —fayn huwa 1-tbib? Where's the doctor?

¶ huwa lli he, it (emphatic), he's the one who huwa lli bda had d-dbaz. He's the one who started this fight.

** huwa hadak. That's him (That's the one); That's it (That's the one); It's the same (it comes out the same). —huwa huwa. It's the same (there's no difference).

huwwa v.t. 1. to air, to ventilate (a place)
2. to make cool 3. to fan

huwwas pl. -in bothersome, annoying

huwwed v.i. to go down, to come down, to descend

huwwel v.t. to worry, to alarm bqit mhuwwel mnin ma-¿äyyetti-š. I was worried when you didn't call. —huwwlu n-nas b-le-xbar lli žabu. They alarmed the people with the news they brought.

huwwen v.t. to facilitate, to make easy waldih huwwnu Elih koll-si mnin Etaweh le-flus lli xessuh. His parents made everything easy for him by giving him all the money he needed

huwwes v.t. to bother, to annoy

hužum v.n. of hžem

hwa ihwa v.t. (v.n. hwa) 1. to love, to fall in love with ka-ihwa l-musiqa. He loves music. 2. to please, to be agreeable to hwatni t-tabi&a d-had le blad. I like the scenery in this town.

hwa (m.) 1. v.n. of hwa 2. air zell s-seržem baš idxolna šwiya d-le-hwa. Open the window so we can have some air. 3. climate, weather le-hwa de-bladkom szib. Your country has a rough climate. 4. capriciousness

hwal pl. of hul

hwas annoyance, bother

¶ fih ϕ le-hwas to be annoying, bother-some \neq had d-drari $\delta \subset$ al fihom d-le-hwas! These children are so annoying!

hwayeš pl. of hiša

hăwl same as hul

hewya pl. -t ditch, large hole in the ground

hay? a same as hi? a hyader pl. of hidura

hyaąeę pi. or niąuęa hyat v.n. of hayet

hyuš pl. of hiša

hzal pl. of hzil

hil pl. -in, hzal (comp. hzel) thin, skinny, slender, lean l-begrat lli ¿ăndu kollhom hzal. All the cows he has are skinny. —šrat wazed l-lzăm hzil. She bought lean meat. hziza (a) little while bqa m¿ana gir hziza u-mša. He stayed just a little while with us and then left.

hzel v.i. to become thin, to become skinny hzel comp. of hzil

hezz (v.n. hezzan) 1. to take, to pick up ra-\(\tau\) na hezzina-lkom men makeltkom. We took some of your food. —hezz dak le-ktab qbel ma-izdem \(\text{lih}\) iii-wazed. Pick up that book before somebody steps on it. 2. to shake, to move bqa ihezz t-tebla zetta therrsu ker\(\text{Zanha}\). He shook the table so hard that the legs broke. 3. to lift hezz

režlik baš nšetteb tezthom. Lift your feet so I can sweep under them.

¶ hezz nifu ϕ ξ la to look with disdain upon

hezza pl. -t n.i. of hezz

¶ *hezza [@]aṛḍiya* earthquake

hezzan v.n. of hezz

hža ihži v.t. (v.n. hiža?) to attack or malign (s.o.) through poetry, to lampoon in poetry hžažel pl. of hežžal and hežžala

hžim v.n. of hžem

hžem v.i. (v.n. hžim, hžum, hužum) to attack, to assault fayna žāyš lli hžem l-luwwel? Which army attacked first? —l-žarida de-l-mu arada hežmet bezzaf Ela ra?is l-zukuma. The Prime Minister was bitterly attacked by the opposition newspaper.

hežma 1. n.i. of hžem 2. pl. -t aggressive act hžer v.t. 1. to emigrate from 2. to stop sleep-

ing with (one's wife)
hežran v.n. of hažer

hžuliva widowhood

hžum v.n. of hžem

hežžal pl. hžažel widower

hežžala pl. -t, hžažel widow

hežžer v.t. to cause to emigrate

¶ hežžer l- to make (s.o.) feel sorry or sad after having done s.th. pleasant, to spoil (s.th.) for (s.o.) qalt-lek ġad-thežžer-lhom nzahthom. She said she's going to make them feel sorry for (ever) having gone picknicking.

¶ hežžerha~ l- to change the happiness of (s.o.) into sadness

hežžež v.t. 1. to disturb f-ness l-lil nadu ka-iddabzu u-hežžžu ž-žiran. They started fighting in the middle of the night and disturbed the neighbors. 2. to displace, to force to move nfaweh u-hežžžu Ea?iltu kollha men darhom. They exiled him and forced all his family to move out of their home.

ibari pl. of ibra

ibas v.n. of ibes

*ibban (no pl.) 1. season (of the year, hunting, opera, etc.) 2. time, epoch, era

*tbham pl. -at 1. ambiguity, vagueness ka-tkellem b-*ibham. You're speaking ambiguously. 2. thumb

Pibil (coll.) camel(s) ka-tewžeb z-zka z etta čăl l-Pibil. The zka must be paid even on camels.

ibis v.n. of ibes

Piblis (no art.) Satan, the Devil

ibra pl. -t, ibari 1. needle (sewing, hypodermic) 2. shot (hypodermic)

¶ dreb l-ibra l- to give a shot to

gibril same as gabril

ibes iybes v.i. (1st person impf. sg. nibes pl. nibsu or nyebsu, 3rd person f. sg. impf. yebsat or yebset, 3rd person pl. impf. and perfect yebsu; v.n. ibas, ibis, ibus, ibusa) to dry (out or up) nšert t-tesbin baš iybes. I've hung the wash out to dry. —had l-xobz ibes men s-sbaz l-daba. This bread has dried out just since this morning.

ibus ** ibest f-mazălli. I froze on the spot (from fear.) ¶ a.p. yabes pl. -in dry ibus v.n. of ibes ibusa v.n. of ibes ibzar black pepper ida same as ila idam pl. (of intensity) idumat grease (as used in cooking) idida pl. -t dim. of yedd gidn (no pl.) authorization, permission idumat pl. of idam 2 idara pl. -t 1. administration l-žami a dyalna Eăndha Pidara deifa. Our university has a weak administration. 2. management l-?idara d-had l-mă mel žatu sciba bezzaf. He found the management of this factory very difficult. 3. office l-2 idarat kollhom ka-išeddu f-le-Eyad. All offices are closed during the holidays.

Qustad istazeqq ši-Qidara. He is a teacher fit for principalship. igara pl. -t (usually with art.) ruckus, big to-do qiyyem Elina l-igara. He really raised a ruckus (about it) with us.

4. principalship, office of principal hadak

igata 1. v.n. of gat 2. help, assistance, aid mšaw l-l-igata dyalu. They went to his aid. ?ihmal v.n. of hmel

ihud pl. of ihudi

ihudi pl. ihud, f. ihudiya pl. -t Jew (person) @iklil (no. pl.) bouquet (of flowers)

?ikram generosity

ila 1. if, in case (that) (not used in contraryto-fact cases) ila țar et š-šta ma-nexrož-š. If it rains I won't go out. -nemši meak ila ġad-ttčăšša mčana ġedda. I'll go with you if you have supper with us tomorrow. - xessek tebqa hna zetta ila ža ižebrek. You should stay here so that if he comes he'll find you. 2. used in various expr. we-llah ila Eayh Elikom ma-žitiw-š l-Eersna. I'm a little mad at you for not

coming to our wedding. -!!ah ixellik ila ma tnub Eliya. Would you please see if you can replace me?

¶ ila @axirih~ and so forth, et cetera Pilah, ilah pl. -at, Paliha god, deity

** la-?ilaha illa llah, muzămmed rașul llah. There is no god but God and Mohammed is the prophet of God.

¶ l-?ilah same as llah

Pilham inspiration

illa except, but koll-ši ža illa zmed. Everyone came but Ahmed.

imam, ?imam pl. -at 1. one who leads the prayer in the mosque, imam 2. n.u. -a turtle-dove

iman, ?iman faith, belief (religion) imara pl. -t, imayer 1. trace, sign, clue š-šeffar ma-xella z etta imara fe-d-dar. The thief didn't leave a single clue in the house. 2. track, print (as left by an animal or

man) 3. password, countersign 4. proof, evidence ma-taq biya zetta rewwitu l-imara. He didn't believe me until I showed him proof. 5. description, particulars (for purposes of identification)

imaver pl. of imara

Pimda? pl. -at signature baš š-šak ikun sziz xessek tz ett fih l-?imda? dyalek. In order for this check to be valid you'll have to put your signature on it.

imin right, right side ka-nakol dima b-yeddi d-l-imin. I always eat with my right hand.

¶ Eăl l-imin 1. on the right dari Eăl l-min. My house is on the right. 2. right, to the right sir Eăl l-imin! Go to the right! ¶ z lef b-l-imin same as z lef b-le-z ram

(see zram) eimkan 1. v.n. of mken 2. means, possibility safet-lhom ?iEana Ela Zasab l-?imkan dyalu. He sent them a contribution according to his means. -f-?imkanu ixelles le-qder kamel. He can pay all the amount. 2. possibility, ability f-qimkani nsafer fug-emma bgit. I can take the trip any time I want. -f-?imkanek dži had l-lila? Could you come over tonight?

@imma used in the expr. @imma . . . aw, or gimma . . . wa gilla either . . . or imken-lek ?imma t& ăyyet-lu aw temši l-& andu le-d-dar. You can either call him or go to his home.

imen same as imin

imni f. imna, imniya pl. -yen 1. right, on the right 2. right-handed (person)

Pimta when (interrogative) Pimta maži? When are you coming?

ina which (interrogative) ina keswa bģiti telbes? Which dress do you want to put on? inbaği used in the expr. ka-ma inbaği suitably, correctly, properly, in due form, right ka-ixessek teamer l-werga ka-ma inbagi. You must fill out the form correctly, -ila

ma-sketti nşawbek m a raşek ka-ma inbaği. If you don't be quiet, I'm going to fix you up right.

?indar pl. -at ultimatum

ginsan, insan 1. man, human (being) l-ginsan siyyed l-zayawan. Man is lord over the animals. 2. pl. nas person (pl. people)

¶wazed l-@insan, ši-@insan somebody, someone

Pinsaniya mankind, humanity

** ma-fih @insaniya. He's cruel, inhuman. Pinsaf fairness, impartiality intaž v.n. of ntež Pinžil (usually with art.) 1. gospel

(Christian) 2. Bible

iqala v.n. of qal iqil iqama pl. (of intensity) iqayem 1. mint (plant) 2. necessary accessories (for doing

s.th.) xeyyetti-li l-qeftan?—la, ma-zal, xessek tešri-li l-iqama bă a. Have you made that caftan for me?—No, not yet; you'll have to buy me the stuff first. 3. ingredients (as in preparing a meal)

¶ l-iqama de-s-siniya tea set (i.e., all the necessary utensils for making and serving) iqayem pl. of iqama

giqbal clientele

eigrar approval, ratification

iršadat (pl.) instructions (to be carried out)
fislam (with art.) 1. Islam, Muslim religion
2. v.n. of slem 2

Pislami pl. -yen Islamic

fism, ism pl. fasmaf, asami, smiyat (usually sem or sm in cons.) name smek? What's your name?

¶ b-ismi llah, or be-sme-llah 1. in the name of God 2. let's get started (eating, working, etc.)

eisrafil archangel who is to announce the Final Judgment

eisraeil Israel
isri same as isri

istid & a same as stid & a

istiglal same as stiglal istinaf same as stinaf

isti & mal same as sti & mal

isaba pl. -t goal, score (soccer, hockey)

isar, iser left ka-ikteb b-yeddu d-l-isar. He writes with his left hand.

¶ Eăl l-ișar, Eăl l-ișer 1. left, to the left dur Eăl l-isar hna. Turn left here. 2. on the left — šritha men l-zanut lli Eăl l-ișer. I bought it from the shop which is on the left. Pislaz pl. -at v.n. of şlez

isri f. isra, isriya pl. -yen 1. left, on the left žerzet yeddha l-isriya. She cut her left hand. 2. left-handed (person)

išafi pl. of išfa

išara pl. -t 1. signal, sign £tini l-išara mnin tebģini nxerrež le-Emara. Give me the signal when you want me to fire. 2. sign, direction (e.g. street sign) 3. gesture (as with the hand) 4. mark, scar 5. landmark 6. omen, presage, sign 7. target

¶ dreb l-išara to play at throwing rocks (or similar item) at a target (as old cans); to indulge in target-shooting

iša & a pl. -t rumor

išfa pl. -t, išafi awl

iššir (pl. drari) little boy

itama pl. of itim itbat v.n. of thet

itim pl. itama, f. itima pl. -t orphan (either parent or both dead)

Pitgan v.n. of tgen

¶ be-l-@itqan to perfection, with great pains

ițali pl. -yen Italian

italya Italy

ițra pl. -t, ițari payment (by installment plan)
ma-zalin-li reb a d-l-ițari u-nkemmel
le-xlaș de-d-dar. I still have four more
payments to make on the house.

ițru pl. -yat, -wat liter

iwa interjection of various usages iwa! Hey!
(i.e., you kids be quiet); Well, go on! (i.e.,
what happened then?). —iwa sir! Well,
go on! —iwa, nemšiw? Well, shall we go?
i-we-llahi expr. of emphasis i-we-llahi biča
u-šerya hadi! My God, what a problem
(i.e., situation)!

ixiya bleach

eixwan pl. of xu

ixx expr. of disgust or repugnance at an offensive odor or filth

iyeh yes

iyyam, iyyamat pl. of yum iyyas same as ye⁹s

izar pl. izur (bed) sheet

izur pl. of izar

ižara pl. -t, ižayer 1. pay, salary (regular)

2. remuneration ižayer pl. of ižara

⁹ižaza pl. -t 1. vacation, leave 2. degree,
diploma

gir san kindness, benevolence

zicsan kindness, benevolei

وز sae v.n. of عرم

tilal v.n. of z tell عن 9

i ana help, aid, assistance

@i&dam 1. v.n. of &dem 2. capital punishment @i&lam pl. -at announcement, notice (written or spoken)

K

*Labab pieces or cutlets of meat (usually lamb) broiled on a skewer

¶ kabab meġdur dish of lamb cutlets cooked with onions, parsley, spices, and sometimes eggs

kabina pl. -t bathroom (usually with toilet only)

kaber v.i. to stick with it, to not give up, to persevere

¶ kaber $m \in a$ to be tolerant of (s.o.), to not give up on (s.o.)

kabran pl. -at 1. corporal 2. foreman kabus pl. kwabes pistol, revolver

kada used in the expr. kada wa-kada such

60

and such qolt-lu xellest kada wa-kada. I told him I paid such an such.

kadalik 1. too, also ana kadalik qemt fe-s-setta de-s-sbaz. I got up at six in the

morning too. 2. either (with negative sentence) kadalik ana ma-Eăndi flus. I don't have any money either. 3. exactly, right (in affirmative replies) ma-qolt-lu-ši imken-lu yaxodha?—kadalik. Didn't I tell him he could have it?—Right.

kadăr grief, sadness

kaf pl. kifan cave, cavern, grotto

kafa v.t. (v.n. mkafya) to reward kafana E al l-xedma lli xdemna. He rewarded us for the work that we did.

kafatira pl. -t type of hot-water heater (e.g. used in a café)

kaffa all le-mġarba kaffa ka-ifeddlu atay čăl l-qehwa. All Moroccans prefer tea to coffee. kafi a.p. of kfa

kafur camphor

kağıt, kağet pl. kwağet 1. paper (in general) kaka v.i. to laugh out loud, to guffaw

kal yakol same as kla

kala v.t. 1. to chock, to wedge (as to immobilize a vehicle or door) 2. to cause or make stall (an engine)

kala pl. -t chock, wedge (for immobilizing s.th.)

kama, ka-ma as, like seqqem kama qolt-lek!
Do as I told you!

** xellih kama huwa! Leave it like it is!
---s-safar kan kama inbaği. The trip was
just right.

kamal perfection

kamanža pl. -t violin

kamanži pl. -ya violinist

kamiyu pl. -yat, -wat truck waš kamiyu dyal seb a tun iqeddek baš tneqqel s-sel a? Will a seven-ton truck be enough for you to haul the merchandise?

kamel a.p. of kmel

kamun cumin

kamuni pl. -yen brownish-green (i.e., color of cumin)

kan ikun 1. to be (not expressed in equational sentences) l-muzadara kanet muhimma. The lecture was interesting. —ma-txellizetta wazed idxol Eăndi waxxa ikun bba!

Don't let anyone in here, even if it's my father! —şuq Eam d-duwăli ka-ikun

Eadatan fe-d-dar l-bida. The Annual International Fair is usually in Casablanca.

-kun driyyef! Be nice! 2. to exist, there to be ila ma-kan-š llah škun xleq had

l-Ealâm? If God doesn't exist (or, there is no God), who created this world? —kanu bezzaf d-le-qbayel d-le-hnud f-?amirika. There were many Indian tribes in America. 3. various auxiliary uses kanet dima

ka-tqul-lu iži bekri. She always used to tell him to come early. — Elaš ma-kanet-š

ka-tehder m Eah?—kan qal-lha ši-klam

qbic. Why wasn't she talking to him?—He had said something to her she didn't like.

—jedda f-had l-weqt tkun wselti. By this time tomorrow you will have arrived.

—kun dži bekri koll nhar. Come early every day.

** sir tqelleb Elih kan Eăl !!ah telqah. Go look for him to see if you can find him.—w-ila kan! So what! What of it!—hada ma kan. That's all (there is).—dak š-ši lli kan. (Do, Say, Give, etc.) whatever you can; something, anything.—u-kan? Is that all? No more?

¶ ikun maybe, perhaps ikun Etaha-lhom. Maybe he gave it to them.

¶u-kan if u-kan ma-konti-š čăndi ziza ma-nqul-lek-š had le-klam. If you weren't such a good friend I wouldn't tell you this. kanar pl. -at canary (bird)

kantina pl. -t canteen, cantina, cabaret

kanun pl. kwanen type of brazier (for cooking and heat)

kar pl. -at, kiran bus (cross-country)

kara pl. -t trick, wile

karama pl. -t s.th. good, good fortune, gift (from God)

karbun carbide (used in generating acetylene)

kari a.p. of kra

karim pl. kurama generous, beneficent, munificent.

¶ l-karim The Beneficent (God)

karem a.p. of krem

karăm generosity, munificence

karta pl. -t, kwaret 1. card (membership, credit, playing, etc.) 2. (coll., with above pl. as cpl.; sg. werqa de-l-karta) (deck of) cards

karyan pl. -at quarry (rock)

kas pl. kisan 1. (drinking) glass 2. cup (trophy)

kasăl laziness

kasăr used in the expr. ma-Çăndi kasăr. I don't care one way or the other.

kašša pl. -t, kwaš type of light blanket, cover kateb v.t. to correspond with, to write to (regularly)

katib pl. kottab 1. secretary 2. writer (as in a newspaper)

katir same as ktir

katri pl. -yat wooden shelf built just below the ceiling, used for storage, and often a hed.

kawakib pl. of kewkeb

kawatšu rubber (especially of tires)

kawkaw n.u. -a peanut(s)

kawya pl. -t, kwawi 1. solder 2. welding metal

kayas 1. gravel (large gauge) 2. n.u. -a rock, stone (e.g., which one might throw)

kayen, kayn pl. -in there is, there are (pl. used mostly with persons) was kayen

ši-wazed fe-d-dar? Is there anyone at home? —kaynin ši-nas temma? Are there any people there?

** ma-kayen Elaš temši l-temma. There's no reason for you to go there. —fayn kayna darkom? Where is your house?

kayenn (with pron. endings) as if ka-tă ref l-megrib kayennek konti temma. You know (about) Morocco as if you had been there.

kbabet pl. of kebbut

kbad pl. of kebda

kbal pl. of kbel

kbal n.u. -a ear of corn

kbar pl. of kbir

kbaš pl. of kebš

kbaybi pl. -ya one who makes, cooks, and sells kabab

kebb ikobb (v.n. kebban, kobban) 1. v.t. to pour (liquids) kobb-li šwiya d-atay f-had l-kas! Pour me a little tea in this glass. 2. v.i. to come unexpectedly in large numbers (e.g., guests)

¶ kebb Ela 1. to concentrate on, to take great pains with 2. to crowd around (s.o. or s.th.) l-xeddama kollhom kebbu Eăl l-mekteb de-l-mudir. All the workers crowded around the manager's office.

kobba pl. -t, kbeb (dim. kbiba) ball, skein (of yarn, etc.)

The state of grey or white hair (on s.o.'s head)

kebban, kobban v.n. of kebb

kobbaniya pl. -t 1. company, firm 2. group (of people)

kebbeb v.t. to twine or roll into a kobba (yarn, etc.)

kebbed v.i. (some v.t. use) to coagulate (blood)

kebbel v.t. to fetter, to put handcuffs or shackles on (s.o.'s hands, feet; may extend to rope used in tying s.o.)

kebber v.t. 1. to grow, to raise (flowers, crops, etc.) 2. to raise, to rear (child) 3. to enlarge, to make bigger

¶ kebber b- 1. to do (s.o.) an honor žiti l-Eăndi u-kebberti biya. You do me an honor by coming to my house. 2. to receive cordially, warmly 3. to build up (s.o.)

¶ kebber keršu¢ to be or act greedy kebber to say the expr. Pellahu Pekbar kebbut pl. kbabet 1. coat, jacket 2. pullover, sweater 3. overcoat

kebda pl. -t, kbad, kbud (dim. kbida) 1. liver 2. courage kbedtu qas a, ga ma-ka-ixaf. He has great courage and fears nothing. 3. love, affection l-yemm Eăndha l-kebda Ela wladha. A mother has love for her children.

¶rebba l-kebda Ela to develop the habit of or fondness for bubker rebba l-kebda Ela šrib l-qehwa. Bubker has developed the habit of drinking coffee.

** aži, ya kbidti! Come, my dear! (with children)

kbiber pl. -in not very old but older than certain others (as a twelve-year-old among seven- or eight-year-olds).

¶ kbiber ≥la a little bigger than

kbida dim. of kebda

kbir pl. kbar (comp. kber) 1. big, large had s-sebbat kbir Eliya. These shoes are (too) big for me. 2. old, aged (person) 3. grave, serious (matter)

kbel pl. kbal leg irons, fetters

kber v.i. 1. to get big (ger), to enlarge

2. to get or become old or aged (person)
3. to grow (up) (person, plant, animal)
kber comp. of kbir

kbor old age (of person)

kebrata pl. -t reed basket-like device placed over a brazier, used to dry certain clothes (usually diapers)

kebrit sulfur

kebriti pl. -yen light or pale yellow

kebret v.t. to treat with sulfur

kebš pl. kbaš male sheep, ram

kbud pl. of kebda

kda u- odd xellest kda u- ešrin derhem. I paid twenty-odd dirhams.

kdeb v.i. (v.n. kdub) to lie, to tell a lie Elaš kdebti Eliya? Why did you lie to me?

kedba pl. -t lie, untruth

keddab adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a 1. liar 2. one who frequently breaks his word

keddeb v.t. 1. not to believe, to give the lie to (s.o.) 2. to deny (a fact)

kedder v.t. 1. to irritate, to peeve 2. to cause to be saddened or grieved

keddes v.t. 1. to put into a pile or heap, to pile or heap 2. to cram, to stuff (s.th. into s.th.) kdi pl. of kodya

kdub v.n. of kdeb

¶ b-le-kdub used to express the pretending or faking of some action gadi nderbek b-le-kdub. I'm going to pretend to hit you. kodya pl. -t, kdi 1. hill, knoll 2. mound, bump (on the ground)

kedder same as kedder

kfa ikfi (v.n. kfaya) to be enough, to suffice Etitu žuž kilu de-l-limun u-kfaweh. The two kilos of oranges I gave him were enough (for him).

** ikfik men le-qraya. You've done enough studying.

¶ a.p. kafi pl. kafyen enough waš had š-ši

lli žebt-lek kafi wella la? Is what I brought you enough (or not)?

kfaf pl. of kfif kfafes pl. of keffus

kfaya 1. v.n. of kfa 2. sufficiency

kfayti pl. -va one who sells hamburger or ground beef, i.e. kefta (sometimes cooked) kfef pl. of keffa

keff pl. kfuf palm (hand)

keffa pl. -t, kfef pan (of balance or scales) koffar pl. of kafer (a.p. of kfer)

keffef v.i. 1. to clap (hands) 2. to applaud ¶ keffef Ela 1. to clap for (as in calling

a servant) 2. to applaud for (s.o.)

keffen v.t. to put the shroud or winding sheet on (the dead)

keffes v.t. to ruin, (meal, work, watch, etc.) keffus pl. kfafes 1. soot, lampblack 2. hideous, ugly, deformed (expr. used by women)

kfif pl. -in, kfaf blind, sightless

kfir v.n. of kfer

kfen pl. kfuna shroud, winding sheet (for the dead)

kfer v.i. (v.n. kfir) 1. to renounce or apostatize from Islam 2. to get irritated or furious (as from losing one's patience, or from frustration)

¶ a.p. kafer pl. koffar unbeliever (in Islam), non-Muslim, infidel

kfes (men) worse (than) huwa kfes menni f-le-7 sab. He's worse than me in arithmetic.

kefta ground meat (usually beef)

kfuf pl. of keff

kfuna pl. of kfen

kehhan pl. -a 1. sorcerer, magician 2. fortuneteller

kehhen v.i. 1. to indulge in or practice sorcery 2. to practice fortune-telling

ki abbreviated form of kif (the adv.)

kib pl. kyab type of overhanging roof covering a door or window

kidar pl. kyader (he-)mule

kif marijuana (prepared for smoking)

kif (usually ki before consonants) 1. how (with -en before hiya, huwa, huma; often with -as when equivalent to "in what manner") kif-en huwa bbak? How's your father? -kif (or kif-aš) ka-tzell had s-senduq? How do you open this box? -werri-li kif-aš nestă mel had l-makina. Show me how to use this machine. 2. as, like zmed kif xah. Ahmed is like his brother. - Emel kif golt-lek! Do as I told you! 3. as soon as, when kif dxel mša it ammem. As soon as he came in he went to take a bath.

¶ bezra kif, yallah kif just bezra kif wsel had s-sbaz. He just arrived this morning.

¶ kif kif just alike, the same huma kif kif. They're just alike.

** kif kif! Makes no difference (to me). ¶ $kifu\phi$ kif (to be) just like \neq kifu kifbbah. He's just like his father.

¶ kif-ma, kif-emma as kif-emma bģiti. As you wish.

kifan pl. of kaf kifaya sufficiency

kifayaš same as kif-aš (variation of kif, how) kifiya 1. way, manner ana gadi nrewwik l-kifiya baš txeddem had l-gala, I'll show you the way to run this machine. 2. method, procedure šniya l-kifiya lli stă melti baš txerrež had l-muškila l-zisabiya? What procedure did you follow to solve this arithmetic problem?

kil pl. kyal (amount of) two liters (wet or dry)

kilu pl. -wat, -yat kilogram

ki-ma same as kif-ma (see kif, how) kimiya 1. chemistry 2. s.th. outstanding or marvelous, a wonder

ki-mma same as kif-ma (see kif, how)

kina quinine kir pl. kyar 1. bellows 2. accordion, concertina

kis pl. kyas, kyus pouch, bag (for money)

¶ kis de-l-Zămmam bag-like mitten used for washing in the bath

kisan pl. of kas

kiran pl. of kar

kitaba same as ktaba

kitabatan by or in writing

kitabi pl. -yen written (i.e., not oral)

kitab-llah the Koran

kiyy n.u. -a n.i. of kwa 2, 3, and 4

** kiyytek! Now you're in for it! You'll get hell for doing that! (said by women) kiyyal pl. -a one who measures out cereal grains

¶ Eta wden l-kiyyal to pretend not to hear Etani wden l-kiyyal. He pretended he didn't hear me.

kiyyas pl. -a masseur (in the public bath) kiyyef v.t. to give (s.o.) kif to smoke

kiyyel v.t. to measure (out) (cereal grains)

kiyyes v.t. to wash (s.o.) with the kis

de-l-zămmam

kiyyes pl. -in 1. refined, having finesse (in one's manner) 2. intelligent

ekked v.t. to confirm, to make sure of (information, etc.)

¶ ?ekked Ela to make sure (s.o.) knows or is aware ?ekked Elih baš iži Eăndna l-yum fe-l-lil. Make sure he knows he's to come to our house tonight.

kel same as kla

kla yakol (impv. kul pl. kulu; a.p. wakel; p.p. mukul) 1. to eat men s-sbaz ma-klit. I haven't eaten since morning. --le-mselmin ma-ka-yaklu-š l-zălluf. Muslims don't eat pork. —l-zăwd ma-ka-yakol-š l-lzăm. A horse doesn't eat meat. 2. to itch dehri ka-yakolni. My back itches (i.e., is itching me). 3. to take (a trick in cards, or a man in chess)

** klani f-flusi. He didn't pay me what he owes me. —kla le-¿sa. He got a beating, a whipping. —le mek ka-yaklek! You're asking for it! (a beating or whipping)

¶ a.p. wakel pl. -in

** ana Eayes wakel sareb, l-Zămdu-llah.
Thank God I have plenty to eat and drink.
klab pl. of kelb

klaleb pl. of kellab, kollab

klam 1. what is said or told klamha dima mezyan. She always says nice things.
 ka-tqul-lu ši-klam. She's telling him

something. —ma-ka-ismā &-š klam bbah. He doesn't pay any attention to what his father says. 2. language ka-ifhem klam t-tyur. He understands the language of birds. —ka-tā & ref le-klam de-š-šluz? Do you know the language of the Berbers?

3. saying, maxim tsennet l-had le-klam dyal aflatun! Listen to this saying of Plato's.

kļata pl. -t, kļayet rifle

klawi pl. of kelwa

klayet pl. of klata

kelb pl. klab 1. dog (canine) 2. kind of seaperch

kelfa, kolfa pl. -t 1. gift or group of gifts (as at a reception or shower) 2. family gettogether, party

kelfet v.t. 1. to throw down or to the ground 2. to throw kelftet-lu l-kura. She threw him the ball

kell v.i. to get tired, to become exhausted

Nell u-mell (men) to be fed up (with) koll 1. every, each ¿ăndak yezsabek koll ktab rah mezyan. Don't think that every book is good. 2. all (of) kla t-teffaza kollha. He ate all (of) the apple.—t-t-alaba kollhom hedru f-dak l-muzadara. All the students talked about that lecture.—had le-klam rah metwežžeh lilkom kollkom. This (i.e., these words) is directed to all of you.

¶ be-l-koll at all be-l-koll ma-¿ămmṛu ža lle-hna. He never came here at all.

¶ koll-ma, or koll-emma 1. whenever, every time (that) koll-emma ža žab m ah hdiya. Every time he came he brought a present with him. 2. whatever, everything that, all that taha koll-emma tandu. He gave her everything he had.

¶ koll-men whoever, anyone or anybody who koll-men xalef l-qanun it aqeb. Anyone who disobeys the law will be punished.

¶ koll-ši 1. everything 2. everybody, everyone koll-ši fer an lli žiti. Everyone's happy that you came.

¶ koll wazed everybody, everyone
kellab, kollab pl. klaleb dental forceps or
tongs

kellef v.t. (v.n. takelluf) to put in charge, to charge škun lli kellfek b-had š-šġal? Who put you in charge of this job? —škun lli kellfek tă mel had š-šġal? Who put you in charge of doing this work?

¶ kellef Ela to try to constrain or compel (more insisting than forcing) ma-tkellef-š Eliya rani šbā Et. Don't insist (i.e., don't compel me to eat more), I'm full.

kellem v.t. 1. to speak to or with 2. to call, to tell (to come), to summon kellmu-li! Tell him to come here (i.e., call him for me)!

3. to shoot, to fire (rifle, cannon, for the loud report) kellmu le-mdafe degremdan. They have fired the cannons announcing the beginning of Ramadan. 4. to make a sound or noise with ma-tkellem-s s-sebbat!

Don't make any noise with those shoes!

kelma pl. -t word ma-Eămmri smăEt had l-kelma. I've never heard this word before. — Etani l-kelma. He gave me his word. ** xellini ngul-lek gir kelma weZda. Let

me talk to you for just a second.

kluf nosiness, inordinate curiosity klufi pl. -yen nosy, overly curious

kelwa pl. -t, klawi kidney

kelxa used in the expr. Ela kelxa! What a numbskull!

kma ikmi (v.n. kemyan) to smoke šnu ka-tekmi?—ma-ka-nekmi-š. What do you smoke?—I don't smoke.

kmal, kmala (cons. kmalt) 1. completion (v.n. of kmel) f-le-& siya & andna wazed d-dyafa dyal kmalt d-day. In the evening we're having a reception to celebrate the completion of our house. 2. rest, remainder fayn le-kmala d-le-flus lli ka-nsalek? Where's the rest of the money you owe me? 3. end, ending (as of a story)

kmalt le-E liya final answer, with attendant ceremony, of the parents of the girl whose hand has been asked in marriage

¶ kmalt r-reb a, le-mya, etc. the fourth (one), the hundredth (one), etc.

kmam pl. of kemm, komm

kmama pl. -t muzzle (as used on a dog)

kmamer pl. of kemmara

kmandar pl. -at major (officer)

kmaš 1. (coll.) wrinkles (in cloth, face, etc.)

2. fight (hand to hand)

kmaši pl. of kemša

kmel v.i. (v.n. kmal, kmala) to end, to come to an end, to be finished

Ta.p. kamel pl. -in 1. complete, entire had l-karta ma-kamla-š. This deck of cards isn't complete. 2. (with art.) God 3. all Etani le-flus kamlin. He gave me all the money. -žaw kamlin. They all came. kemm, komm pl. kmam sleeve (clothes) kemma v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) smoke (cigarettes, etc.) kemmawni l-kif. They made me smoke marijuana. 2. to give to smoke kemmini, !lah ixellik! Give me something to smoke, please! kemmara pl. -t, kmamer face (pejorative; human and animal) kemmay pl. -a habitual smoker, one who smokes a great deal kemmed v.t. 1. to warm (body, feet, etc., usually with hot water) 2. to press (on), to exert pressure on (a bruise with the hand, compress) 3. to heal, to help heal (an open cut) ** kemmedha u-sket. He maintained his composure (through the crisis). kommiya pl. -t kind of curved knife or dagger (worn slung around the shoulder) kemmel v.t. to finish, to complete ** kemmel men rasek! You can just imagine the rest! -kemmlu fiha. They've set the marriage up (i.e., both parents have agreed on the match). ¶ kemmel b- to be through with kemmelti b-had le-ktab? Are you through with this book? ¶ kemmel Ela to finish off (kill, and also metaphorical sense) kemmem v.t. 1. to muzzle (dog) 2. to gag (s.o.)kemmes v.t. to wrap (up) (not necessarily neatly) kemmeš v.t. 1. to wrinkle (face, cloth, etc.) 2. to grab, to grasp (with a wide-open hand) 3. to double (up) (fist, toes) 4. to pucker, to cause to pucker (mouth) kemmuša pl. -t make-shift bag or sack (as s.th. wadded up in a handkerchief) kmeš pl. of kemša kemša pl. -t, kmaši, kmeš handful kemya pl. -t n.i. of kma kem yan v.n. of kma knaneš pl. of konnaš, kennaš knayes pl. of knisa kninir pl. -at colonel knis v.n. of knes knisa pl. knayes church knisiya pl. -t same as knisa kniva pl. -t nickname kniz v.n. of knez

They call him dambu.

kennas pl. -a 1. sweeper, one who sweeps 2. raker, one who rakes (as leaves on a lawn) kennasa pl. -t broom (for sweeping) konnaš, kennaš pl. knaneš 1. notebook 2. writkenneš v.t. to record (as in a notebook) knes v.t. (v.n. knis) to sweep (floor, etc.) knuz pl. of kenz kenwa pl. -t same as kniya knez v.t. (v.n. kniz) to treasure, to hoard (s.th. valuable) kenz pl. knuz treasure, valuable or treasured object kra ikri (v.n. kra) to rent l-barez kra dak d-dar l-xay. Yesterday he rented that house to my brother. -krit mennu s-siyara dyalu b-Eešrin derhem. I rented his car from him for twenty dirhams. ¶ a.p. kari pl. korray 1. renter, lessee 2. lessor, landlord kra 1. v.n. of kra 2. pl. -wat rent (payment) krafes celery krakeb pl. of kerkuba kraker pl. of kerkur krares pl. of kerrusa krarsi pl. -ya one who hires himself and his cart out for various transporting jobs krasa pl. of korsi kerballu pl. -yat sifter, sieve kerbel v.t. to sift, to strain (with the kerballu). kord n.u. -a stone, rock (small enough to throw) kordas n.u. -a tripe (mostly of sheep) kerdeg v.t. to crunch, to crumple (s.th. stiff, but ultimately pliable) kref (v.n. krif) 1. v.t. to tighten, to make tight (a knot, belt, etc.) 2. v.i. to shrink T kref Ela to grab, to take hold of (s.o., by the collar, sleeve, belt, etc.) kerfa pl. -t 1. that which is strained or sifted out 2. s.th. cheap, of poor quality (also used for persons) kerfas pl. -a one who does things in a slipshod manner kerfes v.t. 1. to botch (up), to do in a slipshod manner 2. to maltreat, to beat (s.o.) unnecessarily kerfet same as kelfet kreh v.t. (v.n. krih) to hate, to dislike, to detest ¶ ma-kreh-š to not mind if, to be glad to ma-nkṛeh-š nešṛob šwiya d-atay. I don't mind if I do have some tea. korh, korhaniya hate or hatred, dislike, kenna v.t. to call, to nickname, to give (s.o.) aversion the nickname (of) ka-ikenniweh dambu. krif v.n. of kref krih v.n. of kreh

krim 1. v.n. of krem 2. same as karim kriša dim. of kerš

kerkeb v.t. to roll, to make roll (as a ball, log)

korkdan, kerkdan pl. -at rhinoceros

kerker 1. to throw together, to pack up (hurriedly) 2. to dump, to unload in a quick, noisy fashion 2. to have a noisy, diarrhetic bowel movement

kerkuba pl. -t, krakeb bump (as from a blow)
¶ kerkuba de-l-Zăyn eyeball

kerkur pl. kraker pile of rocks, stones

krem v.i. (v.n. krim) 1. to get hard and dry (as bread) 2. to freeze, to become frostbitten

¶ a.p. karem pl. -in hard and dry

krem v.t. 1. to receive and entertain cordially and generously (often for days) 2. to be generous to or with (s.o., as in giving money)

krem n.u. kerma fig tree

bromb 1. cabbage 2. cauliflower

kermus n.u. -a fig

T kermus n-nsara prickly pear (fruit)

kornița pl. -a bugle

korras type of notebook formed from folded pages accumulatively placed one within another

kerrata pl. -t rake (type used for leveling or breaking up clods)

kerray pl. -a lessor, one who rents (to s.o.)
¶ kerray Zănku nosy, meddlesome person
kerreh v.t. to make or cause to dislike
kerrehha f-xaha. He's caused her to dislike
her (own) brother.

kerrer v.t. to repeat, to say again

kerrem 1. v.t. to dry (out) and harden (mostly bread) 2. v.i. to squat (down)

kerret v.t. 1. to scratch, to mark by scratching 2. to scrape (off) kerret s-sbaga men z-zaž! Scrape the paint off the window pane! 3. to shave (head, face, leg, etc.) 4. to rake kerret l-gerd men le-zžer! Rake the rocks out of the soil!

kerrusa pl. -t, krares 1. cart (usually animaldrawn) 2. baby carriage, perambulator

* kerrusa d-le-wqid pack of match boxes (with matches)

kerruš large belly or abdomen, paunch

borsi pl. krasa 1. stool (for sitting) 2. bench (for sitting) 3. chair

kerš (f.) pl. kruš (dim. kriša) stomach, belly, abdomen (area)

abdomen (area)
** ma-tkun-š keršek kbira! Don't be so

greedy! ¶ bu-kerś pl. mmalin le-kruš man with a paunch

Lerša pl. -t stomach (organ)

beršawi pl. -yen gluttonous, given to eating like a pig

kruš pl. of kerš

kerwila pl. -t one-horse carriage

kerwiya caraway

kra e pl. ker ean, ker ein lower part of a hoofed animal's leg

ker Ean, ker Ein pl. of krä E

ksa iksi v.t. to clothe, to provide with clothes ksa pl. -wat, ksi (dim. ksiya) type of overgarment

ksab same as kseb

ksad fall-off, slack, slow period (business) ksakes pl. of keskas and kesksu (same as seksu)

ksari pl. of kesra

ksawi pl. of keswa

kseb v.t. 1. to get or gain possession of, to acquire fuq-aš ksebti had le-ġnem? When did you acquire these sheep? 2. to have, to possess, to own

ksed v.i. to not sell, to become unsalable had s-sel a kesdet. This merchandise won't

kesda pl. -t 1. body (human) 2. trunk (of the body), torso
ksi pl. of ksa

ksiba livestock (specifically sheep, cattle, and goats)

ksir v.n. of kser

ksiwa dim. of keswa

ksiya dim. of ksa

keskas pl. ksakes pot with holes in the bottom used in steaming couscous

keskes v.i. 1. to make couscous 2. to eat couscous

kesksu pl. (intensity) ksakes same as seksu keslan pl. -in lazy, indolent

kser v.i. (v.n. ksir) to relapse, to have a relapse (s.o. ill)

¶ kser d-denya to raise Cain kesra pl. -t, ksari, ksur piece of bread

kosran same as kusur

kessab pl. -a dealer in livestock (i.e., breeder and seller)

kessal pl. -a masseur (at the public bath)

kessel v.t. to massage (as in the public bath) kesser v.t. to break (in two, into pieces, etc.) ksur pl. of kesra

keswa pl. -t, ksawi (dim. ksiwa) 1. suit (men's or women's) 2. dress (girl's)

3. covering placed over the tomb of a saint kser, keṣra, keṣser same as kser, keṣra, keṣser kšafi pl. of keṣfa

kšakeš pl. of keškuša

kšayej pl. of *kešfa*

kšef v.i. (v.n. kšif) to fade, to become discolored

kešfa pl. -t, kšafi, kšayef 1. difficulty 2. embarrassment, embarrassing situation (pl. used for emphasis). kanet le-kšafi habṭa Eliya. I was awfully embarrassed (i.e., embarrassment fell on me).

kešfiya scouting (as boy scouts)

kšif v.n. of kšef

keškeš 1. v.t. to scare (off), to drive away, to shoo 2. v.i., to foam, to become foamy 3. v.i., to foam at the mouth

keškuša pl. (of intensity) -t, kšakeš foam keššaf pl. -a 1. scout 2. boy scout

keššef v.t. to make or cause to fade (color) keššina pl. -t kitchen

keššet 1. v.t. to rob (s.o. of everything, including clothes) 2. v.i. to dress up, to doll up

Tkeššet l- to dress (s.o.) up (in nice, clean clothes)

ktab v.i. to be written (as in the Book of Destiny), to be fated ktab Elih imut f-dak lzadita. It was fated that he should die in that accident.

ktab pl. -at, ktub, ktuba book (any kind)

ktaba 1. v.n. of kteb 2. writing takref tegra had le-ktaba? Can you read this writing?
3. s.th, written and used as an amulet

¶ b-le-ktaba in writing, by letter

ktaf pl. of ktef

ktar pl. of ktir

ktatbi pl. -ya secretary (also acts as records keeper and accountant)

kteb (v.n. ktaba) 1. v.t. to write (letter, book, music, etc.) 2. v.i. to get or acquire a written amulet (for protective purposes)

¶ kteb l- to leave or bequeath to (by will) kteb-lu d-dar. He bequeathed the house to him.

ketba pl. -t same as ktaba

kotbi pl. -ya bookseller

ktef pl. ktaf shoulder ketfi ka-iderrni. My shoulder hurts.

** h-ana fe-ktafek! I'll stand ready to help you.

ktir pl. -in, ktar (comp. kter) much, a lot of (pl. many) kaynin ši-nas ktar temma? Are there a lot of people there? —le-flus lli Eăndek kter men lli Eăndu. You have more money than he does.

¶ le-ktir most, the majority le-ktir fe-n-nas ka-iz ebbu kurat l-qadam. Most people like soccer.

¶ ktir ši, ktir š-ši 1. most of the time, usually ktir š-ši ka-iži m a t-inaš. Most of the time he comes around twelve. 2. mostly ka-yakol ktir š-ši l-xudăr. He eats mostly vegetables.

** ka-nz ebb l-musiqa l-? andalusiya.
—ktir š-ši ana! I like Andalusian music.—
Not as much as I do!

ktirt used in the expr. ktirt š-ši same as ktir ši (see ktir)

** ktirtu mrid He's sick most of the time.

ktem v.t. to keep (a secret)

kter v.i. 1. to increase (in numbers, amount)
2. to multiply, to become (more) abundant

kter comp. of ktir

ketra 1. abundance, excessive amount 2. especially, particularly f-fas ka-ikun l-berd u-ketra mnin ka-dži š-šetua. It's cold in Fez, particularly when winter comes.

¶ be-l-ketra a great deal, a lot n-nas ka-ižiw be-l-ketra l-had s-suq baš išriw d-džaž. People come to this market a lot to buy chickens.

¶l-ketra most, the majority žaw Eăndna n-nas le-d-dar u-l-ketra fihom kanu

fransawiyen. Some people came to our house, most of whom were French.

¶ men ktert because of, by dint of men ktert le-\(\xi\)tes \(\sigma\)reb \(\llie\)-qer\(\xi\)a kollha. He was so thirsty he drank the whole bottle. (i.e., because of the thirst . . .)

I men ktert lli to . . . so much that men ktert lli žra taz sexfan. He ran so much he fainted.

kottab pl. of katib

kettan material, cloth

kettani pl. -yen member of a Moroccan religious fraternity (also family name)

ketteb v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) write kettbetni dak š-ši. She made me write that. 2. to decree, to predestine (God) rebbi ketteb Elih dak š-ši. It was in the cards for that to happen to him.

kettef v.t. to tie up, to truss up (s.o., with a rope, chain, etc.)

ketter, ketter men 1. to add (more) ketter šwiya men s-sokkar fe-l-qehwa dyali. Add a little sugar to my coffee. 2. to increase ketter men l-ma! More water! (i.e., increase the water)

** !!ah iketter xirek. Thank you; Please. ktub, ktuba pl. of ktab

ktaber October

ktar pl. -at hectare

ku same as kun

kudši pl. kwadša surrey

kufer v.t. to preserve (as in alcohol, formaldehyde)

kufri pl. kwafer chest for storing clothes and jewelry (usually with a round top)

kul pl. kulu impv. of kla

kuliya pl. -t (postal) package, parcel

kumir n.u. -a French-type bread

kumisir pl. -at police chief

kun (also ku) if (in contrary to fact phrases; also used in the conclusion) kun ma-kanet-š š-šta kun xrežt men d-dar. If it wasn't raining I'd leave the house; also: If it hadn't been for the rain I would have left the house. —kun ža kun mšit ana wiyah.

If he came we'd go together; also: If he had come we'd have gone together.

¶ kun gir if only kun gir qoltiha-li! If

only you had told me!

kuntrada pl. -t 1. contract Eăndi kuntrada dyal xems snin mea l-zukuma. I have a five-year contract with the government. 2. franchise (monopolizing type)

kur n.u. -a 1. charcoal briquet 2. bomb (aerial) 3. projectile (cannon)

kura pl. -t, kwer (dim. kwira) 1. ball (especially in sports) 2. padlock

kurama pl. of karim, krim

hurba pl. -t type of open basket (used especially in the food market)

kuri pl. -yat stable (for horses)

kuriya rage, fury

¶ ṭel ઑat l-kuriya fi h^ϕ to become furious ≠, to have a fit of rage ≠

kuša pl. -t kiln (pottery)

kutši pl. kwatša same as kudši

kuwwar n.u. -a watermelon

kwwway pl. -a one who does soldering

kwwwaya pl. -t soldering iron

between 1. v.t., to create, to make (s.th. from s.th.) 2. v.i., to be quiet, to remain silent, to shut up

** kuwwen Elih zetta iržăE le-d-dar. You just wait and see what I'll do to him when he gets home! (i.e., for revenge)

kuwwer v.t. 1. to form into a ball, to make a ball out of 2. to roll, to make roll (as a ball)

wyan v.n. of kwa

-zina pl. -t kitchen el pl. of kzăl

a ikwi v.t. (v.n. kuwyan) 1. to solder imken-lek tekwi had r-ržel de-s-siniya? Can you solder this leg to the tray? 2. to cauterize, to sear 3. to burn (with s.th. hot)

** kwatni f-qelbi. I've fallen for her. -l-mut kwatu f-weldu. Death has taken his son. —lsanu ka-ikwi. He has a sharp tongue.

_abes pl. of kabus

-adša pl. of kudši

-afer pl. of kufri

-aget pl. of kagit, kaget

heanen pl. of kanun

Awaret pl. of karta

Learti pl. -ya card player

keaš pl. of kašša

keatša pl. of kutši (same as kudši)

keatši pl. -ya driver of a kudši, kutši

kwawi pl. of kawya

pl. -ya one who cooks and sells kwaz heart and liver (usually lamb) cutlets **coo**ked on a skewer

kwira dim. of *kura*

kewkeb pl. kawakib 1. star (in sky, movie) 2. planet

kewn 1. universe (i.e., everything that exists) 2. outer space

** kewn mulana hada. expr. used in remarking about s.o.'s good fortune, or s.th. near perfection

N Ela kewn because ma-imken-lek-š ddzuwwež Ela kewnek ma-zal şģir. You can't get married because you're still too young.

kwer pl. of kura (n.u. of kur)

kyab pl. of kib

kyader pl. of kidar

kyal pl. of kil kyar pl. of kir

kyas pl. of kis

kyasa 1. gentleness 2. scrupulousness

¶ b-le-kyasa gently Eamelha b-le-kyasa! Treat her gently!

kyus pl. of kis

kezz, kezz v.i. to become numb (from cold) ** ka-ikezz čăl le-flus. He's an old skin-

kal v.i. to get or turn black or dark k こob ik こob v.i. (v.n. kこib) to cough

kozba pl. -t cough

kezfar pl. -a ag. n. of kezfer

kez fer v.i. to walk or wander around a great deal (for fun)

k こib v.n. of k こob

k z iz v.n. of k z ăz

kăzk n.u. -a kind of ring-shaped pastry ebacomis distribute

kezkez v.i. to cough in a series of relatively weak coughs

kてăl f. keてla pl. kuてel black

ket 1. drought 2. famine

kzul black eye make-up (used by Moroccan women)

kてula, kてuliya blackness, black

kてăz ikてoz v.i. (v.n. kてiz) to move (usually persons) kzoz le-š-šmal! Move to the left! ** kzoz menni! Leave me alone!

koてて ikoてて (v.n. koててan) to cough

koここa pl. -t cough

koここan v.n. of koてこ

kezzăl v.t. 1. to blacken, to make black 2. (also v.i.) to apply $k \subset ul$ (a kind of eye make-up) to (eyes)

** kezzăl-lha qelbha Eliya. He's turned

her against me.

kezzăz v.t. to move kezzăz had ţ-ţcbļa le-š-šmal! Move this table to the left! —keכַ azha Eliya! Move it away from me! —kezzăzha l-Eăndi! Move it toward me!

kとab pl. of kăとba

ke aba n. pl. of koe bi

kă? ba pl. -t, k? ab 1. ankle 2. bad luck dima fih l-kă & ba. He always has bad luck.

¶rfedha be-l-kă&ba to take to one's heels, to take off like a scared rabbit ¶ l-kă E ba the Kaaba (in Mecca)

kă b-ogzal type of crescent-shaped cookie made with almonds

L

l- (le- before consonant clusters except those beginning with l; often li- or lil- before pron. endings) 1. to mšat l-merrakeš š-šher lli daz. She went to Marrakesh last month. -ma-qal-li zădd šay. Nobody told me anything. 2. for hadi magana šritha le-xti. This is a watch I bought for my sister. -had l-zanut raha l-l-bic. This store is for sale. —l-aš ka-tesļaz had l-? ala? What's this machine for? - srathom-lek. She bought them for you.

l- (le- before consonant clusters except those beginning with l) definite art. ra le-mdell da l-bab. The umbrella's by the door.

la 1. no šraha mennek? -la. Did he buy it from you?-No. 2. negation used with impv. la-tqulu-lha-š šeftiwni. Don't tell her you saw me. 3. negation used in subordinate clauses of the conditional we-llah la-ža u-kan ma-kanet l-qadiya fiha le-flus. I swear he wouldn't have come if money weren't involved in this affair. 4. so that ... not, before sir & andhom daba la-iduz *l-weat*. Go and see them now before it's too late. - rbet d-džaža la-temši tehreb! Tie up the chicken so it won't get away!

¶ la . . . wa-la 1. as well as koll-ši kan temma, la l-? asatida wa-la t-tlamed. Everybody was there, the teachers as well as the students. 2. neither . . . nor ma-mšaw ixedmu la le-wlad wa-la le-bnat. Neither the boys nor the girls went to work.

la-bedda see bedda

la-dini pl. -yen 1. atheistic 2. atheist

lagar pl. -at railroad station

laga Ela to call lagi Eliha, raha fe-l-fuqi. Call her, she's upstairs.

lakin but, however, yet ma-weşletha Eărda lakin qad-temši. She didn't get any invitation, but she's going.

lalla pl. lalliyat 1. used in addressing a lady šnu xessek a-lalla? What would you like, Madam (or Miss)? 2. (inh. pos.; used in cons.) grandmother mšaw išufu lallahom. They went to see their grandmother.

I lalla u-mali easy life kanu galsin Ela

ko bi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. k aba jinxed, afflicted with constant bad luck

kă E kă E v.i. to laugh loudly, to guffaw

ko Elal n.u. -a small clump of dirt attached to the wool of a sheep

kå? wer v.t. 1. to knock down or over, to upset 2. to roll, to make roll

lalla u-mali. They were leading an easy life.

 $\P \widehat{m}\widehat{m}u^{\phi} lallah^{\phi}$ (one's) grandmother lallivat pl. of lalla

lam ilum v.t. (v.n. luman) to blame (s.o.) lamuh Ela lli ma-kemmel-š xdemtu. They blamed him for not finishing his work.

lamba pl. -t 1. lamp (oil, kerosene) 2. bulb (electric)

lamin pl. -at 1. syndic, guild master, head of a corporation of craftsmen or businessmen 2. (hired) water carrier (same as gerrab)

lan ilin v.i. (v.n. lyana, lyuna) 1. to get more lenient, more understanding l-qustad bda ka-ilin m a t-tlamed dyalu. The teacher is getting more lenient with his pupils. 2. to become more obedient, to cooperate, to give in bqina mEahom b-le-klam z etta lanu-lna. We kept talking to them until they agreed to cooperate.

lag ilig b- or l- (v.n. lyaga) to suit, to be suitable for had l-xedma ma-gad-tliq-š bih. This work won't be suitable for him.

laga v.t. 1. to join, to put together daba nlagi t-traf kollhom. I'll put all the pieces together. 2. to get together, to gather together kif lagiti had n-nas? How did you get these people together? 3. to encounter, to meet with lagaw suEubat kbira fe-l-bezt dyalhom. They encountered great difficulties in their research.

¶ laga s-sluk (or s-sluka) to cause trouble, to cause dissension dima ka-ilagi s-sluka bin scabu. He's always causing dissension among his friends.

lagab pl. elgab nickname (excluding traditional shortened forms of names)

lagit pl. lugata? foundling

lašuniya Hebrew (language)

latef v.t. to treat gently

latif good, merciful (God)

** ya-latif! God help us! (used in a situation of sorrow, disaster)

¶ tleb or (xerrež) l-latif to say prayers containing the formula ya-latif (in a situation of great danger or disaster)

lawah no lawah, ma-txellih-š ka-isayen. No,

don't keep him waiting. —ka-ndenn ma-Eežbu l-Zal hna.—lawah! I don't think he likes it here.—No (really?)! l-axya same as l-?axiya (see axiy) layn where (directional) layn nemšiw? Where shall we go?

¶layn-ma, layn-emma, lay-emma wherever (directional) layn-emma mšat ka-iteb uha. Wherever she goes they follow her.

¶ ma- ξ ăndu ϕ layn ξ la (n.) to have to (v.) ma- ξ ăndha layn ξ ăl le-xlas. She has to pay.

** waš hiya fe-ḍ-ḍaṛ?—ma-čăndha layn. Is she home?—I don't see how she could be anyplace else.

Tetta layn 1. very late, quite late, until late l-barez xedmu zetta layn. Yesterday they worked quite late. 2. how late zetta layn bqitiw sahrin? How late did you stay up? —ma-Eref-ši zetta layn bqina fayqin. He doesn't know how late we stayed up. 3. very far, quite far zetta layn mšit mEahom. I walked quite far with them. 4. how far xessek tšuf zetta layn mšina Ela režlina. You should see how far we walked. —zetta layn weslu? How far did they get?

lazem v.t. 1. to be or associate regularly with xay ma-ka-ilazem gir d-drari lli qeddu. My brother is always with kids his age. 2. to frequent, to be at or go to frequently £am luwwel kanu ka-ilazmu dak l-qehwa. Last year they used to go to that café all the time. 3. to do (s.th.) regularly £ăndu mă £lumat qwiya zit ka-ilazem l-muțala £a. He's well informed because he

Slazem le-fraš to keep to one's bed

lezem a.p. of lzem

lažur same as yažur

reads regularly.

ležež v.i. to split hairs, to make oversubtle distinctions

Let iluz v.t. 1. to throw lazet ktubha Eăl I-fers. She threw her books on the bed. 2. to throw away or out

Lazed 1. v.t. to remark, to notice

na-lazedti-š l-ferq? Didn't you notice the difference? 2. v.i. to make remarks dima ka-ilazed Eŭl l-oxrin. He's always making remarks about others.

قاla see ك ălla see

Leg jam, marmalade

lbadi pl. of lebda

I-barez see barez

Was 1. v.n. of *lbes* 2. dress style 3. clothing, clothes

asi pl. of lebsa

ayex pl. of lbixa

lebba v.t. 1. to answer, to yield to (a request)

Eămmru ma-lebba-lhom ši-ṭalab. He's

never yielded to any of their requests. 2. to
fill (an order) š-šarika lebbat-lna t-talab.

The company filled our order.

** lebbayk !lahumma lebbayk! invocation said by Muslim pilgrims while circling the Kaaba during the Pilgrimage ceremony in Mecca

lebbad pl. -a one who deals in felt (material)
lebbas used in the expr. lebbas le-xwatem
ring finger

lebbeq v.t. 1. to patch, to darn llah ixellik lebbeq-li had t-tqašer. Would you please patch these socks for me. 2. to botch, to do (s.th.) clumsily

lebbes v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) wear lebbsettu dak s-sebbat waxxa ma-ka-ibġih-š. She made him wear those shoes even though he doesn't like them. 2. to put (clothes) on (s.o.), to dress (s.o.) with (s.th.) lebbset-lu le-zwayež ž-ždad. She put the new clothes on him.

lbed v.i. to crouch, to cower (from fright)

lbed pl. of lebda

lebda pl. -t, lbadi, lbed small felt rug used for praying

lbina dim. of lben

lbixa pl. -t, lbayex plaster cast kan Eamel lbixa Ela režlu d-l-imin. He had a plaster cast on his right leg.

lbiya pl. -t lioness

lben (dim. lbina) buttermilk

lbes v.t. (v.n. lbas) 1. to wear & ămmri

ma-lbest r-rezza. I've never worn a turban.

2. to put on kont ka-nelbes wayži mnin čăyyețti-li. I was putting on my clothes when you called me.

lebsa pl. -t, lbasi 1. n.i. of lbes 2. dress, gown 3. complete set of clothes, suit

ldad pl. of ldid

ledd v.i. (v.n. ledda) to taste good had l-makla koll-ma berdet ka-tledd. The colder this food is the better it tastes.

ledd comp. of ldid

ledda v.n. of ledd

¶ fih l-ledda to be delicious $\neq had$

l-zălwa fiha l-ledda. This cake is delicious. ldeġ v.t. (v.n. ldiġ) 1. to sting ledġettu nezla. He's been stung by a bee. 2. to bite (insects, snakes) ledġu zenš. He's been bitten by a snake.

ledga pl. -t n.i. of ldeg

ldid pl. ldad (comp. ledd) 1. delicious, tasty l-makla lli tiyybet kanet ldida. The food she prepared was delicious. 2. pleasant klamu ldid. He has a pleasant way of talking,

ldig v.n. of ldeg ldie v.n. of ldae ldae v.t. (v.n. ldie) to bite (said of a reptile) led a n.i. of lda e lfati pl. of lefta Ifayef pl. of leffa IfaEi pl. of lefEa lefda pl. -t, ? alfad word lefda wez da ma-xerržetha-š. She didn't utter a single leff v.t. (v.n. leffan) to wrap leffa pl. -t, lfayef (dim. lfifa) 1. n.i. of leff 2. package, parcel 3. turn (of a turban) leff rezztu xemsa de-l-leffat Ela rasu. It took him five turns to wrap his turban around his head. leffan v.n. of leff leffef v.t. to wrap lfifa pl. -t dim. of leffa left n.u. -a turnip lefta pl. -t, lfati plug, peg šeddina l-qadus b-wazed l-lefta. We stopped the drain with a plug. lef Ea pl. -t, lfa Ei viper *lga ilga* same as *lqa* legget same as legget lġa ilġi v.i. (v.n. lġa) 1. to talk, to babble (baby) 2. to chirp ¶lga Ela to call rah fe-l-bit dyalu, lgi Elih! He's in his room, call him! ** koll tir ka-ilgi lgah. Every bird sings his (own) song. (proverb indicating that differences of opinion are to be expected among people) lġa v.n. of lġa ¶ ferreq l-lga to chat legm, logm pl. Palgam mine (explosive) lha ilhi v.t. 1. to distract, to divert the attention of (s.o.) dak l-bent ka-telhih Ela šģalu. That girl distracts him from his work. 2. to keep busy, to keep amused, to entertain lhat t-terbya b-le-qšawš baš ma-ibki-s. She kept the baby busy with the toys so it wouldn't cry. lheb v.i. (v.n. lhib) to blaze ¶ lheb Ela to flatter, to soft-soap, to curry favor with (s.o.) by being extremely agreeable lehba n.i. of lheb lehfa 1. gluttony, voracity 2. starvation, act of lehfan pl. -in voracious, gluttonous lehhet v.i. to pant, to gasp (for breath) lhib v.n. of lheb lhih there, over there lhit v.n. of lhet lehla used in wishes made to the contrary of what might happen lehla iž Eălhom kif iziw. I do hope they don't come. ** lehla irewwik bas reply of a sick person to la-bas Elik

them v.t. to inspire, to give inspiration to, to guide (God) rebbi lehmu z etta daz men had ž-žih. God gave him the inspiration to come this way. lhet v.i. (v.n. lhit) to pant, to gasp (for breath) lehta 1. starvation, act of starving 2. gluttony lehža pl. -t 1. dialect šzal de-l-lehžat ka-itkellmu fe-bladek? How many dialects are spoken in your country? 2. accent ma-zal ka-itkellem l-Eărbiya b-lehža negliziya. He still speaks Arabic with an English accent. 3. tone ma-wažeb-š Elik ttkellem m Eaha b-dak l-lehža. You shouldn't speak to her in such a tone. li- see lliga 1. pl. -t glove 2. pl. -t, lyeg same as liqa lil- see lilil (no. pl.) night, night-time ¶ be-l-lil, fe-l-lil at night, nights dima ka-i ¿ ăyyeț-lna be-l-lil. He always calls us at night. -ma-zalin ka-ixedmu be-l-lil? Do they still work nights? ¶ l-barez fe-l-lil last night ¶ l-yum fe-l-lil tonight ¶ ness l-lil midnight ¶ țir l-lil bat (mammal) ¶ mar l-lil nightmare drebha mar 1-lil. She had a nightmare. lila du. liltayn pl. -t, lyali (dim. lwila) 1. night bqaw Eăndna tlata de-l-lyali. They spent three nights at our place. 2. eve, night before mat lilt l-Eid le-kbir. He died on the eve of Greater Bairam. 3. party men baed le-mtiz anat ne ămlu ši-lila. We'll have a party after exams. ¶ lilt l-qadr the 27th night of Ramadan, celebrated by Muslims as the date of the revelation of the Koran ¶ pl. l-lyali the forty-day period from December 24th to February 2nd, generally considered the coldest part of the year lim n.u. -a lime (the citrus fruit) limun n.u. -a 1. lemon 2. orange (in Rabat and environs) 3. lemon tree 4. orange tree (in Rabat and environs) limuni pl. -yen 1. pale yellow 2. orangecolored (around Rabat) lingas n.u. -a pear liga pl. -t, lyeq 1. tuft or ball (of wool or cotton 2. (snow) flake lifa pl. -t 1. recorder, type of flute 2. lira (Italian money) lişar, lişer see işar lisri see isri litra same as itra litru same as itru liyen same as liyyen (adj.)

liyyah why liyyah ma-Elemtihom-š? Why didn't you notify them?

liyyen pl. -in 1. soft, flexible 2. lenient liyyen v.t. to soften, to make flexible

liyyer v.i. to play the flute

ližan pl. of ležna

lekk sealing wax

lekkek v.t. to seal, to fasten with sealing wax llah (often lla in normal conversation; llah after b- or l-) God ya lem llah fuq-as gad-ixellsuna. God knows when they're going to pay us.

** be-llah Eliya ma-kont mEahom. I swear I wasn't with them. — [la ihennik (pl. ihennikom)! Good-by! — [la ihennih b-dak š-ši kollu. Let him have all of that; He can have all of it, I don't need it.

—be-sme-llah! said as a form of grace before meals, or before performing any act

¶ be-llah lladi la-ilaha illa huwa, . . .; we-llah . . . By God, . . . we-llah u-bqa ka-ibettel l-medrasa zetta idziweh. By God, if he keeps skipping classes he'll be expelled.

¶! (or !!ah) ixellik (pl. ixellikom) please !!a(h) ixellik të ăšša me ana. Please have supper with us.

¶!!ahomma it is preferable, (I, you, he, etc.) would rather !!ahomma nesmaeha men fommu bă&da. I'd rather hear it from his own mouth.

¶!!ahomma . . . wa-la (I, you, he, etc.) had better . . . rather than !!ahomma temši mɛana wa-la tebqa wez dek. You had better come with us rather than stay by yourself.

** [lahomma hakda wa-la bla-š. It's better than nothing. —!lahomma hakdak zsen. It's better that way.

** !!ahomma ila unless xeşşu iži ixdem koll nhar !!ahomma ila kan mrid. He has to come to work every day unless he's sick.

¶ le-llah, l-llah for God's sake (when asking s.o. a favor)

¶ l-zămdu li-llah (or l-llah), llahumma-lak l-zămd see zămd

¶ yallah pl. yallahu (used affirmatively)

1. Come (on) . . . yallah m aya le-d-dar nwerrik šnu šrit. Come on home with me and I'll show you what I bought. —yallahu m ana. Come along with us. 2. Let's . . . yallah ntmeššaw šwiya. Let's go for a little walk. 3. (invariable) only, just tatu fiha yallah sett myat derhem. She offered him only six hundred dirhams for it. 4. (invariable) shows the immediate past yallah kif wṣelt hadi ši-świya. I just arrived a little while ago.

¶ Ela !!ah, Eăl !!ah expr. of hope, pos-

sibility, taking a chance, etc. Eăl !!ah ibqa l-žuw mezyan l-yum. I hope the weather will stay fine today. —šuf kan Eăl !!ah ibġi iži mɛak. See if he would like to come with you. —šrit had l-aal ġir Eăl !!ah. I took a chance on buying this machine.

llareb, llarob a quarter to ≠ hadi t-tlata llareb. It's a quarter to three.

ellef v.t. to compose, to write ellfet rebea de-l-mesraziyat. She wrote four plays. llehla same as lehla

lli 1. who, that n-nas lli kanu hna. The people who were here. —hada l-weld lli qolt-lek Elih. This is the boy I told you about. 2. that, which t-telž lli taz kollu dab. All the snow that fell has melted. -hadik l-qehwa lli kont ka-nemši-lha. That's the café (that) I used to go to. —le-qniya lli siyyed matet. The rabbit (that) he caught is dead. 3. whoever lli xalef l-qanun it Eageb. Whoever breaks the law will be punished. 4. whichever (one) xud lli Čežbettek fihom. Take whichever one of them you like. 5. whatever lli qalt-lkom diruh. Do whatever she tells you. 6. that (conj.) zsen lli ma-ža-š. It's better (that) he didn't come. —ana ferzan lli žat. I'm happy she came.

Imen-lli (or me-lli) 1. since, ever since men-lli mša ma-kteb-lna. We haven't heard from him since he left. 2. than (before clauses) wellat kfes men-lli kanet. She has become worse than she was.

lmaye Epl. of lem Ea

zv.n. of lmae ع

lemm v.t. (v.n. lemman) to assemble, to bring together

lemma when lemma iži qolha-lu. Tell him when he comes.

lemman v.n. of lemm

lemmă v.t. to shine, to make shine

lma v.i. (v.n. lmi) to shine, to glisten

lem & a pl. lmaye & n.i. of lma &

lqa ilqa v.t. 1. to find lqiti le-ktab Ela-š konti ka-tqelleb? Did you find the book you were looking for? 2. to meet ġad-nemšiw

nelqaweh fe-l-mersa. We're going to go meet him at the harbor. 3. to see, to encounter lqithom fe-l-cefla. I saw them at the party. 4. to encounter, to meet with, to find lqat sucubat kbira. She encountered great difficulties. 5. to receive ma-lqahom-š mezvan. He didn't receive them well.

Tiqa Ela to protect kun ma-lqat-š Elih š-šežra u-kan derbettu l-qertaşa. If he hadn't been protected by the tree the bullet would have struck him.

elqab pl. of laqab

lgaget pl. of leggat 2

lqef v.t. (v.n. lqif) to catch (in the air) huwa siyyeb l-kura w-ana lqeftha. He threw the ball and I caught it.

leqfa n.i. of lqef lqif v.n. of lqef

lqim n.u. -a small variety of quince

legma, logma pl. -t 1. mouthful kla koll-ši fe-tlata de-l-legmat. He ate everything in three mouthfuls. 2. bite, s.th. to eat Emelt wazed l-legma fe-d-dar qbel ma-nži. I had a bite at home before I came.

leqqa v.t. 1. to put leqqi ši-stel l-l-qetra lli fe-s-sqef. Put a pail under the leak in the roof. 2. to put out, to stick out leqqa-li režlu u-čăkkelni. He stuck his foot out and tripped me.

**!!ah ileqqik l-xir u-r-rbe\(\tau\). The best of luck to you.

leggam pl. -a ag. n. of leggem

leqqat 1. pl. -a ag. n. of leqqet 2 2. pl. lqaqet pincers, (pair of) pliers

leggaz pl. -a ag. n. of leggez

leqqeb v.t. to give a nickname to, to nickname leqqebnaha le-qniya. We nicknamed her "Rabbit."

leqqef v.i. 1. to gasp for breath teleet

ka-džri fe-d-druž zetta bdat tleqqef. She ran up the stairs until she began gasping for breath. 2. to be badly in need of žberthom ka-ileqqfu Ela lli ixdem

m Eahom. I found them badly in need of someone to work for them.

leggem v.t. same as legge 1 and 2

¶ leggem l-berrad to add fresh tea, mint leaves, sugar, and boiling water to the teapot in order to prepare another serving of tea

leqqet v.t. 1. to pick up leqqtet t-traf de-z-zaž lli kanu fuq l-erd. She picked up the pieces of glass that were on the floor. 2. to glean ma-zal ma-leqqtu z-zraž men l-feddan. They haven't gleaned the wheat from the field yet.

leqqe 1. v.t. to graft 2. v.t. to cross-pollinate 3. v.i. to blossom (tree)

lerd same as erd

lerwi wild ram with large, curved horns lsan pl. lsun 1. tongue 2. language

** lsanu mteggef. He's tongue-tied.

—Isanu qasez. He's rude (when talking).
—Isanha rteb me a koll-si. She talks softly with everybody. —Isanu twil. He talks too much. —sbeqni Isani. It slipped my tongue. —dak š-ši ela terf Isani. I have it on the tip of my tongue.

¶ Isan wazed all together, unanimously ¶ Iserrez Isanu¢, nileq Isanu¢ 1. to become fluent ≠ Iserrez Isanhom fe-n-negliza. They've become fluent in English. 2. to find one's tongue \(\neq \)

tserre\(-\lambda \) l-lsan, ma-bqat-\(\si \) \(\neq \) e\(\si \) umiya.

She found her tongue; she's no longer shy.

lsaq same as \(lsaq \)

Isas pl. -at foundation bdaw itell u l-lsas l-le-bni. They have started laying down the foundation for the building.

lsa & i pl. of les & a lsi & v.n. of lsă &

lseq same as lseq lesseq same as lesseq

Isun pl. of Isan

lså & v.t. (v.n. lsi &) to sting, to bite les & u wazed z-zenbur. A wasp stung him.

les & a pl. -t, lsa & i n.i. of lsă &

lsaq pl. -at 1. glue 2. cellophane adhesive tape
 (e.g., Scotch tape)

¶ kaġiṭ l-lṣaq masking tape

lsig v.n. of lseg

lseq v.i. (v.n. lsiq) 1. to stick fezzeg t-tenber baš ilseq f-le-glaf. Wet the stamp so it'll stick to the envelope. 2. to be communicable or contagious had l-merd ma-ka-ilseq-š. This disease is not contagious.

¶ lseq f- to bother, to be obnoxious toward ana dayez u-huwa lseq fiya. I was just passing by and he started bothering me.

¶ lseq fih ϕ to contract, to get (disease) \neq ma- ξ reft fuq-aš lṣeq fiha dak l-merd. I don't know when she contracted that disease.

leşqa n.i. of lşeq

lesseq v.t. to stick, to glue nta lli lesseqti dak l-?iElan fe-l-Zăy!? Did you stick that poster on the wall?

"lesseq f- to give to, to cause (s.o.) to get (disease) lessqet fih bu-zămrun. She gave him the measles.

ltam pl. -at, ltum veil ma-bqat-š texrož be-l-ltam. She doesn't go out with a veil any more.

letšin n.u. -a 1. orange (fruit) 2. orange tree lettem v.t. and v.i. to put on (a veil, i.e. ltam)

ltum pl. of ltam

lțaf pl. of lțif

ltafa gentleness dima ka-ihder meaha be-l-ltafa. He always talks to her with gentleness.

ltef b- (v.n. lotf) to be kind and gentle
toward

ltef comp. of ltif

lotf v.n. of ltef

ltif pl. ltaf (comp. ltef) gentle, nice ka-tebģi n-nas ikunu ltaf mēaha. She likes people to be nice to her.

ltim v.n. of ltem

ltem v.t. (v.n. ltim) to slap, to strike (s.o.) letma n.i. of ltem

luba pl. -t doorknob lubva kidnev bean

luga pl. -t language ka-itkellem Eadad de-l-lugat. He speaks many languages. lugawi pl. -yen 1. linguistic 2. linguist

lu-kan see kun

lula pl. -t 1. defect ba uh-lu rxis li-enna kan fih wazed l-lula. They sold it to him cheap because it had a defect. 2. bad habit fiha l-lula d-tafdulit. She has a bad habit of being nosy.

luleb pl. lwaleb (dim. lwileb) screw rekkebt ker an t-tebla be-l-lwaleb. I fastened the legs to the table with screws.

lum, luma pl. -t blame, reproach ma-Eliha luma. She is not to blame.

luman v.n. of lam

tun pl. lwan, eelwan 1. color ka-ye žebni lun siyartek. I like the color of your car. — ģir hiya šafettu u-l-eelwan theddlu fiha. The minute she saw him she changed color.

2. complexion lunha zămrani. She has a dark complexion.

luqața? pl. of lagiț

lur, lura (no pl.) back, rear l-lur de-l-bab xessu ittesbeg. The back of the door needs painting.—hežmu Elihom men l-lur. They attacked them from the rear.

¶ be-!-lur backwards dext melli bdit nemši be-!-lur. I got dizzy when I started walking backwards.

¶!-!ur, !-!ura 1. in the back, in the rear huma gelsu !-geddam u-hiya !-lur. They sat in the front and she sat in the back. 2. behind wqefna ntsennawhom zit kanu ma-zalin !-!ur. We stopped and waited for them because they were still behind.

3. backwards tazet l-lura. She fell backwards.

larani see wrani

luri, lurani pl. -yen last, (the one) at the end ¶ be-l-luri same as be-l-lur (see lur)

las pl. lwas, lwayes brother-in-law (husband's brother)

lusa pl. -t, lwayes sister-in-law (husband's sister)

luwla f. of luwli

lucilani pl. -yen same as luwwel

Invali f. luwla pl. -yen, lwala 1. same as luwwel 2. midday prayer

luwwa v.t. 1. to roll up luwwa kmamu u-bda ixdem. He rolled up his sleeves and started working. 2. to wind luwwat l-xeyt ¿ăl l-qennut. She wound the thread around the spool.

luwwaya pl. -t ivy

luwwek v.t. to chew, to chew on (gum, candy)

luwwel 1. (no pl.) beginning šrawha f-luwwel

l-Eam. They bought it at the beginning of the year. 2. f. luwla pl. luwlin, lwala first semma weldu l-luwwel žamal. He named his first son Jamal —men l-luwwel Ereftu ražel mezyan. From the first, I knew he was a good man.

¶ Eam luwlayn two years ago, year before last

¶ צ am luwwel last year

luwwen v.t. to color in a multicolored fashion luya pl. -i 1. n.i. of lwa and luwwa 2. turn, turn-off kayna wazed l-luya qeddam d-dar. There's a turn by the house. 3. curve

(in a road)

luyan v.n. of lwa luz n.u. -a (dim. lwiza) 1. almond 2. almond

¶ luz mfenned candied almonds

luzum v.n. of lzem

luz n.u. -a pl. -t, lwez, lwaz (dim. lwiza)

1. wood 2. board, plank 3. wooden tablet used for writing

lwa ilwa v.i. (v.n. luyan) to wither xessek tesqi had l-gers qbel-ma ilwa. You need to water this plant before it withers.

¶ lwa be-n-n as to fall asleep

lwa ilwi v.i. (v.n. luyan) to turn, to make a turn telfu Elina mnayn lwina Eăl š-šmal. We lost them when we turned left.

¶ lwa Ela 1. to arrest l-bulis lwaw Elih kif xrež men daru. The police arrested him just as he left his house. 2. to grab by the collar ma-ṭṛešha zetta lwat Elih. He didn't slap her till she grabbed him by the collar. 3. to take by force tE ăṛrdu-lu tlata

de-š-šeffara u-lwaw-lu čla šwantu. Three thieves stopped him and took his suitcases by force.

lwala pl. of luwli and luwwel lwaleb pl. of luleb lwan, elwan pl. of lun lwani (pl.) dishes, utensils lwas pl. of lus lwayes pl. of lus and lusa lwayez pl. of lwiz lwaz pl. of luza (n.u. of luz)

lwila dim. of lila lwileb dim. of luleb

lwiz pl. -at, lwayez gold coin (some romantic attachment, as with English "doubloon") lwiza 1. dim. of luza (n.u. of luz) 2. vervain lwiza dim. of luza (n.u. of luz)

lewya same as luya

lwez pl. of luz a (n.u. of luz)

lexxer pl. -in last, last one l-merra l-lexxra
lli šefthom hiya l-bare . The last time I
saw them was yesterday. —huma l-lexxrin
lli xeržu. They were the last ones to leave.

¶f-lexxer, m a lexxer finally, in the end

lexxrani pl. -yen last, last one dima ka-dži hiya l-lexxraniya. She's always the last one to come.

lexxes v.t. to sum up, to summarize lyali pl. of lila

lyan v.i. (v.n. lyana, lyuna) 1. to soften, to become softer 2. to become co-operative lyan pl. -at kind of homemade liquid soap,

prepared from ashes, lye, and potassium carbonate

lvana v.n. of lan and lvan lyaga v.n. of lag

lyeg pl. of liga 2 (same as liqa)

lyeg pl. of liga

lyuna v.n. of lan and lyan

lzaz pl. -at 1. wedge 2. prop, support

lzem v.t. (v.n. luzum) 1. to owe $\neq šzal$ lezmu Ela had l-xedma? How much does he owe for this work? 2. to have to \neq ġad-ilezmek tčămmer ši-wraq. You'll have to fill out some forms.

Ta.p. lazem (may take pron. endings) denotes obligation, necessity, or incumbency lazem zetta huma ixedmu. They must work too. -lazem ngulha le-bbah. I have to tell his father. -kan lazemhom iketbu-lu. They should have written him.

lezzem v.t. to force bgaw ilezzmuh (baš) imši m ahom. They wanted to force him to go with them. —ma-lezzem zădd Eliya had l-xedma. Nobody forced this work on

lezzez v.t. 1. to wedge 2. to prop (up), to support

lžam pl. -at rein(s)

ležna pl. -t, ližan committee

ležžem v.t. to bridle, to put a bridle on laf pl. lauf, laufa same as lafa

lzayef pl. of lzifa

lezd pl. lzud, lzuda large stone slab placed in a grave over the dead body before it is covered with dirt

lzeg same as lzeg

lzi pl. of lez ya

lzifa pl. -t, lzayef long, narrow mattress shaped somewhat like a couch

lziq v.n. of lzeq

lz is v.n. of lzes

lz iwa dim. of lez ya

lezlaz pl. -a flatterer

lezlez Ela to flatter ma-Eăndek l-aš tlezlez Eliha. There's no need for you to flatter her.

lzăm pl. (intensity) lzum, lzumat 1. meat had l-lz am ma-zal ma-tab. This meat hasn't cooked yet. 2. flesh s-sbu a ka-i išu Ela makelt l-lz ăm. Lions are flesh-eating animals.

They left him with nothing but his shirt on his back.

¶ šuwwek l-lzăm l- to give goose flesh to lăzn pl. alzan tune, (piece of) music (excluding any attendant lyrics)

lzeq v.t. (v.n. lziq) 1. to obtain, to get ma-qder-š ilzeq ši-xedma zsen men hadi. He wasn't able to get a better job. 2. to reach gir ka-ihezz yeddu ka-ilzeq s-sqef. He reaches the ceiling just by lifting his arm. 3. to catch xessek tebter bas tlez qu fe-d-dar. You have to hurry so you can catch him at home. 4. to catch up with or to daba rahom sabqinna, be-l-Zăqq gad-ndiru žehdna baš nlez quhom. They're ahead of us now, but we'll try our best to catch up with them.

¶ lzeq be-d-dbiz a to slaughter (a dying animal) in order to make its flesh acceptable for food according to Muslim law lzes v.t. (v.n. lzis) to lick l-kelb

ka-ilzes-lha yeddha. The dog is licking her hand.

lzud, lzuda pl. of lezd じてuf, にufa pl. of にaf

lבum, lzumat pl. of intensity of lzăm lez ya pl. -t, lzi (dim. lziwa) 1. chin 2. beard

lez בăf 1. v.t. to wrap (s.o.) in a zayek 2. v.i. to put on a *zayek*

lezzeg v.t. to take, to carry škun

ġad-ilezzeq had le-ktub l-l-xizana? Who's going to take these books to the library?

"leקבeq b- to make reach, to help attain, to help find ma-lezzeqni zădd b-had l-minz a, žebtha b-mubara. Nobody helped me obtain this scholarship; I won it in a contest.

lEaybi pl. -ya player xah lEaybi de-l-kura mezyan. His brother is a good ball player. $l \in \breve{a}b$ v.t. or v.i. (v.n. $l \in b$) 1. to play le ăbna țere de-s-sențrez qbel ma-teăssina. We played a game of chess before we had supper. —ka-yă Eref il Eăb l-Eud. He

knows how to play the lute. 2. to trifle, to fool or play around, to waste time

ma-dazet-š f-le-mtizan li-genna kanet gir ka-tel & ăb. She didn't pass her exam because she was just fooling around.

¶ $l \in \check{a}b$ b- (or $\mathcal{E}la$) to dupe, to mislead, to take advantage of mnin sabuh

ma-ka-yă Eref-š !- luga lă bu bih. When they found out he didn't know the language, they took advantage of him.

¶ $l \in \check{a}b$ f- 1. to play (around) with, to fool (around) with ma-txelli-š d-drari ilă bu fe-t-tumubil. Don't let the kids fool around with the car. 2. to misuse, to misappropriate d aw amin s-sendug Ela lli

^{**} xellaweh b-qamižžtu Eăl l-lzăm.

kan ka-il? ăb f-le-flus de-l-mu? essasa. The treasurer was sued for misappropriating the society's funds.

¶leăb le-qmer to gamble, to play for money

lăとb v.n. of lとăb

¶ lă b l-xil horse race

¶ lă & b l-kura ball game

lă? ba n.i. of l? ăb

le in v.n. of le ăn

1Eig v.n. of le ag

leăn v.t. (v.n. lein) to curse, to swear at

lă Ena n.i. of le ăn

le ăg v.t. (v.n. leig) to lick lă eget z-zlafa Ead gesletha. She licked the bowl and then washed it.

¶ p.p. mel \(uq \) pl. mla \(eq \) ill-fated person, one always having bad luck

lăとg pl. of lăとga 2

lă Eqa 1. n.i. of le ăq 2. pl. -t, lă Eq leech,

bloodsucker

lă & & ab pl. -a player šz al de-l-lă & & aba fe-l-ferga dyalkom? How many players are there in your team?

lă & & ăb v.t. to make play lă & & buni l-karta bezz menni. They made me play cards in

spite of myself.

ma (m.) pl. myah 1. water 2. juice (of fruit, vegetables, etc.) 3. sap (plant)

¶ ma de-z-zher or ma zher orange blossom perfume

I ma wred or ma de-l-werd rose water ¶ ma zya a relatively weak alcoholic beverage resembling aquavit or brandy ma 1. used as a type of relative pron.

ma-Eăndi ma nqul. I have nothing to say.

(** What can I do? I'm caught.) -ma-xellit ma qellebt. I looked everywhere (i.e., I didn't leave out inspecting anything). -ma-bqa-li ma nemši. There's no longer any reason for me to go. -ma-fiva ma nemši. I don't feel like going. 2. used with various other words to form a type of compound conj. (often in the form of -emma): bă&d-ma t&ăššina xrežna

ntsaraw. After we ate supper we went to take a walk. -ma-Eăndi suq, aš-emma kanet gir werriha-li! I don't care; whatever it is, show it to me! -fayn-ma ikun Eăndek l-weqt, aži šufna. Whenever you have time, come and see us. -weqt-emma weždu-lek le-flus Ețini lli ka-nsalek. Pay me what you owe me whenever you get the money. (see aš, baš, bzal, bin, bla, bačd, f-, fayn, fuq, gae, gir, zit, zsen, zetta, kif, layn, men, mnayn, qedd, sa a, šzal, škun, wa, wayn, weqt, Ela, Elaš, Eănd)

ma used in certain interrogative terms with the preposition l-: ma-lek teățielti? Why were you late? -ma l-had š-šelya mherrsa? Why is this chair broken?

-ma-lek? What's the matter with you? -aš žabek fiya ma-li? What do you care what's the matter with me?

ma particle of negation (usually used with -š or -ši) l-barez ma-kont-š fe-d-dar. I wasn't home yesterday. -ma-čăndi zetta zaža. I don't have a thing.

¶ ma-ši term of negation (in equational sentences) hiya ma-ši mezvana! She's not pretty!

ma used to express amazement or admiration: ma zlaha! How nice she is! -ma bennu! How good this tastes! -! lah Ela had l-bent ma zinha! God, she's a beautiful girl!

mabadi? pl. of mebde?

ma da bihø see da

madad used in the expr. madad, ya rasul llah! prayerful invocation for assistance upon undertaking s.th. that one feels he cannot do without help

madahib pl. of medheb

madani pl. -yen civil, civilian (in contrast to military)

madaniva civilization

madag taste had I-Eineb fih wazed l-madag mo Etabar. These grapes have an excellent

madar pl. -at orbit (of planet, etc.)

madda 1. pl. mawadd element (chemical) 2. pl. mawadd field, area (profession, of study) 3. (no pl.) finances, funds 4. pl. -t distance (from one point to another)

madina (with art.) Medina (near Mecca) madiz (no pl.) 1. eulogy (especially to a saint or the Prophet) 2. eulogist, panegyrist madella humiliation, degradation

madriya pl. -t beam, timber

me adva v.n. of e ada

madi a.p. of mda

maderra harm, detriment (v.n. of derr) l-garru lli ka-tekmi rah fih gir l-maderra. Those cigarettes you smoke are nothing but harmful.

magana pl. -t, mwagen 1. watch (time-piece) 2. clock

Imagana de-d-duw electric or light meter

¶ magana de-l-ma water meter

```
...............
```

Imagana de-s-semta (or de-l-yedd) wrist watch

¶ magana de-s-sersar alarm clock

¶ magana de-š-šems sun dial

I magana de-š-šun (or de-t-tug) pocket watch

mağul n.pl. of mağuli

mağuli adj. pl. -yen n.pl. mağul Mongolian, Tatar (referring mainly to the savage hordes of the late middle ages)

mahana same as Pihana (v.n. of han ihin)

mahara skill, dexterity maher pl. -in skillful, dextrous, adroit

makan pl. ? amkina, ? amakin classicism for

maz ăll makayed pl. of makida

makida pl. makayed trap, snare (also metaphorical)

¶ debber makida l- to lay or set a trap for (s.o., animal)

makina pl. -at, mwaken machine, apparatus

¶ *makina de-ḍ-ḍuw* generator

¶ makina d-le-zsana razor (electric and safety)

¶ makina de-le-zsad harvester, combine ¶ makina de-t-tbasel phonograph, record

¶ makina de-t-tzin grain mill (electric)

¶ makina d-le-xyata sewing machine

makla 1. v.n. of kla 2. pl. -at, mwakel food (in general) 3. pl. -at, mwakel meal (dinner, supper, etc.)

makul pl. -at food (in general; usually pl.) mal imil v.i. (v.n. milan, muyul) 1. to lean, to tilt, to be inclined or at an angle š-šežra mayla le-š-šerq. The tree is leaning to the east. -ka-imil le-š-šuyu Eiya. He leans toward Communism. 2. to tend -lun l-qamižža ka-imil l-le-zreg. The color of the shirt tends toward blue. 3. to roll, to rock (as a ship)

mal pl. mwal money, capital

malak pl. malayka, mlayka angel (e.g., Gabriel)

malal 1. satiety, quality of being fed up 2. s.th. wrong or amiss Eăndu ši-malal f-keršu. He has something wrong with his stomach.

malayka pl. of malak

malik pl. muluk king, monarch

malika pl. -t queen

maliya 1. same as mal 2. finance (dept.)

¶ wazir l-maliya Minister of Finance

Twizart l-maliya Ministry of Finance male pl. -in salty

mamat death men qbel l-mamat dyalu kteb-lha risala. He wrote her a letter before his

mamun pl. -in 1. safe, without danger (place) 2. loyal, trustworthy

mamuni pl. -yen trellis

mamuriya pl. -t mission (diplomatic, religious, etc.)

man imun same as muwwen

manadir pl. of mender manafie pl. of menfaea 2

manakir pl. of munkăr

manam same as mnam

manama same as mnama

manasik (treated as f.sg.) used in the expr. manasik l-Zăžž prescribed attire, standard of appearance, rites, etc., to be observed

during the pilgrimage at Mecca

manazil pl. of menzila manda pl. -t salary, pay mandulina pl. -t mandolin

manira pl. -t 1. manner, way xeşşni nšuf ši-manira baš nzell had le-qfel. I have to find some way to open this lock. 2. trick, ruse dda le-flus mennu b-wazed l-manira.

He got the money from him by trickery. mani Epl. mawani Eobstacle, hindrance

¶ ma-&ăndu\$ mani& to have no objection, to be all right with $(s.o.) \neq$

manta type of wild mint magadir destiny, fate

maqal pl. -at article (magazine, newspaper)

maqala pl. -t same as maqal

maqam pl. -at 1. tomb of the Prophet Mohammed or a Muslim saint 2. position, rank, grade

magama pl. -t type of Arabic poetry

maqayis pl. of meqyas marakiz pl. of merkez

marăd s-sell same as sell, soll

mariya tide (sea)

** xellih zetta džibu l-mariya. Leave it until a better opportunity comes.

¶ mariya tal a high tide I mariya habta low tide

mariyu pl. -yat, -wat wardrobe, portable closet

marka pl. -t brand, make šmen marka

t-tumubil dyalek? What make is your car?

mars March (month) masafa same as msafa

masa?il pl. of mes?ala

masakin pl. of meskin

masaza pl. -t area, surface l-ma da ¿ f-wazed l-masaza kbira. The water spread over a large area.

masiz (with art.) (the) Messiah, (the)

Christ

masaliz pl. of meşlaza

maser (f.) Egypt

mașsa pl. -t sledge hammer massu pl. -wat, -yat 1. pile (of coins, jewels,

gold) 2. nugget (gold)

ma-ši see ma (negation)

maši a.p. of mša

mašina pl. -t train safert l-merrakeš fe-l-mašina. I went to Marrakesh by train. mašiva cpl. mawaši livestock (pl. implies more emphasis on the various kinds) mašeqqa pl. -t difficulty ma-wselt gir b-mašeqqa. I arrived only after some difficulty. -f-had š-šģol kayna mašeqqa. This work is difficult to do. mat imut v.i. to die l-barez mat bbah llah irez mu. His father died yesterday, God rest his soul. - Etini nakol, ka-nmut be-ž-žu ?! Give me something to eat, I'm dying of hunger. I mat Ela to be crazy or mad about (s.o.) ka-izebb mratu u-ka-imut Eliha. He's just crazy about his wife. matabaqi (no art.) the rest, what is left ana Etiwni gir had l-xatem, u-matabaqi llah irebber kom bih. Just give me this ring and you can have the rest. matal same as mtel 2 matalan for example, for instance, such as matar pl. -at airport, air field matiša (coll. and sg) pl. -t, mwateš (no art.) 1. tomato 2. swing kanet ka-tel \(\inft\) \(\var{a}\) f-mațiša u-hiya țtiz u-herrset yeddiha. She was playing on the swing when she fell and broke her arm. matel b- to put (s.o.) off hadi modda u-nta ka-tmatel biya, Etini flusi, llah ibarek fik! You've been putting me off long enough, now please give me my money! mațăr pl. mțar, eemțar rain (pl. for intensity) mawadd pl. of madda 1 and 2 mawadie pl. of mudue mawaši cpl. of mašiya mawi pl. mawyen 1. (too) watery, thin had le-mdad mawi. This ink is too watery. 2. (extra) juicy (of citrus) maya pl. -t melody, tune waš ka-tă? ref l-maya dyal had l-gonya? Do you know the melody of this song? mayu May (month) ma-zal see zal mazid used in the expr. l-zămdu li-llahi wa-mazid š-šokr used to express one's satisfaction as to how s.th. is (e.g., one's business, a good meal) mazuzi pl. -yen late (e.g., a crop) had z-zră & lli f-had l-mentaqa kollu mazuzi. The wheat in this region has all come in late. mazez v.t. 1. to joke or kid around with (s.o.) 2. to play or fool around with, to be playful with (s.o.) maž imuž v.i. to be wavy, to undulate (sea) maži a.p. of ža mažella pl. -t magazine, journal mažus pl. of mažusi mažusi pl. mažus pagan, heathen (also often

said of any non-believer in a one-and-only God) mazăll pl. -at place šnu had l-mazăll? What's this place (here)? —aži l-mazălli had l-lila! Come over to my place tonight! -fayn ža maz ăllek de-l-xedma? Where's your place of business? - škun lli čămlu f-mazăllu? Who did they put in his place? mazălli pl. -yen local, of or pertaining to a particular place ma-zya see ma ma ad-llah usually in the expr. zaša ma ad-llah expresses some disbelief in or unacceptance of s.o.'s remark šeftu ka-išeffer — zaša ma zad-llah! I've seen him steal.—Impossible! ma Earid pl. of ma Erid mačarif pl. of măčrifa 2 me ¿ida pl. -t stomach (organ) maeun pl. mwaen 1. dish (includes pots and pans) Eawenni fe-gsil le-mwaeen. Help me wash the dishes. 2. musical instrument 3. tool (of any kind) mbadla pl. -t trade, barter mbaleg pl. of mebleg mbared, mbared pl. of mebred, mebred mbarek part. of barek mbarka pl. -t n.i, of barek and tbarek mbata v.n. of bat mbawsa pl. -t n.i. of tbawes mbaxer pl. of mbexra mbay a pl. -t bow, obeisance, curtsy mebde? pl. mabadi? principle huwa ma-Eăndu zetta mebde?. He has no principles at all. mbixra dim. of mbexra mebleg pl. mbaleg amount, sum wret men bbah wazed l-mebleg dyal le-flus kbir bezzaf. He inherited a very large sum of money from his father. mebrad pl. -in (one) sensitive to cold mebras pl. -in (one) afflicted with vitiligo mebred, mebred pl. mbared, mbared file, rasp (tool) mebruk usually used in set expr. e.g., Ewašrek mebruka, or Eidek mebruk! Happy holiday! - sbar ek mebruk! Good morning! —hadi sa a mebruka f-aš šefnak. It's (been) good to see you again. mbexra pl. mbaxer (dim. mbixra) censer, thurible mebyu& p.p. of ba& mdabez part, of ddabez mdabza pl. -t fight, scrap mdabe pl. of medbez mdad 1. pl. of modd 2. ink mdadi pl. -yen blue (basically color of blue ink) mdadez pl. of meddaz mdafe pl. of medfa &

mdagga pl. -t n.i. of tdagg

mdaheb vl. of medheb medkuk p.p. of dekk mdahva v.n. of dha mdakk pl. of mdekka mdaker (pl.) testicles mdagga same as mdagga (n.i. of tdagg) loose vine) mdari pl. of medra mdarva v.n. of dara mdaguem part, of daguem (clothes or person) mdaguma v.n. of dam mdaguez ol. of medwez mderdeb p.p. of derdeb mdud pl. of medd. modd mdaxel pl. of medxel mdun pl. of mdina mdavni pl. -va creditor mdavež, mdažž pl. of mdežža mdar sa v.n. of dr es and dar es mdae va v.n. of de a duct, ditch medbal pl. -in wilted, withered (as a flower; also a person) medber pl. mdaber part of animal's throat which is cut or slit when it is slaughtered 3. introduction, preface medd v.t. (v.n. meddan) 1. to hold out, to extend medd-li veddik nšuf aš fiha! Hold bad health out your hand so I can see what's in it! 2. to pass, to reach, to hand medd-li hadak le-ktab llah ixellik! Hand me that book, medvan pl. -in debtor please! 3. to lay out or down (s.o.) hak, medd had l-weld fug le-fras. Here, lay the boy down on the bed. medd, modd du. -avn pl. mdud, mdad conmed v.n. of mdez tainer used for measuring grain modda pl. -t 1. (long) time, a while fayn had l-giba, hadi modda ma-šefnak. Where have (over) crowded you been, it's been a long time since we've seen you. 2. period Etaha modda dyal (person) ¿ ăšr iyyam. He gave her a period of ten ¶ modda madida a long time, ages meddan v.n. of medd meddaz pl. -a, mdadez 1. kind of street vesterday. singer, minstrel 2. kind of public storymeeddeb part. of eeddeb meddi pl. -yen a.p. of dda medden v.t. to civilize medfă epl. mdafe cannon ¶ dreb (or tleg, or kellem) medfă to fire or discharge a cannon ¶ teklima (or derba) de-l-medfă e cannon shot medheb pl. mdaheb, madahib 1. doctrine, school (of thought) 2. sect, denomination medhi p.p. of dha mo?di (1-) pl. mo?dyen harmful, injurious, mdadeg pl. of meddaga noxious (to) mdall pl. of mdell mdina pl. -t, mdun city, town (often referring mdamm pl. of mdemma to the old, original city rather than the mdareb pl. of mderrba newer, more modern city next to the old) mdini pl. -yen city-dweller, urbanite mdawa intelligence, sharpness (of mind) mdir v.n. of mdez mdayeg pl. of medyeg

78 mdekka pl. -t, mdakk ramrod (for loading guns) mdeldel pl. -in dangling, hanging loose (as shirt tail, loose wires hanging from ceiling. medra pl. -t. maari pitchfork medrasa same as medrasa mderbel pl. -in ragged, torn and tattered mduwwed part, of duwwed medwez pl. mdawez 1. corridor, hallway 2. passageway, pass 3. path, trail 4, aquemedxel pl. mdaxel 1. way in, entrance 2. definition (of a word), lexicographical entry mdexna pl. -t chimney, flue medxul 1. income, revenue 2. pl. -in sickly, in mdexxem pl. -in same as mdexxem mdežža pl. -t. mdažž, mdavež pearl necklace mde v.t. (v.n. med z, mdiz) 1. to praise in song (the Prophet Mohammed) 2. to praise, to speak well of (s.o.) mdettes pl. -in (over) packed, crammed, mdă wi pl. -ven unfortunate, wretched mda imda v.i. 1. to get or become sharp (knife) 2. to become mentally keen, to develop one's personality 3. to get lost mdat fe-l-gaba l-barez. She got lost in the forest mda imdi 1. v.t. to sign (object may be signature or the paper) 2. v.i. to get lost mda-li sebbati. My shoes have gotten lost. Ta.p. madi pl. madyen (comp. mda) 1. sharp, keen ma-kan-š ka-yez sab-li had ž-ženwi madya hakda. I wasn't aware that this knife was so sharp. - ¿ ăndu war ed 1-weld madi mea rasu. He has a boy with a sharp mind. 2. (with art.) the past fe-l-madi le-mgarba kanu ka-ilebsu t-trabes bezzaf. In the past, Moroccans wore the fez a great deal. mda comp. of madi (a.p. of mda) mdabe E pl. of medbu E (same as mdebba E) mdares pl. of medrasa and mdersa

mdebbă pl. -in stupid, dense medbu? pl. -in, mdabe & same as mdebba & medda v.t. to sharpen, to hone (a blade) meddaga pl. mdadeg temple (of head) medday pl. -a one who sharpens knives, etc. mdeg v.t. (v.n. mdig) to chew, to masticate ¶ mdeg l-hedra (or le-klam) 1. to swallow one's words, to mumble 2. to think carefully before speaking, to measure one's words medaa pl. -t n.i. of mdeg mdig v.n. of mdeg mdiyyeq part. of diyyeq medlam pl. -in dark, unlit had l-bit medlam bezzaf. This room is too dark. mdell pl. mdall, mdula 1. umbrella, parasol 2. parachute medmed v.t. to rinse (out) (the mouth) mdemma pl. -t, mdamm type of embroidered woman's belt (usually of silk) mednun p.p. of denn medrasa pl. -t, mdares school Ead zadu tlata d-le-byut fe-l-medrasa dyalna. They've just added three rooms to our school. medrasi pl. -yen of or pertaining to school mderrba pl. -t, mdareb mattress mdersa pl. mdares kind of student dormitory medrub p.p. of dreb mdula pl. of mdell mdexxem pl. -in excellent, magnificent, outstanding medyeq pl. mdayeq gorge, pass, gap (mountain) modzika pl. -t most anything that causes laughter mfareq pl. of mefreq mfașel 1. a.p. of tfașel 2. pl. of mefșel mfatez pl. of meftaz mfatel pl. of meftel mfawet pl. -in unequal, not the same had l-xut mfawtin fe-s-senn. These brothers are not the same age. mefduz p.p. of fdez mefhum p.p. of fhem mfelles part, of felles and a.p. of tfelles metreg pl. mfareg fork(ing), bifurcation I mefreq t-tergan 1. junction, fork (road) 2. intersection (road) mferred p.p. of ferred mferrek pl. -in knock-kneed mefsel pl. mfasel joint, articulation (bone) meftaz pl. mfatez key (which opens some lock; also metaphorical) meftel pl. mfatel joint, articulation (bone) meftuz p.p. of ftez mfežžež part. of fežžež mgada pl. of megdi maadd pl. -in 1. straight (i.e., not curved or crooked) 2. straightforward, frank (person)

maader pl. of meader mgag pl. of mogg megdi pl. mgada type of chisel used on concrete, bricks, etc. megder pl. -in, magader large and strong, big and husky mogg pl. mgag nasal junction of upper and lower eyelids. mgemmer pl. -in 1. moonlit 2. glowing, beaming (face; attributed to pious living) mgezra pl. -t slaughterhouse mege ăd same as mege ăd mganna pl. -t v.n. of tganen, tgann maarba n.pl. of maerbi, mearibi, mearibi mgaref pl. of mogref, mgerfa, mgorfa mäasel pl. of measel mġawta pl. -t quarrel, argument mgazel pl. of megzel megbun pl. -in 1. sad, low (in spirit) 2. depressing, sad (situation, problem) migedded pl. -in a.p. of tigedded and part. of gedded meafara v.n. of afer megfira absolution, forgiveness (of God) l-megfira ka-tkun gir men & and llah. Forgiveness comes only from God. meġġeţ v.t. to lay down (usually a child) meggetha baš ten čas! Lay her down so she can go to sleep! megmum p.p. of gemm mogref, mgerfa, mgorfa pl. -t, mgaref 1. wooden spoon (for eating soup, etc.) 2. ladle megrib (with art.) Morocco megribi, megribi, mgerbi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. mġaṛba Moroccan mgerreb part. of gerreb megsel pl. mgasel wooden slab or table with short legs on which the dead are washed megiut muggy (weather) megyar pl. -in jealous, envious huwa megyar men xah. He's jealous of his brother. megzel pl. mgazel 1. spindle (in spinning wool) 2. axle mhabel pl. of mehbul mhadd pl. of mhedd mhal pl. of mhil mhara 1. same as mahara 2. pl. of mehri mharez pl. of mehraz mehbul pl. -in, mhabel crazy, mad (literal and loose sense) mehd pl. mhud same as mhedd mhedd pl. mhadd cradle (baby) mehhed v.t. to facilitate, to make easy or easier mehhel 1. v.t. to slow down, to take easy or easier (work, speed) 2. v.i. to slow up or down, to take it easy ¶ mehhel Ela 1. to give extra time to (s.o.) (as for paying a debt) 2. to not rush

(s.o.) mehhel Eliha! Don't rush her! 3. to give a breather or respite to (s.o.)

mhil pl. mhal (comp. mhel) 1. slow, not capable of fast action (as a poor runner, worker) 2. low (flame)

mhel 1. comp. of mhil 2. patience

¶ b-le-mhel patiently

mohl same as mhel 2

mehmum pl. -in worried, anxious, preoccupied mehr, mohr dowry

mehrar pl. -in ticklish (sensitive to touch)

mehraz pl. mharez mortar (and pestle)

mehri pl. mhara dromedary, one-humped

mhud pl. of mehd (same as mhedd)

mehyab pl. -in 1. scary, frightening (as a haunted house, cemetery) 2. inspiring a kind of shy fear, apprehension (as fear of talking to a pretty girl, important personality)

mida pl. -t, myadi 1. board used in transporting unbaked bread to the public oven 2. table (furniture) 3. low, round serving table with a raised edge or rim

midum pl. -in having fat, fatty (meat)

¶ luz midum almonds used for their oil mida pl. -t, myadi bathroom, rest room, latrine

mikrub pl. -at microbe, germ

mil 1. taste, penchant xay Eăndu mil

l-l-musiqa. My brother has a taste for music. 2. slope, incline, inclination l-mil dval had d-druž šgir. These stairs have (only) a slight slope. 3. pl. myal mile

milad l-masiz Christ's birth, the Nativity,

Christmas

milan v.n. of mal

milud same as mulud

miludiya same as muludiya

mim the Arabic and Moroccan letter m

** sebbeq l-mim tertaz. Always say "no" and you won't have any problems (i.e., you won't be responsible for anything).

mimun luck, good fortune

mina pl. -t mine (explosive)

migat about, around nšufek gedda migat l-Eăšra de-s-sbaz. I'll see you tomorrow about ten in the morning.

miqdar amount, quantity (usually of money) mirat 1. inheritance, bequest 2. succession, inheritance (as to the crown)

missel same as myessel

mital pl. ? emtila 1. example 2. proverb, saying mitin (country usage) same as myatayn

miter, mitru pl. mitruwat, -yat meter (metric system)

miyyal pl. -in (l-) tending (to, toward) lunu miyyal l-le-\taumer. Its color tends toward the red.

** ana lih miyyal. I like him; I'm for him; I'm on his side.

miyyaz pl. -in observant, perspicacious

miyyel v.t. 1. to tilt, to incline ila bģiti te ammer s-stilu miyyel d-dwaya! Tilt the ink bottle if you want to fill the pen. 2. to get (s.o.) to come over to one's side or way of thinking

miyyeq v.t. to give a dirty look to (s.o.), to grimace at (s.o.) disgustedly or

disapprovingly

m²iyyes pl. -in having given up in desperation miyyet 1. pl. in dead mmu miyyta be-l-Zăqq bhah ma-zal Eayes. His mother is dead but his father is still living. 2. pl. -in sterile, infertile (soil) 3. pl. muta dead person

miyyez v.t. 1. to distinguish, to discern, to tell (the difference between) imken-lek tmiyyez le-xder men le-zreq? Can you tell green from blue? -ma-imken-lek-š tmiyyez bin l-begla u-l-Eawd? Can't you distinguish between a mule and a horse? 2. to think, to reflect dima ka-imiyyez qbel-ma idwi. He always thinks before he speaks.

miz discrimination, differentiation

¶ be-l-miz by a rough estimation or guess Emelt z-zit fe-ţ-ţawa gir be-l-miz. I poured the oil into the pot, merely estimating the amount (and not measuring exactly).

mizan pl. myazen 1. balance, scale (s) 2. equilibrium, balance (usually involving one side in respect to another) 3. meter, rhythm 4. check, proof (as of a mathematical problem)

¶ mizan l-ma (carpenter's) level

I mizan l-xit plumb line

¶ mizan lzal barometer

¶ mizan l-zarara thermometer

mizaniya pl. -t budget mizaž same as mzaž

mižur pl. -in hired, employed (especially irregularly)

mizad pl. of maz d

mi ad pl. -at 1. date, appointment 2. at (time expr.) jadi nexrož mičad l-xemsa. I'm leaving at five o'clock. 3. correlative of gir taking pron. endings in such expr. as gir ža mičadi xrežt. As soon as he came I left.

¶ miEad ş-şbaz, miEad gedda fe-ş-şbaz (by) tomorrow morning mi ad gedda fe-s-sbaz Ead negder nwežžedha-lek. I can have it ready for you by tomorrow morning.

¶ zetta l-mi ad until (time expr.)

ma-imken-lek texrož zetta l-mi ad le-Eša. You can't leave until evening.

mi Eara pl. -t Jewish cemetery

mkabb pl. of mkebb

mkafya v.n. of kafa

mkan pl. -at same as makan
mkateb pl. of mekteb and mektub
mkaz el pl. of mkez la, mkoz la
mkebb pl. mkabb 1. reflector for an overhead
light bulb 2. conical lid for a kind of bread
basket (for keeping bread)
mekka Mecca

mekkar adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a subtly evil and malicious

mekken v.t. to make it possible for (s.o.)
mekkenha men l-zuşuļ Eăl l-mă Elumat
lli bỳat. He made it possible for her to get
the information she wanted.

mekker b- to mistreat, to be mean to, to do evil to

mekmul pl. -in perfect, faultless (person)
mken v.i. (v.n. ⁹imkan) to be possible imken
iži. It's possible he'll come.

** imken! Could be! Maybe!

¶mken l- to be able \neq was mken-lek temši l-dak l-muzadara? Were you able to go to that lecture? —imken-lek dži? Can you come?

mektab f. sg, used as pl., destined, fated l-mut mektaba Elina kollna. Death is destined for all of us,

mektaba pl. -t 1. library 2. bookstore

mekteb pl. mkateb 1. office (place of work) dreb-li t-tilifun l-l-mekteb dyali. Call me at my office. 2. office, bureau, department 3. desk (as in an office)

mketba pl. -t desk

mektub pl. mkateb pocket (clothing)

megkul same as makul

mkezla, mkozla pl. mkazel 1. rifle 2. container for storing kzul

mkă Elel pl. -in 1. disheveled, messed up (hair) 2. full of ko Elal (wool)

mla imli v.t. (v.n. melyan, mli) to dictate, to read off (so one can write) aži !!ah ixellik mli Eliya had l-qitEa. Please dictate this excerpt to me.

mlaga 1. v.n. of tmelley 2. pl. -t joke, jest mlak engagement (for marriage)

mlak, mlakat pl. of melk

mlales pl. of mellasa

mlalet pl. of mellati

mlalez pl. of mellaz

mlal z i pl. -ya one who extracts and refines salt (from sea water)

mlas v.i. to get or become smooth, polished
(as a sanded piece of wood)

mlasi pl. of melsa (same as mellasa)

mla Eeb pl. of mel & ăb

mla eq pl. of mel uq (pp. of l eq)

mlaxi pl. of melxa

mlavka pl. of malak

mlayen pl. of melyun

mlayer pl. of melyar

mla v.i. (v.n. mla a) to turn out all right, to turn into a good person (said of formerly mischievous or unruly children)

mlaz pl. of mliz 1 mlaz a v.n. of mlaz

melf pl. (intensity) mluf, mlufa felt (cloth)

melhuf pl. -in gluttonous, voracious melhut pl. -in same as lahet (a.p. of lhet)

melhut pl. -in gluttonous, voracious mli v.n. of mla

mlik v.n. of mlek

mlis v.n. of mles

mliz 1. pl. mlaz (comp. mlez) good, excellent 2. well ka-nă ref nekteb b-l-ingliza mliz. I know how to write well in English.

** mliz ! All right! O.K.!

mlek v.t. (v.n. mlik, melk 1. to possess, to own 2. to master (language, job) 3. to conquer

(country, etc.) ¶ mlek $nefsu\phi$ to have control of one's emotions, to have a good grip on oneself

¶ p.p. memluk pl. -in (living) in slavery, in bondage

melk pl. mlak, mlakat 1. v.n. of mlek 2. property, that which is owned

If f-melku ϕ in one's possession, belonging to (s.o.) had s-siyara f-melki. This car belongs to me.

molk state or office of being king, kingship melkiya pl. -t 1. deed (to property) 2. ownership, title škun lli Eăndu Eliha l-melkiya? Who has (legal) title to it?

mell (v.n. mellan) to be tired of, to be fed up with mellit (or mellit men) had š-šģol.

I'm fed up with this job.

mella pl, -t religious doctrine, religion

mellak pl. -a proprietor, owner (usually with landlord implications)

mellan v.n. of mell

mellasa pl. -t, mlales 1. plane (tool) 2. trowel (mortar)

mellati pl. mlalet (adj.) bare-back, without a saddle (horse)

mella pl. mlale Jewish quarter, ghetto melli contraction of men-lli

mellek v.t. to betroth, to affiance, to promise in marriage mellek weldu b-bent žiranhom. He betrothed his son to their neighbors' daughter.

mellel v.t. to tire, to cause (s.o.) to get fed up le-qraya dyal had le-ktab melletni. I'm getting tired of reading this book.

melles v.t. 1. to make smooth, to give a smooth finish to 2. to stroke, to pet

mellez v.t. (v.n. mluza, mluziya) 1. to salt, to preserve in salt 2. to overseason with salt

¶ melle \(\) le-klam to imbue one's speech with colorful words or phrases

¶ meller b-le-Esa to beat (s.o.) (as punishment) melmel v.t. to shake, to move baraka ma-tmelmel t-tebla! Stop shaking the table! melga (m.) meeting (approximately n.i. of laa) ¶ melqa (pl. mlaqi) ţ-ţuruq (or ţ-ţorqan) intersection, junction mles f. melsa pl. mules smooth, polished (in texture) melsa pl. mlasi same as mellasa mles v.t. (v.n. mlis) 1. to unsheathe, to pull off (sheath, gloves, pillow case, etc.) 2. to wipe or scrape off (e.g., excess cream from hands) mlu (state of) high tide mluf, mlufa pl. of melf mluk used in the expr. \(\tau\) \(\tab{b}\) le-mluk n.u. Zăbb le-mluka 1. cherry 2. cherry tree mlusa, mlusiya smoothness, polish (of texture) mluxiya okra mluza, mluziya 1. v.n. of mellez 2. oversaltiness 3. congeniality (of character) melxa pl. mlaxi 1. laceration, scrape (skin) 2. half-sole melya pl. -t (occasion of) high tide melyan v.n. of mla melyar pl. mlayer billion (U.S.) kaynin ši-tlata d-le-mlayer de-s-sokkan fe-l-& alăm. There are about three billion inhabitants in the world. melyun pl. mlayen million fe-l-megrib kayen tnaš-er melvun de-s-sokkan. There are twelve million inhabitants in Morocco. melž leg of lamb (meat) mez, mlez, melza salt ¶ mel a de-l-barud saltpeter ¶ mel a zeyya rock salt mler comp. of mlir 1 mel un (no pl.) poetry (of the ballad type) sung in dialect mel ¿ ăb pl. mla ¿ eb 1. playground 2. stadium, arena 3. court (tennis, basketball) 4. track (race) mel Eug p.p. of lE ăg @omm (mm- before pron. endings) pl. gommahat, mmawat (dim. mmima, mwima, mmima) 1. mother 2. (with first person pron. ending) used with proper name to

indicate an elderly woman without regard to kinship mmi Eiša ka-tă Eref ddawi had l-merd. Ma Isha knows how to cure this illness. 3. polite term of address to elderly woman a mmi xaduž qalt-lek mmi aži teăšša meana l-lila. Mrs. (mother) Khaduj, my mother would like you to have dinner with us this evening. $\P \widehat{m}\widehat{m}u^{\phi} lallah^{\phi}$ (inh. pos.) (one's)

grandmother (paternal) l-vum mariva mšat tšuf mmha lallaha z it mrida. Todav Maria went to see her sick grandmother. ¶omm s-swalef (no pl.) weeping willow ¶omm š-škawi (no pl.) carbuncle ¶omm Eziza (or le-Eziza) grandmother (maternal) l-?omm le-Eziza ka-tsa Eed fe-t-terbiya dyal d-drari ş-şgar. The grandmother helps out in educating little children. - mmi le-Eziza Eăndha tmanin Eam. My (maternal) grandmother is eighty years old. gomma pl. gumam nation, people mmagni same as mwagni Pommahat pl. of Pomm mmalin pl. of mula mmawat pl. of gomm mmima, mmima dim. of comm memlaka pl. -t kingdom memluk p.p. of mlek

mommu pl. -yat 1. pupil (eye) 2. small baby, gemmen v.t. to entrust fuq-emma ka-nsafru ka-ngemmnu zwayežna čăndhom. Whenever we go away we entrust our belongings

to them. mmur, mmura (pron. endings used only with -a form) 1. behind txebba mmur l-zayt. He hid behind the wall. 2. up from behind. up behind ža mmuraha u-šedd-lha

¿ ăyniha. He came up behind her and covered her eyes (with his hands). 3. after ža mmuraya. He came after me (i.e., either to pick me up, or arrived after I did). -sir mmur le-zlib. Go after the milk.

I mmura l-axor one at a time, one after the other mekkel-li ktab mmura l-axor. Hand me the books one at a time.

I mmur d-dhur (this) (in the) afternoon aži čăndi mmur d-dhur. Come over to my place this afternoon.

men (-mmen after fe-, be-, le-, de-, mne-) who, whom (some interrogative and relative pron. use; usu. used only after prep. and as second part of cons.) le-mmen Etitiha? Whom did you give it to? -l-weld l-emmen Etaha ma-zal şģir. The boy to whom he gave her (in marriage) is still quite young. -weld men hada? Whose boy is this?

** benti džuwwžet b-weld men u-fid men. My daughter has married into high society.

¶ škun-men kan anybody, anyone le-mmen nă Eți hada? — škun-men kan! Whom should I give this to?—Anybody! men (menn- before -ek, -u, with some speakers also before -ha, -hom, -kom, -na; in

some contexts mne-, me-) 1. from Ead ža men fas had s-sbar. He just came from Fez this morning. -txebbă&t mennu baš ma-išufni-š. I hid from him so he wouldn't see me. -xditha mennu be-d-dră ?. I took it from him by force. 2. since men n-nhar lli žiti u-hiya taver-lha. She's been angry since the day you arrived. 3. through dxel men l-bab l-luraniya. He came through the back door. -r-riz a lli daxla men š-šeržem qbiz a. The odor coming through the window is horrible. 4. by dazet men hna (or menn hna). She passed by here. 5. used in certain possessive cases had l-gelta mennek. This mistake is yours. 6. than (with comp.) imken huwa kber mennha fe-s-senn,

be-l-zăqq hiya dka mennu. He may be older than she is, but she's smarter.

** ma-\(\tau\) a mennek ma-nta menna! We have nothing to do with you, nor do you with us!

¶ men bă&d 1. afterwards 2. later xelli had š-ši daba u-Eămlu men bă&d. Leave this for now and do it later.

¶ men qbel or me-qbel before, beforehand mnaber pl. of menber

mnadeb pl. of mendba and mendub

mnadel pl. of mendil mnader pl. of mender

mnager pl. of menger mnafes pl. of menfes

mnages pl. of mengus (p.p. of nges)

mnagez pl. of mengaz

mnahya v.n. of nha

mnam 1. v.n. of nam 2. sleep f-le-mnam dyali dima ka-nez lem. I always dream in my sleep.

mnama pl. -t, mnayem dream zlemt wazed le-mnama qbiza l-barez fe-l-lil. I dreamed a bad dream last night.

mnager pl. of mengar

mnageš pl. of mengaš

mnagša pl. -t discussion

mnara pl. -t type of oil lamp

mnaseb pl. -in 1. right, appropriate, opportune xellik zetta l-l-weqt le-mnaseb u-tlebha-lu. Wait until the right time to ask him for it. 2. reasonable had t-taman

mnaseb. This is a reasonable price. mnasež pl. of mensež

mnaseb pl. of menseb

mnaser pl. of mensuriya

mnass pl. -in half-full had l-kas mnass b-atay.

This glass is half-full of tea.

mnašer pl. of menšar and menšer

mnaxer pl. of menxar

mnayem pl. of mnama

mnayn, mnin 1. from where, whence mnayn maži had ş-şdã ? Where's that noise coming from? 2. how (i.e. through where, by

what road or path) mnayn nemši l-l-ḥanka, !!ah ixellik? Please, how do I get to the bank? 3. when (relative) mnayn ikun l-?insan mrid ma-ka-ixeşşuš it ¿äb raşu. When one is sick he shouldn't tire himself. 4. since, seeing that mnin nta daba hna xellik tt ¿äšša m ¿ana. Since you're here now, stay and eat dinner with us.

¶mnayn-ma (from) wherever, everywhere mnayn-ma ža ixrož ka-ižber t-tṛiq mešduda. Everywhere he tries to get out he finds the way closed.

mnazeh pl. of menzeh

mnazel pl. of menzil, menzila, menzel, and menzla

mnažel pl. of menžel

mnažer pl. of menžra

mnaza v.n. of naz

mnazes pl. of menzus

menber pl. mnaber podium or platform from which the Imam delivers his sermon

men-da u-ždid see ždid

mendba pl. -t, mnadeb 1. a lot, a (great) deal, amount baqya ¿ăndi l-mendba l-kăzla de-l-?ašġal. I still have an enormous

amount of work. — Eăndu l-mendba

l-kăz la d-le-flus. He has an awful lot of money. 2. genital area

mendil pl. mnadel 1. towel (made of some material other than terry cloth) 2. napkin
3. tablecloth 4. any good-sized rectangular piece of cloth

mendub pl. mnadeb delegate, representative mender pl. manadir, mnader 1. view, sight mender hada! What a view! 2. appearance, aspect, looks 3. scene (theater)

¶ mender tabi i landscape, scenery

mendur p.p. of nder

menfaça 1. v.n. of nfă 2. pl. manafi benefit, use, profit

mneffes part. of neffes

menfica same as mentaca

menfes pl. mnafes 1. pore (skin) 2. place through which air may escape or enter 3. (air) yent

mengad pl. -in having a long, straight nose mengus p.p. of nges

menjaz pl. mnajez 1. goad, prod (or anything used thus) 2. spur (for goading horses, etc.)

** fih le-mnagez. He's sitting on pins and needles; also: He's restless, can't stay in one place.

mnin same as mnayn

mnie v.n. of mnae

mnemmeš pl. -in 1. freckled 2. speckled menn v.i. to boast, to brag £ta le-flus l-l-xiriya u-bda ka-imenn £ăl n-nas. He

mgaber 1. pl. of qbur and mgebra 2. (pl.) gave some money to charity and then bragged to everybody (about it). cemetery mennă & v.t. 1. to save, to rescue, to deliver mqabet pl. of meqbet mqadd pl. -in same as mgadd (from danger, etc.) ma-qdert-s nmenn u Ela-wedd ma-žit newsel-lu zetta graq. I madef pl. of meadaf magadir-llah God's will couldn't save him because I couldn't manmqadya v.n. of qada age to get to him until he had (already) drowned. 2. to miss menna Eti wazed mqal pl. -at s.th. spoken, that which is said (less common equivalent of klam) l-r efla mezyana. You missed a great party. ¶qeyyed le-mqal Ela to lodge a commengar pl. mnager beak, bill (bird) plaint against (s.o.) mengaš pl. mnageš kind of tool with sharpedged head used in tile work and decoramgalı pl. of megla mgale E pl. of megla & tive metal stamping (often in a hammer shape) mgam pl. -at same as magam mensum pl. -in 1. aromatic 2. flavorful mganen pl. of megnin mensež pl. mnasež loom mqaqya v.n. of qaqa mgarež pl. of megrež menseb pl. mnaseb type of makeshift stove, usually made of three stones around a fire mgasya v.n. of gasa mensuriya pl. -t, mnaser kind of sheer overmgatla any fight or battle in which s.o. is, or presumably could be, killed dress worn by women maate pl. of megta & menšar pl. mnašer saw (tool) mqayla v.n. of qal iqil menšer pl. mnašer place where fruits (e.g., mga ed pl. of meg ăd raisins) are dried in the sun megbed same as megbet mentaga pl. -t area, region, zone mgebra pl. -t, mgaber 1. tomb 2. cemetery menxar pl. mnaxer (pl. often used in sg. megbet pl. maabet handle, grip sense) 1. nose, snout (person, animal) meqbud, meqbut pp.. of qbed, qbet 2. any projection or protuberance meqdaf pl. mgadef oar menzala same as menzila megdar same as megdar menzeh pl. mnazeh place from which a mgedda pl. -t meat-cleaver beautiful or pleasing view may be seen mgeddem part. of geddem (e.g., a balcony) meqdur pl. -in filthy, dirty (i.e., soiled) menzil, pl. mnazel residence, domicile mqedya 1. v.n. of qda 2. pl. -t errand (n.i. of menzila pl. -t, manazil, mnazel (social) posigda) mgila dim. of megla menzel pl. mnazel 1. same as menzil 2. hotel, meqla pl. mqali (dim. mqila) frying pan, inn (for transients) skillet meglub p.p. of gleb menzla pl. -t, mnazel 1. same as menzila meqlae pl. mqalee sling (for throwing 2. bad cold, flu-like condition 3. phase (moon) megnat pl. -in 1. boring, uninteresting (permenžel pl. mnažel sickle son, thing) 2. easily bored (person) menžra pl. -t, mnažer 1. workbench (carpenmegnin pl. mganen small, finch-like songbird ter) 2. saw-mill (factory) meggas pl. -a one who shears excess wool off men us pl. -in, mna es 1. bringing bad luck handmade rugs to even the nap person), jinx 2. jinxed, having bad luck megges v.t. to cut (with scissors or shears) mnă v.i. (v.n. mni e, mnă e, men e) 1. to megrež pl. mgarež long-spouted pot used for escape, to get away bqaw ka-ižriw Elih heating water, kind of tea kettle be-l-zăqq mnă&-lhom. They chased him mgerfed p.p. of gerfed but he got away from them. 2. to be saved, megrun pl. -in (Ela) obsessed (with) to be spared koll-ši f-darha mrid meqrus p.p. of gres be-ṛ-ṛwaz illa hiya men et. Everyone in mges pl. mgusa 1. scissors, shears 2. pincers her house has a cold, but she was spared. (insect, crab) ** mnă& bă&da b-had le-flus! Take the meqsud p.p. of qsed money while you can! ¶ mnă E Ela to forbid mnă E Eliha meqşum p.p. of qşem bbaha texrož (or ma-texrož-š) fe-l-lil. Her meqsura pl. -t 1. chamber where the gadi father forbade her to go out at night. holds audience 2. preparation chamber for mnăe, mene v.n. of mnăe the imam mgabed pl. of megbed (same as megbet) mgeššer part. of geššer

mgetben pl. -in 1. svelte, slender (person) 2. well-built (man, girl) meqta e pl. mqate 1. place where persons are beheaded 2. joint where s.th. can be easily separated or cut (as an elbow, knee, joint in a twig) I megtae de-l-mae den mine (gold, iron ore, etc.) mquşa pl. of mqeş meqyas pl. maqayis (any) standard of measurement mgezder part. of gezder meq ¿ ăd pl. mqa ¿ ed 1. seat, place to sit 2. rump, seat (person) mer same as gamr mra imri v.i. to shine mra (cons. mrat, mert) pl. -wat, Eyalat, nsa 1. woman 2. wife ¶ mrat bbah¢ (one's) stepmother ¶ mrat xah ϕ (one's) sister-in-law (brother's wife) mrabe 2 pl. of merbu 2 mrad adj. pl. of mrid mrafeg, mrafeg pl. of merfeg, merfeg mrafe E pl. of merfă E mrakeb pl. of merkeb mrakez pl. of merkez mramm pl. of mremma mragi pl. of merg, mreg, merga mrar v.i. (v.n. mrura, mrura, mruriya) to become bitter (taste) mrar pl. mrayer 1. bile, gall 2. bitterness (taste) 3. (especially pl.) troubles and difficulties of life or living mrași pl. of merșa mrašem pl. of meršem mrašš pl. of mrešša mrat cons. of mra mrawed pl. of merwed mrawez pl. of merwez mraya pl. -t 1. mirror, looking-glass I mraya de-l-hend, mrayt l-hend binoculars ¶ Eta le-mraya to shine (v.i.) mrayer pl. of mrar mraz pl. -at, mruza kind of yard or court (especially in country dwellings) mra Ei pl. of mer Ea merbu 2 1. pl. -in medium-built (physique) 2. pl. mrabe & wood chisel Imerbu El-qedd (or l-qama) wellproportioned, well-built (male person, ani-

merdedduš (sweet) marjoram

sickness, disease

mred v.i. (v.n. merd) to get sick, to fall ill

merd 1. v.n. of mred 2. pl. amrad illness,

le-qbiz (or l-xaveb) tuberculosis

merda 1. n.i. of mred 2. n.pl. of mrid

¶ merd s-sell (or r-riya or s-sder), l-merd

merdi pl. -ven used in the expr. merdi l-walidin (f. merdiyt l-walidin) said of s.o. who seems to succeed in all his undertakings (literally, blessed of his parents) merdiya pl. -t joking, playing around (spoken or acted) merfeg, merfeg pl. mrafeg, mrafeg elbow (also as in a water pipe) merfuq pl. -in 1. reasonable (person, price) 2. of an even disposition, stable (person) 3. fair, fairly good merfa E pl. mrafe E shelf (for storing) mrid adj. pl. mrad (comp. mred) n.pl. merda sick, ill mrina muraena, moray mrira dim. of merra merkeb pl. mrakeb ship, vessel merkez pl. mrakez, marakiz center (of some figure, area; commercial, industrial, etc.) ¶ merkez ra? isi headquarters mermad pl. -in tending to get dirty or soiled easily (as a playing child) mermad pl. -in afflicted with trachoma mermed v.t. 1. to soil, to dirty (as clothes) 2. to punish by striking, to give a beating to 3. to mistreat 4. to roll in a powder (such as fish in flour before frying) mremma pl. -t, mramm loom (weaving) merg, mreg, merga pl. mergat, mragi gravy, sauce (made from the cooked meat juices) merr pl. -in bitter (taste) merra du. merrtayn pl. -t (dim. mrira) time mšit l-bariz tlata de-l-merrat. I've been to Paris three times. I bă Ed l-merrat sometimes ka-iži bă Ed l-merrat. He comes sometimes. ¶f-merra 1. once and for all ma-bqa-š iži f-merra. He stopped coming once and for all. 2. all at once, all at one time 3. all at once, suddenly, all of a sudden I merra fe-xta once in a while, occasionally I merra merra from time to time ¶ merra . . . merra sometimes . . . sometimes merra ka-iži u-merra ma-ka-iži-š. Sometimes he comes, sometimes he doesn't. ¶ ši-merrat occasionally, from time to time merrakeš Marrakech merrara gall bladder merred v.t. to make or cause to be sick or ill (also figurative) merred rasu be-ktert I-makla. He made himself sick by eating too much. merreg to roll, to dip (in s.th. for cooking) merreg l-zut fe-d-dgig qbel-ma teglih. Roll the fish in flour before you fry it. merriwt, merriwet horehound (plant) merren v.t. to train, to exercise (s.o.) merrer, merrer v.t. 1. to make bitter (taste)

2. to make difficult or cause difficulties to nqulha-lek. I've got something important to occur in (s.o.'s life) merret v.t. 1. to overwork, to make (s.o.) do more than what is due. 2. to mistreat merrez v.t. 1. to stretch out (as one's legs) 2. to stretch out, to lay out (rug, blanket, etc.) ¶ merrez Ela 1. to distract, to make (s.o.) forget (his) problems and worries. 2. to give extra time to (as for paying a debt) 3. to give a respite or breather to (s.o.) mersa pl. -t, mrasi port, harbor merstan pl. -at asylum, mental hospital merši p.p. of rša meršem pl. mrašem engraving tool, graver mrešša pl. -t, mrašš perfume atomizer or sprayer mert cons. of mra mertaba, mertba pl. -t rank, position (military, social, academic, etc.) mrura, mrura, mruriya 1. v.n. of mrar 2. bitterness (taste) 3. hard times, rough time (in life) mruwwa used in the expr. Emel le-mruwwa $m \geq a$ to give a reduction or discount in price to Emel mEaha le-mruwwa f-dak l-keswa. He gave her a discount on that dress. mruziya dish made up of lamb, honey, almonds, cinnamon, saffron, raisins, and onions (esp. at Greater Bairam) mruza pl. of mraz merwed pl. mrawed pencil-like applicator for eye make-up merwez pl. mrawez (hand) fan merxi p.p. of rxa mervag pl. -in (adj.) slavering or dribbling from the mouth (as a cow) merzag pl. -in lucky, favored by fate (person) merzaya fine cotton fabric, percale (all white) mrež v.i. to spoil (usually fruit, vegetables) merža pl. -t meadow, grassy area meržan coral merzaban, merzaben Welcome! (mostly educated usage) merzeb b- to welcome (a guest) mrezba Welcome! -mrezba bik le-d-dar! Welcome to my house! mer um p.p. of rem mer & a pl. mra & i pasture, grazing land msa used in the expr. ** msak! or mse-l-xir! Good evening! —llah is ¿ ăd msak! Good night! msabga pl. -t race (foot, car, horse, missile, msafa pl. -t distance (between two points) msaken pl. of meskin and mesken mes@ala pl. masa@il something, matter & andi waz ed l-mes e ala muhimma gadi

tell you. msali a.p. of sala msalek pl. of meslek msalen pl. of meslan msalet pl. of meslat msaned pl. of mesned msagra fencing, (art of) fighting with the sword msaqri pl. -ya swordsman, fencer msareb pl. of mesreb msarez pl. of mesrez msarez pl. of mesrez msas pl. of mess msasa insipidity, tastelessness msasi u-mgasi (or mgasi) pl. msasyen u-mgasyen (or mgasyen) experienced, having learned through life's experiences msayed pl. of msid msažed pl. of mesžid msažen n.pl. of mesžun (p.p. of sžen) msebba pl. -t excuse, reason ¶ Ela msebba because of žit Ela msebbtek. I came because of you. msid pl. msayed school where the Koran is taught msika dim. of meska msix v.n. of msex msiyyez pl. -in bohemian, beatnik msiz v.n. of msez mesk musk meska (coll. and n.u.) pl. -t (dim. msika) chewing gum meski pl. -ven 1. muscat grape (usually & ineb meski) 2. kind of small, savory pear (usually lingaş meski) meskin adj. and n.pl. msaken, masakin poor, indigent, miserable (also metaphoric) meskin rah mrid. The poor fellow is sick. -dima ka-işeddeq flusu Eăl le-msaken. He always gives his money to the poor. ** ražel meskin mea rasu. He's just a simple man who minds his own business. mesken pl. msaken 1. place of residence, domicile 2. room šzal d-le-msaken f-darkom? How many rooms are there in your house? meskuf p.p. of skef meskun p.p. of sken meslan pl. msalen buttock (i.e., one side of the rump) meslat pl. msalet (butcher's) steel meslek pl. msalek 1. passage, way (for water, smoke, walking, etc.) 2. way in, way out meslem f. mselma pl. mselmin muslim, moslem meslut pl. -in skinny, thin (animal, person) mesmum pl. -in thin but strong, wiry (person) mesned pl. msaned cushion, throw-pillow (as on a sofa) msender pl. -in buck-toothed msenn pl. msuna whetstone

mseggem p.p. of seggem mesrar pl. -in cordial, charming mesreb pl. msareb path, trail mesrez pl. msarez pasture, grazing area mesrez pl. msarez 1. stage (of a theater) 2. theater mess v.t. (v.n. messan) to touch gir kif messit le-briz u-d-duw idrebni. Just as I touched the plug I got shocked. mess pl. msas 1. knife (usually relatively small, as a pocket knife) 2. razor, razor blade 3. sharp-witted messa v.i. to say good evening messat Elina u-gelset. She said good evening to us and sat down. ** llah imessik bi-xir! Good night! messan v.n. of mess messaza pl. -t eraser (rubber and blackmessi used in the expr. Zessi messi furtively, stealthily messeg f- to stare at, to gawk at messus pl. -in 1. flat, tasteless, insipid 2. lacking anything which tends to round out or make more acceptable had l-mertub bagi messus. This mortar needs some more lime. msuden pl. -in choleric, irascible mes eul pl. -in responsible ana ma-ši mes eul Ela had š-ši. I'm not responsible for this. meseuliva pl. -t responsibility škun lli čăndu l-mes?uliya dyal had š-ši? Who has the responsibility for this? ¬suna pl. of msenn msex v.t. (v.n. msix) to change, to transform (God usually understood as the subject) mesxu rebbi u-reddu qerd. He was changed and turned into a monkey. mesxara mockery mesžid pl. msažed mosque mesžun p.p. of sžen msez v.t. (v.n. msiz) 1. to erase (as with an eraser) 2. to clean off, to remove msez wežhek men le-mdad (or msez le-mdad men wežhek). Clean the ink off your face. mesza pl. -t n.i. of msez mes Eud p.p. of s E ăd mes Eur same as mes Eur msaber pl. of msebziya msadfa pl. -t coincidence (almost strictly in the literal simultaneous sense) msadma pl. -t collision msalez pl. of mesluz (p.p. of slez) and mselz_a mşamer pl. of meşmar msaref pl. of mesruf (p.p. of sref) msaren pl. of mesran, mesrana msarwa n.pl. of mesri msaset pl. of messata msater pl. of msetra mşayeb pl. of muşiba

mşayed pl. of mşida msazef pl. of meszaf msebziya pl. msabez kind of oil lamp msiba same as musiba msida pl. msayed trap, snare msiwta dim. of msuta and meswita meslaza pl. masaliz 1. benefit, profit 2. interest, profit (monetary) 3. department, office msella pl. -t open-air place for prayer (on special occasions) mesluz p.p. of slez mselza pl. -t, msalez kind of whisk broom mesmar pl. msamer nail (from tack to spike) I mesmar l-kif corn (on foot) ¶ mesmar l-mida great-grandchild mesnan pl. -in 1. having foul breath 2. exuding a foul underarm odor mesran n.u. -a pl. msaren (pl. same as coll.) intestine(s) ¶ mesrana zayda (vermiform) appendix mesri adj. pl. -yen n.pl. mşarwa Egyptian mesriya pl. -t kind of small room entered only by a ladder or stairway (used for sleeping quarters, etc.) mesruf p.p. of sref mesrur pl. -in happy, glad, content ana mestur biha bezzaf. I'm very happy with it (also, about it). mess v.t. (v.n. messan) 1. to suck, to suck on dima ka-imeşş şeb Eu le-kbir. He's always sucking his thumb. 2. to suck out or up (liquid) messab, a-messab denotes hoping (for s.th.) messab tešreq š-šems! I hope the sun comes messan v.n. of mess messas pl. -a person called on to suck venom (orally) from a bite messasa pl. -t 1. breast pump 2. suction pump or cup used in pulling venom from a wound messata pl. msaset area of the body made up of the upper thigh and lower buttock (referred to in spankings, hypodermic shots, msetra pl. -t, msater 1. ruler (for measuring, etc.) 2. shelf (for storing, etc.) msuta pl. -t (dim. msiwta) whip, lash meswab pl. -in polite, courteous ana ka-nčărfu dima meşwab mča n-nas. I've always known him to be polite with people. meswita pl. -t same as msuta meszaf pl. msazef Koran, the Holy Book mes Eur pl. -in 1. rabid (dog) 2. mischievous and wild (children) mša imši (v.n. mši, impv. sir pl. siru) 1. to go mšiti tšuf dak l-film lli golt-lek Elih? Have you gone to see that movie I told you about? -sir žib l-xobz! Go get the bread!

-mšat qaletha-lhom l-bare. She went and

told them yesterday. -mšina nšufuhom

sa a ma-lqinahom-š. We went to see them, but we didn't find them. 2. to leave was mša l-gitar ba da? Has the train already left?

¶ ma-mša z etta to finally (do s.th.) ma-mšit z etta xdit le-flus dvali. I finally got my money.

¶ ma-mša ma-ža exactly (in comparisons) be al hadi s-siyara lli kanet & andna ma-mšat ma-žat. The car we had looks exactly like this one.

¶ mša f- $alu \phi$ to go away, to leave sir f-z alek! Go away!

¶mša l- 1. to lose ≠ mša-li sebbati. I lost my shoes. 2. to get away from mša-li le-britel. The bird got away from me.

¶ mša Ela 1. to go away or get away from sir Eliya! Get away from me! 2. to leave (s.o.)

¶ a.p. maši pl. mašyen same as gadi mšabha pl. -t resemblance binathom ma-kayen retta mšabha. There's no resemblance between them at all.

mšafer pl. of mšefra

mšamem pl. of mešmum (p.p. of šemm)

mšaneg pl. of mšenga

mšare pl. of mešra &

mšaš pl. of mešš, mošš

mšaši pl. of meššaya

mšati pl. of mešta

mšat pl. of mšet

mšati pl. of mešta

mšawer pl. of mešwer

mšawra 1. v.n. of tšawer 2. consultation mšawri pl. -ya kind of usher employed in showing s.o. to the quarters of some official.

mšavex pl. of mšixa 2

mšayxa same as mšixa

mšaz et pl. of mešz et

mša el pl. of meš al

mšefra pl. -t, mšafer trimming tool used in shoeing horses, mules, etc.

mešhur pl. -in famous (either renowned or notorious)

mši 1. v.n. of mša 2. departure

¶werqa (pl. wraq) de-le-mši u-le-mži, nfula (pl. nfayel) mši u-mži round-trip ticket

mšimša dim. of mešmaša (also n.u. of mešmaš)

mšiša dim. of mešša

mšit v.n. of mšet

mšixa 1. coaxing ma-ža Eăndna ģir

b-le-mšixa. He came to our place only after some coaxing. 2. pl. -t, mšayex sheikdom (including the people)

meškak pl. -in suspicious, prone to suspect and doubt

mšekwi pl. -ven flabby and wrinkled (skin) mšelgem pl. -in big- or thick-lipped (person) mšellel part. of šellel

mešmaš n.u. -a (dim. mšimša) 1. apricot 2. apricot tree

mešmaši pl. -yen apricot colored

mšemmä & p.p. of šemmä &

mešmum p.p. of šemm

mšenga pl. -t, mšaneg gallows, gibbet

mšenger pl. -in 1. spiked, having spikes (usually animals, as the porcupine) 2. having many projecting parts or protuberances (as a rocky beach or path)

mšentef pl. -in 1. unkempt, tousled (hair, and similar things) 2. full of hanging threads

or snagged spots (cloth)

mešnuč pl. -in well-known, known, (implies of good reputation) Qumiga, magana mešnu a fe-d-denya kollha. Omega is a well-known watch throughout the world.

mešra (m.) v.n. of šra

mešriq (usually with art.) 1. the East, the Orient 2. east, where the sun rises 3. pilgrimage region around Mecca and Medina mšerqi pl. -ven 1. oriental, of or pertaining to the Orient 2. Middle Eastern

mešrub p.p. of šreb

mešruz p.p. of šrez

mešṛač pl. mšaṛeč ford (river)

¶ qiă E l-mešră E to ford a river mešš, mošš pl. mšaš cat (m.)

mešša pl. -t, (dim. mšiša) f. of mešš

mešša v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) walk 2. to walk, to take for a walk (dog, child) 3. to run, to operate (machine, business, etc.)

meššay adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a fond of or accustomed to much walking

meššaya pl. -t, mšaši 1. slippers (as worn in the house, usually by women) 2. walk, footpath (as in a garden)

mešta (m.) pl. mšati winter resort or place (cabin, town, etc.)

mšet (v.n. mšit) to comb (hair)

mšet pl. mšat reed (of a loom)

mešta pl. mšati comb (hair)

meš? um pl. -in 1. attended with risk, hazard, or possible danger (person, place, thing)

mšureb pl. -in thick-lipped (person)

mešwa pl. -t grill (for broiling)

mešwi p.p. of šwa

meswer pl. msawer 1. administration building, containing the offices of the king and his cabinet or advisors 2. place where the king holds audience (obsolescent)

mešya pl. -t 1. n.i. of mša 2. any of the dif-

ferent gaits (person, horse)

mešt at pl. -in (Ela) stingy, miserly (toward) (often to the point of self-denial) mešz et pl. mšaz et 1. whip (e.g., quirt, cat-o'nine-tails, often a switch) 2. (fly) swatter 3. (pl.) large or huge hands

mšezzem p.p. of šezzem

meščăl pl. mšačel torch (fire)

mšă tet pl. -in unkempt, messed up (hair) mšă t ăr pl. -in hairy, hirsute (usually a person)

mtal pl. of mtel 2

mtamna denotes eight, in eights, with eight, in group(s) of eight, etc. lean l-karta mtamna. Eight of us played cards.

mtan pl. of mtin

mtana strength (of materials)

mtane v.i. to refuse telbu mennu baš

ya Ethom r-reyy dyalu u-mtane E. They asked him to give (them) his opinion, but he refused.

Intane Ela (with v.n. and n.) to refuse mtan Eu E ăl le-klam. They refused to speak. —mtane E ăl t-teșwit. He refused to vote.

mtaqeb pl. of metqeb

mtaqel pl. of metqal

mtared pl. of metred

mtaref pl. of metruf

mtawya bargaining, haggling

mtawe & pl. of mta&

mtayeb pl. -in usually used in the expr. mtayeb l-llah sorry, repentant

mtayel pl. of mtil

mtazef pl. of metzăf

mtazen v.t. to examine, to give an examination to, to test (in some subject)

mta f. mta t (rare) pl. mtawe (rare) same as dyal

** huwa be-mta u. He's pretty well off (as to necessities of life). —mta e. !!ah (l-llah)! expr. used by beggars to invoke alms from people.

¶ mta & d-denya 1. all one has or owns, one's earthly possessions 2. money, funds ma-& ăndi-š mta & d-denya. I haven't got the money (to do it).

metfawtin (pl.) different, unequal, not the same huma metfawtin fe-s-senn. They are of different ages.

metgass pl. -in flat, level, even (floor, ground)
mtil pl. mtayel equal qlil f-aš tṣib mtayel
hadak ṛ-ṛažel. Rarely do you find people
like that man. —ḍ-ḍaṛ lli šra, ma-ilha mtil.
The house he bought has no equal.

emtila pl. of mital

mtin pl. -in, mtan (comp. mten) strong, tough (materials)

mtissă E pl. -in same as wase E

mtican pl. -at examination, test (in some subject)

mtel 1. same as bzal 1 2. pl. mtal same as metla

** ṛžã t Ela mtel ṭṛiqi. I came back (went back) by the same route I had gone (come).

¶ dreb le-mtel b- to give or present as an example dima ka-iderbu bik le-mtel. They always give you as an example.

metla pl. -t proverb, saying

¶ dreb l-metla b- to give as an example derbet biya l-metla. She gave me as an example.

mtellet pl. -in 1. tripled, triple 2. triangular 3. big and strong, husky

mtellta pl. -t kind of long, narrow, backless sofa.

mtemmen pl. -in 1. octagonal, octangular
2. consisting of eight parts, sections, etc.
3. eight-fold reddu-li mtemmen. He returned it to me eight-fold.

** \$bac mtemmen. He woke up still (somewhat) drunk.

metmur pl. -in 1. honest (in one's dealings)
2. serious, conscientious

mten comp. of mtin

metqadd pl. -in 1. straight, not crooked or bent 2. (pl.) equal, the same

metgal pl. mtagel old coin

metqeb pl. mtaqeb 1. kind of star-drill used in making holes in brick or concrete 2. awl mteqteq pl. -in used in expr. mteqteq be-l-mal very rich, wealthy

metred pl. mtared large clay or earthen plate used in serving trid

metruf pl. mtaref big and husky boy or man (rural usage)

mtšekka pl. -t (table, cooking) fork

mettawya same as mtawya

mettel v.t. 1. to play, to act (a part) škun huwa lli ka-imettel (dewr) l-vab? Who's playing the (part of the) father? 2. to represent med mša imettel l-megrib f-dak le-žtima d-duwwāli. Ahmed has gone to represent Morocco at that international meeting. 3. to symbolize, to represent had s-sura ka-imettel l-quwwa i-iabiciya. This picture symbolizes the power of nature.

¶ mettel b- to give or cite as an example dima ka-imettlu be-bbahom. They always cite their father as an example.

mettă & v.t. to give (s.o.) the opportunity of living in luxury and ease (as a rich father may do for his children)

** mettă na rașna. We lived high on the hog (for a little while).

mtuni pl. mtunyen moth-eaten

met abbin (pl.) in love with or loving each other

metzef pl. mtazef 1. museum 2. (art) gallery

metzesseb pl. -in same as mzetteb met & allem pl. -in 1. servant (domestic)

2. apprentice

met E ăllma pl. -t (house) maid

met Eus pl. -in unlucky, ill-fated (person) An excess in speed leads to dangerous mțabeq pl. of mețbeq situations. mțabex pl. of mețbex mubara pl. -t 1. match, contest (usually bemtabe e pl. of mteb ea tween two) 2. competitive examination (as mțafi pl. of mețfiya for some position) mtaher pl. -at rest room, bathroom (toilet ¶ Emel (or duwwez) mubara to take an examination (i.e., 2 above) mtaleb pl. of metleb (same as talab) mubber velvet (cloth) mțale 2. (Ela) wellmubeddir pl. -in spendthrift, big spender informed (of), learned (in) mudden pl. -in same as mwedden mțamer pl. of mețmura mudir pl. -in 1. manager, director 2. principal mțar, eemțar pl. of matăr (school) mtareb pl. of mterrba (same as mderrba) mudellis pl. -in 1. counterfeiter 2. falsisier, and metreb forger (documents, etc.) mtareg pl. of mterga muderris pl. -in teacher, instructor mtarez pl. of metrez muda 1. fashion, mode 2. fad, passing fancy mtawi pl. of metwi I muda, de-l-muda, m a l-muda in fashmetheq pl. mtabeq pit, dungeon (usually with ion, in vogue, in style had l-keswa muda a trap door for access) daba. This dress is in fashion now. metbex pl. mtabex kitchen mudahara pl. -t demonstration l-bare kanet mțeb a pl. mțabe 1. printing shop or estabwazed l-mudahara dedd s-sifara lishment 2. typewriter de-franșa. Yesterday there was a demonmetfiya pl. -t, mtafi type of underground stration against the French Embassy. reservoir for storing olive oil, water, grain mudue pl. mawadie subject, theme mtirga dim. of mterga mudă (m. or f.) mwade (f. cons. mtiwi dim. of metwi mudă Et) place, spot Emel had le-ktab f-dak mțiyyen pl. -in muddy, muddied, covered with l-muda E! Put this book in that place (over mud (things, places) there). - žbert wazed l-mudă mezyan. metlaga pl. -t 1. v.n. of tleg 2 2. vacation I've found a nice place (to live.) metleb pl. mtaleb same as talab ¶ f-muḍaĕ, f-muḍaĕt instead of metlub pl. -in in demand had s-sel a metluba. f-mudă magana šrit makina de-t-teşwar. This merchandise is in demand. Instead of a watch I bought a camera. metluq pl. -in 1. sincere, genuine (person) mufid pl. -in 1. useful 2. serious, not joking 2. smiling, gay wežhu metluq He has a 3. interesting smiling face. ¶ be-l-mufid seriously, all joking aside metmura pl. mtamer 1. pit or dungeon entered mufti pl. -yen mufti, expounder of Islamic law by a trap door (generally used for storing grain) 2. latrine (in ground) mufettiš pl. -in 1. inspector 2. investigator metreb pl. mtareb 1. bottle (about one liter muhažir pl. -in 1. emigrant 2. one who left capacity) 2. strop (for honing razors) Mecca for Medina with the Prophet mterqa pl. -t, mtareq (dim. mtirqa) hammer Mohammed (as for nails) muhandis pl. -in 1. engineer (civil, chemical, mterrba pl. mtareb same as mderrba electrical, etc.) 2. architect mterreq a.p. of terreq muhimm pl. -in important metrez pl. mtarez 1. peel (large wooden muhmal pl. -in same as mehmul (p.p. of hmel) spatula for placing things in and removing muka pl. -t (no art.) owl things from an oven) 2. small shovel or mukul pl. -in p.p. of kla, kal scoop for transferring or removing hot mula (mul before art.) f. mulat pl. mwalin, coals or ashes 3. general term for a small ក្រាត្រalin (mwali-, ក្រាត្រali- before pron. endarea or place where s.th. is stored tempoings) 1. owner škun huwa mul (or mula) rarily 4. cot (bed) had d-dar? Who's the owner of this house? mețțale same as mțale 2 2. one who sells or vends baqi ma-ža mul mtuwwer pl. -in adaptably clever or astute le-zlib. The milkman hasn't come yet. metwi pl. mtawi (dim. mtiwi) tobacco pouch 3. one who has, one with was ka-ta Eref metyar pl. -in contemptuous epithet said prihadak mul z-z Eafer? Do you know that marily by mothers to their children; similar guy with the mustache? 4. one with the age to: You miserable brat! of hadak mul s-seb in Eam ka-y Eăref mubalaga 1. exaggeration 2. excess, abuse reb a de-l-lsun. That seventy-year-old l-mubalaga fe-s-sor & a ka-teeddi l-l-halak. (man) knows four languages.

¶ mulana 1. God, Our Lord 2. The Prophet Mohammed

¶ mulay title given to a šrif, descendant of the Prophet Mohammed

I mwalin d-dar 1. (one's) family, folks at home 2. (one's) wife

I mwalin l-lerd demons, evil spirits

¶ mwalin z-zman well-to-do people

mulaqat (f.sg. and pl.) 1. meeting, encounter (unexpected) 2. rendezvous, meeting

¶ ξ ăddef l-mulaqat to make "sick," to be unable to stand or bear (s.o.) \neq ka- $t\xi$ ăddefni l-mulaqat! She makes me

mulaqi pl. -yen go-between, intermediary

mular ada pl. -t remark, observation

mu^qellif pl. -in 1. author, writer 2. composer (music, poetry)

mules pl. of mles

sick!

mulud 1. p.p. of wled —ana mulud fe-r-rbat.

I was born in Rabat. 2. holiday celebrating the birth of the Prophet, 12th of rabic l-rewwel

** dzad Eăndu wazed l-mulud had s-sbaz. He had a new addition to his

family this morning.

¶ šaye El-mulud fourth month of the Muslim lunar calendar

muludiya poetry chanted in celebrating the

muluk pl. of malik

mulu E pl. -in (b-) fond (of), crazy (about)
ana mulu E be-l-musiqa. I'm fond of music.
mu-le-zsen nightingale

mumatala procrastination

mumin, mu@min, mumen, pl. -in believer (in some faith, belief, school of thought)

mumettil pl. -in, f. -a pl. -at 1. actor (theater, movies, etc.) 2. representative, one who represents (s.o., company, country, etc.)

muna pl. -t allowance, monetary or in kind, sent to s.o. regularly (for sustenance)

munada pl. -t generally, any light-colored soft drink

munafiq pl. -in hypocrite

munasaba 1. v.n. of naseb 2. occasion wesluh bezzaf d-le-hdiyat be-l-munasaba d-Eid miladu. He received many gifts on the occasion of his birthday.

munika pl. -t doll (child's)

munkar pl. manakir evil, sin

muqabala meeting, confrontation (classicized v.n. and n.i. of qabel)

muqeddima pl. -t 1. preface, foreword (book)

2. prologue (play, opera) 3. introduction
(to a speaker)

muqef 1. place where those who desire employment in odd jobs congregate. 2. place where animals are kept to be sold or rented

muquf Ela 1. in need of Eăndi t-tesriz baš nebni wa-lakin baqi muquf Eăl le-flus. I have the permit to build but I still need the money. 2. dependent on had š-ši muquf Eăl l-qarar de-l-zukama. It depends on the decision of the government.

mur, mura same as mmur, mmura

murad (no pl.) 1. goal, aim (long-range)
2. intention, aim (short-range) 3. desire,
wish

muraqaba pl. -t 1. control 2. inspection (for the control of s.th.) 3. censorship

muraqib pl. -in 1. inspector, one who carries out a muraqaba. 2. censor

muraža a classicized v.n. of raže

mured pl. mwared watering or drinking trough

muri pl. mwara hand, pointer (of watch, gauge, etc.)

** Eăndu le-mwara fe-ț-țnaš. He's in a real good mood. He's sitting on top of the world. —had s-sbaz le-mwara dyalu

ma-metqaddin-š. He's in a foul mood this morning.

murut pl. -in p.p. of wret

mus pl. mwas same as mess

musa Moses

musakin same as masakin (pl. of meskin)

musama a pl. -t 1. classicized v.n. and n.i. of same 2. forgiveness

musebbib pl. -in same as sbaybi

musiqa pl. -t music (pl. used in sense of kinds of music)

musiqi pl. -yen musician

musem pl. mwasem kind of carnival celebrated on the day of some saint

musemmi pl. -in member of a kind of chorus which sings songs in honor of the Prophet at various occasions

mussex same as mwessex

musteqbal future musteqbalu mezyan. His future is promising. —š-ġadi tă mel fe-l-musteqbal? What are you going to do in the (near) future?

mustexdam pl. -in employee, worker

musab pl. -in unfortunate, plagued with setbacks and difficulties (person, things)

** l-mumen musab. It is the faithful one who suffers tribulation (said to console s.o. who has been suffering great difficulties or trials).

¶ muşab b- afflicted with (disease, sickness)

musafaza pl. -t classicized v.n. and n.i. of safez

musalaza pl. -t classicized form of mṣalza v.n. of salez and tṣalez

musiba pl. msayeb 1. misfortune, (bit of) bad

musequavir luck 2, disaster, calamity 3, accident (with some calamitous or afflictive result) musewwir pl. -in 1, painter, artist 2, photographer mušawara pl. -t 1. classicized v.n. and n.i. of šawer 2, consultation 3, deliberation, weighing of alternatives mušrik pl. -in believer in a Godhead rather than a single divine entity; hence, Christians in general mušum pl. -in p.p. of wšem mut (m. or f.) death l-mut ma-& andha dwa. Death has no cure. I be-l-mut at long last, after much difficulty be-l-mut b-as xella hadi b-tes&in derhem. At long last he let this go for ninety dirhams. ¶ f-7 alt l-mut dving, on the verge of dving, about to die I mut llah natural death mat mut llah. He died a natural death. muta pl. of mivvet 3 mutur pl. -at 1. engine, motor 2. motorcycle, motor scooter mută? same as mudă? muwafaqa pl. -t classicism for mwafqa v.n. of watea muwkul same as mukul (p.p. of kla, kal) muwellida pl. -t midwife muweggit pl. -in person in charge of regulating the clocks of the mosque and telling the muezzin when to start the call to prayer muwrut same as murut (p.p. of wret) muwšum same as mušum (p.p. of wšem) muwwal pl. mwawel kind of chant-like Moroccan song similar to Flamenco music muwweg v.i, to moo, to low (cow) muwwen v.t. 1. to send muna to (s.o.) 2. to provide with funds and/or supplies muwwet v.t. to kill (chiefly child and feminine usage) muwxud same as muxud (p.p. of xda) muwzun same as muzun (p.p. of wzen) muxud pl. -in p.p. of xda muxum pl. -in close, stuffy (room) muyul v.n. of mal muzun pl. -in p.p. of ween muzuna du. muzuntayn pl. -t old coin equal to one-fortieth of a metgal ** ma-ka-iksab zetta muzuna. He's flat broke. muža pl. -t, mwaž wave (sea, radio) ¶ muža qsira (or qasira) shortwave (radio) mužahid pl. -in same as mžahed (a.p. of

mužeb pl. mwažeb complaint (as filed with

police or in court)

mužniba pl. -t crab (generic term)

mužrim pl. -in criminal, one guilty of committing a felony, felon mužud pl. -in denotes existence or presence had s-sel a ma-mužuda z etta f-ši-maz ăll. This merchandise can't be found anywhere (else). —l-ma mužud fe-l-bir. There's water in the well. - & andek le-mdad le-zrea?-mužud! Do vou have blue ink? -Yes, I have, mur afada 1. v.n. of rafed. 2. preservation. maintenance (as of order) ¶ mekteb l-mur afada land office mur al expresses doubt as to some action mur al ttır š-šta had l-lila. I doubt that it will rain tonight, -muz al had š-ši! Oh, come on! You're kidding! muz ami pl. -ven (trial) lawver muz arib pl. -in combatant, warrior ¶ gudama? l-muz aribin veterans (war) huwa men qudama? l-muz aribin. He is a veteran. muz arram first month of Muslim lunar calendar muz asaba pl. -t classicized v.n. and n.i. of muz awala classicized v.n. of z awel muz awara pl. -t 1. dialogue 2. kind of song in which a dialogue is carried on by two singers muzibb pl. -in 1. kind of benefactor to the šurfa (šorfa) (descendants of the Prophet Mohammed) who are needy 2. fan, admirer muz ărram same as muz arram muz sin pl. -in 1. philanthropic 2. philanthropist mu ahada pl. -t 1. treaty, agreement (as between nations) 2. pact, (written) agreement (as between persons) mu awana 1. v.n. of Ean 2. help, aid, assistance mu Eida pl. mwa Eed admonishment, exhortamu in used primarily in the expr. !lah l-mu in! (May) God help you! Good luck! mu ¿ ămmir pl. -in colonial settler mu ¿žiza pl. -t miracle mwade E pl. of mudă E mwafea a.p. of wafea mwagen pl. of magana mwaqni pl. -va watch and clock repairman mwakel pl. of makla 2 and 3 mwaken pl. of makina mwal pl. of mal mwalin pl. of mula mwara pl. of muri mwared pl. of mured mwas pl. of mus (same as mess) mwasem pl. of musem

mwați f. mwațya pl. mwatyen flat, level mexrež pl. mxarež 1. exit, way out 2. anus mwateš pl. of matiša mwawel pl. of muwwal mwaž pl. of muža mwažeb pl. of mužeb mwated pl. of mutida mwae en pl. of mae un mwodda pl. -t gift, present mwedden pl. -in muezzin mweddez pl. -in containing the grease or yolk (said of wool before being washed for spinning, etc.) mwiha dim, of ma mwima dim. of ?omm mwessex, mwossex pl. -in dirty, soiled mweswes p.p. of weswes mwesset pl. -in 1. medium, medium-sized 2. denotes mediocrity or moderation was hiya žmila?-mwessta. Is she pretty?-More or less. -kif kan le-mtizan, scib?la, mwesset. Was the exam hard?—No, not really. mxadd pl. of mxedda mxafi pl. of mexfiya mxaleb pl. of mexleb mxaret pl. of mxerta mxarež pl. of mexrež mxasma pl. -t quarrel, dispute mxatef pl. of mextaf mxatra pl. -t 1. v.n. of xater and txater 2. bet. wager mxax pl. of moxx mxayed pl. of mxedda mxayet pl. of mexyet mxazen pl. of mexzen 4 mxazni same as mxezni mxazniya pl. of mxezni mxedda pl. -t, mxadd, mxayed pillow (for sleeping) mxed v.t. (v.n. mxid) 1. to churn (milk for butter) 2. to shake, to agitate (to mix) 3. to pester xlas u-ma-temxedni b-had l-? as?ila lli ma-Eăndha mă na. Stop pestering me with these meaningless questions. 4. same as mxet mexfiya pl. -t, mxafi kind of earthen container of varying shapes buried up to the lid in the ground, used to store oil, water, etc. mxid v.n. of mxed mxinza kind of minty tea usually used for medicinal purposes mxit v.n. of mxet mexleb pl. mxaleb claw, or a claw-like point mexlug p.p. of xleg mxelwi pl. -yen 1. a.p. of txelwa 2. isolated, solitary, out-of-the-way mxenfer pl. -in having a large, flat nose (permxennen pl. -in snotty, having a runny nose

3. urethra mxerrga (usually coll. use) pl. -t kind of fried pastry dipped in honey mxerta pl. -t, mxaret lathe mexruž expenses l-mexruž d-had š-šher kter men š-šher lli daz. This month's expenses were more than last month's. mextalef pl. -in (Ela persons, men things) 1. different (from), dissimilar (to) 2. different, varied had l-xil kollhom mextalfin fe-l-lun. All these horses are different in color. moxtar 1. (with art.) the Prophet (the Chosen One) 2. m. proper name mxet imxot v.t. and v.i. (v.n. mxit) to blow (the nose) mextaf pl. mxatef 1. hook, s.th. used as a hook (for hanging s.th.) 2. anchor mxuxa pl. of moxx moxx pl. mxax, mxuxa 1. brain (organ) 2. (sg.) brains, intelligence mexxada pl. -t (butter) churn, or anything used for making butter (as a goatskin) mexyet pl. mxayet large needle (from a few inches to one or two feet) used for sewing tents, mattresses, certain trappings for beasts of burden, etc.; also used to goad the beasts. mxeyyer part. of xeyyer mexzen 1. government, administration 2. the reigning and judging authority (as of the town) 3. authorities 4. pl. mxazen any storage place or area mxezni pl. mxazniya kind of uniformed employee, usually having messenger duties, who works in government service (royal) mya (myat before sg. n.) du. -tayn pl. -wat (pl. rarely used) hundred Etini mya de-l-bid. Give me a hundred eggs. — Eăndi myat dular. I have a hundred dollars. myadi pl. of mida myadi pl. of mida myah pl. of ma myal pl. of mil 3 myatayn du. of mya myazeb pl. of mizab myazen pl. of mizan myessel pl. -in (men) original (with), derived (from) l-karăm myessel men l-Earab. Generosity is original with the Arabs. ** huwa keddab myesşel. He's a real liar. meyz same as miz mzabel pl. of mezbala, mzebla mzareg pl. of mezrag mzawed pl. of mezwed mzawer pl. of mezwar mzayzi pl. -ya joker, funny person mzaž mood, disposition ana ma-ši f-le-mzaž

joke

d-le-mlaga (or baš nimelleg) daba. I'm mžadel pl. of meždul not in the mood for joking right now. mžales pl. of mežlis mzaz 1. joking (around), fooling (around) mžamer pl. of mežmar, mežmer xlas men le-mzaz! Quit fooling around mžame Epl. of mežma E mžari pl. of mežra (and get serious)! 2. n.u. -a medlar (fruit *mžarya* pl. -t race, competition (running) or tree) mezbala, mzebla pl. mzabel dump, dumpmžarez pl. of mežruz (pp. of žrez) mžažet pl. of mežžut mzebra pl. -t pruning shears mžebbed part. of žebbed mezgur n.u. -a (ear of) corn mžebna large intestine (animal) mežd glory (usually not of God) l-mežd dval mzeggeb pl. -in hairy, hirsute (person, ani ^gamirika ka-itmettel f-le-qtisad dyalha. The glory of America is represented in its mezġub pl. -in ill-fated, having bad luck mzir & a dim. of mzer & a economy. mziwen pl. -in (dim. of mezyan) 1. cute (girl, meždam pl. -in leprous little boy) 2. nice zsana mziwna hadi meždub pl. -in eccentric, odd (person) Emelti! That's a nice haircut you got! meždul pl. mžadel kind of knit silk strap, mziya pl. -t favor, service Emel fiya wazed often embroidered (various uses) le-mziya llah ixellik. Please do me a favor. mžeffen pl. -in hollowed out, concave (in a ** mziya fik! That'll teach you! (as rounded fashion) when s.o. does s.th. he was warned not to mežhed pl. -in 1. strong (of person, light, do for his own good) -mziya hadi! expr. drink, etc.) 2. heavy (beard) of surprise at s.o.'s inability to remember mežhud pl. -at effort s.th. he should (e.g. a debt) ¶ mežhudu to be all one can do or I mziya lli it's a good thing that mziya lli give ≠ mežhudi ģir ? alef duļar. All I can žiti. It's a good thing you came. give is a thousand dollars. -mežhudi nă Ețik l-mă Elumat, u-nta debber rasek. mezļut pl. -in broke, without funds mezmut, mezmut pl. -in 1. muggy, warm and All I can do is give you the information, damp (weather) 2. (warm and) stuffy and you'll have to take it from there. (room) ¶ Emel mežhudu (baš) to do one's best, mezrag pl. mzareg javelin, spear to do all one can (to) t-tbib Emel mežhudu mezrar n.u. -a gravel baš ingedha. The doctor did all he could mzerqet pl. -in mottled, motley to save her. mzerreq pl. -in off-color white tending to mežhul pl. -in used in tmer mežhul superior blue variety of date(s) mezrub pl. -in in a hurry r-ana mezrub mži v.n. of ža u-xessni nkun fe-d-dar qbel-ma iweslu mežlis pl. mžales 1. assembly 2. council d-dyaf. I'm in a hurry; I have to be home 3. meeting place for 1 and 2 above 4. semibefore the guests arrive. nar (university) mzer & a pl. -t (dim. mzir & a) kind of sieve ¶ mežlis le-stinaf appellate court, court used in sowing seed of appeals ¶ mežlis n-nuwwab chamber of deputies, mezwar pl. mzawer kind of notary or Eadel for the *šurfa*, serving as a special attestant house of representatives to one's position as a *šrif* and related mežmar, mežmer, pl. mžamer brazier, coal or charcoal-burner (for cooking, heating) mezwed pl. mzawed 1. bag used for carrying mežmu e p.p. of žma e food, money, etc., on a trip 2. idiot, dense mežmač pl. mžameč 1. gathering, group (in a meeting) 2. meeting, get-together 3. comperson Inexwed to sleep like a log mittee 4. kind of rack or tray, usually of mezyan (dim. mziwen, comp. zen) 1. pl. ceramic material, with multiple built-in ink -in good ka-nqelleb Ela ši-siyara mezyana. wells I'm looking for a good car. 2. pl. -in pretty, mežnun pl. -in possessed (of the devil or good-looking 3. well ka-tgenni mezyan demons; also figurative) bezzaf. She sings quite well. mžer pl. mžura drawer xebbă? t le-ktab ** mezyan! O.K.! All right! dyalek f-le-mžer. I hid your book in the mezyud pl. -in 1. p.p. of zad 2. born drawer. mežra pl. mžari any place where water runs mezzeg v.t. to tear (up) mezzeg le-bra lli žatu. He tore up the letter he got. or customarily runs (river bed, drain, etc.) mzez v.i. to fool (around), to be a pest, to mežrab pl. -in mangy, scabietic

mežruz pp. of žrez

mžura pl. of mžer 2. stretcher, litter 3. group of pilgrims mežwa E pl. -in 1. starved, famished, raven-(going to Mecca) ous (person) 2. stingy, niggardly m て ăm m e ș part. of て ăm m e s mežva pl. -t 1. n.i. of ža 2. arrival, coming mr ămmsa food made of small rolled balls or mežžed v.t. to praise, to extol, to glorify (s.o. pellets of flour, boiled and eaten as a kind other than God) of soup mežžut pl. mžažet person afflicted with tinea mezna pl. mzayen 1. hardship 2. difficulty (type of ringworm) 3. trial, tribulation m z ănna 1. v.n. of z ănn 2. pl. -t compassion mež ub pl. -in hollow (said of long objects, (e.g. pipes) me ănnes p.p. of e ănnes m ~ ănnša pl. -t type of spiral-shaped, filled $m \ge a$ im $\ge i$ v.t. (v.n. $m \ge i$) to erase (also metaphorical) pastry mz abeg pl. of mez beg, mz abga $m \ge eq$, v.t. (v.n. $m \ge iq$) to destroy (totally: mzabes pl. of mezbes peoples, cities, nations) mこadya v.n. of こada mezrab pl. mzareb niche in the mosque wall mzadeq pl. of mezduq (facing Mecca) from where the imam leads me ader pl. of mee der the prayer mezrat pl. mzaret plow (animal-drawn) mr afed pl. of mz ăfda mer sad pl. -in jealous, envious mzagen pl. of mezgen mzakk pl. of mzăkka mezsur 1. pl. -in needing badly to urinate (from overfull bladder) 2. pl. mz așer kind mr amel pl. of mer mel mzareb pl. of mezrab of long overshirt mezšaša pl. -t place of congregation for mz aret pl. of mezrat me aser pl. of mee sur 2 hashish addicts mzašš pl. of mzašša mr ăšša pl. -t, mr ašš sickle mr awer pl. of mezwar, mezwer mor tadar pl. -in dying, moribund mzetteb pl. -in type of chief inspector of mr awet pl. of mezwet foods, markets, etc. mr aven pl. of mer na mzažer n.pl. of mezžur mzățța pl. -t station (radio and train) mezwar, mezwer pl. mzawer spit, large mzažya 1. v.n. of zaža 2. pl. -t riddle, conundrum skewer (for roasting) mzažž pl. of mzăžž mezwet pl. mzawet kind of large oval dish meat pl. of mett for serving fish mē abba pl. -t (mutual) affection, close mer va pl. -t 1. n.i. of mr a 2, in Koranic friendship studies, that portion of the Koran which can ¶ b-le-m zăbba affectionately be entered on the student's slate mezbeg, mzăbga pl. mzabeg flower pot mezžur adj. pl. -in n.pl. mzažer (one) under mezbes pl. mzabes (dim. mzibes) chamber a tutelage or guardianship, ward m z ăžž pl. m z ažž avenue, boulevard mezbuk used in the expr. gir imma mezbuk mezz pl. mzaz eggyolk wella metruk said of s.o. who desires s.th. mezzen v.t. to overwork (s.o.), to abuse the very strongly, but when the opportunity to service of (s.o.) get it arises he loses interest $m \in a$ 1. with (not in instrumental sense) me_bus p.p. of _bes škun lli safer mEak? Who went on the trip with you? -zett had le-ktab mea mer duq pl. -in, mr adeq clever, intelligent mard pl. mirad (pl. rare) pure, undefiled l-oxrin. Put this book with the others. (milk, gold, ancestry, etc.) —ka-ihder mEa l-?ustad dyalu. He's talkmez der pl. mz ader gathering, get-together, ing with his teacher. 2. along mšaw m a l-wad zetta wesļu l-le-bzăr. They went meeting m zăfda pl. -t, m zafed briefcase, portfolio along the river until they reached the sea. mezgad pl. -in holding a grudge, rancorous 3. around, about (time expr.) ža m a mezgen pl. mzagen funnel (used in pourt-tnaš. He came around twelve o'clock. ing) mとabza pl. -t wrestling (sport) $m \ge i \text{ v.n. of } m \ge a$ m E abzi pl. -ya wrestler mzibes dim. of mezbes m Eaden pl. of ma Eden mとader pl. of măとdur 2 mziq v.n. of mzeq mzăkka pl. -t, mzakk piece of cork lined m Ealef pl. of ma Elef with cloth used in bathing or washing m aleg pl. of m z ălga and mă eleg m Eamel pl. of mă Emel melul p.p. of בăll mezmel pl. mzamel 1. type of bier m Eani pl. of ma Ena 2

```
mEared pl. of maErad
                                                 profession 2. chief, boss 3. knowledgeable
m Earef pl. of m Earfa and ma Erifa 2
                                                 and capable (as one who can fix his own
m Earef pl. of ma Eruf
                                                 car)
m Earek pl. of m Earka
                                               mčăllma pl. -t kind of woman foreman, di-
m Easi 1. pl. of ma Esiya 2. (f. sg.) emphatic
                                                 rector, or manageress of a weaving, sew-
  form of Esa
                                                 ing, etc., factory where women make up
m Easem pl. of ma Esem
                                                 the force
m Easer pl. of m E ăsra
                                               mačleg pl. mčaleg hook (for suspending or
m Eas living, sustenance bezra ka-irbez
                                                 hanging s.th.)
  m ¿ašu. He barely makes a living (his
                                               mčălqa pl. -t, mčaleg (dim. mčilga) spoon
  living).
                                               ma cluf pl. -in fattened, well-fed (animals)
m Eawen pl. of ma Ewan
                                               mă clum of course, naturally was candkom
m Eawna pl. -t 1. v.n. and n.i. of Eawen
                                                 t-telž fe-l-megrib?—mă&lum! Do you have
  2. aid, help, assistance
                                                 snow in Morocco?—Of course (we do)!
                                               ma [lumat (pl. treated as f. sg.) information
m avna same as m avna
                                                 waš imken-lek tă tini ši-mă tumat tla
m Eaver pl. of ma Eyar
mă & da pl. -t (dim. m & ida) stomach (organ)
                                                 tunes? Can you give me some information
mă dani, mă dini pl. -yen mineral (adj.)
                                                 on Tunisia?
  xessek tešrob ši-ma mă Edini baš
                                               mă Emi p.p. of Ema
                                               mă Emel pl. m Eamel factory, manufacturing
  ttehdem-lek l-makla. You should drink some
  mineral water so that your food will
                                                 establishment
                                               maemur (with art.) (the) world
  digest.
                                               mă mura (no art.) forest to the east of
mă den pl. m aden 1. mine (gold, salt, etc.)
  2. metal 3. silver
                                                 Rabat
    ¶ mă&den d-le-zžer (rock) quarry
                                               mă mă v.i. to bleat (goat)
m & adnus parsley
                                               mă Ena Ela to refer to, to allude to, to make
                                                 allusions to raha kanet ka-tma ni Elik
mă dum pl. -in 1. seriously ill 2. habitually
  penniless, destitute (usually said of a man
                                                 mnavn daret dak l-mulaz adat. She was
                                                 referring to you when she made those re-
  with a family)
mă dur 1. pl. -in having an excuse (for not
                                                 marks.
  showing up somewhere, etc.) 2. pl. m \( ader \)
                                               măena (m. or f.) 1. v.n. of ena yăeni 2. pl.
  infirm person, cripple
                                                 -t, m ani meaning, sense, significance šnu
mčăddem pl. -in 1. skin and bones, bony
                                                 huwa l-măEna dyal had š-ši lli ka-tqul?
  (person) 2. having a large pit or many
                                                 What's the meaning of all this that you're
  small pits (fruit, etc.)
                                                 saying?
                                                   ¶ dreb l-mă&na Ela to allude to, to make
meaffen, maefun pl. -in filthy, dirty (has
  metaphorical use as in English)
                                                 an allusion to, to refer subtly to
mă e qaz pl. -in lazy, indolent
                                               măenad pl. -in obstinate, stubborn (person,
m & ăgged same as m & ăqqed
                                                 mule, etc.)
mEida dim. of măEda
                                               mčănni pl. mčănnyen (b-) proud (of s.o.,
mčik v.n. of mčăk
                                                 because of his ability to help or protect)
m Eilga dim. of m Eălga
                                               meagged pl. -in complicated, knotty (prob-
m Eis v.n. of m E as
                                                 lem, etc.)
mEis v.n. of mEăs (same as mEăs)
                                               mă Equda pl. -t omelet
m Eiša living, life le-m Eiša s Eiba f-dak
                                               mă Equl pl. -in 1. reasonable, acceptable
  le-blad. Life is difficult in that country.
                                                 (price, offer, argument, statement)
                                                 2. well-balanced, even-tempered (person)
m Eiz pl. of m a Eza
m \in \check{a}k v.t. (v.n. m \in ik) 1. to mash (foods)
                                                   ¶ be-l-mă&qul seriously tkellem m&aya
  2. to shake (s.o., as to awaken him, or just
                                                 be-l-mă Equl! Be serious with me!
                                               mačrad pl. mčared 1. prop, support (for
  to be obnoxious) 3. to pester, to annoy (as
  with questioning)
                                                 barricading, holding up a wall, etc.) 2. bar
m E akred, m E akres pl. -in kinky (hair)
                                                 (for barring a door or window) 3. yoke
māčkus pl. -in 1. done in a strange or un-
                                                 (as used by water carriers) 4. rod used
  conventional fashion 2. contrary, opposite
                                                 across the šwari to prevent the baskets
    ¶ be-l-mă&kus contrarily (to the norm),
                                                 from sagging and spilling the contents.
  in an unconventional fashion
                                               mă raž (usually with art.) ascension of the
mă Elal, me Elal pl. -in sickly, feeble
                                                 Prophet Mohammed into heaven
mačlef pl. mčalef feeding trough (for cattle,
                                              mearfa pl. mearef 1. relation(ship) Eandi
                                                 mčarfa mezyana mčahom. I have a good
me ăllem pl. -in 1. master of some field or
                                                 relationship with them. 2. acquaintance
```

huwa wazed men le-mearef dyali. He's one of my acquaintances.

mă Erid pl. ma Earid fair, exposition

mä rifa 1. v.n. of ref 2. pl. ma arif, me aref knowledge, experience

¶ da^q ir at l-ma t arif encyclopedia (the complete work)

¶ hel (or rbab) l-mā Erifa the experts, those who are in the know

mčarka pl. mčarek fight, battle (physical, verbal)

mă ruf pl. m aref good deed, charitable act, favor

mē as v.t. (v.n. mēis) 1. to crush, to squash 2. to bruise (s.o.)

m E assel p.p. of E assel

m E as same as m E as

mă e șiya pl. -t, m e asi sin, transgression

mă esem pl. m easem wrist

measra pl. measer juicer, squeezer (for juicing oranges, etc.)

mă E sum pl. -in constipated (bowels)

mä į sura (f. adj.) used in the expr. mä į surt ž-žlayel (mentally) sharp woman

māčšar, māčšer (no pl.) group, gathering, assemblage

** ya mă e šer l-?islam! O, ye Muslims!
mo e tabar pl. -in excellent, extraordinary,
magnificent, remarkable, etc.

mă tad, me tad pl. -in (to be) used to, in the habit of, accustomed to ana mă tad

ka-nersel l-darna bra koll ?usbu . I'm used to sending a letter home every week.

mă Etadel, mo Etadel, me Etadel pl. -in

1. temperate, mild (weather) 2. lukewarm, tepid (liquid) 3. moderate, non-extremist (person)

ma ta (no pl.) 1. gift (monetary) 2. donation

m Eugeb pl. -in infirm, cripple

mă wan, me wan pl. m awen blacksmith's hammer

mă weq v.i. to mew (cat)

m Eawwed part. of Eawwed

mčăwwež part. of čăwwež

mă yar pl. m ayer insult, insulting remark m tăyna "by the eye," by estimating or guessing (used when s.th. is not measured exactly)

¶ b-le-т Ейупа same as т Ейупа

ma yuf pl. -in 1. very unpleasant to the senses, offensive 2. obnoxious, odious (person)

mă Eyur same as mă Eyar

mă za pl. -t, m ziz 1. she-goat, nanny goat 2. knot (in wood)

mă zi 1. goat meat 2. goat skin 3. pl. -yen goat (adj.)

mo Ežiza same as mu Ežiza

mă E žun a pasty preparation composed of dates, honey, sesame (and sometimes a little opium) taken as a tonic

N

-n, -en particle linking lli, kif, kif-aš or waš to third person pron. hadi wazed l-zaža lli-n hiya mā zrufa. This is something everyone knows. —kif-en huwa? How is he? —kif-aš-en hiya? How is she? —waš-en huma mažyen aw la? Are they coming or not?

**ab inub (Ela) (v.n. niyaba) to substitute (for), to do duty (for), to stand in (for) škun ġad-inub Elik mnayn tšedd ṛ-ṛoxsa dyalek? Who's going to substitute for you when you take your leave?

¶a.p. nayeb pl. nuwwab 1. substitute (person) 2. representative, delegate 3. assistant ma-žbert-š l-mudir, žit ana hdert mea n-nayeb dyalu. I didn't find the director, so I talked to his assistant.

¶ mežlis n-nuwwab House of Representa-

nab pl. nyab, niban 1. canine (tooth) 2. fang
3. tusk

¶ hred n-nab to chatter, to gossip
nabat pl. -at 1. plant (flora) 2. vegetation
nabi same as nbi

nader pl. nwader 1. heap, pile (grain, straw)
2. a great deal, a heap defeat nader
d-le-flus fe-l-lbas. She spent a great deal of
money on clothes.

nad inud v.i. (v.n. nwad, nudan) 1. to get up, to stand up nad men š-šelya u-gelles s-siyda. He got up out of the chair and seated the lady. 2. to start l-muṭuṛ ma-bġa-šinud had s-ṣbaz. The motor wouldn't start this morning. 3. to break out kanu szab qbel-ma tnud l-zặpb. They were friends before the war broke out. —Zafya kbira nadet fe-d-dar. A big fire broke out in the house. —nadet binathom wazed d-debza. A fight broke out among them. 4. to grow (plant) bda inud r-rbic fe-l-čăṛṣa. Grass started growing in the garden.

** nud Eliya! Get out of here! Beat it! ¶ nad men n-n Eas to wake up

nadi f. nadya pl. nadyen 1. finished, done l-xedma dyali nadya. My work is done. 2. ready ila kan koll-ši nadi nemšiw. If everybody is ready, we'll go. 3. alert, on the ball

nadir pl. neddar official supervisior of the mortmains

nader pl. nwader 1. temple (head) 2. lock of hair growing on the temple

nadăr pl. -at view, opinion

nafaqa pl. -t 1. alimony melli telleq mṛatu zkem Elih l-qaḍi b-sett mya de-d-derhem dyal n-nafaqa fe-š-šheṛ. When he divorced his wife, the judge ruled that he must pay six hundred dirhams a month in alimony. 2. support (usually financial) rfed n-nafaqa l-žeddatu. He undertook the support of his grandmother.

¶ Ela nafaqtu ϕ at one's expense xelles taman s-safar u-š-ši l-axor Ela nafaqti. You pay the price of the trip and the rest is at my expense.

nafila pl. -t, nawafil, nwafel voluntary supplementary prayer done after a regularly prescribed one

nafeq v.i. (v.n. nifaq) to be hypocritical, to
act hypocritically

nafex pl. nwafex 1. charcoal burner or brazier made of clay 2. hot-plate

nafă E, nafe E fennel seed

naga pl. -t female camel

naġeš v.t. and v.i. to cheat naġšat f-l-imtizan.

She cheated on the examination. naġešni f-čăšṛa de-ḍ-ḍuḷaṛ. He cheated me out of ten dollars.

naguši pl. -yen 1. trickster, cheater 2. cheating trick le ăb meaha be-n-naguši. He cheated her.

naka v.t. 1. to tease bdat ka-tnakih zetta tqelleq. She teased him until he got upset.

2. to irritate, to bother, to annoy la-tnakini had-s-sbaz, rah tayra liya. Don't annoy me this morning (because) I'm already mad.

nal inal v.t. to obtain, to reach, to get (goal) nam inum v.i. (v.n. mnam) to sleep)

namat pl. -at pattern, design

namsa pl. -t 1. cotton cloth of ordinary quality 2. (with art.) Austria

namus n.u. -a mosquito

namusiya pl. -t, nwames bedstead (may refer to whole bed)

nan inin v.i. (v.n. ninan) to moan, to groan (from pain)

naqib pl. nuqaba official head of a group of Shareefs having the same family name naqima pl. -t dotard, foolish old person

naqma pl. -t same as naqima

nages a.p. of nges

naqeš v.t. 1. to discuss, to talk over naqešna l-mudu & mežmu & in. We discussed the subject together. 2. to argue with

naqus pl. nwaqes (dim. nwiqes) bell nar (f.) pl. niran 1. fire, flame 2. (with art.) hell ** a-nari! or ya-nari! My goodness!
--n-nar šă Elet binathom. They had a heated argument.

nas 1. pl. of ?insan 2 2. people ġad-ižiw

čăndna ši-nas l-le-Čša. We're having some people for supper. —n-nas d-had le-mdina meeddbin. People in this town are courteous. —n-nas ma-iqulu-š had š-ši qeddam d-drari. People don't say this in front of children.

nasab lineage, ancestral line

naseb v.t. 1. to suit ila nasbetni nešriha. If it suits me I'll buy it, —inasbek le-xmis fe-l-lil? Would Thursday evening suit you? 2. to match had s-sebbat inaseb l-keswa z-zerqa. These shoes will match the blue dress.

¶ naseb $m \in a$ to match (s.th. or s.o.) with nasim (no pl.) breeze

nasa?iz pl. of nasiza

nasib (no pl.) share, portion baket nasibha fe-l-molk. She sold her share of the estate.

— Etaweh lli žah fe-n-nasib. They gave him whatever his share was. — dfāk nasib kbir de-t-terwa dyalu f-le-ksiba. He spent a large portion of his fortune on livestock.

nası za pl. -at, nasa e iz advice n-nasi za dyali hiya nsebru zetta irža z. My advice is we should wait till he comes back.

našat 1. v.n. of nšet 2. pleasure, enjoyment qal-lek ma-žber našat f-dak l-xedma. He says he didn't find any enjoyment in that work. 3. enthusiasm, fervor, zeal f-le-bdu kollhom biyynu našat kbir fe-xdemthom. In the beginning they all showed great enthusiasm in their work.

našid pl. ?anašid song (for group or community singing)

¶ našid dini hymn (religious)

¶ našid waṭani 1. patriotic song 2. anthem natiža same as ntiža nawafil pl. of nafila

nawaju pi. 01 najua

nawazi pl. of naziya

nayeb a.p. of nab

nayem pl. -in 1. sleepy, drowsy 2. asleep

nayez a.p. of naz

naze 1. v.t. to challenge, to dispute 2. v.t. to compete with 3. v.i. to pant, to gasp for breath

nažat v.n. of nža

nažaz v.n. of nžez

naz inuz (Ela) (v.n. nwaz, mnaza) to wail (over), to express sorrow (over) kanet tnuz Ela ḥḥaha. She was wailing over her father's death.

¶ a.p. nayez pl. -in of poor quality, horrible, lousy

naziya pl. -t, nawazi 1. region, area

2. neighborhood 3. aspect, angle drest l-mudu men koll naziya. I studied the

subject from every angle. na Eura pl. -t, nwa Eer (dim. nwi Era) 1. noria (water wheel with buckets) 2. wheel (as in a watch, clock) 3. merry-goround 4. spinning wheel 5. sly person, schemer ¶ duwwer na Eura (l-) to play a trick (on) duwwru-lu wazed n-na ura. They played a trick on him. nbaha ingenuity, ingeniousness, cleverness nbala pl. nbavel bracelet nbayel pl. of nbala nbaye pl. of nbez nbae m.p. of bae nebbar pl. -a resourceful nebbaz pl. -a, -in ag. n. and adj. of nbez nebbeh v.t. 1. to guide, to show the right way to, to advise 2. to remind ¶ nebbeh Ela (or l-) to call (s.o.'s) attention to (s.th.), to point out (s.th.) to (s.o.) nebbel v.t. to tack, to baste nebbeš same as nbeš nebbet 1. v.t. to grow, to raise ka-inebbtu le-m ¿ ădnus fe-žnanhom. They grow parsley in their garden. 2. v.t. to set (a piece of jewelry with precious stones) 3. v.i. to grow r-rbi & bda inebbet fe-s-staz. Grass began to grow on the roof. 4. v.i. to be fertile, arable *nebburi* dawn ¶ Eăl n-nebburi very early in the mornnebbă & v.i. to spring, to flow (water) nbed v.i. (v.n. nbid, nebd) to beat (pulse, heart) nebd 1. v.n. of nbed 2. pulse (heart beat) nbeg same as nbeq nbi pl. anbiya prophet In-nbi (sella llahu Elih wa-sellem) the Prophet Mohammed (peace be upon him) nbid v.n. of nbed nbir v.n. of nber nbiš v.n. of nbeš nbiz v.n. of nbez nebla m.p. of bla nbeg n.u. nebga jujube (edible drupaceous fruit of the buckthorn tree) nber v.i. (v.n. nbir) to be resourceful nbeš v.t. (v.n. nbiš) 1. to scratch or dig with the claws (animal) 2. to nibble nbet v.i. to grow (plant) nbula pl. -t urinary bladder nbuz a pl. of nbez nbez v.i. (v.n. nbiz) to bark nbez pl. nbayez, nbuza 1. veranda 2. corridor

a Moroccan house

nbă & same as nebbă & nda (m.) 1. dampness 2. dew ndama 1. v.n. of ndem 2. pl. ndayem regret, remorse ** dak š-ši ržač člih be-n-ndama. He's sorry that he did it. ¶ daret bih ϕ (or \mathcal{E} lih ϕ) n-ndama to feel remorse \neq , to be sorry \neq daret bih (or Elih) n-ndama Ela lli ma-ttesmă E-š l-waldih. He's sorry he didn't listen to his parents. ndayem pl. of ndama 2 ndeb v.t. or v.i. (v.n. ndib) to scratch (one's face as a sign of grief) nedd variety of incense nedda 1. v.t. to moisten 2. v.i. to get damp, to become moist neddam pl. -in remorseful neddem v.t. to make (s.o.) regret neddemha lli Lărdet Elih. He made her regret having invited him. ndeh (v.n. ndih) 1. v.t. to drive ka-tă ref tendeh had s-siyara? Can you drive this car? 2. v.t. to fly (plane) 3. v.i. to take off, to beat it ndib v.n. of ndeb ndih v.n. of ndeh ndell v.i. (v.n. della) to debase oneself, to lose one's reputation ndem v.i. (v.n. ndama) to regret, to feel sorry, to feel remorse nedmet lli guwwtet m&a bbaha. She feels sorry about having argued with her father. ndader (pl.) (eye-)glasses ndaf pl. of ndif ndafa cleanness, neatness nedda v.t. to finish, to complete gir tneddi šýalek aži šufni. As soon as you finish your work come and see me. neddam pl. -in rhymester neddar pl. of nadir neddarat same as ndader neddef v.t. to clean neddem v.t. 1. to put in order xessek ineddem le-ktub dyalek. You need to put your books in order. 2. to organize neddemna-lu waz ed l-zăfla sģira. We organized a little party for him. neddemna reb a de-l-ližan. We organized four committees. 4. to compose (poetry, music) ndef comp. of ndif ndeg v.t. (v.n. ndig) to chew ndif pl. ndaf (comp. ndef) clean ndig v.n. of ndeg ndir similar to, equal to Eammerhom ma-gad-ilqaw ndir had d-dar. They'll never find a house equal to this one. Tras n-nbez corner of the courtyard of nder l- or f- (v.n. nder) 1. to look at, to see 2. to consider, to think about

week.

100 nder ¶ p.p. mendur attractive, pleasing to the eve nder 1. v.n. of nder 2. sight, vision nedra 1. n.i. of nder 2. pl. -t impression šnu kanet n-nedra dyalha Elih? What was her impression of him? nfa infi v.t. (v.n. nefyan) 1. to exile, to banish 2. to deny, to disprove nfad v.n. of nfed ¶ n-nfad ξ la to be in demand \neq , to be popular ≠ slă&thom kollha Eliha n-nfad. All their merchandise is in demand. ntatex pl. of neffaxa nfaq hypocrisy nfas 1. pl. of nfis 2. recovery period following childbirth Tiyyam n-nfas post-natal period of forty days nfati pl. of nefta nfayel pl. of nfula nfayer pl. of nfir nfayes pl. of nfisa nfayzi pl. -ya one who takes snuff, snuffer nfed v.i. (v.n. nfad) to sell, to be in demand walayenni slathom kif ka-tenfed. Their merchandise really sells. nfed (v.n. nfid) 1. v.t. to shake nfed had le-gta fe-n-nbez. Shake this blanket in the hall. 2. v.i. to beat (heart, pulse) neffar pl. -a one who plays the nfir neffaxa pl. -t, nfafex balloon neffed v.t. to execute, to put into effect, (order, law) neffel v.i. to perform supplementary prayers neffer f- or b- to play (nfir) neffes v.t. 1. to open slightly, to leave ajar 2. to open, to lance (boil) 3. to uncover partially I neffes Ela 1. to comfort, to soothe 2. to give a break to, to allow (s.o.) an extension of time ¶ part. mneffes roomy, loose, (clothing) neffex v.t. 1. to make swell or become swollen 2. to inflate, to fill with air 3. to cause (s.o.) to be conceited neffez v.i. to take snuff nfid v.n. of nfed nfig v.n. of nfeg nfir pl. nfayer long brass instrument, without slide or pistons, having a tone similar to a

nfis pl. nfas (comp. nfes) 1. precious (e.g.,

nfisa pl. -t, nfayes woman in labor, in child-

nfeq v.i. (v.n. nfiq) to buy food or provisions

stone) 2. rare, of fine quality

nefnaf pl. -a one with a nasal twang

nefnef v.i. to speak with a nasal twang

trombone

birth nfix v.n. of nfex

nfir v.n. of nfer

¶ nfeq Ela to support (financially) nefga n.i. of nfeq nfer f- (v.n. nfir) to forsake, to renounce nfes comp. of nfis nefs (f.) pl. nfus 1. breath 2. person, soul nefs wez da ma-baat-ši fe-l-medrasa. There wasn't a single soul left at school. -kter men tlatin nefs kanet f-dak l-bit. There were more than thirty people in that room. 3. (no pl.) conscience nefsu bdat twebbxu. His conscience began to hurt him. 4. self-pride 5. self golt m a nefsi. . . I said to myself. . . ¶ b-nefsu\$ 1. oneself zna b-nefsna qolnaha-lu. We told him ourselves. 2. by oneself Emeltha b-nefsi. I did it by myself. ¶ fih^{ϕ} n-nefs 1. to have self-respect \neq to be conscientious ≠ Inefsu ϕ \tilde{a} rra (to be) energetic, dynamic ≠ I nuwwed (or Emel) n-nfes f- to stimulate the interest or ambition of (s.o.) ¶ qlil n-nefs 1. without self-respect 2. without conscience, unscrupulous ¶ qellel n-nefs to stoop, to condescend ¶qtă n-nefs 1. to hold one's breath 2. to stop talking suddenly, to shut up ¶qtă e n-nefs l- to make (s.o.) shut up ¶ tellă En-nefs to breathe ¶ žatu ϕ n-nefs ξ la to be on (s.o.'s) side \neq , to defend \neq ¶ Eăndu¢ n-nefs same as fih¢ n-nefs nefta pl. nfati boil, carbuncle nfula pl. -t, nfayel ticket šzal de-n-nfayel xditi-lna? How many tickets did you get for us? nfus pl. of nefs nfex (v.n. nfix) 1. v.t. to pump up, to put air into (tire) 2. v.i. to blow (wind) 3. v.i. to be conceited 4. v.i. to hiss (snake) nefx (no pl.) 1. swelling (physiological) 2. tumor nefxa 1. n.i. of nfex 2. pl. -t conceited person ¶ $fih\phi$ n-nefxa to be conceited \neq nefyan v.n. of nfa neft a pl. -t pinch of snuff nfă e v.t. (v.n. nfă e, menfa ea, menfiea) to do (s.o.) good, to be useful to nef E ak dak d-dwa? Did that medicine do you any good? ¶ ma-nef $\in u^{\phi}$ gir (or ma- $\in ada$) to be forced \neq , to not be able to help (but) \neq ma-nef Eu gir (or ma-Eada) iži m Eana. He couldn't do anything but come with us. He couldn't help but come with us. $nf\check{a} \in 1$. v.n. of $nf\check{a} \in 2$. benefit, profit, use, advantage

nhar s-sebt ka-nnefqu l-l-Qusbu kamel.

On Saturdays we buy food for the whole

¶ fih ϕ n-nfã \mathcal{E} 1. to be useful \neq l-žem \mathcal{E} iya žebret n-nfã \mathcal{E} f- \mathcal{E} ămmek. The organization found your uncle useful. 2. to be profitable \neq s-sefra kan \mathcal{E} ăndu fiha bezzaf de-n-nfã \mathcal{E} . The trip was very profitable for him. 3. to be effective dak d-dwa ma-fih nfã \mathcal{E} . That medicine is not effective.

ngab pl. -at veil

ngagef pl. of neggafa ngalza n.pl. of neglizi

ngasa v.n. of nges

negga same as negga

neggafa pl. -t, ngagef woman hired to attend the bride during the wedding ceremony neggel v.t. to carry from one place to another

(especially water)

negger v.i. (v.n. ngir) 1. to tap, to beat lightly sma t ši-t add ka-inegger fe-l-bab. I heard someone tapping at the door.—gir huwa bda inegger t l-ibel u-hiya gamet teštet. As soon as he began to beat lightly on the drum she got up to dance. 2. to have a bite waxxa ma-kan biya žu neggert m t ahom. Although I wasn't hungry I had a bite with them. 3. to take a pinch (of) (e.g., spice) xdat m talqa de-l-kamun u-yallah neggret men l-ibzar. She took a spoonful of cumin and just a pinch of pepper.

Inegger l- to give a hint to

ngir v.n. of negger

negra pl. -t 1. very old woman 2. shrew, termagant

negrez v.i. to grumble, to complain

nges v.t. (v.n. ngasa) to make unclean

¶p.p. mengus pl. mnages "jerk," "slob" nganeg pl. of negnag

neġġes v.t. to bother, to pester neġġesha bezzaf be-l-?as?ilat. He pestered her a lot with questions.

nģima dim. of neģma

nģiz v.n. of nģez

nýiza 1. dim. of neżza 2. pl. -t small amount, pinch

neġma pl. -t (dim. nġima) 1. musical note 2. melody

neġnaġ pl. nġaneġ one with a nasal twang neġneġ v.i. to speak with a nasal twang

njez, njez v.t. (v.n. njiz) 1. to prick 2. to spur 3. to arouse, to stir up n-nigaba nejzet l-xeddama Eăl l-mudir de-l-mă mel. The union aroused the workmen against the plant manager. 4. to accelerate 5. to race (engine) 6. to nudge

negza pl. -t (dim. ngiza) n.i. of ngez

¶ berred n-negza to satisfy a burning

¶ fih ϕ n-negza d- to have a passion or a special fondness for \neq (s.th.) fih n-negza de-l- ξ ăwm. He has a passion for swim-

ming. —xetha fiha n-negza de-l-qehwa. Her sister has a special fondness for coffee.

nha inhi v.t. (v.n. nhi, mnahya) to warn (against s.th.), to advise (not to do s.th.) ma-sab zădd lli inhih. There was no one to advise him.—koll-ši ka-inhih zăl le-xruž mzaha. Everybody warns him against going out with her.

** nhih nhih w-ila Ema xellih. Do your best advising him, but if he turns a deaf ear, leave him (proverb said in reference to s.o. who disregards everybody's advice). nhar pl. -at, nhayer day xedmu fe-n-nhar u-fe-l-lil l-barez. They worked day and night yesterday. —nhar-aš mšat? What

day did she leave?
¶ dak n-nhar the other day Ead šefthom
dak n-nhar. I saw them just the other day.

¶ had n-nhar today

¶ nhar l-Zădd (on) Sunday (used similarly in connection with all the days of the week, holidays, and feast occasions)

¶nhar l-Eid k-kbir (on) the day of Greater Bairam

¶ ši-nhar, wazed n-nhar one day, some day

nhaya same as nihaya

nhayer pl. of nhar

nehd pl. nhud (woman's)breast

nhed v.i. (v.n. nhid, nhud) 1. to shout nehdet fiya qbel zetta ma-nsellem Eliha. She shouted at me before I even greeted her.

2. to become emancipated

¶ nhed b- to come out with (as a new fashion)

nehda pl. -t 1. emancipation ketbet wazed l-maqal Eăl n-nehda n-niswiya fe-bladha. She wrote an article about the emancipation of women in her country. 2. renais sance šeft riwaya Eăl n-nehda l-^Qirlandiya dak n-nhar. I saw a play about the Irish Renaissance the other day.

nhi v.n. of nha

nhid v.n. of nhed

nhiq v.n. of nheq nhiž v.n. of nhež

nheq v.i. (v.n. nhiq) to bray (donkey)

nhud pl. of nehd

nhud v.n. of nhed

nhež v.i. (v.n. nhiž) to pant, to breathe with shallow, rapid breaths

nehža n.i. of nhež

¶ $fih\phi$ n-nehža to be out of breath

niban pl. of nab

nibru n.u. werqa de-n-nibru cigaret paper (for rolling one's own cigarets)

nidam pl. nudum, fandima 1. order l-mudir tleb men t-tlamed izafdu Eal n-nidam. The principal asked the students to main-

nıj

tain order. 2. rule, regulation, statute 3. regime, political system nif pl. nyuf nose (human) nifaq 1. same as nfaq 2. v.n. of nafeq niha@i pl. -yen final £taha ž-žwab n-niha@i. He gave her the final answer. niha@iyān 1. completely had r-ražel zmeq niha@iyān. This man is completely crazy.

niha iyan. This man is completely crazy.

2. not . . . at all ma-qolt-lu-šay men had š-ši niha iyan. I haven't told him this at all.

nihaya pl. -t 1. end hadi n-nihaya de-t-triq.

ihaya pl. -t 1. end hadi n-nihaya de-t-!riq. This is the end of the road. 2. extreme, utmost degree, maximum wesse! le-n-nihaya de-t-tsara. He reached the utmost degree of insolence.

¶fe-l-jaya u-n-nihaya 1. excellent, perfect 2. perfectly 3. neat, shipshape nila aniline (kind of blue dye) nili pl. -yen indigo nimiru pl. -yat, nwamer number £tini n-nimiru de-t-tilifun dyalek. Give me your

telephone number. I nimiru wazed first-rate, excellent ninan v.n. of nan

ninna ininni v.i. to go to sleep (said to little children only)

nira pl. -t shuttle (weaving)
niran pl. of nar

nišan (invariable) 1. straight Emel wazed s-ster ikum nišan. Draw a straight line.

—tbă E dak t-triq nišan. Keep straight on that road. 2. exactly, sharp ža fe-t-tlata nišan. He came exactly at three. 3. pl. nyašen medal

niya pl. -t 1. v.n. of nwa 2. intention kanet niyti nčăwwnu. My intention was to help him. 3. faith, confidence, trust hadik

ma- ξ amla niya f- ξ $\tilde{a}dd$. She has faith in nobody. 4. simple-mindedness 5. naive, simple, or artless person hadak \dot{g} ir weld niya. He's just a naive boy.

¶ be-n-niya (sometimes with pron. endings) really, seriously be-n-niya jad-dzuwwež? Are you really going to get married? —ṛ-ana ka-ntkellem m ak b-niyti. I'm talking to you seriously.

¶ niya u-zramiya deceptively naive ¶ Ela niytuφ same as be-n-niya

niyaba v.n. of nab

¶ be-n-niyaba Ela on behalf of niyy pl. -en 1. raw had l-lzăm ma-zal niyy. This meat is still raw. 2. untanned (hide) nkaya pl. -t n.i. of naka nked v.i. (v.p. nkid) 1. to become sad (per-

nked v.i. (v.n. nkid) 1. to become sad (person) 2. to fade, to become dim (color, light)
nekda n.i. of nked

nkid v.n. of nked nkir v.n. of nker nkis v.n. of nkes
nekkar pl. -in ag. adj. of nker

¶ nekkar l-xir f. nekkart l-xir ungrateful nekked v.t. to sadden, to grieve

neknak adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of neknek

neknek v.i. to complain constantly, to voice continually one's dissatisfaction

nker v.t. (v.n. nkir, nokran) to deny ka-inker l-waqi E. He denies the truth. —nekrettu f-šehrayn d-le-kra. She denied she owes him two months' rent.

¶ nker l-xir to show ingratitude nekra pl. -t n.i. of nker

¶ dreb nekra to deny completely nokran v.n. of nker

¶ nokṛan l-xir ingratitude
nkes v.t. (v.n. nkis) to sweep (floor)
nmari pl. of nemra

nmili variety of green tea (of inferior quality)
nmel n.u. nemla ant

nemmam pl. -in slanderer nemmem f- to slander

nemmer v.t. to number, to designate by number

nmer pl. nmura tiger

nemra pl. -t, nmari number ¿čandek n-nemra de-t-tilifun dyalu? Do you have his telephone number?

nems 1. pl. nmusa (dim. nmiyysa) ferret 2. n.u. -a freckle

nmura pl. of nmer nmusa pl. of nems 1

nnit used in indicating precision as to persons, things, places, time, situations, etc. hiya nnit lli šrathom. It was she who bought them. —huma nnit lli qaluha-li. They told me themselves. —hadak nnit l-uțil fayn bett. That's exactly the hotel where I spent the night.

where I spent the night.

nqa (m.) 1. cleanness 2. comp. of nqi
nqabi pl. of noqba

nqali pl. of neqla

nqasi pl. of neqsa

nqati pl. of neqta

nqawa same as nqa 1

nqayer pl. of nqir

nqayri pl. -ya silversmith

nqaz v.n. of neqqez

nqeb v.t. (v.n. nqib) 1. to peck at, to eat with the beak 2. to nibble at, to eat in little bites 3. to make a hole in (e.g., wall, door)

ngeb pl. of negba, nogba

neqba, noqba pl. -t, nqabi, nqeb hole (especially in a wall; perforation rather than cavity)

¶ dreb n-nqeb Ela to rob (a building) by breaking through the wall

nged v.t. (v.n. ngid, negdan) to rescue, to deliver, to save

megdan v.n. of nged

#qi pl. -yen (comp. nqa) clean

*qib v.n. of nqeb

mqid v.n. of nqed

aqil v.n. of ngel

*qir pl. nqayer 1. vat for storing oil at an oil-press 2. box-like brick (or stone) bowl (with drain) constructed at the floor level and directly beneath a tap or faucet

nqis v.n. of nqes

nqiš v.n. of nqeš

ngiz v.n. of neggez

ngel v.t. (v.n. nqil, neql) 1. to carry (as from one place to another) 2. to copy, to reproduce

negl v.n. of ngel

¶ šarika de-n-neql transportation service neqla, noqla pl. -t, nqali 1. load (carried by a porter, a horse, a cart, a truck, etc.) 2. shoot (plant)

nequeq v.i. to ferret, to nose around bqa ka-inequeq cetta lqa s-sareq. He kept nosing around until he found the thief.

neqqa v.t. 1. to clean 2. to peel or scrape (vegetables) 3. to shell, to hull (e.g., beans, peas, etc.) 4. to clear (earth)

neqqal pl. -a carrier, porter

neggaš pl. -a sculptor

neqqaz pl. -a ag. n. of neqqez

neqqel v.t. 1. to carry, to remove from one place to another 2. to transfer

neqqer v.t. to plate with silver, to silver-plate neqqes same as nges

neqqet 1. v.t. to dot, to mark with dots 2. v.t. or v.i. to drip 3. v.i. to play (musical notes)

¶ neqqet š-šmă & (Ela) to make sarcastic remarks (about)

neqqez v.i. (v.n. tenqaz, nqaz, nqiz) 1. to jump, to leap, to hop ma-qder-š ineqqez Eăl l-zăyt. He couldn't jump over the wall. 2. to dive (swimming)

noqra, neqra silver šrat demliž de-n-noqra. She bought a silver bracelet.

nges (v.n. nqis, neqsan, noqsan, neqs) 1. v.t. to suppress, to eliminate, to omit, to cut out neqsu-lu tlata de-s-sef at men l-maqal dyalu. They cut three pages out of his article. 2. v.t. to subtract, to take away 3. v.i. to decrease, to diminish l-begra neqset fe-t-tqol. The cow decreased in weight. 4. v.i. to go down (price) 5. v.i. to depreciate, to lessen (in value) d-dar neqset fe-l-qima. The house has depreciated in value.

¶ nqeş men 1. to cut down, to lower, to reduce mnayn tuwşel l-le-mdina nqeş men ş-şor ¿ea. When you reach town, reduce the

speed. 2. to turn down (radio, motor) 3. to set back (clock) ngesna sa tayn men l-magana. We set the clock back by two hours.

¶ a.p. naqeş pl. -in 1. incomplete l-xedma naqşa. The work is incomplete. 2. missing bezzaf d-le-\tau wayez naqşin f-had l-bit.

There are a lot of things missing from this room. 3. incompetent, weak (in performance) xti ma-zala naqsa f-le-zsab. My sister is still weak in mathematics.

¶ dar b-naqes to change one's mind kan gad-isafer me ana u-dar b-naqes. He was going on the trip with us but he changed his mind.

¶ dar (or Emel) b-naqeş men to do without ila šrit radyu ġad-ndir b-naqeş men magana ždida. —If I buy a radio I'll do without a new watch.

¶ naqes tyab 1. incompletely cooked 2. not quite ripe, green

¶ murekkab negs inferiority complex nogsan, negsan 1. v.n. of nges 2. defect ila žberti ši-nogsan f-had l-? ala reddha-lna. If you find any defect in this machine, bring it back to us. 3. drawback, shortcoming n-nogsan le-kbir lli fih huwa Eămmru

ma-ka-iz afed Eal l-mawa Eid dyalu. His big drawback is that he never keeps his appointments.

nqeš v.t. (v.n. neqš, nqiš) 1. to carve (wood, marble, etc. artistically) 2. to sculpture 3. to harrow (ground)

negš v.n. of ngeš

neqša pl. -t, nqaši 1. spring (as in a clock)
2. catch release (on a switchblade knife)

** feltet-lu n-neqša. He's gone mad.
neqta, noqta, pl. -t, nqati 1. drop ma-bqat-ši
neqta wezda de-z-zit. There is not a single
drop of oil left. 2. stop, period xessek noqta
men bă & d had l-žumla. You need a period
after this sentence. 3. dot, spot 4. stroke,
apoplexy

neržis n.u. -a daffodil

nsa insa v.t. (v.n. nesyan) to forget Eăndak tensa ma-dži-š! Don't forget to come!

nsa pl. of mṛa

nsab pl. of nsib

nsawi pl. -yen effeminate

nsaxi pl. of nesxa

nseb (l-) (v.n. nsub) to attribute (to) l-aš ġad-nnesbu ṣ-ṣuquṭ dyalu? What can we attribute his failure to?

¶nseb Ela to charge, to impute to (s.o.) ka-ndenn bari? men l-žarima lli nesbu Elih. I think he is innocent of the crime imputed to him.

nesba pl. -t comparison

¶ be-n-nesba 1- in comparison to

nsib pl. nsab relative by marriage, in-law (usually parents, brothers, and sisters) nsiba pl. -t f. of nsib nsil v.n. of nsel nsim breeze, light wind nsix v.n. of nsex nsiž v.n. of nsež nsel v.i. (v.n. nsil) 1. to fall out (hair) šč ărha nsel. Her hair fell out. 2. to shed skin (snake) l-zenš ka-insel. The snake sheds (his) skin. nsel progeny, offspring ¶ mar le-n-nsel jackass used for breeding purposes, stud ass nesma pl. -t 1. very soft wind 2. slight odor (pleasant or unpleasant) nser pl. nsura vulture nessa v.t. to make forget nessatni š-šģal lli kont gad-ndir. She made me forget the work I was going to do. - awel inessiha f-raželha l-luwwel. He tried to make her forget her first husband. nessax pl. -a copyist, transcriber nessay pl. -in forgetful nessel v.t. to sire, to beget nessem v.t. to give flavor to, to flavor nsub v.n. of nseb nsubiya in-law relationship, relationship by marriage nsura pl. of nser nsex v.t. (v.n. nsix) to copy down (text), to transcribe nesxa pl. -t, nsaxi copy hadi n-nesxa l-? asliya. This is the original copy. -nteb ¿ăt myatayn nesxa. Two hundred copies were printed. nesyan v.n. of nsa nsež v.t. (v.n. nsiž) to weave nsali pl. of nesla nsara pl. of nesrani nsas pl. of ness, noss nsaza 1. v.n. of nsez 2. clearness, brightness nseb v.t. (v.n. nsib) 1. to prepare (food) for cooking 2. to set (trap) ¶ nesbu~ l- to frame (s.o.), to make (s.o.) the victim of a false charge nesba n.i. of nseb nsib v.n. of nseb nsiraf pl. -at finale (music) nsız v.n. of nsez nesla pl. -t, nsali blade of an old knife (generally used together with a hammer for breaking big lumps of sugar) nser v.t. (v.n. nesr, nser) 1. to crown (king) 2. to make victorious (God as the subject) nser 1. v.n. of nser 2. victory, triumph nesy v.n. of nser nesranı pl. nsara Christian (n.) neșș, noșs pl. nsaș 1. half ntadertu nesș sa Ea.

I waited half an hour for him. 2. middle bnaw sur f-ness ž-žnan. They built a wall in the middle of the garden. 3. light blanket 4. trick, ruse ¶ dreb b-ness to trip (s.o.) ness pl. nsus, nusus text had s-sbaz nešru ness l-xitab de-r-ra@is. The text of the President's speech was published this morning. nessab pl. -a crook, swindler nsus pl. of ness nsuziya same as nsaza nsez (v.n. nsiz, nsaza) 1. v.t. to counsel, to advise l-qustad dyalu neszu idir t-tibb. His teacher advised him to study medicine. 2. v.i. to shine, to be bright 3. v.i. to excel ka-insez fe-xdemtu. He excels in his work. $n\check{s}e^{\varphi}$ v.t. (v.n. $n\check{s}i^{\varphi}$) 1. to build, to raise l-zukuma neš^ęet Eadad d-le-mḍares had l-Eam. The government has built many schools this year. 2. to start, to launch, to found xessna nnešeu ši-žem žiya ždida. We have to start a new organization. nša (f.) starch nšabi pl. of nešba nšašef pl. of neššafa nšawi pl. of nešwa nšaywi pl. -ya addict (smoking, drinking, etc.) nešba pl. -t, nšabi trap, snare nšed v.i. (v.n. nšid) 1. to sing (group song, hymn) 2. to read poetry (musically) $n\check{s}ef$ v.i. (v.n. $n\check{s}if$) 1. to dry, to get dry 1-tqašer nešfu deģya. The socks dried quickly. 2. to dry up, to go dry had l-bir ka-inšef fe-s-sif. This well goes dry in summer. nši? v.n. of nše? nšid v.n. of nšed nšif v.n. of nšef nšir v.n. of nšer nšít v.n. of nšet nešneš v.i. to drizzle nšeqq m.p. of šeqq nšer v.t. (v n. nšir) 1. to saw 2. to hang (linen on the line) 3. to publish nešša v.t. to starch, to put starch in (clothes) neššafa pl. -t, nšašef blotter, piece of blotting paper neššef v.t. 1. to blot, to dry with a blotter 2. to wipe, to dry neššef režlik b-had l-futa. Dry your feet with this towel. -ana negsel l-lwani u-nta neššefhom. I'll wash the dishes and you dry them. neššet v t to please, to make happy nešštetni 1-xotba dyalu. His speech pleased me. nšet v.i. (v.n. našat, nšit) 1. to be glad, to

rejoice 2. to have fun 3. to be active,

energetic

nešwa pl. -t, nšawi habit, addiction (e.g., smoking, drinking) fih n-nešwa de-d-doxxan. He's addicted to smoking.

nta you (m. sg. disjunctive pron.)

nta pl. -wat female scib l-wazed ifrez d-dker men n-nta f-le-bratel. It's hard to tell a male from a female among birds.

ntagel v.i. (v.n. ntigal) 1. to be promoted or advanced (in rank, position) 2. to move, transfer (from one place to another)

ntaqem l- to avenge, to get revenge for kan bya intaqem l-l-mut de-bhah. He wanted to avenge his father's death.

Intagem men to get revenge on, to get even with hadi telt snin u-hiya ka-t cawel tentagem mennu. She's been trying to get revenge on him for three years.

ntaxeb v.t. (v.n. ntixab) to elect ntaxbuh xlif

de-r-ra@is. They elected him vice-president.

ntaya same as nta (you m. sg.)

ntayež pl. of ntiža

ntaž v.n. of ntež

ع same as mta

ntef v.t. (v.n. ntif) to pluck (fowl, feather)

¶ ntef biant (pl. biayen) to backbite, to
speak evil of men Eadtu ma-ka-intef btant

ĕădd. He doesn't usually speak evil of
anybody. —baraka u-ma-tentef fe-btayen
sĕabek! Stop backbiting your friends.

nti you (f. sg. disjunctive pron.)

ntif v.n. of ntef

ntina same as nta (you m. sg.) and nti (you f. sg.)

ntiqal pl. -at 1. v.n. of ntagel 2. promotion, advancement (of rank, position) 3. transfer, move

ntir v.n. of nter

ntixab 1. v.n. of ntaxeb 2. pl. -at election

ntiya same as nti (you f. sg.)

ntiža pl. -t, ntayež 1. result kif kanet n-ntiža d-le-mtizan? What was the result of the examination? 2. profit, use ma-tel čăt-lu ntiža men ș-sefra dyalu. His trip was of no use.

ntkel same as ttkel

nter v.t. (v.n. ntir) 1. to snatch away, to grab kont ka-neqra u-hiya netret-li le-ktab men yeddi. I was reading when she suddenly snatched the book out of my hand. 2. to puff on (cigaret)

netra pl. -t n.i. of nter

ntuma you (pl. disjunctive pron.)

netwa pl. -t female had l-bertal dker wella netwa? Is this bird a male or a female? ntež v.t. (v.n. ntaž, intaž) to produce, to yield had le-blad ka-tentež-lu le-iwan de-l-gem. This field yields him tons of wheat.

nțiq v.n. of nțeq nțiz v.n. of nțez nțeq v.i. (v.n. nțiq, noțq) to pronounce, to articulate mnayn ka-ikun ka-iqra

ma-ka-inteq-š mezyan. When he reads he doesn't articulate well.

Integ b- to utter, to mention jir ana ntegt be-smiytu u-huwa wqef. As soon as I mentioned his name, he stood up.

notq v.n. of nțeq

nte v.t. (v.n. ntiv) 1. to hit with the horns
2. to give a blow with the head, to butt
net a pl. -t n.i. of nter

net a pl. -t n.i. of ntez

nuba du. nubtayn pl. -t, nweb (dim. nwiba)

1. time šzal men nuba mšaw l-bariz? How
many times did they go to Paris? 2. turn
nubt men l-yum fe-gsil l-lwani? Whose
turn is it to wash dishes today? 3. movement (music)

¶ be-n-nuba by turns, alternately

¶ bă Ed n-nubat sometimes

¶ nuba nuba every once in a while

¶šedd (or qbet) n-nuba to line up, to queue up

¶ Emel (or dar) n-nuba to take turns dayrin n-nuba Ela gsil le-mwa Een. They take turns at washing dishes.

nuder v.t. to stack (e.g., hay)

nuda n.i. of nad

nudan v.n. of nad

nudum pl. of nidam

nuģeš same as naģeš nun n.u. -a eel

nuqaba pl. of naqib

nusus pl. of ness nuwambir, nuwamber November

nuwwab pl. of nayeb (a.p. of nab)
nuwwala pl. -t, nwawel, nwayel thatched hut
nuwwar n.u. -a pl. -t, nwawer (dim.

nwiwra) flower

In-nuwwar syphilis

¶ nuwwar š-šems sunflower

nuwwaša pl. -t, nwaweš puff, knob (as on a cap)

nuwwaz pl. -in whiny, given to whining

nuwweb v.t. to appoint as delegate or assistant nuwwed v.t. 1. to wake up, to rouse (from sleep) 2. to stir up, to raise s-siyara nuwwdet bezzaf de-l-jobra. The car stirred up a lot of dust. 3. to start nta lli nuwwedti l-muțur? Did you start the motor? —koll sbaz ka-inuwwed debza mça l-xeddama. Every morning he starts a fight with the workers. —kanu nuwwdu wazed l-cafya kbira fe-l-jaba. They had started a big fire in the forest. 4. to stage, to mount l-commal nuwwdu muḍahara l-barez. The workers staged a demonstration yesterday.

Inuvwed l-qelb 1. to make throw up l-kebda lli klat nuwwedet-lha qelbha. The liver she ate made her throw up. 2. to

nauseate hdertha ka-tnuwwed l-gelb. The way she talks is nauseating.

nuwwem v.t. 1. to anesthetize 2. to hypnotize nuwwer 1. v.t. to enlighten dak le-ktab

ragigaten nuwwer-lu l-fikr dyalu. That book really enlightened his mind. 2. v.t. to give more charm and more pleasure to, to honor (a place or a person as a result of one's desired presence, and as a comparison to a flower) nuwwyet-lna l-zăfla b-le-mži dvalha. She made our party more charming by coming. 3. v.i. to flourish, to blossom

nuwwez v.i. to lament, to wail nuzha same as nzaha

nue pl. nwae, genwae kind, sort, variety šmen nu de-l-gehwa ka-tešrob? What kind of coffee do you drink?

nwa, inwi (v.n. niya) 1. v.t. to think

ma-nwitu-š iži l-vum. I didn't think he would come today. 2. v.t. to wish for, to make a wish lli nwatha ka-tz essel Eliha. Whatever she wishes for she gets. 3. v.i. to intend, to plan ka-inwi išri siyara ždida. He intends to buy a new car.

nwa n.u. -ya almond nwader pl. of nader nwad v.n. of nad nwader pl. of nader nwafel pl. of nafila nwafex pl. of nafex nwala same as nuwwala nwamer pl. of nimiru nwames pl. of namusiya nwages pl. of nagus nwawel pl. of nuwwala nwawer pl. of nuwwara (n.u. of nuwwar) nwaweš pl. of nuwwaša

nwayel pl. of nuwwala nwaz v.n. of naz

nwa E, enwa E pl. of nu E

nwa Eer pl. of na Eura

nwa Eri f. -ya pl. -ya, -yat cunning, wily

nweb pl. of nuba nwiba dim. of nuba

nwiges dim. of nagus

nwiwra dim. of nuwwara (n.u. of nuwwar)

nwiera dim. of na Eura

nxasi pl. of nexsa nxel n.u. nexla palm-tree

nexsa pl. nxasi side-ache (e.g. from too much running)

nexwa distinguished appearance

¶ dfă € n-nexwa to assume a distinguished

noxxal, noxxala bran

¶ Eta n-noxxal not to pay attention (to s.o.) Etih n-noxxal! Don't pay any attention to him!

nexxel v.t. to give (s.o.) the cold shoulder nyab pl. of nab nyašen pl. of nišan

nyuf pl. of nif

nzaha pl. -t, nzaveh 1. v.n. of nezzeh 2. picnic 3. pleasure s-sfer fe-l-baxira nzaha. It's a pleasure to travel by ship.

nzali pl. of nezla

nzayeh pl. of nzaha

nzayhi pl. ya party-goer, one who attends or likes parties

nzef v.i. (v.n. nzif) to go dry had s-saqya fe-s-sif ka-tenzef. This creek goes dry in summer.

nzif v.n. of nzef

nzel v.i. (v.n. nzul) 1. to fall nzel bezzaf de-t-telž l-bare . A lot of snow fell yesterday. 2. to land f-ayna matar nezlet

tiyartkom? What airport did your plane land at? 3. to disembark, to go ashore 4. to get off gir l-masina wegfet w-ana nzelt. As soon as the train stopped I got off.

-nzel men fuq l-Eawd. He got off of the horse. 5. to be served ma-nezlet le-Eša zetta wsel. Supper wasn't served until he arrived. 6. to stay, to stay at l-lila l-luwwla nzelt f-l-util. The first night, I stayed at the hotel. -mnayn kont fe-d-dar l-bida nzelt Eănd Eămmi. When I was in Casablanca I stayed at my uncle's. 7. to be revealed l-qor@an nzel fe-š-šher d-remdan. The Koran was revealed during the month of Ramadan.

Inzel Ela 1. to strike, to hit violently nezlu Elih b-zerwata le-r-ras. They struck him on the head with a club. 2. to take by surprise, to visit (s.o.) by surprise (in order to have a meal or stay) 3. to be sold to (the highest bidder) at auction 4. to be revealed to, to come as revelation or inspiration to l-qor an nzel Eal n-nbi. The Koran was revealed to the Prophet. 5. to get (down) off of, to come down from nzel Eăl le-r mar. He got down off of the donkey. -nzel Eăl l-zit! Get down off the wall!

nezla pl. -t, nzali 1. n.i. of nzel 2. sudden illness of short duration (e.g., flu)

nzeq pl. nzuqa shuttle (in weaving)

nzul v.n. of nzel

nzuga pl. of nzeg

nezzeh v.t. (v.n. nzaha) 1. to give a picnic for 2. to entertain (with amusement)

nezzel v.t. 1. to put or lay (down) fayn nezzelti le-ktab lli kan hna? Where did you put the book that was here? 2. to serve (food) fuq-aš ka-tnezzlu le-Eša? When do you serve supper? 3. to unload (burden)

I nezzel Cla to sell to (the highest bidder, at auction)

nža inža v.i. (v.n. nažat) to escape, to come out safe nža men l-mut. He escaped (from) death. nžab pl. of nžib nžara (coll.) wood chips ¶ terf de-n-nžara chip of wood nžeb comp. of nžib nžib pl. -in, nžab (comp. nžeb) 1. intelligent 2. studious nžir v.n. of nžer nežma pl. -t, nžum star ¶ šaf n-nžum to get dizzy (as a result of a blow), "to see stars" nžer v.t. (v.n. nzir) 1. to plane (wood) 2. to sharpen (pencil) 3. to pave (road) nežrez v.i. to be wounded nžerzu Eadad de-n-nas fe-l-mudahara. Many people were wounded in the riot. nžum pl. of nežma nežža 1. to free, to liberate nežža š-ša b men l-Eubudiya. He freed the people from slavery. 2. to save, to deliver nežžat d-drari men l-Eafya. She saved the children from the fire. 3. to protect, to preserve !!ah inežžik! (May) God preserve you! nežžar pl. -a carpenter nežžem v.i. to be able ma-nežžmu-š ixeržu I-barez Ela wedd kanu Eandhom d-dyaf. They couldn't go out yesterday because they had guests. nžez v.i. (v.n. nažaz) 1. to succeed dima ka-inžez fe-t-tižara. He always succeeds in business. 2. to pass xtu ma-nežzet-š f-le-mtizan. His sister didn't pass the $n \subset af$ pl. of $n \subset if$ (same as $n \subset il$) nzal pl. of nzil nz as 1. copper 2. bronze nz asi pl. -yen 1. made of copper 2. coppery, copper colored 3. copper-plated nzaysi pl. -ya tinsmith n tif pl. -in, n af same as n il nzil pl. -in, nzal thin, sickly, weak ne ila dim. of ne ăl ntir v.n. of nter nzis pl. -in ill-fated, unlucky nzăl n.u. nezla (dim. nzila) bee nzăll same as tzăll

nezza v.t. to get rid of completely, to exterminate nezzal pl. -a beekeeper, apiarist n al leather for shoe soles nとala pl. -t, nとayel (pair of) sandals neam yes (replied when one's name has been called or when answering a request) ** n am-as! Sir! (used especially by students when addressing a teacher) n am n.u. -a ostrich nとas 1. v.n. of nとăs 2. sleep ¶ $bih\phi$ (or $fih\phi$, or $\check{z}ah\phi$) n- $n\xi as$ to be sleepy ≠ ¶ ddah¢ n-n Eas to fall asleep ≠ ddani n-n as. I fell asleep. n E aš pl. -at, n E uša stretcher, litter nEayel pl. of nEala n ayem pl. of nă ma n E až pl. of nă E ža n בil v.n. of n قăl $n \succeq \check{a}l$ v.t. (v.n. $n \succeq il$) to curse at, to call (s.o.) Inčăl š-šitan 1. to calm down (from anger) 2. to become reconciled năEnaE cpl. nEaneE mint (plant, pleaves) nă E ža pl. -t, n E až ewe nă Ela n.i. of nEăl nă&ma pl. -t, n&ayem food (considered as a gift from God and therefore demanding respect) baraka u-ma-ddiyya e ne amt llah! Stop wasting God's food! $n \in as$ v.i. (v.n. $n \in as$) 1. to sleep, to go to sleep 2. to stop magantek nă Eset. Your watch has stopped. 3. to be quiet, motionless năEsa n.i. of nEăs ¶ drebha b-nă Esa to sleep soundly žbertha darbaha b-nă Esa. I found her sleeping soundly. nă Et 1. v.n. of nă E ăt 2. pl. n Eut adjective, modifier n uša pl. of n aš neut pl. of năet 2 nă ¿ ¿ ăs v.t. to put to sleep,, to put to bed nă E ăt v.t. (v.n. ten E at, ten Eit, nă Et) 1. to point out (with finger), to indicate 2. to describe, to give description of waxxa nă E tiha-li ma-Eqelt-š Eliha. Although you described her for me, I couldn't remember her. 3. to tell about l-barez mšit l-dak s-suq lli nă E ătti-li. Yesterday I went to that market you told me about.

qabed a.p. of qbed qabil Cain (biblical) qabiliya 1. attention, consideration ma-ka-yă ti qabiliya le-wladu. He doesn't

năzwi pl. -yen 1. grammarian 2. grammatical

Q

nzer v.t. (v.n. nzir) to slaughter

give his children any attention. 2. energy, effort ma-zal fiha l-qabiliya l-l-xedma. She still feels she has enough energy to work. qabel v.t. (v.n. mqabla) 1. to take care of, to attend Eămmti lli qablet bha melli kan mṛiḍ. My aunt took care of my father when he was ill. 2. to meet, to have an encounter with (as in a contest) 3. to meet with, to encounter qablet su uba kbira. She met with great difficulty. 4. to be in front of, to face 5. to be the partner of (e.g., card game)

qabla pl. -t, qwabel midwife qabul v.n. of qbel 1 and 3

qadd v.t. 1. to level xesshom iqaddu t-triq.
They have to level the road. 2. to compare ma-ka-imken-lek-ši tqadd telmid m a l-qustad dyalu. You can't compare a pupil with his teacher.

qadim used in the expr.

¶ fe-l-qadim, f-qadim z-zaman in olden times

qadum pl. qwadem hoe

qada v.t. (v.n. mqadya) 1. to finish, to be through qadaw xdemthom qbel mennu. They finished their work before he did. 2. to use up le-flus lli Etah xah kollhom qadahom. He used up all the money his brother gave him. —qadaw s-sokkar lli šrit l-barez. They used up the sugar I bought yesterday.

¶ qada b- to finish with, to be through with —qaditi b-le-ktaba? Are you through writing? —mnayn iqadi b-had r-riša xudha. You may have this pen when he's through with it.

¶qada men 1. to stop (doing s.th.)
ma-ka-ibġi-š iqadi men l-hedṛa. He never
wants to stop talking. 2. to give up bba
qada men d-doxxam. My father gave up
smoking. 3. to finish with, to be through
with mnayn nqadi men had l-makina
ġad-nbi ha. When I'm through with this
machine I'm going to sell it.

¶qada m & a 1. to exhaust, to use up qadaw bă & da m & a le-flus lli-Etahom bḥahom. They've already used up the money their father gave them. 2. to exhaust, to tire s-sfer t-twil dima ka-iqadi m & aha. A long trip always tire her. 3. to break (up) with ma-Ereft-ši Elaš qada m & a zabu kollhom. I can't understand why he broke with all his friends.

qada, qada? 1. predestination (theological)
2. calamity, disaster

qadi pl. qudat judge (justice)

qadiya pl. -t 1. thing, matter mša išufu Ela ši-qadiya muhimma. He went to see him about an important matter 2. case qadiytu duwwzetha l-mez kama. His case has been judged by the court.

qadar 1. destiny 2. means ma-Eandu qadar bas isrtha. He doesn't have the means to buy it. 3. capability ma-bqa-lu qadar le-rkub l-xeyl melli wqa \(\xi - \ll u \) l-\(a \) fat. He's no longer able to ride horses since he had the accident. 4. authority qolt-lha temši tšuf l-mudir li-\(\xi \) enna ma-\(\xi \) andi-\(\xi \) l-qaday baš nxelliha texyož. I told her to go and see the director because I don't have the authority to let her go out.

qadari pl. -yen one who believes in predestination

qadus pl. qwades 1. drain 2. gutter qafiya pl. -t, qawafi rhyme qahra pl. -t poverty, misery

¶ nsa l-qahra to be a parvenu $qa^{\varrho}ima$ pl. -t list, roster

alone, to give peace to qul le-d-drari igilu l-qett Elihom. Tell the children to leave the cat alone. 2. to grant (s.o.) a cancellation of sale or agreement (if the latter is unsatisfactory) kanet šrat tlata de-r-radyuyat men Eăndu u-mnayn ma-Eăzbuha-š qalha shom. She had bought three radios from him, and when she didn't like them he gave her her money back. 3. to fire, to dismiss qaluh men l-mensīb dyalu. They dismissed him from his position.

qal iqul (v.n. qewl) 1. v.t. to say šnu qalet melli dexlet? What did she say when she came in? —kif tqul had š-ši be-n-negliza? How would you say this in English? 2. v.t. to tell (the person told s.th. is introduced by the prep. l-) qolt-lu ibqa m ana. I told him to stay with us. —ma-qalu-li-š smiytu. They didn't tell me his name. 3. v.i. to think about, to plan to, to intend ka-iqul yad-imši l-l-meġrib f-had s-sif. He's thinking about going to Morocco this summer.

¶ ka-iqulu they say, it is said ka-iqulu ka-iti t-telž ģedda. They say it's going to snow tomorrow. —had š-ši lli ka-iqulu. That's what they say.

¶qal l- to call š-ka-tqulu l-hadi be-l-čărbiya? What do you call this in Arabic?

 $\P qal$ - $lu\phi \ rasu\phi$ (or $\xi \check{a}qlu\phi$) to like, to please $\neq ma$ - $i\xi \check{a}mlu \ gir \ lli \ qal$ -lhom

Eqelhom. They only do what they please.

¶ tqul it seems, it looks like tqul š-šta
ġad-tenzel. It looks like it's going to rain.

—duk le-wlad ma-tqul-š xut. Those boys
don't look like brothers.

¶u-tqul used to show absolute shortage or absence (uttered with more stress and higher pitch than the remainder of the sentence) u-tqul bqa-lu derhem wazed. He doesn't have a single dirham left.

-žberti št-wazed temma?-u-tqul! Did you find anyone there?-Not a soul.

qala pl. -t, qyel cubit

qala (also qalak) used in stressing the con-

trary of a statement or situation ma-dazet-š f-le-mtican—dazet, qala. She didn't pass her examination.—Yes, she did!—rak gad-tuwsel mcattel.—qala ya-weddi.

You're going to be late.—Oh, no, I'm not!

—nčăyytu-lu qala u-nfessru-lu koll-ši. On
the contrary, we should call him and explain everything to him.

qalaba pl. -t turbulence, disturbance ¶ nwwed qalaba to raise Cain

qalak same as qala

qalaq impatience l-qalaq dyalu ka-i*eddi bih l-l-mašakil. His impatience gets him into trouble.

qalayba same as qalaba

qaleb pl. qwaleb 1. mold 2. shoe-tree 3. sugar loaf (coneshaped)

gales Cadiz

qam iqim v.t. (v.n. qiman, qyum) 1. to prepare, to brew (tea, coffee) 2. to furnish, to supply

¶ qam s-sla to announce a prayer (Muslim) at the time of its performance

qam iqum v.i. (v.n. qyam) 1. to get up, to arise qam men mud&u u-gelles s-siyda. He got up from his place and seated the lady. —qemna bekri had s-sba\(\tau\). We got up early this morning. 2. to start, to begin huwa lli qam ka-isebbhom. He's the one who started calling them names. 3. to start, to break out had \(\delta\)-is uq\(\alpha\) \(\text{ qbel-ma tqum}\) \(l-\text{ afya qamet f-darhom.}\) A fire broke out in their house. —debza qamet binathom. A fight broke out between them. 4. to stage \(l-\text{ commal qamu b-mudahara l-bare\(\text{ C}\). The workers staged a demonstration yesterday.

¶qam b-1. to take care of xellih iqum be-d-dyaf. Let him take care of the guests. 2. to perform, to do, to play kan f-2imkanu iqum b-wazed d-dur muhimm fe-l-mu2tamar. He could have played an important role at the conference.

** qamet le-mnaza Elih. He was mourned.

qama pl. -t stature, height bbah ražel qamtu kbira. His father is a tall man.

qamižža pl. -t, qwamež (dim. qwimža, qwimižža) shirt

qamus pl. qwames dictionary qana pl. -t ditch, canal

qanabil pl. of qonbula

qanal pl. -at canal

qansa pl. -t, qwanes gizzard

qanun pl. qwanen 1. regulation, law 2. zither qaqa v.i. (v.n. mqaqya) to cackle

qaraba (family) relationship & andek

ši-garaba m a l- ustad dyalek? Do you

have any family relationship with your teacher?

qarabala pl. -t racket, hullabaloo, commotion aš had-i-qarabala lli ka-nesma

fe-z-zenqa? What's the racket I hear in the street?

qarar pl. -at 1. decision 2. decree

qarasina pl. of qorsan

qari a.p. of qra

qarib same as qrib (relative)

qariza pl. -t zeal, enthusiasm čăndu qariza kbira fe-xdemtu ž-ždida. He has a lot of enthusiasm for his new work.

qartaxenna 1. Carthage 2. Cartagena

(Spain)

** sir _etta l-qartaxenna! Go to the devil!

qas iqis v.t. 1. to touch rasu ka-iqis s-sqef. His head touches the ceiling. 2. to stain qaset ksewtha b-la-mdad. She stained her dress with ink. 3. to hurt, to offend ma-bġa yă mel mula aḍa baš ma-iqis zădd. He didn't want to make any remark in order to avoid hurting someone.

qasa v.i. (v.n. mqasya) to suffer, to endure, to go through hardship

qasa@id pl. of qasida

gased a.p. of gsed

qasida pl. -t, qasa id poem (usually lengthy)
qasez pl. -in (comp. qsez) 1. thick (liquid)
2. rugged 3. harsh, cruel hadik mra qelbha
qasez. She is a hard-hearted woman.
4. rough, severe l-berd ža qasez had
l-Eam. We've had a rough winter this
year. 5. difficult le-mtizan kan qasez. The
examination was difficult.

¶ rasu^{\$\phi\$} qase\$\subseteq\$ to be stubborn ≠ qatel v.t. or v.i. (v.n. qital, mqatla) to fight, to combat

qate a.p. of qta &

qawafi pl. of qafiya qawa Eid pl. of qa Eida

qawel v.t. (v.n. mqawla) to promise, to give one's word qawelt xti baš nddiha

le-s-sinima. I promised my sister I would take her to the movies. —qawlu bbah

b-radyu ždid. His father promised him a new radio.

qawem v.t. (v.n. mqawma) to withstand, to repel, to hold off

qayed pl. qiyyad, qoyyad administrative head of a county

" qayed l-meswer Master of Ceremonies at the Royal Palace

qayla pl. qwayel 1. hottest part of a summer day 2. blazing summer sun

qayma same as qa@ima

qa E pl. qi E an 1. bottom 2. pedestal 3. buttocks, rump 4. sole (foot or shoe) ¶ aa? d-derb end of a street ¶ qa E le-blad (the) heart of town

¶ qa&-qolla cardamom

Tweld (bent) l-qa & u-l-ba & one who has lived in the city all his life, and who comes from a well-known family

gača pl. -t 1. market for fats and dry fruit 2. housewarming qad-i& amlu l-qa& a le-ddar ž-ždida. They're going to have a housewarming for the new house.

ga Eida pl. -t, gawa Eid, gwa Eed 1. rule Etini ši-ga Eida ntmešša Eliha. Give me a rule I can follow. 2. principle men ga Eidti ma-ka-nsellef zădd ma-ka-isellefni. One of my principles is never to lend or borrow. 3. habit, manner fiha qa ida qbiza, dima ka-dži mčăttla. She has the bad habit of always coming late. - ¿awwed-li ¿al l-gawa Eid de-l-makla fe-bladkom, Tell me about the table manners in your country. 4. custom l-gawa id de-z-zwaž bdat ttbeddel fe-l-megrib. Marriage customs are changing in Morocco. 5. base l-zukuma l-? amirikiya Eăndha Eadad de-l-gawa Eid ¿ ăskariva fe-l-xariž. The U.S. Government

has many military bases abroad. ¶ bla qa&ida improperly

¶ be-l-qa Eida, Eăl l-qa Eida properly, correctly, (in) the proper way

qbab pl. of qobb gbadi pl. of gebda

qbala 1. v.n. of qbel 2 2. well, very well,

thoroughly had l-bit xessu itneddef qbala. This room needs to be cleaned thoroughly. qbalt in front of, facing

qbageb pl. of qebgaba

qbati pl. of qebta (same as qebda)

qbaten pl. of qebtan

qbaybi pl. -ya same as qebbab

gbayel pl. of qbila

qbayla a while ago qbayla wselna. We arrived a while ago

I men qbayla (for) quite a while men qbayla u-zna nessennaw. We've been waiting for quite a while.

gbaz v.i. (v.n. gbaza) 1. to get bad l-zala s-siyasiya bdat teqba . The political situation is getting bad. -sirtu qbazet bezzaf. His conduct got very bad. 2. to become badlooking, to look bad or ugly qbazet melli gessret šč arha. She looks ugly since she had her hair cut short.

gbaz pl. of gbiz

qbaza 1. v.n. of qbaz 2. pl. -t villainy qbeb pl. of qobba

qobb pl. qbab 1. hood kebbuti de-š-šta ma-fih gobb. My raincoat doesn't have a hood. 2. bucket, wooden pail

qobba pl. -t, qbeb (dim. qbiba) 1. dome,

cupola 2, the best furnished room of a house, used as a living-room (usually isolated from other rooms and having a domed ceiling) 3. shrine built around the tomb of a saint

I bna (or Emel) l-qobba l- to give a big build-up to, to overpraise

¶ dfă E l-qobba to boast

qebbab pl. -a cooper

gebbad pl. -a same as gabed (a.p. of gbed) qebbeb v.t. to give the shape of a dome to

¶ qebbeb le-Ebar to measure generously (wheat, flour, etc. in a measuring cup) gebbel 1. v.t. to kiss 2. v.i. to face Mecca (e.g., when praying)

gebber v.t. 1. to bury 2. to hide, to conceal gebbet v.t. to make a bundle of (mint leaves. carrots, etc.)

¶ qebbet b- 1. to make (s.o.) get hold of škun lli gebbtek b-had l-makina

de-t-teswir? How did you get hold of this camera? 2. to put into a situation (usually undesirable) bi a u-šerya b-aš qebbţuh! What a deal they got him into!

¶ gebbet l- 1. to burden, to "stick" with gebbtu-lha t-teftiš d-le-myadi. They stuck her with the inspection of the toilets. 2. to inflict upon qebbet-lu wazed d-derba

gas a. He inflicted a heavy blow upon him. ¶ qebbet le-klam l- to make sarcastic remarks to

qbed v.t. (v.n. qbid, qbud, qebd) 1. to take, to accept ma-bga igbed le-flus men & and Tădd. He didn't want to accept money from anyone. 2. to hold llah ixellik qbed-li had s-sendug Ela-ma nă Emel wazed t-tilifun. Would you please hold this box for me while I make a phone call? 3. to get, to receive abedti le-xlas de-š-šher lli daz? Did you get last month's pay? 4. to collect (rent, tax, etc.) 5. to catch qebduh ka-isreq. They caught him stealing. 6. to arrest, to detain gebduh l-bulis l-bare . The police arrested him yesterday. 7. to keep, to retain kont nawi nbat Eăndhom lila wezda, saEa qebduni telt iyyam. I was intending to spend one night with them, but they kept me for three days. 8. to constipate

ma-ka-takol-š t-teffaz Ela zăqq

ka-iqbedha. She doesn't eat apples because they constipate her.

¶ gbed f- 1. to hold on to, to hang on to tar rit ma-sab fayn iqbed. He fell because he couldn't find anything to hold on to. 2. to stick to, to keep messab gir iqbed fe-klamu. I just hope he sticks to his word. 3. to abide by, to practice hadak ražel ka-iqbed fe-l-mabadi? dyalu. He's a man who abides by his principles.

¶ qbed l-qeššaba Ela to tease, to poke fun at

¶ gabed pl. gobbad 1. cashier 2. collector (rent, tax, etc.)

¶ p.p. megbud 1. constipated 2. reserved, reticent

gebd v.n. of gbed

gebda pl. -t, gbadi 1. n.i. of gbed 2. handle (hammer, rake, broom, suitcase, etc.)

3. knob (of door) 4. bundle, bunch (mint leaves, vegetables)

qbel 1. v.t. (v.n. qbul, qabul) to accept, to admit geddmet t-talab be-l-7 agg

ma-qebluha-š. She applied but was not accepted. 2. v.t. (v.n. qbala) to midwife, to assist a mother in childbirth 3. v.i. (v.n. qbul, qabul) to consent, to agree

** qbelt u-rdit. O.K., I accept.

qbel, qbel men before weslet qbel le-gda. She arrived before dinner. -qadat šģalha qbel menni. She finished her work before me.

¶ men qbel previously, before (hand), already šeft had r-riwaya men qbel. I've

already seen this play.

¶ qbel-ma, qbel-la before (conj.) gsel veddik qbel-ma takol. Wash your hands before vou eat. -sellat abel-ma ten? as. She prayed before she went to sleep. - ġad-nčăyvet-lhom qbel-la imšiw. I'm going to call them before they leave.

¶ Ela qbel because ma-šeftha-š Ela qbel xeržet bekri. I didn't see her because she

left early.

gebla direction (toward Mecca) faced when praying

gebgaba pl. -t, gbageb sandal made of wooden sole and a leather strap

qber same as qbur gbet same as gbed

qebta same as qebda

gebtan pl. -at, qbaten captain (military)

gber comp. of gbir

gbid v.n. of gbed

qbila pl. -t, qbayel tribe

qbiba dim. of qobba

gbiz pl. gbaz (comp. gbez) bad, unpleasant had l-lzăm riztu qbiza. This meat smells bad. -dima ka-tšedd nugat qbaz

f-le-7 sab. She always gets bad grades in mathematics. -l-žuw kan qbiz dak n-nhar. The weather was bad that day.

qbud v.n. of qbed

qbul 1. v.n. of qbel 2. charm, amiability

** Elih le-qbul. He's pleasant-looking. qbur pl. -a, mqaber grave, tomb

qbura pl. of qbur

qdam v.i. to get old, used (thing) zwayžu mnayn ka-iqdamu ka-isiyyebhom. When his clothes get old, he throws them away.

gdam pl. of gdim and gdem 2 (same as gdem) gedd v.t. 1. to be enough for, to suffice l-xobz lli Eăndna ma-igedd-š l-le-gda. The bread we have won't be enough for lunch. 2. to be able (physically or morally) daba toedd texrož Zit brat. Now that she's recovered she can go out.

Tgedd Ela 1. to afford f-had s-sae a ma-ngedd gir Ela siyara ness lebsa. For the time being I can only afford a secondhand car. 2. to be able to bear, stand, or endure imken tčažbek dak le-blad ila tgedd čăl s-sehd dyalha. You might like that country if you can stand its heat,

gedd 1. size, stature, height xtu bent geddha merbu &. His sister is a medium-sized girl. 2. the size of ka-in & as f-bit gedd t-tabaga dyalna. He sleeps in a room the size of our classroom. -wella gedd bbah fe-t-tul. He became as tall as his father. 3. the equal of, on a par with (rank, position)

¶ža gedd to fit šuf kan had l-keswa dži

geddek. See if this dress fits you.

¶ qedd qedd 1. the same, equal (in age, size, rank, etc.) hiya u-raželha gedd gedd fe-t-tul. She's as tall as her husband. -škun lli kber, huwa wella hiya?-b-zuž gedd gedd. Who's the older, he or she?—They're both the same age. 2. exactly weslet fe-s-seb & a qedd qedd. She arrived exactly at six. 3. the same size as, as big (small) as

qeddu qedd ši-tur. He's as big as an ox. ¶ gedd-aš, gedd-aš-en 1. how big (small, tall, long, etc.) qedd-aš d-dar lli kritiw? How big is the house you rented? -qedd-aš t-tisa& dyal dak l-bit? How wide is that room? -qol-lna qedd-aš kanet l-xotba

dvalu. Tell us how long his speech was. -xessek tšuf xtu gedd-aš-en hiya fe-t-tul. You should see how tall his sister is. 2. indicates intensification of an idea gedd-as ka-tez seb f-rasha. She thinks a lot of herself. -qedd-as-en huwa & and waldih. His parents think a whole lot of him.

¶ Ela gedd according to (means) ka-i Eis Ela qedd meswaru. He lives according to his earnings.

geddaf pl. -a oarsman, rower

geddam, goddam 1. near, beside ka-iseknu geddam s-sinima. They live near the

theater. 2. ahead of, before gir sir qeddami le-d-dar, ana gad-nži m čăttel. You can go home ahead of me, I'll be coming late. 3. in front of kan gales qeddami fe-s-sinima. He was sitting in front of me at the movies. 4. in front of, in the presence of, before ma-ka-ibģi-š ikmi qeddam waldih. He doesn't like to smoke in front of his parents. 5. (the) front golna-lhom izidu l-goddam.

gedded We told them to move up to the front. 6. (up) ahead Erefti šnu hadak qeddamna? Do you know what that is up ahead of us? 7. a movement in Moroccan Andalusian music (e.g., qoddam le-griba) gedded v.t. to cut up in small pieces (especially meat before smoking it) geddef v.i. to row geddid n.u. -a meat cut up to be smoked geddem v.t. 1. to introduce bgit ngeddmek l-waz ed s-siyyed sazbi Ead ža men amirika. I want to introduce you to a friend of mine who has just arrived from America. —škun ģad-iqeddem l-muzaģir. Who's going to introduce the speaker? 2. to give precedence to ba Ed n-nas ka-igeddmu le-mlaga čăl l-xedma. Some people give pleasure precedence over work. 3. to put in (request, application) bgat tgeddem t-talab Ela dak l-xedma. She wants to put in an application for that work. 4. to name or appoint as mqeddem 5. to appoint as guardian men qbel ma-imut qeddem mmu Ela wladu. Before he died, he appointed his mother as guardian over his children. ¶ part, mgeddem pl. -in 1. official in charge of one precinct of a city 2. guardian gedder same as gedder qeddes v.t. to revere, to venerate qeddez v.t. 1. to hit (s.o.) on the top of the head with the palm of the hand, or with both hands joined 2. to humiliate (s.o.) by refuting a statement of his qdim pl. qdam (comp. qdem) old, used gad-itiyy u le-bni le-qdim. They're going to tear down the old building. gdira dim. of gedra qdem Ela (v.n. qdum) 1. to drop in on (unexpectedly) 2. to tackle, to undertake qdem 1. comp. of qdim 2. pl. qdam same as gdemqder same as qder gedra pl. -t, qdur (dim. qdira) 1. clay pot (cooking) 2. dish of meat or fowl prepared with vegetables and butter or oil gods in l-gods š-šarif and bit l-gods Jerusalem qdum v.n. of qdem qdur pl. of qedra qduza pl. of qdez qder pl. qdura 1. small container (old and used, usually of metal) 2. chamber pot qedziya pl. -t n.i. of qeddez qda iqdi (v.n. mqedya, qodyan) 1. v.t. to

accomplish, to achieve lli bgina kollu

2. v.t. to get, to buy š-xessna negdiw

l-le-gda? What do we have to buy for

lunch? 3. v.i. to get by dak š-ši lli rbez

112 ka-iqdi bih. Whatever he earns he gets by bih? Do you have a pair of scissors I can ficial to, to be good for qda-lha ši dak d-dwa? Did that medicine do her any good? 2. to be enough for, to suffice imken iqdiw-lu le-flus lli Etaweh waldih. The money his parents gave him might be enough for him. be-l-mus u-reddettu. She used the knife and brought it back. 2. to take advantage of gir qdaw bih zaža u-saftuh f-zalu. They just took advantage of him and sent him away. qda same as qada, qada? gedder 1. to decree, to cause to happen (God) rebbi qedder l-mut Ela koll-ši. It's God's will that everyone should die. -lehla iqedder Elina ši-zărb Eawed. I hope we don't have another war. 2. to estimate, to make an estimate of qedderna tlatin alef derhem l-dak d-dar. We estimated that house at 30,000 dirhams. 3. to esteem, to have respect for koll-ši ka-iqedder-lu xdemtu. Everyone esteems his work. qder v.i. 1. to be able ma-qedru-š ixeržu bekri. They couldn't leave early. -qalt-lek teqder Ela had l-xedma. She said she could do this work. 2. to be able to afford (Ela before n. and pron.) ma-neqder-š ndiyya had l-wegt kollu. I can't afford to waste so much time. -ila teqder Ela dak d-dar, gir šriha. If you can afford that house, go ahead and qdinah. We achieved all that we wanted. -ši ma-qdah. He didn't accomplish a thing.

buy it. qder 1. means, possibility ma-Eandu-s le-qder baš išri dar xra. He doesn't have the means to buy another house. 2. amount, sum žah qder kbir d-le-flus men bladu. He received a large sum of money from his country. 3. esteem, importance, high regard koll-ši ka-i E ăddem qderhom. Everybody holds them in high regard (because of their social position).

¶qda b- to use Eăndek ši-mqes neqdi

¶ qda l- 1. to do (s.o.) good, to be bene-

¶qḍa zaža b- 1. to use qḍat zaža

¶ taz $qedru\phi$ to be held in low regard \neq , to lose the respect of others \(\neq \)

¶ tiyyez men qder l- to show disrespect for, to be disrespectful toward (usually in an embarrassing manner) tiyyzet-lu men gedru. She showed disrespect for him.

I Ela qder according to, in proportion to koll wazed ka-irbez Ela qder l-xedma lli ka-yă Emel. Each one earns according to the work he performs.

qodra 1. power, authority ma-Eăndu-š l-qodra baš ixeddem n-nas. He doesn't have the authority to hire people. 2. capability,

aptitude, competence r-ra? is ka-igelleb Ela ši-waz ed Eăndu l-godra Ela had l-xedma. The president is looking for someone with the capability for this work, 3, omnipotence (God) ¶ žabettu ϕ l-qodra by chance \neq ila žabettu l-qodra dayez . . . If by any chance he comes by . . . qedya pl. -t n.i. of qda qodyan v.n. of qda qfa iqfi v.t. (v.n. qefyan) 1. to interrupt, to stop (s.o.) abruptly in a conversation 2. to ostracize (children's language) qfa pl. -wat, qfi nape, back of the neck qfafel pl. of qeffal qfal pl. of qfel qfaten pl. of qeftan qfaz pl. of qfez qfef pl. of qoffa goffa pl. gfef straw basket with two handles geffal pl. gfafel piece of cloth with which the parts of the double boiler used for making seksu are sealed qeffel v.t. to seal (a double boiler) with a qeffal gefferha~ Ela to put (s.o.) in a difficult situation (by denouncing him, accusing him, or taking his possessions away) qfi pl. of qfa qfil v.n. of qfel qfiz v.n. of qfez qfel v.t. (v.n. qfil) 1. to lock, to put a padlock on 2. to complete š-šher l-maži gad-iqfel Eešrin Eam de-l-xedma mEa l-zukuma. Next month he'll complete twenty years of work for the government. 3. v.t. and v.i. to close, to end gad-ngeflu l-žem & be-l-kalima dvalu. We're going to close the meeting with his talk. -moddt temn snin geflet. The eight-year period has ended. ¶ qfel Ela 1. to shut in 2. same as qeffel qfel pl. qfal, qful, qfula padlock gefgafa n.i. of gefgef gefgef v.i. to tremble, to shiver geftan pl. gfaten caftan, long-sleeved robe with girdle gful, gfula pl. of gfel qfuza pl. of qfez gefya n.i. of gfa qefyan v.n. of qfa qfez v.i. (v.n. qfiz) to start, to jump, to dart qfez pl. qfaz, qfuza cage gefza pl. -t n.i. of gfez ghawi pl. of gehwa ghir v.n. of gher gher v.t. (v.n. ghir) 1. to beat, to overcome l-ferga dyalna gehrethom fe-l-mubarat. Our team beat them at the tournament. 2. to oppress, to treat unjustly

gehwa pl. -t, ghawi 1, coffee 2, café (usually with emphasis on coffee, tea, etc.) 3. tip (money) gehwaži pl. -yen café owner, café manager gehwi pl. -ven dark brown gibal see Ela gibal gil used in the expr. l-gil u-l-gal gossip gima pl. -t 1. importance Etaw gima kbira l-le-ktab dyalu. They attached great importance to his book. 2. cost, price šzal gimt had d-dar? What's the price of this house? 3. approximately, about šrina qimt tlata kilu de-l-lzăm. We bought about three kilos (weight) of meat. giman v.n. of gam igim giglan n.u. -a mimosa qisari pl. -yen cloth merchant qisariya pl. -t cloth market gital v.n. of gatel qitan pl. qyaten silk cord giyama 1. resurrection 2. commotion, tumult ¶ yum l-qiyama Judgment Day givvad pl. of gaved givved v.t. 1. to register, to put down (as in records) 2. to appoint as qayed givyel v.i. to spend the day, to stay all day qiyyelt ka-nesbeg d-dar l-barez. I spent the day painting the house yesterday. givyes, giyyes v.t. 1. to measure giyyes š-šeržem qbel-ma tešri l-xamiya. Measure the window before you buy the curtain. 2. to try on giyyest dak s-sebbat sa a ma-ža-š qeddi. I tried those shoes on but they didn't fit me. qiyyez v.i. to suppurate, to fester, to form pus qiz pl. qyuz, qyuzat pus gie an pl. of gae qla iqli v.t. 1. to fry 2. to roast (beans, peas, etc.) gladi pl. of gelda glal pl. of glil glaleš pl. of gelluš, gelluša glag same as galag glagel pl. of gelgula gla Eat pl. of gla & qleb v.t. (v.n. qlib) 1. to turn bqa ka-iqleb s-sef at bla-ma igrahom. He kept turning the pages without reading them. 2. to turn over ka-tegleb le-mterrbat merra fe-š-šher. She turns the mattresses over once a month. -qleb le-s-sefza xemsa u-reb in. Turn (over) to page 45. 3. to knock over, to tip over gelbet t-tenžra mnayn kanet tz ărrekha. She knocked the pot over while she was stirring it. 4. to turn upside down glebt s-sendug baš nexwih. I turned the box upside down to empty it. 5. to put in dis-

order, to make a mess of 6. to change, to alter, to misinterpret l-žarida qelbet-lu

t-tesriz lli dar. The newspaper altered the statement he made. 7. to break up (soil)

¶p.p. meqlub pl. -in 1. inside out lbes tqašru meqlubin. He wore his socks inside out. 2. upside down

The-l-meqlub backwards, the wrong way ka-yă mel koll-ši be-l-meqlub. He does everything the wrong way. — etta huma ka-iketbu be-l-meqlub? Do they write backwards, too?

qelb pl. qlub 1. heart had le-mṛiḍ qelbu ḍƐif.
This patient has a weak heart. 2. interior, inside xeṣṣek tšuf qelb dak le-qṣeṛ. You should see the interior of that palace.
—yaḷḷah ndexlu l-qelb ḍ-ḍaṛ, temma nheḍṛu. Let's go inside the house, we can talk there.

¶ be-l-qelb wholeheartedly

¶ bqa f-qelbu\(\phi\), \(\xi mel\) f-qelbu\(\phi\) to be offended by (or because) bqa f-qelbha lli ma-\(\xi a-\xi a-\xi \xi andha fe-l-\xi id\). She was offended that he didn't come to her house for the celebration.

¶ men qelb out of, (out) from inside of ¶ nad-lu ϕ qelbu ϕ to feel nausea \neq , to be nauseated \neq

¶ nuwwed l-qelb l- to nauseate

¶ $qelbu\phi$ kbir (to be) generous, (to be) bighearted

¶ qeṭṭǎE l-qelb l- to break (s.o.'s) heart ¶ Eṭa qelbu l- to buckle down to, to apply oneself resolutely to

qelda pl. -t, qladi height, stature (implies large)

¶qelda u-hemma of fine appearance bḥah ražel qelda u-hemma. His father is a man of fine appearance.

qlib v.n. of qleb

qlil rarely, seldom, not very often ka-temši tčum?—qlil. Do you ever go swimming?
—Rarely.—qlil f-aš ka-ixeržu mežmučin.
They seldom go out together.

qlil pl. qlal (comp. qell) 1. rare, scarce t-tlamed l-mezyanin qlal f-had l-medrasa. Good students are rare in this school. 2. slight, little, insignificant kayen ferq qlil fe-t-taman. There's a slight difference in the price. 3. insufficient, not enough

Etawna l-makla qlila. They didn't give us enough food.

¶ qlil (f. qlilt) l-adab (or s-swab) impolite, ill-mannered

¶ qlil l-fayda good for nothing

¶qlil (f. qlilt) le-zya impudent, saucy ¶qlil n-nefs lacking in self-respect or pride

¶ qlil ş-şezza weak (physically by nature)

qli و v.n. of qlă

gell same as gellel

qell comp. of qlil —tiyybet xizzu qell men batata. She cooked less carrots than potatoes. —ka-itxelles qell mennek. He's paid less than you are.

¶ qell-emma f- the worst of

¶ Ela qell zaža, or Ela qell men hiya zaža for the slightest reason

qlel pl. of qolla

qella v.t. to simmer or let simmer qella lack, shortage

¶ qellt l-? adăb (or ș-swab) lack of manners, impoliteness

¶ qellt l-fayda uselessness

I be-l-gella at least

¶qellt l-zămd ingratitude (to God)

¶ qellt le-zya impudence, insolence

¶ qellt š-ši indigence

¶ Ela qelltha fayda for a trifle, for no reason

qolla pl. -t, qlel measuring can (used especially for oil)

qellan v.n. of qell (same as qellel)

qelleb v.t. 1. to examine, to give a physical examination to 2. to search (person, place) 3. to try, to try out nebģi nqelleb dik s-siyara qbel-ma nešriha. I would like to try that car out before I buy it.

¶ qelleb Ela to look for

qellel men to reduce, to diminish bġaw iqelllu-lu men lºožṛa dyalu. They wanted to reduce his salary.—mnayn tewsel l-ši-lewya qellel men ṣ-ṣoṛ a. When you reach a curve, reduce the speed.

¶ qellel le- ∇ya $\mathcal{E}la$ to become disrespectful toward or with (s.o.)

qelleq v.t. 1. to irritate, to irk 2. to worry, to upset le-xbar lli wṣeļni Elihom mqelleqni.

The news I received about them is worrying me.

qellus, qellusa pl. -t, qlales type of clay pot for keeping water

qellă E 1. v.t. to pull up, to extract, to pull out r-riz be-ktert ž-žehd dyalu zetta qellă Eš-šežra. The wind was so strong that it pulled up the tree. —t-thib qellă E-li dersa l-barez. The dentist pulled out one of my teeth yesterday. 2. v.i. to leave (uncommon usage) xeșșna ngell Eu bekri zit

gad-nemšiav Ela režlina. We have to leave early since we're going to walk. 3. to take off (airplane) !-!iyara gad-tqellă men daba qsem. The plane is going to take off in five minutes.

qlam pl. qluma pencil ka-tekteb b-le-qlam aw be-r-riša? Are you writing with a pencil or a pen?

¶ qlam de-l-lwan coloring pencil ¶ qlam d-le-xfif lead pencil

gelgel v.t. to shake, to jerk, to jolt qelqula pl. -t, qlaqel wen, tumor on the scalp qlub pl. of qelb qluma pl. of qlam glue pl. of glae qelya n.i. of qla qla (v.n. qli) 1. v.t. to copy (e.g., text) 2. v.i. to cheat šedduh ka-iqla & f-le-mtizan. He was caught cheating in the examination. qla e pl. qla at, qlu e 1. canvas 2. sail (of boat) ** žmă eqlu ek! Beat it! Get out of here! qmaqem pl. of qemqum qmaš pl. qmayeš cloth, material qmayes pl. of qmis qmayeš pl. of qmaš qmis pl. qmayes long shirt with long, broad sleeves qmel n.u. qemla louse gemmar pl. -a 1. gambler 2. swindler gemmel v.i. to become infested with lice qemmer (v.n. taqemmart, qmer) 1. v.t. to steal, to swipe 2. v.i. to gamble gemgum pl. gmagem muzzle, snout qmer 1. v.n. of qemmer 2. game of chance, gambling gemrun n.u. -a shrimp qmul same as qmel qmežža same as qamižža qem z i pl. -yen 1. wheat colored 2. golden tan (skin) lunha qem zi. She has a golden tan. qnadel pl. of qendil qnafed pl. of qenfud qnanef pl. of qennufa quanet pl. of qennut quater pl. of gentar and gentra qna a v.n. of qna e qenbula pl. qanabil bomb gendil pl. gnadel oil lamp qendiša n.i. of qendeš ¶ E ayša gendiša siren, female monster in Moroccan mythology qendrisa in expr. serwal qendrisa Moroccan garment similar to knee pants, very full, without an inseam genfud pl. gnafed hedgehog qnit v.n. of qnet quitra dim. of gentra qniya pl. -t rabbit gnie v.n. of qnae qennariya artichoke stalk (used as vegetable) genneb 1. hemp 2. n.u. gennba pl. -t, qnaneb string, cord gennet v.t. to fold (s.th. e.g., cloth, paper) so as to have pointed corners gennet v.t. 1. to bore dak n-nu de-l-? aflam ka-iqennetni. That kind of movie bores me. 2. to roll, to give the shape of a roll (e.g.

pastry)

qennufa pl. -t, qnanef upper lip when thick and turned up ¶ hezz gennuftu ϕ to sulk, to pout gennut pl. qnanet 1. spool (of thread) 2. roll (e.g. of pastry) qennă E v.t. to satisfy, to please dima ka-iqennă Eni be-xdemtu. I'm always pleased with his work. gent pl. qnut corner melli dxel u-huwa gales f-dak l-qent. He's been sitting in that corner ever since he came in. qnet v.i. (v.n. qent, qnit to get bored, to get tired mnayn ka-tebqa wzedha fe-d-dar ka-tequet. When she stays home by herself she gets bored. -waš & ammerhom ma-ka-iqentu bla šģal? Don't they ever get tired of doing nothing? -ila quetti men had l-xedma nšufu-lek wezda xra. If you get tired of this job we can find you another one. gent v.n. of qnet gențar pl. quațer quintal, one hundred kilograms qentra pl. -t, qnațer (dim. qnițra) bridge had l-wad gad-ibniw Elih tlata d-le-qnater. They're going to build three bridges across this river. qnut pl. of qent qnu Ei pl. -yen contented qna v.i. (v.n. qni e, qna ea) to be satisfied, to feel contented dak š-ši lli rbez ka-iqnă E bih. He feels satisfied with whatever he earns. gra igra v.t. and v.i. (v.n. graya) 1. to read koll sbaz ka-negra l-žarida. I read the newspaper every morning. 2. to study, to go to school, to be a student ka-ndenn gad-iqra t-tibb. I think he's going to study medicine. -f-ayna žamiča bagya xtek teqra? At what university does your sister want to study? -qal-lek gad-ibda iqra m ana. He says he's going to start going to school with us. -kollhom ka-igraw fe-t-tanawi. They are all high school students. ¶ gra l-? aman f- to have confidence in, to trust huwa qra fiha l-? aman be-l-zăqq hiya xed attu. He trusted her, but she failed him.

¶ qra le-zsifa f- to bear (s.o.) a grudge, to have a grudge against

¶ qra l-Eaqiba d- to foresee the consequences of

¶ qra s-slam l- (or Ela) to give regards to qra-li s-slam Ela Eămmek. Give my regards to your uncle.

¶ qra xir to be grateful to, to show gratitude huwa ka-iqra xirek. He's grateful to vou.

¶qra Ela 1. to study under qrit Ela nefs le-fqi lli qerra bba. I studied under the same teacher who taught my father. 2. to pray for (a deceased person) by reading verses of the Koran (over the grave, at the funeral or any time later for memorial purposes)

¶ a.p. qari pl. qaryen educated, learned qrab 1. pl. of qrib 2. pl. -at creel, wicker basket

qrafed pl. of qerfada qramed pl. of qermud qramel pl. of qormil qram pl. of qrin qorean (with art.) Kora

qor[@]an (with art.) Koran qraqeb pl. of qerqaba graren pl. of gerran

qrares pl. of qerrasa qrasen pl. of qorsan

qrašel 1. pl. of qeršal 2. n.u. qeršala, qrišla type of bread baked with sesame, aniseed and sugar

qrašli pl. -ya carder, one who cards

qrati pl. of qerta qrates pl. of qortas 2 qraya v.n. of qra

qrava v.n. of qra qravi pl. of qerva greb comp. of grib

qorb 1. v.n. of qerreb 2. nearness

qorb yellowish, brown-banded ocean fish

qorba pl. of qrib

qerbla pl. -t same as qarabala qerd pl. qrud, qruda monkey, small ape qerfa cinnamon

qerfada pl. -t, grafed thick nape, back of the neck (pejorative)

¶ bu-qerfada one with a thick back of the neck (pejorative)

¶rebba l-qerfada 1. to get fat 2. to get rich

qerfed v.t. to hit (s.o.) on the back of the neck ¶ p.p. mqerfed having a stout, thick neck (person)

gerfi pl. -yen cinnamon-colored

qrib pl qrab (comp qreb) 1. near, close l-žamiča griba men darhom. The university is near their house. 2. insignificant, negligible, very little kayen ferq qrib

fe-t-taman. There's very little difference in the price. 3. simple mes ala zalha grib hadik. That's a simple matter. 4. soon weldna grib isalı graytu. Our son will soon finish his studies. 5. about to kan grib irbez l-ža iza. He was about to win the prize. 6. just grib baš xrežna men čandhom.

We've just left their place.

qrih pl. qrah, qorba, quraha, ?aqarib relative &ărdu gir &ăl le-qrah dyalhom. They invited just their relatives.

qrin pl. qran peer, one of the same age or rank weldek xessu ibda ixrož mča qranu

šwiya. Your son needs to start going out some with kids his own age.

qrina wrath, violent anger

¶ derbettu ϕ le-qrina \mathcal{E} la (s.o.) to be crazy about \neq

qriq v.n. of qreq qris v.n. of qres

qrisa dim. of qersa qrišla n.u. of qrašel 2

qrit v.n. of *qret* grita dim. of *qerta*

qriz a same as qariz a

qrica dim. of qerca (n.u. of qrac)

qermed v.t. to tile (roof)

qormil pl. qramel kind of three-legged block with which the shoemaker works

qermud n.u. -a pl. qramed roofing tile

qern 1. pl. qrun horn dak t-tur qrunu madyen.

That bull has sharp horns. 2. pl. qurun century

¶ l-qurun l-westa the Middle Ages gronfel n.u. gronfla clove

qreq v.t. (v.n. qriq) to hatch (eggs)

qerqaba pl. -t, qraqeb large metal castanet qerqeb v.t. 1. to slam llah ixellik

ma-t E awwed-s tqerqeb l-bab. Please don't slam the door again. 2. v.t. or v.i. to jingle, to rattle l-E atrus ka-iqerqeb le-kbel. The goat is rattling the shackle.—le-flus

ka-iqerqbu f-žibu. The money is jingling in his pocket.

qerqer v.i. to croak

qerr same as gerr
qerra v.t. 1. to teach, to give lessons in (s.th.)
to (s.o.) had s-sbaz le-fqi qerrana ders
ždid. This morning the teacher taught us
a new lesson. 2. to send to school, to educate
xessni nweffer le-flus baš nqerri wladi. I
have to save money so I can send my

children to school. qerran pl. -a, qraren cuckold qorraqiya pl. -t screwhook

qerrasa pl. -t, qrares clothespin qerreb v.t. (v.n. qorb) 1. to bring closer qerreb dak š-šelya u-gles Zdaya. Bring that chair closer and sit near me. 2. to touch ma-kayen-ši lli qerreb-lek Zwayžek mnayn konti ġayeb. Nobody touched your things while you were away. 3. v.i. to move closer qerreb lle-hna baš nsem ek. Move closer

over here so I can hear you.

qerred v.i. 1. to kneel down 2. to cower

gerres same as gerres

qerrae vt. 1. to make bald 2. to shave off (hair of head) 3. to strip, to make bare by removing removable parts (such as a room)

qres v.t. (v.n. qris) 1. to pinch, to squeeze (between finger and thumb) 2. to afflict, to distress 3. to pull the trigger of

¶ qres ξ ănyu ϕ to close one's eye half-way ¶ p.p. meqrus half-shut, droopy (eye; from physical defect) qers pl. qrus, qrusa trigger ¶ dreb l-gers to pull the trigger qersa pl. -t (dim. qrisa) n.i. of qres gorsan pl. garasina, grasen pirate geršal pl. grašel carding brush geršala n.u. of grašel 2 geršel v.t. to card (wool, cotton, etc.) qret v.t. (v.n. qrit) to wring (laundry, mop) ¶*gret f-* to slander qerta pl. -t, qrați (dim. qrița) 1. chopping board 2. guillotine qortas 1. n.u. -a bullet, cartridge, shell (also empty) 2. pl. grates carton (tobacco, cangertes v.t. 1. to shoot (s.o.), to riddle with bullets 2. to put into a carton gertaxenna same as gartaxenna gertuba Cordoba grud, gruda pl. of gerd grun pl. of gern 1 grus, grusa pl. of gers gru ¿a, gru ¿iya scalp disease gerwiven (with art.) Mosque and University of Fez qerya pl. -t village grae f. gere a pl. gura 2 1. one afflicted with scalp disease 2. bare (such as a place from which furniture has been removed) gră en.u. ger ea pl. gra ei (dim. gri ea) 1. gourd 2. bottle (not ink bottle, although dim. may be used for ink cartridge) ¶ qṛã taxṛifin (or tixṛifin) zucchini squash ¶ grăz ב šmṛa pumpkin gor & a drawing of lots ¶ dreb l-gor&a to draw lots derbu l-gorea u-šufu škun lli gadi ixelles fikom. Draw lots and see which one of you is going to pay. gsawa harshness, cruelty qsem same as qsem qostal n.u. -a chestnut qostaļi, qostļi pl. -yen chestnut (color) qsabi pl. of qeşba qsam pl. of qsem qsami pl. of qesma quar v.i. to get short (er) fe-l-berd n-nhar ka-iqsar. In winter the day gets shorter. gsar pl. of gsir qsari pl. of qesriya qsayed pl. of qsida qsaydi pl. -ya ballad singer, balladeer qsayes pl. of qessa qsaz v.i. (v.n. qsuza, qsuziya) 1. to thicken, to get thick ila qsaz et le-z rira zidha šwiya

de-l-ma. If the soup gets thick, add some

gesser water to it. 2. to become severe, hard l-mudir bda igsar mea t-tlamed. The principal is becoming severe with the pupils. qseb n.u. qesba reed (plant) gesba pl. -t, qsabi (dim. qsiba) 1. reed (plant) 2. flute made of reed ¶ qesba de-r-ržel shin qesbiya (also btata qesbiya) Jerusalem artichoke gesbur coriander qsed v.t. (v.n. qesd) 1. to turn to, to call on gesdethom baš i awnuha. She turned to them for help. 2. to mean, to have in mind š-ka-iqsed be-d-debt? What does he mean exactly? ¶ a.p. qased pl. -in straight mšaw le-d-dar qasdin. They went straight home. ¶ p.p. meqsud pl. maqasid aim, purpose, ¶ be-l-gesd on purpose, intentionally gsiba dim. of gesba qsida pl. qsayed ballad asim v.n. of asem qsir pl. qsar (dim. qsiwer, qsiser; comp. gser) 1. short, little hiya qsira u-dzuwwžet *b-ražel twil*. She's short and she married a tall man. 2. low had l-Zayt qsir bezzaf. This wall is too low. gsiser, gsiwer dim. of gsir qsem v.t. (v.n. qsim) 1. to cut, to cut up Etini ši-mess baš neqsem l-xobz. Give me a knife to cut the bread with. 2. to divide qesmu had le-flus binatkom be-tlata. Divide this money among the three of you. -gesmet l-z ălwa kollha čăl d-drari. She divided all the cake among the children. ¶ p.p. meqsum dividend (arithmetic) ¶ meqsum Elih divisor (arithmetic)

gsem du. gesmayn pl. gsam a period of five minutes hadi l-xemsa u-qsem. It's five past five. -qesmayn w-ana waqef temma. I stood there for ten minutes.

¶ qsiyyem (dim.) a moment, a minute imken-li nšufek ši-qsiyyem? Could I see you a minute?

qesma pl. -t, qsami 1. n.i. of qsem 2. part, portion 3. division (mathematics) 4. part (hair)

qser 1. comp. of qsir 2. pl. qsur, qsura palace, castle

qesriya pl. -t, qsari large earthenware bowl used for kneading dough

gessa pl. -t, gsayes 1. story, tale 2. occurrence, incident, affair

gessem same as gsem

qesser v.t. or v.i. 1. to shorten, to cut short gessret ksewtha zit kanet twila bezzaf. She shortened her dress because it was too long. -dterrina ngessru s-sfer dyalna. We had to cut our trip short. 2. to sit up, to stay up l-bare qesserna tetta le-t-tlata. Yesterday we stayed up till three o'clock. 3. to spend the evening among company (chatting, playing cards, dancing, etc.) 4. to fall short of, or not match up to expectations (especially in reference to a duty) qesser fe-xdemtu. He didn't match up to expectations in his work.

¶ ma-qesser-š to do one's best ma-qessru-š
m & ana. They've done their best with us.
¶ qesser t-triq to stop over (on a journey)
qesses v.t. to chop, to mince xessek tqesses
le-m & ădnus. You have to chop the parsley.
qesse v.t. 1. to thicken, to make thick (liquid) 2. to hurt (physically, s.o.'s feelings, etc.)

qsur qsura pl. of qser qsuza, qsuziya v.n. of qsaz qşez comp. of qaşez qšali pl. of qešla qšaš pl. of qešš qšaveš pl. of qeššaba qšaweš pl. of qešwaša qšira dim. of qešra qšiwša dim. of qešwaša qešla pl. -t, qšali barracks qešqaša pl. qšaqeš baby rattle qešra pl. -t, qšur (dim. qšira) 1. bark 2. peel, rind 3. crust 4. shell, pod (nuts, peas)

scale (fish)
 shell, carapace
 (flake of) dandruff
 qešš pl. qšaš, qšuš, qšuša
 luggage
 furniture
 odds and ends

qeššaba pl. -t, qšašeb woolen outfit of the žellaba type

** qeššabtu was a. He's very patient.

¶qbet l-qeššaba Ela to tease ģir dxel qbetna Elih l-qeššaba. As soon as he came in we began to tease him.

¶qeṭtă e qeššabt (plus n. or pron.) to slander, to backbite

qeššer v.t. 1. to strip bark off (a tree) 2. to scale (fish) 3. to peel 4. to shell

¶ part. mqeššer lacking knowledge (on some subject)

qšur pl. of qešra

qšuš, qšuša pl. of qešš

qešwaša pl. -t, qšaweš (dim. qšiwša) 1. any object (such as tool, utensil) used for a specific purpose 2. toy 3. (pl.) things hezzet qšawešha u-mšat. She took her things and left.

qšā v.t. to see, to glance at qtil v.n. of qtel

¶ qtil r-ruz 1. murder, killing, slaughter 2. used in describing a boisterous crowd qtila pl. -t 1. n.i. of qtel 2. murder weg čăt

wazed le-qtila l-barez. There was a murder last night.

qtel v.t. (v.n. qtil) 1. to kill 2. to murder, to assassinate 3. to be deadly had l-madda ka-teqtel. This substance is deadly. 4. to execute l-barez qetlu lli mez kumin Elihom be-l-eiEdam. Those sentenced to death were executed yesterday. 5. to finish, to complete ma-xrežna zetta qtelna i-terz. We didn't leave until we finished the game (cards, chess, etc.)

 \P $qtel\ rasu^{\phi}$ to commit suicide $qettal\ adj.\ pl.\ -in\ n.pl.\ -a\ ag.\ adj.\ and\ ag.\ n.$ of qtel

¶qettal r-ruz murderer qtab pl. of qotb qtari pl. of qetra qtarni pl. -ya tar dealer qtat i pl. -ya 1. swindler 2. brigand, highwayman qtayeb pl. of qtib qta i pl. of qet a qotb pl. qtab pole (axial)

¶ l-qotb l-žanubi the South Pole qetban, qotban pl. of qtib qtib pl. qetban, qotban, qtayeb 1. stick, twig

¶ l-goth š-šamali the North Pole

2. poker, bar (wood or metal) 3. spit, skewer

qtir v.n. of qter qtita dim. of qetta qti v.n. of qtă e qten, qton cotton

qotniya dried food (especially beans and peas)

qter v.i. (v.n. qtir) 1. to drip, l-ma ka-iqter men s-sqef. The water is dripping from the ceiling. 2. to drip dry xellit wayži iqetru. I let my clothes drip dry.

qetra pl. -t, qtari 1. drop (liquid) 2. leak had l-bit fih l-qetra. There is a leak in this room.

getran tar, pitch

qetren v.t. 1. to tar 2. to smear, to get very dirty

qeți pl. qiui tomcat

¶ qett le-xla wildcat

qetta pl. -t (dim. qtita) cat (f.) qettab pl. -a ag. n. of qetteb

qettara pl. -t 1. alembic, apparatus used in distillation 2. dropper, glass tube with rubber suction cap for doling out liquids (primarily medicines) drop by drop

qetta Epl. -a same as qtaț Ei

qetteb v.t. beat (s.th., e.g. wool) with a stick qetter 1. v.t. to distil 2. v.t. to pour or let fall in drops 3. v.i. to fall in drops, to leak qettă \(\xi v.t. 1. to cut ha s-sekkin baš tqettă \(\xi v.t. 1. \)

l-lzăm. Here's a knife you can cut the meat

quraba pl. of grib

with. 2. to tear, to rip (paper, cloth) 3. to make or help cross getta nahom l-wad. We helped them cross the river. 4. to buy a ticket qettă Et-lhom reb Ea d-le-wraq le-r-riwaya. I bought them four tickets for the play. ¶ qettă l-qelb l- to break the heart of (s.o.) qtut pl. of qett v.n. of qta ع qtu&a, qtu&iya acidity, sourness qță v.t. (v.n. qți e, qtu e, qeț ean) 1. to break (off) qta Ena l-Ealagat d-diblumasiya m a dak le-blad. We've broken diplomatic relations with that country. 2. to abstain from (food, drink, pleasure), to stop, to cut out mnayn ka-nkun mrid ka-neqtă & l-makla lli ka-dderr. When I'm sick I abstain from harmful food. -t-tbib qta Elih d-doxxan. The doctor told him to stop smoking. 3. to cut off qet Eu-lu d-duw zit hadi sett šhur ma-xelles. They cut off his electricity because he hasn't paid for six months. -qet Eu-lha yeddha. They cut her hand off. 5. to cross (road, bridge, river) 6. to go through qta a l-gaba f-ness l-lil. We went through the forest in the middle of the night. - Ead get at ees ab mer ala. She's just gone through the most difficult stage. ¶ qtă & l- to wean (suckling) had le-wliyyed Ead get Eat-lu mmu. This little boy's mother has just weaned him. ¶ qta E r-ras l- to settle (affair, business) ¶qtă t-triq Ela to rob (said of highwaymen) ¶ a.p. qate E pl. -in (comp. qta E) 1. very sharp (blade) 2. keen, sharp (intellectually) 3. strong, acid (food, drink) ¶ l-ma l-gate \ sulfuric acid qtă comp. of qațe (a.p. of qță) get Ea pl. -t, qta Ei 1. n.i. of qta E 2. piece, fragment 3. flock, herd ¶ be-l-qet a by contract, by the job l-xeddama f-had l-măEmel kollhom ka-itxellsu be-l-qet a. All the workmen in this factory are paid by the job. get an v.n. of gta & ¶ qet Ean t-triq brigandage qube n.u. -a pl. -t, qwabe E lark qudama? (pl.) used in the expr. qudama? l-muzaribin veterans (of military service) qudat pl. of qadi quleb v.t. to mold qum pl. qwam the masses, people quma n.i. of qam qunut invocation recited during the morning prayer quq n.u. -a (dim. qwiqa) artichoke

qurara pl. -t, qwarer 1. device or receptacle used in bloodletting, cupping glass 2. stain, large spot (blood, grease, etc.) 3. round hole (in cloth) qurun pl. of gern 2 quṛač pl. of gṛač qut food, sustenance quwwa pl. -t 1. strength, vigor, energy 2. force, power ddaweh be-l-quwwa. They took him away by force. Tl-quwwat l-musellaza the Armed Forces I b-quwwt 1. so much dala Elihom b-quwwt l-xedma zetta ma-bqaw-š ixeržu. He gave them so much work that they stopped going out. 2. so many b-quwwt n-nas lli kanu ma-žberna fayn nweqfu. There were so many people we couldn't find a place to stand. I men quwwt from just imred l-wazed men quavavt le-glas bla šģal. One can get sick from just sitting around doing nothing. qwa iqwa v.i. 1. to get strong(er), (more) powerful zadu šraw s-slaz baš igwa l-žeyš. They bought more arms so the army would be stronger. 2. to increase Eadadhom gir ka-igwa. They keep increasing in number. 3. to worsen, to get worse ila qwa Eliha le-zriq čăyyet le-t-tbib. If her pain gets worse, call the doctor. qwa comp. of qwi qwabel pl. of qabla qwabe pl. of qub a (n.u. of qube E) qwadem pl. of qadum qwades pl. of qadus qwadsi pl. -ya plumber qwaleb pl. of qaleb qwam pl. of qum qwames pl. of qamus qwamež pl. of qamižža qwanen pl. of qanun qwanes pl. of qansa qwarer pl. of qurara qwas, qwasat pl. of qews qwawed pl. of qewwad qwayel pl. of qayla qwated pl. of gat ida qwi pl. -yen (comp. qwa) 1. strong, powerful 2. energetic 3. large in number 4. high qwimižža, qwimža dim. of qamižža qwiqa dim. of quq gewl v.n. of gal igul qewm same as qum gews pl. gwas, gwasat 1. arch, arcade 2. bow (archery, violin) 3. small room for storing charcoal (usually near the kitchen or in the basement)

¶ gews n-nbi rainbow gewwa v.t. to reinforce, to strengthen gewwad pl. -a, gwawed pander, pimp gewwam pl. -a, -in appraiser gewwed v.t. and v.i. to solicit, to lure (s.o.) for immoral purposes gewwem v.t. 1. to prepare (with the necessary gear) qewwem Eawdek u-yallah nemsiw. Get your horse ready and let's go. 2. to wake up ila žbertiha na sa gewwemha. If you find her asleep wake her up. 3. to evaluate, to estimate at 4. to equip with gewwer v.t. 1. to cover with stains 2. to cut round holes in (e.g. cloth) 3. to cut in round pieces (e.g. dough) 4. to earn (money) gewwes v.t. to curve, to arch, to give the shape of an arch to gewwet v.t. to nourish had l-makla ka-tqewwet. This food is nourishing. gyada function of a gayed gyam 1. v.n. of gam igum 2. very thin weaving thread of fine quality qyas, qyas pl. -at 1. measurement had le-qyasat ma-ši huma haduk. These measurements are not correct. 2. size š-men qyas ka-ilbes? What size does he wear? ¶ bla qyas excessively, too much ka-ibġi l-makla bla qyas. He likes food too much. $\P b$ -le-qyas sparingly ¶ šedd (or xda) le-qyas to take measurements l-xeyyat xda-li le-qyas. The tailor took my measurements. qyaten pl. of qitan quel pl. of gala qeylula hottest period of the day in summer qyum v.n. of qam iqim

qeyy vomit geyya v.t. 1. to cause to vomit 2. to nauseate goyvad pl. of gaved qeyyal pl. -in ag. adj. of qeyyel gzader pl. of gezdira qzadri pl. -ya tinsmith qezbur same as qesbur qezdir n.u. -a tin, sheet metal qezdira pl. -t, qzader tin, can (container) qezder v.t. to tin, to galvanize ¶ part. mgezder used in the expr. wežhuф mqezder (to be) nervy, brazen qezqez v.t. and v.i. to joggle, to bounce up and down qezzeb v.t. 1. to shorten, to clip, to trim 2. to gyp, to swindle qezziba pl. -t tail (especially when short) qžaymi same as qežžam (ag. n. of qžem) qžim v.n. of qžem qžem v.i. (v.n. qžim) to joke, to jest ¶ qžem Ela to tease, to make fun of qežma pl. -t n.i. of qžem qžer pl. qžura 1. drawer (of desk, table, etc.) 2. case (watch, clock, pencils) gžura pl. of gžer qežž v.t. (v.n. qežžan) to strangle gežža n.i. of gežž qežžam pl. -a ag. n. of qžem qežžan v.n. of qežž gzab pl. of gezba $q \subset eb$ (taboo) v.i. (v.n. $q \subset ub$) to prostitute qe zba (taboo) pl. -t, qzab prostitute qet t same as ket t qzub v.n. of qzeb qă ¿¿ ăd v.t. 1. to cause to stagnate 2. to sift, to strain (through a teq &ida)

R

ra ira, ra ira v.t. 1. to see (rare form used mostly by Jews 2. used in the expr. (in all persons, perfect tense) ma-šeft ma-rit. I haven't seen anything at all.

qyuz, qyuzat pl. of qiz

ra (used with n., pron., and pron. endings)

1. demonstrative particle used to emphasize or affirm a state or action —ra-huwa ža. He's come (he's right there). —ra-bhak maži had le-čšiya. Your father is (definitely) coming this evening. 2. signifies remoteness (in contrast to ha-) ra-huwa temma! He's over there! There he is!

3. often used with subject of conclusion clause of a conditional sentence ila ddrebtiha raha dderbek. If you hit her, she'll hit you. —rak tmut ila neqqezti men dak š-šeržem. You'll get killed (die) if you iump out that window.

¶ra-fayn there, right (over) there rab irib v.i. 1. to fall or come apart (s.th. constructed, e.g. a house, bridge; implies internal weakness from age, poor materials, etc.) 2. to be destroyed, demolished (house, bridge, etc.)

rab irub v.i. to curdle (milk)

¶ a.p. rayeb curdled milk

rabi wsed in rabi l-luwwel and rabi t-tani third and fourth month of the Muslim lunar calendar

rabta f. a.p. of rbet

rabuz pl. rwabez bellows (for forcing air) rabe v.t. 1. to play (a game) with four players 2. to join (three other players) as the fourth player (in a game)

rabe E pl. -in fourth hada l-Eam r-rabe E

baš žit l-? amirika. This is the fourth year I've been in America.

rab Ea pl. -t quarter of kilogram (250 gm.) rad irid v.t. to want, to desire; used in expr. such as: žah l-kas d-atay kif bġa u-rad. The glass of tea was just the way he wanted it.

radyu pl. -wat radio

raf iruf b- to give (money) bha dima ka-iruf Eliya b-le-flus. Father is always giving me money. —raf Eăl l-qadi b-ši-flisat u-serr u. He gave the judge a little money and he released him.

rafahiya comfort, luxury Eumăr ka-iEiš f-rafahiya Edima. Omar is living in solid comfort.

rafeg, rafeq v.t. to associate with, to have as companion(s) weldi ka-irafeq wlad meeddbin. My son associates with boys that are well brought up.

ṛaġ iṛuġ v.i. to move or go away, to move out of the way, to step aside ṛuġ men temma! Move away from there!

Tray Ela to turn away away from, to avoid by moving aside or turning away ila šeftih žay-lek, rug Elih! If you see him coming at you, move aside (from him). ragis same as rayes

rakeb a.p. of rkeb

ram irum v.i. (v.n. rwam) to give in, to acquiesce Ead ram u-Etani le-flus. He

finally gave in and gave me the money.

** rum !-!riq! Get back on the straight
and narrow (morally)!

¶ram Ela to fit had s-sarut ma-ram-š Eăl l-ferxa. This key doesn't fit the lock. raqaba same as regba 2

raqeb v.t. 1. to control xessna nraqbu d-dxul u-le-xruž dyal l-laži²in. We've got to control the coming and going of refugees. 2. to supervise, to superintend 3. to censor

raqed pl. rwaqed 1. stone used in pressing olives in the preparation of olive oil 2. axle of the wheel used in an olive press

raqda f. a.p. of rqed (same as rged)

rara b- to rock (a baby) while singing a lullaby

qasul pl. rusul 1. messenger 2. prophet ¶rasul !!ah prophet of God (usually Mohammed)

ras pl. rus, ryus (first pl. primarily literal)

1. head (of person, animal, bed, livestock, nail, page, etc.) rasu ka-izărqu. His head hurts (him). — Zăndna geț Za d-le-ġnem fiha settin ras. We have a flock of sixty head of sheep. 2. front, head (of a column, caravan, etc.) 3. summit (mountain)

4. peak (mountain, graph) 5. top (tree, pole, tower, etc.) 6. end, extremity

ma-žber-š ras l-xäyt. He hasn't found the end of the string. — Eāmlu f-ras t-tebla! Put it at the end of the table! 7. source, head (river) 8. beginning (as of a story) 9. point, sharp end ras l-ibra therres. The point of the needle has broken. 10. cape (Cod, Good Hope, etc.) 11. ability, knack, "head" Eāndu r-ras f-le-\(\tau\)sab. He has a head for figures. 12. (good) judgment, "head" ka-ixxeddem rasu. He uses his head.

** Ead faq b-rasu. He's finally realized what's going on. —qal mEa rasu... He said to himself...—nta tă Eref l-rasek. You know better than anyone else what you should do.—kont fe-d-dar gir rasi ras xay. Just my brother and I were home. —qulha l-rasek! Look who's talking! You should talk!—had š-ši gir men rasi l-rasek. This is just between you and me.

¶ b-raṣu⁶ 1. by oneself, alone koll nhar kan ka-iži huwa u-mṛatu, l-yum ža gir b-raṣu. He and his wife used to come every day—today he came by himself.

¶ dar (or $\mathcal{E}mel$) b-raşu ϕ to play, to act like one is (faking) $\mathcal{E}mel$ b-raşu mrid. He played sick.

¶ dyal rasu^{\$\phi\$} independent, free (to do what one wishes) kont dyal rasi u-qemt ka-ndzuwwež. I used to be free but I went astray and got married.

¶ fayeq m $\[\]$ a rasu $\[\phi \]$ sharp, astute, difficult to put s.th. over on

Îmen rașu l-rașu on one's own, without the aid of others (implies that one should have accepted aid) Eămletha men rașha l-rasha. She (went ahead and) did it on her own.

¶ m ξα γαṣuφ used expletively (often implying "alone") mša in ξăs m ξα γαṣu. He went to bed (to sleep). —γahom mšaw itsaraw m ξα γαṣhom. They've gone for a stroll.

 \P rasu ϕ self qtel rasu u-huwa ma-zal šabb. He committed suicide (killed himself) while he was still young.

¶ ras l-mal same as rasmal

¶ ras l-Zanut mixture of various spices used in seasoning foods

¶rasu^{\$\phi\$} tqil (or qasez) (to be) dense, slow-witted ≠

¶ $rasu^{\phi}$ xfif (to be) intelligent, quickwitted \neq

¶ ras l-Eam 1. New Year's Day 2. beginning of the new year (first few days)

¶rfed r-ras m a 1. to give a hard time to Elaš ka-terfed r-ras m a xak? Why are you giving your brother such a hard

time? 2. to be prejudiced against, to have it in for (s.o.)

¶ &ăl r-ras u-l-&ăyn gladly, with pleasure

rasmal (no. art.) ras l-mal 1. capital (financial) ka-ixessna nzidu f-ras-l-mal. We need more capital. 2. funds

rateb, ratib pl. rwateb salary, pay, wage rawaž v.n. of raž

raya pl. -t 1. flag, banner, pennant 2. ray (fish)

rayeb a.p. of rab

rayes pl. royyas, ru@asa 1. chief, head

2. leader (gang, group, etc.) 3. president 4. captain (ship)

raž iruž v.i. (v.n. rawaž) 1. to sell had n-nu E d-atay ka-iruž mezyan. This kind of tea sells well. 2. to go around, to circulate (news) wazed le-xbar ka-iruž belli . . . There's a rumor going around that . . .

raža, raža? same as rža

ražăb seventh month of the Muslim lunar calendar

ražim used in phrase š-šiṭan ṛ-ṛažim (literally, "Satan stoned or having been stoned," the implication being "damned"); in turn usually used in expr. a udu bi-llah men š-šiṭan ṛ-ṛažim! said upon making an error or flub (similar to "whoops, I mean . . ."), or at s.o.'s rather unusual or surprising act (similar to "My God, what are you doing?" or "What have you done?")

ražel pl. ržal, režžala 1. man (not used in the general sense of "mankind") dzuwwžet b-wazed r-ražel la-bas Elih. She married a man who's quite well-to-do. 2. husband

¶ržal (or rižal) le-blad national saints, saints peculiar to a country

ražla pl. -t masculine woman

raže & v.t. (v.n. muraža & a) 1. to check, to go over again raže & had l-žem & u-šuf waš sziz. Check this addition and see if it's correct. 2. to review, to go over again raže & d-durus dyalek! Review your lessons!

raz iruz (v.n. rwaz) 1. to return, to go (home, as after work, school) mnin rezt l-barez le-d-dar tzäššit degya u-nzäst.

When I went home yesterday I ate a quick supper and went to bed. 2. to sleep with one's spouse for the first time (wedding night) 3. to set (sun) 4. to fall (night) l-lil raz. Night has fallen

 $\P rar b$ - to consummate the marriage with

raza pl. -t 1. rest, repose 2. tranquillity, peacefulness 3. recess, break 4. time off, vacation, leave 5. improvement (in health)

** r-raza ya-llah! Ah, there's nothing

like taking it easy (i.e., doing nothing)! razim (no pl.) 1. merciful, having pity (God) 2. generous, charitable 3. kinship, relation Eandu r-razim meaya. I'm a relative of his (i.e., he has kinship with me). 4. relative (person) mša isil (or yezyi) r-razim. He's gone to visit (all) his relatives. 5. pl. ram womb

rati a.p. of rta rbab pl. -at rebec

rbab pl. of rebb

rbat (with art.) 1. Rabat (capital of Morocco) 2. pl. -at hobble, fetter (for animals)

rbati 1. pl. of rebta 2. pl. -yen from, of, or native to Rabat

rbayeb pl. of rbib and rbiba

rbaybi pl. -ya one who plays the rebec

rbaye pl. of rba a rbaye pl. of rbi a

pl. of rbae

rba & a pl. -t, rbaye & 1. group (people)

2. gang, band (criminal) 3. gang, team (work)

rba Eiya pl. -t 1. obsolete coin of fifty centimes 2. kind of four-shot rifle rebb pl. rbab owner (less common than mul)

¶rbab le-bser (almost always pl.; rare usage) appraisers

¶rebb t-torqa expert (in his field)

rebba v.t. (v.n. terbiya) 1. to raise, to rear (person, animals) 2. to educate 3. to discipline (person, dog, etc.) 4. to train (animals) 5. to correct, to punish 6. to carry (as a child on one's back) bbah dima ka-irebbih fuq dehru mnin ka-imšiw itsaraw. His father always carries him on his back when they go for a walk.

¶ rebba l-welf Ela to get used or accustomed to (s.o.)

¶rebba l-lzăm (or le-hbur) to gain weight

¶rebba r-riš 1. to grow feathers (bird)
2. to get or become rich

robbama perhaps, maybe robbama nšufuh had le-čšiya. Maybe we'll see him this evening.

rebbani pl. -yen 1. religious, pious 2. honest, sincere (may imply naiveté)

rebbat pl. -a guardian of an olive grove

rebba E pl. -a 1. gardener (flower, vegetable)
2. share-cropper (getting a quarter of crop profits)

rebbi, rebbi (usually used with the name of the person) rabbi

rebbi (no art., no pl.) God, Lord

¶ Ela rebbi for (the love of) God, used as "please" with requests dir fiya xir Ela rebbi. Do me a favor, please.

rebbel v.t. 1. to disturb, to upset (s.o.'s mind)
2. to put in disorder, to mess up

rebbez v.t. 1. to cause to win, to let win, to help win t-teryes huwa lli rebbez na had t-terz. The trey is what helped us win this (card) game. 2. to give (s.o.) a grade of rebbeztu Eešrin Ela Eešrin. I gave him a grade of twenty over twenty (i.e., an "A plus").

** !!ah irebbzek! It's a deal!

rebbǎε v.i. 1. to sit with the legs crossed or interlaced (as in sitting on the ground)
2. to produce or grow grass, to get green (ground) had l-?erḍ bdat ka-tṛebbǎε.
This ground is starting to grow grass.

rbib pl. rbayeb step-son

rbiba pl. -t, rbayeb step-daughter

rbit v.n. of rbet

rbita dim. of rebta

rbiz v.n. of rbez

rbi 1. grass (in a field, around the house)
2. spring (season)

rbiça pl. -t, rbaye kind of small container (for sugar, tea, alms, etc.)

rbiči pl. -yen grassy-green

rbet v.t. (v.n. rbit) to tie, to fasten (always involves a knot of some kind) xessek terbet sebbatek. You'd better tie your shoes.

—rbet had l-qennba f-dak l-mesmar. Tie this string to that nail. —xessek terbet le-mar dyalek mea dik s-sarya. You'd better tie your donkey to that pillar.

¶ rbet b-žuž to tie together

If. a.p. rabta pl. rabtin in mourning (and enclosed in the house until the period is up; of women only)

rebta pl. -t, rbati (dim. rbita) 1. n.i. of rbet
2. bunch (used as a measure in selling things, e.g., mint)

rbuEa pl. of rbaE

rbe v.t. (v.n. rbi v, rbe v) 1. to win (money, game, contest, etc.) 2. to earn (money, fame)

rbez (no pl.) 1. v.n. of rbez 2. profit, gain (money) 3. benefit, profit

rba et pl. rba et, rbu ea quarter, fourth klit rba e de-l-xobz. I ate a quarter loaf of bread.

rbăE, rebE, rebEa (first two used with pl. of n. admitting du.) four Eăndu ya!lah rbăE snin f-Eămru. He's just four years old. —dberna rebEa d-le-wala f-had l-Eid. We slaughtered four sheep during this feast (holiday).

robEi pl. -yat measuring cup (for grain) rebEin 1. forty 2. fortieth ža huwa r-rebEin f-le-mtizan. He came out fortieth in the exam.

rbă taš 1. fourteen 2. fourteenth Eas u-mat

fe-l-qern r-rba Etas. He lived and died in the fourteenth century.

rda pl. rdi 1. tunic of thin white material worn by a preacher on Friday 2. fatty tissue covering the bowels of a lamb

rdadez pl. of reddaza

rdal pl. of rdil

rdala baseness, lowness (moral)

yedd v.t. (v.n. yedd, yeddan) 1. to return (bring, take, or give back) 2. to restore (to a former state) 3. to refuse, to turn down ža iṣleb menni le-flus be-l-zăqq redditu. He came to ask me for the money, but I turned him down. 4. to send away, to make go away (s.o.) 5. to change to, to alter to, to make reddit s-siyara dyali Zămra. I changed my car to red. 6. to turn into, to change into, to transform into s-sezzar redd le-zmama džaža. The magician turned the pigeon into a chicken. 7. (also v.i.) to vomit, to regurgitate

** redd bih !!ah. Things have turned out pretty well for him (after all). —redditini keddab daba! So, now I'm a liar! Are you calling me a liar?

¶ redd l-bal (or balu ϕ), redd l-welha (or wlehtu ϕ) to pay attention redd l-bal l-l- 2 ustad š-ka-iqu!! Pay attention to what

the professor is saying!

¶ redd le-xbar (Ela) to give an account (of), to tell (about) sir seqsih waš jad iži mEana u-redd Eliya le-xbar. Go ask him if he's coming with us and tell me (what he said).

redd, reddan v.n. of redd

reddaza pl. -t, rdadez flame (fire)

redded v.t. 1. to repeat redded had le-klam lli gadi nqul men ba di. Repeat what I'm going to say after me. 2. to recite dima ka-iredded š-ši r. He's always reciting poetry.

reddez v.t. to put some flammable fuel on (a fire to make it burn stronger)

rdi pl. of rda

rdil pl. -in, rdal low, base (person)

rdim v.n. of rdem

rdiz v.n. of rdez

rdie v.n. of rdae

rdem v.t. (v.n. rdim) 1. to raze, to knock down or out (house, wall, either by act of God or purposefully as for improvement)
2. to break or break off (the point of s.th.)
3. to bury with debris (e.g., s.o. caught in a collapsing building)

redma pl. -t n.i. of rdem

rlez (v.n. rdiz) 1. v.t. to kick (person, animal) 2. v.i. to beat (heart) 3. v.i. to boil (water) 4. v.i. to dance (a kind of tap or stamping dance)

124 redz a redza pl. -t n.i. of rdez rdăt v.t. (v.n. rdit) 1. to inhale (smoke. as from a cigarette) 2. to drive all the way in (nail) 3. to shock (electricity) 4. to throw or buck off (as a horse) red a pl. -t n.i. of rda & gerd, erd pl. garadi 1. ground l-gerd sebzet fazaa. The ground is wet this morning. 2. floor xessna nzuwwlu z-zerbiya baš nz ekku l-erd. We have to remove the rug so we can scrub the floor. 3. land bbah ka-imlek bezzaf d-l-erd. His father owns a lot of land. rda irdi v.t. (v.n. rida, rda) to satisfy, to content ** llah irdi Elik! May God bless you; Thank you (said by an older person to a younger for some reverence given). ¶ llah irdi Elik . . . please . . . rda irda b- (v.n. rda) to accept, to be satisfied with (s.th., s.o.) ma-rda-š gir b-xemsin frenk. He would accept (only) fifty francs. ¶ abel u-rda to really or definitely want qbelt u-rdit ndzuwwež biha. I really wanted to marry her. rda (m. or f., cons. rdat) v.n. of rda ¶rdat l-waldin kind of parental blessing rdayem pl. of rduma rdaye & pl. of rdi & rdača v.n. of rdač ¶ xut mne-r-rda a brothers by virtue of having been nursed or suckled by the same woman (one of their mothers) redd (v.n. redd, reddan) same as redd redd, reddan v.n. of redd (same as redd) redda a pl. -t 1. wet nurse 2. feeding bottle (baby) redda v.t. to nurse, to breast-feed, to suckle rdix v.n. of rdex rdie f. rdiea pl. rdayee one having a relationship with others by virtue of having been nursed or suckled by the same woman med rdie dyal brahim. Ahmed and Abraham were suckled by the same woman (one of their mothers). rduma pl. rdayem bottle (usually from about liter-size on up) rdex v.t. (v.n. rdix) 1. to hurl or throw violently (implies a breakable object) (Ela at) 2. to push or knock (s.th., s.o.) over or down rda v.i. (v.n. rda a) to suckle, to nurse, to be breast-fed rfa irfi v.t. (v.n. rfi) to darn, to mend

re? fa compassion, mercy, clemency

whom one usually associates

rfaga, rfaqa (no. pl.) group or those with

rfafed pl. of reffada

rfafes pl. of reffas

rfed v.t. (v.n. rfid, rfud) 1. to pick up rfed dak le-glam lli tayez fe-l-gerd! Pick up that pencil that's fallen on the floor! 2. to lift, to raise 3. to lift, to take away, to remove (sickness) !lah irfed Elik had l-merd. May God remove this sickness from you. 4. to (be able to) contain, to hold had l-gorraf ka-irfed žuž litru de-l-ma. This pitcher holds two liters of water. 5. to hold rfed had š-šanța Ela-ma nšedd șebbați. Hold this suitcase while I tie my shoes. 6. to carry, to take rfed had s-sendug men hna l-temma! Take this box from here over to there! 7. v.i. to stop, to end (rain, plague, etc.) ** !lah irefdek Elina! Scram! Beat it! Go play in the traffic (to children)! Go jump in the lake! Drop dead (to adults)! -ma-bqa l-qelbi ma irfed! I can't stand any more of this! I rfed d-dedd mea to be prejudiced against, to be against (s.o.) ¶rfedha~ b-žerya to take to one's heels refda pl. -t n.i. of rfed reffad pl. -a 1. carrier, bearer 2. barber's or weaver's assistant reffada pl. -t, rfafed brassiere, bra reffas pl. rfafes 1. screw, propeller (ship, outboard motor) 2. rapid, scissor-like kicking of the feet (as used in the swimming crawl) refqa (no pl.) 1. escort (on business or friendly basis) 2. comradeship, friendship refgan pl. of rfig rfi v.n. of rfa rfid v.n. of rfed rfig, rfiq pl. refgan, refgan comrade, buddy rfisa pl. -t 1. a sort of pudding, made with bread, milk, and butter 2. a kind of soup made for dogs from bones, bread, etc. 3. carcass, remains (of an animal) ¶ dar rfisa f- to tear (s.o.) to pieces, to make a wreck (out of s.o.) daru fih rfisa. They tore him to pieces. I bnadem rfisa s.o. who has been seriously beaten (physically), a human wreck (after such a beating) rfi end comp. rfa excellent, superior, superb 2. sharp (-pointed) rfiと v.n. of rfaと rfeq b- (v.n. rifq) 1. to give a good price to (s.o.) 2. to help, to be helpful to (s.o.) 3. to go easy on, to be lenient with (s.o.) ¶ p.p. merfuq pl. -in moderate, reasonable (prices) refqa same as refga refqan same as refgan (pl. of rfig) refref v.i. 1. to wave, to flap (as a flag) 2. to turn, to spin (as a pinwheel)

rfud v.n. of rfed ¶ be-r-rfud u-n-nzul. . . . After long dehate. . . . rfac v.t. (v.n. rfic, refc) 1. to raise, to lift 2. to raise, to hoist (flag) rtă comp. of rhe ref & v.n. of rfae refe a pl. -t n.i. of rfae road v.n. of roed rgavel pl. of raila rgeb Ela same as reggeb Ela reaba same as reaba rged v.i. (v.n. rgad) 1. to (go to) sleep 2. to become paralyzed (as a foot going to sleep or with a morbid paralysis) 3. to die down (wind) If. a.p. ragda (l-gerd) fallow, lying fallow (soil) reada pl. -t n.i. of raed reggabiya pl. -t collar (clothes) reageb 8 la 1. to observe from above, to look down onto 2. to look down onto had š-šeržem ka-irregaeb Ele-ž-žame . This window looks down onto the mosque. 3. to look over the shoulder of (s.o.) regard v.t. 1, to make or cause to sleep 2, to prepare for planting (ground) 3. to let lie fallow (soil) 4. to do nothing about, to forget about doing (s.th.) l-muz ami regged l-qadiya lli Etinah idafee Eliha. The lawyer hasn't done a thing about our case. rgig same as rgig rgila pl. -t, rgayel crutch ka-imši be-r-rgavel. He walks on crutches. rgie v.n. of rgăe rgăξ (v.n. rgiξ) 1. v.i. to botch everything, to do everything all wrong 2. v.i. to talk incoherently or without making any sense 3. v.t. to hit, to strike (s.o., usually with one's head) rgawi pl. of regwa rgayef pl. of rgifa rgeb v.t. (v.n. rgib) to ask, to beg rgebt bba baš išri-li tumubil. I begged my father to buy me a car. regba pl. -t 1. n.i. of rgeb 2. wish, desire reggab pl. -a ag. n. of rgeb rģib v.n. of rģeb raifa pl. raavef variety of pancake ¶rgayef de-l-ferran flat tart made of bread dough, stuffed with spiced meat and baked regwa pl. rgawi 1. foam, froth 2. suds rhaf v.i. (v.n. rhafa) 1. to become thin or worn (as cloth) 2. to get thin(ner) (dimensionally) 3. to get or become slim (things) rhaf pl. of rhif

rhafa v.n. of rhaf rhaven pl. of rhina rhavti pl. -va trouble maker, mischievous person (usually between people) rheb v.t. (v.n. rhih) to scare, to frighten (to "death") rehba pl. -t n.i. of rheb rehban pl. of rhib 2 rehheb v.t. to scare, to frighten rehhež v.t. 1. to overseason with salt 2. to poison with arsenic rhib 1. v.n. of rheb 2. pl. rehban priest (Christian) rhif pl. rhaf 1, thin, light (cloth) 2, thin, not thick (dimensionally) 3. slim, slender (things) rhin v.n. of rhen rhina pl. rhayen 1. security, collateral zett rhina dval xems alaf dular. He put up a collateral of five thousand dollars. 2. mortgage rettit rhing fe-d-dar. I have a mortgage on the house. rhen v.t. (v.n. rhin) 1. to put up as security or collateral nerhen maganti fe-l-Qala l-katība. I'll put up my watch as security for the typewriter, 2, to mortgage rhen daru f-xems alaf dular. He mortgaged his house for five thousand dollars. rhen, rehniva same as rhina reht pl. rhut, rhuta 1. kind, sort, type (pejorative use) 2. brand, make (pejorative use) 3. undesirable person rhut, rhuta pl. of reht riba illicit gain or profit (money) rida v.n. of rda rif pl. ryaf area of a slum inhabited by one particular family group rifi adj. pl. -ven n.pl. rwafa, rvafa Riff, Riffian rifg v.n. of rfeg rig same as rig rim pl. ryam 1. gazelle 2. pretty girl rimaya same as rmaya riq, rig pl. ryuq, ryug spittle, saliva ¶ Ele-r-riq without eating, not having eaten (yet) riš n.u. -a feather riša pl. -t 1. n.u. of riš 2. pen (writing) ¶ riša de-t-tă Emar fountain pen ritel v.t. (v.n. tritil) 1. to rob, to steal from 2. to pillage, to loot 3. to put in disorder, to mess up (a place) riwaya pl. -t 1. novel, narrative (written or told) 2. play (theater) riyada sports, athletics riyadi pl. -yen 1. of or pertaining to sports, athletics 2. athlete rivasa 1. presidency 2. state of being in charge

or command

```
rivva pl. -t lung
                                                   (in or on; car, plane, horse, etc.) 2. to
riyyaga pl. -t bib (child's)
                                                   mount, to set (in), to put (in) (as a win-
riyya z a pl. -t fan (electric)
                                                   dow pane, light bulb, etc.) 3. to set up, to
riyyeb v.t. 1. to demolish (building, etc.) 2. to
                                                   put up, to put together (tent, machine, etc.)
   dismantle
                                                   4. to set (trap) 5. to make, to construct, to
riyyeb v.t. to curdle (milk)
                                                   compose (as a sentence) rekkeb ši-žumla
riyyeg same as reyyeg
                                                   b-had l-kelma. Make a sentence with this
riyyeš v.t. 1. to pluck (the) feathers from
                                                   word.
  2. to pluck (s.o.) clean
                                                 rekken v.t. to put in a corner (inside)
riyyez v.i. 1. to stink, to reek had l-lzăm
                                                 rekkez v.t. 1. to concentrate rekkez l-žuhud
  riyyez, ma-bqa fih ma ittkel. This meat
                                                   dyalek kollha fe-l-xedma baš nsaliw degya.
  stinks; it's no longer fit to eat. 2. to rest, to
                                                   Concentrate all your efforts on the work so
  take a break
                                                   we can finish it quickly. 2. to learn well
rižal classicized pl. of ražel
                                                   (lesson, subject) 3. to tamp down (earth,
    rižal le-blad saints of a particular city
                                                   etc., as when paving s.th.)
   (less often, country)
                                                 rkel v.t. (v.n. rkil) to kick (person, horse,
ric pl. ryaz wind r-ric bared had s-sbaz.
                                                   etc.)
  The wind is cold this morning.
                                                 rekla pl. -t 1. n.i. of rkel 2. kick, blow with
    ** ma-žbert gir r-riz. I didn't find a
                                                   the foot
  thing. -had š-ši lli ka-i čawwed-lek rah
                                                 rokna pl. rkani (dim. rkina) corner (inside)
  gir r-riz. What he's telling you is just so
                                                 rkub v.n. of rkeb
  much hot air. - xellaweh ka-itsenna r-riz.
                                                 v.n. of rkae
  They left him there waiting (for them, but
                                                 rkez v.t. (v.n. rkiz) to stick or drive (in), to
  they never showed up).
                                                   implant Elaš rkezti s-sekkin fe-l-lerd?
    ¶le-ryaz epilepsy qebtuh le-ryaz. He's
                                                   Why did you stick the knife in the ground?
  having an epileptic fit.
                                                 rkae v.i. (v.n. rkue) to bend over (at the
    ¶ ĕăl r-riz in vain, for nothing
                                                   waist, in prayer)
riza pl. -t, rwayez (dim. rwiza) 1. odor,
                                                 rek Ea pl. -t, rka Ei du. rkă Etayn 1. n.i. of
  smell 2. perfume
                                                   rka 2. complete set of movements, words,
rizan, rizan myrtle
                                                   etc., done in a certain prescribed prayer
riziya pl. -t, rwazi (sg. ferda de-r-riziya)
                                                 rma irmi v.t. (v.n. rmi, remyan) 1. to throw,
  kind of old-fashioned woman's shoes
                                                   to cast, to toss 2. to shoot (as an arrow)
rkab pl. -at 1. square (tool) 2. stirrup
                                                   3. (Ela) to throw or put (over) (as a
                                                   blanket) 4. to throw (on) rma Elih kebbutu
  (saddle)
rkabi pl. of rokba
                                                   u-xrež. He threw on his jacket and left.
rkani pl. of rokna
                                                   5. to throw away or out
rkayez pl. of rkiza
                                                rmad 1. ashes 2. conjunctivitis, pinkeye
rka Ei pl. of rek Ea
                                                   tļā E-lu r-rmad Ela E aynu. He has con-
rkeb Ela (v.n. rkub) 1. to mount, to get on
                                                   junctivitis.
  (horse) 2. (or f-) to get into or onto, to
                                                 rmadi, pl. -yen gray
  board (train, car, plane, ship) 3. (or f-)
                                                 rmad same as rmad
  to ride, to ride in or on (horse, car, plane,
                                                 rmadi same as rmadi
  etc.)
                                                rmaya 1. shooting (for recreation, as in a
    ¶ a.p. rakeb pl. rokkab 1. passenger
                                                   shooting gallery) 2. archery
  2. rider
                                                remdan Ramadan, ninth month of the Muslim
rokba pl. rkabi knee (person, animal)
                                                   lunar calendar
rokbi pl. -yen big and loutish
                                                rmi v.n. of rma
rokbiya pl. -t blow with the knee Etatu
                                                rmiq v.n. of rmeq
  b-wazed r-rokbiya. She hit him with her
                                                rmiqa dim. of remga
  knee.
                                                rmiš v.n. of rmeš
rkil v.n. of rkel
                                                rmiz n.u. -a trump (cards)
rkina dim. of rokna
                                                rmel sand
rkiz v.n. of rkez
                                                     ¶ zăbba de-ṛ-ṛmel grain of sand
rkiza pl. rkayez 1. tent pole or support 2. sup-
                                                reml re (music)
  port, mainstay (metaphorical)
                                                     ¶ reml l-maya rhythm used in Andalusian
rekkab pl. -a rider (e.g. of a horse)
                                                   music
rokkab n.pl. of rakeb (a.p. of rkeb)
                                                remla same as rmel
rekkal pl. -in ag. adj. of rkel
                                                remli pl. -yen sandy, full of sand
rekkeb v.t. 1. to make get (in or on), to put
                                                romman n.u. -a pomegranate
```

remmay pl. -a marksman (gun, bow) remmel v.t. 1. to put sand into, to add sand to (cement, mortar) 2. to put sand on, to cover with sand 3. to get full of sand (shoes, etc.) remmeš v.t. or v.i. 1. to blink (eyes) 2. to wink (one eye) rmeq v.t. (v.n. rmiq) to leer at, to watch out of the corner of one's eve remga pl. -t (dim. rmiga) n.i. of rmeg rmeš v.t. and v.i. (v.n. rmiš) 1. to blink (eyes) 2. to wink (one eye) remša pl. -t n.i. of rmeš rmuk pl. -at tugboat rmuz pl. of remz remya pl. -t n.i. of rma remyan v.n. of rma remz pl. rmuz, rumuz symbol gerneb, rneb pl. rwaneb hare, rabbit rga irgi v.t. (v.n. rqi; primarily used by women as a somewhat narrower synonym for Emel or dar) 1. to make, to prepare (as food, party) 2. to put, to place ila žak l-berd f-yeddik rqihom fe-žyabek. If your hands get cold put them in your pockets. 3. to do aš ka-terqi? What are you doing? rgab, rgabi pl. of regba ergam pl. of reqm rgag v.i. 1. to become thin (dimensionally) 2. to become slim or slender (things, person) 3. to become high (er)-pitched (voice) rgag pl. of rgig rqaqa pl. -t matzoth, matzo(s) (for Jewish Passover) rgages pl. of reggas 2 rqayqi pl. -ya specialist in any fine, artistic work (leathercraft, sculpture, ivory, etc.) rga Ei pl. of rog Ea reqba pl. -t, rqab, rqabi nape or back of the neck 2. (also, raqaba) human being, person (Koranic usage) ¶ \mathcal{E} la or fe-rqebtu ϕ (to be) the responsibility of, on the head of raha fe-rgebtek ila weg čăt ši-zaža fe-s-siyara. It's your responsibility if something happens to the car. ** Ela rgebtek waš ana lli herrest dak lkas? You know I didn't break that glass! rged same as rged rgi v.n. of rga rgim v.n. of rgem rqiq pl. -in, rqaq (dim. rqiweq, rqiyyeq; comp. reqq) 1. thin, not thick (dimensionally) 2. slim, slender (things, person) 3. fine, sharp (-pointed) 4. high-pitched (voice) rgiweg dim. of rgiq rgem v.t. (v.n. rqim) to embroider ream pl. ergam number šnu huwa ream dik

t-tumubil? What's the number of that car?

reag comp. of raig

requa 1. thinness (dimensional) 2. slimness, slenderness (things, person) 3. sharpness (of point) regga v.t. to promote, to advance (s.o.) reggama pl. -t (female) embroiderer reggas 1. pl. -a messenger, courier 2. pl. rgages pendulum (clock) regga pl. -a one who mends or repairs clothing regged v.t. 1. same as regged 2. to preserve, to put up as preserves (fruit, meat, etc.) regged v.t. 1. to make thin, to thin (a solid) 2. to slim, to make slim or slender (person, things) 3. to sharpen, to make sharp (-pointed) requeq had r-rkiza. Sharpen this stake. reggă v.t. to mend, to repair (clothing) roq Ea pl. -t, rqa Ei patch, patched-up spot (on repaired clothing) rra interjection used to make a donkey or mule start rsamel pl. of resmal (same as ras-1-mal) rsil v.n. of rsel rsel v.t. (v.n. rsil) to send rselt l-bare risala l-l-megrib. I sent a letter to Morocco yesterday. resmal pl. rsamel (dim. rsimel) same as ras-l-mal rsa irsa v.i. (v.n. resyan) 1. to be or become solid, fixed (s.th. loose) 2. to stop, to quit doing s.th. (usually at s.o.'s request) 3. to dock, to drop anchor ¶rsa men to stop, to quit (some action) rsas 1, lead (metal) 2. n.u. -a bullet (either the ball or the complete cartridge) rşaşi pl. -yen lead gray rsem pl. rsum title, deed resmi pl. -yen (adj.) official ressa 1. v.t. to immobilize, to make solid or fixed (s.th. loose) 2. v.t. to hold still, to stop from moving ressi rasek! Hold your head still! 3. v.t. to settle, to decide about (some matter) 4. v.i. to dock, to drop anchor ressef v.t. to pave (road, floor) ressă & v.t. to set (stones, e.g. jeweler) rsum pl. of rsem resyan v.n. of rsa rša irša v.i. (v.n. rešyan, ršawa) 1. to get or become old and rotten (wood, clothes, etc.) 2. to get or become aged or very old (person) rša irši v.t. (v.n. rši) to bribe ¶ p.p. merši pl. -yen sold on black market or as contraband ršawa v.n. of rša irša ršawi pl. of rešwa ršaz i pl. of rešza ršed (v.n. ršid, rošd) 1. v.i. to become or come of age (person) 2. v.t. to show or indicate

to (s.o.) ana gir ka-nebgi nrešdek le-t-trig allow or give time off to (s.o.) 3. to cause not to worry, to put at ease l-mezyana. I'm only trying to show you the right way. ¶rettez rasu^p men same as rtaz men rošd 1. v.n. of ršed 2. maturity, legal age retyan v.n. of rta rtab v.i. (v.n. rtuba) 1. to get or become ršid v.n. of ršed smooth 2. to get or become soft 3. to get or ršim v.n. of ršem become tender (meat) ršiz v.n. of ršez ršem v.t. (v.n. ršim) 1. to mark, to put a rtal pl. of rtel rtawa 1. softness (texture) 2. tenderness mark on (for some identification) 2. to brand (cattle) 3. to put a marker in (as a (meat) 3. suppleness (as of body) 4. springiness, elasticity book) ¶ fih ϕ (or ¿ăndu ϕ) rtaua to be flexible, rešma pl. -t 1. n.i. of ršem 2. mark, brand (for identification) $adaptable \neq (person)$ rteb f. retba pl. retbin, ruteb 1. smooth (surršeq l- (v.n. ršuq) to make happy or gay (anything from music to narcotics) mnin face) 2. soft (texture) 3. tender (meat) 4. easy-going, affable 5. humid (weather) ma-ka-ikmi-š ma-ka-ikun-š rašeq-lu. He's not happy when he's not smoking. rtel pl. rtal, rtula pound, half a kilogram retta v.t. 1. to make soft(er), to soften 2. to rešš v.t. (v.n. reššan) 1. to sprinkle (grass, etc.) 2. to spatter (s.th., as with paint, etc.) make (more) tender (meat) retteb v.t. 1. to smooth, to make smooth 2. to rešš (coll., no n.u.) bullets, ammunition make soft(er), to soften 3. to make (more) (small arms) tender (meat) rešša v.t. to make or cause to get old and rtuba 1. v.n. of rtab 2. smoothness (surface) rotten (wood, clothes, etc.) 3. softness (texture) 4. tenderness (meat, rešša pl. -t n.i. of rešš reššam pl. -a one who brands (cattle) person) 5. humidity (weather) reššan v.n. of rešš rtula pl. of rtel reššaša pl. -t machine gun ru? asa pl. of rayes, ra? is rubu E pl. -at, rwabe E quarter, fourth, fourth ršuq v.n. of ršeq rešwa pl. -t, ršawi bribe rešyan v.n. of rša irša rubyu (n.) f. -ya pl. -wat blond(e) rudani pl. -yen from tarudanet, province of ršez v.i. (v.n. ršiz) to filter, to be filtered (liquid) Morocco ¶ $r \check{s} e \subset b$ - to cheat, to take (s.o., in a ruda pl. -t cemetery rukn pl. ? arkan fundamental, basic principle deal) rešza pl. -t, ršazi n.i. of ršez ruku classicized v.n. of rka E rumi 1. pl. -yen (adj.) European (often exrta irta Ela (v.n. retyan) 1. to take care of, to care for (not persons) 2. to be thrifty tended to mean Western as opposed to or frugal with, to use sparingly, to go easy Oriental) 2. pl. rwama (n.) European on rta Ela atay, ra-dak n-nu ma-bqa-š ka-itba & bezzaf. Go easy on the tea; they rumiya pl. -t, rwama kind of silk scarf or don't sell that kind much any more. shawl worn by older women rtaz v.i. 1. to rest, to take it easy 2. to get rumuz pl. of remz rus same as rus (n.pl. of rusi) better, to recuperate ¶rtaz men to get rid of llah rtazina rusi same as rusi 2 men dak l-kelb lli kan ka-ibiyyetna fayqin rusul pl. of rasul be-n-nbiz. Thank heavens, we got rid of rus 1. pl. of ras 2. n.pl. of rusi 2 rusi 1. pl. -yen narrow-minded, fanatical that dog that was keeping us awake with its barking. 2. (adj. pl. yen n.pl. rus) Russian rusiya pl. -t blow (given) with the head, butt rutal n.u. -a 1. octopus 2. squid (social) 3. rank (military, etc.) rtila pl. -t spider ruteb pl. of rtcb ruwwaba pl. -t any vessel used to contain rtella pl. -t pad placed on the head under a

milk as it curdles

ruwwasa pl. of ruwwasi

2. man living alone

ruwwas pl. -a one who prepares and sells

ruwwasi pl. ruwwasa 1. celibate, single man

sheep heads for consumption

rotba pl. 1. job, position, function 2. position

board on which bread is carried

retteb v.t. 1. to put in order, to arrange 2. to classify 3. to arrange, to set up (schedule, etc.)

rettel v.t. to chant (Koran)

rettez v.t. 1. to make or allow to rest 2. to

ruwweb v.t. to make or allow to curdle or become yoghurt

ruwweb v.t. to curdle (milk)

ruwweg v.t. to move (s.th.), to move (s.th.) out of the way, to move (s.th.) aside ruwweg s-siyara men t-triq. Move the car from the street.

ruwwem v.t. 1. to make fit, to fix so as to fit ruwwemt had s-sarut u-Tällit l-bab. I fixed this key so that it fitted and opened the door. 2. to see whether (s.th.) fits, to try (and make fit or match) ruwwem had s-swaret u-suf was tegder to ell had l-bab. Try these keys and see if you can open this door.

¶ruwwem l- to try to get (s.o.) to accept ruwwmu-li w-ana ndebber meah. Try to get him to accept me and I'll do the rest. ruwwen (f-) to fool around (with), to mess around (with)

ruwwee v.t. to add oil or butter to (especially couscous)

ruwwez v.t. 1. to cause to catch (a) cold 2. to bring in for the night (sheep, cows, etc.) 3. to take or bring (the bride to her husband's place for their first night)

¶ruwwez Ela to fan ruwwez Eăl l-Eafya b-had l-žarida! Fan the fire with this newspaper!

ruwwă & v.t. to disturb (s.o., still water, the peace, sleep, etc.)

rue ya pl. -t dream, vision

ruz rice

ružuč v.n. of ržač

¶ bla ružu irremediab (le, -ly), irrevocab (le, -ly)

ruz (f.) pl. rwaz 1. spirit, soul 2. nature (of person) ruzu teyyba. He's good-natured. 3. person, human being tmenya d-le-rwaz matu f-dak l-zadita. Eight people were killed in that accident. 4. self bġa iqtel ruzu mnin saq le-xbar. He tried to kill himself when he found out.

** baqya fih r-ruz. He's still alive.

¶ $b-ru \subset u^{\phi}$ 1. by oneself, alone $\xi \tilde{a}mletha$ $b-ru \subset ha$. She did it by herself. 2. oneself, in person $\tilde{z}a$ $\xi \tilde{a}ndi$ $b-ru \subset u$. He came in person to my place.

¶ dar (or ξ mel) $\gamma u \tau u^{\phi}$ (or b- $\gamma u \tau u^{\phi}$) to act, to act as if one were γa gir ka- $i\xi a$ mlu b- $ru\tau$ hom ξa yyanin. They're only acting tired.

ru Ea disorder, confusion

¶ Emel ru Ea to riot

rwa (m.) pl. rwi stable (horse, etc.)

ywa iywa v.i. (v.n. yewyan) 1. to be or get watered or irrigated (grass, soil, etc.) 2. to rain

rwa irwi v.t. (v.n. rewyan, reyy) 1. to water,

to irrigate (grass, soil, etc.) 2. to recite (the τ adit)

rwabez pl. of rabuz

rwabzi pl. -ya maker and seller of bellows
(see rabuz)

rwabe E pl. of rubu E

rwafa n.pl. of rifi rwam v.n. of ram

rwama 1. n.pl. of rumi 2. pl. of rumiya

rwaneb pl. of erneb, rneb

rwag pl. -at kind of doorway curtain

rwaged pl. of raged

rwateb pl. of rateb, ratib

rwayed pl. of rwida

rwayez pl. of riza

rwaz 1. pl. of ruz 2. v.n. of raz 3. cold žani r-rwaz. I've got a cold; I've caught cold.

"I lilt r-rwaz first night the bride and groom sleep together

rwazi pl. of riziya

rwi pl. of rwa

rwida pl. -t, rwayed wheel

rwiyyed dim. of ryad

rwiza dim. of riza

rewyan v.n. of rwa

rxa irxi v.t. (v.n. rxi) to loosen, to relax (s.th. taut)

¶ rxa wednu ϕ (ξla) to pay close attention (to), to lend an ear (to)

¶ p.p. merxi pl. -yen lazy, indolent

rxa (m.) cheapness, inexpensiveness

¶ be-r-rxa cheap (adv.) slaetu kollha ka-ibi ha be-r-rxa. He sells all his merchandise cheap.

rxam n.u. -a marble had s-saryat kollhom mebniyin be-r-rxam. All these pillars are made of marble.

rxama pl. -t 1. n.u. of rxam 2. dial, face (watch, clock)

rxaş v.i. (v.n. rexsan, rexs) to become cheap(er) or (more) inexpensive l-l-zăm rxaş had l-iyyam. Meat has gotten cheaper lately.

rxas pl. of rxis

rxawa softness (of yielding texture)

rxaymi pl. -ya marble worker, stonemason specializing in marble (also one who manufactures the slabs and pieces to be used)

rxef v.t. (v.n. rxif) to loosen (s.th. taut)

rxi v.n. of rxa

rxif v.n. of rxef

rxis pl. rxas (comp. rxes) cheap, inexpensive rxes v.i. (v.n. rexs) same as rxas

rxes comp. of rxis

rexs v.n. of rxas and rxes

roxsa pl. -t vacation, leave, time off

rexsan v.n. of rxas

roxx pl. rxax 1. roc 2. rook (chess)

¶ mulay r-roxx a dull man, a boring person rexxes v.t. 1. to lower the price of 2. to sell inexpensively or at a low price 3. to cover (a fire) with ashes (in order to keep it alive for future use) ¶ rexxes m a to give a good or low price to (s.o.) ila rexxesti mEaya nešriha. If you give me a good price I'll buy it. ryad pl. -at (dim. rwiyyed) kind of flower garden (domestic) ryaf pl. of rif ryafa n.pl. of rifi ryal pl. -at coin of five francs (also the amount) ryam pl. of rim ryay pl. of reyy 2 ryaz pl. of riz ryug, ryug pl. of rig, rig ryus pl. of ras revy 1. v.n. of rwa irwi 2. pl. ryay, ara? opinion, idea, way of thinking royyas pl. of rayes reyyed v.t. to train, to instruct (person, anirevyeq 1. v.t. to wet or moisten with saliva 2. v.i. to breakfast or break one's fast \(\) with s.th. light) reyyeqt be-šfenža, Ead žit. I breakfasted with a doughnut and came. reyyes v.t. to elect (s.o.) president, to make (s.o.) leader or head of a group or organization reyyez v.i. to relax, to sit or lie down to rest rza irzi v.t. to cause (s.o.) to lose (s.th.) rzitini f-flusi f-dik l-bi&a-u-šerya. You made me lose money on that deal. ** (!lah) irzini fik! I wish I could get rid of you! rzama pl. -t mallet rzami pl. of rezma rzan pl. of rzin rzana, rzana serious-mindedness rzag pl. of rezg, rzeg rzim v.n. of rzem rzin pl. -in, rzan serious-minded rzina pitch, resin rziq v.n. of rzeq rziya pl. -t serious or grave loss rzem v.i. (v.n. rzim) 1. to get or become worse (sick person) 2. to be unable to do any activity, to be helpless (as an aged person) rzem pl. of rezma rezma pl. -t, rzami, rzem bundle (of clothes, rzeq, rzeq v.t. (v.n. rziq) to give, to grant (subject is usually God) !!ah irzeqni s-sber! God give me patience! rezq, rzeq, rezq, rzeq pl. rzaq 1. s.th. earned

or deserved, compensation 2. fortune, possessions ** huwa-b-rezqu. He's pretty well off (financially). rzuzi n.u. -ya wasp rzez pl. of rezza rezza pl. -t, rzez turban rezzaq, rezzaq (with art.) God, epithet of llah rezzem v.t. to bundle (up), to put in a bundle rezzen v.t. to make or cause to be seriousminded, sober ** rezzen rasek! Be serious! rža irža (v.n. rža) to hope ka-neržah (or ka-nerža baš) yusel fe-l-weqt. I hope he arrives on time. $r\check{z}a$ (m.) 1. v.n. of $r\check{z}a$ 2. hope ržal pl. of ražel ržali 1. pl. of režla 2. pl. -yen masculine, of or pertaining to a man ržeb seventh month of the Muslim lunar calendar ržila dim. of ržel ržel (f.) pl. režlin (režli- before pron. endings; dim. ržila) 1. foot (person, animal) 2. leg (up to the knee; also of a table) 3. support, base, piling (as for supporting a bridge) 4. pedestal, base (of statue) ¶ b-režlu¢ in person, oneself ģir kun hani, daba nemši-lu ana b-režli u-ntkellem m Eah. Don't worry, I'll go see him myself and talk ¶ \mathcal{E} la režlih ϕ on foot, walking mšat \mathcal{E} la režliha l-darhom. She went to their house on foot. režla pl. -t, ržali leg of lamb, mutton (sometimes beef, veal, pork) režla courage, quality of being a man ržuliya same as režla ržu E v.n. of rža E režžala 1. pl. of ražel 2. (no sg.) courageous režžel v.t. to give courage to, to encourage ¶režžel rasu^{\$\phi\$} to be courageous, to encourage oneself to be a man režžač v.t. 1. to return (give, send, take, or bring back) 2. to return or restore to a former state 3. to make rezză na l-bab sģira. We've made the door small(er). -l-makla režž čăttu mrid. The food made him sick. 4. to transform into, to change into, to turn into s-sez zar režžač

le-\(\tauma\) mama džaža. The magician turned the

ržač (v.n. ržuč, ružuč) 1. to return, to go back, to come back mšit le-d-dar l-bida

fe-l-mašina u-ržačt fe-t-tumubil. I went to

Casablanca by train and came back by car.

2. to become bga ka-ixser le-flus dvalu

pigeon into a chicken.

zetta rža faqir. He squandered his money until he became a poor man. 3. to turn into, to be transformed into b-Eăyniya šeftha, le-zmama režčat džaža. I saw the pigeon turn into a chicken with my own

** ržă b - Eăglu. He's regained his sanity.

¶ $rža \in l$ - to be a result of, to be due to s-sugut dyalek ka-iržă el-Eadăm le-žtihad dyalek. Your failing (in school) is a result of your not having studied.

¶ rža & l-llah to stop doing s.th., to repent rža E l-llah, u-baraka men Emayel š-šitan! Stop that! That's enough of your mischief!

¶ržă le-t-triq to turn over a new leaf. to return to the straight and narrow

¶ržă \in Ela klamu ϕ to go back on one's word, to break one's promise

¶ržă E čăl t-triq to backtrack, to go back the way one came (as when getting lost) rež a pl. -t n.i. of rža &

rza pl. rzi 1. mill, grinding device or machine (flour, coffee, pepper, etc.)

2. sharpening apparatus (knives, etc.) ram 1. (no pl.) womb (also ratim with pl. ram) 2. n.pl. of raim and pl. of raim 5 r = i pl. of r = a

rtil 1. v.n. of rtel 2. household furnishings, fixtures, utensils, etc., all taken collectively rzim adj. pl. -in n.pl. rzam merciful, compassionate

rzel v.i. (v.n. rzil) to move, to change one's place of residence

rezla pl. -t 1. n.i. of rzel 2. trip, journey rem v.t. (v.n. rezma) 1. to have mercy or pity on 2. to give charity to

** llah ir em waldik! Thank you!

¶ llah ir em waldik, ... please, ... ¶ p.p. merzum pl. -in late, deceased, de-

rezma 1. v.n. and n.i. of rzem 2. mercy, compassion

rez man 1. merciful, compassionate (God) 2. God

rez wi pl. -ya miller

rezal pl. -a nomad

rezzeb b- to welcome or receive (as in one's home)

rea irea 1. v.i. to graze (cattle, etc.) 2. v.t. to graze on (grass, etc.)

¶a.p. ra i pl. ro yan herder, one who tends a flock or herd (sheep, goats, etc.) r ad n.u. ră da thunder

read v.i. (v.n. reid) 1. to shiver, to tremble, to shake (s.o.) 2. to thunder

ră E da pl. -t n.i. of r E ăd

 $r \check{a} \mathcal{E} da$ pl. -t thunderclap (n.u. of $r \mathcal{E} ad$)

 $r \in af$ v.i. (v.n. $r \in if$) to bleed from the nose reid v.n. of read

rEif v.n. of rEăf

rEivva (coll.) subjects (king's)

rčaš v.i. to shiver, to tremble (s.o.)

ră Eša pl. -t n.i. of r E ăš

ro Eyan pl. of ra Ei (a.p. of r Ea)

ră&&ăd v.t. 1. to shake, to make (s.o. or s.th.) tremble šeddu men ketfu u-ra Edu z etta taz. He grabbed him by the shoulder and shook him until he fell down.

-ră Edu l-berd. The cold made him tremble.

ră E čăf v.t. 1. to give a bloody nose to 2. to cause or make bleed from the nose (as high altitude)

S

sab isib v.i. (v.n. siban) to rebel, to revolt, to mutiny, to rise in rebellion

¶ a.p. sayeb pl. soyyab rebel, insurgent sabab pl. sbab, eesbab reason, cause, motive sabil used in the expr. fi-sabil llah freely, without expecting a return or compensation bna medrasa fi-sabil llah baš igraw wlad l-fugara. He built a school for poor children out of the kindness of his heart.

sabeq v.t. to compete or go up against (usually in some physical sense, as racing) sabeq a.p. of sbeq

sabe Epl. -in (adj.) seventh

¶ (nhar) s-sabe & seventh day after birth when the child is named sadat pl. of sid and siyyed sades pl. -in (adj.) sixth safali pl. -yen coarse, rude (person)

safih same as sfih safăr same as safăr 1 safer same as safer sagya pl. swagi same as saqya sahel pl. -in (dim. swihel, comp. shel) 1. easy, simple (to learn, to do, etc.) 2. docile, easy to tame or master 3. (n.) one of the optional afternoon prayers

¶ sahel mahel same as sahel 1 sakarat l-mut 1. dying, imminent death žatu sakarat l-mut. He's dying. 2. death throes saken a.p. of sken

saket a.p. of sket

sakuti pl. -yen silent, taciturn, quiet ** duz Eăl l-herhuri, la-dduz Eăl s-sakuti. Better to be wary of him who does not speak than of him who babbles endlessly.

132

sal isal v.t. 1. to reclaim from, to claim back from (s.o.) ža ka-isal čla ktabu. He came asking for his book. 2. to owe $\neq s = al \ bagi$ ka-tsalni? How much do I still owe you? ** ma-isal-š. That's all right. It doesn't

matter.

sal isil v.i. (v.n. sayalan, silan) 1. to run, to flow (water, tears, nose) 2. to leak (out), to drip (out) 3. to leak, to be leaky (container)

sa@il pl. soyval beggar

sala isali 1. v.t. to finish, to end l-barez sala šģalu bekri. He finished his work early yesterday. 2. v.i. to end, to terminate, to be over

¶ sala m a to finish or polish off b-derba wezda sala meah. He finished him off with one blow.

¶ a.p. msali pl. msalven free, unoccupied, having nothing to do

salam 1. peace (as opposed to war) 2. greeting, salutation

** u-s-salam! That's all! Nothing else! -s-salamu Ealaykom! Hello!

salama used in the expr. ma a s-salama! Good-by!

salef pl. swalef braid, braided tress (woman's hair)

salăf (no pl.) loan (bank, etc.)

salem a.p. of slem

salma (no pl.) sage (plant and spice)

sama isami v.t. to put together, to place next to one another sami had t-twabel! Put these tables together!

¶ sama m a to put or place against, next to sami had š-šelya m a l-zăyt! Put this chair against the wall!

same v.t. to pardon, to forgive (s.o.)

¶ same \(f \) 1. to not take, to give up (e.g. one's share) 2. to give up the idea of, to decide against (s.th.) samezt f-merrakeš u-mšit neskon fe-sla. I decided against (living in) Marrakech and went to live in Salé.

¶ !!ah isame \(f\) denotes a willingness to forget about s.th. Etini gir alfayn frenk u-llah isamez-lek fe-t-telt alaf frenk l baqya. Just give me two thousand francs and we'll forget about the other three thousand.

sana (less commonly used than $\mathcal{E}am$) pl. sinin year (period, particular year)

sanawi pl. -yen annual, yearly

sanida granulated or powdered sugar

sanes v.t. to acquaint (s.o.), to get (s.o.) used (to sth.) sanesni xay b-sugan t-tumubil. My brother got me used to driving a car. sanuž seeds of the nigella used as a condiment

sanya pl. swani kind of vegetable or fruit garden (often watered by a noria)

saq isuq v.t. (v.n. suqan) 1. to drive, to operate (car, bicycle, sailboat, mule, etc.) 2. to pilot, to fly (plane, ship)

¶ saq (isiq or isuq) le-xbar to find out, to hear (about) bbah saq-lu le-xbar

ka-ikmi u-Etah le-Esa. His father found out he was smoking and gave him a licking. saq pl. siqan calf (leg)

sagta pl. -t, swaget latch, bolt, lock (s.th. that

locks without a key) sagut 1. fruit prematurely fallen from the tree 2. miscarriage, abortion

saqya pl. swaqi irrigation ditch or flume

sar isir v.i. (v.n. sir) 1. to go (rare usage, except impv. which is used for the more common mša) 2. to go (and), to begin gir qbed le-flus u-sar ka-ixser fihom. As soon as he got hold of the money he began to spend it.

¶ ka-isir . . . so, . . . ka-isir ana daba wellit keddab! So, now I'm a liar, am I! ¶ sar Ela to beat (s.o., as a punishment)

¶... u-sir u-sir, or u-sir Ela had š-ši . . . and so forth, and so on, etc.

sara v.t. to show around, to take on a tour, to show the sights to (s.o.) sarawni

le-mdina. They showed me around the city.

saratan cancer

sarga 1. same as sargana 2. same as šarga sariž pl. swarež 1. reservoir tank (water) 2. fish bowl, aquarium 3. pond, pool (fish, swimming, etc.)

¶ ¿ ammer s-swarež to brag, to boast (implies lying about it)

sareq a.p. of sreq sarut pl. swaret key (of lock, clock, etc.) sarya pl. -t, swari pillar, column

sare a.p. of sre

sas isus v.t. (v.n. susan) 1. to shake (to get s.th. out or off) sus l-xenša men t-tz in! Shake the bag and get the flour out! 2. to shake off or out sus t-tzin men l-xenša! Shake the flour out of the bag! 3. to blow

sas pl. sisan foundation, base (building, argument, etc.)

satt, satet same as sades

sawa v.t. 1. to level, to even, to make level or even (ground, chair, etc.) sawi z-zlafa f-yeddek! Keep the bowl level with your hand! 2. to settle, to decide (matter, prob-

¶ sawa bin . . . u-bin (or binat) to treat equally, impartially, fairly sawaw bini u-binu. He treated both of us fairly.

sawa used in the expr. Eăndu sawa (or

sawa sawa) Eăndi kollhom sawa. I treat (or consider) them all the same.

sawazil pl. of sazil

sawem v.t. 1. to bargain over (price) 2. to bargain with (s.o.)

¶ sawem t-taman d- to price, to determine the price of (s.th.)

sayalan v.n. of sal isil

sayeb a.p. of sab

sayen v.t. to wait for, to await

sayer all (often with actual meaning of "most") had š-ši sayer n-nas ka-i čarfuh.

Everyone (i.e., all the people) knows that.
sayez a.p. of saz

saz isiz v.i. (v.n. sizan) 1. to spread (water on the ground, a stain on s.th., etc.) 2. to go on tour, to travel around

¶ a.p. sayez pl. soyyaz tourist

saza pl. -t 1. open or vacant area 2. yard (school) 3. field, court (sports) 4. square, plaza

¶bă£Çăd men saZt to go or get away from, to get out of (one's) sight bă£Çăd men saZti wella džibha f-rasek! Get away from me or you'll be sorry!

sac il pl. savac il, savac el coast, shore sac qa pl. -t 1. meteor, meteorite 2. sudden, choleric attack (e.g., appendicitis)

sa Ea du. sa Etayn pl. -t, swaye E (dim.

swita) hour (60 min., time of day)

** šzal hadi fe-s-sa a? What time is it?

¶f-had s-sa a 1. now, at the present time

2. nowadays, these days

¶ f-sa $\mathcal{E}tu\phi$ 1. right away \neq , immediately \neq , right afterwards \neq kla s-sehla u-f-sa $\mathcal{E}tu$ dxel l-bit l-ma. He took the laxative and immediately went to the bathroom. 2. to be able \neq (usually financially) ma-si f-sa $\mathcal{E}tu$ isri t-tumubil daba. He can't buy the car right now.

 $\P sa a sa a from time to time, every now and then$

¶ $sa \xi t$ - $a \dot{s}$ (at) what time or hour $sa \xi t$ - $a \dot{s}$ maži? What time is he coming?

¶ sa Et-emma whenever, any time

¶s-sa&a but Eyit ma n&aynu, s-sa&a ma-ža-š. I waited and waited for him, but he didn't come.

sa Eada 1. v.n. of s E ăd 2. happiness

¶sa&adat Excellency l-bare\(\tau\) thellemt m&a sa&adat l-&am\(\tilde{l}\). Yesterday I spoke with His Excellency the Governor.

sa ed v.t. to help, to aid (s.o.)

¶saced mea to be patient with (s.o.) ¶saced Ela to be favorable to, to help (as rain to crops)

sa ef v.t. 1. to follow sa fu l-wad f-le-hbut.
They followed the river downstream. 2. to

listen to, to follow (advice) 3. to listen to, to follow the advice of (s.o.)

sa Ei a.p. of s Ea

sa Eid pl. su Eada (comp. s E ăd) happy, full of happiness (character trait)

** sbazek sačid! Good morning (to you)! — Eid mubarek sačid! Happy holiday! (Islamic holidays)

sačudi pl. -yen 1. Saudi Arabian 2. (no pl.) gold or silver brocaded cloth

sba isbi v.t. (v.n. sebyan) to captivate, to charm (often used with Eqel) dik l-bent sbat-lu Eaqlu. That girl has captivated him.

sbab, eesbab pl. of sabab

sbabel pl. of sebbala

sbani pl. of sebniya

sbasa pl. of sebsi

sbayeb pl. of sebba and sbib

sbaybi pl. -ya one who buys old things, refurbishes them, and resells them

sbayek pl. of sbika

sbayel pl. of sbula

sbaysi pl. -ya Spahi (North African trooper, generally cavalryman from Algeria or Morocco)

sba e pl. of subue

sba Eiya pl. -t seven-shot rifle

sebb v.t. (v.n. sebb, sebban) to insult, to treat insolently

sebb (no pl.) 1. v.n. of sebb 2. insult, insolent remark or act

¶ sebb sebbut (no art.) leapfrog (game) sebba pl. -t, sbayeb 1. cause, reason 2. pretext,

¶ b-sebbt because of, on account of ana b-sebbtek ga & Elaš žit. I came only because of you.

¶ (ģir) Ela sebba in a precarious position or condition (about to fall, break, to go off, etc.) Eăndak ra dik le-mraya ġir Ela sebba waqfa! Watch out! That mirror is about to fall and break!

sebbaba pl. -t index finger

sebbag adj, pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of sbeg

sebbala pl. sbabel kind of fountain, usually continuously running, where people may get water

sebban v.n. of sebb

sebbeb v.t. to cause, to occasion huwa ga lli sebbeb had s-sda kollu. He's the one that caused all the ruckus.

sebbel 1. v.t. to sacrifice, to give sebbel & ămṛu baš yā £teqha. He gave his life to save her.

2. v.t. to donate (as to the poor) 3. v.i. to be boiling or steaming (water) baqi

l-begrež ma-sebbel. The kettle isn't boiling

sebbeg

yet. 4. v.i. to form ears (wheat, in growing)

sebbeq v.t. 1. to advance, to give in advance (money) sebbeqt-lu šher dyal le-kra. I gave him a month's rent in advance. 2. to do first s-sbaz sebbeqt l-Zămmam Eăl le-ftur. This morning I took a bath before breakfast.

sebbura pl. -t blackboard

sebtez v.i. to pronounce any formula, e.g., sebzan !!ah, which glorifies God (often in connection with saying the rosary)

sbeg v.i. to run (person, animal)

sbib n.u. -a pl. sbayeb 1. lock of hair (as horse's forelock or tail) 2. fishing line
 3. string (e.g. violin)

sbik v.n. of sbek

sbika pl. sbayek 1. nugget (as gold) 2. ingot, bar (gold, silver) 3. composite gold bracelet (i.e., many loose rings)

sbil free gift, donation

¶ le-s-sbil at one's own expense

¶ Eărsa de-s-sbil public garden or park sbiq v.n. of sbeq

sbiritu alcohol (never for beverage)

¶ sbiritu de-d-dwa denatured alcohol, for medicinal antiseptic purposes

¶ sbiritu de-l-Eafya methylated alcohol, cooking alcohol

sbiṭṛi pl. -ya one who sells, and may make, shoes (sebbaṭ)

sbitriyin (f. sg.) leather goods market or section (of city)

sbek v.t. (v.n. sbik) to pour or form into ingots

sebniya pl. sbani 1. handkerchief 2. scarf (head) 3. kind of mosaic tile centerpiece (usually in the floors of patios)

sbeq v.t. (v.n. sbiq) 1. to precede, to go before (s.o.), to go (on) ahead of (s.o.) 2. to arrive before (as in a race) 3. to get in front of (as when waiting in line) 4. to pass (as in driving, being promoted over s.o.) 5. to surpass, to come out ahead of (as in a test)

** sbeqni lsani. It just slipped out (what I said).

¶ a.p. sabeq pl. -in 1. last, former previous 2. used in the expr. s-sabeq or fe-s-sabeq before, previously

sberdila pl. -t (sg. ferda de-s-sberdila) (pair of) sneakers

sebseb v.i. to depart in shame or embarrassment, to leave in humiliation Eayratu
u-sebseb bla-ma iwažeb. She insulted him
and he left in embarrassment, without
answering.

sebseb pl. sbaseb mongoose

sebsi pl. sbasa kind of long Moroccan hashish pipe with a clay bowl

sebsub, šebšub pl. sbaseb, šbašeb 1. horse's mane 2. long, abundant hair on woman's head

sebt (with art.) Saturday

¶nhar s-sebt (on) Saturday

sebta Ceuta

134

sebti 1. pl. -yen of or pertaining to Ceuta 2. pl. sbata person from Ceuta

sbula pl. sbayel 1. ear of wheat, barley, etc. (not corn) 2. bayonet

** l-beqṛež tleq s-sbula. The kettle's boiling.

sbu same as (nhar) s-sabe (see sabe sbu a pl. of sba

sebyan v.n. of sba

sebzan used in the expr. sebzan !!ah!, expr. of amazement, surprise, or disbelief sebzan !!ah! ka-itkellem !- Eărbiya! I just can't believe it, he speaks (Moroccan) Arabic! sbă pl. sbu a lion

seb &, seb & a (former used with n. admitting du.) seven

seb Ein 1. seventy 2. seventieth

sbă ¿ ṭaš 1. seventeen 2. seventeenth

sda (m.) warp (weaving)

sdader pl. of seddari

sdas pl. of sudus

sdasi (no pl.) six-shooter (revolver)

sdasiya pl. -t six-shot rifle

sedd same as šedd

sedd pl. sdud, sudud 1. dam (water) 2. sluice or ditch gate

sedda v.i. to arrange or form the warp, to warp (before placing the woof)

seddan same as šeddan (v.n. of šedd)

seddari pl. sdader type of wall-to-wall sofa placed so that it faces the entrance to the room

seddaya pl. -t woman who forms the warp (before the woof is woven in)

sder, sder pl. sdur, sdura 1. chest, breast (person, animal) 2. bust (woman) 3. wall facing the entrance of a room

sedra pl. -t kind of jujube tree or bush

sdud pl. of sedd

sdur, sdura pl. of sder, sder

sfa n.u. -ya hair-like filament growing from each grain husk of a cereal spike

stated pl. of seffud

sfaha obscenity, obscene words or actions

sfar pl. of sfer

stayef pl. of sfifa

sfayen pl. of sfina

seff v.t. (v.n. seffan) to suck(up, out, in) (e.g.
a liquid)

seffa kind of couscous made with sugar and cinnamon

¶ seffa merduma the dish seffa with pigeon added

seffan v.n. of seff

seffar pl. -a bookbinder

seffaž pl. -a one who makes and sells a kind of Moroccan doughnut (šfenž)

seffed v.t. to place on a skewer or brochette (for cooking)

seffel b- to yell or shout at, to bawl out

seffer v.t. to bind (books)

seffud pl. sfafed brochette, skewer, small spit

sfeh comp. of sfih

sfifa pl. -t, sfayef ornamental border (added to handkerchiefs, dresses, curtains, etc.)

sfih pl. sufaha (comp. sfeh) obscene, gross (person)

sfina pl. -t, sfun, sfayn, sufun ship (passenger, naval)

sfel, *esfel used in the expr. sfel s-safilin the bottom (of the ladder of success), "low man on the totem pole"

sefli pl. -yen ground floor

sefnaž pl. -a same as seffaž

sfenž n.u. -a same as šfenž

sfer pl. sfar, sfura zero, cipher

sferžel n.u. -a 1. quince 2. quince tree

sefsa b- or Ela to fail to keep an appointment or engagement with (s.o.)

sefsawi pl. -yen given to not keeping appointments or engagements

sfuf dish made of flour, sugar, and oil, seasoned with sesame

sfun pl. of sfina

stura pl. of ster

sga same as sqa

segga v.t. to put a sauce or gravy on (couscous)

segged v.t. to straighten (out) (s.th. crooked, bent, or dented)

seggem same as seggem

segni pl. sgani 1. bowl-shaped frame of woven reeds, inverted over a fire to support bedding or clothing to be fumigated with sulphur 2. same sort of frame (covered to retain heat and vapors) inside which one sits for a vapor bath

seginas pl. sganes 1. butcher's steel, sharpening steel 2. letter opener 3. toothpick 4. any small, pointed tool used for cleaning out a clogged opening or hole

segnes v.t. to remove dirt or other obstruction from (an opening or a hole) by means of a small pointed tool; to clean out (an opening) segnsat l-Eayn d-l-ibra. She cleaned out the eye of the needle.—ka-isegnes snanu b-segnas d-le-xšeb. He's picking his teeth with a wooden toothpick.

sha isha v.i. (v.n. shu, sehyan) to get or be distracted

¶ sha Ela to forget, to let slip one's mind shit Eliha. It slipped my mind.

shal v.i. (v.n. shula, shuliya) 1. to get or become easy or easier l-luga shalet Eliya men bă Ed-ma žit l-amirika. The language became easier for me after I came to America. 2. to become (more) docile or easy (easier) to tame (e.g., an animal)

sham pl. of sehm

sharež pl. of sehriž

sehb pl. shub (foot) path, trail

sehhel v.t. 1. to facilitate, to make easy or easier (s.th.) 2. to simplify 3. to loosen the bowels of (s.o., as in constipation)

**!!ah isehhel Clina u-Elik. expr. said either to a beggar to whom one has no money to give, or as a good-luck wish to s.o. about to undertake s.th.

¶ sehhel m a to go easy on (s.o.) Eăndi z-zher, sehhel m aya le-fqi f-le-mtian. I was lucky; the teacher went easy on me in the exam.

shit v.n. of shet

shel same as shal

shel comp. of sahel

sehla pl. -t laxative

sehm pl. sham share, portion

** hada sehmek! Serves you right!
—ma-hiya-š men sehmek! She's out of your class! (i.e., socially)

sehma pl. -t same as sehm

sehriž pl. sharež pond, pool (fish, swimming) shet (v.n. shit) 1. v.i. to calm down; to stop groaning, moaning (baby, sick person; often implies going to sleep also) 2. v.t. to exhaust, to wear out (s.o.)

sehta pl. -t n.i. of shet

shu v.n. of sha

shub pl. of sehb

shula, shuliya v.n. of shal

sehyan v.n. of sha

si (with art.) abbreviation of siyyed, used similarly to English "Mister", showing some respect; often used with first names among friends

siba anarchy, complete disorder

siban v.n. of sab

sid pl. syad, sadat 1. master, lord 2. mister (usually with first person sg. ending)

¶ bbahφ siduφ (one's) grandfather

¶ sidi rebbi (my) God, Lord

sif pl. syuf sword (generic)

The-s-sif by force žaw Elih u-ddaweh mEahom be-s-sif. They came and took him away by force.

¶ be-s-sif Ela (to be) incumbent on (s.o.), (to be) duty-bound l-^Qinsan be-s-sif Elih ixeḷḷes ḍ-ḍaṛiba. It's one's duty to pay (his) taxes.

siyyda pl. -t (f. of siyyed) 1. more formal title

sifa pl. -t, syef, syuf face (usually used in

describing) siftu sift l-kelb. His face looks than lalla 2. lady, woman like a dog's. siyyel v.t. 1. to leak, to let leak (liquid) 2. to make run or flow slightly, to let trickle sikran, sikran henbane (water, blood, etc.) sikuk same as sikuk sil pl. syul stream made up of melting snow siyyeq v.t. to mop (floor) siyyer v.t. 1. to direct, to lead (orchestra) or rain runoff 2. to instruct, to give instruction to silan v.n. of sal silun pl. -at cell or dungeon for solitary consiyyes v.t. to train (animals) finement of a prisoner ¶ siyyes $m \ge a$ to have patience with (s.o.) siyyež v.t. to enclose (with hedges, trees, simana same as simana sinima pl. -t 1. movie house 2. theater (shows, fence), to fence in siz an v.n. of saz plays, etc.) sinin pl. of sana, sna and Eam skaken pl. of sekkin siniya same as siniya skat 1. silence, quiet 2. v.n. of sket sinta pl. -t 1. film (photographic) 2. parasitic ¶ be-s-skat discreetly, without letting anyworm (e.g., tapeworm) one hear, listen, or know sigan pl. of sag skawel pl. of sekwila sigelliya Sicily skayri pl. -ya drunkard sir pl. siru impv. of mša (see sar) skef v.t. (v.n. skif) to suck (blood) sir 1. v.n. of sar 2. pl. syur cord, lace (shoes, ¶p.p. meskuf pl. -in skinny, very thin corset, etc.) (person) sira pl. -t 1. walk, gait 2. behavior, comport-¶ meskuf mennu¢ d-demm (to be) hagment, conduct 3. biography gard, gaunt sisan pl. of sas skif v.n. of skef sisban n.u. -a sweet pea skikku saints preserve us! God help us! siwa except, save, but had n-nas kollhom skinžbir ginger (spice) ka-nă Erefhom siwa had s-siyyed. I know skek pl. of sekka everybody except this gentleman. sekka pl. -t, skek 1. track (railroad) 2. plowsiwana pl. -t kite (as flown on a string) share (including the moldboard) 3. coin siva rare colloquial form of siyy? a ¶ dreb s-sekka to mint coin(s) siyada 1. sovereignty 2. Excellency (title) sekkak pl. -a goldsmith siyadet xalifet begdad! His Excellency the sokkar sugar Caliph of Bagdad! ¶ sokkar de-l-qaleb loaf sugar siyama, la-siyama especially, in particular ¶ sokkar mqaret lump (i.e., rectangular) dik n-nas kollhom teyybin, siyama brahim. sugar They're all fine people, especially Brahim. ¶ sokkar sanida granulated sugar sekkin pl. skaken knife sivaz a tourism siyy? a pl. -t sin, transgression sekken v.t. 1. to calm or quiet down (baby, siyyaf pl. -a headsman (executioner) turbulent water, etc.) 2. to put up, to lodge siyyala pl. -t tattooed spot or mark on a (s.o.) sekker v.t. 1. to get (s.o.) drunk 2. to drug, woman's chin siyyas pl. -a (horse) trainer to narcotize (less common) siyyasa 1. politics, political science 2. diplosokkor same as sokkar macy (international) sekket v.t. to calm or quiet down (s.o.) siyvasi pl. -ven 1. political 2. diplomatic (in sekkum asparagus dealing with others) 3. (n.) politician sekkuti pl. -yen quiet, taciturn siyyeb v.t. 1. to throw, to toss, to cast 2. to ** duz Eăl l-wad l-herhuri la-dduz Eăl throw away or out 3. to drop, to let fall s-sekkuti. see sakuti 4. to leave, to abandon 5. to neglect, to not sekkež 1. v.i. to become jammed or stuck take care of (door, lock) 2. v.t. to abash, to nonplus siyyed v.t. to cause to be considered important, a "somebody" (e.g., money, fame) sken v.i. 1. (v.n. sukun) to become calm or we-!lah-ila le-flus siyydu. Money has really quiet (baby, water, etc.) 2. (v.n. sokna) to made him a somebody. live, to dwell, to reside siyyed pl. sadat 1. master, lord 2. (with art. ¶ a.p. saken pl. sokkan inhabitant or first person pron. ending) mister 3. gen-¶ p.p. meskun pl. -in 1. haunted (spirits, tleman, man 4. saint 5. tomb of a saint devils) 2. possessed (as by the devil)

sokna 1. v.n. of sken 2 2. dwelling, place to slit v.n. of slet live slix v.n. of slex sker v.i. (v.n. sekra) to get drunk, intoxicated esliza pl. of slaz sekra 1. n.i. and v.n. of sker 2. drunkenness slek v.i. (v.n. slik) 1. to save oneself, to ¶ drebha b-sekra to get drunk, intoxicated escape (from some danger) 2. to (finally) (deliberately) be sold or gotten rid of (old merchandise) sekran pl. -in drunk, intoxicated 3. to finish one's memorization of the Koran sokri pl. -yen light beige (Koranic school) seksu couscous selk pl. sluk 1. wire (fencing, electrical, etc.) sket iskot v.i. (v.n. skat) 1. to be or keep quiet, 2. cable (electrical) 3. wire spoke (wheel) selka, solka pl. -t, slaki n.i. of slek 3 to shut up 2. to stop (clock, watch, heart) ¶ a.p. saket pl. -in quiet, silent ¶ xerrež s-selka same as slek 3 sekta n.i. of sket sell v.t. (v.n. sellan) 1. to pick out or off, to ¶ drebha b-sekta to keep quiet, to shut up remove (as a fly from soup) 2. to take ¶ sekta qelbiya heart attack furtively, to sneak skubbi fibbing, tall tales, "fish stories" ¶ sell rasu men to exclude oneself from, sekwila pl. -t, skawel obsolescent term for to stay out of (some situation, etc.) medrasa sell, soll, marăd s-sell tuberculosis sla 1. Salé (city across the river from Rabat) slel pl. of sella sella v.t. 1. to entertain, to show a good time 2. mucus 3. placenta ¶ tqiyya gir s-sla to have the "dry to 2. to cheer up, to console heaves", to retch with an empty stomach sella pl. -t, slel (woven)basket sellak pl. -a savior (uncommon usage) slaf (pl.) ancestors sellal pl. -a same as slayli slag pl. of slugi slahem pl. of selham sellan v.n. of sell sellef v.t. 1. (l-) to lend (to), to loan (to) slaki pl. of selka slala 1. descent, lineage, line huwa men slalet 2. (men) to borrow (from) muzămmed. He's of Mohammed's lineage. sellek v.t. 1. to save, to rescue 2. to liberate, to 2. heredity (usually somewhat adj.) dak free 3. to bring some profit to (s.o.) (upon l-merd fihom slala. Among them that disselling s.th.) sellem v.t. 1. to deliver, to hand over 2. to ease is hereditary. slalem pl. of sellum transmit (s.th. to s.o.) 3. to convert to Islam slam 1. v.n. of sellem 2. greeting, salutation ¶ sellem f- to resign from (office) slama v.n. of slem 1 ¶ sellem $rasu^{\phi}$ to surrender, to give one-** be-s-slama! Good-by! -triq s-slama! ¶ sellem Ela to greet, to give regards to, Have a nice trip! - Ela slamtek! greeting for s.o. who has been away to say "hello" to slasel pl. of selsla (same as sensla) sellum pl. slalem ladder slawi pl. -yen of or from Salé ** huwa bzal s-sellum (or bzal sellum ¶ ger a slawiya kind of long, green baba rebbi). He's a long drink of water squash (i.e., very tall and thin). slayef pl. of slif sellez v.t. to arm, to equip with weapons slayli pl. -ya basket maker slem v.i. 1. (v.n. slama) to be safe (and slaz (sg. and coll.) pl. esliza arms, sound) 2. (v.n. ?islam) to be converted to weapons Islam, to embrace Islam sleb v.t. (v.n. selb) to steal (as from a drunk ¶a.p. salem, or salem ganem safe and or sleeping person, or by pickpocketing) sound xellaweh zetta ddah n-n zas u-selbu-lu sleq v.t. (v.n. sliq) 1. to boil (eggs, etc.) 2. to le-flus dyalu. They waited until he was scald asleep then stole his money. selq chard selsel same as sensel ** selbet-li ¿ăqli. She's stolen my heart. selb v.n. of sleb selsul same as sensul selba pl. -t lasso, lariat slet v.t. (v.n. slit) 1. to pick off or out, to remove (as a fly from soup) 2. to take furselham pl. slahem kind of overrobe with a hood and no sleeves tively, to sneak slif pl. slayef husband of the wife's sister slugi pl. slag greyhound slik v.n. of slek slugiya pl. -t f. of slugi sluk pl. of selk sliman same as šliman

slu pl. of sel a

slig v.n. of sleg

us something! 3. to insult semmă &-li l-žedd slex v.t. (v.n. slix) to skin (animal) Islex b-le-Esa to "skin" alive (as in u-t-tayfa. He insulted my whole family. punishing a child) smen comp. of smin sel a pl. -t, slu (pl. rare) merchandise, smen pl. smuna salted butter (actually about goods the same as American store-bought butter, sem, sm pl. asami, ?esma? name smek? as opposed to freshly made salt-free butter) (What's) your name? ¶ smen bu-dra & kind of aged butter ** be-sme-llah! In the name of God! smeg kind of black ink used in Koranic (said in beginning some activity, i.e., Let's schools ¶ smeq d-le-wden earwax, cerumen begin! Let's get started!) sma pl. -wat (pl. rare) sky smer Ela (v.n. smir) to wait for, to lie in esmae pl. of sem, sm wait for smer f, semra pl. sumer brown-skinned, tan sman v.i. to become fat(ter), to gain weight sman pl. of smin (either naturally or from sun) smasriya, smasriya pl. of semsar semsar pl. -a, smasriya, smasriya real estate smat pl. smayet 1. diaper 2. swaddling cloth agent or broker or cover semser v.t. 1. to separate from the bone, to smați pl. of semța (same as șemța) cut away from the bone (meat) 2. to pick smawat pl. of sma (s.o.) clean, to get all the money of (s.o.) smawi pl. -yen 1. heavenly, celestial 2. sky away from him (gambling, robbing, etc.) 3. to divest or rob (s.o.) of his clothes smayet pl. of smat semta same as semta smaza v.n. of smez smum pl. of semm smid, smida semolina smuna pl. of smen smimen pl. -in dim. of smin sme= l - (v.n. sma = a) 1.to excuse, to pardon, smin pl. sman (comp. smen) fat (person, to allow (common courteous usage) 2. to forgive, to pardon animal) ¶ dim. smimen nice and fat ¶ sme \subset f-1. to abandon, to forsake (s.o., smir v.n. of smer doing s.th., etc.) 2. to give up on (s.o., smiya pl. -t 1. name smiytek? (What's) your name? 2. ceremony in which a child is sme comp. of smiz smae v.t. (v.n. smie, seme) 1. to hear 2. to smiyat pl. of smiya and @ism, ism listen to smiz pl. -in (comp. smez) tolerant, forgiving ¶ sma klam (plus n. or pron.) to obey, smi 2 1. v.n. of sma 2 2. pl. -in (no comp.) to do as one says sma & klami! Do as I say! obedient semと v.n. of smăと ¶ smi& muți& obedient, submissive ** Eănd s-sem Eu-ț-ța Ea, sem Eăn semm pl. smum 1. poison 2. venom wa-ta atăn. expr. of willing obedience to semma 1. v.t. to name, to call as s.o's wishes ka-tsemmiweh? What do you call it? sna isni v.t. to irrigate (garden, etc.) —dzad Eăndhom wliyyed, ma-zal sna pl. sinin, snin year, period of a year ma-Eărfu šnu gad-isemmiweh. They had a snadef pl. of sendaf baby boy, but they still don't know what snader pl. of sendura they're going to name him. 2. v.t. to title snan pl. of senna (book, etc.) 3. v.t. to name, to appoint 4. v.i. snasel pl. of sensla and sensul to say the expr. be-sme-llah (see sem) snater pl. of snitra ** aš semmak !!ah? What's your name? snaz (sg.) arms, weapons semman pl. -a one who sells salted (presenbel (coll.) kind of hyacinth served) butter sendaf pl. snadef busybody, shameless semma E pl. -in 1. capable of being heard meddler from a distance 2. ag. adj. of semmă sendef v.i. to be a busybody, meddler semmem v.t. to poison sendura pl. -t, snader bucktooth ¶ p.p. mesmum pl. -in belligerent and snin pl. of sana, sna, and Eam vindictive snitra pl. -t, snater mandolin semmen v.t. to fatten (up) (s.o., animal) senn (not very much used) age š al semmet v.t. 1. to wrap or bundle up (child) f-sennek? What's your age? 2. to cinch (horse) senna pl. -t, snan, sennin any of the four semmă v.t. 1. to let or cause to hear 2. to front upper or four front lower teeth sing (s.th.) for semmä na ši-zaža! Sing senned v.t. to rest, to lean senned-lu rașu b-le-mxedda! Lean his head on the pillow!
—sennedt le-mkozla čăl l-zăyt. I leaned
the rifle against the wall.

sennin pl. of senna

sensel v.t. 1. to fasten or bind with a chain mea-š senselti l-kelb? What did you chain the dog to? 2. to dislocate (joint)

sensla pl. -t, snasel (link) chain

sensul pl. snasel vertebral or spinal column sentrež same as šentrež

sqa isqi v.t. (v.n. sqi, seqyan) 1. to (go) get, to fetch (water, as from a well) 2. to give (s.o.) to drink 3. to water, to irrigate 4. to cover, bathe or plate (with gold, silver)

¶ sqa l- to furnish or supply (s.o.) with (water, etc.) l-gerrab huwa lli ka-isqi-lna l-ma. The water carrier is the one who supplies us with water.

sqaqi pl. of seqqaya

sqaqet pl. of seggata

sqat pl. of sqit

sqata v.n. of tsegget

sqayet pl. of sqita

sqayti pl. -ya one who buys old things, refurbishes them, and resells them

sqef pl. squfa 1. ceiling (room, etc.) 2. roof (house)

sqi v.n. of sqa

sqit pl. -in, sqat unable to resist one's desires (usually eating)

sqita pl. sqayet portion of body including the upper leg and rump, and sometimes a part of the side (usually a butcher's term, but may refer to a person)

seqqa same as segga

seggat pl. -a ag. n. of tsegget

seqqata pl. sqaqet stick with a hooked or claw-like end used in shaking fruit (e.g., walnuts, olives) from the tree

seqqaya pl. -t, sqaqi kind of fountain where people may fill containers with water

seggef v.t. to roof (house)

seqqem v.t. 1. to do, to be engaged in 2. to make (meal, bed, cabinet, etc.) 3. to straighten (s.th. crooked, bent) 4. to fix, to repair

¶p.p. mseqqem very well, perfectly, to perfection ka-yă mel dima š-šgol dyalu mseqqem. He always does his work to perfection.

seqqet v.t. 1. to make fall, to knock down (from a high place, as fruit from a tree)
2. to fail (s.o., in an exam or subject) 3. to get done, to finish men s-sbaz meskin u-huwa ka-ixdem yallah seqqet žuž

d-le-fradi. The poor guy's been working since morning and he's only got two pairs done.

seqsa v.t. 1. to ask or inquire of (s.o.) 2. to interrogate

sqet v.i. (v.n. suqut) 1. to fall off or out of (as from a high place) 2. to fail (in an exam or subject) 3. to miscarry (woman) 4. to become paralyzed

** sqet lunu. He's become pale and wan.
--sqet men Eayn s-seltan. He's fallen into
disfavor.

squfa pl. of sqef

seqyan v.n. of sqa

sra isri v.i. (v.n. seryan) to spread (spot, spilled water, disease, etc.)

** Ead sra meah le-dit. It's finally sinking in (i.e., he's finally beginning to understand).—sra meah d-dwa. The medicine is beginning to take effect.

srab mirage srabes pl. of serbis

srar pl. of serr

srareb pl. of serraba

sraref pl. of serrifa

sraser pl. of sersar

srawel pl. of serwal srayer pl. of srir

srayri pl. -ya maker of beds (i.e. srir)

srayež pl. of sriža sražem pl. of seržem

sraz freedom, liberty (as a result of being freed)

** tleq ||lah sraz kom. You're free to go. serba 1. v.t. to serve (food) 2. v.t. to wait on, to attend (s.o.) 3. v.i. (often reflexive with rasu⁶) to hurry up

serbay pl. -a waiter (as in a restaurant)
serbis pl. srabes line, file, queue (as in waiting for tickets)

¶ Emel (or qbed) s-serbis to form a line, to get in line (waiting)

serbisa beer

sred v.i. (v.n. srid) to get wet, damp, humid serdil, serdin n.u. -a sardine

serģina rue (plant)

srid v.n. of sred

sriksi pl. -yat (pair of) men's leather slippers srim v.n. of srem

srig, sriga v.n. of sreg

srir pl. srayer 1. scaffolding 2. bed (sleeping)
sriža pl. -t, srayež saddle (especially for
mules)

srie pl. -in (comp. srae) 1. fast, rapid 2. prompt, quick (s.o., in doing s.th.)

srem v.t. (v.n. srim) to take off, to remove
 (clothes)

srenbeq, srembeq n.u. -a mussel

sreq v.t. (v.n. sriq, sriqa) 1. to steal (s.th.)
2. to rob, to steal from (s.o.)

¶ sreq t-triq to take a short cut (e.g. in walking)

140 serqa ** sergetni t-triq. I lost my way. I took a star eg same as stahel wrong road. stated in stated be-llah, to call for God's T a.p. sareq pl. sorraq thief, robber forgiveness or protection, e.g. after uttering serga pl. -t n.i. of sreq a fault in prayer or hearing a blasphemy ¶ be-s-serga furtively, without anyone knowing serr pl. srar 1. secret (n.) 2. charm, attractiveness ¶ be-s-serr 1. in secret, secretly 2. in a very low voice (usually in praying) serraba pl. -t, srareb track, trail (as in tracking water or mud into a house) serraq pl. -a thief, robber serraga pl. -t 1. f. of serrag 2. dropper, syringe 3. hypodermic syringe sorraq pl. of sareq (a.p. of sreq) serraž pl. -a saddler sorraz pl. of sarez (a.p. of srez) serred v.t. 1. to get wet, to wet, to dampen 2. to humidify serri pl. -yen secret (adj.) serrifa pl. -t, sraref noose, running knot, slip knot serrež v.t. to saddle (horse, etc.) serrez v.t. 1. to free, to liberate 2. to permit, to authorize 3. to lay or spread out (a rug, map, etc.) ¶ serrez $\xi \check{a}ynu^{\phi}$ (f-) to look closely (at), to "open one's eyes" (and look at) sersar pl. sraser bell (as in a telephone, doorbell, clock, etc.) serser v.t. and v.i. to ring (bell) sertel v.t. to insert, to thread (thread through a needle) sruž pl. of serž serwal pl. srawel (pair of) pants, trousers seryan v.n. of sra serž pl. sruž saddle (horse, bicycle) seržem pl. sražem window srez (v.n. serza) 1. v.i. to graze (cattle, etc.) 2. v.t. to graze, to put(out) to pasture ¶a.p. sarez pl. serraz, sorraz one who tends grazing livestock serza n.i. and v.n. of srez sră & comp. of sri & sor & a speed, velocity, rapidity Pesses v.t. to found, to establish, to institute staden v.i. to ask permission staget b- to ask the help of (s.o.; for serious or dangerous situations)

stanef v.t. to resume, to go on with

behaved

stagem v.i. (v.n. stigama) 1. to become

staten b- to make use of, to help oneself (out) with (s.th.) stae en be-l-flus lli dzadu-lu fe-l-? užra dyalu u-šra dar ždida. He made use of the raise in salary they gave him to buy a new house. stebrek b- to gain a (vicarious) blessing from (s.o. who has been to Mecca, or s.th. considered holy) ste?den same as staden sted a isted i v.t. 1, to invite 2, to summon 3. to subpoena stgell v.t. (v.n. stiglal) 1. to take advantage of (opportunity) 2. to exploit (resources, people, etc.) stegreb (men) v.i. to be surprised (at), to be astonished (by) stehza b- to ridicule, to mock stid & a pl. - at 1. invitation 2. summons 3. subpoena stiglal v.n. of stgell stinaf v.n. of stanef stintag v.n. of stenteg stiqama 1. v.n o.f staqem 2. uprightness, righteousness 3. good behavior stir v.n. of ster stitu f. stitwa pl. stitwin little, small (used primarily in northern Morocco) stiemal v.n. of staemel stenbet v.t. to invent, to devise ste?nef same as stanef stenfă & b- to make use of stenna same as tsenna stenteg v.t. (v.n. stintag) to interrogate, to question ster v.t. (v.n. stir) to hide, to cover, to conceal (nakedness, object, scandal, etc.) ** llah isetrek! God preserve you! (used in asking and thanking) ster preservation, protection (God's) sett, setta (former used with pl. of n. admitting du.) six settar used in the expr. ya zafid u-ya settar said as an invocation of God's protection settef v.t. to put in order, to arrange (objects) settin 1. sixty 2. sixtieth stexber Ela to inquire about (rather rare stahel v.t. to deserve, to merit, to be worthy of usage) stecla v.t. to enjoy or appreciate with pleasure straight, to straighten 2. to line up, to get stzăqq same as stahel in line 3. to straighten up, to reform oneself stersen v.t. to like, to approve of, to find good or acceptable ¶ a.p. mestaqem pl. -in 1. straight had l-xett ma-ši mestagem. This line isn't stez ya v.i. 1. to become embarrassed, ashamed 2. to be modest (as opposed to straight. 2. upright, righteous 3. wellboastful) 3. to be timid, shy

ness! -ma-ši sugek! None of your busi-I stezya men to become shy or embarness! -ma-Eăndi suq, or ma-Eăndi fih suq. rassed in the presence of (s.o.) stă der v.i. to excuse oneself (as from a I don't care one way or the other. meeting), to make excuses ma-žit-ši ¶ suq Eamm fair, exposition (usually l-l-xedma l-barez, la-bodda nestă Eder international) l-yum. I didn't come to work yesterday and sugan v.n. of sag today I have to make my excuses. suqi pl. -yen ready-made (clothing, etc.) stă Efa (men) to resign (from) suqut v.n. of sqet stă mel v.t. to use, to employ, to utilize susa pl. -t decayed or rotted area (tree, tooth, (s.th.) stă mer v.t. 1. to colonize 2. to occupy (as susan 1. v.n. of sas 2. n.u. -a lily troops) susdi gauze, muslin stă Ežeb same as t Eăžžeb suwwaq pl. -a 1. same as suwwag 2. one who stilaz pl. -at term, expression frequents the country markets either for stel, setla same as stel, setla buying or selling setrenz same as šentrez suwwaqi pl. -yen ordinary, common, run-ofsetwan same as setwan the-mill su? (no pl.) misfortune suwwas pl. -a ag. n. of sas ¶ su? l-7 ădd bad luck suwwasa pl. -t long pole or stick used in Im Earef (or ma Erift) s-su? bad comknocking fruits, nuts, etc., from trees pany, unsavory associations suwwek 1. v.t. to clean or treat with the bark sue al pl. e ase ila question so al men sue al of the walnut tree (teeth and gums) 2. v.i. Etawkom f-le-mtizan? How many questo use walnut bark for cleaning one's teeth tions did they ask you in the exam? suwwel v.t. to ask, to put a question to ¶ s z ab s-su? al angels charged with quessuwwes v.t. and v.i. to rot, to decay tioning those who have died (preceding sužud v.n. of sžed judgment) sužun v.n. of sžen subu & pl. -at, sba &, asba & seventh, seventh suEada pl. of saEid swa iswa to be worth, to cost l-lisans part sud pl. of swed fe-l-megrib ka-iswa tmanin frenk l-litru. suda 1. f. of swed 2. washing soda In Morocco gasoline costs eighty francs a sudan (with art.) Sudan sudani pl. -yen (adj. and n.) Sudanese swa . . . swa (second swa often omitted) sudin pl. of swed whether . . . or swa glesna l-qoddam swa sudud pl. of sedd !-!ur, bzal bzal. It makes no difference sudus pl. -at, sdas, ?asdas sixth, sixth part whether we sit in front or in back. sufaha pl. of safih, sfih swagi pl. of sagya (same as sagya) sufun pl, of sfina swak bark of the walnut tree (used in cleansuger v.t. 1. to insure (car, house, etc.) 2. to ing teeth) register (mail) swalef pl. of salef sukri same as sokri swani pl. of sanya sukun 1. v.n. of sken 1 2. quiet, tranquillity swaq pl. of suq 3. diacritic indicating lack of vowelling swaqi pl. of saqya (Arabic script) swaqet pl. of saqta sulu, suluw 1. distraction, diversion (from swari pl. of sarya boredom) 2. lack of care and worry swaret pl. of sarut Eayša gir f-sulu. She lives a carefree life. swarež pl. of sariž sum (no pl.) price, cost swayni pl. -a gardener (in charge of the ¶ sum-aš at what price or cost sanya) sumer pl. of smer swaye & pl. of sa & a sunan pl. of sunna swazel pl. of sazil swed f. suda pl. sud, sudin black (things, sunna pl. sunan tradition or teaching of the Prophet Mohammed (often regarded as people) valid as Koranic law), orthodox Islam swihel dim. of sahel swiga pl. -t kind of market dealing primarily sunni pl. -yen of or pertaining to sunna, orthodox Muslim in foodstuffs

swirti 1. luck, good fortune 2. luck, chance

having games for winning prizes, etc.

** swirti! Maybe! Could be!

3. lottery, raffle 4. pl. -yat amusement park

suq pl. swaq 1. market, marketplace (usually

open-air) 2. section of city where one par-

ticular sort of product is made and/or sold

** dxel sug rasek! Mind your own busi-

-swirti u-zher. Well, that's the way it sexxer v.t. to commission, to give an errand goes. That's life. to (s.o.) swita pl. -t (dim. of sata) a little while. ¶ llah isexxer . . . good luck . . . !lah a moment (or two) isexxer-lek f-had l-biča u-š-šerva. Good sxa isxa b- (v.n. sxi) to want to give up or luck in your business deal. abandon (usually used with ma- in its opsexxet (Ela) v.i. to utter insults and curses posite meaning) ma-sxa-š be-bladu. He (against) didn't want to leave his country. svad pl. of sid -ma-sxa-š biha (or ifregha). He didn't svasa used in be-s-svasa slowly, easily want to be separated from her. syaž (no pl.) enclosure, enclosing fence, I men s-sbaz u-huwa gales, Ead sxa hedge, or line of trees (around a field) ixrož. He finally left after sitting around svef pl. of sifa here since morning. -bz al le-Esel seyl same as sil ma-tesxa-š mennu (or bih). You're really syuf pl. of sif and sifa going to like him. svul pl. of sil sxan pl. of sxun svur pl. of sir sxana pl. (of intensity) sxayen 1. heat, soyyab pl. of sayeb (a.p. of sab) warmth 2, fever žatu s-sxana. He's got a soyyal pl. of sa?il fever. soyyar pl. of saver (a.p. of sar) sxari pl. of sexra, soxra sžed v.i. (v.n. sužud) to prostrate oneself (in sxawa generosity, largess praver) sxaven pl. of sxana and sxina sežda pl. -t n.i. of sžed sxef v.i. (v.n. sexfa) 1. to become exhausted sžin v.n. of sžen (physically) b-quwt ž-žri sxef. He's exsžen v.t. (v.n. sžin. sužun) 1. to close in, to hausted from running. 2. to faint, to pass keep in (person, chickens, etc.) 2. to imout (from weakness, exhaustion) prison, to lock up sexfa 1. v.n. of sxef 2. exhaustion (from exer-¶ p.p. mesžun adj. pl. -in n.pl. msažen tion) 3. unconsciousness, fainting spell. prisoner faint Eli dima ka-tgebtu s-sexfa mnin sžen pl. sžun prison ka-išuf d-demm. Ali always faints when sežna pl. -t coop, hut (chickens, rabbits, he sees blood. pigeons, etc.) sexfan pl. -in 1. exhausted (from exertion) sžun pl. of sžen sežžada pl. -t praver rug 2. faint, dizzy 3. unconscious, fainted (passed) out sežžel v.t. 1. to register, to have recorded sxi 1. v.n. of sxa 2. pl. -yen generous, open-(name, documents, etc.) 2. to record, to note, to keep a record of (minutes, etc.) sxina pl. sxayen kind of Jewish stew eaten on 3. to record (music, etc.) sza isza (v.n. szu) to clear up (sky, Saturdays sxir v.n. of sxer weather) st ab v.t. or v.i. to seem (often used in the sxit v.n. of sxet perfect as "think") szabni (or szab-li) sxen isxon v.i. (v.n. sxuniya) to get warm or žiti l-barez. I thought you came yesterday. hot sxen comp. of sxun s ab n.u. -a cloud sxer v.i. (v.n. sxir) to turn out well, to be st ag powdered charcoal or carbon (i.e., the successful sxer-lu hadak l-mešru . That powder which comes from larger chunks) project turned out well for him. st ari pl. of set ra szasez (no sing.) dim sziszat lies, trickery sexra, soxra pl. -t sxari 1. commission, errand 2. salary, pay 3. tip, gratuity had š-ši ģir kdub u-szasez. That's just sxet Ela (v.n. sxit) same as sexxet Ela lies and trickery. sext 1. curse, malediction 2. catastrophe, disszăb same as szab (v.) aster sziq v.n. of szeq I sext llah enormous, huge, monstrous szir v.n. of szer had r-rtila sext !lah! This spider is enorsz en pl. sz una mosque courtyard szeg v.t. (v.n. szig) 1. to powder, to pulversxun pl. -in, sxan (comp. sxen) 1. hot, warm ize 2. to crumble, to make into crumbs (as 2. hottest room of the public bath bread) 3. to annihilate, to exterminate

sxuniva 1. v.n. of sxen 2. heat, warmth

sexxen v.t. to warm (up), to heat (up)

make or cause to be faint

sexxef v.t. 1. to fatigue, to exhaust (s.o.) 2. to

** ž-žu č s eq-li žufi. I'm starving (i.e., very hungry).

s er v.t. (v.n. s ir) to bewitch, to enchant, to put under a spell (person)

¶szer Ela same as szer (things and animals)

sec sec Ela 1. to try to persuade (s.o.)
2. to fib to, to lie to (s.o.)

szu 1. v.n. of sza 2. fair or clear weather szuna pl. of szen

scur 1. sorcery, magic (including prestidigitation, etc.) 2. fascination, enchantment (i.e., through spells, etc.)

sec ar pl. -a magician, sorcerer (including prestidigitators, etc.)

sezzeb v.i. to get cloudy or overcast

s & a is & a v.i. (v.n. s & aya) to beg (beggar)

¶ a.p. sa & i pl. so & yan beggar

s & ad pl. of s & id (same as sa & id)

s Eaya v.n. of s Ea

sčad v.i. (v.n. sačada) to be (or become) happy

** !!ah isčăd sbazek, msak! Good morn-

ing, evening!

¶ p.p.mes \(ud \) used in the expr.

** mbarek mes Eud! congratulations! (said to s.o. who gains possession of s.th. new) —mbarek mes Eud s-siyara ž-ždida! Congratulations on the new car!

seăd comp. of seid, saeid

s id pl. s ad same as sa id

sEil v.n. of sEăl

s \(\tilde{a} \) v.i. (v.n. s \(\tilde{c} \) il) to cough (person) so \(\tilde{l} \) a, se \(\tilde{l} \) a 1. n.i. of s \(\tilde{a} \) il 2. coughing,

cough

se ar same as se ar se ar official price, se ar official price,

so Eyan pl. of sa Ei (a.p. of s Ea)

să E čăd v.t. to make happy

să Eăr v.t. to price (officially), to put an official price on (government authority)

5

sab isib v.t. (v.n. siban) 1. to find fayn sebti le-ktab? Where did you find the book? 2. to run across or into, to come across or upon (s.o., s.th.) 3. to meet iwa nsibek gedda f-bab l-banka. Then I'll meet you tomorrow in front of the bank.

Isabet l-musiba to happen (s.th. bad or unfortunate) to sabettu meskin wazed l-musiba kbira. He's had a terrible misfortune.

saba 1. pl. -t good harvest, crop 2. pl. -t, syeb kind of covered street or alley, sometimes dead-end

sabi, sabiy pl. sebyan, f. sabiya pl. -t child, little kid

sabra 1. aloe(s) 2. kind of artificial silk sabun n.u. -a soap, or similar substance for washing

¶ sabun beldi kind of soft soap (used primarily in washing clothes)

¶ sabuna (n.u.) de-r-riza (cake of) perfumed or scented toilet soap

sadaqa pl. -t alms, charity

sadef v.t. to run or come across by chance, to chance upon (s.o., s.th.)

sadiq same as sdiq

sadeq v.t. to tell the truth to, to be sincere with

sadeq a.p. of sdeq

safef, saff v.t. to put or arrange in a line or file, to line up

safi a.p. of sfa

safer v.i. 1. to travel, to journey 2. to leave or go on a trip or voyage

safăr 1. pl. Pasfar trip, voyage, journey

2. second month of the Muslim lunar calendar

safet isifet same as sifet

safez v.t. to shake the hand of (s.o., in greeting)

şag işug v.t. (v.n. sugan) 1. to drive, to operate (vehicle) 2. to drive, to herd (livestock)

şag pl. sigan 1. calf (leg) 2. trunk (tree) şaġ isuġ v.t. (v.n. syaġa) to make into jewelry (precious metal)

saka pl. -t tobacco shop

¶ mul s-saka tobacconist

sal isul v.i. (v.n. sewla) to be strong, powerful, mighty

** baqi ka-isul w-igul. Don't count him out yet (i.e., he's still got plenty of fight or potential).

sala pl. -t, syel 1. living room 2. large room (usually on the upper floor of a house)

salat same as sla

salawat pl. of sla

salib pl. solbaw cross, crucifix

salic pl. -in 1. saint 2. sanctuary 3. saintly salec v.t. to bring back harmony, to reconcile (persons)

salez a.p. of slez

şam isum v.i. (v.n. şum, şyam) 1. to fast (usually entails sexual and other abstinences) 2. not to eat (voluntarily or as result of famine, etc.)

san isun v.t. (v.n. sun, syana) to protect, to safeguard (honor, reputation; not greatly used)

2. v.i. to serve (up) food, to portion out sanam pl. gasnam, gesnam, snam idol, graven food (at the table) 3. v.i. to fall (rain, image waterfall) sane & a.p. of sna & saq same as saq ** sebb! scat! (to cat) sebbab 1. pl. -in ag. adi, of sebb 2. waterfall sagta same sagta sar isir 1. to become (not too common usage) sebbag pl. -a 1. painter (houses, etc.) 2. dyer, 2. to start, to begin (doing s.th.) gir sem Eu tinter (cloth, etc.) le-fqi daxel saru iqraw. As soon as they sebban v.n. of sebb sebbana pl. -t laundry woman, washer woman heard the teacher come in they started sebbar pl, -in ag, adi, of sber studying. ** sar daba ka-nekdeb! So, now I'm a sebbat pl. sbabet pair of shoes (usually leather: one shoe, ferda de-s-sebbat) liar, am I! ¶ sar men to become of šnu sar mennu? sebba &a, sebba &iya pl. -t glove, mitten sebben 1. v.t. to wash, to launder 2. v.i. to What ever became of him? do the wash or the laundry saraza frankness, candidness sat isut v.i. to blow (wind, with mouth) ila sebber v.t. 1. to get or attempt to get (s.o.) to bgiti dik n-nar tezher, sut Eliha! If you be patient 2. to comfort, to console want that fire to get going, blow on it! sebbez v.t. to cause to be, to make (the following morning) l-la & de-l-bare fe-l-lil ** sat fih b-wazed d-derba l-wežhu. He gave him a punch in the nose. sebber ni mrid. The game last night made me sick this morning. sat imp, rascal, scoundrel (somewhat affec-** llah isebbzek Ela xir! Good night! tionate) ** bga Elih s-sat mmat z etta žabu safi. -sebbez na čăl llah. same as s-sbaz l-llah (see sbaz) -rah sebbez! It's time for He beat on him and beat on him until he laid him out flat. the morning prayer! (used often simply as a time reference) saweb same as suwweb ¶ sebbez Ela 1. to give a morning greetsayer pl. swayer expenses, what is spent saz isiz v.i. (v.n. syaz) 1. to cry, to wail ing to (s.o.) 2. to start the day off with or by (drinking, shouting, etc.) dima (baby, mourner, etc.) 2. to howl (dog, ka-isebbez čăl š-šrab. He always starts wolf) the day off by drinking. sazabi pl. suzaba disciple (of the Prophet sbeg v.t. (v.n. sbig) 1. to paint (houses, etc.) Mohammed) sazeb v.t. 1. to associate with, to become 2. to dye, to tint friendly with 2. to accompany (s.o., as on a ¶ sbeg (s.th.) l- (s.o.) to switch (s.th.) trip) on (s.o.; usually in selling) sebģu-li sazeb pl. szab, f. sazba pl. -t, szabat s-sebbat. They switched shoes on me (i.e., 1. friend, (an) intimate 2. companion (i.e., gave me an inferior item). one who accompanies) 3. partner (as in a sbig v.n. of sbeg card game) 4. accomplice 5. partisan folsbitar pl. -at hospital, dispensary lower (in same cause) 6. lover (illicit) sbelyuni, sbenyuli adj. pl. -yen n.pl. sbenyul 7. owner, proprietor 1. Spanish (n.sg. Spaniard) 2. (f.) Spanish ¶ sazeb dčăwti 1. (my) opponent (in a language lawsuit) 2. enemy (personal) sbenyul n.pl. of sbenyuli ¶ sazeb n-nešwa one addicted to insber v.i. (v.n. sber) 1. to be patient 2. to be toxicating or narcotizing habits (drinking, tolerant, forbearing 3. to wait, to hold on dope, etc.) 4. to be resigned, to accept things as they sae pl. siean dry measure approximately are 5. to control oneself (emotions and feelequal to a bushel ings) 6. to last, to wear (shirt, shoes, etc.) sbabet pl. of sebbat sbabti pl. -ya shoemaker ¶ sber Ela 1. to tolerate, to stand (one's sbaga 1. paint (not artist's) 2. dye, tint actions, nature, etc.) 2. to give (more time) to (s.o.) sber Eliya wazed š-šher. Give sbanya Spain sbaz pl. -at morning me another month. ** sbazek! or sbaz l-xir! Good mornsber v.n. of sber ing! -s-sbaz l-llah! said when one is ¶ fih ϕ s-sber to be patient \neq

irked by s.th. s.o. does (only in the morning)

sba\[2] \text{pl. of } sb\[3] \\ \text{E} \\ \text{solution} \\ \text{solution}

—şbăz f-fas. He was in Fez this morning. (sky, water) 2. pure (gold, heart) 3. ex-He arrived in Fez in the morning. actly, perfectly (syntactically adjectival) ** kif sba ti? How are (were) you this l-keswa žatu safya. The suit fits him permorning? (e.g. to s.o. who has been sick) fectly. -sbaz s-sbaz (or l-zal). The dawn is ** safi! At last it's over, done! That's breaking. enough! That's all! sbăz same as sbaz sfa comp. of safa (a.p. of sfa) sobz, sebz first daily prayer (early mornsfar v.i. 1. to yellow, to get or turn yellow 2. to pale, to get or become pale or pallid seb iya pl. -t early morning hours sfasef pl. of sefsaf sbă e pl. seb an, sba e digit (toe or finger) sfawa 1. purity (of gold, heart) 2. clearness, ** qta E-lhom sba Ehom. He swindled limpidness (water, sky) them. sfayez pl. of sfiz a ¶ sbă ≥ kbir thumb, big toe seff pl. sfuf 1. row, rank 2. line, file ¶ sbă & sgir little finger, little toe ¶ dar (or Emel) s-seff to form a line, to ¶ sbă & westi middle finger, middle toe line up seb an pl. of sba & ¶ šedd s-seff to get in line sda (m.) corrosion (metals) seffa v.t. 1. to purify, to filter (water) 2. to sdaf n.u. -a 1. button (clothing) 2. motherstrain (e.g. juices) 3. to refine (oil, metals) 4. to separate, to skim ≠ (milk from its of-pearl sdaq pl. -at 1. marriage certificate 2. dowry cream, soup from its oil, etc.) seffi had *¶dfăE ṣ-sḍaq* to give or pay a dowry le-mreq men z-zit. Separate this gravy from the oil (i.e., it's too oily). 5. to settle ¶ dreb s-sdaq to sign a marriage contract, to marry or get married legally (matter, business) 6. to finish, to end mnin tseffi šgalek, xlet Eliya. When you finish sda E noise, racket sedda v.t. and v.i. to corrode (metals) work, join me. seddeq v.t. 1. to give as charity, to donate ¶ seffa m a to kill (person, animal) 2. to believe, to accept as true or truthful seffar pl. -a coppersmith (s.o., s.th.) seffara pl. -t whistle (instrument or sound) ¶ seddeq Ela to give charity to seffaya pl. -t 1. filter (liquids) 2. strainer seddae v.t. to annoy with noise or chatter (juices) sedfa 1. chance, coincidence 2. pl. -t button seffef same as saff, safef (clothing) seffir see bu-seffar ¶ gir sedfa by chance, by coincidence seffeq v.i. to clap, to applaud sdim v.n. of sdem seffer 1. v.i. to whistle 2. v.t. to yellow, to sdig pl. asdiga, Pasdiga? friend make yellow sdem v.t. (v.n. sdim) to run over or down (as ¶xawi ka-iseffer completely deserted or a car) empty (room, house, etc.) seffez v.t. 1. to leaf through (as a book) 2. to sedma pl. -t shock, trauma (mental) sdeq v.i. 1. to be right, to guess right 2. to turn press into sheets (metal, etc.) 3. to shoe out well, to turn out to be good (usually (horse) 4. v.i. to die, to "kick the bucket" foods) 3. to find oneself, to end up (somesfeg v.i. (v.n. sfig) to tremble, to shiver where) (from cold, fear) ¶ a.p. sadeq pl. -in honest, trustworthy sefga pl. -t 1. n.i. of sfeg 2. chill, shiver sedq 1. truth 2. honesty, trustworthiness sfig v.n. of sfeg sder men to come from, to emanate from sfig v.n. of sfeq (same as sfeg) ** şder mennu wazed l-gaļāt kbir. He sfiza pl. -t, sfayez 1. horseshoe 2. tap (for shoes) 3. flat stone (for milling, manhole made a big mistake. sder same as sder covers) sedriva pl. -t 1. kind of jacket buttoned from sfeq same as sfeg the neck down 2. apron 3. bib sefqa same as sefga sdač same as sdač sfer 1. copper (metal) 2. copperware sfa isfa v.i. 1. to clear up (sky, water) 2. to 3. travel, traveling sfer f. sefra pl. sufer 1. yellow, yellowish be settled or cleared up (matter, business) ** qelbu sfa. He's lost all his rancor (for 2. pale, pallid s.o.). sefra pl. -t trip, journey

sferžel n.u. -a same as sferžel

setsaf n.u. -a pl. stasef poplar

sfuf pl, of seff

¶žab (s.o.) safi 1. to knock (s.o.) out cold

I a.p. safi pl. safyen (comp. sfa) 1. clear

2. to kill

```
siyyez v.i. 1. to scream, to cry out 2. to howl
stura, sturiya 1. yellowness, yellow 2. pale-
                                                    (dog, etc.)
  ness (skin, face)
                                                  siza pl. -t n.i. of saz
sef a pl. -t page (book, etc.)
squ Eiya bad luck, misfortune
                                                  siEan pl. of saE
                                                  esel same as easel
sqae pl. suge ill-fated, unfortunate (per-
                                                  sla isli v.t. to hit, to strike (with open hand,
sya isya l- to listen to, to take the advice of
                                                    whip, etc.)
                                                  sla (cons. slat) pl. slawat, salawat prayer
  (s.o.)
sgar v.i. 1. to get small(er), to shrink 2. to
                                                    (usually ritualistic)
                                                      ** s-sla Eăl n-nbi! Let's quit! I'm quit-
  become short(er) (in stature) 3. to get or
                                                    ting! (some activity). It's over. It's all over
  become young (er)
                                                    with.
sgar pl. of sgir
                                                  slab pl. of slib
segger v.t. 1. to make small (er), to shrink
  2. to shorten (physically) 3. to make
                                                  slaba 1. reckless courage or intrepidity, bold-
                                                    ness 2. insolence, impudence
  young(er), to make look young(er)
                                                  slaget pl. of selgut
sgir pl. sgar (dim. sgiwer, sgeyyer; comp.
                                                  slata pl. slayet undesirable or unjust situation
  sger) 1. little, small 2. young
                                                    or occurrence (e.g., a relative living off the
saiwer dim. of sair
                                                    family; also, applied to one who does this)
sger comp. of sgir
sgor, sger 1. youth, youthfulness 2. early
                                                  slaten pl. of seltan
  years, childhood 3. smallness 4. shortness
                                                  slawat pl. of sla
                                                  slayet pl. of slata
  (in stature)
                                                  slaz v.i. (v.n. slaz) to be usable or service-
shil v.n. of shel
                                                    able ma-slaz -li-š. I couldn't use it.
shir v.n. of sher
shel v.i. (v.n. shil) to neigh, to whinny
                                                  slat v.n. of slat and slet
                                                  solban pl. of salib
  (horse)
sher v.i. (v.n. shir) 1. to stay up (i.e., not
                                                  selgut pl. slaget coarse, ill-mannered bum
                                                     (wide epithetical usage)
  sleep) 2. to pass the evening or night
sehran pl. -in 1. up, awake (not asleep)
                                                  slib pl. slab recklessly intrepid or bold
                                                  sliz v.n. of slez
  2. staying up, sitting up (all or part of the
                                                  sella v.i. to pray
  night)
                                                      ¶ sella b- to lead in prayer
sib n.u. -a nit or egg of the louse
                                                       Isella Eăl n-nbi to say sella llah Elih
siban v.n. of sab
                                                    qua-sellem or llahom selli & ăl n-nbi after
sid v.n. of siyyed
                                                    mention of the Prophet Mohammed
sida catch, (caught) game, what is caught
                                                  selleb v.t. to crucify
  in hunting
                                                  sellet (Ela) to wish off (on), to burden or
sidq same as sedq
                                                    saddle (s.o.) with (s.th.) bba sellet Eliya
sif pl. syuf summer
                                                    xay. My father has saddled me with (e.g.,
sifa pl. -t, syef description (of s.o., s.th.)
                                                    the responsibility of watching) my brother.
sifi pl. -yen summer (adj.), summery, pertain-
                                                  selle v.t. 1. to repair, to fix 2. to use (to fix
  ing to summer
                                                    or mend) ġadi nselļez had s-sdafa
sifet v.t. to send (s.th., s.o.)
                                                    l-l-qamižža dyali. I'm going to use this
    ¶ sifet Ela (or mura) to send for (s.th.,
                                                    button for my shirt.
                                                  solta pl. suļat power, domination ma-čăndu
  s.o.)
                                                    solta Ela mratu. His wife does whatever
sigan pl. of sag
                                                    she wants (i.e., he has no power over her).
sikuk couscous served with buttermilk
siniya pl. swani (dim. swinya) metal tray
                                                  seltan pl. slaten sultan, king
  (primarily used for utensils used in making
                                                  selten v.t. to crown (s.o.)
                                                  seltna sultanate, kingship
    ¶ Emara de-s-siniya set of utensils, etc.,
                                                  sluziya baldness
                                                  selva pl. -t n.i. of sla
  used in making tea
siyyed v.t. (v.n. sid) 1. to hunt, to hunt for
                                                  slez v.t. (v.n. sliz, slaz, Pislaz) 1. to cor-
  (game) 2. to fish for (literal sense) 3. to
                                                    rect (exam, a delinquent, etc.) 2. to fix, to
  catch (fish, game)
                                                    repair 3. to iron, to press (clothes)
siyyer v.t. 1. to spend (money) šzal siyyerti
                                                       ¶ a.p. salez pl. -in saint
  Ela režlek lli kanet mrida? How much did
                                                       ** ma-Eăndi fih salza. I don't need it.
  you spend on your bad leg? 2. to separate
                                                       ¶p.p. mesluz pl. msalez iron (for pres-
  the dirt from (wheat, with a bu-siyyar)
                                                    sing clothes)
```

solz 1. reconciliation (between two persons) snay Ei pl. -va craftsman, artisan 2. peace (between countries) sendid pl. snaded (n. and adj.) brave, couraslae f. selea pl. sule bald (head) geous, heroic sel? a pl. -t bald head or pate sendug pl. snadeg 1. box (or similar object) smar (coll.) rush(es) 2. chest, trunk, footlocker 3. cash register smasriva pl. of semsar (same as semsar) 4. safe, strong box smati pl. of semta ¶ mul s-sendug cashier (bank) smayem (f.) forty-day period of hot weather senf pl. snaf kind, sort, type (usually of (from July 11 to August 21) foods) s-men senf had t-teffar hada? What smali pl. of seme a kind of apples are these? smek f. semka pl. sumek deaf (also, hard of snie v.n. of snăe hearing) sennara pl. -t, snaner (fish) hook semm 1. n.u. -a rock, stone (usually preceded sonna E pl. of sane E (a.p. of sna E) sensal kind of white clay used on writing by zăžra e.g. zăžra semma, etc.) 2. pl. smum, smuma rounded, smooth stone boards (Koranic school) semmar pl. -a shoeing smith, horseshoer, sențiza pl. -t, snațez 1. forehead (implies a strong or hard head) 2. audacity, effronfarrier semmek v.t. to deafen, to cause to become deaf terv. cheek ¶ fih^{ϕ} s-sențiza to be cheeky, (or hard of hearing) semmer v.t. to nail; to nail on, down, or up impertinent ≠ (door, box, etc.) !lah ixellik, semmer had sentrez same as šentrez snuber n.u. -a pine tree (also the wood) l-luza fe-l-zit. Please nail this board on the wall. snă v.t. (v.n. sni) to make, to manufacture (cars, washers, etc.) smer f. semra pl. sumer same as smer semra cold (of a clear night) ** aš-ka-teṣnă [? What are you doing, ** derbettu s-semra. He caught a cold anyway? (implies annovance) as a result of staying up under the sky of ¶ snă & le-klam to speak eloquently raftsman or ع pl. sonna و raftsman or a clear night) artisan semsar same as semsar semser v.i. to deal in real estate (as a sen a pl. -t, snaye 1. profession, job, craft 2. workmanship (quality) sen a mezyana broker) semsra 1. pl. of semsar (same as semsar) hadi! This is good workmanship! 3. skill, dexterity 4. ruse, artifice, clever trick 2. auction smet v.i. (v.n. smut, smutiya) 1. to quiet sqil v.n. of sqel down, to become silent 2. to get hard, to sqir v.n. of sqer sqel v.t. (v.n. sqil) 1. to polish, to shine, to solidify ¶ a.p. samet pl. -in 1. solid, firm 2. kind burnish (metal) 2. to hit, to strike, to slap seqla 1. polishing powder (for polishing of hard food made of raisins, sugar and spices metals) 2. pl. -t slap, blow (with the open hand) semt silence, taciturnity ¶ qta & s-semt to be quiet, to stop talking sqelli kind of golden or silver thread (em-(no impv. use) broidery) semta pl. -t, smați 1. belt (waist, machinery) seqqal adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of 2. razor strop şgel smukiya deafness seqqat same as seqqat smum, smuma pl. of semm 2 seggem same as seggem smut, smutiya v.n. of smet segget same as segget sem Ea pl. -t, sma Ei, sma E, swame E sqer v.i. (v.n. sqir) to be quiet, still (neither making noise nor moving) minaret pl. of şem کa ع segra pl. -t n.i. of sger snaded pl. of sendid ¶ drebha b-segra to keep quiet, to keep snadeq pl. of senduq mum snaf pl. of senf sqet, seqt same as sqet, seqt snam, eesnam pl. of sanam srarfi pl. -ya money-changer snan unpleasant odor from the armpit or sraser pl. of sersar mouth srayem pl. of srima snaner pl. of sennara sref v.t. (v.n. srif) to spend (money) snatez pl. of sentiza ¶ sref Ela to support (i.e., pay s.o's snaye E pl. of senEa subsistence)

to not count on hi setter Ela 7 med! Don't

¶ p.p. mesruf pl. msaref expense money

```
serf 1. change (money) 2. behavior or man-
                                                     count on Ahmed (to be here, e.g.).
    ner of dealing (with others) 3. pl. sruf
                                                   stula pl. of stel
    weight (as used in weighing on a balance)
                                                   stuza pl. of staz
  serfeq v.t. to slap, to strike (open-handed)
                                                   setwa power, influence
                                                   setwan pl. stawen vestibule, hallway (at the
  srima pl. -t, srayem bridle (horse)
  srir v.n. of serr
                                                     entrance of a house)
                                                   stăz pl. stuza (dim. stiyyez, stiza) flat roof
  srit v.n. of sret
  serr v.t. (v.n. srir) to tie or bundle up into a
                                                     (usually used as a terrace)
    knotted cloth (e.g., money in a handker-
                                                   subba pl. -t soup (usually with vegetables)
                                                   suf pl. swaf, swef wool
  srer pl. of serra
                                                   sufa pl. -t 1. same as suf 2. mold (as on old
                                                     bread)
  serra pl. -t, srer navel, umbilicus
  sorra pl. -t bag, pouch (as for money; in-
                                                   suft pl. -yen excessively religious
    cludes makeshift sacks, as one made of a
                                                   sufer pl. of ster
                                                   suga pl. -t n.i. of sag
    knotted handerchief, etc.)
  serraxa whooping cough fih s-serraxa. He
                                                   sugan v.n. of sag
                                                   ع pl. of sgă
    has the whooping cough.
  serred v.t. 1. to send serred had r-risalat
                                                   sula 1. power, strength (physical) 2. power,
    le-s-si azmed. Send these letters to Mr.
                                                     authority
    Ahmed. 2. to count, to enumerate serred
                                                   sulat pl. of solta
    t-tnaber, wagila xass wazed wella žuž.
                                                   suldi pl. swaled, swalda old coin minted with
    Count the stamps; there may be one or
                                                     a hole in the center
    two missing. 3. to review, to check d-dabit
                                                       ¶ pl. swaled money
    ka-iserred l-Eăsker qbel-ma ixeržu. The
                                                  sule & pl. of slae
    officer reviews the soldiers before they go
                                                   sum v.n. of sam
    out. 4. to pick over and clean (grains,
                                                   sumek pl. of smek
   kernels) serred l-ful u-š-š&ir u-ddihom
                                                   sumer pl. of smer (same as smer)
   le-t-taz una. Pick over and clean the beans
                                                   sun v.n. of san
    and the barley and take them to the mill.
                                                   sur pl. swar 1. wall (as around a yard, city),
 serref v.t. to change (money, e.g. five ones
                                                     rampart 2. trumpet
   for a five) serref-li had l-werga drahem!
                                                   sura pl. -t 1. picture, photograph 2. painting,
    Change this bill into dirhams!
                                                     picture (wall) 3. appearance, looks (face)
 serret v.t. 1. to review, to check, to go over
                                                     4. pl. -t, swar chapter of the Koran
    (again) 2. to review (troops)
                                                     5. flunky, puppet
                                                       ** ma-bqat fih gir ş-sura. He's gotten to
 sersar pl. sraser cricket (insect)
 serser v.i. to scream, to cry out (person)
                                                     be as thin as a shadow.
 sret v.t. (v.n. srit) to swallow whole
                                                   surdi pl. swarda same as suldi
 sruf pl. of serf 3
                                                   surra same as sorra
 seržem same as šeržem
                                                  sut pl. swat voice
 stab v.t. to enjoy (food, movie, swim, etc.)
                                                   suti pl. -yen crazy (non-literal usage)
      ¶ stab rasu^{\phi} to enjoy oneself, to have fun
                                                   suwwaf pl. -a, -in wool dealer
 starem pl. of stermiya
                                                  suwwag pl. -a driver, operator (car, carriage,
 stawem pl. of setwan
                                                     train, etc.)
 star same as star
                                                   suwwar pl. -a photographer
 stila dim. of setla
                                                   suwwara pl. -t camera (not movie)
י stiza dim. of stăz
                                                  suwweb v.t. 1. to make (meal, bed, chair, etc.)
 stel pl. stula 1. bucket, pail (metal) 2. dunce,
                                                     2. to make, to manufacture 3. to fix, to
   ignoramus
                                                     repair 4. to arrange, to put in order (as a
 sețla pl. -t (dim. stila) same as stel 1
                                                     messy room)
 stermiya pl. -t, starem 1. kind of throw-pillow
                                                       ¶ suwweb (s.th.) ma bin to settle (s.th.)
   or cushion 2. hassock
                                                     between, to reconcile (s.th.) between
 setta v.t. to drive crazy (literally and figura-
                                                  suwwef v.i. to get moldy
                                                  suwwem v.t. to make (s.o.) fast (in
 setter v.t. 1. to draw (a straight line) 2. to
                                                     Ramadan)
   line, to put lines on (sheet of paper) 3. to
                                                  suwwer v.t. 1. to draw, to paint (pictures)
   line up, to align (in single line)
                                                     2. to take a picture of, to photograph 3. to
      ¶ setter Ela 1. to cross out or off (as a
                                                     describe 4. to earn (money)
   name on a list) 2. to count out, to exclude,
                                                       ¶ suwwer f- €ăqlu¢ to imagine
```

tended to sticks) suzaba pl. of sazabi suEuba same as sEuba swab good manners, courtesy ** žiti fe-s-swab. You came just at the right time. swabni pl. -ya soap dealer swaf pl. of suf swaled, swalda pl. of suldi swame Epl. of sem Ea swani pl. of siniya swar pl. of sur and sura 4 swarda pl. of surdi (same as suldi) swat pl. of sut swayer pl. of sayer swef pl. of suf swinya dim. of siniya swira (with art.) Mogador swiri pl. -yen of or from swira sewla v.n. of sal sxer n.u. sexra pl. -t, sxur rock, boulder (too big to lift) sxet, sext same as sxet, sext sxur pl. of sxer sexxet same as sexxet syada same as sida syaga v.n. of sag syam v.n. of sam syana v.n. of san syaz v.n. of saz syeb pl. of saba 2 syef pl. of sifa syel pl. of sala syuf pl. of sif seyyad pl. -a 1. hunter 2. fisherman 3. Casanova, ladies' man seyyaġ pl. -a jeweller (i.e., makes jewelry) seyyaz pl. -in ag. adj. of saz $s \subset a$ is $\subset a$ v.i. (v.n. $s \subset u$) 1. to come to, to regain consciousness 2. to clear up (sky) 3. to sober up (from drunkenness) szab pl. of sazeb szabat f. pl. of sazeb szari pl. of sezra szaz v.i. to become strong (person) szaz pl. of sziz szăb same as sazeb ¶szăb mea to take with szăb meak le-bra! Take the letter with you! sezba, sozba friendship set fa pl. -t kind of large earthen dish used in preparing and kneading bread dough

suwwet v.t. 1. to whip, to lash, to flog (ex-

sziz pl. szaz 1. strong, powerful (person, animal) 2. strong, solid (chair, piece of wood, etc.) 3. healthy, in good health, fit 4. true (not a lie) 5. correct, right ** ma-Eăndi gir flus szaz. I don't have any change. sこにa dim. of seここa szen pl. szuna same as szen sezra pl. szari, szari 1. (barren) desert 2. (with art.) Sahara desert sezrawa n pl. of sezrawi serrawi adi. pl. -ven n pl. serrawa desert dweller st u v.n. of st a szuna pl. of szen (same as szen) szur 1. meal eaten during Ramadan before dawn 2. time of the meal in 1 during Ramadan sezz vi. 1. to get well, to recover 2. to become strong sezz 1. truth 2. strength (of wood, cloth, chair, etc.) ** be-s-sez ? Really? ¶ be-s-sezz is it true (that), really was be-s-sez jadı tsafer? Is it true you're going to take a trip? seכבa (dim. sziza) 1. health 2. strength (physical) ** b-settek! said to one who has just had a haircut, bath, or is wearing a new shirt, suit, etc. —llah yattık s-sezza! reply to b-sez ztek. sezzaf pl. -a pallbearer, bier bearer sezzaqiya pl. -t 1. colic, violent stomach ache 2. action of tripping s o. seてこez v.t. 1. to strengthen, to give strength to, to make strong(er) (s.o) 2. to verify, to get (s.th.) straight, to check 3. to correct (exam, paper, etc.) seab vi. 1. to get or become hard or difficult (s th.) 2. to become hard or strict (person) ibعs ab pl. of s ib ع خ غ s comp. of s $s \mathcal{E}_{1}b$ pl. -in, $s \mathcal{E}_{a}b$ (comp. $s \mathcal{E}_{a}b$) 1. hard, difficult (to do) had š-ši s Eib ittă Emel. This is hard to do. 2. hard, strict (person) rough, difficult (as a road) sčăr v.i. 1. to become rabid (dog, etc.) 2. to get furious (person) sčăr rabies, hydrophobia seuba pl. -t difficulty să čăb v.t. to make hard (er) or (more) difficult Š

š abbreviated form of aš and the ši of negation

ša, ša? used in the expr. 1. in ša !!ah God

willing 2. ma ša? llah. That's the way it goes. That's life.

ša pl. šyah (not too common usage) sheep

150

šagg a.p. of šegg šab išib v.i. 1. to grey, to get grey (hair) 2. to get old, to become aged (person) šagur pl. šwager hatchet ¶ a.p. šayeb pl. -in old and grey šar išir v.i. 1. to signal, to make a sign, to šabab pl. of šabb give a signal mnin nšir-lek aži! Come when šabb pl. šabab, šobban young man I give the signal. 2. to hint, to infer I šar l- to refer to, to mention šabba pl. -t young woman šara pl. -t target šobban pl. of šabb šabeh v.t. same as šbeh l-¶ dreb š-šara to target practice šabel n.u. -a (dim. šwibla) shad šareb a.p. of šreb šadd a.p. of šedd šareb pl. šwareb 1. lip (mouth) 2. rim, edge, šaf išuf (v.n. šufan, šuf) 1. v.t. to see kif lip (of a glass, bowl, etc.) 3. mustache bàitini nšufha f-had d-dlem? How do you (short) expect me to see it in this darkness? -bga šaref a.p. of šref šarāf 1. honor, esteem 2. state of being a išufek Ela wazed l-qadiya. He wants to see you about something. 2. v.i. to look descendant of the Prophet (i.e., šrif) šarga woolen serge (mostly impv. usage) šuf a hya! Hey, look! ** šuf zdak! Watch where you're going! šari a.p. of šra šarik same as šrik ¶ šaf f- to look at ** šuf fiya l-llah! Have pity on me! šarika pl. -t company, corporation šari ¿a law, jurisprudence (Islamic) ¶ $\check{s}af$ l- 1. to find (s.th.) for (s.o.), to look for (s.th.) for (s.o.) šuf-li ši-xedma, šarek v.t. to participate with, to join (s.o.) ¶ šarek f- to take part in, to participate in barek !lahu fik. Please find some work for šari e pl. šawari e avenue, boulevard me. 2. to tell the fortune of (s.o., as a foršašiya pl. šwaši 1. kind of conical hat with a tune teller) šafa v.t. to heal, to cure (subject is usually tassel 2. Jewish skull-cap šati pl. šatyen rainy (day, weather) God) šafaqa pity, compassion (for one's fellow šat išit v.i. to be left (over), to remain ¶*šat-lu*¢ to have left ≠ *šaţu-li le-flus* man) šahada 1. v.n. of šhed 2. profession of basic bezzaf. I have a lot of money left. Muslim faith (i.e., "there is no god but šawarie pl. of šarie God and Mohammed is His prophet") 3. pl. šawen city in northern Morocco šawni 1. pl. -yen of or pertaining to the city -t certificate, certification 4. diploma šahed 1. pl. šhud, šuhud witness 2. pl. šwahed of šawen 2. pl. -ya inhabitant of šawen index finger 3. pl. swahed tombstone šawniya pl. -t red pepper ¶ šahed ž-žur false witness (person) šawer v.t. (v.n. šwar) to consult, to consult šahiya appetite (food) šakešmir 1. cashmere (cloth) 2. pl. -at turban Tšawer Ela to announce (s.o. who has 3. pl. -at man's hat (felt) arrived to see s.o. else) šal išil v.t. to take or bring, to transport (by šaweš pl. šuwwaš kind of page or messenger (as between offices) carrying) šal pl. šilan 1. (neck) scarf 2. shawl šay 1. nothing, anything (with negative) šala Ela (v.n. šilan) to hit, to strike šalat ma-šeft šay. I didn't see anything. 2. em-Elih be-l-begrež. She hit him with the tea phatic form of negative particle (š, ši) ma-ža-šay. He didn't come (at all). kettle. šam (with art.) Syria ¶ šay llah expr. of respect used at the šami adj. pl. -yen n.pl. šwama Syrian mention of a saint šamex pl. -in 1. busy, bustling (as a market) šayatin pl. of šiţan šayeb a.p. of šab 2. old and wise (person) šan importance, significance (personal) šaye used in the names of the months šaye ma-& ăndu šan. He isn't very important Easur, saye mulud second and fourth months of the Muslim calendar (e.g., socially). ** ṛžā ८ aža u-šan. He's gotten to be šažara pl. -t family tree, genealogy somebody (i.e., important). šazet pl. -in 1. dry sqi l-werd, rah šazet. ¶ f-šan, Ela šan, or f-še?n, Ela še?n Water the roses; they're dry. - tini šriba, about, concerning rahom žtam u ba da Tălqi šazet. Give me a little drink, my Ela še?nek. They've already met together throat's dry. 2. stingy, miserly so al sacet! concerning you (i.e., your case or problem). ma-ixerrež le-frenk. How stingy he is! Not šanta pl. šwanet 1. bag, suitcase (travel) a franc gets away from him. 2. briefcase

šač išič v.i. to spread, to circulate (news)

šačir pl. šuč ara poet

šbab 1. youth, youthfulness 2. pl. šobban same as šabb

¶ r ăbb š-šbab acne, pimples

šbabek pl. of šebbak

šbaki pl. of šebka

šbar pl. of šber

šebb, šebba alum

šebbak pl. šbabek window (originally iron grillwork on a window)

šebbakiya (coll. and sg.) pl. -t kind of cake made with honey

šobban pl. of šabb and šbab 2

šebbeh v.t. 1. to take or mistake (s.o. for s.o. else) šebbehtini m a ši-wazed axor.

You've mistaken me for someone else. 2. to

compare

** šebbeh nebbeh. There's no comparison; they're not at all alike. —m a men šeftek šebbehtek. A man is known by the company

sebbek v.t. 1. to interlace (slats in a trellis, fingers, etc.) 2. to tangle, to get tangled up (thread, etc.) 3. to make decorative openings in (a piece of cloth, by removing the threads of the woof or the warp)

sebber v.t. to measure in or by spans of the

šebber v.t. 1. to hold (in the hands) 2. to grab onto, to grasp, to take hold of 3. to catch (s.th. thrown)

¶ šebber f- to get hold of, to hold onto (s.o., s.th.)

** !!ah išebber fik. May God preserve

šebba v.t. 1. to be enough for, to satisfy, to satiate (s.o.) had l-makla ma-tšebba ni-š. This isn't enough food for me. 2. to give a lot of (s.th.) to (s.o.) bba šebba ni flus l-Eam lli daz. My father gave me a lot of money last year. —šebba ha esa (or hrawa). He really beat her hard.

šbeh l- (v.n. šbih) to resemble, to look like

šbih v.n. of *šbeh*

šbiha resemblance, similarity

šbika dim. of šebka

šbit v.n. of šbet

šbiz v.n. of šbez

šbek pl. of šebka

šebka pl. -t, šbaki, šbek (dim. šbika) 1. net (fishing, hair, tennis, etc.) 2. kind of sieve (for gravel)

šber pl. šbar, šbura span (of the hand; used as a measure)

šebšub pl. šbašeb same as sebsub

šbet v.i. (v.n. šbit) to reach its hottest point (battle, war, fire, etc.)

¶ šbeț f- to flare up at (s.o.) (in anger) ¶ šbeț fih ϕ to catch \neq , to catch on \neq (fire) šebţet n-nar fe-d-dar. The house caught on fire.

šbubiya youth, adolescence

šbura pl. of šber

šbez v.t. (v.n. šbiz) to lay out, to knock flat (s.o., as with a blow)

šbăč 1. v.i. to become full or satisfied (with food) 2. v.t. to get or acquire a lot of (s.th.)

¶šbă men to get tired of, to get fed up with

šeb a 1. n.i. of šba 2. abundance 3. quality of being enough, sufficiency

šeb Ean pl. -in 1. full, satisfied (after eating)
2. used as a.p. of šbă E—šeb Ean

t-tumubilat. He has a lot of cars.

šdad pl. of šdid

šedd v.t. (v.n. šeddan) 1. to close šedd š-šeržem baš ma-idxol-š l-berd! Close the window so the cold won't come in! —šedd had l-metreb! Close this bottle! —šedd fommek! Shut your mouth! Shut up! 2. to button or zip up 3. (m a) to tie, to fasten (to) (shoes, s.th. to s.th.) 4. to hold, to hold onto šedd-lha yeddiha (or f-yeddiha)! Hold onto her hand! 5. to catch (s.th. thrown) 6. to catch, to apprehend (thief, etc.) 7. to take, to grab 8. to get, to obtain am luwwel šeddet š-šahada dyalha. She got her degree last year.

** iwa šedd rasek! Keep your wits about you and do a good job.

¶šedd f- to hold onto, to grab hold of ** šedd fe-lz ăytek! Watch it! Be careful (said to s.o. who has slipped and almost fallen) —kan ġad-imut ġir rebbi šedd fih. He's still alive only through the grace of God. —šedd fe-l-hedra (or f-le-z dit)

u-ma-bga-š itleq. He got to talking and wouldn't stop.

¶ šedd Ela 1. to keep (s.th., s.o.) away from šedd Eliya kelbek wella nqetlu! Keep your dog away from me or I'll kill him! 2. to lock up (s.o.) šedd Eliha fe-ḍ-ḍaṛ. He locked her (up) in the house.

¶ a.p. šadd pl. -in different, peculiar, unlike the general run of things or people šedd pl. šdud, šduda kind of brimless hat with a turban wrapped around it

šedda 1. n.i. of šedd 2. position of being faced with myriad problems, bind

šeddan v.n. of šedd

šdeg same as šdeg

šdid pl. -in, šdad 1. strong (person physically)

2. strict, hard (person) 3. intense (heat, cold, hatred, etc.) 4. skilled, expert (in some activity)

šdeq pl. šduq, šduqa 1. cheek (internal)
2. piece, morsel (bread)

** šz al fih de-š-šdeq! He's full of baloney! (i.e., doesn't know what he's talking about)

¶ dreb š-šdeq to "feed one's face"

¶ Eta (s.o.) be-š-šdeq to make a sound similar to a "raspberry" at (s.o.; actually a bilabial trill; used to indicate one's incredulity in what s.o. says)

šdud, šduda pl. of šedd

šduq, šduqa pl. of šdeq

šfaq pl. of šfiq

šfar pl. of šfer

šfari pl. of šefra

šfayef pl. of šeffa

šeffa v.t. to cause or make (s.o.) feel pity sez tu ka-tšeffini. The condition of his health makes me feel sorry for him.

šeffa pl. -t, šfayef lip (of the mouth)

šeffar pl. -a thief, robber, anyone who steals or robs

šeffer v.t. 1. to steal (s.th.) šeffru-lha le-flus kollhom. They stole all her money. 2. to cut into strips (leather, in leathercraft) 3. to trim (edge of a sole of an unfinished shoe) šeffă v.i. to say the optional prayer called š-šfă v.i. or š-šfa v.

šfiq pl. -in, šfaq humane and philanthropic šfič 1. v.n. of šfač 2. Intercessor, Mediator (i.e., the Prophet Mohammed)

šfenž n.u. -a doughnut

šfeq Ela to be compassionate or humane toward

¶ šfeq men to have mercy or pity on šefqa n.i. of šfeq

šfer pl. šfar 1. eyelash (single hair) 2. slice (bread) 3. fragment (usually glass)

šefra pl. -t, šfari kind of knife (used primarily by leather craftsmen)

šferžel n.u. -a same as sferžel

šfă v.t. (v.n. šfi v) to buy out (some other's share of s.th.)

šegg (men) more (than) šegg men Eamayn hadi ma-šeftu. I haven't seen him for more than a year. —mša šegg men myat

kilumiter. He went more than a hundred kilometers.

šger f. šegra pl. šuger blond (e)

šģal 1. pl. -at same as šģol (in Fez) 2. pl. of šģol

šģalat pl. of šģol and šģal

šeggal pl. -in hard working, productive

šeģģef b- to fatigue, to tire out (s.o., physically and mentally)

šeġġel v.t. to hire, to employ, to give a job to ¶ šeġġel ṛasuφ (b-) to busy oneself (with)
šġel v.t. 1. to occupy, to preoccupy (mind)
2. to entertain, to keep company šġelha

2. to entertain, to keep company sgelha Ela-ma neržă E. Keep her company until

I arrive.

¶šýel Ela to distract from, to take the mind of (s.o.) off (s.th.) dak l-bent kanet šaÿlah (a.p.) Čăl le-qraya. That girl distracted him from his studies.

šģol pl. šģal, šgalat 1. job, occupation 2. task, job 3. work Eăndi š-šģol bezzaf had

le-Ešiya. I've got a lot of work this evening. 4. business Eăndi wazed š-šġol

temma. I have some business there.

** ma-ši šoġlek! None of your business! ¶ dar š-šġol shop, workshop (place of work of an artisan)

šhada 1. same as šahada 1 and 2 2. pl. -t, šhayed same as šahada 3

** šhadtek l-llah! an entreaty to s.o. to testify about s.th. he has witnessed.

I shadti biha l-llah ila . . . used to intensify a statement shadti biha l-llah ila xedma hadi! This is (really rough) work! shawi pl. of sehwa

šhayed pl. of šhada 2 (same as šahada 3) šheb f. šehba pl. šuheb 1. albino (person,

animal) 2. light gray (horse, dog, etc.) šhed (v.i. šhada, šahada) to be a witness, to testify

¶ šhed f- to testify against (s.o.)

¶ šhed l- to testify in behalf of, to be a witness for

¶ šhed Ela 1. to be a witness against 2. to contract or set up an agreement with (s.o.) through the Edul (notaries) Etahom d-dar u-qal-lhom išehduha Elih

(b-le-Edul). He gave them the house and told them to draw up a notarized agreement with him.

¶ šhed z-zur (f-) to bear false witness (against)

šehda pl. -t honeycomb

šehha v.t. to excite the appetite or desire of (s.o., usually for food) bqa ka-i zawed-li zla seksu zetta šehhani fih. He kept talking about couscous until he aroused my appetite for some.

šehhed 1. v.i. to say the šahada (see same, 2)
2. v.t. to call as a witness, to have testify
šehher v.t. 1. to make become known or
famous (s.o.) 2. to advertise (s.th.)

šhiq v.n. of šheq

šhiwa dim. of šehwa

šheq v.i. (v.n. šhiq) 1. to bray (donkey) 2. to sob

šehqa n.i. of šheq

šher same as šehher

¶ p.p. mešhur pl. -in famous, well-known, celebrated

šher pl. šhur, šhura 1. month 2. crescent moon (after new moon)

šohra (no pl.) 1. fame, renown 2. reputation šehri pl. -yen monthly

šehriya pl. -t 1. monthly pay or salary 2. monthly payment or installment

šhud pl. of šahed 1

šhur, šhura pl. of šher

šehwa pl. -t, šhawi (dim. šhiwa) 1. appetite (food) 2. s.th. particularly desired (by s.o.) to eat

** šehwa mennu. He's a very charming fellow.

¶ ftez š-šehwa to be appetizing (food) ¶ šhewtu ϕ (with -f before n.) to want \neq , to desire \neq šhewti f-dak t-teffaza. I want that apple.

** šhewtek takol le- ¿ṣa! You're just asking for a licking! (to a child)

šehwani pl. -yen voluptuary, sybaritic

ši 1. some sellefni ši-flus! Lend me some money! 2. about, around, some (with quantity) žaw ši čăšra de-n-nas. About ten people came. —aži mča ši-čăšra! Come around ten o'clock! 3. anything, a thing ražel meskin, ši ma-čăndu. Poor man, he hasn't got a thing. 4. negative correlative of ma- (often abbreviated to š) meskin ma-čăndu-š bṣbah. The poor boy hasn't any father. —ma-ža-š fe-l-weqt. He didn't come on time.—ma-ši hna, or ma-huwa-š hna. He's not here.

** ši-bas ma-kan. No harm done. That's all right.

¶ dak š-ši that šnu dak š-ši? What's that?—ma-teqna-š b-dak š-ši lli qal-lna men tabičt l-zal. Naturally we didn't believe what (that which) he told us.

¶ had š-ši this šnu had š-ši? What's this? ¶ koll-ši 1. everything 2. everyone, everybody koll-ši xrež. Everybody's gone out.

Tši... ši each other, one another (with continuous or repetitious action) bqaw gir ši ka-išuf f-ši, or bqaw gir ka-išufu ši f-ši. They just stood (or sat) there looking at each other.

¶ ši b-ši little by little, in small amounts, a few at a time (used with numbered items) dexxelhom ši b-ši! Have them come in a few at a time.

¶ ši-zaža something

¶ š-ši l-axor the other (one) Etini š-ši l-axor! Give me the other one!

¶ ši-šwiya a little while sber ši-šwiya! Wait a little while!

¶ ši-šwiya d- a little (bit of) Etini ši-šwiya d-atay. Give me a little tea.

¶ ši-wazed f. ši-wezda pl. ši-wezdin see wazed

¶ Ela had š-ši that's why, (it's) for that reason Ela had š-ši žit. That's why I came. šib n.u. -a gray hair šiba absinthe

šibani pl. -yen (adj. and n.) old, aged (person)

šibi pl. -yen absinthe green (color)

šifa healing, cure !!ah yă Etik š-šifa. May God make you well (heal you, cure you). šiflur n.u. -a, ras de-š-šiflur cauliflower

šifur pl. -at 1. chauffeur 2. driver (truck, bus, etc.)

šikava same as škava

šiki 1. f. -ya pl. -yen smart or elegant dresser (person) 2. elegance, smartness (in dress) 3. conceit, arrogance

šilan 1. pl. of šal 2. v.n. of šala

šin pl. -in ugly

šiša pl. -t narguile, hookah, hubble-bubble šit cretonne (material)

šita, šita pl. -t, šyet, šyet brush (shoe, hair, tooth, paint, etc.)

šitan pl. šyaten, šayatin 1. Satan, the Devil 2. devil, demon 3. (dim. šaviţen) mischievous person, imp (child) 4. (dim. šaviţen) cunning, clever person

šitana pl. -t f. of šitan

šitani pl. -yen 1. satanic, pertaining to Satan2. diabolical

siten (bin) to cause bad blood (between), to sow dissension (among)

šix 1. pl. šyux Arab chief (tribe), sheik 2. pl. šyux leader of a family group 3. pl. šyax kind of Moroccan folk-singer

¶ šyux n-nder real estate experts or appraisers (usually court-appointed)

šixa pl. -t kind of female Moroccan folksinger and dancer

šiyy 1. v.n. of šwa 2. broiled meat

sityyeb v.t. 1. to make or cause to get grayhaired (as worry) 2. to cause to age or get old (especially before one's time)

šiyyek v.i. to dress up (sometimes implying in good taste)

šiyyer 1. to signal, to gesture, to motion (with the hand) šiyyer-lu iži! Motion for him to come! 2. to wave šiyyer le-bbak! Wave to your father!

** šiyyer be-l-gorraf. He's off his rocker, he's lost his marbles.

¶ šiyyer b- to throw šiyyret Eliya b-beqrež. She threw a tea kettle at me.

šiyyet 1. v.t. to brush, to brush off (clothes, etc.) 2. v.t. to not spend, to have left (after some expenditure) šiyyet ši-flus men le-flus lli ka-teqbet! Don't spend all the money you get! 3. v.i. to burn (food) ka-nšemm ši-t am ka-išiyyet. I smell something (food) burning.

šiyyex v.t. 1. to appoint as šix 2. to initiate into a brotherhood (by going through the proper rituals)

šiyya v.t. to announce, to make public

šir artemisia

ška iški v.i. (v.n. ška) to complain (i.e., giving vent to grievances, discontent, etc.)

¶ška b- to complain about or against (s.o.)

ška v.n. of ška

škal 1. pl. of škel 2. pl. -at leg irons

** ka-imši be-š-škalat. He struts around like a peacock (i.e., conceited, arrogant). škara pl. škayer 1. satchel 2. bag, (men's) purse with shoulder strap

** huwa be-škartu. He's got (the) money.

škawi pl. of šekwa 2

škaya pl. -t n.i. and v.n. of ška

škayem pl. of škima škayer pl. of škara

škayri pl. -ya one who makes satchels or purses (called škara)

škima pl. škayem bridle (horse, etc.)

škir v.n. of šker

škiwa dim. of šekwa 2

šekk (v.n. šekk, šekkan) to suspect ka-nšekk (or šekkit) rah maži. I suspect he's on his way.

¶ $\check{s}ekk$ f- 1. to doubt (s.th.) 2. to suspect (s.o.)

šekk 1. v.n. of šekk 2. suspicion Eăndu š-šekk fe-mṛatu. He suspects his wife (e.g., of infidelity).

¶ bla šekk undoubtedly, without (a) doubt bla šekk ġadi-ṭṭiz š-šta had l-lila. It's undoubtedly going to rain tonight.

¶ $fih\phi$ š-šekk to be suspicious \neq

 $\P q t \check{a} \xi \check{s} - \check{s}ekk$ to make sure, to remove all doubt

šekkam pl. -a 1. tattletale 2. informer, stoolpigeon

šekkar pl. -in used in the expr. šekkar rasuφ conceited person, braggart

šekkara same as škara

šekkel 1. v.t. to hobble (horse, etc., by tying front foot to hind foot) 2. v.i. to use variation or variety šekkel, ma-tebqa-š dima ka-telbes ģir le-kzăl. Use a little variety; don't dress in black all the time.

¶ šekkel l- to trip (s.o.) (making him fall)

šekkem v.t. to bridle, to put a bridle on (horse, etc.)

¶ šekkem b- to tattle on, to inform against (s.o.)

škel pl. škal (art. for pl. le- in certain expr.)
1. kind, sort, type 2. category, class 3. way,

** Ela škel! What kind of person are you (is he, is she, etc.), anyway? (expr. of disgust and/or disappointment)

¶ ¿ăl le-škal of all kinds ¿ăndu

t-tumubilat Eăl le-škal. He's got cars of all kinds.

šeklat chocolate (candy, etc.)

šekļați pl. -yen chocolate (colored)

šekma (often preceded by ma- and usually followed by pron. endings) ma-šekmani fih. I don't concern myself with him. I don't meddle in his affairs. —(ma-) šekmak fiya? What business is it of yours? (i.e., what are my affairs to you?)

šker v.t. (v.n. šokr, škir) 1. to thank

ka-nšekrek Cla dak l-hadiya. (I) thank you for that gift. 2. to praise, to speak favorably of (s.o., s.th.)

¶ šker f- same as 2

T šker l-xir to be grateful

šoky v.n. of škey

škun who (interrogative) škun ža čăndek l-barez fe-l-lil? Who came to your place last night?

šekwa pl. -t 1. complaint, grievance ila

delmek, Emel Elih šekwa. If he treats you unjustly, make a complaint against him.

2. pl. also škawi (dim. škiwa) goatskin bottle (for milk)

šļada pl. -t, šļayed salad

šlaġem (pl.) large moustache (handle-bar, etc.)

šlala rinsing or washing (of tea before brewing)

šlagem pl. of šelguma

šlaxi pl. of šelxa

šlayed pl. of šlada

šelguma same as šelquma

šli pl. of šelya

šliman kind of poison

šella 1. a lot, much kanu bihom šella de-n-nas.

There were a lot of people. 2. a long time šella hadi ma-šeftek. I haven't seen you for a long time.

Selled v.t. 1. to chop up, to chop fine (onions, radishes, etc.) 2. to make into a salad, to make a salad out of

šellel v.t. to rinse, to rinse out or off (tea, dishes, clothes, etc.)

¶ *šellel b*- to plate or wash with (gold, silver, etc.)

Tšellel yeddu^{\$\phi\$} men to wash (one's) hands of, to be through with, to give up on (s.o., affair)

¶ p.p. *mšellel* pl. -in lacking in knowledge, ignorant

šellex v.t. to chip, to take a chip or chips out of (usually s.th. of wood)

šelquma pl. šlaqem lip (of donkey, horse, dog, etc.; extended to large human lips)

jlu of šelz

šelweš v.t. and v.i. 1. to swing or sling in the air daz ka-išelweš be-l-mbexra. He passed

by, swinging the censer (in the air). 2. to shake (s.o. or s.th.) at arm's length. qebṭu men yeddu u-šelwšu. He grabbed him by the hand and shook him. 3. to hang up or stretch out (a garment or linen, etc.) without permitting it to dry completely, to leave (s.th.) damp la-tyebbes l-qamižža bezzaf, ģir šelwešha. Don't dry the shirt completely, just leave it damp.

šelwez same as šelweš

šelxa pl. -t, šlaxi chip, splinter (wood)

šelya pl. -t, šli chair (excluding the easy chair type)

šel pl. šlu Berber (person of the southern Berber group)

šel a 1. Berber language (southern) 2. pl. -t f. of šel

šmal left, left side ka-yă Erež men režlih de-š-šmal. He limps with his left leg.

¶ Eăl š-šmal! left, to the left dur Eăl š-šmal! Turn left!

šmarer pl. of šemrir

šmata pl. šmayet 1. good-for-nothing (person) 2. easily duped person (especially in business)

šmayet pl. of šmata

šma 1. wax (candle, bees) 2. n.u. -a, šem a pl. -t candle

¶ šma € l-xemm beeswax

šmisa, šmiša dim. of šems, šemš

šmit v.n. of šmet

šmel family, family group (clan)

**!!ah ibedded (or šettet) šemlek! May
God scatter your family! (strong insult)
šemla pl. -t front bottom section of a garment
which can be gathered up to form a pouch
šemm v.t. (v.n. šemman) 1. to smell 2. same
as šemmem

¶ p.p. mešmum pl. mšamem bouquet, bunch (flowers)

šemman 1. v.n. of šemm 2. (sense of) smell šemmat pl. -in ag. adj. of šmet

šemma pl. -a chandler, seller of candles (not manufacturer)

šemmem v.t. to make or cause (s.th.) to be smelled (by s.o.) šemmem-lha had l-beşla! Have her smell these onions!

šemmer v.i. 1. to roll one's sleeves up 2. to get ready, to prepare oneself (literally, to roll up one's sleeves) yallah nšemmru

l-l-xedma! Let's get to work (on this)! šemmes, šemmeš v.t. to put in or expose to the sun, to sun, to solarize

šemmāč v.t. to rub wax (šmač) on, to wax (as string, piece of paper)

¶ p.p. mšemmă E pl. -in dense, dull-witted, of low mental ability

šmen same as aš-men (see aš)

šemrir pl. šmarer hat (conventional or European type)

šems, šemš (f.) pl. šmus, šmuš, šmusa (dim. šmisa, šmiša) sun

** šmuš hadi! 1. what a beautiful sunny day! 2. That sun sure is hot! —dexlet Elih š-šmuš. He was practically overcome by the heat of the sun.

šemšem v.i. to sniff (as in trying to identify or follow an odor or scent)

šmet v.t. (v.n. šmit) 1. to cheat, to gyp (s.o.)
2. to play a joke or trick on (s.o.)

¶ šmet f- same as šmet above

šemta pl. -t 1. n.i. of šmet 1 2. (practical) joke, (dirty) trick

šmus, šmusa, šmuš pl. of šems, šemš

šmutiya dishonest, abusive behavior (as befitting one who cheats, takes advantage, etc.)

غsame as šma ع

šem & a n.u. of šma & 2

Sem & i pl. -yen of or resembling the color of beeswax or candle wax

še?n same as šan

šnanef pl. of šennuf

šnaq pl. -at rope tied between the tops of the two sides of the šwari (to prevent spilling contents)

šnaqer pl. of šenqur

šnatef pl. of šentufa

šendgura, šentgura germander, a type of herb with small blue flowers, used by some people in cooking

šendid same as sendid

šengit same as šengiţ

šni, sniya (f.) what (interrogative) šniya hadi? What's this?

šniq v.n. of šneq

šnit v.n. of šnet

šniya same as šni

šennafa pl. -t lip (of donkey, etc.; extended to large human lips)

šennaqa pl. hangman's rope

šennef v.t. to to cut or separate into wedges (melon, orange, etc.)

šenneq v.t. to tie the rope šnaq on (the šwari) I šenneq Ela same as šneq Ela

šennuf pl. šnanef wedge (of orange, melon, etc.)

šneq v.t. (v.n. šniq) to hang (s.o.)

¶ šneq Ela 1. to grab (s.o.) by the collar 2. to pester, to "get on (one's) back"

šenqit, šengit Mauretania

šenqiti, šengiti pl. šnaqta, šnagta Mauretanian šenqur pl. šnaqer s.th. sharp and capable of injuring (e.g., thorn, piece of glass, splinter)

šnet v.i. (v.n. šnit) to get angry or upset

šenta n.i. of šnet šentufa pl. šnatef small piece, crumb (food) sentrež 156 šentrež chess šragi pl. of šerga 2 šnu, šnuwa what (interrogative) šnu Etak? šramet pl. of šermuta What did he give you? šrar pl. of šrir šraref pl. of šerrafa šenwila pl. -t gnat, midge (usually referring to one which has entered s.o.'s eye, ear, šrašer pl. of šeršar and šeršur nose, or throat) šratel pl. of šertla šqa išqa v.i. (v.n. šqa) 1. to get tired, to bešrati pl. of šerta come fatigued 2. to take the trouble, to šrawet pl. of šerwita bother ma-tešqa-š! Don't bother! šrayek pl. of šrika šga išgi v.t. 1. to tire, to fatigue (s.o.) 2. to šražem pl. of šeržem cause (s.o.) some trouble or bother šreb išrob, išreb (v.n. šrib, šerb) 1. v.t. to šqa (m.) 1. v.n. of šqa išqa 2. tiredness, drink 2. v.i. to drink (alcoholic beverages) fatigue 3. v.t. to absorb (blotter, dry earth, etc.) šqaf pl. of šqef 4. v.i. to get infected (wound, sore) ¶ šareb (a.p.) $\xi \check{a}qlu^{\phi}$ not given to snap šqaq pl. of šqiq šqayeq pl. of šqiqa 2 and šqiq and šeqq decisions, exercising wisdom šqef pl. šqaf, šquf, šqufa 1. fragment, broken ¶ p.p. mešrub pl. -at refreshment, refreshpiece (glass, pottery, china) 2. bowl (of ing drink (as a soft drink) šerb v.n. of šreb smoking pipe, usually of clay) 3. old man (somewhat derogatory) šerba pl. -t 1. n.i. of šreb 2. drink Etini šeqfa pl. -t old woman (somewhat derogaši-šerba de-l-ma. Give me a drink of water. tory) šorba, šerba pl. -t any kind of thin soup šerbil pl. šrabel (sg. ferda de-š-šerbil) (pair šqiq pl. šqaq, šqayeq brother of the same father and mother, brother-german of) a kind of woman's embroidered shoes šqiqa 1. migraine (headache) 2. pl. šqayeq or slippers sister of the same father and mother, sisteršerbiya pl. -t 1. wedding veil 2. brocaded, german fringed headscarf or shawl šeglayba pl. -t somersault, flip šref v.i. to get old, to age (person, animal, šegleb v.t. 1. to mess up, to put in disorder fruit on the plant, etc.) (room, bookkeeping, etc.) 2. to knock over, ¶ a.p. šaref pl. šorraf old person to upset (chair, glass, etc.) 3. to flip (s.o.) šorta pl. of šrif (as in gymnastics) šreg v.i. to eat or drink s.th. so as to choke ¶ šeqleb d-dmag l- to get (s.o.) mixed up, on it (as down the windpipe) confused šeqlebti-li dmagi. You've got me šerga pl. -t 1. n.i. of šreg 2. (pl. also šragi) all confused. tear, rip (in cloth) šegg (v.n. šeggan) 1. v.t. to cut open (melon, šergi (the) hot east summer wind, sirocco boil, etc.) 2. v.t. to penetrate, to go through šrib v.n. of šreb šrif (adj. and n.) pl. šorfa descendant of the (bullet, knife, etc.) 3. v.t. to crack (glass, wood, wall, etc.) 4. v.i. to be operated on Prophet Mohammed, sherif l-barer šegget Eal l-mesrana z-zayda. She šrik pl. šerkan, šorkan 1. partner, associate was operated on for appendicitis yesterday. (business) 2. accomplice ¶ šeqq l- to operate on (surgery) šrika pl. -t, šrayek co-partner in marriage (i.e., one of the wives of a polygynous ¶ a.p. $\check{s}aqq$ pl. -in fatiguing, tiring (e.g., work) marriage) šegg n.u. -a pl. -at, šgayeg (dim. šgiga) šrig v.n. of šreg 1. crack (in wall, glass, wood, etc.) 2. slit, šrir pl. -in, šrar cruel, mean slot 3. cut (in skin) ¶ šrir mrir pl. šrar mrar emphatic of šeggan v.n. of šegg šeggeg v.t. 1. to crack (glass, wood, etc.) 2. to šrit 1. v.n. of šret 2. pl. šertan kind of cord

leave ajar, to crack (door, window)

šger same as *šger*

šquf, šqufa pl. of šqef

šra išri v.t. (v.n. šra, šeryan) 1. to buy 2. to buy off (s.o.)

¶ a.p. šari pl. šorray buyer

šra v.n. of šra

šrab alcohol (as a drink, usually wine)

šrabel pl. of *šerbil*

šrabli pl. -ya maker and seller of women's footwear called *šerbil*

made from the leaves of the dwarf palm šriz a (coll.) dried fig(s)

šrek (m a) (v.n. šerk) to join, to connect (to) (as one letter to another in script)

¶ šrek be-llah to believe in some god other than, or in addition to God

¶ šrek or šrek f- 1. to be co-owner of waš ka-tešrek m Laya dari? Do you think this is your house too? (sarcastic) 2. to be a partner in, to go into partnership in škun lli ibgi išrek m Eaya f-had l-biEa

u-š-šerya? Who wants to go in with me in this deal?

šerk v.n. of šrek

šrek n.u. šerka leaf of a palm frond

šerka n.i. of *šrek*

šerka n.u. of šrek

** xeṣṣatu šeṛka. He's nuts. He doesn't have all his marbles.

šerkan, šorkan pl. of šrik

šerma pl. -t 1. n.i. of šrem 2. tear, rip (in cloth; in ear or nose, as caused by an earring or nose ring)

šermel v.t. to treat with šermula before cook-

šeṛmula kind of sauce or dressing either stuffed into fish, put on meat preserves, or used to cook chicken (each meat has its own kind of dressing)

šermuta pl. -t, šramet prostitute, whore šrenbeq, šrembeq same as srenbeq

šreq v.i. (v.n. šriq, šruq) 1. to come up, to rise (sun) 2. to shine (a polished surface) šerq 1. east (adv. and n.) sir žuž de-l-? amyal šerq! Go two miles east! 2. (with art.) Middle East (generally) 3. (with art.) Mecca

šerqi pl. -yen 1. eastern, of or on the east side n-naziya š-šerqiya d-le-mdina kollha nadet fiha l-¿afya. The whole eastern section of town caught on fire. 2. eastern, of or from the (Middle) East

serr evil or bad deeds and actions (often implying cruelty)

šerrafa pl. šraref kind of skylight (in ceiling) šerrat pl. -a maker of cords and brooms (made from the dwarf palm)

šerray pl. -a buyer

šerreb 1. v.t. to give to drink (specifically water or alcohol) šerrebni llah ixellik! Please give me a drink! 2. v.t. to water (animals) 3. v.i. to leak (ceiling, container) šerref v.t. to honor waš imken-lek tšerrefna be-l-zudur dyalek had l-lila? Can you honor us with your presence this evening? šerreg v.t. 1. to rip or tear (up) Elaš šerregti dak l-žarida? What did you tear up that (news)paper for? 2. to cause (s.o.) to choke while drinking or eating šerreg used in expressible as and ba-nžerreg

šerreq used in expr. such as ana ka-nšerreq u-huwa ka-iģerreb! I talk about one thing and he talks about something else!

šerregraq kind of ratchet-type noisemaker šerret 1. v.t. to mark or scratch (up) l-qetta šerret-lu wežhu. The cat scratched his face. 2. v.i. to have one's blood let (a folk remedy) 3. (Ela) to be vaccinated (for smallpox)

Tšerret l- 1. to bleed (s.o.), to let the blood of (s.o.) 2. (Ela) to vaccinate (for)
Tšerret Ela 1. to cross off or out the

name of (s.o., as from a list) 2. to exclude, to not count on (s.o.)

šerrez v.t. to slit, to slash, to make a gash in šerră v.t. to open wide (door, window) šeršar pl. šrašer waterfall, cascade

šeršer v.i. 1. to rush, to gush (water) 2. to fall, to cascade (water)

šeršur pl. šrašer falling stream (of water, as from a pipe, a urinating boy)

šertel same as sertel

šertla pl. -t, šratel set of gold bracelets

šṛṭṭ v.i. (v.n. šṛṭṭ) to impose, make, or give (s.th.) as a condition, to stipulate ila bġṭṭi dži Eǎndi ka-nešṛṭṭ Elik tkun Eǎndi

fe-t-tmenya. If you want to come over to my place I'm going to make the condition that you come at eight o'clock.

šert pl. šrut, šurut, šurutat condition, stipulation kayen bezzaf de-š-šurut f-had l-Eoqda. There are too many conditions in this contract.

Nb-šert, bi-šert, or Ela šert on condition (that), only if imken-lek dži b-šert džib mEak fațima. You can come only if you bring Fatima with you.

šerța pl. -t, šrați 1. stripe (denoting rank)
2. mark, scratch (as on a table, wall)
3. line, mark (as made with a pencil)

4. scar šertan pl. of šrit 2 šruq 1. v.n. of šreq 2. sunrise

šrut pl. of šert

šerwita pl. šrawet 1. piece of cloth, rag (may be said sarcastically in reference to clothing) 2. (pl.) rags; old, worn-out clothes šerya pl. -t 1. n.i. of šra 2. purchase, buy šeryan v.n. of šra

šeržeb, šeržem pl. šražeb, šražem same as seržem

šrez v.t. (v.n. šerz) to explain

¶ šrez l-xater l- to cheer up dak le-xbar šrez-li xatri (or l-xater). The news has cheered me up.

¶ p.p. mešruz pl. -in jovial, gay šerz pl. šuruz 1. v.n. of šrez 2. explanation šră (with art.) Islamic law or justice šta (dim. štiwa) 1. rain 2. winter

¶ tazet (or hebtet or nezlet or sebbet) š-šta to rain

štaq v.t. (some speakers with l-) to miss, to yearn for (home, s.o., some food, etc.)

štarek, štarek 1. to join aži štarekna f-le-Čša.

Come join us for dinner. —jadi-neštarku
u-nqimu zefa. We're going to join together
and give a party. — laš ma-teštarek
fe-n-nadi l-fenni? Why don't you join the
art club? 2. to subscribe štarek fe-tlata
de-l-mažellat. He has subscribed to three
magazines.

štawi pl. of šetwa

investigation)

štebb kind of grass made into cords or rope štef Ela (v.n. štif) to stamp on (s.th.) repetitively with the feet štif v.n. of štef štim v.n. of štem štirak 1. v.n. of štarek 2. participation, taking part 3. subscription štiwa dim. of šta štem f- to speak ill of, to backbite šetta v.i. to pass or spend the winter šettaf pl. -a one employed in a tannery whose job it is to stamp on the hides with his feet while they are in certain solutions šettam pl. -in ag. adj of štem šettat pl. -a big money-spender šettet v.t. 1. to scatter, to strew (e.g., chicken feed) 2. to disperse, to break up (crowd) ** llah išettet šemlek! May God disperse your family! (strong insult) ¶ šettet le-flus to squander money šetwa pl. štawi 1. winter 2. (pl. for intensity) šetwi pl. -yen winter, wintry, of or pertaining to winter štara haggling, bargaining (to buy) štata used in the expr. štata d-Eibad llah (or de-n-nas) said as an insult to indicate s.o.'s uselessness or worthlessness štateb pl. of šettaba štatbi pl. -ya maker of brooms called šettaba štattu pl. -wat sifter with a very fine mesh štayen pl. of šetna štavri pl. -va one who bargains a great deal before buying šteb n.u. šetba twigs šetba pl. -t 1. n.u. of šteb 2. branch of a thorny plant 3. shrewish woman, termagant štin v.n. of šten štiz v.n. of štez šten v.t. (v.n. štin) 1. to pester, to importune 2. to preoccupy the mind of (s.o.), to worry ¶ šten $rasu^{\phi}$ to cause oneself a lot of trouble or grief šetna pl. -t, štayen s.th. that is a lot of trouble or bother, not worth the trouble šett pl. štut 1. shore (sea, lake) 2. bank, edge, side (of river) šettab pl. -a street cleaner or sweeper šettaba pl. -t, štateb broom (usually made from the leaves of the dwarf palm) šettaz pl. -a dancer (chiefly folk dances) šetteb v.t. to sweep (with a broom) ¶ šetteb Ela to cross out or off (name from a list, a sentence, word, etc.) šețteț v.t. to sift (with a šțatțu) štut pl. of šett štez v.i. (v.n. štiz) to dance šuf v.n. of šaf šufa pl. -t n.i. of šaf ¶ b-šuft l-Eăyn by looking, judging by

šufan 1. v.n. of šaf 2. fortune-telling šuger pl. of šger šuha pl. -t 1. indiscreet or imprudent act, indiscretion 2. (n. and invariable adj.) one who does I above 3. (adj. invariable) ugly, unsightly 4. exaggeration šuheb pl. of šheb šuhud pl. of šahed 1 šuk n.u. -a 1. thorn, spine (plant)2. spine, needle (animal) 3. fish bone šuka pl. -t, šwek 1. sting, stinger (bee, etc.) 2. point of a top (toy) 3. shot, hypodermic injection 4. ampoule (of serum for injecšum kind of sirocco, hot summer wind (considered more local than the šergi) šun (no pl.) 1. area or space between the neck and waist enclosed between the clothing and the body (often used as a pocket) 2. side (of s.o., usually in bed) mnin kont sgir kanet l-qetta ka-tzebb ten čas f-šuni. When I was small the cat used to like to sleep by my side. ¶ hder f-šunu\$ to mumble in one's beard šuq pl. šwaq (pl. for intensity) yearning, longing suger v.t. to chop (with a hatchet) *šuger* pl. of *šger* (same as *šger*) šura pl. -t trousseau šuruq same as šruq šurut, šurutat pl. of šert šuruz pl. of šerz šuša pl. -t tassel šutanbir September šuwwaf pl. -a fortune-teller šuwwal 1. tenth month of the Muslim calendar 2. pl. šwawel tail (animal, bird, airšuwwaš 1. pl. of šaweš 2. pl. -in ag. adj. of šugugueš šuwwat pl. -a one who cooks and sells the heads of lambs or sheep šuwwaya pl. -t grill (for broiling meat) šuwweh v.t. 1. to deform, to render unsightly (face, body) 2. to ruin the appearance of ila sbegti dak l-bab b-le-zmer gir gadi tšuwwehha. If you paint that door red vou'll ruin it. I šuwweh b- to ridicule, to make fun of šuwwek v.t. to give goose pimples or flesh to, to cause (s.o.) to have goose flesh (object may be lzăm or dat) šuwweg v.t. to make homesick or nostalgic šuwwegtini fe-l-musiqa l-megribiya. You've made me homesick for Moroccan music. šuwwer 1. v.t. to give a trousseau to (a bride) 2. v.i. to go slowly

eye (rather than by exact measurement or

šuwweš v.t. to upset, to cause (s.o.) to worry Tšuwweš Ela to bother, to disturb (s.o. trying to read, etc.)

šuwwet v.t. 1, to burn (usually meat by overcooking) 2. to burn (alcohol in a wound, hot pepper, hot soup, etc.) 3. to (sun)burn

šuyan v.n. of šwa

šuyu i pl. -yen communist

šuyu Eiya communism

šučara pl. of šačir šu Eub pl. of šă Eb

šwa išwi v.t. (v.n. šiyy, šuyan) 1. to broil, to grill 2. to (sun)burn) 3. to sting (bee, etc.) 4. to hit or strike with a sharp, stinging action (as with a switch, towel)

¶ šwa f- to deprive of šwatu l-mut f-bentu. Death took his daughter.

** (llah) išwini fik! used as a disapproving criticism of s.o.'s action, accomplishment, etc.

¶ p.p. mešwi grilled or broiled meat šwa (m.) steamed meat (usually lamb) swahed pl. of sahed 2 and 3

šwama n.pl. of šami

šwanet pl. of šanta

šwaq pl. of šuq swager pl. of sagur

šwar 1. v.n. of šawer 2. consultation

¶ be-š-šwar on trial (i.e., on condition of being able to get a refund for s.th. bought for oneself or a third party if rejected by the same) ka-nšriha mennek be-š-šwar. I'm buying it from you on condition I can return it if my friend doesn't (or, I don't) like it.

¶ bla šwar without consulting (anyone) šwareb pl. of šareb

šwari pl. -yat kind of large saddle bags (made from dwarf palm leaves) used on beasts of burden for hauling

¶ Eămmer š-šwari Ela to feed (s.o.) a cock-and-bull story or a lot of bull

šwaš anything from unrest, disquietude to civil upheaval, rioting

šwaši pl. of šašiya

šwawel pl. of šuwwal

šway 1. a little, a little bit 2. a little while, a minute

** šway šway! Take it easy! Go a little slower!

 $\P(u-)$ šway šway a little while afterward or later *xrež šway šway ržač*. He left and came back a little while later.

šwibla dim. of šabel

šwirdat pl. of šwirdi

šwirdi pl. -yat, šwirdat young Negro boy in the service of a sultan or king (e.g. a fanbearer), commonly in fairy tales, etc.

šwiten dim. of šitan 3 and 4

šwiya 1. a little, a little bit Etini šwiya

d-atay! Give me a little tea! 2. a little while, a minute tsenna šwiva! Wait a minute! -men daba šwiya iži. He'll be here in a little while.

¶ be-š-šwiya 1. slowly xellef gir

be-š-šwiya! Walk slow(er)! 2. softly, in a low voice

I šwiya be-šwiya little by little, a little at a time

I šwiya šwiya a little while later or afterwards xrež šwiva šwiva ržač. He left and came back a little while later.

¶wazed š-šwiya 1. a little while 2. a little bit

šwiyeš same as šwiya (especially in meanings 1 and 2)

šwek pl. of šuka

šxir v.n. of šxer

šxer v.i. (v.n. šxir) to snore

šexs 1. pl. ?ašxas person, individual 2. pl. šxusa important person

šexsiya pl. -t personality (implies pleasant or nice) dak s-siyyed & andu šexsiya. That gentleman has a pleasant personality. -l-yum gadi-dži dzurna waz ed š-šexsiya muhimma. Today an important personality is going to come and visit us.

šxusa pl. of šexs 2

šexweš v.t. to frighten, to scare šexwšatni ši-zaža fe-d-dlam. Something in the dark scared me.

šyah pl. of ša

šyat odor of burning meat, wool, hair, cloth, feathers, etc.

švata what is left over (usually food, thrown away or fed to the dog)

švaten pl. of šitan

švax pl. of šix 3

šyaxa function or position of a sheik

šyet, šyet pl. of šita, šita

šyux pl. of šix 1 and 2

ع pl. of šži ع

šžed same as sžed

šžin same as sžin

šžira dim. of šežra (n.u. of šžer)

šži E pl. -in, šež Ean, šža E courageous, brave, intrepid

šžen pl. of sžen

šžer n.u. šežra (dim. šžira) tree (plant)

šežžada same as sežžada

šežžač v.t. to encourage, to hearten

šež an pl. of šži &

šī al 1. how much, how many šī al mennhom Eăndek? How many of them do you have? -šzal mennha Eăndkom? How much of it do you have? 2. how long šz al ġadi-tebqa hna? How long are you going to stay here?

¶ be-šzal 1. for how much be-šzal šriti had l-magana? How much did you buy the clock for? 2. how much be-stal xellesti? How much did you pay?

¶šzal d- how many, how much šzal d-le-flus Eandek? or šzal Eandek

d-le-flus? How much money do you have? ¶ قح al hadi 1. for a long time قر al hadi ma-šeftu. I haven't seen him for a long time. - š al hadi w-ana ka-nexdem hna! I've been working here for a long time. 2. how long (has it been, have you been, etc.) šzal hadi ma-šeftiha? How long has it been since you saw her? —šzal hadi u-nta ka-texdem hna? How long have you

been working here? ** šzal hadi fe-s-sa Za? What time is it? ¶ šzal-ma, szal-emma 1. however many, no matter how many šzal-emma žaw de-n-nas, dexxelhom. No matter how many people come, have them come in. 2. however long, no matter how long šzal-emma tal l-lil iteb u n-nhar. No matter how long the night lasts, the day follows.

¶ šzal men (with sg.) how much, how many šzal men ktab čăndna? How many books do we have?

št ayti pl. -ya one who sells s.th. for more than it's worth, profiteer, crook

š a a a avarice, miserliness

it v.n. of šzet عن غ

šzem, šezma pl. šzum (of intensity) animal fat or grease (before cooking)

šzet v.t. (v.n. šzit) 1. to strike, to hit (with s.th., usually producing a noise 2. to eat all of (s.th.) 3. to gyp (in a sale)

šect beating (as with a stick, whip, etc.) ** tina š-šezt l-l-xedma. We worked hard and fast (at a job). - Etina š-šezt l-seksu. We ate every bit of the couscous. ¶ tEaṭaw š-šezţ Ela to haggle or bar-

gain over (pl. subject) še ta pl. -t n.i. of šz eț

um pl. of šzem, šezma عجة šeファ v.i. to be miserly, avaricious

šeてて, šeててa same as šてaてa

šeてこem v.t. to grease (mechanical parts;

also specifically a soccer ball to keep it in good shape)

¶p.p. mšezzem pl. -in fat, fattened (livestock)

šez zer v.t. 1. to brew (tea) on the fire until ready 2. to make too high (price of s.th.) šezzerti Eliya t-taman! Your price is too high for me. 3. to make hard, difficult šezzru Eliya le-mtizan. That exam was really rough.

a reflection (of a light, s.th. shiny)

ščabi pl. of šăčba

ščakek pl. of šačkuka ščatet pl. of šačtata

šă b pl. šu b people, nation

šă Eba pl. -t, š Eabi valley

šă Eban eighth month of the Muslim lunar calendar

šă Ebana pre-Ramadan feast or celebration, starting on the 27th of šā ban, and extending to the next new moon

il v.n. of šč ăl

ščir n.u. -a barley

šā kuka pl. š akek hair, mess of hair (usually in need of combing, cutting)

ščăl (v.n. ščil) 1. v.t. to light (fire, cigarette, match, etc.) 2. v.t. to turn on (light, radio, etc.) 3. v.i. to sparkle, to glitter 4. v.i. to shine (polished surface)

** l-Eafya šă Elet f-dik d-dar. That .

house has caught on fire.

šă Ela pl. -t flame (fire)

ščăr b- 1. to feel, to sense, to perceive ščărt b-ši-wazed muray. I felt that someone was behind me. 2. to realize what the intentions of (s.o.) are, to catch on to what (s.o.) is really doing daba ščart bik! Now I know what you're up to!

** škun lli ščăr bik! Who cares what you think! Who's going to listen to you! ščar n.u. šačra pl. ščurat (pl. for intensity) hair

šă ra pl. -t 1. n.u. of š ž ar 2. hairspring (clock, watch)

šă riya (coll.) noodles, vermicelli

v.i. to shine, to beam (sun)

šă Etata pl. š Eateț mess of hair, a lot of hair (implying the need of a haircut)

iل uṛat pl. of ščăṛ

T

ta? adamit courtesy, politeness (often implies a somewhat formal manner)

tab itub (men) (v.n. tuban) to repent (of) ** tab Eliha llah. She's turned over a new leaf.

¶ tab men to abandon, to give up, to swear off (e.g., drinking, smoking)

tabaqi rest, remainder nă Etik terf men le-flus lli ka-tsalni daba we-t-tabaqi men daba sher. I'll give you some of the money I owe you now and the rest within a month. tabaraka used in the expr. !!ah tabaraka wa ta ala sometimes said when mentioning

God in conversation

tabašawit, tabašawiyet office or position of baša (often used in a derogatory manner to connote pomposity, "stuffed-shirtedness") tabat steadfastness, constancy, stick-to-itiveness (of character, purpose, mind) tabennayet vocation of mason or bricklayer, masonry tabegga same as tabagi

tabeggalet occupation of beggal

tabramlit, tabramliyet vocation of barrelmaking

tabergazet occupation of second-hand dealer, i.e. bergaz

taberraz et occupation of town or public crier tabet a.p. of thet

tabut pl. twabet 1. bier 2. coffin

tabuwwabet occupation of doorkeeper, gatekeeper

tabe 2 a.p. of that

tadebbaget occupation of tanner; tanning

tadeggaget profession of jeweler

tadellalet occupation of auctioneer tadeqqa fine, reddish clay (if de-l-lwani, used

in polishing metals; if d-le-bni, used in constructing ovens, braziers)

taderrazet occupation of textile weaver taderrit, taderrivet childishness

tafala pl. -t, twafel bayonet

tafasir pl. of tefsir

tafașil pl. of tefsil

tafatiš pl. of teftiš 2

tafdulit, tafduliyet nosiness, meddling interference

taflaykit, taflaykiyet boatmanship

taferranet occupation of an oven attendant tafexxaret ceramics

tafezzamet occupation of charcoal or coal vendor

tagebbaset occupation of plasterer

tagra pl. twager small, unglazed earthen bowl (used for drinking)

tagerrabet occupation of water carrier

tagezzanet fortune-telling

tagezzaret occupation of butcher, butchery tagrablit, tagrabliyet occupation of sifter or sieve-maker

tageššašet 1. cheating (n.) 2. fraud 3. shirking (at work, school)

tageyyatet art and occupation of playing the

tah itih v.i. (v.n. tihan, tih) 1. to roam or wander about (as if lost) 2. to show

** tah f-zobbha. He's head over heels in love with her.

takafrit cunning, slyness

takawt gall (from which a black dye and tannic acid are derived)

takebbur pride, haughtiness

takfaytit, takfaytiyet occupation of kfayti

takelluf v.n. of kellef and tkellef takotbiyet bookselling (occupation)

tako bivet bad luck, misfortune (chronic)

talamid pl. of telmid

talamint position held by a syndic (trade, business)

taleddud v.n. of tledded

tali 1. end, conclusion zetta le-t-tali

de-l-muzadara Ead ža. He came toward the end of the lecture. 2. pl. talyen, twala last, final

¶ fe-t-tali lastly, in the end talet pl. -in third (adj.)

taluwwayet roguery, mischievousness

tamam, tamamen 1. exactly, just ža fe-t-tlata tamam. He came at exactly three o'clock. -dak š-ši lli golt-lu tamamen. That's just what I told him. 2. at all ma-šeftu-š

tamamen had l-iyam. I haven't seen him at all lately. 3. completely, entirely nta z meq tamamen! You're completely out of your mind!

taman pl. -at, etmina price, cost

tamara (no pl., no art.) troublesome difficulty, hardship

¶ dreb tamara (baš) 1. to go to a lot of trouble (to) 2. to work hard (at, to) derbu tamara fe-l-qadiya dyalek. They worked hard on your case.

tamasiz pl. of temsaz tameddun civilization

tamdaymit, tamdaymiyet occupation of making women's belts (i.e., mdemma)

tamm pl. -in complete

tamen pl. -in eighth (adj.)

tamselmit behavior befitting a good Muslim tamettue v.n. of mettae and tmettae

tamwagnit, tamwagniyet watch or clock-making and repairing

tamxaznit, tamxazniyet position or office of mxazni

tamexxaret larceny

tamxeznit, tamxezniyet same as tamxaznit tamžadlit, tamžadliyet occupation of trimming and decorating with fancy borders, tassels, tinsel, etc. (e.g., done to hats, belts) tam & ăllmit, tam & ăllmiyet mastery, skill tanawi pl. -yen secondary

¶ medrasa tanawiya high-school, secondarv school

tani 1. also, too; either (with negation) was mšaw tani l-Eăndha? Did they go to her place too? -u-huwa tani ma-bga-š ixdem l-yum. He doesn't want to work today either. 2. again mša tani le-s-sinima. He went to the movies again. 3. pl. tanyen second hadi hiya mrati t-tanya. This is my second wife.

¶tani Eid second day of a holiday or feast time

¶ xelles be-t-tani we-l-metni to pay doutaržulit, taržuliyet 1. courage, bravery, inble or much more than its worth for (s.th.) trepidity (of men) 2. manhood, virility tasbaybit, tasbaybiyet occupation of secondtaniyen secondly, in the second place ta?enni v.n. of t?enna hand dealer (often selling certain things at taneggašet sculpture, sculpturing (including carving and relief work) taseffaret bookbinding tanesranit, tanesraniyet 1. behavior befitting taseffažet occupation of doughnut-maker (i.e., a good Christian 2. behavior befitting a sfenž) Western or non-Oriental individual tasi & same as tisa & tasiča pl. -t 1. square, plaza 2. surface area tanežžaret carpentry tag itig b- to believe ma-ka-ntig-š bik! I don't taskayrit, taskayriyet 1. drinking (alcohol) 2. drunkenness, inebriation 3. alcoholism believe vou! ¶ tag f- 1. to trust golt-lek gadi nredd-lek tasellalet basketry (art) tasemsaret occupation of real estate broker le-flus š-šher l-maži-waš ma-ka-ttiq-š fiya? I told you I'd return the money next month taserražet saddle-making, saddlery -Don't you trust me? 2. to trust in, to tasebbaget occupation of painter (houses, etc.) believe in tasebbanet occupation of launderer or launtagarir pl. of tegrir taseffaret occupation of coppersmith tagbaybit, tagbaybivet occupation of bucket tasqu Eivet bad luck, misfortune and tub making (wooden) tagedda 1. amount, sum (usually of money) tasiyyaget jewelry-making tasemmaret occupation of shoe-smith (horses, 2. size tagehwayžit, tagehwažiyet occupation of mules) tasemsaret brokerage, real estate business operating a shop where coffee is served (often tea, soft drinks, also) tasuwwuf v.n. of tsuwwef taqiy pl. -en 1. pious, religious 2. honest taswaynit, taswayniyet occupation of coppertagemmart 1. v.n. of gemmer 2. gambling smith (making primarily swani) tase zafet occupation of pallbearer 3. dishonesty, shady behavior tašeffaret occupation or activity of thief, i.e., tagrašlit, tagrašlivet occupation of carding wool or cotton šeffar tašitanet malicious troublemaking tagerranet cuckoldry taqtat Eiyet occupation of highwayman or tašelz it Berber language (i.e., Shilha, south Berber) bandit, brigandage tašuwwafet fortune-telling, divination tagzadrit, tagzadriyet occupation of tin-smith, tata pl. -t chameleon tin-smithery ta? tir same as te? tir tar vengeance, revenge ¶ fda ifdi tar men, or fda t-tar f- to get tatebbaxet cooking, culinary art revenge on, to get even with (s.o.) daba tatellayt occupation of painter (houses, fences, dži l-wežba u-nefdi fik t-tar. I'll get even tatufaylit, tatufayliyet party-crashing with you when the time comes. tara used in the expr. ya tara perhaps, maybe tatyaru same as tetyaru Eăyyeț-lu, ya tara ikun ržă E. Call him, tatezzanet occupation of miller (i.e., tezzan) maybe he's back. ** ya tara u-kan mšit m ahom. I wish tawarix pl. of tarix tawil (no pl.) agreement, settlement I had gone with them. ** daba !!ah idir tawil l-xir. Everything's taraza pl. -t, twarez kind of wide-brimmed going to turn out all right. straw hat I be-t-tawil slowly heer be-t-tawil ila taražim pl. of teržama bgitini nfehmek. Speak slowly if you want tarebba et occupation of gardener (of me to understand you. edibles) (i.e., rebba 2) ¶ $f_i h^{\phi}$ t-tawil to be formal \neq (in one's tarix pl. tawarix 1. history 2. date šnu huwa manner) t-tarix de-l-yum? What's today's date? tareggi v.n. of tregga tarta pl. -t goiter fih tarta fe-l-zăngura. He has a goiter of the throat.

¶ Emel t-tawil (m Ea) to make a deal (with), to come to a compromise (with) šrit had ş-sebbat u-Emel mEaya t-tawil fih. When I bought these shoes he made me a deal (on them). — Eămlu šwiya de-t-tawil bă Ediyatkom! Come to some sort of compromise with each other!

tawekkalet gluttony

tarwabzit, tarwabziyet occupation of bellows

tarxaymit, tarxaymiyet occupation of marble-

worker

tawer danit, tawer daniyet solitariness, state of being alone (voluntary) tawer šivet brutality, savagery taxbaržiyet spying, espionage taxebbazet occupation of bread-baker taxelwiyet solitariness (voluntary) fih taxelwiyet. He's the solitary type, a loner. taxrifin same as tixrifin (see also grae) taxerratet occupation of lathe-worker taxerrazet occupation of shoemaker or cobbler taxettafet occupation or avocation of being a thief (i.e., xettaf) taxeyyatet occupation of tailor, tailoring tazogbiyet bad luck, ill fortune (chronic) tazehriyet myopia, nearsightedness tazellažet, tazlayžiyet occupation of tile-layer and mosaicist tazraybiyet occupation of rug-maker tazraydit, tazraydiyet gluttony, excessive eating tazerzavet occupation of being a porter tazufrit, tazufriyet coarseness of manner, unrefined behavior tazuwwaqet coloring, painting, and designmaking (for decorative purposes) taž pl. tižan crown, coronet (also pope's tiara) tažarib pl. of težriba tažnaynit, tažnayniyet gardening tažer 1. pl. tožžar, džar merchant, businessman 2. pl. -in rich, wealthy tar eddadet occupation of blacksmith, smithtaz dudit, taz dudiyet reservedness taz ălwiyet occupation of a pastry cook tazemmalet occupation of porter (i.e., r ămmal) tazramiyat, tazramiyet cunning, slyness tazesbiyet simplicity, plainness (person) taz sayriyet occupation of mat-maker (i.e., zsayri) tar ežžamet occupation of barber ta Eala used in set expr. !!ah tabaraka wa-ta Eala (see tabaraka) tačăb 1. v.n. of tčăb 2. tiredness, fatigue tačăddi v.n. of tčădda tačassub v.n. of tčasseb ta & ăššabet occupation of herbalist ta E attaret occupation of dealer in spices ta watqiyet virginity, maidenhood ta wim v.n. of Eawwem ta ¿ awwadet 1. art of playing the lute 2. occupation of lute-maker ta? ăzrit celibacy, bachelorhood ta zubiyyet virginity, celibacy (both male and female) tbabex pl. of tebbaxa

tbadel v.i. and v.t. 1. to exchange, to trade

tbadel m aya be-t-tumubil! Trade me cars!
Trade cars with me! —bġaw itbadlu

t-tumubilat. They want to exchange cars. 2. to take turns, to alternate ka-itbadlu Eăl l-Eăssa. They take turns at guard duty. tbaka v.i. to cry (group) tbared coolness (e.g., in a shady spot) tbarek v.i. 1. to wish one another a happy holiday or event 2. to fight, to have a fight ¶ tbarek m a to wish a happy holiday or event to (s.o.) tharek llah (lit., God be blest) 1. expr. of admiration, amazement tharek llah Ela dak l-bent! Man, look at that girl! What a terrific girl she is! 2. expr. of irony, e.g., tbarek !!ah Elik! Thanks a lot! (i.e., a sort of negative praise, e.g., for s.o.'s spilling ink on one's shirt) 3. kind of expletive with some meaning of "May God preserve . . ." (i.e., a kind of protection from the "evil eye") weld & ammi nžih u-ka-iqra mezyan, tharek llah Elih. My cousin is pretty sharp and does well in school (God bless him). tbas m.p. of bas tbat, tbata 1. firmness (of belief, principle) stick-to-itiveness, constancy thaten pl. of tebtin 2 thawes v.i. to kiss (each other) tbaxer pl. of tebxira tbaye & u-tšara v.i. to do business خm.p. of ba عtba etba pl. of tabe [1 (a.p. of tba]) thated v.i. to get separated or away from each other (physically) tebbaxa pl. -t, tbabex (dim. tbibixa) 1. sheep bladder (used as a toy by children) 2. bubble (soap, etc.) 3. blister tebbet v.t. 1. to fix, to immobilize, to make solid (e.g., a shaky table) 2. to flatter (with insincere compliments) 3. to check, to contebbae v.t. 1. to follow, to pay attention to and understand was ka-ttebba Eni? Do you follow me? (i.e., what I'm saying) 2. to follow, to stay on (a straight line, road, tebdal 1. v.n. of beddel 2. change, alteration, modification 3. exchange, trade tebdar v.n. of bedder tbeddel v.i. m.p. of beddel thedder m.p. of bedder tebdil same as tebdal tebdir v.n. of bedder thehdila pl. -t n.i. of behdel and thehdel tbehdel v.i. 1. to be shamefully humiliated (as when caught doing s.th. wrong) 2. to be embarrassed tbehhet v.i. to speak nonsense, claptrap, "bull," as in xlas ma-ttbehhet Eliya! Don't give

me that! (you know better.)

tbibixa dim. of tebbaxa tbixra dim. of tebxira tbiyyed m.p. of biyyed 1 I tbivved 1- to flabbergast, to nonplus (usually impersonal verb) tbiyyed-lu melli sma ha rež tat. He was flabbergasted when he heard she'd returned. thiyyen m.p. of biyyen tebkira n.i. of bekker teblag v.n. of belleg ¶ teblag l-hedra tale-bearing teblal v.n. of bellel teblita n.i. of bellet ¶ dreb teblița to get drunk thelled v.i. 1. to become adjusted or adapted to a country's customs 2. to become urbanized, to adapt oneself to city life 3. to lose one's mental adeptness, to become stupid (usually as a result of associating with stupid individuals) tbellet m.p. of bellet 1 then n.u. tehna straw (hay) tebnaž v.n. of bennež thendiq v.n. of bendeq thenned v.i. to be somewhat of a show-off (in an irritatingly interfering way) thennen v.i. to become tasty, to acquire a good flavor (e.g., a soup being prepared) ¶ thennen b- to savor, to enjoy the flavor of (some food) thegbig v.n. of begbeg tebrad v.n. of berred tebraz v.n. of berrez tberda m.p. of berda thergim v.n. of bergem tebrida pl. -t n.i. of berred tebriru, tebruri hail (precipitation) ¶ z ăbba de-t-tebruri hailstone tebriya v.n. of berra tebriz v.n. of berrez tberra m.p. of berra ¶ tberra men 1. to warn (s.o.) 2. to disown (one's son, daughter) tberred m.p. of berred therrek b- or men to receive the benediction of, to be blessed by (s.o., saint) therrem v.i. 1. to move over qul-lu itherrem šwiva čăl š-šmal baš imken-lek tegles. Tell him to move over a little to the left so you can sit down. 2. to turn around thery met fih u-qalt-lu . . . She turned around to him and said . . therrae b- ($\mathcal{E}la$) to donate (to), to give away free (to) bbaha therra & čal l-medrasa b-xemsa d-le-mlayen. Her father

donated five million to the school.

tebruri same as tebriru

ther ya n.i. and v.n. of berra

thessem v.i. to smile, to grin

(s.th.) tbeššer be-r-ržu & d-weldu men l-xariž. He received the good news of his son's return from abroad. thet v.i. (v.n. ithat) to be confirmed or authenticated thet daba billa huwa lli darha. It's been confirmed now that he's the one who did it. ** had š-ši ka-itbet fe-l-kerš. This causes constipation. ¶ thet Ela to recall, to remember ¶ a.p. tabet pl. -in 1. firm, strict 2. in control of oneself 3. solid, firm (as a strong tree) tebtal v.n. of bettel tebtan v.n. of betten tebtil v.n. of bettel tebtin 1. v.n. of betten 2. pl. tbaten lining (of garment) tbuhil v.n. of tbuhel tbuhel v.i. to go insane, to go crazy tbured v.i. (v.n. tburid) to fire muzzle-loading rifles (especially horsemen engaging in a musem festival) thurid v.n. of thured tburiša pl. -t chill (usually accompanied by goose flesh) tbureš v.i. to get chills (with goose flesh) thuwwes m.p. of buwwes tebxar v.n. of bexxer tebxira pl. tbaxer (dim. tbixra) incense (general term) thexter v.i. to strut about (pompously) tbexxer v.i. m.p. of bexxer tebyad v.n. of biyyed tebyan 1. v.n. of biyyen 2. explanation tebyid v.n. of biyyed tebyin v.n. of biyyen tbežģit v.n. of bežģet tbežmet m.p. of bežmet thezbiz v.n. of bezbez and thezbez the bet v.i. to become hoarse thezzer f- to increase one's knowledge of (s.th.) tbă v.t. 1. to follow (i.e., behind s.o. or s.th. in motion) gadi nexrož daba be-l-z ăqq ma-ttbă ni-š! I'm going to leave now, but don't you follow me! 2. to conform to (rules, laws, behavior) ¶ a.p. tabe & 1. pl. eetba & follower, disciple 2. pl. twabe tail (animal) 3. pl. twabe & handle(s) of a plow teb Ead v.n. of băe Eăd tbă&bi&a n.i. of bă&bă& tdar m.p. of dar tedbir v.n. of debber tedbira n.i. of debber teeddeb v.i. to be or become well-mannered, tebsima pl. -t 1. n.i. of thessem 2. smile, grin polite, proper

theššer b- to receive good news about or of

¶teeddeb mea to be courteous toward, to be considerate of (s.o.) tedfag v.n. of deffeg tdeffeg m.p. of deffeg tdegg m.p. of degg tdegdig v.n. of degdeg tedhib v.n. of dehheb tedkar v.n. of dekker tedkas v.n. of dekkes tedkir v.n. of dekker tedkira pl. -t souvenir, memento tedkisa n.i. of dekkes tdekk m.p. of dekk 1 and 2 tedlas, tedlis v.n. of delles tdell m.p. of dell 2 tdella (men) 1. to hang, to be suspended (from) 2. m.p. of della tedma & v.n. of demma & tdemmen l- to beg (s.o.) grovelingly tedqiq 1. accuracy, precision 2. pains, care (in doing s.th.) ¶ be-t-tedqiq 1. accurately, precisely 2. exactly 3. carefully, painstakingly tdegg m.p. of degg tedrab, tedrib 1. v.n. of derreb 2. training tedris v.n. of derres tedriž v.n. of derrež ¶ be-t-tedriž 1. little by little, a little at a time 2. progressively tderra m.p. of derra tderreb m.p. of derreb tderya v.n. of tderra (m.p. of derra) tedsas v.n. of desses tedšin 1. v.n. of deššen 2. inauguration tedwab v.n. of duwweb tedwaz v.n. of duwwez tedwaz v.n. of duwwez tedwixa 1. dizziness 2. absent-mindedness tedwiza n.i. of duwwez tedxal v.n. of dexxel tedxar v.n. of dexxer tedxim 1. v.n. of ddexxem 2. opulence, luxury, high living tedya & v.n. of diyyă & tdezz m.p. of dezz ted&am v.n. of dă&&ăm ted Eima pl. -t n.i. of da E E am tedriqa 1. n.i. of derreg, derreg 2. pl. -t shelter tedwar, tedwir v.n. of duwwer tedyag v.n. of divveg ¶ tedyag l-xater annoyance, pest tedya v.n. of diyyă & tedyiqa pl. -t n.i. of diyyeq ted Eaf v.n. of da E E af tfada v.i. to be or become even (i.e., reciprocally revenged) tfadina daba! Now we're even! ¶ tfada m a to get even with (s.o.) tfafa v.i. 1. to be rickety, loose, unstable (as

an old chair, a loose tooth) 2. to be disconcerted or shook up (by some bit of shocking news) 3. to get nervous, to get "butterflies" in the stomach tfafel pl. of teffal tfahem v.i. 1. to understand each other (in speech as well as psychologically) 2. to come to an agreement, to have an understanding I tfahem m & a 1. same as tfahem ka-itfahem m & aha. He and she understand each other. 2. to understand (s.o. psychologically) 3. to give (s.o.) what he desires, to fulfill the desires of (s.o.) 4. to bribe, to grease the palm of (s.o.) tfakk same as tfekk tfaker pl. of tefkira tfala residue, dregs (of tea) tfara v.i. 1. to straighten out or settle differences or grievances 2. to be straightened out or settled (some difference or grievance) tfared (f-) to go in together (on), to share the expense or expenses (of) tfareq v.i. to separate (two men fighting, man and wife, etc.) ¶ tfareq m & a to separate or be separated from (man and wife, etc.) tfares v.i. to bite and tear at each other (animals fighting, people) tfasel v.i. to compromise, to come to a compromise tfatef pl. of teftifa tfaten v.i. to dispute or quarrel rather violently tfaya kind of couscous garnish made of onions, cinnamon, and raisins tfedda v.i. 1. m.p. of fedda 2. to end, to conclude, to terminate 3. to run out, to become exhausted 4. to go broke or bankrupt 5. to reach a stage (or age) of impending death tfeddel v.i. (usu. in impv. only) used as a polite expr. of allowing, permitting, inviting (s.o. to or to do s.th.), etc. was imken-li nšuf had le-ktab?-tfeddel! Can I look at this book?—Go right ahead! —tfeddel (pl. tfeddlu)! Please have (a seat, a cigaret, etc., etc.)! tfedfid v.n. of fedfed tefdil v.n. of feddel tfedya v.n. of fedda and tfedda teffal pl. tfafel mat placed under millingstones to collect the material which is ground teffaz n.u. -a apple teffaza pl. -t coll. šžer de-t-teffaz apple-tree tfegged to recall, to remember, to dawn on one tfeggedt (belli) le-zlib fuq l-Eafya. I remembered (that) the milk was on the

tefgid v.n. of fegged and tfegged

```
tferqi same as tfergi (v.n. of ferga and
tefgida pl. -t n.i. of fegged and tfegged
tfehher f- to gape in amazement at (s.o.,
                                                    tfergăと)
                                                  tferqa & same as tferga &
  s.th.), to be stunned by, astonished at (s.o.,
                                                  tferreg m.p. of ferreg
  s.th.)
    ¶ tfehher f-rasu\phi to be taken with oneself,
                                                  tferres m.p. of ferres
  to think oneself the "greatest"
                                                  tferrež v.i. to enjoy looking (movie, game)
                                                       ¶ tferrež Ela to watch, to amuse oneself
tefkira pl. -t, tfaker gift given to one's fiancée
                                                     by watching (s.th. or s.o.)
  (as a token of the engagement)
                                                  tferra to branch off (branch, road, etc.)
tfekk m.p. of fekk
                                                  tferšex m.p. of feršex
    I tfekk men 1. to get out of, to avoid (e.g.,
  work) 2. to get rid or free of (s.th. or s.o.
                                                  tfertina tempest, storm
  unwanted) 3. to get loose from (bonds,
                                                  tferten v.i. to get or become rough, choppy,
                                                     stormy (sea)
  fetters)
tfekker 1. to remember, to recall w-ana
                                                  tferteq v.i. to rip or come apart at the seams
                                                     (clothing)
  ntfekker bin-la xessni nčayyet-lu I just
  remember that I have to call him. 2. to be
                                                  tfertit v.n. of fertet
  reminded of melli šeftu tfekkert bba. When
                                                  tefsir pl. tafasir (pl. somewhat classical)
                                                     explanation (often accompanied by a com-
  I saw him I was reminded of my father.
teflas v.n. of felles and tfelles
                                                     mentary)
                                                  tfesser m.p. of fesser
teflat v.n. of fellet
teflisa pl. -t 1. n.i. of fles, felles, and tfelles
                                                  tfessez v.i. to take a break, a rest period
                                                  tefsal v.n. of fessel
  2. bankruptcy, ruin
                                                  tefsil pl. tafasil detail, small item
    ** darbah teflisa (or t-teflisa) He's ex-
                                                       ¶ be-t-tefsil in detail fesser-li had š-ši
  tremely dense.
                                                    be-t-tefsil. Explain this to me in detail.
tfella (v.n. tfelya) to joke, to jest
    ¶ tfella Ela to make fun of
                                                  tfešš m.p. of fešš
                                                  tfeššeš v.i. 1. m.p. of feššeš 2. to turn up one's
tfelles v.i. 1. m.p. of felles 2. to become stupid,
  dense
                                                     nose (in disapproval or dislike) 3. to act
tfelya v.n. of tfella
                                                     spoiled, to be a spoiled brat 4. to like to be
tfel Eis v.n. of fel Eăs
                                                     coaxed
                                                  teftaf pl. -in 1. (n.) jack-of-all-trades, general
tfel Eisa n.i. of fel E ăs
                                                     handy man 2. (adj.) trembling, shaky
tfel & as m.p. of fel & as
                                                     (from old age, anticipatory fright, etc.)
tfenneg, tfenneg (Ela) to turn up one's nose
                                                  teftaš v.n. of fetteš
  (at) (in disapproval or dislike)
tfentez v.i. to put on airs, to act important
                                                  teftat v.n. of fettet
                                                  teftef v.i. 1. to do general handy work 2. to
tefgas v.n. of fegges
tfeqqeh m.p. of feqqeh
                                                     shake, to tremble (from anticipatory fear,
                                                     old age) 3. to nibble, to pick(at) (food)
tfegger v.i. 1. m.p. of fegger 2. to pretend
                                                       ** Ead klit be-l-zăgg nteftef mEakom.
  poverty, to give the impression of living in
                                                     I've just eaten, but I'll have a bite with
  poverty
tefrad v.n. of ferred
                                                     you.
                                                  teftifa pl. tfatef 1. chore, s.th. that has to be
tefrag v.n. of ferreg
                                                     done 2. odd job
tefrag v.n. of ferreg
                                                  teftiš 1. v.n. of fetteš 2. inspection, examina-
tefraš v.n. of ferreš
                                                     tion (not medical)
tefrax v.n. of ferrex
                                                  tfettet m.p. of fettet
tefraz v.n. of ferrez
                                                  tfuber Ela to tip, to give a tip or gratuity to
tferfir v.n. of ferfer
                                                  tfuwweh v.i. to yawn (as from sleepiness)
tfergie v.n. of fergae and tfergae
                                                  tfuwwer m.p. of fuwwer 1
tfergica pl. -t 1. n.i. of tfergă 2. explosion,
                                                  tfuwwež v.i. to go for a walk or drive (in the
  bursting
                                                     country, to the beach)
tfergă v.i. to explode, to blow up, to burst
                                                  tefwah v.n. of fuwweh and thuwweh
  (e.g., bomb, balloon)
                                                  tefwar v.n. of fuwwer
    Itfergă& be-ḍ-ḍezk, b-le-bka, etc. to
                                                  tefxim v.n. of fexxem
  burst into laughter, tears, etc.
                                                       ¶ be-t-tefxim with emphasis, emphatically
tefrit v.n. of ferret
                                                  tefzag, tefzig v.n. of fezzeg
tferkil v.n. of ferkel
                                                  tefziga n.i. of fezzeg
tferkit v.n. of ferket
                                                  tfezzeg m.p. of fezzeg
tferket m.p. of ferket
                                                  tefžaž v.n. of fežžež
tfernisa pl. -t (broad)grin
                                                  tefžila pl. -t n.i. of fežžel
```

tefžir v.n. of fežžer tegyar v.n. of givver tefžiža pl. -t n.i. of fežžež tegyila same as tegyila tfežžel m.p. of fežžel teazan v.n. of aezzen tfežžež v.i. to go sightseeing mnin konna tgezzer m.p. of gezzer ** rasi ka-itaezzer Eliya. I've got a fe-r-rbat konna ka-nxeržu ntfežžžu. When we were in Rabat we used to go sightseeing. splitting headache. ¶ tfežžež f- to enjoy watching, to entertgeždir v.n. of gežder tain oneself by watching merra merra tgă ¿ ¿ žăd v.i. 1. m.p. of gă ¿ žăd 2. to sit up ka-nemši l-l-mersa baš ntfežžež straight (in bed, a chair) fe-l-bbaburat. From time to time I go to the tgafer v.i. to pardon or forgive one another harbor to watch the ships. (in connection with certain religious octfăcfica pl. -t n.i. of făc făc casions) tfă E fă E m.p. of fă E fă E tgamez v.i. to wink at each other tgadd same as tqadd tganen, tgann v.i. (v.n. gnan) to argue, to tgate & same as tgate & contradict one another tgar er m & a to struggle with, to have a hard tgaša v.i. to faint, to pass out time with (a heavy object, a job, etc.) tgawet v.i. to shout at one another, to argue ¶ bqa ka-itgazer mEa to stick with bqa loudly ka-itgazer mea šoglu zetta teallmu. He tegbar v.n. of gebber stuck with his job until he learned it. tgebben v.i. to get or become saddened, downtegdam v.n. of geddem hearted (usually shown by the face) tegdima pl. -t n.i. of geddem tegbir v.n. of gebber tgedder v.i. 1. to become or grow big and tgedda v.i. to eat dinner (at midday), to strong 2. to put on airs as if one were big lunch tgedded m.p. of gedded and strong tegfad v.n. of geffed tgiyyed m.p. of giyyed teglab v.n. of gelleb tgiyyem same as giyyem tgelgil v.n. of gelgel (same as gelgel) tgiyyer m.p. of giyyer tgelgila n.i. of gelgel (same as qelqel) teglad v.n. of gelled tgelleb v.i. 1. m.p. of gelleb (same as gleb) tigelleb Ela 1. to manage to beat, defeat, or 2. to turn over (as in bed) 3. to change triumph over (in a game, battle) 2. to one's attitude, mood, opinion, etc. master, to tame (an animal, with some tgelles m.p. of gelles difficulty) tgellet same as gellet tgemm m.p. of gemm tgemmed m.p. of gemmed غ m.p. of gellă ع tegmat v.n. of gemmet tegraq v.n. of gerreq tgemgim v.n. of gemgem tegraz v.n. of gerrez tgerbil v.n. of gerbel tgemmet m.p. of gemmet tgerbel m.p. of gerbel tgennef m.p. of gennef tegras v.n. of gerres tegrid v.n. of gerred tgerr m.p. of gerr tegraž v.n. of gerrež tgerreb v.i. 1. m.p. of gerreb 2. to get some tgerdă Em.p. of gerdă E tgergir v.n. of gerger fresh air (i.e., go outside and enjoy the tegris v.n. of gerres (same as gerres) gerbi) tegrie v.n. of gerrae and tgerrae tegsal v.n. of gessel tegrica pl. -t n.i. of gerrac and tgerrac tġessel m.p. of ġessel teġšam v.n. of ġeššem and tġeššem tgermel m.p. of germel tgerred m.p. of gerred tġeššem 1. m.p. of ġeššem 2. to play dumb, tgerres m.p. of gerres stupid, ignorant tgerră v.i. 1. to belch, to burp (usually actgetta m.p. of getta companied by a bad odor) 2. to explode, to tġeţya v.n. of ġeţţa let loose a fit of anger tgufila 1. n.i. of gufel 2. hair or beard which tegšat, tegšit v.n. of geššet (same as keššet) has gotten too long and is in need of cutting tegšita 1. n.i. of geššet (same as keššet) or shaving 2. same as tekšita 2 tguwwel (Ela) to become furious (with) tgusis v.n. of guses tegwag v.n. of guwweg tegwad v.n. of guwwed tegwal v.n. of guwwel tegwiga pl. -t n.i .of guwweg tegwal v.n. of guwwel tegyad v.n. of giyyed tegyar v.n. of givyer 3 (see tegvir)

tegyas v.n. of giyyes tegyir pl. -at 1. v.n. of giyyer 1 and 2 (see tegyar) 2. change, modification tegyis v.n. of giyyes thada v.i. to exchange gifts or presents thawed (m & a) to bargain (with), to lower the price by bargaining (with) thawes Ela to have a penchant for, to like especially (usually a food) thebber v.i. to get fat, to become fattened (person, animal) tehdan v.n. of hedden and thedden thedda v.i. 1. to dawdle, to dally (usually in walking) 2. to strut 3. to prance (horse) thedded m.p. of hedded ¶thedded Ela to menace, to threaten (s.o.) theddem m.p. of heddem thedden m.p. of hedden tehdin v.n. of hedden thedya v.n. of thedda thiyyef 1. to be or get greedy, to be avaricious 2. to be miserly, stingy tehkam v.n. of thekkem thekkem Ela to make fun of tehlil v.n. of hellel thella f- (v.n. thelya) 1. to take care of (also in the underworld usage) 2. to take care of, to give special attention to (s.o.) thelya v.n. of thella them v.t. to accuse tehmuni be-qtil mrati. They've accused me of killing my wife. tehma, tohma pl. -t, tuham accusation themhim v.n. of hemhem tehniva pl. -t v.n. and n.i. of henna thenkir dragging of one's feet (literal) thenker v.i. to grow, to get big or large (a boy's feet; boy may also be subject) thenna v.i. to get or become rid of one's problems, to be relieved of some burden or trouble ¶ thenna men to get rid of (s.o., s.th.) thenya same as tehniya (v.n. and n.i. of henna) tehras v.n. of herres thernin v.n. of hernen thernit v.n. of hernet therreb (men) to shy away (from), to balk (at), to avoid (doing s.th., as from apprehension) therres m.p. of herres therwil v.n. of herwel therwila pl. -t n.i. of herwel thetrif v.n. of hetref thuwwel m.p. of huwwel tehwad v.n. of huwwed tehwas v.n. of huwwes tehyaž, tehyiž v.n. of hiyyež thezz m.p. of hezz thežva v.n. of thežža

thežža v.t. 1. to read aloud slowly (practically by syllables) 2. to spell out (letter by letter) thežžel v.i. to become a widow or widower, to become widowed tibas v.n. of yebbes tigrad pl. -at possession, asset, property tigešt soapwort tih, tihan v.n. of tah tikida pl. -t 1. carob tree 2. carob bean tiktik nezla children's game, characterized by hopping and turning on one foot tilifun pl. -at telephone ¶ dreb t-tilifun l- to telephone (s.o.) tin n.u. -a dried fig tiqa confidence, trust ma-fih tiqa. He doesn't trust anyone; (also:) He can't be trusted. ** wžedtu ražel tiga I found that he could be trusted. ¶ gellet t-tiga lack of trust or confidence ma-dayer flus fe-l-benk, fih qellet t-tiqa. He never puts money in the bank; he doesn't trust them. tigal slowness, retardation (of a watch or clock) maganti ka-tă Emel qsem dyal t-tiqal f-koll reb a u-E ešrim sa a. My watch loses five minutes every twenty-four hours. tiqar self-respect xad da@imen qabet t-tiqar dyalu. My brother always maintains his self-respect. tiran pl. of tur tirs (usually said in eerd tirs) black, fertile tis pl. tyus, tyusa billy goat tisa E pl. twase E (pl. of intensity) 1. space, room 2. time (to do something) Etini šwiya de-t-tisa E. Give me a little time. ¶ fe-t-tisa \(\) away, aside, out of the way zott had t-tabla fe-t-tisa baš nsiyyqu l-? erd. Put this table out of the way so we can clean the floor. ¶men t-tisa from a distance, from afar šeft xak l-barez men t-tisa . I saw your brother from a distance yesterday. ¶ Ela tisa in sufficient time, in plenty of time mnin dži tsafer wežžed zwayžek Ela tisa . Whenever you travel, pack well ahead of time. ¶ Eta be-t-tisa to get away from, to leave alone Etini be-t-tisa E! Get away from me! tisir v.n. of yesser ** llah ižib t-tisir. May God give you success. tišišint dried cow dung used to light fires titan used in the expr. k al titan a very deep tixrifin (coll., said primarily in Fez) zucchini

squash

tiyyeq same as taq

tizbibint type of black olive with large pit

tizra kind of sumac tižan pl. of taž tižara trade, business, commerce tižari pl. -yen commercial, business (adj.) tkaber pl. of tekbira tkadeb v.i. to lie to one another tkaka v.i. to burst into (loud) laughter tkameš v.i. to scratch or claw at each other (cats, people) tkareh v.i. to hate one another tkateb v.i. to correspond, to carry on a correspondence thayes Ela 1. to take it easy on, to treat or use with moderation (s.o., s.th.) 2. to manage well, to economize on (e.g., money) tekbab v.n. of kebbeb tkebb same as ttkebb (m.p. of kebb) tkebbeb m.p. of kebbeb tkebbed m.p. of kebbed tkebber v.i. to be snobbish, to overrate one's station or importance tekbir v.n. of kebber tekbira pl. -t 1. gift given to one's fiancée 2. pl. also tkaber, n.i. of kebber tkebrit v.n. of kebret tkebret m.p. of kebret tekdab v.n. of keddeb tekdas v.n. of keddes tkeddeb m.p. of keddeb tkedder m.p. of kedder tkeddes m.p. of keddes tekdib v.n. of keddeb tekdis v.n. of keddes tekfaf v.n. of keffef tekfan v.n. of keffen tekfas v.n. of keffes tkeffes m.p. of keffes tekfifa pl. -t n.i. of keffef tekfisa pl. -t n.i. of keffes thiyyef v.i. 1. to smoke (not necessarily kif) I thiyyef m & a to adjust to, to adapt oneself to tkiyyel m.p. of kiyyel tekk itokk v.t. (v.n. tekkan) to prick, to stick (as with a pin) tkek pl. of tekka tekka v.i. to take a nap or snooze ¶ tekka Ela to lean on or against tekka pl. -t, tkek 1. n.i. of tekk 2. drawstring (as in pajamas, laundry bag) tekkan v.n. of tekk tekkel Ela to rely on, to count on (s.o., s.th.) tekkem v.t. to deal a volley of punches to (s.o.), to beat with the fists tkelfet m.p. of kelfet teklif v.n. of kellef and tkellef tkellef m.p. of kellef tkellem v.i. 1. to speak, to talk ma-ttkellem-š be-ž-žehd! Don't talk so loud! 2. to con-

verse, to have a conversation 3. to speak, to give a speech or talk 4. to sing (birds) ¶ tkellem f- to speak ill of, to talk derogatorily about (s.o.) ¶ tkellem l- to answer, to report to (s.o. who has called for you) tekmad v.n. of kemmed tekmal 1. v.n. of kemmel 2. completion tekmaš, tekmiš v.n. of kemmeš tekmiša pl. -t, tkameš 1. n.i. of kemmeš 2. wrinkle, fold (face, clothes) 3. pleat tkemma v.i. to smoke, to have a smoke (connotes enjoyment) tkemmeš m.p. of kemmeš tkenna m.p. of kenna tekrat v.n. of kerret tkerbil v.n. of kerbel therded v.i. to get or become kinky (hair) tkerdeg m.p. of kerdeg tkerdig v.n. of kerdeg tkerdiğa n.i. of kerdeğ tkerfis v.n. of kerfes tkerfes m.p. of kerfes tekrita pl. -t n.i. of kerret tkerkeb m.p. of kerkeb tkerkib v.n. of tkerkeb tkerker m.p. of kerker tkerrem (Ela) to be generous (toward) ¶ tkerrem b- to donate tkerrem b-xemsin Palef frenk Eal l-meytem. He donated fifty thousand francs to the orphanage. tkerret m.p. of kerret teksal v.n. of kessel teksar v.n. of kesser teksira n.i. of kesser tkessel m.p. of kessel tkesser m.p. of kesser tekšat, tekšit v.n. of keššet tekšita pl. -t 1. n.i. of keššet 2. suit (men's clothing) 3. a (complete) change of clothes, set of clothes (either clean or new; can include everything from underwear to topcoat) tkeššet m.p. of keššet tektaf v.n. of kettef tektar, tektir v.n. of ketter tkettef m.p. of kettef tkufir v.n. of kufer tkuwwen m.p. of kuwwen 1 tkuwwer m.p. of kuwwer tekwan v.n. of kuwwen tekwar v.n. of kuwwer tekwina pl. tkawen 1. n.i. of kuwwen ¶ dreb tekwina to keep quiet tekwir v.n. of kuwwer tekyal v.n. of kiyyel tekyas v.n. of kiyyes tekてaz v.n. of keててez tekzil v.n. of kezzel tkă wir v.n. of kă wer

tkă Ewer m.p. of kă Ewer

tla used in the expr. ma-tla-š to no longer (do s.th.) to not . . . any more ma-tla-š išreb. He doesn't drink any more.

tlafef pl. of telfifa

tlaha v.i. to amuse oneself, to kill time

tlales pl. of tellis

tlamed pl. of telmid

tlamet pl. of telmița

tlaqa v.i. 1. to meet (each other), to run across one another 2. to meet, to come together (e.g., two connecting wires) 3. to agree, to be of the same opinion

¶ tlaqa m a 1. to meet, to run across, to run into (s.o.) 2. to run into (a tree, door, etc.)

tlagem pl. of telgima

tlaseq v.i. to get stuck together, to adhere to each other

tlat see tlata

tlata (telt before pl. of words admitting du.)
three

¶ nhar t-tlat, nhar t-tlata, t-tlat, t-tlata Tuesday

tlatin 1. thirty 2. thirtieth safer nhar t-tlatin fe-š-šher. He left the thirtieth of the month. tlatem v.i. to collide, to run into each other tlawi pl. of tluwya

tlaxem pl. of telxima

telbag v.n. of lebbeg

telbas v.n. of lebbes

tlebbeq m.p. of lebbeq

tledded b- to savor, to relish (food)

tlef v.i. (v.n. tlif) 1. to get lost (physically, in a speech, etc.) 2. to lose one's concentration, to be distracted 3. to lose one's common sense, to act nonsensically

¶ tlef l- to lose (lit., to get lost) \neq tlef-li l-meftaz d-le-xzana. I've lost the key to the closet.

telf used in the expr. fels fe-l-keff zsen men čăšra fe-t-telf. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

telfa pl. -t n.i. of tlef

¶ $derbettu^{\phi}$ t-telfa to be out of one's mind, to act in a nonsensical manner \neq bla šekk derbethom t-telfa. They must be out of

their minds.

telfaf v.n. of leffef tleffef m.p. of leffef

tleffet v.i. to turn around, to face the opposite

¶ tleffet l- to turn and face toward telfifa pl. -t, tlafef n.i. of leffef

tlegga same as tlegga

tlif v.n. of tlef

tliyyen m.p. of liyyen

I tliyyen $m \geq a$ to be nice to, to treat with sindness

tella v.t. 1. to leave or put off (until later)

2. to leave until last, to do or take care of last

** leh la-itellik! expr. said, usually to one's child, as a wish or hope that the child will be taken care of in the event of the parents' death

¶ tella b- same as tella

tellaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a (one) who is constantly losing things, or causing others to either get lost or lose things

tellaža pl. -t icebox, refrigerator

tellef v.t. 1. to lose telleft l-magana dyali!

I've lost my watch! 2. to get (s.o.) lost, to cause to get lost 3. to waste, to squander (e.g. money) 4. to mislead, to lead astray (both physically and figuratively) 5. to break the train of thought or concentration of (s.o.), to distract

¶tellef l- to cause (s.th.) to get lost or become hard to find for (s.o.) tellefti-lu le-qlam dyalu. You've made it impossible for him to find his pen.

¶ tellef l-weqt to pass the time, to kill time

¶ tellef t-triq to make the trip or way seem short (by passing the time in an interesting manner) tellefna t-triq be-l-hedra. Because we talked all the way the trip seemed short.

tellis pl. tlales burlap sack, bag (used in storing grain, etc.)

tellet v.t. 1. to triple, to multiply by three 2. to place or arrange in groups of three (usually strands to be braided) 3. to be the third part or constituent of (s.th., in order to complete it) aži telletna! Come and be the third man! (as in a card game) 4. to walk on three legs (dog, horse, etc.)

tellež v.t. 1. to freeze (liquids) 2. to ice, to chill (as a drink)

telmid pl. tlamed, talamid pupil, student (below college level)

telmita pl. tlamet 1. bedspread 2. kind of decorative slipcover for a divan or sedriya tlemm m.p. of lemm

tlemmes Ela to caress, to fondle, to pet (person, animal)

tlemmă & m.p. of lemmă &

telqaf v.n. of leqqef

telgat v.n. of legget

telqaて v.n. of leqqeて

telgim v.n. of leggem

telqima pl. -t, tlaqem 1. n.i. of leggem

2. amount of tea added to a pot of used tea (to bring it up to strength)

tleqqa l- to meet (s.o. who has just arrived)
tleqqem m.p. of leqqem

telsaq, telsiq v.n. of lesseq

tlesseq m.p. of lesseq

telt see tlata

teltiya pl. -t type of three-shot rifle tlettem m.p. of lettem

tlettaš 1. thirteen 2. thirteenth

tlettef (Ela) to be courteous, polite, congenial (toward)

¶ tlettef $m \in a$ to go easy on, to not give a hard time to (s.o.)

tluwwa v.i. 1. m.p. of luwwa 2. to wind, to zigzag (car, snake, river, etc.) 3. to tack (boat)

¶ tluwwa f-le-klam to beat around the bush

¶ tluwwa Ela to wind around, to entwine oneself around (snake, vine)

tluwwen m.p. of luwwen

tluwya pl. -t, tlawi 1. n.i. of luwwa 2. curve, bend, crook (road, tree, rod, etc.) 3. sprain (ankle, wrist) 4. pl. tlawi zigzag(s)

I hder bla tlawi not to beat around the bush, to get to the point

telwin v.n. of luwwen

telxima pl. -t, tlaxem (bit of) phlegm

tlexxem v.i. to cough up and spit out phlegm telyin v.n. of liyyen

telzam v.n. of lezzem

tlezzem v.i. to be obliged, to have to, to be forced tlezzem (baš) imši le-fransa. He had to go to France.

telž 1. ice 2. snow

telzam v.n. of lezzem

telzifa n.i. of lezzef

tlezliz v.n. of lezlez

tlezzef m.p. of lezzef

tlezzem v.i. 1. to gain (weight), to get fat(ter) 2. to heal, to close (an open wound) 3. to be welded or soldered together

tmag pl. tmayeg (sg. ferda de-t-tmag)

1. leggings (pair) 2. boots (pair)

tmam same as tamamen

tmamen pl. of temmun

tmanin 1. eighty 2. eightieth

tmara seriousness, gravity, honesty (mostly used attributively) sma t belli hadak l-qadi ražel ma-ši tmara. I've heard that judge is not an honest man. —šwiya

de-t-tmara! Seriously! Let's be serious!

tmasez pl. of temsaz

tmatel v.i. to resemble each other, to be similar (in symmetry) had ž-žuž de-d-dyur ka-itmatlu. These two houses resemble each other. —had s-senduq ka-itmatel be-n-nesba l-nefsu. This box is symmetrical.

It matel mea to be similar to had letimara ka-tmatel mea lli qoddamha.
This building is similar to the one in front

of it.

tmawet v.i. to play dead, to pretend illness, to malinger ma-weg čăt-lu zetta zaža, ģir

ka-itmawet. Nothing happened to him, he's just pretending (injury, illness).

tmawež v.i. 1. to undulate, to wave, to ripple (water, flag, etc.) 2. to shimmer (in a varicolored manner, as some fabrics) tmayeg pl. of tmag

tmayel v.i. 1. to lean, to list (i.e., be in a state of tilt or leaning) 2. to roll (plane, ship)
3. to walk with a nonchalant, rolling or balancing motion 4. to stagger, to reel (drunk)

tmayez (Ela) to differ (from), to be different (from)

tmazez v.i. to fool around, to joke

tmedd m.p. of medd

tmedden m.p. of medden

tmedya v.n. and n.i. of medda

tmegget v.i. m.p. of megget

temģita n.i. of meģģet

tmin pl. -in (comp. tmen) valuable, precious

etmina pl. of taman

tmiyyez m.p. of miyyez temkin v.p. of mekken

tmekken m.p. of mekken

tmekreh Ela to cause trouble to (s.o.), to give a hard time to (s.o.), to be hard on (s.o.)

temlas v.n. of melles

temlaz v.n. of mellez

temlis v.n. of melles

tmelleg v.i. (v.n. mlaga) to joke, to jest

¶ tmelleg m &a to tease

¶ tmelleg Ela to make fun of

tmellek (b-) 1. to get engaged (to) 2. to become owner (of)

tmellez m.p. of mellez

tmelmel m.p. of melmel

temm 1. v.t. and v.i. to end, to finish, to be ended, to be finished. 2. v.i. to be exhausted, to run out temm s-sokkar. We're out of sugar, the sugar has run out. 3. used with a.p. to express the perfect (usually with verbs of motion) temmet nayda

u-xeržet. She got up and went out. 4. to begin, to start (with durative tense) jir drebni temmit ka-nebti. When he hit me, I started crying.

temm, temma, temmak, temmaki, temmaya there, over there

¶ l-temma there, thither sir l-temma u-i\(\tilde{c}\) and l!ah. Go over there and we'll see what we can do for you.

I men temma 1. from there, thence

2. from that time, since then kan meaya n-nhar ž-žemea lli dazet u-men temma ma-eawedt šeftuh. He was with me last Friday but I haven't seen him since then.

¶ temm nnit right there, on the spot, right away, right then and there ttedreb f-daru u-temm nnit mat. He was shot in his house and died right there.—tlebtu dak š-ši

u-Etah liya temm nnit. I asked him for that and he gave it to me on the spot.

I temm temm immediately, right away. qal-li ši-klam xayeb u-žawebtu temm temm. He said something bad to me and I answered him back right away. temmem v.t. to finish was temmemti sgalek?

Have you finished your work?

temmen v.t. 1. to arrange in groups of eight 2. to multiply by eight or eight times, to octuple

temmer v.i. 1. same as tmer 2. to get or become serious (-minded)

temmun pl. tmamen beam of a plow (including the handle)

tmen 1. comp. of tmin 2. pl. tmuna eighth, eighth part 3. pl. tmuna eighth part or division of the Koranic zizeb 4. see tmenya tmenna v.t. 1. to desire, to have a desire for ka-ntmenna ši-tažin de-s-seksu. I'd like to have a bowl of couscous. 2. to hope ka-ntmenna nduwwez d-doktura men daba Eamayn. I hope to get my doctorate in two

¶ tmenna Ela to desire of (s.o.), to ask of (s.o.)

tmențaš 1. eighteen 2. eighteenth

tmenya (temm, tmen with pl. of words admitting du.) eight

tmegges m.p. of megges

tmer v.i. to bear or produce fruit (tree, etc.)
tmer n.u. temra date (fruit)

¶n.u. temṛa pl. -t glans penis (said of children)

temran v.n. of merren temrar v.n. of merrer

tmerdin v.n. of tmerden

tmerden v.i. to fool or joke around

temriga pl. -t n.i. of merreg and tmerreg

temrin v.n. of merren

temrita n.i. of merret and tmerret

tmermed m.p. of mermed

tmermid v.n. of mermed

tmerred v.i. to pretend or feign illness

tmerreg 1. m.p. of merreg 2. v.i. to wallow, to sprawl on one's back (as a dog scratching its back)

tmerren m.p. of merren

tmerret m.p. of merret

tmerrez v.i. 1. to make oneself comfortable (usually sitting) 2. to go to the bathroom, powder room (polite expression)

tmerwa v.i. to fan oneself, to be fanned (with a merwa v)

tmerzib v.n. of merzăb

temsaz pl. tamasız, tmasez alligator, crocodile

tmesken v.i. 1. to feign poverty, to act broke žibu Eamer b-le-flus u-ža ka-itmesken

Eliya. His pocket was full of money and

he came to me acting as if he were broke.

2. to feign innocence, to act innocent lemma žaw istentquh l-bulis bda ka-itmesken Elihom. When the police came to interro-

gate him, he began to feign innocence.

tmess m.p. of mess

tmesxer same as tmesxer

tmešša v.i. 1. to walk, to take a walk, to go for a walk 2. to function, to operate, to work, to go siyarti qdima, be-l-zāqq ka-ttmešša mezyan. My car is old but it runs well. 3. to get along benti u-sadiqtha ka-itmeššaw mezyan mea bāedhom. My daughter and her friend get along well together. 4. to sell, to go had s-selea ka-ttmešša b-sorea. This merchandise sells fast. 5. to spend tmešša ela qedd zalek. Spend according to what you make.

¶tmešša mča 1. to associate with, to go around with hadi ģir žuž de-l-? asabi & baš bdit ka-ntmešša mčah. It's only been two weeks since I started going around with him. 2. to match, to go well with (s.th.) ž-žiyyafa l-kā cla ka-ttmešša mča koll-ši. A black tie goes well with everything.

¶ tmešša Ela to follow, to act on, to conform to tmešša Eal n-nasiza lli qolt-lek. Follow the advice I gave you.

tmešxir v.n. of tmešxer

tmešxer Ela to make fun of, to laugh in the face of, to ridicule sazbu ma-Eăndu tumubil u-huwa ka-itmešxer Elih. He makes fun of his friend because he doesn't have a car.

temtam adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and ag. n. of temtem

temtil v.n. of mettel

temtim v.n. of temtem (see ttemtim)

temtem v.i. to stutter, to stammer

tmettă & b- or f- to enjoy, to get enjoyment from

tmuna pl. of tmen 2 and 3

tmuwwen m.p. of muwwen

temwin 1. v.n. of muwwen 2. provisions, supplies

tmexzen v.i. to act important, to act with an air of authority (that one does not have) temyal v.n. of miyyel

temyaq v.n. of miyyeq

temyaz, temyiz v.n. of miyyez

tmezzeq m.p. of mezzeq

tmezzen m.p. of mezzen

tma Ewiq v.n. of ma Eweq

tna itni v.t. (v.n. tenyan, tni) to fold, to

pleat, to roll up (sleeves)

¶ be-l-metni (p.p.) denotes a doubling of some action xda l-makla be-l-metni. He took a double helping of food.

tnabeh (l-) to pay attention (to), to listen
 (to)

tnaber pl. of tenber tnafes v.i. to compete, to be rivals tnafes pl. of tenfisa tnager v.i. to dispute, to quarrel kanu ka-idez ku zetta wellaw ka-itnagru. They were just fooling around until they began to quarrel. tnahed pl. of tenhida tnager same as tnager tnaqeš (Ela, f-) to discuss, to have a discussion (about) tnagez pl. of tengiza tnaseb v.i. 1. to become related (by marriage) ra?is l-zukuma tnaseb mEa l-malik. The premier married into the king's family. 2. to go (well) with each other (colors, parts of a set, people) tnater v.i. to butt heads tnaweb v.i. to work by turns, to relieve each other ka-itnawbu Eăl l-Eăssa. They relieve each other on guard duty. tnayn two (used mostly in compound numbers) f-Eamru tnayn u-rebein Eam. He is forty-two years old. tnaze & v.i. to quarrel, to dispute tenbal v.n. of nebbel tenbat v.n. of nebbet tenba & v.n. of nebbă tenbih pl. -at 1. v.n. of nebbeh 2. remark, observation tenber pl. tnaber stamp (with adhesive backing, e.g., postage, trading) tneddem (Ela) to suffer sorrow, anguish or grief (over) tneddef m.p. of neddef tneddem m.p. of neddem tendif v.n. of neddef tendim 1. v.n. of neddem 2. organization tenfar v.n. of neffer tenfas 1. v.n. of neffes and tneffes respiration tneffed m.p. of neffed tneffes v.i. 1. to breathe 2. to catch one's breath, to rest 3. to breathe hard, to pant 4. to leak, to have a leak (of air, liquid) 5. to break wind tneffex v.i. 1. m.p. of neffex 2. to be or become haughtily proud or prideful 3. to pout (from wounded pride) tneffă b- to make use of, to get benefit from, to get use out of tenfisa pl. -t, tnafes 1. n.i. of neffes and tneffes 2. breath 3. (air) vent 4. flatus,

flatulence 5. space, blank (to be filled in)

6. improvised irrigation gate (i.e., break in

¶ sbiyye & de-t-tenfiz a pinch of snuff

the ditch bank)

tnefnif v.n. of nefnef

tengal v.n. of neggel

tenfiz a snuff

tneggeb v.i. to put on the veil (ngab) tengila n.i. of neggel tengira n.i. of negger tnegriz v.n. of negrez tnegnig v.n. of negneg tnehhed v.i. to sigh (person) tenhida pl. -t, tnahed sigh tni v.n. of tna tnin same as tnavn tenkis width, breadth tnekked m.p. of nekked tenmar v.n. of nemmer tenna 1. v.t. to double (in amount) 2. v.t. to form a pair with (s.o. or s.th. else) 3. v.i. to do s.th. again, to repeat some action klit u-tennit. I've eaten twice. te enna v.i. to be patient, to have patience (as in waiting) tenni v.n. of tenna tengal v.n. of neggel tengaz v.n. of neggez tengila n.i. of neggel tengir v.n. of negger tengiza pl. -t, tnagez jump, bound tneqqa m.p. of neqqa tneggel m.p. of neggel tnegya v.n. of negga tensil v.n. of nessel tnessel m.p. of nessel tnesya v.n. of nessa tenšaf, tenšif v.n. of neššef tnešša m.p. of nešša tneššet m.p. of neššet tnešwa v.i. to indulge in some minor sensual pleasure (usually smoking or having a drink) tnešya v.n. of nešša tnugiš v.n. of nugeš tnuwwa (men) to be or become suspicious (of) tnu Eira pl. -t trick, ruse, bit of cunning $tnu \not\in \check{a}r$ ($\mathcal{E}la$) to use cunning (on), to use trickery (on) tenwaz v.n. of nuwwez tenwir v.n. of nuwwer tenxima same as telxima tnexxem same as tlexxem tenya pl. -t 1. wrinkle (cloth, face) 2. pleat, fold 3. crease (as in pants) tenyan v.n. of tna tenzal v.n. of nezzel tnezzeh v.i. to go on a picnic, to go picnicking tnezzel m.p. of nezzel tnežya 1. v.n. and n.i. of nežža 2. rescue, deliverance tneてya v.n. and n.i. of neてて a tnezza m.p. of nezza tnă E ăm v.i. 1. to live in comfort, to be well-to-do 2. to prosper, to be prosperous ¶ tnăととăm とla (s.o.) b- (s.th.) to give

```
tegbar 1. v.n. of gebber 2. burial, interment
  (s.th.) to (s.o.), to present (s.th.) as a gift
                                                 taebbeb m.p. of aebbeb
  to (s.o.), to donate (s.th.) to (s.o.)
tgabed v.i. 1. to hold hands, to take each other
  by the hand 2. to fight, to have a fight
  (physical)
tqabi pl. of teqba, toqba
tqabel v.i. 1. to face each other (in position)
  2. to confront or come up against one an-
  other 3. to meet, to have a meeting
tgabet same as tgabed
tgadd v.i. expresses the concept of coming to
  be on an equal basis of some sort, e.g.
  l-Eam lli daz kan sabeqni f-le-qraya
  walakin had l-Eam tqaddit mEah. Last
  year he was ahead of me in school, but this
  vear I've caught up to him. -d-dabit gal
  l-l-žunub dyalu itqaddu fe-s-seff. The offi-
  cer told his men (soldiers) to line up.
  -waxxa lebset s-sebbat l-Eali
  ma-tqaddet-š m a raželha. In spite of her
  wearing high-heeled shoes, she didn't come
  up to her husband's height. -mnin tqadd
  m Eah, reklu. When he came up to him, he
  kicked him. —had ž-žuž de-l-?enwa E
  de-t-tub ma-ka-itqaddu-š fe-l-qima. These
  two kinds of material differ in price.
    -l-mizan tqadd. The scale is balanced.
    ** daba Ead atay tqadd. The tea is just
  right (for drinking).
tqada v.i. 1. to end, to conclude, to be finished
  2. to be exhausted, to run out (gas, sugar,
  etc.) 3. to become invalid or physically in-
  active (usually from age)
tgaf v.n. of teggef
tgal v.i. to get or become heavy
tgal pl. of tgil
tqala 1. heaviness (weight) 2. slowness
  (speed) 3. lethargy 4. obtrusiveness, ob-
  noxiousness
tgagel pl. of teggala
tqasem, tqasem v.t. to share
tgaser pl. of tegsira
tgases pl. of tegsisa
tqašer, tqašer socks, stockings (sg. teqšira
  or ferda de-t-tqašer)
tqatel v.i. 1. to fight, to battle, to have a fight
  or battle 2. to kill one another (rare usage)
tqate & v.i. to come to an agreement, to agree
tqațe E pl. of teqți Ea
tqayel v.i. to reach an agreement after bar-
  gaining, to make a deal
tqazer same as tgazer
tga ed pl. of tegeida
tqeb v.t. (v.n. tqib) 1. to pierce, to go through,
  to perforate 2. to go into, to enter (as a
  bullet, knife) 3. to deflower, to deflorate
  4. to violate, to rape
teqba, toqba pl. -t, tqabi 1. n.i. of tqeb 2. hole.
  perforation
tegbab v.n, of gebbeb
```

```
tqebbed b- to get back at, to get even with
tqebbel 1. m.p. of qebbel 2. v.i. to face toward
  Mecca 3. v.t. to resign oneself to accepting,
  to face (e.g., some hard fact)
tgebber m.p. of gebber
tgebbet same as tgebbed
tqebbez (Ela) to be impertinent, insolent,
  disrespectful (toward)
tegbiba 1. n.i. of gebbeb 2. arc 3. dome
teqdar v.n. of qedder
tgedded m.p. of gedded
tqeddem 1. m.p. of qeddem 2. v.i. to progress,
  to advance
tgedder m.p. of gedder
teqdim 1. v.n. of qeddem 2. advance (of
  money)
teqdir v.n. of qedder (same as qedder)
    ¶ be-t-tegdir 1. approximately, about
  2. for example
tegdis v.n. of geddes
tegdiza pl. -t 1. n.i. of qeddez 2. slap with
  the hand (on top of the head)
tqedda v.i. to go shopping for groceries
tgedder m.p. of gedder
tgehwa v.i. to have a drink (usually of coffee
  or tea, but may mean any drink)
tgib v.n. of tgeb
tqil pl. -in, tqal (comp. tqel) 1. heavy had
  ž-žellaba tqila Eliya bezzaf. This jellaba
  is too heavy for me. —had ş-şenduq ma-ši
  tqil bezzaf. This box isn't very heavy.
  -teăššina eša tqila l-barez. We had a
  heavy meal last night. 2. slow had t-tumubil
  tgila, ila şaferna fiha Eămmerna
  ma-nweşlu. This car is (too) slow; we'll
  never get there if we go in it. -magantek
  tqila b-seb a de-d-dqayeq. Your watch is
  slow by seven minutes. -dak l-weld tqil
  fe-šģalu. That boy is slow in his work. 3. pl.
  tugala bothersome, obnoxious, annoying
  (person) 4. pl. tuqala snobbish, uppity
    ¶ wednu\phi tqila to be hard of hearing \neq
  wednu tqila. He's hard of hearing.
tgin v.n. of tgen
tqiyya v.i. and v.t. to vomit, to regurgitate
tqiyyed m.p. of qiyyed
tqiyyes m.p. of qiyyes
tgel comp. of tgil
tqol 1. weight 2. heaviness
togla pl. -t 1. ballast, weight 2. burden, heavi-
  ness (on the heart or soul, etc.)
teglab v.n. of gelleb
teglal v.n. of gellel
teqlaq v.n. of qelleq
tegla & v.n. of gellă &
teglil v.n. of gellel
tegliga n.i. of gelleg
```

tgelleb m.p. of gelleb tqelleq v.i. 1. m.p. of qelleq 2. to get mad or angry 3. to become or get impatient غm.p. of gellă tgelgil v.n. of gelgel tgelgel m.p. of gelgel tgen itgen, itgon (v.n. tgin, ?itgan) to do perfectly, to excel in, to be a master of (job, language, etc.) teggaba pl. -t 1. drill (for perforating) 2. punch (for punching tickets) teggala pl. -t, tgagel 1. counterweight, ballast 2. weight used for flattening or pressing teggeb same as tgeb teggef v.t. (v.n. tgaf) 1. to stop, to hold up, to arrest (payment, disease) 2. to stop, to prevent tegqfu le-Erus mnin ža idxol. They stopped the groom from going in to his bride. 3. to board up, to nail shut (door, window) 4. to confiscate, to seize (property, etc.) 5. to kidnap teggel v.t. 1. to make heavy or heavier 2. to make go slow (er), to slow up I teggel Ela 1. to make heavy or too heavy, to load down 2. to weigh down, to put weight or s.th. heavy on 3. to demand too much from, to overwork, to wear out (s.th., s.o.) 4. to annoy, to bother ¶ teggel režlih ϕ to slow down, to not walk so fast teqqel režlik šwiya! Don't walk so fast! tegrab v.n. of gerreb tegrad v.n. of gerred teqrib v.n. of qerreb ¶ be-t-tegrib, tegriben approximately, about tegrid v.n. of gerred tegrir pl. tagarir report men bă d-ma sala l-bezt dyalu qeddem tegrir l-l-mudir. After he finished his investigation he presented a report to the director. tgergeb m.p. of gergeb tgergib v.n. of gergeb tgerres same as tgerres (m.p. of gerres) tqeršil v.n. of qeršel tgeršel m.p. of geršel tegsas v.n. of gesses tegsaz v.n. of gessez tegsir 1. v.n. of gesser 2. pleasant conversation, company with friends ¶ be-t-teqsir in short, briefly tegsira pl. -t, tgaser 1. n.i. of gesser 2. soiree, evening get-together, party teqsis 1. v.n. of qesses 2. kind of marriage celebration or reception

tegsisa pl. tgases 1. material, cloth (i.e., the

cutting to be used in making a suit, dress,

etc.) 2. amount of prepared kif obtained

from a bunch of the uncut material

tegsiza pl. -t 1. n.i. of gessez 2. bruise, contusion tgesses m.p. of gesses teqšar, teqšir v.n. of qeššer teqšira, teqšira pl. tqašer, tqašer sock, stocking tqeššer m.p. of qeššer tegteq v.t. to (get) wet, to moisten teqtab v.n. of qetteb teqtar v.n. of getter teqta & v.n. of qettă & tgetbina quality of being svelte, slenderness tegtiba n.i. of getteb tegtir v.n. of getter teqtira (sg. and coll.) pl. -t 1. n.i. of qetter 2. eye-drop(s) tegtie v.n. of gețțăe tegtica pl. -t, tgate 21. n.i. of gettă 22. tear, slash, gash, rip tgetțeb m.p. of gețțeb tgetter m.p. of getter tqeṭtă& m.p. of qeṭṭă& tqunis v.n. of tqunes tqunes v.i. to put on airs, to act the big-shot tquwwa m.p. of quwwa tqueweem m.p. of quewwem tquwwes m.p. of quwwes tquwwet m.p. of quwwet teqwa (usually with art.) fear of or strong belief in God t-teqwa we-l-?iman huma Pasas l-Pislam. Fear of God and faith are the foundation of Islam. tegwam v.n. of guwwem tegwas v.n. of quwwes teqwim v.n. of quwwem tegwis v.n. of guwwes teqwisa n.i. of quwwes tequiya v.n. of quwwa tegyad v.n. of giyyed teqyas v.n. of qiyyes teqyid v.n. of qiyyed teq yida pl. -t n.i. of qiyyed teqyila n.i. of qiyyel tegzab v.n. of gezzeb tqezdir v.n. of qezder *tqezder* m.p. of *qezde*r tgezgez m.p. of gezgez tegとad v.n. of găととăd teq Eida pl. -t, tqa Eed a type of sieve or strainer with a wooden frame and a woven reed mesh ¶ Eayn t-teq Eida wheat that has been passed once through a teg Lida, remaining rather coarse, used for making xobz l-בăṛš (a kind of whole wheat bread) tqă&&ăd v.i. 1. m.p. of qă&&ăd 2. to clear up (weather) 3. to settle (as dregs in a liquid), to clarify (as sediment in wine) 4. to sit or stand straight (with good posture)

trab earth, soil, dirt

trabi (good) manners, behavior, deportment t-trabi ka-it & ăllmu fe-d-dar b z al fe-l-medrașa. Manners are learned at home as well as at school. —dak d-derri ka-ikmi, ma hna trabi hadı. That kid is smoking;

that's bad behavior.
¶ qell t-trabi ill-mannered, rude žat

le-d-dar ka-tebki zit Eayerha wazed qell t-trabi. She came home crying because some

rude person insulted her.

tradd used in the expr. tradd le-klam to have words, to have a spat ža mčătțel u-traddu le-klam. They had a spat when he turned up late.

trada v.i. 1. to agree, to reach an agreement 2. to like each other

trafeg, trafeq v.i. to go (somewhere) together, to travel together fe-s-sif l-maži gadi-ntrafgu fe-s-sfer l-l-urubba. Next

summer we're going to travel together to Europe. —koll ž-žem Ea f-le-Ešiya

ka-itrafgu le-s-sinima. Every Friday night they go to the movies together.

trakeb v.i. to overlap snanu trakbu. His teeth overlap.

trakeb 1. pl. of terkiba (n.u. of rekkeb)
 2. (also trakib) paraphernalia of a tailor or seamstress

trama Ela 1. to throw oneself at or on (s.o. or s.th.), to jump on txebbaw-lu mur l-bab, u-gir huwa dxel tramaw Elih. They hid from him behind the door, and as soon as he came in they jumped on him. 2. to seize, to appropriate, to take possession of (s.th.) 3. to pick a fight with (s.o.)

trareb pl. of terrabi and terrabiya

trared pl. of terrada

trares pl. of terras

trawem v.i. 1. to fit, to coincide la-tlesseqhom cetta itrawmu. Don't glue them together until they fit (properly). 2. to go (well) together had t-tabla u-had l-korsi

ka-itrawmu. This table and chair go well together 3. to get along well with each other, to be understanding of one another huwa u-mratu ka-itrawmu bezzaf ¿ad. He and his wife understand each other very well.

¶ trawem $m \in a$ to deal with, to do business with

traxa v.i. 1. to get lazy, to become sluggish or listless 2. to get discouraged 3. to slacken, to become slack (person)

traya m a to consult (s.o.), to talk with (s.o.) trayit m a mmi baš nešri dak

l-qeftan. I talked with my mother about buying this caftan.

trayek pl. of trika

traže v.i. 1. to regain consciousness, to come

to 2. to calm down (person) 3. to regain one's sanity

** traze & l-llah! Calm down!

tra Ei pl. of ter Ea

trazem v.i. to see s.o. again after a period of separation, to have a reunion (especially with family or close friends) fe-l-Eid dima ka-nemši ntrazem mEa l-@ahl dyali. I always go to see my family on holidays. trebba m.p. of rebba

terbiya 1. v.n. of rebba 2. pl. -t newborn child, infant, baby

terbie v.n. of rebbae

trebya pl. -t (dim. tribya) infant, baby, child (from birth to about two years of age)

tredd m.p. of redd tredded v.i. to hesitate terdida n.i. of tredded terda v.n. of redda

tredd m.p. of redd (same as redd)

terfas n.u. -a truffle tergya pl. -t clavicle

trehhet v.i. 1. to change frequently and/or rapidly, to show frequent or rapid change, to be changeable tata ka-ttrehhet. A chameleon changes (color) often. —l-mumettila

xessha ttrehhet b-suhula men waz ed

d-dewr l-l-axor. An actress must be able to switch easily from one role to another. (She must be able to change her acting according to the demands of her roles.) — ka-itrehhet be-l-godda. When he gets mad he turns all different colors. 2. to tell (untrue) stories, to make up excuses, to say one thing and mean another ka-ttrehhet Eliya koll merra ka-tqul-li klam Elih. She tells me a different story every time she talks to me about him. — ma-ža-š

l-l-medrasa l-barez u-fe-s-sbaz bda ka-itrehhet Eăl l-mu Eăllima melli

suwwlettu Elaš. He didn't come to school yesterday, and this morning he started making up excuses to the teacher when she asked him why. —dima ka-itrehhet Eliya. He always says one thing to me and means another.

tribya pl. -t dim. of trebya

trid n.u. -a a kind of very thin pancake, served with a sweet topping (honey, etc.) trika pl. trayek 1. descendents, progeny 2. inherited quality or characteristic fih zobb l-musiqa trika. In him, the love of music is an inherited characteristic.

trisinti electricity

tritil 1. v.n. of ritel 2. disorder, disarray 3. vandalism

triya pl. -t ceiling light fixture, chandelier ka-ištet btal t-triya. He's shaking like a chandelier.

triyyeb m.p. of riyyeb

triyyes m.p. of riyyes triyyeš m.p. of riyyeš triyyez m.p. of riyyez

trek v.t. 1. to leave, to abandon terku d-dar qbel-ma trib! Abandon the house before it falls in! 2. to give up (s.th.), to quit (doing s.th.) trekt t-tedxin. I quit smoking. -trek l-medrasa u-lqa xedma. He gave up school and found a job.

terkab, terkib v.n. of rekkeb

torki 1. pl. -yen Turkish 2. pl. Patrak Turk terkiba pl. -t, trakeb n.i. of rekkeb

trekkeb m.p. of rekkeb

torkya Turkey

termaš v.n. of remmeš termiša n.i. of remmeš

ternen v.i. 1. to ring, to tinkle (small bells only) 2. to jingle (coins) 3. to clink (glasses)

¶ ternen b- to ring (s.th.) l-gerraba dima ka-iternnu be-n-nwages dyalhom. The water carriers always ring their bells.

trenž, tronž n.u. -a 1. sour orange 2. sour orange tree

tergad v.n. of regged tergaq v.n. of reggeq terqae v.n. of reqqăe tergiq v.n. of reggeq tergie v.n. of reggăe treqqa m.p. of reqqa tregged m.p. of regged

terrabi pl. trareb 1. heavy cloth placed around the bottom of a tent to protect the tent cloth 2. basement, cellar

terrabiya pl. -t, trareb large basket with handles, made of woven rushes

terrada pl. -t, trared 1. a grill or flat utensil for preparing trid 2. a woman who prepares trid

terras pl. -a, trares 1. a man who threshes (wheat), a thresher 2. artilleryman

terrasa pl. -t threshing machine

terred v.i. 1. to tremble, to shake (people and animals) ka-iterred be-l-berd. He's trembling with cold. 2. to make trid

Iterred Ela to tremble or shake with anger at (s.o. or s.th.) terred Eliya. He

was shaking with anger at me.

terrika 1. inheritance, legacy lemma mat bbahom xella-lhom terrika kbira. Their father left them a large inheritance when he died. 2. descendents, posterity terrikthom kollha xeržat fasda. All their descendents turned out (to be) worthless.

terrek v.t. 1. to confiscate t-tuwwar terrku-lu l-mumtalakat dyalu kollha. The rebels have confiscated all his possessions. 2. to despoil, to plunder fe-l-lil dxel le-Edu le-d-dšer u-terrku. The enemy entered the village at night and plundered it.

terră e v.t. 1. to open wide (a door) terră l-bab baš ixrož had d-doxxan. Open the door wide so this smoke can get out. 2. to make a passage, to make an opening (in s.th.) terră & s-syaž baš ixeržu le-bhayem. Make an opening in the fence so the livestock can get out.

tre? es v.i. 1. to become president, to become the head (of a group or an organization) melli tre?? es kanet Eăndu xemsa u-rebEin Eam. He was forty-five when he became president. 2. to preside l-wazir l-luwwel tre? es Eal le-žtima El-wizari. The Prime Minister presided over the cabinet meeting.

tersaf, tersif v.n. of ressef tersı & v.n. of ressă &

tressed l- 1. to spy on, to watch koll yum ka-itressdu-lu. They spy on him every day. 2. to lie in wait for, to watch for l-qett tressed l-l-far qeddam garu. The cat lay in wait for the mouse in front of its hole. -tressed-lha geddam l-benk zetta xeržat u-qal-lha: redd-li mali! He watched for her in front of the bank until she came out and said to her, "Give me back my money!"

tresya v.n. of ressa trešš m.p. of rešš

treššed v.i. to act or behave as an adult, to show the (mental and emotional) characteristics of adulthood tressed mea rasu had l-iyyam. He acts like an adult these days (implying that he did not heretofore). tertab v.n. of retteb

tertib 1. v.n. of retteb 2. tax paid by farmers on harvests and livestock

tertil v.n. of rettel tretteb m.p. of retteb tertab v.n. of retteb

tretteb m.p. of retteb

tretta 1. m.p. of retta 2. to somersault, to do a flip

tertuga pl. -t ashtray tretya pl. -t v.n. and n.i. of retta terwa possessions, riches, fortune, goods terwab v.n. of ruwweb terwam v.n. of ruwwem

terwan v.n. of ruwwen terwim v.n. of ruwwem

terwina n.i. of ruwwen terwiz a n.i. of ruwwez

terwiz a n.i. of ruwwez truwweb m.p. of ruwweb

truwwez m.p. of ruwwez

truwwez 1. m.p. of ruwwez 2. to go out for (fresh) air 3. to urinate truwwa & m.p. of ruwwa &

¶ truwwaž-lu ϕ qelbu ϕ to be about to vomit

terxas v.n. of rexxes terxwin, trexwin v.n. of tterxa (m.p. of rxa)

autumn.

I wanted.

fide in each other tsare pl. of tesri 2 and 3

tsawa m.p. of sawa

tsaget v.i. to fall slowly, to float down (snow,

ka-itsaqtu fe-l-xrif. The tree leaves fall in

¶ tsara Ela 1. to look for, to search for

2. to visit, to go to see 3. to sample, to try tsarit Eăl r-rwayez kollha u-lgıt lli bgit.

I tried all the perfumes and found the one

¶ tsawa m a rasu to relax, to make one-

tsaxen (pl. or f.sg.) 1. spices 2. a kind of drug

tsebbeb v.i. 1. to make excuses melli tkellemt

m Eah Eăl le-ktab lli selleft-lu bda ka-itsebbeb (Eliya). When I talked to him

used by some people in cold weather in

about the book I loaned to him, he began

to make excuses (to me). 2. to use subter-

fuge kun ma-tsebbebt Eliha zetta Etatni

le-wraq lli bģit Eămmerni ma-nšufhom.

If I had not used subterfuge on her to get

her to give me the papers I wanted, I

¶ be-t-tesbig in advance, ahead of time

tsarr v.i. to tell secrets to each other, to con-

leaves, paper, etc.) le-wraq de-š-šžer

tsara 1. m.p. of sara 2. to take a walk

self comfortable, to stretch out

order to warm themselves

would never have seen them.

tsebbel m.p. of sebbel

tesbil v.n. of sebbel

tesbiq v.n. of sebbeq

trexya v.n. of traxa teryab v.n. of riyyeb tervad v.n. of reyyed teryaq v.n. of reyyeq teryaš v.n. of riyyeš terviga antidote šreb s-semm u-Eătguh be-t-teryiqa. He swallowed a poison, but they saved him with the antidote. teryiš v.n. of riyyeš terzam, terzim v.n. of rezzem teržama pl. taražim translation teržač, teržič v.n. of režžač teržem v.t. to translate, to interpret teržem had le-bra men l-Eărbiya l-l-ingliziya. He translated this letter from Arabic into English. toržman, teržman pl. -at 1. translator 2. interpreter trežža v.t. to expect, to hope for weslat-lu r-risala lli kan ka-itrežža. He received the letter he was expecting. trežžel v.i. to show courage, to show virility, to act like a man. terzab v.n. of rezzeb trezzem Ela 1. to visit the grave of (s.o.) 2. to pray for (s.o. dead) ter a pl. -t, tra i an opening (to permit passage) fet u ter a fe-s-syaž baš iduzu le-bhayem. They made an opening in the fence so the livestock could go through. tră C čăd m.p. of ră C čăd trăととăš same as trăととăd (m.p. of ră E E ăd) tsabb v.i. to insult each other tsabeg, tsabeq v.i. 1. to compete, to vie with each other 2. to race tsabez pl. of tesbiz 2 tsahel v.t. to deserve, to merit, to be worthy of lli dar d-denb itsahel l-Euquba. He who commits wrongs deserves punishment. I tsahel m a to be easy on (s.o.), to be nice to (s.o.) tsakef v.i. to stream, to run (down) (said only for perspiration on the face) l-Eărg ka-itsakef Ela žbehtu. The sweat is streaming down his forehead. tsala m.p. of sala

tsalem v.i. to greet each other

tsama m.p. of sama

reconciliation

ance to each other

watch the procession.

tesbiz 1. v.n. of sebbez 2. pl. tsabez rosary tsebra to urinate tsebrek same as stebrek tsedd m.p. of sedd (same as šedd) tsedya v.n. of sedda tesfal v.i. to make the first sale of the day (businessman) (a slow or difficult first sale is taken as a sign of a bad day for business) had s-sbaz ma-zal ma-tesfalit be-l-koll. This morning I haven't yet made my first sale. tesfal v.n. of seffel tesfar, tesfir v.n. of seffer tesfira pl. -t n.i. of seffer tsefsa (Ela) to break one's promise (to), not to keep one's word (to) tsegged m.p. of segged tseggem same as tseggem (m.p. of seggem) tsamez v.i. 1. m.p. of samez 2. to pardon tsegti & v.n. of tsegtă & each other, to become reconciled, to have a tsegtiča pl. -t n.i. of tsegtă tsegtă v.i. to jump up, to leap up tsaned v.i. to help each other, to give assisttsegya v.n. and n.i. of segga tesģell same as stģell ¶ tsaned Ela to lean on or against tsandu tsegreb same as stegreb Eăl l-zit u-weqfu ka-itferržu fe-l-mewkib. teshil v.n. of sehhel They leaned on the wall and stopped to teshila pl. -at n.i. of sehhel te? sis v.n. of ? esses

tsiyyeb m.p .of siyyeb

¶ tsiyyeb Ela 1. to jump on, to leap at, to throw oneself on 2. to seize

tsiyyef used in expr. tsiyyef f-sift to imitate, to act like tsiyyef f-sift l-qerd! Act like a monkey!

tsiyyeq m.p. of siyyeq tsekken m.p. of sekken teslak, teslik v.n. of sellek teslim v.n. of sellem tesliya v.n. of sella tsella m.p. of sella

tsellef v.t. to borrow tselleft ši-flus men bha l-xuya. I borrowed some money from my father for my brother.

tsellem m.p. of sellem

tsellet v.i. to sneak off, to slip away tselsil v.n. of selsel (same as sensel)

tselya v.n. and n.i. of sella tesmam v.n. of semmem

tesman v.n. of semmen

tesmat v.n. of semmet

tsemma m.p. of semma

** tsemma kla zăqqu! said of s.o. who did not show up (usually at a meal or a party), meaning that it is his tough luck that he missed the fun, the food, etc.—ma-imken-š ntsennaweh n-nhar kollu, ila ma-ža-š tsemma kla zăqqu. Well, we can't wait all day for him; it's just his tough luck he didn't make it.

tsemmet m.p. of semmet

tsemmă l- to be or get insulted \neq , to be verbally abused \neq , to get cursed at \neq , to be railed at \neq tsemmā lu la wednih lii qal-lha. He really got railed at for what he said to her. —tsemmā lu lu letta dab be-l-zešma. He was so insulted he almost died of shame.

tsemya v.n. of semma

tsenna 1. v.i. to wait 2. v.t. to wait for, to await 3. v.t. to expect (s.o., at such-and-such a time, etc.)

tsenned Ela to lean on, to rest on tsenned Eal t-tabla. He leaned on the table.

tsenya pl. -t n.i. of tsenna tesqaf v.n. of seqqef tesqam v.n. of seqqem

tseqqef m.p. of seqqef tseqqem m.p. of seqqem

tseqsya pl. -t v.n. and n.i. of seqsa

tesrad v.n. of serred tesraž v.n. of serrež

tesraz v.n. of serrez

tesriz 1. v.n. of serrez 2. pl. tsarez permit, authorization 3. pl. tsarez rectangular mat (for prayer)

tserre 1. m.p. of serre 2. v.i. to stretch out, to spread out, to repose

tserzeq v.i. to (try to) make or earn a living

ka-ttserzeq baš tčăyyeš wladha. She's just trying to make a living for her children.
—ma-rasi zetta f-ši-xedma, ģir ka-itserzeq.
He doesn't have a steady job; he just tries to make a living.

tser Ea men to warn, to give (s.o.) warning tser Eit mennek, debber l-rasek! I warned you, now it's up to you!

t⁹essef (Ela) v.i. to be sorry (about) t⁹esseft lemma smäEtu dxel l-l-mustešfa. I was sorry when I heard that he had entered the hospital. t⁹essef Eăl l-Zadita lli

weq ¿ăt-lha. He was sorry about the accident that happened to her.

tesses m.p. of esses

tessă v.i. to move aside, to step aside, to go aside

¶ tessă & men to leave (s.o.) alone, to go away from, to withdraw from tessă & menni! Leave me alone!

testaf, testif v.n. of settef

tsettef m.p. of settef

tsugira n.i, of suger

tsuger m.p. of suger

tsuxira n.i. of tsuxer

tsuxer v.i. 1. to draw back, to pull back, to retreat, to withdraw tsuxer le-Edu lemma tteqtel Eadad kbir mennhom. The enemy retreated when a great number of them were killed. 2. to move backwards, to move in reverse (as a vehicle) 3. to recoil, to kick (firearm) 4. to recede, to ebb (water)

teswak v.n. of suwwek

teswal v.n. of suwwel teswiqa 1. n.i. of tsuwweq 2. pl. -t purchase tsuwweq v.i. to go shopping, to go to market,

to make purchases

tsuwwes same as suwwes

tesxan v.n. of sexxen

tesxar v.n. of sexxer

tesxir v.n. of sexxer

** t-tesxir men llah! The success (of some enterprise) depends on God. (approximately equivalent to "Good luck!"; said to s.o. to wish him success in some undertaking)

tsexxen m.p. of sexxen tsexxer m.p. of sexxer

tesyab v.n. of siyyeb

tesyaq v.n. of siyyeq

tesyas v.n. of siyyes

tesyiq v.n. of siyyeq

tesyiqa pl. -t n.i. of siyyeq tesžal, tesžil v.n. of sežžel

tsežžel m.p. of sežžel

teszab same as tteszab

tsezfed to protect oneself, to take care of oneself ttermaw fe-s-sariž de-l-ma baš itsezfdu men n-nar. They jumped into the

swimming pool to protect themselves from the fire.

¶ tsezfed Ela to protect, to take care of xessek ttsezfed Eal s-siyara dyalek ila böitiha ttul-lek. You must take care of your car if you want it to last.

tsezya same as stezya
tsezzeb same as sezzeb
tes & see tes & ud

tes & see tes & ud

tes Ea same as tes Eud tes Ead same as sta Eed

tes Ean same as sta Een

tes Ear v.n. of să E Eăr

tsă Eder same as stă Eder

tes Ein 1. ninety 2. ninetieth tsă Etaš 1. nineteen 2. nineteenth

tes Eud (tes E when used with pl. of n. admitting du.) nine

tsă Eăr m.p. of să Eăr

tsadef v.i. to happen to meet, to meet by chance

tṣadem v.i. to collide, to run into each other tsafa v.i. 1. to clear up, to become clear

l-cal tsafa l-yum. The weather has cleared up today. 2. to be quits, to be even or equal with each other (by repayment of a debt or obligation)

¶ lunu\$\psi\$ tṣafa to return to normal color (after anger, sickness, sunburn, etc.) bṛat u-lunha tsafa. When she got well, her color came back to normal.

¶ tṣafa m a to make a deal with, to come to an agreement with

tsaff v.i. to line up, to fall in (military), to get into rows or columns

tsafet m.p. of safet (same as sifet)

tsafez v.i. to shake hands

tsale v.i. to make up (after a fight), to become reconciled, to make peace (after war)

tsaget same as tsaget
tsagef v.i. to do business, to deal with each
other

tsate v.i. to run into each other, to collide tsaweb m.p. of saweb (same as suwweb)

tsawer pl. of teswira

tṣazeb v.i. 1. to become friends 2. to associate

with each other tesbin v.n. of sebben

tesbina pl. -t n.i. of sebben

tsedda same as sedda

tseddeg b- same as seddeg

tesdiq v.n. of seddeq tşedya v.n. and n.i. of sedda

tesfaf v.n. of seffef (same as saff, safef)

tesfag v.n. of seffeg

teşfar v.n. of seffer

tesfaz v.n. of seffez

tseffa m.p. of seffa

tseffef same as tsaff

tesfig v.n. of seffeg (same as saff, safef)
tesfig v.n. of seffeg

tesfir v.n. of seffer

tsefya v.n. and n.i. of seffa

tesgar 1. v.n. of segger 2. diminution, reduction

tesgir 1. v.n. of segger 2. diminutive twibla, huwa t-tesgir dyal tabla. twibla is the diminutive of tabla.

tsehhed v.i. to get hot tsehhed be-s-sxana. He got hot with fever. —l-zal tsehhed l-barez. It (the weather) got hot yesterday.

tsifet m.p. of sifet

¶ tsifet m & a to see (s.o.) off, to say goodbye to (s.o.) melli kont žayya l-?amrika tsiftet m & aya & a?ilti kollha. When I was coming to America my whole family saw me off.

tşiyyed m.p. of şiyyed tsiyyer m.p. of şiyyer

tselgit v.n. of tselget

tselget v.i. to behave in a coarse, ill mannered way; to act in a crude or vulgar fashion tselleb m.p. of selleb

tsellet Ela or b- 1. to intrude on, to attach oneself to (s.o.) without leave or welcome, to impose oneself on, to force oneself on f-weqt le-gda tselltu biya žuž de-l-? asdiqa?, ddithom itgeddaw mEaya. At lunchtime, two friends attached themselves to me, (so) I took them to lunch with me. —tsellet Elina wazed l-zakem ma-fih la-rezma wa-la-šafaqa. A ruler who had neither compassion nor pity imposed himself on us. -tsellet Eliha waz ed xiyyna u-dzuwwež biha Eăn țariq Eagiltha f-Eămru settin Eam. Some character who's sixty years old forced himself on her and married her through (the influence of) her family. 2. to descend on, to invade, to befall tsellet

Elihom ž-žrad u-kla-lhom z-zrač kollu. The grasshoppers invaded them and ate all their wheat.—tsellet Elihom wazed

z-zilzal u-qḍa-lhom Eăl le-mdina kollha. An earthquake befell them and destroyed the whole city. 3. to fall upon (s.o.), to attack fe-l-lil lemma kont raže le-d-ḍar tselltu biya žuž de-l-qemmara u-ddaw flusi kollhom. When I was returning to the house at night, two thieves fell on me and took all my money.

tseltin v.n. of tselten tseltina pl. -t n.i. of selten tselten v.i. m.p. of selten tesmar, tesmir v.n. of semmer tesmira pl. -t n.i. of semmer tsemmer m.p. of semmer

tsemser 1. to eavesdrop, to listen secretly \(\tau_n \)
konna ka-netkellmu \(\mu \)-huwa \(\mu \) ka-itsemser

Elina. We were talking and he came (up)

testat v.n. of settet

tesziz v.n. of sezzez

tsezzer v.i. to eat the szur (pre-dawn meal

(for help, to pray for one)

tešfir same as tešfar

to eavesdrop on us. 2. (Ela) to watch during Ramadan) tsezzez m.p. of sezzez surreptitiously, to spy on tsennet (Ela, l-) to listen (to) tšabeh v.i. to be alike or similar, to resemble tsennă & v.i. 1. to be mannered, to act in an one another artificial manner, to behave affectedly 2. to tšabek v.i. 1. to get (all) tangled up (thread, show off tsenna eqeddam le-bnat. He etc.) 2. to scuffle, to have a scuffle showed off in front of the girls. -tsenn at tšabek pl. of tešbika and tešbak 2 Ela szabha b-siyartha ž-ždida. She showed tšafa v.i. 1. to recover, to recuperate (from off in front of her friends with her new car. an illness) 2. to get better, to improve, to tsenter v.i. 1. to speak or act in a falsely show improvement (sick person) authoritative manner, to put up a big tšamir pl. -at 1. shirt 2. kind of long men's shirt, now obsolescent front klamu kollu xawi, rah gir ka-itsentez. He doesn't know what he's talking about; tšames pl. of tešmisa tšaneq v.i. to grab each other by the collar or he's just putting up a big front. 2. to be cheeky, insolent, smart-alecky; to act smart throat (with hands) 1-qustad Eagebhom Ela wedd tsentzu Elih. tšaqer v.i. to fight or fence with swords or The teacher punished them because they sticks acted smart with him. 3. to be shameless, to tšarek v.i. to be or go partners, to join tobehave shamelessly had s-siyyda dima gether (in buying s.th., in business, etc.) ka-ttsențez Eăl n-nas. That woman is tšaret v.i. to mutally agree on terms or conditions always acting shamelessly in front of tšaš same as tšaš people. tšawef v.i. to see each other ana u-sazbi tesraf v.n. of serref tserfiqa pl. -t slap, open-handed blow to the ka-ntšawfu koll yum. My friend and I see each other every day. tšaweh pl. of tešwiha tesrif v.n. of serref tšawer v.i. to consult (together), to have a tserref m.p. of serref consultation, to deliberate ¶ tserref f- to make use of, to exploit ram Elih itserref f-amwal l-itama. It's tšawet pl. of tešwita tešbak 1. v.n. of šebbek 2. pl. tšabek complicawrong for him to exploit the orphans' tion, embroilment money. - E ăndu kamel l-zorriya baš tšebbek m.p. of šebbek itserref f-le-flus lli xella-lu bbah. He has tšebbet f- 1. to grab hold of, to hold on to, to complete freedom to make use of the money grasp (rope, rung, etc.) 2. to scale, to climb his father left him. (wall, mountain, tree, etc.) tsersir v.n. of serser tešbih 1. v.n. of šebbeh 2. comparison 3. retestar v.n. of setter semblance, similarity tsetta m.p. of setta tešbik same as tešbak tsuliz v.n. of tsulez tešbika pl. -t, tšabek 1. n.i. of šebbek 2. comtsulez v.i. to be sanctimonious, to feign plication, difficulty saintliness tešbir v.n. of šebber tsuwweb m.p. of suwweb tešbira n.i. of šebber tsuwwer m.p. of suwwer ** tešbirt le-Ema fe-d-delma, expr. used ** ma-itsuwwey-ši fe-l-bal (or to describe or indicate how strongly s.o. has f-le-Eqel)! It's unimaginable! grabbed on to s.o. else, i.e., as a blind man ¶ tsuwwer-lu ϕ to seem to (s.o.) in the dark tšedd m.p. of šedd teswab v.n. of suwweb tešfar 1. v.n. of šeffer 2. stealing, robbery, teswar v.n. of suwwer teswat v.n. of suwwet theft (not too common usage) teswir v.n. of suwwer tešfa 2. v.n. of šeffa 2. optional or extra teswira pl. -t, tsawer 1. drawing, sketch prayer, coming after the last regularly prescribed daily prayer 2. painting, portrait 3. picture, illustration 4. photograph 5. statue 6. doll tšeffa f- to rejoice over or be glad of the teswit v.n. of survevet misfortune or bad luck of (s.o.) tšeffer m.p. of šeffer tesyar, tesyir v.n. of siyyer tšeffă f- to ask (s.o.) to intercede for one tesyaz v.n. of siyyez

tešfi & same as tešfa & tšin (art. le-) same as letšin tšitin devilry, devilment, mischief (usually children) tšiyyet m.p. of šiyyet tšivyex m.p. of šivyex teškal, teškil v.n. of šekkel teškila pl. -t n.i. of šekkel tšekka (men) to gripe, to complain (about) ¶ tšekka l- to complain to, to lodge a complaint with tšekkel m.p. of šekkel tešlal, tešlil v.n. of šellel tešlila pl. -t n.i. of šellel tšellel m.p. of šellel tšelwiz v.n. of šelwez tešmir 1. v.n. of šemmer 2. string or cord used to keep sleeves up (used by women) tešmis v.n. of šemmes tešmisa pl. -t, tšames 1. n.i. of šemmes 2. suntešmiš v.n. of šemmeš (same as šemmes) tšemmes, tšemmeš m.p. of šemmes, šemmeš tšemšim v.n. of šemšem tšegleb v.i. 1. m.p. of šegleb 2. to capsize, to overturn 3. to turn somersaults tšeglib v.n. of šegleb and tšegleb tšegg m.p. of šegg tšeggeg m.p. of šeggeg tešrag v.n. of šerreg tešrat v.n. of šerret tešraz 1. v.n. of šerrez 2. dissection tešrig v.n. of šerreg tešriga pl. -t 1. n.i. of šerreg 2. rip, tear, gash cut, incision tešrit v.n. of šerret tšermila 1. n.i. of šermel and tšermel 2. same as šermula tšermel m.p. of šermel tšerref m.p. of šerref ** ana metšerref! I'm glad to meet you (i.e., honored)! tšerreg m.p. of šerreg tšerrez m.p. of šerrez tšerrae m.p. of šerrae tšeršir v.n. of šeršer teštat, teštit v.n. of šettet tešteš v.i. to sizzle, to sputter (e.g. a frying steak, water on a hot rock) tšettet m.p. of šettet teštab v.n. of šetteb teštat v.n. of šettet tešțib v.n. of šețțeb teštiba pl. -t n.i. of šetteb teštit v.n. of šettet tšetteb m.p. of šetteb tšetter v.i. to bargain, to haggle tšettet m.p. of šettet tšuwwa v.i. to lose or give up hope, to despair

tšuwwa f-mut žeddah. He lost hope at (the time of) his grandmother's death. tšuwwek v.i. 1. m.p. of šuwwek 2. to get a chill, to have chills up and down the spine ** tšuwwek lez mu. He's got goose pimples. tšuwweš m.p. of šuwweš tšuwwet m.p. of šuwwet tešwaš 1. v.n. of šuwweš 2. worry, preoccupation, inquietude tešwat v.n. of šuwwet tešwiha pl. -t, tšaweh indiscretion, faux pas, breach of etiquette or protocol tešwiš same as tešwaš 2 tešwita pl. -t, tšawet 1. n.i. of šuwwet 2. burn (from fire, sun, etc.) 3. sharp pain, burning pain (not necessarily from heat) tšexwiš v.n. of šexweš tšexweš v.i. to get or become frightened kont wez di fe-d-dar u-tšexwešt. I was alone in the house and I got scared. tešyar v.n. of šiyyer tešya v.n. of šiyyă & tešyir v.n. of šivver tešyira pl. -t 1. n.i. of šiyyer 2. hand gesture or signal (for any purpose) tešyi & v.n. of šiyyă & tešžač, tešžič 1. v.n. of šezzač 2. encouragement tšežžač v.i. 1. m.p. of šežžač 2. to gain courage, to become bold (er) tšezzer v.i. m.p. of šezzer tšeててeて v.i. to be stingy, a skinflint tša bet f- same as tšebbet ftšă čši v.n. of šă čšă č ttabe v.i. to come in succession, to follow or succeed one another ttafeq v.i. 1. to agree, to come to an agreement ttafeqt m ah (baš) iži čandna. I agreed with him that he would come to our house. -ttafeqna Ela xemsin derhem. We agreed on fifty dirhams. 2. to get along (together), to be compatible 3. to go well together (colors, etc.) ttaqa !!ah 1. to fear God, to believe in the one and only God 2. to be honest, truthful ttaqa | lah u-qul-lna š-ka-tă Eref! Stop lying and tell us what you know! ttase! b- 1. to communicate with, to get in touch or contact with (s.o.) 2. to meet with ttawa v.i. 1. to bargain, to haggle 2. to agree, to be in agreement 3. to get along (together), to be compatible ttažer v.i. to do business ttase v.i. to withdraw, to go aside ttbas same as tbas (m.p. of bas) tetbat 1. v.n. of tebbet 2. confirmation, proof (of a fact, information, etc.)

ttebhed, ttebhet m.p. of bhed ttefteg m.p. of fteg *tetbit* same as *tetbat* tteftez m.p. of ftez ttebla 1. m.p. of bla 2. to be or get upset by tteftem m.p. of ftem a misfortune ttebla meskin ma-Eref kif ttfu expr. of complete disgust and/or dislike idir, was imsi Eand mmu mrida aw igles (often indicated by spitting) mea mratu zemga. The poor fellow was ¶ ttfu $\in lih\phi$ same as ttfu, but said diso upset he didn't know what to do-go to rectly to or about s.o. his sick mother or stay with his wife, who ttefzăと m.p. of fzăと is crazy. —ma-Eref b-aš ittebla melli ttefžer 1. to burst open (abscess) 2. to well qalu-lu bbah mat. He didn't realize how up, to spring forth (water) upset he was when they told him his father tteghem m.p. of ghem died. ttegleb m.p. of gleb ¶ ttebla b- to fall in love with ttebla tteglă m.p. of gla (same as qella) b-bent & ammu. He fell in love with his ttegとăŗ m.p. of gとăŗ ttegder m.p. of gder ttbell m.p. of bell ttegleb m.p. of gleb ttebna m.p. of bna ttegleq m.p. of gleq ttebžeģ m.p. of bžeģ ttegna m.p. of gna tteb Čăž m.p. of b č ăž ttegrem m.p. of grem ttedber same as ttedber (m.p. of dber) ttegres, ttegres m.p. of gres, gres ttedbez m.p. of dbez ttegsel m.p. of gsel ttedbeて m.p. of dbeて ttegseb m.p. of gseb ttedfen m.p. of dfen ttegzel m.p. of gzel ttedfa & m.p. of dfa & ttehda m.p. of hda ihdi ttedha m.p. of dha ttehdem m.p. of hdem ttedhen m.p. of dhen ttehdem m.p. of hdem ttedlek m.p. of dlek ttehlek m.p. of hlek ttedres m.p. of dres ttehreq m.p. of hreq ttifaq pl. -at (art. le-) 1. v.n. of ttafeq tted a m.p. of d a ttedbeg m.p. of dbeg 2. agreement 3. rapport teetir 1. v.n. of eetter 2. influence 3. impresttedber 1. m.p. of dber 2. to be fed up (with sion, effect (s.th.), to have enough (of s.th.) ana ttizad (art. le-) 1. v.n. of ttazed 2. union ttedbert men had-l-xedma! I'm fed up with (political, labor, etc.) 3. unity this job. ttedbă v.i. 1. to become stupid, to lose one's ttkebb m.p. of kebb ttekka 1. m.p. of tekka v.t. 2. same as tekka common sense 2. to be bewitched or enchanted, to fall under a spell 3. to be ttkel 1. same as ttenkel 2. (with Ela) to rely stunned, speechless on, to count on ttedreb m.p. of dreb ttekma m.p. of kma ttefda m.p. of fda ttekra m.p. of kra ttefdăe m.p. of fdăe tteksa m.p. of ksa ttefdez m.p. of fdez ttekser, ttekser m.p. of kser, kser ttefges m.p. of fges ttefgă ك m.p. of fgă ttekteb m.p. of kteb ttekwa m.p. of kwa ttefhem m.p. of fhem tetlaf v.n. of tellef ttefqed v.i. 1. m.p. of fqed 2. to become hard ttlaz m.p. of laz to find or get (merchandise) ttelbes m.p. of lbes ttefqer v.i. to become poor or impoverished ttleff m.p. of leff ttefred m.p. of fred ttelha m.p. of lha ttefrem m.p. of frem ttella v.i. to come last, to be the last one (to ttefreq m.p. of freq do s.th.) xrežna men d-dar u-mmi ttellat ¶ ttefreq men (or m €a) 1. to leave alone, baš tsedd l-bab. We came out of the house to stop bothering (s.o.) 2. to become sepaand my mother came last so she could shut rated from (wife, husband) the door. ttefrez m.p. of frez ttelga m.p. of lga ttefṛăと m.p. of fṛăと ttelgef m.p. of lgef ttefsex m.p. of fsex ttelてes m.p. of lてes ttefsel m.p. of fsel ttemlek m.p. of mlek

ttemles m.p. of mles

tteften m.p. of ften

tterheb m.p. of rheb tetrida n.i. of terred

ttemnă & m.p. of mnă & ttemsex m.p. of msex ttemsez m.p. of msez ttemtim (with art. t-temtim) v.n. of temtem ttemxed m.p. of mxed ttemra m.p. of mra ttem Eăs m.p. of m Eăs ttenfa m.p. of nfa ttenfex m.p. of nfex ttenkel v.i. 1. m.p. of kla 2. to be edible 3. to wear out (tire, shoe, etc.) ttenkes m.p. of nkes ttenged m.p. of nged ttenger v.i. to get upset, vexed, or peeved ttenqes m.p. of nqes ttensa m.p. of nsa ttensex m.p. of nsex ttensež m.p. of nsež ttenseb m.p. of nseb ttenser m.p. of nser ttenše? m.p. of nše? ttenšer m.p. of nšer ttentef m.p. of ntef ttenz er m.p. of nz er tetgaf v.n. of teggef ttgal m.p. of gal tetgal v.n. of teggel ttgam m.p. of gam igim I ttgam Ela to cost s-sefra ttgamet Eliya be-myat derhem. The trip cost me one hundred dirhams. ttgas m.p. of gas tteqbed m.p. of qbed tteqbel m.p. of qbel tteqbet m.p. of qbet (same as qbed) tteqda m.p. of qda tteqfel m.p. of qfel tetqila n.i. of teqqel ttegla m.p. of gla ttegleb m.p. of gleb tteggef m.p. of teggef tteggel m.p. of teggel ttegra m.p. of gra ttegren v.i. to get upset, to get irritated ttegres m.p. of gres ttegret m.p. of gret ttegsem m.p. of qsem ttegša ح m.p. of qša ک ttegtel m.p. of gtel ttegteg m.p. of tegteg ttegtă & m.p. of gtă & etter Ela 1. to influence 2. to affect, to have an effect on 3. to impress (s.o.) tetrad v.n. of terred tterbet m.p. of rbet I tterbet f- to fall in love with (s.o.) tterdem m.p. of rdem tterfa m.p. of rfa tterfed m.p. of rfed ttergeb m.p. of rgeb

tterkez m.p. of rkez tterma v.i. 1. m.p. of rma 2. to jump, to leap tternin v.n. of ternen tterga m.p. of rga ttergem m.p. of rgem tterred m.p. of terred tteršem m.p. of ršem tterxa m.p. of rxa tterxef m.p. of rxef tterza m.p. of rza tteržem m.p. of teržem ttsal 1. m.p. of sal 2. to owe (lit. be demanded of) ka-ittsaluha bezzaf d-le-flus. She owes a lot of money. ttsa v.i. 1. to make oneself comfortable, to relax ttsa Eu m Ea raskom! Make yourselves comfortable! 2. to go to the bathroom, rest room, powder room 3. to fit, to be able to be contained dak le-ktab ma-ittsa \(\ma\)-s f-le-mžer. That book won't go (or fit) in the drawer. ¶ ttsa ξ f-balu ϕ to be able or willing to believe or accept ≠ ma-ittsa ¿-š f-balu l-xabar de-l-mut de-bbah. He can't believe the news of his father's death. tteshet m.p. of shet tteskef m.p. of skef ¶ tteskef mennu ϕ d-demm to become pale, anemic \(\neq \) tteskef mennek d-demm. You look pale. Itteskef Ela to want or desire, to be crazy about (s.th.) ttesken v.i. 1. to be inhabited, to be lived in, to be occupied (house, etc.) 2. to be inhabitable (house, etc.) 3. to be haunted (with demons, ghosts) ttsell v.i. 1. m.p. of sell 2. to sneak, to move (about) surreptitiously ttesmae m.p. of smae ¶ ttesmă l- to listen to (seriously), to mind ma-ttesmă E-li zădd l-le-klam dyali. No one paid any attention to what I said. —dak l-weld ma-ttesma &-š le-bbah. That boy didn't mind his father. ttesga m.p. of sga ttester m.p. of ster ttesžen m.p. of sžen ttes ab l- to think, to believe \(\neq\) ttes ab-li l-bab kanet mešduda. I thought the door was closed. tterzeq m.p. of szeq tteszer m.p. of szer ttsab m.p. of sab ttesbeğ m.p. of sbeğ tteslez m.p. of slez ttesnă & m.p. of snă & ttesref m.p. of sref tiserr m.p. of serr

ttšaf v.i. 1. m.p. of šaf 2. to be visible ¶ ma-fih ϕ ma ittšaf to be a horrible sight \neq , to look horrible \neq (expr. of repugnance and revulsion) had l-bent ma-fiha ma ittšaf! What a horrible sight she is! ttešfă ك m.p. of šfă ك ttešģel m.p. of šģel ttešha v.t. to want, to desire ttešhit ši-ferruž mzămmer I want some roast chicken. I feel like having some roast chicken. ttesher m.p. of sher (same as sehher) ttešmet m.p. of šmet ttešneg m.p. of šneg ttešna v.i. to become famous ttešra m.p. of šra ttešreb v.i. 1. m.p. of šreb 2. to be potable, drinkable ttešrek m.p. of šrek ttešwa m.p. of šwa ** ttešwat f-weldha. She lost her son. ttešžen same as ttesžen (m.p. of sžen) tteš čăl m.p. of š čăl ttetna m.p. of tna ttetgeb m.p. of tqeb ttetrek m.p. of trek ttetxem m.p. of txem ttetbex m.p. of tbex ttetbă Em.p. of tbă E ttetla m.p. of tla ttetleg m.p. of tleg ttetreš m.p. of treš ttetrez m.p. of trez ttetwa m.p. of twa ttet en m.p. of ten ttuled m.p. of wled tturet, tturet m.p. of wret, wret ttuseq m.p. of wseq ttuwled same as ttuled (m.p. of wled) ttuwseq same as ttuseq (m.p. of wseq) ttuz cry used to chase away a dog tiuzen m.p. of wzen ttužed m.p. of wžed tetwal, tetwil v.n. of tuwwel tetwiž 1. v.n. of tuwwež 2. coronation ttexber m.p. of xber ttexbeš m.p. of xbeš (same as xebbeš 2) ttexdem m.p. of xdem ttexdă & m.p. of xdă & ttexla m.p. of xla ttexlef m.p. of xlef ttexleq m.p. of xleq ttexlă & m.p. of xlă & ttexneg, ttexneq m.p. of xneg, xneq ttexreg m.p. of xreg ttexret m.p. of xret ttextef m.p. of xtef ttexwa m.p. of xwa ttexzen m.p. of xzen ttzad same as dzad ttezlet v.i. to become very poor, impoverished

(i.e, completely without financial resource) ttezreg v.i. 1. to sneak (especially to avoid paying s.th.) ttezreg fe-s-sinima. He sneaked into the movie. 2. to slip, to worm one's way (as through a crowd) #ezră & m.p. of zră & ttezwa v.i. 1. m.p. of zwa 2. to become speechless, stunned (at some shock) ttežbed m.p. of žbed ttežber m.p. of žber *ttežla* m.p. of *žla* ttežmač v.i. 1. m.p. of žmač 2. to meet, to hold a meeting ttezred m.p. of žred ttžerr m.p. of žerr ttežrez m.p. of žrez ttaz v.i. 1. m.p. of az 2. to move ttaz m a l-qent šwiya! Move a little closer to the corner! ¶ tt az l- to back, to support, to be on the side of (s.o.) ttezder m.p. of zder ttezfed m.p. of zfed ttezfer m.p. of zfer ttezger m.p. of zger ttezleb m.p. of z leb ttezma m.p. of zma yezmi ttezmel m.p. of z mel ttezna m.p. of zna tte ger same as tte ger (m.p. of ger) tterrem m.p. of rem tterreq m.p. of req ttezret m.p. of zret ttezseb m.p. of zseb tteてsa m.p. of てsa ¶la-ittezsa (adj. usage; pl. la-ittezsaw) innumerable, countless, incalculable kayen Eadad la-ittezsa de-n-nas temma. There are countless people there. ttez sed m.p. of z sed tteてša m.p. of てša tteztaž m.p. of ztaž tteててef m.p. of teててef ttă ع ber m.p. of و ber ttăとmel m.p. of とmel ttă Eqed m.p. of Eqed ttă eref m.p. of eref ttă Erek m.p. of Erek ttă E sem m.p. of Esem tta Eser m.p. of Eser ttă teq m.p. of teq ttă ta m.p. of Eta ttă teb m.p. of Eteb ttă Ezel m.p. of Ezel ttă Ežen m.p. of Ežen ttabex same as ttabex same as ttale tetbal, tetbal v.n. of tebbel, tebbel ttebbeq same as ttebbeq (m.p. of tebbeq) ttehher same as ttehher (m.p. of tehher)

```
tethir 1. v.n. of tehher 2. circumcision
                                                  tumi sg. of twam (which see)
                                                  tumun pl. -at eighth, eighth part
ttivver same as ttivyer (m.p. of tivyer)
tetļa & v.n. of țeļļă &
                                                  tunas v.n. of wennes
ttelleq same as ttelleq (m.p. of telleq)
                                                  tunes 1. Tunisia 2. Tunis (city)
                                                  tunsi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. twansa Tunisian
ttelles same as ttelles (m.p. of telles)
                                                  tunya (coll. or sg.) pl. -t moth
tetmar v.n. of temmer
                                                  tugaf v.n. of weggef
ttemmen same as ttemmen (m.p. of temmen)
ttemmes same as ttemmes (m.p. of temmes)
                                                  tuqala pl. of tqil 3 and 4
ttemma & same as ttemma & (m.p. of
                                                  tugar 1. v.n. of wegger 2. respect, esteem
                                                  tuqi 21. v.n. of weqqa 22. signature
  temmăと)
ttenneb same as ttenneb (m.p. of tenneb)
                                                  tur pl. tiran 1. bull (male bovine) 2. ox
                                                  turad, turid v.n. of werred
ttentina same as tentina (n.i. of tenten)
                                                  tusax v.n. of wessex
tteqtiq same as teqtiq (v.n. of teqteq)
                                                  tusae v.n. of wessăe
tetrab v.n. of terreb
tetraq v.n. of terreq
                                                  tusixa pl. -t n.i. of wessex
                                                  tusu E pl. -at ninth, ninth part
tetriba n.i. of terreb
tterreb same as tterreb (m.p. of terreb)
                                                  tuşal v.n. of wesşel
                                                  tusil pl. twasel receipt
tterref same as tterref (m.p. of terref)
                                                  tut n.u. -a 1. mulberry 2. mulberry tree
tterreq same as tterreq (m.p. of terreq)
tterrez same as tterrez (m.p. of terrez)
                                                  tutad v.n. of wetted
                                                  tutiya kind of sulfate compound used pri-
ttertiq same as tertiq (v.n. of terteq)
ttertiqa same as tertiqa (n.i. of terteq)
                                                    marily for treating certain disorders of the
tterteq same as tterteq
tettawen Tetuan
                                                      ¶ tutiya bida zinc sulfate
                                                      ¶ tutiya zerga copper sulfate
tețiwan same as tețiawen
                                                  tuwbix same as tubix (v.n. of webbex)
ttufel same as ttufel
ttuwwel same as ttuwwel (m.p. of tuwwel)
                                                  tuwliya pl. -t 1. v.n. and n.i. of wella
tiuwwer same as tiuwwer (m.p. of tuwwer)
                                                    2. assignment, appointment (to a position)
                                                  tuwwel v.t. to put in order, to organize
tetwaf v.n. of tuwwef
                                                     (mostly used by women)
tetwal v.n. of tuwwel
                                                  tuwwež v.t. to crown (king, etc.)
tetwaš v.n. of tuwweš
tetwar v.n. of tuwwer
                                                  tuxar 1. v.n. of wexxer 2. delay 3. postpone-
tetwa E v.n. of tuwwa E
                                                    ment
tetwil v.n. of tuwwel
                                                  tuza E, tuzi E 1. v.n. of wezză E 2. distribution
     I be-t-tetwil at length, in detail (as in
                                                     (of mail, etc.)
                                                  tužad, tužid 1. v.n. of wežžed 2. prepara-
  telling a story)
tetwiša pl. -t 1. n.i. of tuwweš 2. jet, stream
                                                    tion(s)
   (of liquid)
                                                  tužiha pl. -t 1. n.i. of wežžeh 2. direction(s)
tetyab 1. v.n. of tiyyeb 2. cooking, culinary art
                                                     (for how to do s.th.)
tetyar v.n. of tiyyer
                                                  tuz ăf pl. of tozfa
tetyaru 1. anger, rage 2. discontent, dissatis-
                                                  tuzima pl. -t 1. n.i. of twezzem 2. kind of
  faction
                                                    birthmark
                                                  twab pl. of tub
tetyaš v.n. of tiyyeš
telyaz v.n. of liyyez
                                                  twabet pl. of tabut and tubita
tteztiz same as tteztiz (v.n. of teztez)
                                                  twabe E pl. of tabe E 2 and 3 (a.p. of tba E)
tub pl. tyab, twab cloth, material, fabric
                                                  twadd v.i. to give gifts to one another, to
tuba n.i. of tab
                                                    exchange gifts
tuban 1. v.n. of tab 2. repentance, penitence
                                                  twade v.i. to say good-by (to each other), to
tubita pl. -t, twabet sateen, or similar cloth
                                                    bid each other farewell
   (not necessarily cotton)
                                                      ¶ twade € m €a to get leave or permission
tubix v.n. of webbex
                                                    from (a king, president)
tufri pl. twafer 1. barn 2. cave, grotto 3. base-
                                                  twade & v.i. 1. (l-) to humble oneself (before)
  ment, cellar
                                                    2. to condescend, to come down to another's
tuhăm pl. of tehma, tohma
                                                    level (no snobbery implied) twade
tukal v.n. of wekkel
                                                    m E aya u-bqa ka-išṛāz-li. He condescended
tulal n.u. -a wart, verruca
                                                    to explain to me.
tulut pl. -at 1. third, third part 2. twenty
                                                  twafel pl. of tafala
  minutes hadi l-Eăšra u-tulut. It's twenty
                                                  twafeq v.i. to agree, to be in agreement
   after ten.
                                                  twager pl. of tagra
tum n.u. -a (may also be coll.) garlic
                                                  twala pl. of tali 2
```

twalef v.i. to become accustomed or used to twerred v.i. 1. to flush, to get or become red one another (face) 2. to acquire a healthy glow (face) twam (pl.) twins twerya n.i. and v.n. of werra twanes v.i. 1. to keep each other company tewsixa pl. -t n.i. of wessex (to avoid loneliness, fear, etc.) 2. to keep tewsie v.n. of wessae oneself occupied or busy šă elet r-radyu twessel l- to beg, to implore (s.o.) u-bgat ka-ttwanes bih Ela-ma iržă? twesset v.i. 1. m.p. of wesset 2. to mediate, to raželha. She turned on the radio, and kept act as intermediary or go-between herself occupied (with it) until her husband twessex m.p. of wessex came home. twessa v.i. 1. m.p. of wessa 2. to go to the twansa n.pl. of tunsi bathroom, rest room (polite expr.) twarez pl. of taraza tweswis 1. v.n. of weswes 2. meticulousness, finicky scrupulousness twasel pl. of tusil twata v.i. to be or become levelled, even, tweswes v.i, to be meticulous, finicky flattened tewsil same as tusil twažeh same as džaweh twessel m.p. of wessel twažeh v.i. to face or confront one another ¶ twessel b- to receive, to get (as a letter) (in physical position as well as in a contest, ¶ twessel (baš) to (finally) manage (to) court, battle, etc.) twesya 1. v.n. of wessa 2. counsel, advice twa a v.i. to come to, to regain consciousness 3. recommendation twa ed v.i. 1. to vow or promise (each twetted m.p. of wetted other), to make a vow or promise (to each twetter m.p. of wetter twetteš m.p. of wetteš other) twa edna baš nsafru žmie. We promised we'd travel together. 2. to make tewxir same as tuxar an appointment or date ¶ bla tewxir without fail, not later (than) Ețini le-flus nhar l-zădd bla tewxir! Give twebbex m.p. of webbex twedda v.i. 1. to perform one's ablutions (in me the money no later than Sunday! tewxir v.n. of wexxer preparation for praying) 2. to relieve onetwexxer m.p. of wexxer self, to void and evacuate (always involvtewzi & same as tuza & ing excrement, but not necessarily urine) twedder m.p. of wedder twezză & m.p. of wezză & twedder m.p. of wedder tewžid same as tužad, tužid tweffa v.i. to die, to expire (person, animal) twežžed m.p. of wežžed tewfig 1. v.n. of weffeg 2. success twežžeh l- 1. to face, to face toward 2. to go twefya v.n. of weffa or head toward, in the direction of 3. to twegged m.p. of wegged address, to address oneself to (audience, tewaid v.n. of wegged God) 4. to favor, to support, to choose the tweggel m.p. of weggel side of (s.o.) 5. to choose, to follow (course twekkel m.p. of wekkel of study) ¶ twekkel Ela to rely on, to depend on twežžač v.i. 1. to ail, to suffer pain 2. to have labor pains (woman) (usually God) twella 1. m.p. of wella 2. v.t. to take charge tewtid 1. v.n. of wetted 2. unification, of, to take over (job, position) union 3. Islamic belief in the "oneness" of twellef m.p. of wellef God, rather than a Godhead ¶ twellef b- to become used or accustomed tewzima same as tuzima tweetem v.i. to have cravings and strange twella b- to become fond of, to become desires (due to pregnancy) keenly interested in (s.o., s.th.) twezzeš 1, v.t. to miss twezz ešnak bezzaf! twelwil v.n. of welwel We really missed you! 2. v.t. to get hometwelya same as tuwliya sick, nostalgic for 3. v.i. to become wild, twennes 1. m.p. of wennes 2. same as twanes savage tewqif v.n. of weggef txa (m.) same as text txaber v.i. to confer, to have a discussion tewgir same as tugar tewqi & same as tuqi & txabeš v.i. to scratch or claw each other tweggef m.p. of weggef txabet v.i. to hit or strike each other (play-I tweggef Ela 1. to need, to be in need of fully or seriously)

txabe & pl. of texbi&a 2

txala v.i. to withdraw or go aside in order to

talk privately mša txala huwa wiyah

2. to depend on

twerra m.p. of werra

tewra pl. -t revolution, revolt, rebellion

u-wessel-lu le-xbar. He went aside with him and told him the news.

¶ txala m Ea to take aside (i.e., to talk) txalef v.i. 1. to disagree, to be in disagreement 2. to miss each other Emelna baš ntlagaw f-le-mr ătta walakın txalefna. We arranged to meet at the train station, but we missed each other. 3. to be or become crossed, tangled, entwined dima ka-in čas b-režlih metxalfin. He always sleeps with his legs crossed.

txalet v.i. to associate, to go around together, to hang around with each other kan weld me eddeb walakin lemma bda ka-itxalet mEa s-slaget fsed. He was a nice boy but when he began to associate with good-fornothings he got corrupted.

¶ txalet l- to get (s.th.) confused, to mix (s.th.) up \(\neq \tan txalet-li \ l-qamus m \in a \ had le-ktab. I got the dictionary confused with this book. —txaltu-li le-zkayat dyal duk ž-žuž ktub. I got the stories of the two books mixed up (in my mind).

txaref pl. of texrifa (n.i. of xerref)

txasem v.i. 1. to quarrel, to have a falling out 2. to be involved in a lawsuit

txata v.i. to insult each other

txatef Ela 1. to snatch or grab (s.th.) from each other txatef huwa u-xutu Eal l-Eineb. He and his brothers snatched the grapes from each other. 2. to snap up, to grab in a hurry n-nu ž-ždid dyal s-siyarat had l-Eam txatfu Elih n-nas. People have snapped up the new model cars this year. txater v.i. to make a bet, to wager txatret m Eah b-E esrin derhem. She bet him twenty dirhams.

txawa v.i. 1. to become close friends (implying past enmity) fransa u-qalmanya kanu Eădyan walakın bă Ed l-zărb txawaw. France and Germany were enemies but after the war they became close friends. 2. to resemble, to be similar (in color, size, etc.)

texbal v.n. of xebbel txebba same as txebbă txebbel v.i. m.p. of xebbel txebber v.i. m.p. of xebber

txebbet v.i. 1. to thrash or flail about bga itxebbet mea l-ma u-fe-l-lexxer grag. He thrashed about in the water for a while and then finally sank. 2. to do one's best txebbeț mea le-mtizan walakin

ma-žab-šay lļah. He did his best with the exam, but he flunked it.

txebbă v.i. 1. to hide txebbă e menni. He hid from me. 2. to take shelter

¶ txebbă E l- to lie in wait for

texbil v.n. of xebbel

texbila pl. -t 1. n.i. of xebbel 2. labyrinth imbroglio

texbi a 1. n.i. of xebba 2. pl. -t, txabe (dim. txib \(\bar{a} \) hiding place

¶ be-t-texbi & a secretly, furtively txebya v.n. and n.i. of txebba and xebba (same as txebbă and xebbă) texdam v.n. of xeddem

textaf v.n. of xeffef txeffef m.p. of xeffef texfif v.n. of xeffef txib & a dim. of texbi & a 2 te exir same as tuxar and tewxir texlat v.n. of xellet

texlita n.i. of xellet

txella Ela 1. to renounce, to give up (throne, position) 2. to abandon, to leave (i.e., no longer take the responsibility for)

txelles m.p. of xelles

¶ txelles men 1. to punish 2. to get revenge on (s.o.), to get back at (s.o.)

txellet m.p. of xellet

¶txellet l- to confuse, to get (s.o.) all mixed up s-swaret kollhom txelltu-lu. All those keys confused him (he didn't know which one to use).

txellă & m.p. of xellă &

txelwa v.i. to go somewhere to be alone (for any reason)

txelxil v.n. of xelxel

txelxel v.i. m.p. of xelxel

¶ txelxel f- \mathcal{E} ăqlu ϕ to lose one's mind, to become deranged

txelya v.n. and n.i. of xella

texma pl. -t (attack of) indigestion, gastritis texmal v.n. of xemmel

texmam, texmim v.n. of xemmem

texmima n.i. of xemmem

texmisa pl. -t share-cropping job (on the basis of one-fifth of the crop)

txennet m.p. of xennet txenxir v.n. of xenxer texrab v.n. of xerreb texraf v.n. of xerref texraž v.n. of xerrež txerbig v.n. of xerbeg txerbiš v.n. of xerbeš txerbeš m.p. of xerbeš txerdil v.n. of xerdel texrib v.n. of xerreb

texrifa pl. txaref n.i. of xerref

texriž v.n. of xerrež texriža n.i. of xerrež

txermiz v.n. of xermez

txerreb 1. m.p. of xerreb 2. to fall into ruin, to deteriorate

txerres m.p. of xerres

txerrež 1. m.p. of xerrež 2. to graduate (from school)

txerxir v.n. of xerxer

texsar v.n. of xesser and txesser texsis 1. v.n. of xesses and txesses 2. specialitxess men to need, to be in need of txesser m.p. of xesser txesses v.i. 1. m.p. of xesses 2. to specialize txeššen v.i. 1. to get or become big, large (i.e., xšin) 2. to get or become rough, coarse (in texture) ¶ txeššen Ela to bully, to treat roughly (by virtue of one's size) txešxiš v.n. of xešxeš text dregs, lees txettel v.i. to sneak, to walk on tiptoe ¶ txettel f- (or bin) to weave in and out, to elbow through (a crowd) ¶ txettlu režlih ϕ to stagger \neq , to reel \neq (as a drunk) txetten m.p. of xetten textit v.n. of xettet txetta v.t. to step over (as a sleeping dog) ¶ txetta Ela same as txetta txetter v.i. to make an appearance, to show up, to drop in texwad v.n. of xewwed texwaf v.n. of xewwef texwar v.n. of xewwer texwid v.n. of xewwed txewwed v.i. m.p. of xewwed txewwex v.i. 1. same as xewwex 2. m.p. of xeququex texyam v.n. of xiyyem texyar v.n. of xeyyer txeyvel l- to imagine, to believe, to think \neq txeyvel-li belli Etitu flus le-kra l-Qusbu& lli daz. I thought I gave him the rent money last week. txeyyer v.t. to choose, to pick, to select I txeyver f- to choose between (or among) txezzez v.i. 1. to become covered with moss or lichen 2. to become covered with patina or

oxide (bronze, copper)

¶ txezzez f- to get or have command or mastery of (s.th.), to have or get a thorough knowledge of (s.th.) Easet f-@amirika xmestašel Eam u-txezzzet f-l-ingliza. She lived in America fifteen years and got a thorough knowledge of English.

tyab pl. of tub

tyesser m.p. of yesser

¶ tyesser l- 1. to be able, to be possible for (s.o.) 2. to be obtainable or available ila tyessru-li le-flus nešri siyara ždida. If I get the money I'll buy a new car.

tzad same as dzad tezfat v.n. of zeffet tezlaž, tezliž v.n. of zellež tezmam v.n. of zemmem tezmar, tezmir v.n. of zemmer tezțiț v.n. of zetțeț

tezwag v.n. of zuwweg tezwal v.n. of zuwwel

tezwaq 1. v.n. of zuwweq 2. design (artistic) 3. decoration, ornamentation

terwig v.n. of zurwweg

tezwir v.n. of zuwwer

tezyan 1. v.n. of ziyyen 2. decoration, ornamentation, embellishment 3. improvement (in health)

tezyar v.n. of zivver

tezyat 1. v.n. of ziyyet 2. lubrication

tezyat v.n. of zivyet

tezyin same as tezyan

tezyira pl. -t 1. n.i. of ziyyer 2. financial strait(s)

tezzara pl. -t, dzazer 1. apron (as for the kitchen) 2. loincloth, or s.th. used as such tezzer v.i. 1. to put on an apron 2. to put on a loincloth or s.th. used as such

¶ tezzer b- to use as an apron or loincloth

težbad v.n. of žebbed

težbar v.n. of žebber

teždad, teždid 1. v.n. of žedded 2. renovation, restoration

težfaf, težfif v.n. of žeffef težfifa pl. -t n.i. of žeffef

težlad v.n. of želled težmad v.n. of žemmed

težnina n.i, of džennen

težnis 1. v.n. of žennes 2. naturalization (citizen)

težrab, težrib v.n. of žerreb

težriba pl. -t, tažarib 1. attempt, try 2. experi-

težwid v.n. of žuwwed

težyaf 1. v.n. of žiyyef 2. strangulation 3. suffocation

težyar, težyir v.n. of žiyyer

tožžar pl. of tažer 1

tzabb v.i. to love one another (usually in the non-romantic sense)

tada v.i. to get or be placed next to one

tzafed Ela 1. to take care of tzafed Ela set tek! Take care of your health. 2. to maintain (in good condition)

tてaged same as tてaged

taka v.i. to tell each other stories

tz akem v.i. 1. to participate in a lawsuit, to be involved in a legal action (in court) 2. to be tried, to be on trial (perfect tense may imply only the passing of judgment) tcalef v.i. to become allied, to form an

alliance tzama v.i. to join forces, to gang up huwa

u-xah tzamaw Eliya. He and his brother ganged up on me. tramel v.i. to be on good terms, to get along

tz ann v.i. to become close to one another (sympathetically)

traged v.i. to hate each other, to bear malice

tzămmel 1. m.p. of zămmel 2. v.t. to tolerate,

or ill will toward one another to stand for ¶ t z ămmel b- to take charge of (responsitzareb v.i. 1. to war, to be at war 2. to bility, work, problem, etc.) engage in combat traseb v.i. to settle accounts (together, usu-¶tzămmel l-meseuliya (dyal) to take (the) responsibility (for) ally financial) tata pl. of tetti and tetiya I tzämmel s-sayar (d-) to afford the taz same as ttaz expense (of), to be able to pay (for) tzaža v.i. 1. to tell each other stories 2. to tzămmem m.p. of zămmem propose riddles to one another tzămmeq v.i. 1. to act stupid, to play the fool 2. to play innocent tz ăbbeb v.i. 1. to become granular 2. to break out (as with sores) tammer m.p. of zammer ¶ to abbeb l- to try to gain favor with, to teznat v.n. of zannet attempt to ingratiate oneself with (s.o.) tezniš v.n. of zanneš tzenya v.n. of zănna ter dad v.n. of Tadded tzănziza pl. -t n.i. of zănzez tzădd m.p. of zădd tz ăddeq v.i. 1. m.p. of zăddeq 2. to acquire tantin v.n. of zanzen tezqiq v.n. of zăqqeq knowledge or ability through study or ex-¶ be-t-tezqiq! (?) Really! (?) perience tzăqqeq m.p. of zăqqeq tz ăddet v.i. to talk, to converse tezdid v.n. of zădded ¶ to verify, to verify, to tezdiga n.i. of zăddeg confirm tez dan 1. v.n. of zădden 2. incubation (of tezrab v.n. of zărreb tezraf v.n. of zărref eggs) terrak v.n. of zärrek to addeg same as to addeg tzădder v.i. 1. m.p. of zădder 2. to move to terram v.n. of Zărrem tezrar v.n. of zărrer the city (and consequently adopt city ways) tezdiqa n.i. of zăddeq (same as zăddeq) tezraš v.n. of zărreš tezrid v.n. of zarred tez dira n.i. of zădder tezrifa pl. -t 1. n.i. of zărref 2. curve, turn tor fa pl. -t, tuz ăf precious; of rare quality, (road) beauty or excellence (object, person) (n. used attributively) šraw waz ed d-dar terrik v.n. of zarrek to fa. They bought a precious house. tezrim, tezrim 1. v.n. of zärrem 2. prohibi-—le-ktab lli qrit to fa. The book I read tion, interdiction, ban was an excellent one. —tozfa l-bent terrir v.n. of zarrer be-mmen dzuwwež. He got married to a tezrira pl. -t 1. n.i. of zărrer 2. vacation jewel of a girl. (from school) tezfaf v.n. of zăffef tezriš v.n. of zărreš tzărreb v.i. 1. m.p. of zărreb 2. to learn, to tez fif v.n. of zăffef tzăfya v.n. of zăffa acquire experience tcimer v.i. to behave in a stupid or ignorant tzărref m.p. of zărref manner, to act like a jackass I tz ărref be-l-xenžer to put on or don the xenžer tてăkk m.p. of てăkk tzekkek v.i. to get nervously frustrated (due tz ărrek v.i. 1. m.p. of zărrek 2. to move to one's inability to do s.th.) (right) along, to progress ¶ tz ekkek Ela to rub against (s.o., s.th.) tarrer m.p. of zarrer tezsin v.n. of zessen tezlal, tezlil v.n. of zellel tezsina pl. -t 1. n.i. of zessen 2. haircut tecliqa n.i. of zălleq 3. shave (beard) tzăll v.i. 1. m.p. of zăll 2. to open 3. to melt tzessen v.i. 1. m.p. of zessen 2. to improve, tてălla m.p. of てălla to get or become better tzălya v.n. and n.i. of zălla tezsil v.n. of zessel tezmas v.n. of zămmeș tezsin v.n. of zessen ter mila pl. -t n.i. of zămmel tezšaš v.n. of tzăššeš tezmima pl. -t n.i. of zămmem tezšiša n.i. of tzăššeš tez mira mild red pepper, paprika tzeššem m.p. of zeššem and tzeššem (powdered) taššeš v.i. to use hashish tzămmed v.i. to get or become sour tezt 1. under, beneath, underneath xebbit ¶ tzămmed Ela 1. to pester, to bother l-beztam dyali tet le-mxedda. I hid my 2. to give a hard time to (s.o.) wallet under the pillow. —šeddha men

tet. Hold it by the bottom (i.e., from underneath). 2. below weslet daražt l-zarara l-xemsa tet i s-sifr. The temperature has gone to five below zero.

¶ l-tezt 1. underneath, down below (adv.) 2. downstairs rah l-tezt. He's downstairs.

I tet t men same as tet

teztani pl. -yen (adj.) 1. lower, bottom
2. downstairs l-barez bett fe-l-bit
t-teztani. I slept in the downstairs room
last night.

teztat v.n. of zettet

teti pl. -yen, tata downstairs (adj.)

teztiya pl. -t, tzata kind of gown-like women's undergarment

tzett m.p. of zett

tezwal v.n. of zawwel

tezwam v.n. of zawwem

tezwil v.n. of zăwwel

tezwisa pl. -t n.i. of zawwes

tzăwwel m.p. of zăwwel tzăwwež l- to be in need of

ter yad v.n. of Tayyed

teryar v.n. reyyer and treyyer

tezyaz v.n. of zeyyez

tet yira n.i. of teyyer

tzăyyed m.p. of zăyyed

tzeyyel Ela to use trickery on, to (attempt to) outfox (s.o., an animal)

¶t_eyyel fe-l-mešya to walk stealthily (so as not to be noticed)

t eyyer v.i. 1. m.p. of eyyer 2. to be puzzled, perplexed 3. to become entranced, to go into a trance (especially in ecstatic dancing) 4. to be boiled (egg) 5. to be cooked rare (meat)

tezzir v.n. of zezzer

trezzem v.i. 1. m.p. of rezzem 2. to prepare to do s.th., to "roll up one's sleeves"

tzezzem l-le-mši or tzezzem baš imši. He prepared to go.

ter žir v.n. of z ežžer

tzežžeb v.i. to go into seclusion

tezzef 1. v.t. to decorate 2. v.i. to dress up tezzet l-l-gers. She dressed up for the wedding.

tezzef l- to dress (s.o.) up tezzef le-wladu nhar l-Eid u-xrež itsara huwa wiyahom. He dressed up his boys for the holiday and they all went out for a stroll. tEaben pl. of to Eban

tEabes pl. of taEbisa

t Eabez v.i. 1. to have a fight (physical) 2. to wrestle (informally or professionally)

t E ada v.i. 1. m.p. of E ada 2. to have a falling out, to stop speaking to one another t E adel v.i. 1. to balance, to become balanced or in equilibrium 2. to become equal, to come to be on an equal basis

t Eadd v.i. to bite each other, to snap at each other

t E afa (men) to recover (from, to become cured (of)

t afer (m a) 1. to struggle (with), to have a hard time (of) (a problem, a difficult book, etc.) 2. to compete (against, with)

teahed v.i. to make an agreement or pact, to form an alliance

t ala f. t ali pl. t alu impv. of ža (primarily country usage)

teala ela to outbid (s.o.)

t Ealeb pl. of ta Eleb

t aleq pl. of ta liq 2

t Calež v.i. 1. to recover, to become cured 2. to eat well or properly (i.e., healthful foods) 3. to eat elegantly, richly

t ama v.i. 1. to feign blindness 2. to pretend not to have seen s.th.

¶ t ama Ela to pretend not to have seen (s.o., s.th.), to close one's eyes to (s.th.) t aned m a 1. to try to finish or do all at one time (s.th. that should be done little by little) 2. to compete against or with (race, business)

t aneq v.i. to embrace or hug each other

tEageb m.p. of Eageb

t \(\text{caqed v.i. 1. to make an agreement or pact} \) 2. to enter into a contract 3. to conclude a deal or transaction

t Earef v.i. 1. to meet or get acquainted 2. to know one another

t Earek v.i. to have a fight

t Earež pl. of ta Eriža

t Easer v.i. 1. to associate with each other, to pal around 2. to live together

t ata 1. to give reciprocally to each other (e.g. gifts). 2. (l-) to give oneself up (to), to devote oneself (to) (some activity)

tEawed m.p. of Eawed

t awen v.i. to aid or help each other, to give one another assistance

t awet v.i. 1. m.p. of awet 2. to sit up straight (in a chair)

t € ayen v.i. to seem (to think, to believe ≠)

t € ayen-li žat. I believe (it seems to me)

she has arrived.

t Eayer v.i. to insult one another, to hurl insults at one another

 $t \not\in ayet$ v.i. to play a card game called $\not\in ayta$ $t \not\in ab$ v.i. (v.n. $ta \not\in ab$) to get tired, fatigued $t \not\in ban$ pl. -in tired, worn out, fatigued

to Eban pl. t Eaben venomous snake

tă bas, tă bis v.n. of Eăbbes

teabled v.i. 1. to pray (implies more devotion than sella) 2. to consecrate oneself to religious devotion

tă Ebisa pl. -t, t Eabes 1. n.i. of E ăbbes 2. grimace

teammer m.p. of Eammer

tčănfiž v.n. of čănfež and tčănfež

tă Enaq v.n. of Eănneq

tă Edab 1. v.n. of Eăddeb 2. torture, torment teănfež m.p. of Eănfež t Eăngira n.i. of Eănger 3. suffering teanger v.i. 1. to cock one's headdress forte ădd m.p. of E ădd ward and to the side 2. to put on airs of tčådda v.t. to pass, to go beyond, to go over importance (limit, boundary) tă Enig v.n. of Eănneg ¶ tčădda čla 1. to attack (usually without warning and reason) 2. to persecute, to tă Eniqa pl. -t hug, embrace teanser m.p. of Eanser oppress 3. to violate, to infringe on the rights of 4. to trespass on (one's property) tăEqad, tăEqid v.n. of Eăqqed teagged m.p. of Eagged 5. to appropriate the property of (s.o.) te ăddeb v.i. 1. m.p. of Eăddeb 2. to work teaqqel v.i. to become wise or wiser, (more) hard, to drudge 3. to have difficulty, to have reasonable a hard time (in doing s.th.) 4. to suffer tă Eram v.n. of Eărrem tEăddel m.p. of Eăddel te ărbiț v.n. of Eărbeț tă Erif 1. v.n. of Eărref 2. definition (of a tă Edib same as tă Edab tă Edil v.n. of E ăddel word, etc.) 3. introduction, presentation (of s.o., s.th.) 4. identity tčădya n.i. of tčădda tă Edim 1. v.n. of Eăddem 2. praise, honor Twaragat (or werget) t-ta Erif identifi-(of God) 3. veneration, glorification (of cation card tă Eriga n.i. of Earreg God) t&ăfrit skill, exceptional ability, talent tă riža pl. t arež (dim. t rža) kind of tčăfret v.i. 1. to become skillful, to gain long, clay drum of one head ability 2. to put on a front or show (of tearra v.i. 1. m.p. of earra 2. to undress, to great ability or intelligence actually nonstrip 3. to become broke or penniless, to run out of funds t & ăggez v.i. 1. to stretch (one's muscles) 2. to t E arred 1- 1. to meet (s.o. in some way) 2. to go to meet or receive (s.o. at his arrival) be lazy, indolent t Eirža dim. of ta Eriža 3. to stand in the way of (s.o.) 4. to oppose, tEis pl. -in deadly, fatal to be against 5. to rob (s.o.) on the road or tă E kal v.n. of E akkel highway 6. to be exposed to (danger, etc.) tă Ekar v.n. of Eakker tearref m.p. of Earref tă Ekila pl. -t n.i. of Eăkkel ¶ te ărref Ela or b- 1. to meet, to be tčăkkel m.p. of čăkkel introduced to (s.o.) 2. to get to know, to bete akkes 1. to be stubborn, to be contrary 2. to come acquainted with not work, to break down (car, pen, etc.) tearrem v.i. m.p. of Earrem tčakkez to walk with a crutch tčărya v.n. of čărra tă Elaf v.n. of Eăllef tčăssel v.i. 1. m.p. of čăssel 2. to become tă Elag v.n. of Eălleg (too) sweet 3. to get or become syrupy tă Eleb pl. t Ealeb 1. fox 2. jackal ¶ t E ăssel fe-l-hedra 1. to speak very tă Elim 1. v.n. of Eăllem 2. teaching, instrucslowly (like pouring cold molasses) 2. to tion 3. education use highfalutin language (often to the un-Twizarat t-tă Elim Ministry (Departintended amusement of others) ment) of Education tă Esar v.n. of Eăsser tă Eliq 1. v.n. of Eălleq 2. pl. t Ealeq comment, t E ăsseb v.i. 1. to become stiff, rigid 2. to be or commentary become stubborn, unyielding, inflexible tčălla m.p. of čălla te asser v.i. 1. m.p. of Easser 2. to act as if teallem v.t. to learn, to receive instruction in one has to go to the bathroom badly 3. to tEălleg m.p. of Eălleg strain and grunt while evacuating (in the ¶ $t \in alleq b$ - 1. to have a connection with, bathroom) to concern, to be relative to 2. to appeal to tă Ešir 1. v.n. of E ăššer 2. tithing, tithes (for assistance, intercession) tčăšša v.i. to eat or have supper, dinner tčălya v.n. of čălla (evening meal) tă Emar, tă Emir v.n. of E ammer t قttel m.p. of قttel tă&mira n.i. of Eămmer tă Etal 1. v.n. of Eățțel and tEățțel 2. delay tčămmed v.t. to do intentionally, on purpose, tă tar v.n. of Eătter with premeditation t& ammed l-qetl dyalu. tčăttel v.i. 1. m.p. of čătțel 2. to be late He killed him on purpose.

tčătter m.p. of Eătter

t Eugeb v.i. to become (an) invalid, infirm

t ušira pl. -t 1. vacation, holiday (from

T

school) 2. amount paid to the instructor (Koranic school) t Euser v.i. to have or take a vacation or holiday (from school, work) tă Ewad v.n. of E awwed tăewag v.n. of Eawweg tă wal v.n. of Eawwel tăewar v.n. of Eawwer tă Ewaž v.n. of E awwež tă Ewid pl. -at compensation, reimbursement, indemnification tă wiga pl. -t 1. howl (wolf, etc.) 2. crow (of rooster) tă wiža pl. -t 1. n.i. of E awwež 2. curve, bend, turn tčáwwed v.i. 1. m.p. of čáwwed 2. to get or become hard, stiff, brittle (usually wood, bread) 3. to say the expr. a udu bi-llah ¶ tEăwwed Ela to become accustomed or

** mrati teawwżet Eliya. My wife has turned her back on me (i.e., become cold). tă yab v.n. of Eăyyeb tă yar v.n. of E yyer tă Eyaț v.n. of Eăyyeț tă vin 1. v.n. of E ayyen 2. appointment, designation, assignment 3. nomination tčăyyeb v.i. 1. m.p. of čăyyeb 2. to become (an) invalid, infirm teayyen m.p. of eayyen tă zam v.n. of čăzzem tă? zaz v.n. of t azzez tă Ezim v.n. of Eăzzem tă Eziz v.n. of t E ăzzez tčăzya pl. -t 1. n.i. of čăzza 2. condolence (s) t E ăzzez Ela to give a hard time to $t \in \check{a}\check{z}\check{z}eb$ (f-) 1. to be shocked or stunned (at) 2. to marvel or wonder (at) tă ¿¿ ăb v.t. to tire, to weary, to fatigue

tčăwwež 1. m.p. of čăwwež 2. to bend, to

tab itib v.i. (v.n. tyab) 1. to cook qeššer le-bțața Ela-ma ițib l-lzăm. Peel the potatoes while the meat is cooking. 2. to ripen, to become ripe 3. boil had ness sa a u-l-begrež ka-ițib. The kettle has been boiling for half an hour. 4. to accept, to agree (after showing some opposition) bgaw ixedmuh zetta ţab baš išriha mennhom. They worked on him until he (finally) agreed to buy it from them.

** ma-qal-lhom la-tabet wa-la-ttzerqet. He didn't tell them a word (about it).

¶ $tab \ qelbu^{\phi} \ (b-)$ to be fed up (with) \neq , to be sick (of) ≠ ṭab-li qelbi be-š-ška dyalha. I'm sick of her complaining.

taba tobacco (e.g. for a pipe)

tabaga snuff

used to

tčawwed m.p. of čawwed

taba@i& pl. of tabi&a

tabaga pl. -t 1. classroom had l-medrasa fiha xemsin tabaga. This school has fifty classrooms. 2. grade (school) š-men tabaqa ka-tqerri had l-Eam? What grade are you teaching this year? 3. class (social) tabaqu snuff

tabašir chalk had t-tabašir zreš bezzaf f-le-ktaba. This chalk is too hard to write with.

¶ qtib de-t-tabašir piece of chalk tabaye E pl. of tabi Ea

tabi a pl. -t, taba ie, tabaye 1. nature Eadad de-l-Eulama Eămlu dirasat Eăl t-tabi a. Many scientists have made studies of nature. —ģir mmu lli Earfa-lu ţ-ṭabiEa dyalu. His mother is the only one who

knows his nature. 2. scenery, landscape I men tabi Et l-zal, b-tabi Et l-zal naturally, of course

tabi Ei pl. -yen 1. natural had l-fakya de-š-šma tqul tabi iya. This wax fruit looks natural. 2. plain, simple ka-išri ktir-ši l-lbas t-tabi &i. He buys mostly plain clothes. –ka-ibgiha li-gennaha bent tabi Liya. He

likes her because she's a simple girl. 3. naturally, of course tabi i (bas) idafe čăl l-zugug dyalu. Of course he should stand up for his rights. 4. naturally, without affection ma-ka-ndenn-š ka-itkellem tabiči. I don't think he talks naturally. 5. plainly, simply dima ka-telbes tabici. She always dresses plainly.

¶ men t-tabi i (baš) . . . it's natural (that) . . .

¶ (خilm) t-tabi eiyat the natural sciences tabla pl. -t, twabel same as tebla tabliva pl. -t apron

tablu pl. -yat 1. blackboard 2. switchboard

(telephone, electric) 3. panel, pegboard (as one for hanging tools or utensils)

tabeg v.t. to compare, to check, to match men bă Ed-ma țabeqt le-klam lli gal-li m Ea le-bra dyalu žbert koll-ši kdub. After I checked what he told me against his letter I found everything was a lie.

tabeq pl. twabeq 1. armpit 2. forequarter, front part of a half of mutton, veal, etc. tabă E pl. twabe E (dim. twibe E) 1. stamp (e.g., rubber stamp) 2. seal le-bra Eliha t-tabă & r-resmi. The letter bears the official seal. 3. stamp (stamping mark)

taf ituf v.i. (v.n. tufan) to walk around the Kaaba during the performance of the Pilgrimage at Mecca

¶ taf f- to go around n-nhar kollu u-huwa ka-ituf f-le-mdina. He's been going around town all day.

¶ țaf Ela to circle Eăšra de-l-merrat țafu Eăl s-sehriž. They circled the pool ten times.

tagiya pl. -t, twagi (dim. twigya) knit skullcap (usually worn by men)

taġi a.p. of tġa

taher pl. -in pure, virtuous (morally, spiritually)

ta?ifa same as tayfa

tal itul v.i. 1. to last s-sefra talet telt iyam. The trip lasted three days. 2. to stay Eardu Elih Ela yumayn u-tal Eandhom sher. They invited him for two days and he stayed a month. 3. to stretch out, to seem long, to drag l-medrasa ka-ttul mnin ka-tgerreb l-Eotla de-s-sif. School drags

when the summer vacation approaches.

 \P *l-lil u-ma-ṭal* all night long

¶ n-nhar u-ma-tal all day long

¶ tal z-zman aw qsar sooner or later

¶ a.p. tayel pl. -in 1. stale had l-xobz tayel. This bread is stale. 2. spoiled, not fresh le-z lib lli žebti tayel. The milk you brought is not fresh.

talab pl. -at 1. v.n. of tleb 2. request 3. application ma-zal ma-saftet t-talab dyalha. She hasn't sent in her application yet.

Ineffed talab to respond to a request dima ka-ineffed-lna talabatna. He always responds to our requests.

¶ qeddem talab, or Emel talab to apply, to make an application gad-ngeddem t-talab Ela ši-xedma. I'm going to apply for a job.

talaba pl. of talcb 1 (a.p. of tleb)

taleb a.p. of !!eb 1. to read ma-zal ma-tale thad le-ktab. I haven't read this book yet.

2. to study, to review (for exam) ka-ixessnitelt iyyam bas ntale three days in order to review my lessons.

3. to tell, to let know, to inform, to disclose to skun tale the lebulis to add day debza?

Who informed the police about that fight?

tanga pl. twaneg earring tanža Tangier

tanžavi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. hel tanža native to Tangier

țanži adj. pl. -yen same as țanžawi

taq itiq b- to be able to stand ma-ka-itiq-š be-l-xedma m ahom. He can't stand working with them. —ma-ka-nebqa-š nţiq b-had le-mdina mnayn ka-isxon l-zal. I just can't stand this town when it gets hot.

taqa pl. -t, tyeq (dim. twiqa) 1. hole t-tyeq lli fe-s-sur de-l-medrasa kollhom m e assisin fihom t-tyur. Birds have nested in all the holes in the school wall. 2. box office, ticket window 3. porthole 4. ability, competence ma-e and taqa l-had l-xedma. He has no competence in this work. 5. means u-kan zbert t-taqa u-kan srit siyara zdida. If I had the means I would buy a new car.

 $\P \ \mathcal{E} mel$ (or dar) $lli\ f$ -taqtu to do all one can

¶ Emel (or dar) fuq i-taqa to do one's best Emelt fuq taqti mEah baš izessel Eăl l-xedma. I did my best for him to get the job.

tar ițir v.i. 1. to fly had-le-brițel ma-zal ma-bda ițir. This little bird hasn't begun to fly yet. —țaru fiya ț-țšayeš mnayn kont ka-nșuț Eăl l-Eafya. Sparks flew onto me when I was blowing on the fire. 2. to disappear, to vanish ma-žit ndur l-Eăndu zetta lqitu tar. By the time I turned around (to talk) to him he had already disappeared. 3. to get away, to be spent rapidly ma-Ereft kif ka-ițiru-lha le-flus. I don't know how her money gets away from her.

¶ tar be-l-fer a to jump with joy

¶ $tar-lu^{\phi}$ 1. to get angry \neq 2. to be offended \neq

¶ $tar - lu\phi$ $n - n\xi$ as to lose sleep \neq , not to be able to sleep \neq

¶ ṭaṛ-lu ϕ Eǎqlu ϕ to lose one's mind \neq ṭaṛ-lu Eǎqlu melli mšaw-lu flusu. He lost his mind when he lost his money.

¶ taret xel $\mathcal{E}a$ mennu ϕ to get or be frightened \neq taret mennha xel $\mathcal{E}a$ melli zde \mathcal{E} l-bab. She got frightened when he slammed the door.

¶ tar Ela to attack, to set upon s-shã E tar Elih u-fersu. The lion attacked him and devoured him.

tara pl. -t tare (difference between gross weight and net weight)

** Zăyyed (or zuwwel) t-tara. said to a person who exaggerates while talking taraqa pl. -t salvo (of guns)

tarăb music

tarăf same as terf

tarfa pl. twaref noose, running knot

tarifa pl. -t 1. tariff 2. price tag

tariqa pl. -t, turoq 1. method š-men tariqa stă melti baš zălliti had l-muškil? What method did you use in solving this problem? 2. religious sect

tarma pl. -t, twarem (dim. twirma) small closet

tarru pl. -wat container made of tin or tin plate (e.g. a jerry can)

tarus pl. twares hunting dog

tas pl. tisan metal basin with handles used for washing hands before or after a meal

I yedd t-tas kettle used to form a set with tas (tas u-yeddu)

tasa pl. -t, tyes small metal bowl or cup

¶ Eammer t-tyes to bluff bga i Eammer Elina t-tyeş zetta zesselnah. He kept bluffing us till we caught him.

țaš ițiš v.i. (v.n. țišan) 1. to swing, to use a swing 2, to be "up in the air," to be unsettled 3. (v.n. also tiš, teyš) to be dissipated

** ¿aglu tayeš (a.p.) He's (still) sowing his wild oats.

tawa pl. -t saucepan tawa@if, tawayef pl. of tayfa tawes pl. twas peacock

T gtar t-tawes pl. getran t-tawes large, expensive china plate with elaborate design tayfa pl. tawayef, tawa@if, twayef 1. group (people) 2. religious sect

tayel a.p. of tal

țayla pl. -t 1. use, utility š-men țayla gad-teqdi b-had le-flus? What use will this money be to you? 2. result def Eat war ed l- Eadad d-leflus u-ši-ţayla ma-zeşşlet Eliha. She spent a great deal of money without getting any result.

** dak l-weld ma-fih tayla. That boy is a good-for-nothing.

taytay in the set expr. b-taytay frankly, bluntly

tayez a.p. of taz

tažin pl. twažen (dim. twižen) 1. kind of round, brown earthenware serving dish with lid 2. food served in 1 above

taz itiz v.i. (v.n. tyuz) 1. to fall tazet men s-sellum u-herrset rželha. She fell from the ladder and broke her leg. -ma-ža-š meana zit țaz mrid ela begta. He didn't come with us because he suddenly fell ill. -fuq-aš bda t-telž iți ? When did the snow start to fall? -qalu bin-la

tamanathom kollhom gad-itiz u f-gaxir š-šher. They said all their prices will fall at the end of the month. -wselna le-d-dar qbel-ma itiz l-lil. We got home before night fell. 2. to cost be-šzal taz le-bni kollu? How much did the whole building

cost? 3. to depreciate (value)

I taz f- to find, to come across, to happen onto taz f-wazed s-siyara mezyana u-rxisa. He found a nice inexpensive automobile. —țet fe-tlata de-n-nas lli qeblu ixedmu m ana. I came across three people who agreed to work with us.

¶ ţaz-lu^φ 1. to lose ≠ ţaz-lu bezţamu. He lost his wallet. 2. to drop ≠ ši-zaža tazet-lha f-l-gerd. She dropped something on the floor.

I taz men Eğyn (plus pron., n.) to lose the respect of bda ițiz men čăyn ţ-ţalaba dyalu. He's losing his students' respect.

¶ taz et klemtu ϕ to lose one's influence \neq tazet klemthom. They're no longer influential.

¶ ta = ct små ξtu^{ϕ} to lose one's reputation ≠ dak š-šarika tar et sma tha. That company has lost its reputation.

¶ ta = et $se = tu^{\phi}$ to be exhausted \neq tazet sezzthom be-ž-žri. They're exhausted from running.

I țaz Ela to cost had d-dar țazet Elina b-reb in alef derhem. This house cost us forty thousand dirhams.

¶a.p. tayez pl. -in 1. low ba ha-lu b-wazed t-taman tayez. He sold it to him at a low price. —dima ka-išedd nugat

tayza f-le-zsab. He always gets low marks in mathematics. -qadiya tayza hadik daret. That was a pretty low thing she pulled. 2. contemptible

tazuna pl. -t, twazen flour mill

tae iție 1. v.t. (v.n. țiean, țaea) to obey dak l-weld ma-bga-š iti & waldih. That boy doesn't obey his parents any longer.

-ma-ka-ibģi iţiE l-?awamir d-zădd. He doesn't like to obey anybody's orders. 2. v.i. (v.n. tu E) to be docile, submissive

taea 1. v.n. of tae 1 2. obedience 3. submission, docility

ta Eun pl. twa Een (bubonic) plague

tbabez pl. of tebbuz tbali pl. of tebla

thagi pl. of tebga

tbasi pl. of tebsi (same as tebsil)

tbasel pl. of tebsil

thaye E pl. of tha E, teb Ea 3 and thi Ea

tebb v.t. (v.n. tebban) 1. to cure, to heal (used proverbially)

** ža itebbu Emah. He came to cure him, but he blinded him. (said of s.o. who, trying to bring help, makes a situation worse) 2, to spend completely and rapidly (money)

tebba, tobba pl. of thib

tobba pl. -t rat

tebbal pl. -a, -in drummer

tebban v.n. of tebb

tebbax pl. -a cook

tebba E pl. -a ag. n. of tba E

tebbel v.i. 1. to beat a drum ** tebbel u-giyyet! I don't give a damn what you do or say!

tebbeq v.t. 1. to apply, to follow tebbeqt l-qa Eida r-rab Ea. I applied rule (number) four. 2. to conform to, to abide by (law) 3. to enforce l-bulisi tebbeq l-qanun. The policeman enforced the law.

tebba v.t. to stain, to spot tebb at ksewtha b-l-idam. She stained her dress with grease. theq pl. thuqa same as theq tbib pl. tebba, tobba medical doctor, physician ¶ tbib le-bhayem, tbib le-7 mir veterinarian ¶ tbib s-snan pl. tobba de-s-snan dentist tebbuz pl. tbabez stout, corpulent tobbzi pl. -ya gunner, artilleryman ¶ tbib žiraz i pl. tebba žiraz iyen surgeon thiga dim, of theq tbix v.n. of tbex tbie v.n. of tbae tbica pl. -t, tbaye 1. nature ma-ši men tbie tha ka-tekdeb. It's not her nature to lie. 2. habit fil wazed t-tbica qbiza bezzaf. He has a very bad habit. 3. disposition tbiEtha mgellga. She has an irascible disposition. tbel pl. tbula drum (musical instrument) I menfux kif t-tbel 1. swollen, bloated (person) 2. as fat as a pig 3. stuck up, țebla pl. -t, țbali (dim. ţwibla) 1. table had t-tebla čăndha gir tlata de-r-režlin. This table has only three legs. 2. bongo drum ¶ wežžed t-tebla to set the table ¶ xemmel t-tebla to clear the table tbeq pl. tbuqa (dim. tbiyyeq, tbiqa) 1. round bread container made of straw 2. metal can or straw basket with conical lid for keeping bread or cookies (with handles when made of metal) tebqa pl. -t, tbaqi 1. shelf le-ktub kollhom Emelthom f-tebqa wezda. I put all the books on one shelf. 2. floor, story tla Ena zetta le-t-tebqa s-sab & a. We went all the way up to the seventh floor. 3. layer, stratum tebsi pl. tbasi same as tebsil tebsil pl. tbasel 1. plate imken-lek tsexxen l-makla f-had t-tebsil. You can warm food in this plate. 2. record, disc bgit nesma had t-tebsil. I want to hear this record. thuga pl. of theg (same as theg) tbula pl. of tbel thuga pl. of theg tbex v.t. or v.i. (v.n. tebx, tbix) 1. to cook u-kan įbexti l-lzăm huwa l-luwwel. You should've cooked the meat first. -xelli l-lzăm izid ițbex swiya. Let the meat cook a little longer. 2. to boil (water, food) tebx v.n. of tbex thăe v.t. (v.n. thie) 1. to stamp weqqă r-risala Ead tha Eha. Sign the letter and then stamp it. 2. to print fug-aš gad-iteb & u had le-ktab? When are they going to print this book? 3. to type 4. to plug (a melon) that pl. thaye 1. behavior, conduct 2. movement in Andalusian music

** teb \(u \) mezvan. He's easy to get along with. -tba E hom qbiz. They're hard to get along with. teb a 1. n.i. of that 2. pl. -t edition 3. pl. -t, tbaye & spot, stain teb ¿an of course, naturally gad-temši l-l-gers dyalu?-teb&an. Are you going to his wedding?-Of course. -teb & an ma-gad-naxod-ši l-Cotla dyali bla-ma nčălmek. Naturally I'm not going to take my vacation without letting you know. tfa itfa v.i. (v.n. tefyan) to go out (light, fire) tfa itfi v.t. (v.n. tefyan) 1. to turn off, turn out nsiti ma-tfiti-š d-duw. You forgot to turn off the light, 2, to put out, to extinguish (fire) 3. to satisfy, to quench ma-žbert-š baš ntfi le-Eteš. I couldn't find anything to quench my thirst with. 4. to dip (hot pastry into honey) tfel pl. tfula little boy tefla pl. -t little girl tfula pl. of tfel tefyan v.n. of tfa tga itga v.i. (v.n. togyan) to trespass ¶ taa Ela to tyrannize, to rule with unjust severity ¶ a.p. tagi pl. tugat oppressor, tyrant togyan v.n. of tga thara 1. v.n. of tehher 2. cleanliness, purity (mainly spiritual, religious) 3. circumcision tehher v.t. (v.n. thara) 1. to cleanse, to purify (e.g. religiously) 2. to circumcise tib aroma, fragrance (perfume) tiba pl. -t taste had l-Zalwa fiha tibt le-Z mad. This cake has a sour taste. -had l-makla ma-fiha tiba. This food is tasteless. ** l-fukahat dyalu kollhom ka-ixeržu bla tiba. All his jokes fall flat. ¶ be-t-tiba slowly, carefully, cautiously ¶ b-tibt l-xater willingly Etaha-lhom b-tibt l-xater. He gave it to them willingly. tifur pl. tyafer 1. large tray for serving food 2. round serving table with raised rim tikuk kind of parasite which attacks cattle tiligram pl. -at telegram tin clay tir pl. tyur 1. bird 2. cancer Itir a-bger type of white heron which associates with cattle ¶ tir l-lil bat (mammal) tira 1. n.i. of tar 2. ill omen tisan pl. of tas tiš v.n. of taš 3 tiša n.i. of taš tišan v.n. of taš tiy v.n. of twa tiva pl. -t n.i. of twa tiyyaba pl. -t, tyayeb attendant or masseuse in a steam bath for women

tiyyar pl. -in, -a aviator, pilot tiyyara pl. -t, tyayer airplane

tiyyeb v.t. (v.n. tyah) 1. to cook, to make, to prepare tiyybet l-lzăm qbel l-xodra. She cooked the meat before the vegetables.

—škun ġad-iṭiyyeb le-¿ša l-yum? Who's going to prepare supper today? 2. to boil ka-ṭṭiyyeb had l-ma l-l-qehwa? Are you boiling this water for coffee? 3. to ripen, to make ripe 4. to argue into, to talk into bġa iṭiyyebni baš nešri mennu siyara. He tried to talk me into buying a car from him.

tiyyeb pl. -in nice, pleasant \(\tag{babha} \) kollhom nas tiyybin. All her relatives are nice people. \(-had \) š-šežra ka-ttleq ri\(a \) tiyyba. This tree gives off a pleasant odor.

tiyyer v.t. 1. to cause to fly (away) d-derba d-le-mkezla lli tiyyret lezmam. It was the rifle shot that caused the pigeons to fly away. 2. to steal, to filch, to pilfer ši-wazed tiyyer-lha beztamha. Somebody stole her purse.

¶ tiyyer d-duxa to sober up

¶ tiyyer l-ma to go to the bathroom (polite euphemism)

¶ tivyer le-wqer to come out of mourning, to end the mourning period

I tiyyer n-n Eas to keep awake (by the use of some stimulant) srebt briq kamel de-l-qehwa bas ntiyyer n-n Eas. I drank a whole pot of coffee to keep awake.

—serrebnah bezzaf de-l-qehwa bas ntiyyru-lu n-n eas. We gave him a lot of coffee to keep him awake.

¶ tiyyer s-sekra to sober up

¶ tiyyru~ l- to upset, to make angry rakom ġad-tṭiyyruh-lu ila ma-žitiw-š.

You'll make him angry if you don't come.

¶tiyyer xel&a men to frighten, to scare

¶tiyyer Ela to alleviate the troubles of

(by means of some entertainment)

tiyyeš v.t. 1. to swing, to make oscillate 2. to dismiss, to fire tiyyšuh men dak l-wadifa. They dismissed him from that job.

¶ tiyyeš b- to rock tiyyšet be-t-terbya baš ten čăs. She rocked the baby so it would go to sleep.

tiyyez v.t. (v.n. tyuz) 1. to drop, to let fall tiyyzet siniya Eamra be-l-kisan. She dropped a tray full of glasses. 2. to make fall Eărred-lu režlu u-țiyyzu. He tripped him and made him fall. 3. to knock down tiyyzu l-l-erd u-bda iderbu. He knocked him down on the floor and started beating him. 4. to pull down Elaš țiyyezti le-glaqat? Why did you pull the shades down? 5. to demolish, to tear down le-bni lli qdim kollu bġaw ițiyyzuh. They want

to tear down all the old buildings. 6. to

lower, to bring down men bazd ras l-zam kollhom ka-iṭiyyzu l-zatmina dyalhom. After New Year's they all bring their prices down. 7. v.i. to go down, to drop (value, price) 8. v.i. to lose weight ṭiyyzet melli ma-bqat-š takol bin le-wqat. She's lost weight since she stopped eating between meals. 9. v.i. to abort, to miscarry

¶ tiyyez be-klemt (or be-klam) 1. to disobey Zammerha ma-tiyyz et be-klam waldiha. She's never disobeyed her parents. 2. to disregard or ignore a request (offensively) regbettu ibqa m Zana sa Za tiyyez-lha be-klemtha. She begged him to stay with us, but he ignored her request

Ttiyyez be-qder (or b-šarāf) to humiliate dak š-ši lli tiyyez-lu b-šarafu. That was what humiliated him.

¶ tiyyez b-rasu (or b-nefsu) to stoop, to condescend, to lower oneself

Ttiyyez s-suq Ela to undersell s-sarika l-oxra ka-ttiyyez Elihom s-suq. The other firm is underselling them.

tiza pl. -t n.i. of taz tizan pl. tyazen spleen tizan v.n. of ta & 1

(so, she's offended).

tla itli v.t. (v.n. tla) 1. to smear or cover (with s.th. oily or greasy) tlat-li wayži be-z-zit. She smeared my clothes with oil.

2. to paint bġa itli l-bit b-le-xder u-n-nbe b-le-byed. He wants to paint the room

green and the hall white. tla v.n. of tla tlale E pl. of tella E a tlag 1. v.n. of telleg 2. divorce

¶tlaq režči type of divorce which still leaves room for a reconciliation if requested by the husband

¶ tlaq t-talat strict type of divorce which allows no reconciliation

¶ tlaq xel&i divorce requested by the wife tlayeq pl. of tliq

tleb (v.n. talab, tlib) 1. v.t. to ask for, to request & ammerha ma-telbet l-musa & ada men ši-wazed. She's never asked anybody for any help. 2. v.i. to beg, to ask for charity

¶ tleb llah to pray (to God), to hope

¶ tleb l-Eilm to seek education

¶tleb men to ask telbet men ¿ammha isellefha ši-flus. She asked her uncle to lend her some money.

** ka-ntleb men llah u-mennek t awenni f-had l-muškil. Please help me with this problem.

¶ a.p. taleb 1. pl. telba, tolba, talaba student 2. pl. tollab beggar

¶ țaleb mEašu pl. -yat porter šzal xesșni năEți l-had țaleb mEašu baš ihezz-li

š-šwanet? How much should I give this porter for carrying my luggage? telba, tolba pl. of taleb tlib v.n. of tleb tlila dim. of tella (n.i. of tell) tliq pl. tlayeq runner, rug tliq v.n. of tleq tell v.i. (v.n. tellan) to look out kan ka-itell men š-šeržem. He was looking out from the window. -l-bit dyali ka-ițell Eăl l-Eărșa. My room looks out on the garden. ¶ tell Ela to call on, to pay a visit to (s.o. ill only) tella pl. -t (dim. tlila) n.i. of tell tollab pl. of taleb 2 (a.p. tleb) tellan v.n. of tell tellay pl. -a (house) painter tellae pl. -a, -in ag.n. and adj. of tellae tella a pl. -t, tlale 1. shoe-horn 2. key (watch, clock) tella Eiya pl. -t type of lady's slipper tellel same as tell telleg v.t. (v.n. tlag) to divorce telles v.t. to smear, to daub tella v.t. 1. to take up, to bring up mnayn konna l-ter t rgebtu itellă E-lha l-7 ăddada. When we were downstairs I asked him to take the iron up to her. - ¿ ayytet-lu men l-fuqi u-qalt-lu ițellă E-lha t-teșbin. She called him from upstairs and asked him to bring the laundry up to her. 2, to roll up gir wsel tella kmamu u-bda ixdem. As soon as he arrived he rolled up his sleeves and got down to work. —tella z-zaž qbel-ma tšedd l-biban. Roll up the (car) windows before you lock the doors. 3. to raise tellă t le-glagat kollhom baš idxol d-duw l-kafi. I've raised all the blinds so enough light can get in. 4. to raise, to increase l-quilat kollhom tell u t-tamanat dyalhom. All the hotels have raised their rates. 5. to draw (water from a well) 6. to leaven, to make rise 7. to find, to restore, to retrieve žazatu Ela lli tellă E-lha beztamha lli ttesreq-lha. She thanked him for having found her stolen purse. 8. to promote, to elevate bgaw itell uh le-r-rotba d-mudir. They want to promote him to the rank of director. 9. to build, to erect (wall, partition) 10. to wind xessni nțellă maganti. I have to wind my watch. 11, to tune (musical instrument) 12, to pull on, to wear (pants, underwear, socks, shoes) 13. to come up with, to dig up mnayn tellă ti had le-xbar? Where did you dig up this news? 14. to question, to interrogate hadi telt iyam u-l-bulis ka-itell u fihom. The police have been questioning them for the past three days. 15. to add up, to figure up ma-Ereft-ši kif-aš tella ti had le-z sab. I don't see how you added up this bill. 16. to get, to obtain gir qul-lhom ma-i¿āddbu-š rashom, rahom ma-iṭeḷḷৈ u mennu walu. Just tell them not to trouble themselves, they won't get anything from him. 17. to finish, to do completely (work, task) le-bnat ṭeḷḷțu wazed z-zeṛbiya ha²ila. The girls have finished a beautiful rug.

¶ ţella & b- to praise, to build up, to laud ¶ ţella & u-hebbeţ f- to look (s.o., s.th.,) up and down, to measure with one's eye bqa itella & fiya w-thebbeţ bla-ma iqul-li etta zaža. He kept looking me up and down without saying anything.

¶telļā E zsab (or zesba or xbar) (l-)
1. to pay attention (to) ana ka-nehder
m Zah u-huwa ma-ţelļā E-li zsab. I was
talking to him, but he wasn't paying any
attention to me. 2. to show concern d-dbaz
qayem u-hiya ma-mţell a xbar. She wasn't
showing any concern while the fight was
going on.

tleg v.t. (v.n. tlug, tlig) 1. to let go, to turn loose, to release šz al d-le-msažen gad-itelqu? How many prisoners are they going to turn loose? -tleqni ||ah ixellik, rani mezrub. Please let me go, I'm in a hurry. 2. (v.n. also metlaga) to let off, to give vacation or time off to telquna qusbu kamel. They let us off for a whole week. 3. to turn on tleg l-ma l-bared. Turn on the cold water. 4. to start škun lli tleg had d-di aya Elih? Who started this rumor about him? -tlegt l-mutur baš isxon. I started the motor so it would warm up. -tlegna Cafya mžehda baš nešwiw l-kebš. We started a big fire so we could roast the lamb. 5. to drop, to let fall telget l-magana l-l-erd u-herrsetha. She dropped the watch on the floor and broke it. 6. to give off l-begrež bda itleg le-fwar. The kettle started giving off steam (steaming). -l-ferran ka-itleq d-doxxan. The oven is giving off smoke (smoking). —xellat l-lzăm ițul zetta bda itleq riza qbiza. She kept the meat so long it started giving off a bad smell. -ma-zal ma-Ereft-ši škun lli tleq Eliha had d-di ava. I still don't know who started this rumor about her. 7. to stick out, to extend tleg yeddek baš nšuf ž-žerza. Stick out your arm so I can see the wound, 8. to spread, to lay out. ntleq-lek l-bettaniya ila bgiti tgetti. I'll spread the blanket for you if you want to cover yourself. 9. (v.n. also telq) to sell to (s.o.) on credit tleqtha b-sett myat derhem de-s-sel a. I sold her six hundred dirhams worth of merchandise on credit. 10. v.i. to fade had t-tub ka-itleg mnayn ka-itsebben. This cloth fades when it's washed.

¶tleq le-briz (or l-berraz) Ela 1. to hire a town crier to announce telqu

l-berrat Eăl d-degg lli mša-lhom. They've hired a town crier to announce the loss of their jewelry. 2. (b-) to announce publicly (usually by a town crier) rahom talqin le-brit b-had le-xbar. This news is being

announced to the public (by a town crier).

¶!leq le-Eruq to take root, to be firmly established had t-teffac a bdat !!leq le-Eruq. This apple tree is taking root. —l-cizb l-ištiraki !aleq Eruqu f-dak le-blad. The Socialist Party is firmly established in that country.

Itleq men 1. to let go, to turn loose ma-yad-ntleq mennu zetta iredd-li flusi. I'm not going to let him go until he gives me my money back. 2. to leave alone qolt-ha ttleq mennu zit ma-Emel-šay. I asked her to leave him alone because he didn't do anything.

** a-sidi ileq menni xlas! Get off my back,

will you?

¶ tileq rasuo to hurry up qol-lhom itelqu rashom, ra-l-zal ka-imši. Tell them to hurry up, it's getting late.

¶ *tleq režlu* ϕ to take a stroll

Tileq (Emara b-) to fire (a shot with) tleq fit tlata d-le-Emarat be-l-ferdi. He fired the pistol at him three times.

telq v.n. of tleq 9

The-t-telq on credit ma-ka-nebgi nešri zetta zaža be-t-telq. I don't like to buy anything on credit.

tluq v.n. of tleq

tlue v.n. of tlae

telz n.u. -a acacia

tlắc v.i. (v.n. tluc) 1. to go up, to rise, to come up tlăc na zetta le-t-tebqa l-cašra. We went all the way up to the tenth floor. —taman s-sokkar cawed tlắc. The price of sugar has gone up again. —ma-zala š-šems ma-telcet. The sun hasn't risen yet. 2. to break (dawn, day) 3. to rise (dough) 4. to climb, to climb up gir huwa smác d-dib u-huwa itlác le-š-šežra. As soon as he heard the wolf he climbed the tree. 5. to be promoted, to advance (to) telcát xlifa de-l-mudir. She's been promoted to assistant director. 6. to sprout, to come up r-rbic gir ka-izid itlác f-cársetna. Grass keeps coming up in our garden.

It ilă ξ -lu ϕ f-rasu ϕ to get on one's nerves rah bda it lă ξ -li f-rași. He's getting on my

nerves.

¶ tlā ξ -lu ϕ to gain \neq šnu tlā ξ -lek men dak s-sefra? What did you gain from that trip?

tel a pl. -t 1. n.i. of tlă 2. uphill slope (on a street or road)

temma adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a venal, unduly influenced by hope of gain, greedy

temmen v.t. to give assurance to, to reassure ržač Čăndhom u-temmenhom bin-la r-ana la-bas. Go back and reassure them that I'm all right.

temmer v.t. 1. to store in a silo (wheat, corn, etc.) 2. to hide in a secret place (e.g. money)

temmă ev.t. to lure, to entice temmă e ha be-z-zyada fe-l-eožra. He lured her back with a higher salary.

tmae f- (v.n. tmae) to be greedy for, to be covetous of

tmae v.n. of tmae

tnaber pl. of tenbur

tnaš 1. twelve 2. twelfth had le-qṣeṛ ttebna fe-l-qeṛn ṭ-ṭnaš. This castle was built in the twelfth century.

¶ t-tnaš de-n-nhar noon ¶ t-tnaš de-l-lil midnight

tnaži pl. of tenžiya

įnažer pl. of tenžra and tenžir

tenbur pl. inaber steel drum

teng pl. inuga tank (weapon) hežmu b-xemsa de-t-inuga. They attacked with five tanks. iniz y.n. of inez

tnižra dim. of tenžra tnižya dim. of tenžiya

tenneb v.t. 1. to stretch, to pull la-ttenneb-s
le-wtarat, daba tqetta hom. Don't stretch
the strings, you might break them. 2. to
gorge, to overstuff with food tennbet-lu
keršu be-l-Zalwa. She gorged him with
cake. —tenneb keršu be-r-ruz. He gorged
himself with rice.

tenneš v.t. 1. to stretch out, to stick out 2. to prick up le-\(\tau\) mar bda itenneš wednih. The donkey is pricking up his ears.

tentina n.i. of tenten

tenten v.i. 1. to boom, to resound, to ring (loudly) n-nwaqes de-l-kanisa ka-itentnu. The church bells are booming.—rasi shez ka-itenten b-le-zriq. My head is ringing with pain this morning. 2. to get very hot f-le-ziya ka-itenten l-zal. In the afternoon it gets very hot.

tnuga pl. of teng

tnez v.i. (v.n. tenz, tniz) to joke, to jest I tnez Ela to tease, to make fun of

tenz v.n. of tnez

tenza pl. -t 1. n.i. of tnez 2. laughingstock (person)

tenžir pl. įnažer cauldron

tenžiya pl. -t, tnaži (dim. tnižya) 1. small earthenware cooking pot with lid and handles (also used for keeping leaven) 2. meal prepared in 1 above

tenžra pl. -t, tnažer (dim. tnižra) cooking pot

(metal)

tegtiq v.n. of tegteq
tegteq v.t. 1. to soak, to saturate 2. to put or
use too much of (s.th., e.g. salt in food)
tra itra v.i. to happen, to take place trat-lu
wazed l-gadiya min *egrabi ma yakun.
The most unusual thing happened to him.
trabes pl. of terbus
traf pl. of terf
trarez pl. of terraz
trawa freshness (of fruit, meat, etc.)

trawa freshness (of fruit, meat, etc.) trayed pl. of trid 2 trayez pl. of triza

terbuš pl. trabeš fez

tred v.t. (v.n. terd, trid) 1. to chase away, to drive away 2. to fire, to discharge, to dismiss

țețd v.n. of țred

terf pl. traf 1. piece, fragment, part 2. side, bank (river)

** zellit r-radyu traf. I took the radio apart.

¶ dreb t-terf to steal, to pick from a pocket

¶ derrab t-terf pl. derrabin t-terf pickpocket

¶ men terf 1. at random xdat ktab men terf u-qratu. She took a book at random and read it. 2. without exception t-tlamed dyalha kollhom mezyanin men terf. All her pupils are good without exception.

¶ tṛaf (no sg.) parts of body including hands, feet, and face

¶ traf traf, trifat trifat into pieces

deb u l-begra u-qett uha traf traf. They slaughtered the cow and cut it into pieces. terfani, terfi pl. -yen final, last one, extreme šritha men l-z anut t-terfaniya Eăl š-šmal.

I bought it from the last shop on the left. tri pl. -yen fresh (food, air)

trid 1. v.n. of tred 2. pl. trayed younger brother (or sister) of same parents trinbu pl. -yat top (toy)

triq (f.) terqan, torqan, turoq (dim. triyqa)

1. road, route 2. way hadi hiya triq
l-medrasa? Is this the way to school?
—ma-xellit-ši ši-triq ma-zerrebtha-š m ah.
I've tried every possible way with him.
3. course l-wad ka-itba had t-triq. The river follows this course. 4. right path, straight and narrow

¶ dreb t-triq to walk or drive (a rather long distance)

¶qbet t-triq to set out, to hit the road ¶qetta& t-triq pl. qetta&in t-triq highwayman, highway robber

¶ qet an t-triq brigandage, plundering, highway robbery

¶qtă & t-triq Ela to attack, to rob (highwayman) reb & a de-r-ržal qet & Elihom

t-triq. They were robbed by four highway-men.

¶ ržă& le-t-triq to turn over a new leaf ¶ sreq (or xtef) t-triq to take a short cut ¶ triq kbira highway, main road ¶ xoržan t-triq trespassing

¶ xrež čăl t-triq to deviate, to go astray ¶ zad m a t-triq to beat it, to scram

¶ža le-t-triq to tell the truth, to talk frankly ma-bga-š ižini le-t-triq. He didn't want to tell me the truth.

¶ Emel (or dar) t-triq mea to give fair treatment to ma-bya idir meaha triq, žat hiya deatu. He wouldn't give her fair treatment, so she sued him.

triš v.n. of treš triyqa dim. of triq triz v.n. of trez triz v.n. of trez

trica pl. -t, trayez 1. flogging, hiding, beating 2. work done by the piece

tromba pl. -t 1. water pump (with handle)

2. apparatus for administering enemas trombiya pl. -t same as trinbu terqan, torqan pl. of triq terr pl. trur, trura tambourine terrada pl. -t standard, banner, flag terraf pl. -a shoe repairman terraq pl. -a ag.n. of terreq terrar pl. -a tambourine player terraz pl. -a embroiderer

terrac pl. -a, trarec boy hired to carry bread to the public oven to be baked and then deliver it to the homes

terreb v.t. 1. to pin, to clip 2. to sharpen (with strop or whetstone)

terref v.t. to repair (shoes)

¶ terrfu~ l- to fire, to dismiss terrfuh-lhom men l-mä Emel. They were fired from the factory.

terreq v.t. 1. to hammer 2. to nail shut, to nail up

I terreq mesmar to take care of an errand or a problem Eandi stal d-le-msamer xessni nterreqhom. I have so many problems to take care of.

¶ a.p. mterreq pl. -in clever, cunning terrer v.i. to play the tambourine

Tterrer l- to hurl a string of insulting remarks at (s.o.)

terres v.t. 1. to deafen (s.o.) 2. to slap (face) terres v.t. 1. to attend (animal) during birth 2. to give a beating to (by any means, for any purpose) 3. to clobber, to defeat over-

whelmingly freš v.t. (v.n. ferš, friš) to slap (face, s.o.) freš f. ferša pl. fureš deaf ferš v.n. of freš

terša pl. -t slap (in the face) tertaqa pl. -t type of popgun tertiq v.n. of terteq terteq v.t. 1. to pop (e.g. balloon) 2. to make blow out (e.g. tire) 3. to shoot off, to detonate trur, trura pl. of terr truša, trušiva deafness truz, truza pl. of terz 2 trez v.t. (v.n. terz, triz) to embroider terz 1. v.n. of trez 2. embroidery teržama same as teržama teržem same as teržem toržman same as toržman trez v.t. (v.n. triz) 1. to put down (e.g. on the ground) 2. to put into an oven (bread, pastry), to bake 3. to give birth to (animal) 4. (v.n. also terz) to subtract had l-Eadad ter u men l-žem E. Subtract this figure from the total. ter 1. v.n. of trez 4 2. pl. truz, truza game le ăbna rebe a de-ț-țruz de-s-șențrež. We played four games of chess. terza pl. -t n.i. of trez tšaš n.u. -a pl. -t, tšayeš spark (e.g. emitted by tšayeš pl. of tšaš tešteš v.i. 1. to emit sparks (fire) 2. to emit successive spurts of liquid ttabex v.i. to fight or struggle (to get s.o. or s.th. to do s.th. desired) Eyit ma nttabex m ah wa-lakin ma-bga-š iži. I tried and tried to get him to come but he wouldn't. ttală E la 1. to find out, to learn, to be informed about 2. to study, to examine (s.th. before making a decision) ttebbeg m.p. of tebbeg ttehher m.p. of tehher ttelleg m.p. of telleg ttelles m.p. of telles ttemmen m.p. of temmen ttemmes v.i. 1. to close (eyes) 2. to fail to use one's head (on some occasion) ttemmae m.p. of temmae ttenneb m.p. of tenneb tterreb m.p. of terreb tterref m.p. of terref tterreq m.p. of terreq ¶ tterreq m ξa rasu ϕ to learn from the experience of others, or by associating with those who know tterrăz m.p. of terrăz tterteq v.i. 1. m.p. of terteq 2, to explode (balloon, bomb, etc.) ttufel v.i. to crash a party or occasion (primarily to partake of the food offered) ttuwwel m.p. of tuwwel ttuwwer m.p. of tuwwer tteyyer m.p. of teyyer tub n.u. -a pl. -t, tweb (dim. twiba) 1. clod (earth) 2. adobe brick 3. lump (e.g., sugar) tufan v.n. of taf

tufayli pl. -ya sponge, parasitic person tul 1. length had l-bit fih Easra miter de-t-tul. This room is ten meters long. —had l-wad šzal fih dyal de-t-tul? How long is this river? 2. height is at I-l-kura de-s-sella Ela wedd t-tul dyalu. He'd be good for basketball because of his height. 3. straight, straight ahead zid tul u-lwi čăl š-šmal fe-d-duw le-z mer. Go straight ahead and make a left turn at the red light. 4. all, during tul zyatu u-huwa xeddam m a dak š-šarika. He's been working all his life for that firm. ¶ tul u-Eărd all over, everywhere qellebt Elihom f-le-mdina tul u-Eărd u-ma-lqithom-š. I looked for them all over town and I couldn't find them. ¶ Ela tul l-xett completely, a hundred percent ana mettafeg meak ela tul l-xett. I agree with you completely. tula pl. of twal tulan v.n. of twal tumubil pl. -at (cons. tumubilt) automobile, tun 1. tuna (fish) 2. pl. twan ton, thousand kilograms tuq pl. twaq collar (shirt, dress) If-tug in the charge of f-tug men xelliti siyartek? In whose charge did you leave your car? tures pl. of tres turuq pl. of triq and tariqa turwwef v.t. 1. to assist (s.o.) in walking around the Kaaba (during the Pilgrimage) 2. to parade (a criminal) through the streets as an object of public scorn tuwwel 1. v.t. to lengthen, to make longer xessek ttuwwel had z-zentita. You'll have to make this skirt longer. 2. v.t. to prolong, to extend tuwwlu-lha l-Eotla dyalha Ela wedd le-7 bala. They extended her leave because of pregnancy. 3. v.i. to stay or spend too long, to take a long time t-tbib qal-lu ma-iṭuwwel-š fe-l-zămmam. The doctor told him not to stay too long in the bath. tuwwer v.t. to train, to instruct (men, animals, etc.) tuwweš v.t. or v.i. 1. to squirt out, to spurt 2. to urinate (of animals, and vulgarly of people) tuwwez v.i. 1. to cry, to lament 2. to bellow (bull) tuwwă v.t. 1. to throw away, to fling, to hurl 2. to tame, to domesticate 3. to subjugate, to subdue 4. to make flexible

twa itwi v.t. (v.n. tiy, tuyan) 1. to fold twat

tuyan v.n. of twa tu & v.n. of ta & 2

li-zur bla-ma tzăddedhom. She folded the sheets without ironing them. 2. to close twi ktubek u-dirhom fe-škartek. Close your books and put them in your bag. -mnayn šaf l-bulisi maži twa l-mus u-daru f-žibu. When he saw the policeman coming he closed his knife and put it in his pocket. 3. to roll up twi z-zerbiya baš tegsel l-erd. Roll up the rug so you can wash the floor. ¶ twa le-klam, twa le-z dit, twa l-hedra to change the subject (in conversation) twabel pl. of tabla (same as tebla) twabeq pl. of tabeq غ pl. of tabă ع twagi pl. of tagiya twal v.i. (v.n. tulan) 1. to get longer fe-s-sif ka-itwal n-nhar. The day gets longer in summer. 2. to grow up, to get taller xay ţwal melli bda il čăb l-kura de-s-sella. My brother has gotten taller since he started playing basketball. twal pl. -at, tula rope twal pl. of twil twan pl. of tun 2 twaneg pl. of tanga twaq pl. of tuq twaref pl. of tarfa twarem pl. of tarma twares pl. of tarus twas pl. of tawes twayef pl. of tayfa twažen pl. of tažin twazen pl. of tazuna twaeen pl. of taeun tweb pl. of tuba (n.u. of tub) twiba dim. of tuba (n.u. of tub) twibla dim. of tebla twibe & dim. of tabă & twigya dim, of tagiya twil pl. twal (dim. twiwel, comp. twel) 1, long režlin had t-tebla twal. This table has long legs. —bqat m & ana modda twila. She stayed a long time with us. 2. tall, big xutu kollhom twal u-huwa qsir. All his brothers are tall, but he's short.

twiga dim. of taga twirma dim. of tarma twiwel dim. of twil twižen dim. of tažin twel comp. of twil tyab v.n. of tab and tiyyeb tyafer pl. of tifur tyayeb pl. of tiyyaba *tyaye*r pl. of *tiyyara* tyaz en pl. of tiz an tyeq pl. of taga tyes pl. of tasa teyš v.n. of taš 3 tyur pl. of tir tyuz v.n. of taz and tiyyez teyyeb same as tiyyeb teyyer same as tiyyer teyyeš same as tiyyeš teyyez same as tiyyez teztiz v.n. of teztez teztez v.i. to break wind, to fart tezz, tozz 1. fart, act of breaking wind 2. exclamation expressing discouragement or disappointment tr in 1. v.n. of tr an 2. flour (wheat) tăn v.t. (v.n. țzin) 1. to grind nțăn-lek had l-gehwa? Shall I grind this coffee for you? -- ka-iț ăn snanu mnayn ka-ikun na Ees. He grinds his teeth when he's asleep. 2. to grind, to sharpen (cutlery, scissors, tezzan pl. -a 1. miller 2. knife grinder, one who sharpens knives tEam pl. -at (dim. tEiyma) 1. food 2. couscous teim v.n. of team tEiyma dim. of tEam te am v.t. (v.n. teim) 1. to feed, to give food to 2. to poison, to give (s.o.) poison to & m bait tačma, točma pl. -t woof, loose threads on the loom tă E ăm v.t. 1. to feed, to give food to 2. to bait, to put bait on

U

u (w before vowels, we- before some consonant clusters) 1. and teržemt had l-žumla u-hadik. I translated both this sentence and that one. 2. introduces an independent clause which functions as circumstantial modifier of preceding clause. hadi modda u-huwa yedban Elina. It's a long time now that he's been mad at us. —mšit neštaģel w-ana mṛida. I went to work although I was sick.

3. used in distributive expressions introduced by koll, approximately equivalent to "everyone has his own (particular) . . .," "to each his own. . ." koll wazed u-duqu. To each his own taste. —koll wazed u-tabi tu. Everyone has his own nature. —koll telmid u-xdemtu! (Let) each student do his own work! —koll zaža u-mazāllha! (Put) everything in its own place!

Twe-llah u- implies a threat or promise somewhat equivalent to "so help me, if . . ." or "I promise, if . . ." we-llah u-žiti ma-nderbek. If you come I promise I won't hit you. -we-llah u-ma redditi-li flusi 7 etta ndEik! So help me, if you don't give me back my money, I'll sue you!

u-la same as aw-la Quluf, Qulufat pl. of Qalef Qumam pl. of Qomma Qumana pl. of amin qumara pl. of qamir

₹ummi pl. -yen illiterate n-nesba dyal le-ummiyin f-d-denya kber men le-mtegafin.

The proportion of illiterate people in the world is greater than the educated.

qumur, qumurat pl. of qamr 1 ur used in expr. men l-ur and me-l-lur from behind, from the rear žat me-l-lur

u-teyyz atu fe-l-z afa. She came up from behind and pushed him in the hole.

---fe-s-sinima ma-ka-nšuf-ši me-l-lur. In the movies I can't see (well) from the rear. urubba Europe

urubbawi pl. -yen European

⁹ustad pl. ⁹asatida 1. professor, teacher s-si vunes ?ustad de-t-tarix fe-l-žami&a. Mr. Yunes is a history teacher at the University. 2. used with s.o.'s name to indicate his profession as a lawyer gustad sliman mur ami ha?il. Mr. (lawyer) Sliman is an excellent attorney.

gusul pl. of gasel Qutil, util pl. -at hotel uwwel same as luwwel euxra classicized f. form of eaxor quarin classicized pl. form of quaror užba same as wežba užra same as ižara

w. we- see u

wa conjunction used in certain expr.:

¶ la . . . wa-la neither . . . nor ana la ra?is wa-la mer?us. I'm neither a ruler nor am I ruled.

¶ $wa-iyyah\phi$ (not used in first person) expr. of warning, admonishment wa-iyyak l-kas l-luwwel! Watch out for that first glass (of liquor)! -wa-iyyaha (u-) temši dži lle-hna! She'd better not come here!

¶wa-la (rather) than llahu-mma sivara qdima wa-la bla-š. Better to have an old car than none at all.

waba (m.), waba? disaster, catastrophe, calamity (e.g., epidemic, plague, earthquake) wad pl. widan 1. river, creek, stream, etc. 2. sewer

** nta f-wad w-ana f-wad. We're talking about two different things.

wada@if pl. of wadif. wadifa

wadif, wadifa pl. wada? if position, job, function

wadez pl. -in (comp. wdez) clear (explanation, water, sky, etc.)

wafa? fidelity, faithfulness l-wafa?

ka-itte taber men earsen xisal l-einsan Fidelity is considered as one of the better characteristics of an individual.

wafat (f.) death men bă&d l-wafat dyal bbah, bae d-dar lli xella-lu. After his father's death he sold the house that he (his father) left to him.

wafi pl. wafyen 1. indicates a little more than the amount specified Etani kilu wafi. He gave a kilogram, plus a little more. 2. fat, fatted (animals) 3. abundant, plenty of z-zră za wafi had l- Eam. There's plenty of wheat this year. 4. (too) big, large had l-kebbut lli Etitini wafi Eliya. This jacket you gave me is (too) big for me.

wafeq v.t. 1. to agree with, to go along with (s.o.) 2. to go (well) with, to match (colors, furniture, etc.)

Twafeq Ela I. to agree on (s.th.) 2. to ratify (decision, bill, etc.)

¶ a.p. mwafeq pl. -in 1. reasonable 2. suitable

wafer pl. -in a great deal of, much Eandna mă clumat wafra. We have a great deal of information.

wakala pl. wkavel agency serre at wakalat l-Panba? dyal l-megrib belli l-malik gadi itaabel mea ra?is l-žumhuriva de-fransa. The Moroccan News Agency announced that the king will meet with the president of the French Republic.

wakel a.p. of kla, kal

wala v.t. to be next to škun walak l-barez fe-s-sinima? Who was that next to you yesterday in the theater?

Twala l- to make come or get close to wali-li dak s-senduq! Shove that box over here (where I can see it)!

wa-la-inni same as walayenni

wa-lakin, wa-lakenni but, however

walayenni 1. expr. of amazement, surprise, astonishment walayenni eemtar nezlat had 1-8 am! Man, have we had rain this year! -walayenni nta zrami! Well! Aren't you clever! (not sarcastic) 2. but, however hiya bent žmila, walayenni qsira šwiya mEa l-Pasaf. She's a pretty girl, but unfortunately a little short.

404

waled a.p. of wled

walid f. -a pl. -in, waldin (walidi- or waldibefore pron. endings) parent (mother, father)

walda pl. -t womb, uterus waldin pl. of walid

walef v.t. 1. to get used to, to become accustomed to, to accustom oneself to waleft n-n as f-had l-bit. I've gotten used to sleeping in this room. 2. to familiarize oneself with, to become familiar with

wali f. -ya pl. awliya, ?awliya? 1. guardian (of person under age) 2. (usually in pl.) saint(s)

** ma- Eăndu la-wali wa-la tali. He doesn't have anyone at all (i.e., no family, close friends).

¶ wali d-le-mdina mayor

walima pl. wlayem feast, party, reception (usually with food)

walem v.t. 1. to be convenient to or for (s.o.), to be o.k. with (s.o.), to suit (s.o.) dak l-weqt ma-ka-iwalemni-š. That time isn't convenient for me. 2. to be appropriate, fitting, or proper for (s.th.) 3. to go (well) with, to match (s.o., s.th.)

walu (used with negative ma-) 1. nothing; not . . . anything, a thing ma-qal-li walu. He didn't tell me anything. 2. at all dik d-dwa ma-nef čătni walu. That medicine hasn't done me any good at all.

w-amma same as amma waqa[®]iE pl. of waqiEa waqayeE pl. of waqiEa waqaza audacity waqef a.p. of wqef

waqfiya used in the expr. be-l-waqfiya standing (up), while standing dima ka-yakol be-l-waqfiya. He always eats standing up. waqila 1. maybe, perhaps, possibly 2. probably, most likely

waqi&a pl. waqaye&, waqa@i& 1. unfortunate incident or event 2. disaster, catastrophe

warit pl. warata heir, inheritor

wasita pl. wasayet 1. mediation, intervention 2. mediator, intermediary 3. means, way \$\Pi\$ b-wasitet (cons.) by means of, through,

wase pl. -in 1. wide, broad (road, room, meaning, usage, etc.) 2. vast, spacious

wasi, wasiy pl. Pawsiya guardian (of person under age)

wasiya pl. -t, wasaya will, testament wasta 1. n.pl. of wasti 2. (with art.) Algeria wasti adj. pl. -yen n.pl. wasta Algerian (some slight archaic connotation) waš 1. used to introduce questions answerable in the affirmative or negative waš nta sayem? Are you fasting?—uaš ka-tāčrfha? Do you know her? 2. often correlative of wella la—waš ġad-iži wella la? Is he or is he not coming? 3. whether, if šuf waš žaw wella ma-zal. See if they've

come yet. -ma-Ereft was žahla wella gir

balida. I don't know whether she's ignorant

wata v.t. to go (well) with, to match

or just stupid.

** ma-xessha wa-la wataha tt čăllem l-Eărbiya! She'll never learn Arabic in a million years!

waterni 1. expr. of some surprise at s.th. unsuspected or unexpected waterni nta zrami! Well, you're quite a little devil, aren't you? 2. but, whereas lemma šeft l-xett zsab-li xettu, waterni fe-l-zaqiqa huwa xett bbah. When I saw the handwriting I thought it was his, whereas it's

really his father's. waṭa v.t. to flatten, to level, to even (horizontally only)

watan same as watăn watani same as watăni wataniya 1. nationalism 2. patriotism

watăn 1. nation 2. country

watăni pl. -yen 1. national 2. nationalist, nationalistic 3. patriotic

waxed (Ela) to blame (for), to hold it against (s.o.) (for)

waxed a.p. of xda, xad

waxxa 1. common expr. of agreement, assent bgiti temši m aya le-s-sinima?—waxxa! Do you want to go with me to the movies?—Yes, I do!—qul le-mmi gadi-nži m attel le-d-dar.—waxxa! Tell my mother I'll be late getting home.—O.K.!—waš imken-li nestă mel had le-qlam?—waxxa! Can I use this pencil?—Of course! 2. although, (even) though, (even) if waxxa she mrid m it nestagel. I went to work even though I got up sick.—waxxa tkun ntiya hiya malikat l-žamal, ma-ndzuwwež bik. (Even) if you were the queen of beauty I wouldn't marry you.

wayn (not common Moroccan) same as fayn wayenni same as walayenni

wazara pl. of wzir

wazen v.t. 1. to balance, to put in equilibrium2. to balance (books, accounts)3. to weigh, to consider 4. to compare

wazzan city in Northern Morocco, famous for its olives

wazzani pl. -yen native of wazzan wažeb same as žaweb

wažeb 1. a.p. of wžeb 2. same as wažib wažib pl. -at duty, obligation qum be-l-wažib

dyalek ka-muwațin! Do your duty as a citizen!

¶ be-l-wažib ξ la (to be) incumbent upon, to be one's duty \neq , to be supposed \neq

be-l-wažib Elina nxedmu f-had le-wraq. We're supposed to work with these slips

(of paper).

wazed f. wezda pl. wezdin 1. one šrebt kas wazed dyal atay. I drank one glass of tea.

2. (with art.) one, a person, you (impersonal) ma-kayen fayn idderreg l-wazed. There's no place where one can take shelter.

3. a, an šrit wazed s-siyara fazla tarka. I've bought a terrific car. 4. some, a certain wazed s-siyyed ža ka-isegsi zlik l-barez, mazerftu škun huwa. Some gentleman was asking for you yesterday; I don't know who he was. 5. some, about, around (before numbers) žăndi l-garad d-wazed l-xems mya de-r-ryal. I need about five hundred riyals. 6. same t-tumubil dyalek

we-t-tumubil dyali mesnuEin f-maEmel wazed. Your car and my car were made in the same factory. 7. (invariable) alike, the same le-Eyalat gaE wazed. Women are

all the same.

¶ b-we\tau\dots, b-we\tau\dots \din \text{1.} by oneself, alone wa\dots rekkebti had l-mutur b-we\tau\dots \delta k\cdot\text{2.} Did you put this motor together by yourself? —\dot\dots at be-w\tau\dots \delta ha. She came by herself. 2. the only one $\neq (\dot{g}ir)$ and b-we\tau\dot\delta lli \dot\dots it. I was the only one that came.

¶ ši-wazed pl. ši-wezdin somebody, someone (pl. some, some people) had š-ši ma-ka-yā&žeb-š l-ši-wezdin. Some people don't like this.

¶ wez du^{ϕ} , wez dih^{ϕ} same as b-wez du^{ϕ} , b-wez dih^{ϕ}

Tzetta wazed (f. zetta wezda) nobody, no one; not . . . anyone zetta wazed ma-ka-ibġini. Nobody likes me. —Eămmri ma-qtelt zetta wazed. I've never killed anyone. —škun lli mša ištaġel

nhar l-?idrab?—cetta wazed. Who went to work on the day of the strike?—Nobody. wazed v.t. to promise, to vow to (s.o.)

wa Eedtini baš tešri-li tumubil. You promised me you'd buy me a car.

wa Eed v.t. 1. to exhort, to admonish 2. to advise, to counsel

wazer pl. -in (comp. wzar) 1. hard, difficult
2. hard, strict, severe (person) 3. violent, strong (blow, hit, storm) 4. dangerous, perilous (e.g., mountain, region full of bandits) 5. serious, grave (illness)

webbex (Ela) to scold (for), to reprimand (for)

wber 1. camel hair 2. cloth made from camel hair

wdaya pl. of wdiyi

wedd b- (v.n. weddan) to give (s.th.) to (s.o.), to make a present of (s.th.) to (s.o.)

E vit ma-nweddek b-le-flus. s-sla E ăl n-nhi!

Yit ma-nweddek b-le-flus, s-sla Eăl n-nbi!

Damn it! I'm tired of giving you money!

¶ a weddi 1. introductory expr. referring to the listener (sometimes translatable with "by the way," "incidentally") —a weddi, waš xditi le-ktab lli xellit-lek hna l-barez wella la? By the way, did you get the book I left here for you yesterday? 2. term of address equivalent to "chum" or "pal" a-weddi aži tqesser m ana šwiya fe-l-lil. Say, pal, come visit us a little while tonight. —a-weddi !lah yehdik hennina šwiya u-baraka men s-sda E. Hey, chum, give us a

u-baraka men s-saaz. Hey, chum, give us a little peace and stop the noise, please.

* Ela wedd 1. because 2. because of, on account of, in view of 3. for the sake of 4. concerning, about, on

wedda 1. v.t. to fulfill, to carry out (duty, obligation) 2. v.i. to pay for one's sin(s) or crime(s) (by imprisonment, mental suffering, etc.) 3. v.t. to suffer, to go through (difficulties, hard times, etc.)

wedden same as dden

weddă E v.t. to say good-by to, to bid farewell

wdina pl. -t dim. of wden

wdiyi pl. wdaya member of the Wdaya tribe wden, pl. wednin, (wedni- before pron. endings) 1. ear (anatomy) 2. handle (cup, etc.)

wedza suint

wdå En.u. -a 1. shell of a warm water gastropod mollusk (cowrie) with a smooth, highly polished surface 2. porcelain, china

weddef v.t. to employ, to hire (for whitecollar job)

wedder v.t. 1. to lose, to misplace, to mislay
2. to get (s.o.) lost 3. to lead astray

wedder v.t. 1. to make clear, to clear up (water, etc.) 2. to explain, to clarify

wdu obligatory ritual ablutions performed by Muslims before prayer

wduz clarity, lucidity (of thought, words)
le-wduz sifa daruriya l-l-kottab. Clarity
(of thought) is a necessary quality for
writers.

wdez comp. of wadez

wfa (v.n. wafa?) 1. v.i. to end, to terminate, to expire l-žawaz dyali ? ažalu qrib iwfa. My passport is about to expire. 2. v.t. to pass, to exceed š\[al m\] ina de-t-!riq? wfina xemsin kilumiter. How far have we come? We've passed fifty kilometers. —\[\] \[\] a!

de-l-flus xserna? wfina myatayn dular. How much money have we spent? We've exceeded two hundred dollars.

¶ wfa b- to remain faithful to (s.th.) wfa be-klemtu. He kept his word.

wfa v.n. of weffa ** t-tula u-le-wfa refers to the fact that someone is tall and well built; usually used alone dzuwużat rażel gani w-zin we-t-tula u-le-wfa. She married a man who is rich and handsome, tall and well built.

– Eagila žmila, kollhom fihom t-tula u-le-wfa. They're a handsome family, all tall and well built.

weffa f- to give (sell) in full measure, plus a little extra at no extra charge weffa m? ava fc-l-letšin. He gave me the oranges I paid for, plus a little more.

weffeq v.t. to help, to favor (God only subject)

¶ weffeq bin to conciliate between

weffer v.t. 1. to save, to put aside (money, etc.) 2. to economize on, to use sparingly or economically 3. to provide with, to give mrati ka-tweffer-li s-sa Eada. My wife gives me happiness.

wegged v.t. 1. to wake up, to revive, to bring to (through some physical aid, as water in the face) 2. to remind weggedtu be-lli 1-Eers gad-ikun nhar s-sebt. I reminded him that the wedding was going to be on Saturday.

¶ wegged rasuth (m €a) 1. to be alert (to), to pay attention (to) 2. to be careful (of), to watch out (for)

waid same as waid

weggel v.t. to get (s.th., s.o.) stuck (e.g., s.o. in mud, a knife in a tree; also metaphorical)

wehheb v.t. to give (a gift), to present l-r ukuma wehhbat melyun frenk l-le-xriya.

The government presented a million francs to the orphanage.

wehli used to emphasize one's feeling that s.th. has occurred a relatively long time ago, or has been going on for some time wehli, šzal hadi baš mat! But he's been dead for quite a while now!

whem pl. wham, ? awham premonition, presentiment, foreboding dima ka-ikun biya (fiva) le-whem qbel ma-tewqă & ši-zaža. I always have a foreboding before some-

thing happens.

¶ ξ ăndu ϕ whem 1. to be afraid, to be apprehensive, to be worried & andu whem kbir belli Eămmru ma-gad-inžez f-zetta zaža. He's terribly afraid that he'll never succeed in anything. 2. to have a delusion, illusory idea or ambition kan Eăndha le-whem belli gadya tkun ši-nhar mumettila. She had the (illusory) idea that

she would be an actress some day.

widan pl. of wad

wifaq 1. understanding, rapport 2. agreement

wik, wik kind of woman's scream or squeal (uttered in various emotional situations) wil 1. woe, grief (rare usage) 2. s.th. (or

s.o.) unpleasant, repulsive, messed up, etc. ** a wili! Oh, woe is me! I've had it

win same as fayn

wisam pl. ? awsima decoration, medal wkil, wakil pl. wkayel, wukala?, weklan

1. agent 2. lawyer, defender

¶ wakil d-dewla prosecuting attorney wekkal adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a big eater, one who eats a lot

wekked same as ? ekked

wekkel v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) eat (s.th.), to feed (s.th.) to (s.o.) ka-nwekklu d-dra l-le-bhayem (or le-bhayem) dyalna kollhom. We feed corn to all our animals. -ka-nwekklu-lhom (or ka-nwekkluhom) d-dra. We feed them corn.

** had l-xedma ma-&ămmerha ma-gad-twekkel l-xobz. This job will never provide enough to eat.

sa to beat (s.o.), to عا الله wekkel (s.o.) give a beating to (s.o. as punishment) 2. to hire or employ as an agent or manager (i.e., wakil)

wekkez v.t. 1. to dry out (said of things depending on water to live or be useful, e.g., soil, food in the process of cooking) 2. to cause (s.o.) to become dehydrated (by depriving him of water)

wker pl. wkar nest

wkez v.i. to dry up, to go dry, to evaporate l-wad lli fe-ş-şez ra wkăz. The river in the desert dried up. —l-ma wkaz men l-kas de-l-werd u-l-werdat matu. The water in the vase of roses evaporated and the roses died. -hdert zetta wkazt. I talked until I went dry. -nsit l-meqraž fug l-Eafya zetta wkaz. I forgot the kettle on the fire and it boiled dry. -zid šwiya de-l-ma fe-t-tažin, rah wkaz. Add a little water to the casserole, it's gone dry.

wekta 1. n.i. of wket 2. dryness (soil, body) ¶ bih ϕ l-weka to be very thirsty \neq

wla worthier, more deserving huwa wla men l-axor. He is worthier than the other (man).

T wla l- better for (s.o.), preferable for (s.o.) had l-medrasa wla-lek men hadik. This school is better for you than that one.

wlad pl. of weld wlada v.r. of wled

wlases pl. of welsis

wlaya saintliness iwa hadi wlaya! That's real saintliness!

wlayem pl. of walima wlaži pl. of welža wla & a v.n. of wella &

wled v.i. and v.t. I. to have a baby, to give birth, to bear dik s-sivyda weldat t-twam. That woman gave birth to twins. -l-begra weldat Ežel byed. The cow had a white calf. 2. to bear, to produce l-werda weldat bezzaf de-l-werd had l-Eam. The rosebush bore a lot of roses this year. —had

t-teffaza ma-weldat teffaz had l-Eam. This apple tree didn't produce any apples this year.

¶ a.p. waled pl. -in having children or a family huwa mzuwwež u-waled. He's married and has a family.

weld pl. wlad 1. boy 2. young animal (especially those that may be personified) 3. (pl. and dim. pl. wlidat) family (often only the wife)

¶ wlad sidi z mad u-musa group of Berber gymnasts or acrobats (deriving from mad u-musa, famous acrobat)

¶ weld le-klab son-of-a-bitch (similar to "son-of-a-gun" with friends)

¶ weld le-zram bastard

Tweld n-nas well-bred, well-brought up boy (of good family)

I weld s-suq gamin, street urchin welda pl. -t, wladat 1. n.i. of wled 2. birth welf v.n. of wellef and walef

Trebba l-welf Ela to become used or attached to

welha attention, application

** ma-Eăndu welha. He's a little odd,

¶ redd l-welha l- to pay attention to ¶redd l-welha Ela to watch over, to take

wlidat pl. of wliyyed, dim. of weld

wliya pl. -t woman (usually implying some weakness or helplessness because of her sex, or because of real poverty or physical disability) Eawen had le-wliya ttla E

le-t-tubis. Help this (poor) woman get on the bus. —le-mṛa gir wliya kif-emma kanet. A female is only a (poor feeble) woman, whatever she is.

wlivved pl. wlidat dim. of weld wliža pl. -t dim. of welža

wella v.i. 1. to return (go back, come back) 2. to become s-si muzămmed wella Eamil de-ṛ-ṛbat š-šher lli fat. Mohammed became mayor of Rabat last month. 3. to end up wella ka-yezki ši-xrafa. He ended up by telling a story. 4. to finally (do s.th.), to finally get around to (doing s.th) wellina ka-nxedmu. We finally got around to working. 5. v.t. to make, to appoint wellawni mudir čăl š-šarika. They made me manager of the company.

** fayn bgiti twelli u-kan? What the hell are you trying to do, anyway?

¶ wella Ela reyyu\(\psi\) to change one's mind wella or, or else bga idres imma t-tibb wella s-seydala. He wants to study either medicine or pharmacy. —waš ka-tă Erefha wella la? Do you know her, or not? (does not necessarily imply the impatience usually felt in the English)

wellad pl. -in 1. fruitful, prolific (person, plant, etc.) 2. fertile, fecund (person, plant, earth)

wellay pl. -in ag. adi. of wella 1 wel-l-bare, wel-l-barz ayn see barez

welled v.t. 1. to cause (a female) to bear (young) (relatively rare in this double object usage) 2. to fertilize, to fecundate (woman, plant, animal) 3. to generate, to produce, to put out (e.g. a battery current, engine horsepower) 4. to create, to produce (ideas, happiness, etc.)

wellef v.t. 1. to become accustomed or used to (s.o., s.th.) 2. to help (s.o.) become accustomed to (s.th.), to familiarize (s.o.) with (s.th.), to acquaint (s.o.) with (s.th.) wellefnah sugan t-tumubil. We helped him get accustomed to driving a car.

welsis pl. wlases glandular swelling, swollen gland (e.g., bubo, adenoma)

welwel v.i. to howl or ululate (women on certain, usually joyous, occasions)

welža pl. -t, wlaži rich, alluvial plain, situated in a valley

wel Ea pl. wla Ei passion, special fondness Eăndhom l-wel Ea de-l-musiqa. They have a passion for music.

wnis pl. wnayes companion, friend we-n-names day before yesterday (country usage)

wennes v.t. to keep (s.o.) company

wqaqef pl. of wegqafa wgar same as wger

wgat pl. of wegt

wqef v.i. 1. to stand up, to rise t-tlamed kollhom wegfu lemma dxel l-mudir l-l-qism. The pupils all stood up when the principal entered the classroom. 2. to stop, to halt wgef temm! Stop right there! -s-siyara wegfat. The car stopped.

Twgef Ela 1. to take care of (s.th.), to attend to (s.th.) wqef Eal Eers xtu. He took care of his sister's wedding. 2. to watch over, to oversee wqef Eal l-katiba zetta teb at r-rasaeil, Ead xellaha temši. He watched over the typist until she typed the letters, and only then let her go. 3. to need weqfat Eal s-si yunes i Eawenha. She needs Mr. Yunes to help her. 4. to find out (the truth about something) mufettis

š-šorta wgef Ela ragigat l-gatel. The police inspector found out the truth about

the murderer.

weyju

Navgef mEa to help, to aid mmu wegfat mEah bas qder isri d-dar. His mother helped him so that he could buy the house.

¶ a.p. waqef exactly, on the dot weslet le-d-dar fe-t-tmenya waqfa. She arrived home at exactly eight o-clock.

wegfa 1. n.i. of wqef 2. height (of person)
had š-šeržem Elad qedd l-weqfa dyali.
This window is as high as I am.

Tweeffa de-d-dhur, weeffa de-s-sla the noon prayer (also the time of the prayer)

¶žmă & l-weqfa to stand up, to get up wqid n.u. -a pl. -t match tiyy u s-senduq d-le-wqid fe-l-ma. They dropped the box of matches in the water.

wqita pl. -t moment, instant ila Eăndek ši-wqita daba, aži nehder meak. If you have a moment now, come let me talk to you.

wqiya du. wqiytayn pl. -t, aweq measure of weight equal to 18 of a kilo, 62.5 grams wqi v.n. of wqa v

weqqaf 1. pl. -in capable or used to standing for long periods of time 2. pl. -a foreman, supervisor

weqqafa pl. -t, wqaqef one of the vertical supports on either side of a loom

weggef v.t. 1. to stand up or upright (chair, book, person, etc.) 2. to stop, to halt 3. to park (car, etc.) 4. to immobilize, to make immovable 5. to repress, to quell 6. to suspend (i.e., debar s.o., make s.th. temporarily inoperative, etc.) 7. to baste, to stitch temporarily

wegqer v.t. to respect, to have respect for (s.o.)

weqqă & v.t. to sign (either name or document)

wger respect Etini šwiya d-le-wger! Show a little respect for me! bda ka-yeEtiha le-wger men n-nhar lli txasmu. He began to respect her from the day when they quarreled.

quariered.

weqt pl. (of intensity) wqat time (includes epoch, era, etc.) fe-l-weqt lli kont

f g g mining of S illement at hellow to be included.

person, i.m., etaly je wegin kom f-?amirika tčällemt ntkellem b-l-ingliza. During the time I was in America I learned to speak English. —šzal de-l-wegt

ka-ittelleb le-bni dyal had d-dar? How much time does building this house require?—ka-iqdi weqtu kollu f-lacb l-karta. He spends all his time playing cards.

** ma-Eăndu weqt. He has no sense of time.

¶ bla weqt 1. without any time schedule, at any odd time 2. (too much) ahead of time, (too) early wselna bla weqt. We arrived too early. 3. at an inopportune or bad time

¶ daz l-wegt to get late

¶ f-had l-weqt at the present time, right now, at the moment

¶ fe-l-weqt on time dima ka-nxeržu fe-l-weqt. We always leave on time.

¶ f-weqt, fe-l-weqt d- during f-weqt t-temtil ši-zădd taz men t-tebqa l-luwla. During the play someone fell from the first balcony.

¶qtel l-weqt to kill time, to pass the tîme ¶weqt-aš when, at what time

¶ weqt lli, weqt-emma whenever, anytime (that)

weqti pl. -yen 1. in style, vogue, fashion

2. time-conscious, having a good sense of time

wguf 1. v.n. of wqef 2. stop dur Eal l-imin u-telqa mazall wquf t-tubis. Turn to the right and you'll find the bus stop. 3. pause, break, recess fe-l-maemel saeat le-wquf kanet ma bin l-wezda we-z-zuz. In the factory, break time was between one and two o'clock. 4. parking xellaw mazall wquf s-siyarat wra s-suq. They left a parking place for cars behind the market.

wque v.n. of wqāe wqāe v.i. 1. to happen, to occur, to take place weqeat-lu zadita fe-r-rbat. He had an accident in Rabat. 2. to fall down wqāe Ela zāžra u-ttherrsat-lu senntu. He fell on a rock and broke his tooth.

wfa same as mmur, mmura

wrani (lurani after art.) pl. -yen back, rear £tawna mazăll fe-s-şeff l-lurani. They gave us a place in the back row.

wraq pl. of werqa

wred v.i. to drink (animal) ddi le-bger iwerdu fe-l-Ein. Take the cattle to the spring to drink.

werd n.u. -a 1. rose 2. rosebush

** xeddha werda. She has rosy cheeks.
werdi pl. -yen rose, rose-colored (may approach bright red)
wrida pl. -t dim. of werda

wriqa pl. -t dim. of werqa werk, werk pl. wrak, wrak hip

wrem to swell (up), to be swollen derratni d-dersa zetta wrem-li l-zănk. My tooth hurt me so much that my cheek swelled up. werga pl. -t, wraq 1. leaf (tree, book)

2. (sheet of) paper 3. card (generic term)
4. bill (currency) 5. ticket (admission, travel) 6. record, disc (phonograph)

7. kind of thin crust used in making various pastries and meat pies, e.g., bestila

¶qtă l-werqa to buy or get a ticket werra v.t. 1. to show werrini kif-aš ka-tzoll had l-leġz! Show me how to solve this puzzle! —werrini ši-zaža x̄ra! Show me something else! 2. to point (s.th.) out to (s.o.), to indicate (s.th.) to (s.o.)

** leh la-iwerrik bas! I hope you get better. May God maintain your health! werred v.t. to water (animals)

werrek v.i. (\$\int lan \text{1.} to lean or support oneself (on, against) 2. to press or exert pressure (on) 3. to put one's weight (on, against) 4. to lie down (on)

werret v.t. to cause, to produce l-garru
werret-lu s-saratan. Cigarettes have produced cancer in him.

** mă Erifat s-su? ka-twerret le-bla. He who associates with evil, evil becomes.

wret, wret v.t. (p.p. murut) to inherit
ma-wret men bhah gir le-gdayed. He inherited nothing from his father but gnawing worries.

wert 1. inheritance taz-lu wert kbir. He's come into a large inheritance. 2. heritage 3. heredity

wsada pl. -t, wsayed cushion, pillow

wsise pl. -in dim. of wase wseq v.t. (v.n. wesq) 1. to load (s.th. onto or into s.th.) 2. to export

wesq v.n. of wseq

wessaq pl. -a 1. ag. n. of wseq 2. stevedore wessed (Ela) 1. v.i. to lay or lean one's head (on s.th., as a pillow) 2. v.t. to lay, to lean (s.o.'s head on s.th. used as a pillow) wessed-lha rasha Eal le-mxedda! Lay her head on the pillow!

quesset v.t. 1. to put or place (s.th.) in the middle or center 2. to choose or appoint as mediator or intermediary

wessex v.t. 1. to dirty, to soil, to get (s.th.) dirty 2. to soil, to smirch (reputation, honor)

wessă E v.t. to enlarge, to broaden, to widen (room, road, knowledge)

Twessa men to get away from, to avoid (s.o., s.th.)

"I wessa" xatru 1. to get a hold of oneself (usually in one's sadness or grief) 2. to take it easy, to try not to get excited

¶ wessă Ela to help (s.o.) out, to offer aid to

weswas 1. suspicious distrust 2. haunting obsession

If $ih\phi$ l-weswas 1. to be suspiciously distrustful \neq 2. to be obsessed or haunted by s.th. \neq

¶ mṛiḍ be-l-weswas same as fi h^ϕ

l-weswas

weswes v.t. 1. to cause to be suspiciously distrustful, to give reason to be suspiciously distrustful to (s.o. or s.o.'s mind) 2. to influence (s.o.) to do bad or improper things, to corrupt

¶p.p. mweswes pl. -in haunted wsex pl. wsax, wsuxat 1. dirt, filth gsel

wežhek men le-wsex. Wash the dirt off your face. 2. draft (of a letter, speech, etc.)

f-le-mtiz an, ma-kan Eăndu weqt baš inqol lli kteb u-Eta le-wsex mEa wreqtu. In the examination he didn't have time to recopy what he had written so he handed in the draft with his paper.

¶wsex d-denya property, worldly goods, material possessions l-mal gir wsex d-denya. Money is only a material possession. —Eăndu ktir men wsex d-denya. He's filthy rich.

wes \(\xi a \) pl. -t clear, open space or area (e.g. a field)

wsaf pl. of wesf wsali pl. of wesla

209

wsaya pl. -t n.i. of wessa

wsayef pl. of wsifa

wesf pl. *awsaf 1. description 2. characteristic trait, distinctive characteristic

wsiya pl. -t n.i. of wessa

wsel v.i. to arrive l-yum wselt m čățtel

l-l-xedma. I arrived late to work today.

-wiel le-n-natiža lli bġa. He arrived at the result he wanted.

wesla pl. -t, wsali 1. n.i. of wsel 2. arrival 3. board used for carrying bread to and from the ovens

wessa v.t. 1. to advise, to counsel 2. to order, to command, to tell (s.o.)

¶ wessa Ela to order (s.th.) from (s.o.) ≠, to put an order in for (s.th.) from (s.o.) ≠ wessit šarikat furd Ela siyara ždida l-l-Eam l-maži. I've ordered a new car from Ford for next year.

wessel 1. v.t. to take wessel-lha had le-bra!

Take this letter to her!—wesselthom
l-baret fe-l-lil le-d-dar be-t-tumubil dyali.
I took them home last night in my car.
2. same as wsel

west middle, center

Twest d-day kind of central court or patio of a (Moroccan) house

westani pl. -yen (adj.) middle, center, in the middle

westi pl. -in 1. same as westani 2. pl. also wsata room between the hot and cold rooms of the public bath, having a medium temperature 3. pl. wsata caftan (worn between other garments)

wsul v.n. of wsel

wšam v.n. of wšem

wešk used in the expr. Ela wešk (to be) about to Ela wešk nsaliw. We're about to finish. wšem v.t. (p.p. mušum) to tattoo wšem yeddih u-sedru. He tattooed his hands and his chest.—sazbu mšem-lu yeddih u-sedru. His friend tatooed his hands and chest for him.—wšem nuwwara fuq draEu. He tattooed

210

a flower on his arm. —wšem-lu sazbu. His friend tattooed him.

wešma pl. -t 1. n.i. of wšem 2. tattoo (skin) weššam pl. -a tattooer

wešweš v.t. and v.i. to whisper, to speak in a low voice or whisper

wted pl. wtad peg or small stick, usually pointed (as a tent peg)

wier extra prayer, said after the &ša (last prayer of the day)

wetra n.u. of wtar

wetra pl. -t string of a stringed musical instrument

wetted v.t. 1. to drive into the ground (pegs, stakes, etc.) 2. to drive into the ground the pegs or stakes of (tent)

wetter v.t. to stretch or pull tight, to make taut (strings, rope, etc.)

wetteš v.t. to make kneel (camel)

wta n.u. wetya pl. -t prairie, plain, flatland wetya pl. -t flat, level spot or area

wužud presence, existence wužud n-nas

fe-d-dar ka-iž čălni nkun dayman ferzana. The presence of people in the house always makes me happy. —wužud bezzaf

de-l-mužrimin f-le-mdun le-kbira xaṭaṛ Łăl s-sokkan. The presence of many criminals in the large cities is a danger for the inhabitants.

¶ b-wužud by the grace of, with the help of, thanks to jir b-wužud !!ah baš xeržat men l-Zadita be-s-salam. It was just by the grace of God that she came out of the accident safely. —b-wužud s-si muZāmmed Zesseļt Čāl l-žawaz dyali. Thanks to Mohammed, I got my passport.

wxid v.n. of xda

wxem humidity, moisture, dampness

wexxer 1. v.t. to delay, to make late(r) (train, etc.) 2. v.t. to delay, to postpone 3. v.t. to back up, to make go back, to move back wexxer s-siyara šwiya! Back the car up a little! 4. v.i. to back up, to move back 5. v.t. to keep or save until last

wzir, wazir pl. wazara, wzara 1. minister (government) s-si gdira wella wzir l-xariziya. Mr. Gdira became the Minister of Foreign Affairs. 2. groomsman, attendant

of the groom at a wedding

wzi a pl. -t n.i. of wezză E

wzen v.i., v.t. (v.n. wzin, wzen, p.p. muzun)
1. to weigh wzen-li ši-kilu d-le-bţaţa.
Weigh me a kilo of potatoes. —ana

ka-newzen kter mennek. I weigh more than you do. 2. to measure, to regulate wzen klamek! Watch what you say! (Measure your words!)

wzen v.n. of wzen wezna pl. -t n.i. of wzen wezz n.u. -a goose wezzan pl. -a weigher, one who weighs wezza pl. -a ag. n. of wezza e

wezză v.t. 1. to distribute; to send, hand, or dole out l-mu căllim wezză ktub căl t-tlamed l-barez. The teacher distributed books to the pupils yesterday. —wezză ramwalu cla zbabu qbel-ma imut b-cam. He distributed his possessions among the members of his family one year before he died. 2. to buy and divide up (an animal for meat; done by a group of people)

 $w\check{z}ab$ pl. -at same as $\check{z}wab$

wžeb Elihφ to have to, to be necessary to, to be obliged to ≠ ka-iwžeb Elik texdem m Eaya. You have to work with me.

-šzal wžeb Eliya nă Lihom? How much should I pay them?

wežba pl. -t 1. (proper) occasion, time,

(more) opportune moment (used mostly in expr. žabtuφ l-wežba) 2. meal, dinner ¶žabtuφ l-wežba to come or show up at an opportune moment, just in time ≠

wžed 1. to be ready, to get ready had sa tayn w-ana ka-ntsennah u-baqi ma-wžed. I've been waiting for him for two hours and he's still not ready. 2. to find wžedti le-ktab lli mša-lek? Did you find the book you lost?—ila wžedtiha qol-lha t tayyet-li. If you find her, tell her to call me.

wežda city of Northeast Morocco

weždi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. wžada native to wežda

wžeh pl. wžuh 1. face, visage wžehha Elih n-nur. She has a radiant face. 2. mien, look wežhek ṣafi l-yum. You look well today.

3. front (of a book, box, coin, etc.) 4. right side (as opposed to back or wrong side of cloth, paper, etc.) wžeh had t-tub Treš. The right side of this cloth is rough.

5. vamp (of shoe) wžeh sebbatu melf u-le-gdem želd. The vamp of his shoe is felt and the heel is leather.

¶ b-wežhu¢ oneself, in person r-ra?is ddaxel f-dik l-qadiya b-wežhu. The president himself intervened in that matter.

¶ della wežhu ϕ to pout, to sulk mnin ma- ξ tatu-š \widehat{m} mu le-flus \dot{g} deb u-della wežhu ξ liha. When his mother didn't give him the money, he got mad and pouted.

¶ ma-Eăndu[©] wžeh baš . . . to be ashamed to . . . ma-Eăndu wžeh baš itlaqa biya Ela wedd baqi ka-nsalu ši-flus. He's ashamed to meet me because he still owes me some money.

 \P wežhu ϕ mqezder to be brazen, to be cheeky

¶ Zămmer le-wžeh to make (s.o.) proud Zămmer-li wežhi b-nažazu fe-d-dirasa. He made me proud (of him) by his success in his studies. — Zămmer le-wžeh de-mratu be-l-xitab lli Emel. He made his wife proud (of him) by the speech he made.

¶ Eănduø wežhayn to be two-faced

I Ela wžeh for the sake of, because of samer tu Ela wežhek. I forgave him for your sake.

wežhiyat (f.) favoritism, partiality

Temel (or dar) l-wežhivat to show favoritism (object not expressed)

wžuh pl. of wžeh

wežžeb v.t. to force, to make wežžbuni baš nxelles le-flus. They made me pay the money.

¶ wežžeb Ela same as wežžeb above wežžed v.t. to prepare, to get ready (lesson, dinner, etc.)

wežžeh l- 1. to face or make (s.th.) face (toward) 2. to direct (e.g. discourse) to

3. to aim at, to point at or toward

wžă v.t. (v.n. wžă) to hurt, to have (a) pain, to ache rasi ka-iwžă Eni. My head hurts. -dert r-riyada l-barez u-sebzet dati kollha ka-tewžă Eni. Yesterday I did calisthenics and today my body aches all over.

wžă n.i. wež a pl. -t 1. v.n. of wžă ? 2. labor pains fiha le-wžăE, griba tewled. She's having labor pains, she's about to give birth.

¶ fihφ le-wžăξ to have a stomachache wežča pl. -t n.i. of wžăč

wzam state or condition of a pregnant woman during the 2d, 3d or 4th month when she may feel unusual cravings, especially for food kan bagi fiha le-we am melli weslat mmaha me-l-megrib. She was still in the early stages of her pregnancy when her mother arrived from Morocco.

we avel pl. of wee la

wezd, b-wezd pl. -in see wazed

wezda f. of wazed

wer dani pl. -yen 1. solitary, living all alone 2. isolated, solitary

wezdaniya 1. unity, singleness (of God) 2. solitude, state of being alone

werdin pl. of wared

wzized 1. dim. of wazed 2. just one, only one Etini gir qlam wzized. Just give me one pencil.

wzel v.i. 1. to be entangled, to get tangled up wezlat l-mešta f-šă zu. The comb got tangled in his hair. 2. to get caught, to get stuck we el l-xatem f-seb & u. The ring got stuck on his finger. 3. to be (caught) in an embarrassing or difficult situation xerržu mul d-dar zit ma-xelles-š le-kra, u-wzel meskin ma-Eref layn imši. The landlord threw him out because he didn't pay the rent, and the poor guy was in a bad situation (because) he didn't know where to go.

wezla pl. -t, wzayel 1. n.i. of wzel 2. delicate or touchy situation, bind 3. difficulty, prob-

wezš 1. longing, yearning, nostalgia 2. pl. wzuš (ferocious) wild animal, beast 3. pl. w uš animal, brute (person)

¶ faq l-wezš Ela to long, to yearn ≠ faq Elihom l-wezš dyal wladhom. They long to see their children.

wezši pl. -yen 1. wild (animal, person, plant, etc.) 2. bestial, brutish

wzuš pl. of wazš

wezzed v.t. to unite, to unify

wezzel v.t. 1. to get (s.th.) stuck (e.g., in the mud) 2. to put into an embarrassing or difficult situation

I we zel rasu ϕ (f-) to get or become involved or mixed up (in)

wear (v.n. weara) to become difficult, hard weara v.n. of wear

wăEd pl. wEud 1. v.n. of wEăd, waEed 2. promise, vow

** a wa Edi! Oh, no! Oh, my God! (said upon seeing or hearing of some terrible event or thing); What's all this! What the hell's going on here! (said on coming upon some unusual or shocking situation)

** l-wae d din. Promises are debts.

¶ xalef wă € du\$ to break one's promise or word

wEi pus

wă ¿ žar v.t. 1. to make (more) difficult or hard 2. to make or cause to be difficult to deal with (e.g. training a dog to be rough on strangers)

wă ¿ ¿ ăṛ v.t. 1. to get (s.th.) stuck or bogged down 2. to get (s.o.) involved or mixed up

(in s.th.)

X

xa (m.) same as xu

xab ixib v.i. used in certain expr.: xab ? amali fih, or xab denni fih. I'm disappointed in him. -ma-txib-š. It's not bad. It's all right. xaburi pl. -yen 1. light yellow (adj.) 2. pale siftu xaburi. His face looks pale.

xabya pl. xwabi large clay jar (usually for storing food; often glazed)

xad yaxod same as xda

xadir (with art.) Elijah the prophet xadem (f.) pl. xdem (dim. xwidma, xwidem) negro woman servant

313

xaf ixaf v.i. to be afraid, to be scared ka-txaf men le-breq. She's afraid of lightning.

¶ xaf Ela to be afraid for, to worry about ma-txaf-š Ela weldek, rah ma-ši b-wezdu. Don't worry about your boy-He isn't alone. xal 1. pl. xwal maternal uncle 2. pl. xilan beauty spot, nevus, mole

¶ weld (or bent) $xalu^{\phi}$ (one's) cousin xala pl. -t maternal aunt (see xal)

xalal (no pl.) disorder, derangement, something wrong Eăndu ši-xalal f-Eăqlu. He has some disorder of the mind. -had l-magana fiha ši-xalal. There's something

wrong with this watch. xaled pl. -in immortal llah xaled. God is immortal.

xalef v.t. 1. to cross (s.th. with s.th. else) ka-iqul-li Eăgli ila xalefti duk s-syufa z sen (or dak s-sif m a l-axor zsen). I think it would be better if you crossed the swords. (as for a wall ornament) 2. to exchange the places of, to change around xalefhom! Change them around! 3. to be contrary, to go against Elaš ka-txalef klami? Why are you going against what I told you? 4. to contradict ma-txalef-s klami!, or ma-txalefni-š f-le-klam dyali! Don't contradict what I say! 5. to disobey ma-txalef-s *awamiri! Don't you disobey my orders! 6. to break, to infringe upon lli ka-ixalef l-ganun ka-imši l-l-z abs. Whoever breaks the law goes to jail 7. to break, to not keep xalef wă Edu. He broke his word.

** xalef yeddu mea yeddha. He put his arm in hers.

xalifa pl. xulafa 1. caliph, successor of Mohammed 2. same as xlifa

xaleq (with art.) Creator, God

xales flour (specifically the fine as separated from the coarse)

xalet v.t. to keep company with, to associate with dik l-bent ka-txalet wazed s-selgut. That girl is keeping company with a real

xaluța 1. mess, muddle 2. conglomeration, mixture šnu had l-xaluța! What's this conglomeration (of food, etc.)!

xamiya pl. xwami curtain, drape (window, door)

xames pl. -in (adj.) fifth

xamež a.p. of xmež

xan ixun v.t. (v.n. xiyana) 1. to betray lli ka-ixun bladu ka-ittez kem Elih

be-l-?iEdam. He who betrays his country is sentenced to capital punishment. 2. to be unfaithful to telleq mratu Ela wedd xantu. He divorced his wife because she was unfaithful to him.

xareq a.p. of xreq

xarež a.p. of xrež

xarız outside (of) had ş-şda Elli ka-nesmă xarıž d-dar. The noise I hear is outside the house.

¶ fe-l-xarĭž abroad, overseas

xariži 1. pl. -yen off-campus (i.e., not boarding at the school, primary school) 2. pl. xwarež heretic

xasiya pl. -t characteristic, peculiarity

xasem v.t. 1. to have a quarrel or falling out with 2. to cause to quarrel huwa lli xasemni m ak. He's the one that caused me to quarrel with you.

¶xasem Ela to scold, to reprimand xass a.p. of xess

xatima pl. -t 1. conclusion, inference xatimat l-qewl dyali huwa ražel mezyan. The conclusion drawn from what I've said is that he's a good man. 2. end, conclusion

fe-l-xatima de-l-gessa rižal š-šorta lgaw l-qebd čăl l-mužrim. At the end of the story the police caught the criminal. 3. closing prayer (said after a reading from the Koran)

xatem pl. xwatem (finger-) ring

xater a.p. of xter

xata? pl. ? exta? error, mistake

xatar danger, risk ila bijiti te arred nefsek l-l-xatar, sug b-sor & a kbira. If you want to expose yourself to danger, drive at excessive speed.

** ka-ddenn gadi terbez ?-fe-l-xatar. Do you think you'll win?—I might.

¶ fih^{ϕ} l-xatar to be dangerous, risky \neq xateb v.t. to address, to direct oneself to (in speaking)

xațer b- (v.n. mxatra) to risk, to take risks with lli ka-il Eab le-qmer ka-ixater be-flusu. Whoever gambles is risking his money.

¶ xater b-rasu ϕ to expose oneself to danger

xater pl. xwater used in various expr.

** aš-baa l-xater? or aš-ža Ela xatrek? What would you like? What can I do for you? -b-xatrek! As you wish! Suit yourself! -dir-lu xatru! Let him have his own way! -lli ža Ela xatrek. (Do) Whatever you want (i.e., it makes no difference to me). -wessa & xatrek! Take it easy! Calm down! (as from anger) -xatru diyyeq. He's the irritable type; he's always in a bad mood. —xellih Ela xatru! Let him go ahead and have his own way! - Etini xatrek! Now, simmer down and listen to me!

¶ bqa f-xatru ϕ 1. to regret, to be sorry (for not doing s.th.) $\neq bqa f$ -xatri ma-mšit-š l-dik l-muzadara. I'm sorry I didn't go to that lecture. 2. to offend, to hurt (feelings) ≠ bqa f-xatri dak le-klam lli qal-li. What he told me hurt me (deeply).

¶ b-xater, be-l-xater willingly, of one's
own accord zăbbitek dži b-xater. I want

you to come of your own accord.

¶ diyyeq l-xater l- to irk, to give a pain in the neck to ka-idiyyeq-li xatri. He gives me a pain in the neck.

Twessa & xater 1. to console sir wessa & xater xtek. Go console your sister. 2. to en-

courage, to give hope to (s.o.)

¶xda b-xater, or xda be-l-xater to treat with tact or diplomacy, to be tactful or diplomatic with xud b-xaterha! or xudha be-l-xater! Be tactful with her!

¶ Ela xațer because ma-mšit-š ntnezzeh Ela xațer š-šta kanet ka-țțiz. I didn't get out into the country because it was raining.

¶ Ela xatṛu ϕ (to be) in a good mood or humor, cheerful $\neq xiyyna$ Ela xatṛu l-yum. Our buddy's in a good mood today.

xawa v.t. to sort out (in pairs), to pair, to match (s.th. with its mate) weldek xellet s-shabet dyal d-dyaf, xessek txawihom. Your son has mixed up the guests' shoes; you'll have to sort them out.

xawa brotherhood, friendship

** a l-xawa! polite form of address for getting s.o.'s attention (males only)

xawi a.p. of xwa

xayeb pl. -in 1. bad nta weld xayeb! You're a bad boy! —bă & & d mennu & la weld raxel xayeb. Stay away from him because he's a bad man. —l-zal xayeb & andna hna had l-iyyam. We're having bad

weather here these days. —l-biE u-š-šra xayeb. Business is bad (i.e., I'm not selling very well, etc.). 2. not good, of poor quality, no good had l-qamežža xayba. This shirt is of poor quality.—had l-banana xayba. This banana is no good. 3. ugly dik l-bent siftha xayba. That girl's ugly.

xbabet pl. of xebbata

xbar pl. -at news, tidings

** aš-xbarek? or še-xbarek? How are you? — ¿čándu le-xbar. He (already) knows.

¶ bla xbaru ϕ without one's knowledge, without informing or telling s.o. xrežti bla xbari. You went out without my knowledge.

¶ be-xbaru ϕ (bin), fe-xbaru ϕ (bin) to know that \neq , to be aware that \neq be-xbarek (bin) ξ and na ξ and ξ and ξ are that we're having a party tonight (aren't you?).

¶redd (or redd) le-xbar Ela to let know, to report to, to give a reply to redd Eliya le-xbar was bbak maži had l-lila wella la. Let me know whether your father is coming tonight or not.

¶saq le-xbar to find out, to know (in perfect) rani seqt le-xbar. I already know. xbarži pl. ya informer, stool-pigeon

xbat pl. of xbit

xbayii pl. -ya drunkard xbazat pl. of xobz

xebba same as xebbă 8

xebbar pl. -a informer, stool-pigeon

xebbaš nebbaš pl. xebbašin nebbašin overly curious and noisy person

xebbaša pl. -t rake (tool)

xebbata pl. -t, xbabet 1. beater used in cleaning clothes or rugs, made from a stripped palm branch 2. big hand or foot

xebbaz pl. -a baker and seller of bread

xebbel v.t. 1. to tangle (up) (as thread)
2. to dishevel, to tousle (hair)

xebber same as xber

xebbeš v.t. 1. to scratch (with sharp instrument, etc.) 2. to claw (as a cat or with fingernails)

¶ xebbeš nebbeš, ka-ixebbeš w-inebbeš to be overly curious and nosy

xebbă ev.t. 1. to hide, to conceal (also metaphorical) 2. to keep xebbă e tăndek had le-ktab etta neržă e. Keep this book with you until I return.

¶ xebbă & Ela to keep or hide from (also metaphorical) ka-txebbă & Eliya ši-zaža. You're keeping something from me.

xbit pl. -in, xbat 1. mean, cruel (person, animal) 2. obnoxious (person)

xbit v.n. of xbet

xbiz v.n. of xbez

xbiza dim. of xobza

xber v.t. to tell, to inform, to let know xberthom bin bhahom ža. I informed them that their father has arrived.—xberni fuq-aš ġad-iži! Let me know when he's coming!

xbeš v.t. same as xebbeš 2

** xbeš hna! expr. said (with the hand outstretched, palm up) to one who expects to receive s.th. from the speaker, who has decided not to give it to him, i.e., "Tough luck, kid (you're not going to get it)!"

xebša pl. -t 1. scratch (i.e., the mark left)

2. n.i. of xbeš and xebbeš

xbet (v.n. xbit) 1. v.t. to beat (as a rug or person, with a stick) 2. v.i. to speak incoherently, to talk nonsensically

¶xbetha~ to get drunk xbetha l-bare te-l-lil. He got drunk last night.

¶xbet & ăl !-lerd (or le-l-lerd) to throw violently to the floor or ground

xbez v.i. (v.n. xbiz) 1. to make bread (i.e., everything but baking) 2. to speak non-sensically 3. to botch things up, to do things carelessly

xobz pl. (of intensity) xbazat bread

xobza pl. -t (dim. xbiza) loaf of bread **!lah yăţik ši-xobza kbira. May God grant you good fortune.

xda yaxod v.t. (v.n. wxid, a.p. waxed, p.p. muxud, impv. xud f. xudi pl. xudu) 1. to take (for oneself) xda ktabi. He's taken my book. —škun lli xda l-ža?iza l-luwwla? Who took first prize? —ši-wazed xda-li beztami. Somebody's taken my wallet.

—gadi naxod hada. I'll take this one.
—xdatu l-mut u-huwa ma-zal şġir. Death took him at an early age. —xdit l-qiṭar men fas le-ḍ-dar l-biḍa. I took the train from Fez to Casablanca. —ila qriti had le-ktab ġadi yaxod-lek weqt ṭwil. If you read this book it'll take you a long time. —xud mɛak xak! Take your brother with you! —xud menni wazed n-naṣiza! Take a tip from me! 2. to get sir taxod ši-flus men ɛānd bbak. Go get some money from your father. 3. to marry xda mṛa hežžala. He married a widow. 4. to buy, to get mnayn xditi had l-qamižža? Where did you buy

** yaxod zăqqna fihom! May God take revenge on them for us!

¶ xda b-yedd to help, to aid, to go to the aid of xud b-yeddi! Help me!

¶xda sura to take a picture xdat-li sura m a xaha. She took a picture of me with her brother.

¶ xda t-tar to take revenge xdaw tarhom mennu. They took their revenge on him.—xdit tar xay. I've gotten revenge for my brother.

¶xud(-lek) men such as f-dik l-Zanut kayen lli bàiti, xud-lek men gella, lZăm, xodra, u-sir u-sir. There's anything you want in that store, such as fruit, meat, vegetables, and so forth.

xdadi pl. of xeddiya xdaye pl. of xdi a

this shirt?

xedd pl. xdud cheek (of face)

¶xedd de-l-zit wall, face of the wall xessna ngebbsu had l-xedd de-l-zit. We have to plaster this wall.

xeddam 1. pl. -in working, occupied in doing work (i.e., employed or busy working)
2. pl. -in auxiliary used similarly to English progressive tense š-šta xeddama ka-ttiz. It's raining. —huwa xeddam ka-yakol.

He's eating. 3. pl. -a worker, laborer

xoddam pl. of xdim

xeddama pl. -t (house) maid

xedda adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a traitor, betrayer (of some trust or confidence)

xeddiya pl. -t, xdadi (dim. xdidya, xdidiya)
pillow, cushion (sleeping and sitting)

xeddem v.t. 1. to run, to operate (as a machine) 2. to hire, to employ 3. to give work to (person) 4. to use, to make use of xeddem l-zila m ah. Use trickery on him.
—dima ka-ixeddemni l-garadu. He's

always using me for his own purposes.

-xeddem Eaglek! Use your head! xdidiya, xdidya dim. of xeddiya

rdim ni roddam one who volu

xdim pl. xoddam one who voluntarily cares for a zawya

xdima pl. -t dim. of xedma

xdiと v.n. of xdăと

xdi Ea pl. -t, xdaye E betrayal, treachery

xdem pl. of xadem

xedma pl. -t (dim. xdima) 1. work, employment 2. job, profession 3. job, task 4. workmanship xedma mezyana hadi. This is good workmanship.

** had r-radyu xdemtu qbiza. This radio doesn't work right.

xdud pl. of xedd

xdã v.t. (v.n. xdi e) 1. to betray (country, friend) 2. to lure (by deception)

xdă E perfidy, faithlessness

T b-le-xda & unfaithfully, perfidiously xdar v.i. to get or turn green

xdari pl. of xedra, xodra

xeddar pl. -a vegetable merchant

xedder v.t. 1. to make green(er) (as rain a desert, pigment in paint) 2. to use vegetables with (a meal) b-aš ġadi txedder l-lzăm had n-nhar? What vegetables are you going to use with the meat today?

** ana gadi-nxedder E ayniya. I'm going out to take in some of Nature's greenery (as a drive in the country).

xder f. xedra pl. xuder 1. green ka-nzebb le-Eyun l-xuder. I like green eyes.

----t-effaz le-xder ka-iderr l-kerš. Green apples upset the stomach. 2. raw, underdone (meat)

xedra, xodra (sg. and coll.) pl. xdari vegetable (pl. refers to a variety)

xdura, xduriya 1. green (ness) (color)

2. greenery, verdure

xfa ixfa v.i. to disappear, to be gone (somewhere) fayn xfti Elina? Where did you disappear to (from us)?

¶ma-xfa-š Ela to know, to be aware ma-ka-ixfa-š or ma-xfa-š Elik bi?annahu ražel mṛiḍ u-šibani. You're aware that he's a sick old man.

xfa ixfi v.t. to hide, to conceal (as information)

xfaf v.i. 1. to get or become light(er), to lose
weight (things, not persons) 2. to be fast
(watch, clock)

** xfaf šă Çru. His hair has thinned out.
—xfaf čăqlu. He's become eccentric, senile, mentally disturbed.

xfaf pl. of xfif

xeff 1. comp. of xfif 2. quickness

¶ be-l-xeff quickly be-l-xeff! Make it fast!

Hurry up!

xoff pl. xfuf type of under-slipper of thin, soft leather (morocco) worn inside of the belġa xeffa rapidity, quickness

¶ be-l-xeffa quickly, fast, in a hurry

If $hh\phi$ l-xeffa 1, to do things always in a rush \neq 2, to be fast (clock) \neq maganti fiha seb a de-d-dqayeq de-l-xeffa. My watch is seven minutes fast.

xeffef v.t. 1. to lighten, to make light(er) (in weight) 2. to thin (as hair, soup) 3. to reduce, to lessen (pain) had d-dwa xeffef Eliya le-zriq. This medicine had reduced my pain.

¶ xeffef le-zmel Ela to lighten (s.o.'s)

load (also figurative)

xfif pl. xfaf (comp. xeff) 1. light (in weight; also used with foods) 2. fast, speedy (as a runner) 3. having the quality of doing things without delay; on the ball 4. light-minded, not serious (when one should be)

** xfif f-Eaqlu. He's eccentric, senile, mentally disturbed. —yeddih xfifa. He gets somewhat light-fingered at times (i.e., he steals things).

xfif lead (metal)

** n.u. -a bullet, slug

xfuf pl. of xoff

xefya used in the expr. be-l-xefya secretly, on the sly

xiba pl. -t disappointment, disillusionment xil pl. of ¿āwd (sometimes syntactically treated as f. sg.)

xilaf pl. -at 1. disagreement, difference (of

opinion), falling out 2. quarrel

¶ b-xilaf in contrast to had l-werqa bida u-hadi b-xilafha ke la. This piece of paper is white, and this one, in contrast to it, is black.

xilafa caliphate

xilan pl. of xal 2

xima pl. -t, xyam, xyem tent

** huwa ražel xima. He's a generous man.

xir pl. -at good, goodness (used principally in set expr.)

** fih l-xir lilek. It'll do you good. It's for your own good. —nxeržu? fiha xir. Shall we leave? All right. —tebqa Ela xir or

xellitek Ela xir. Good-by (expecting to meet again sometime). — Emelti l-xir f-rasek lli xrežti. You did well by leaving

(i.e., you didn't miss a thing).

¶ bi-xir or bi-xir u-Ela xir 1. well, fine, in good health kif zalek?—bi-xir u-Ela xir. How are you?—Fine. 2. safely, safe and sound ržá bi-xir u-Ela xir men

l-زăžž. He returned safe and sound from

the pilgrimage.

¶l-xir u-le-xmir wealth žarna čăndu l-xir u-le-xmir. Our neighbor is wealthy (i.e., has wealth).

¶ men l-xir lli it is fortunate that, thank heavens men l-xir lli žiti fe-l-weqt. Thank heavens you came on time.

Inker l-xir to be ungrateful, an ingrate

¶ šker l-xir to be appreciative, grateful ¶ xir l- it's better that ≠, (you, etc.) had better . . . (in sense of warning) ≠ xir-lek temši wella ižiw i čābbiwek be-z-zez. You'd better go or they'll come and take you by force

¶ xir llah, xir rebbi 1. a long time hadi xir llah ma-šeftek. I haven't seen you for a long time. 2. a lot, a great deal Eăndha xir llah d-le-flus. She has a lot of money.

¶ xir men better than had t-teffaz a xir men hadi. This apple is better than that one.

¶ Emel xir f- to do a favor for Emel fiya wazed l-xir llah ixellik. Do me a favor, please.

¶ ξ ăndu ϕ xi γ men to prefer \neq hadi ξ ăndi xi γ men hadik. I prefer this one to that one.

xiš 1. burlap 2. (coll.) burlap sacks xit dim. of xet, oxt

xit pl. xyut thread (a strand as well as in general)

¶ xit de-s-suf (wool) yarn

xitab pl. -at speech, discourse, oration

xiyana v.n. of xan

xiyyi (inh. pos.) 1. dim. of xay, xuya 2. guy, individual (often pejorative) šuf dak xiyyi š-ka-yă mel! Look at what that guy is doing!

xiyyem v.i. 1. to go camping, to camp 2. to bivouac

xizrana pl. -t 1. bamboo stick 2. bamboo cane or walking stick

xizzu n.u. -ya (no art.) carrot

xla ixla v.i. to empty, to become empty, deserted (of people)

¶ xla dar bu (plus pron. or n.) to beat up (s.o.) xlaw dar buh. They beat him up.

xla ixli v.t. used in set expr. !!ah ixli darek! (or dar buk!) May God desolate your house! (strong insult) —xla darek! Now you're in for it! (i.e., in trouble)

¶ xla f- to fire on, to shoot at xlaw fe-l-Eădyan. They fired on the enemy.

¶ xlaha~ Ela to ruin (s.o.)

xla pl. -wat wilderness, country (in contrast to populated area)

** imši le-xla dar buh! He can go to hell! -a-xla dari! Oh, my gosh! Oh, no!

xlaq v.i. (v.n. xluq) to be born fayn xlaqiti? Where were you born?

xlas 1. v.n. of xelles and txelles 2. pay, salary (regular or occasional) 3. afterbirth, placenta

** xlas! Stop it! That's enough (of that)! -xlas men l-hedra! Let's stop the talk! That's enough talking! -xlas Ela wazed l-filem šeft l-barez! Man, what a terrific movie I saw yesterday!

xlaxel pl. of xelxal, xolxal

xlayef pl. of xlifa

xlayeg pl. of xliga

xlef v.t. (v.n. xlif) 1. to replace, to succeed (as in office) 2, to replace, to give in exchange

** llah ixlef Elik! May God reward you (for helping me). Thank you (for some monetary gift).

xelfa pl. -t step, pace xellef reb a de-l-xelfat l-l-qeddam! Take four steps forward!

¶ zad xelfa to go away, to leave

** zid xelfa! Scram! Beat it!

xelfan, xolfan pl. of xlifa

xlif v.n. of xlef

xlifa pl. xlayef, xelfan, xolfan 1. administrator of a city district 2. lieutenant, viceofficial (i.e., acting for one's superior at times)

xliq v.n. of xleq

xliqa pl. xlayeq creature

** Ela xliqa! Boy, you're (he's, she's) a queer duck! -xliqa de-l-?ilah (or de-llah). said upon seeing a congenitally deformed person

** mezyana fe-xliqt llah. She's good-look-

ing. xli 2 1. v.n. of xla 2. type of meat preserves

xell vinegar

xella v.t. 1. to leave xellit ktabi fe-d-dar. I left my book home. —xellawni b-wezdi. They left me alone. —xelli r-radyu meš Eul. Leave the radio on. 2. to let, to allow xellini nemši m Eah! Let me go with him!

** ma-xella fayn mša. He's been everywhere. -ma-xella ma dar baš idzuwwež biha. He's done everything he could to marry her. -ka-ixelli b-režlu. He limps. -ma-Etani la-yeddik wa-la ixellik. He didn't give me a thing. -ma-ixelli-lek gana. He won't give you a minute's peace.

¶ llah ixellik please llah ixellik sellefni ši-flus. Please loan me some money.

¶ ma-xellaha~ f- to get even with, to get (s.o.) wellah ma-nxelliha fik! I'll get even with you! I'll get you yet!

¶ xella fiha~ to pull a boner (and so miss out of s.th.) wellahila xelliti fiha mnin ma-žiti-š & andna l-barez. You really pulled a boner in not coming to our place

vesterday.

¶ xella Elih¢ to leave alone xelliha Elik! Leave her alone! (stop bothering her) xelled v.t. to immortalize (as in literature) xellef v.i. 1. to walk (particularly the action of walking) ma-txellef-š bezzaf! Don't walk so fast! 2. to walk faster, to quicken the step

Txellef Ela 1. to step over xellef Eal l-kelb! Step over the dog! 2. to step on ma-xelleft-š Eliha be-l-Eani. I didn't mean

to step on her.

xelles (v.n. xlas) 1. v.t. to pay xellesni wella ndEik! Pay me or I'll sue you! -xellesni f-dak r-rebe in derhem lli ka-nsalek. Pay me the forty dirhams you owe me. 2. v.i. to have a baby, to give birth

Txelles 1- to buy for (s.o.) xellesha-li!

Buy it for me!

Txelles men to take or get away from xelleşni mennha! Get her away from me! xellet v.t. to mix (up) la-txellet-š le-byed m a le-k al! Don't mix the white with the black! -xellet had s-sbaga lili! Mix this paint for me! -ma-txellet had le-wraq! Don't mix these cards up!

I xellet bin to sow discord or cause trouble between or among huwa ka-ixellet bin n-nas dima. He's always causing trouble among people.

xellă v.t. to prepare as xli (kind of preserved meat) xellă Ena žmel. We've prepared some camel meat as xli \(\mathbb{E}\).

xleq v.t. (v.n. xliq) to create (usually God)

¶ p.p. mexluq pl. -at creature

xelq (sg. m. or pl.) people šuf šzal de-l-xelq temma! Look at all the people over there! xlet Ela 1. to join xlet Eliya mnin tsali

be-l-xedma. Join me when you finish work.

2. to come and see xlet Eliva gedda le-d-dar. Come and see me tomorrow at home.

xolta association, relationship l-xolta

de-s-skayriya ma-ši mezyana. Association with drunkards is not good.

xluq v.n. of xlaq

¶ Ema (Ewer, treš, etc.) xluq congenitally blind (one-eyed, deaf, etc.)

xelwa pl. -t solitary place, lonely spot

xelwi pl. -yen 1. wild (in contrast to domestic or tame; almost exclusively said of pigeons) 2. solitary, keeping to oneself 3. solitary, lone, out-of-the-way (place)

xelxal, xolxal pl. xlaxel 1. anklet, ankle ornament (usually of silver) 2. stocking (on horse's foot)

xelxel v.t. to shake (a bottle)

¶xelxel Egel (with pron. or n.) to drive (s.o.) crazy (usually not in literal sense)

xla v.t. (v.n. xli) 1. to scare, to frighten txebbă E-li xay mur l-bab u-xlă Eni mnin dxelt. My brother hid behind the door and scared me when I came in. 2. to take off (clothes) 3. to fire, to dismiss (especially from government job)

xel & a scare, fright

I taret xel a men to be scared or frightened \(\neq \taret \taret \taret \taret \taret \) a men d-derri mnin tkellem r-r ad. The child was frightened when it thundered.

I tiyyer xel a men to scare, to frighten tiyyerti menni xel ¿a! You frightened me!

exmas pl. of xumus

xmasi 1. pl. of xemsa 2. pl. -yen composed of five elements (angles, divisions, etc.) n-nežma l-megribiya xmasiya. The Moroccan star has five points.

xmasiya pl. -t five-shot rifle

xmaž v.i. to rot, to decay (usually food, tooth,

** xmaž be-l-mal. He's filthy rich.

xmaž rot, decay, putrefaction (decayed matter as well as the process)

xmed v.i. (v.n. xmid) 1. to become calm, to calm down (as a volcano, fire, pain) 2. to take a nap or a snooze 3. to sleep (usually from fatigue, sickness, etc.) 4. to remain quiet and inconspicuous (person)

xemda n.i. of xmed xmid v.n. of xmed

xmir v.n. of xmer

** & ăndu l-xir u-le-xmir. He's quite wealthy.

xmira leaven (for baking and making soup) xmis pl. -at (with art.) Thursday

¶ nhar le-xmis (on) Thursday

xmisa dim. of xemsa xemm used in the expr.:

¶ šma & l-xemm beeswax

¶ šma a de-l-xemm candle of beeswax

¶ mer xemm a kind of brown color (similar to the color of honeycomb)

xommagi pl. -yen rustic, bumpkin

xemmar adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a (one) who drinks (alcoholic beverages)

xemmas pl. -a sharecropper (sharing a fifth of the crop)

xemmel v.t. 1. to clean (up) xessni nxemmel biti l-yum. I have to clean my room up today. 2. to clean out (the sludge and deposit in a well, ditch, etc.) gadi-nxemmlu had l-bir gedda. We're going to clean out this well tomorrow. 3. to clear, to clear out (a room)

xemmem (f-) to think (about, of), to reflect (on) men qbel-ma džaweb, xemmem. Think before you answer.

xemmer v.t. 1. to let rise (bread before baking) 2. to make, let, or cause to ferment xemmer v.i. to drink (alcoholic beverages) xemmež v.t. to make, let, or cause to rot, spoil or decay

** bă Z Zăd menni wella nxemmež-lek wežhek! Get away from me or I'll bash your face in!

xmer v.i. (v.n. xmir) 1. to rise (bread before baking) 2. to ferment

** xmer fe-n-n Eas l-barez fe-l-lil. He slept soundly last night.

xemri, xomri pl. -yen brown-skinned (person) xems, xemsa (former used with pl. of n. admitting du.) five Etini xemsa de-d-drahem. Give me five dirhams. -weldi ş-şģir

Eăndu xems snin. My son is five years old, ¶l-xemsa u-xemsin 1. Moroccan Royal Orchestra 2. type of Moroccan music based on Andalusian form

xemsa pl. -t, xmasi (dim. xmisa) piece of jewelry in shape of a hand worn as a protection against the "evil eye"

** Etani be-l-xemsa. He raised his hand (with fingers spread) to protect himself from me (as if I had the "evil eye").

xemsin 1. fifty 2. fiftieth

xmestaš 1. fifteen 2. fifteenth

xmež same as xmaž

¶ a.p. xamež pl. -in rotten, spoiled, decaved

** huwa xamež be-l-mal. He's filthy rich. xnadeq pl. of xendeq

xnafer pl. of xenfra

xnafes pl. of xenfusa (n.p. of xenfus)

xnag pl. -at necklace

xnaši pl. of xenša

xnašeš pl. of xenšuš

xnat state of being spoiled or in habitual comfort and ease (usually a wife)

¶ weld le-xnat spoiled boy

xnaven pl. of xnuna

xnazer pl. of xenzir

xnažer pl. of xenžar

xendeg v.i. to become badly infected (wound) xendeq pl. xnadeq 1. trench (warfare) 2. moat

3. temporary opening made in a sewer conduit (by digging; used for access in case of sewer trouble)

xenfra pl. xnafer (dim. xnifra) 1. muzzle, nose (dog, horse, etc.) 2. snout (as a pig) xenfes v.i. 1. to sign one's xenfusa (notary)

2. to scribble or make scribblings xenfus n.u. -a pl. xenfusat, xnafes dung-beetle, scarab

xenfusa pl. -t a notary's special signature xnifra dim. of xenfra xnig, xniq v.n. of xneg, xneq xniša dim. of xenša xennet v.t. to spoil (a child, etc.) xennez v.t. to make or cause to stink ¶xennezha~ Ela to make trouble for (s.o.) xneg, xneq v.t. (v.n. xnig, xniq) 1. to strangle, to choke 2. to smother (person) 3. to block (up), to choke (chimney, sewer, etc.) xengațira same as xentagira xenša pl. xnaši (dim. xniša) 1. bag, sack 2. dolt, idiot ¶ xenša de-l-xeyš burlap bag xenšuš pl. xnašeš face (pejorative and complimentary) Ela xenšuš! What a beautiful (or horrible) face! ** derreq Eliya xenšušek! Get out of here! Scram! xnet v.i. to become or be spoiled (person) xentaqira pl. -t 1. trick (sleight of hand) 2. game played with a string and the hands (as cat's cradle) xnuna pl. -t (of intensity) xnayen mucus, xnuzat pl. of xenz, xnez xnuziya same as xenz, xnez xenxer v.i. 1. to snore (mostly animals) 2. to snarl with a snoring sound (as in frightening children) xnez v.i. to stink, to give off an offensive odor xenz, xnez pl. (of intensity) xnuzat stench, offensive odor ¶ xenz d-denya money xenzir pl. xnazer; f. xenzira pl. -t 1. pig, hog 2. scrofula xenžar, xenžer pl. xnažer curved dagger xra pl. (of intensity) -wat feces, excrement (vulgar) xra, oxra f. of axor xrab ruins (usually in non-historic sense) xrafa pl. -t, xrayef 1. story, tale, legend, myth E awwed-lna xrafa! Tell us a story! 2. (pl.) lie, fib, fish story xragi pl. of xorga xraqi pl. of xerqa xrareb, xrareb pl. of xerruba, xerruba xras, xrasi pl. of xorsa, xersa xrašeš pl. of xoršaša xrați pl. of xerța xratem pl. of xertum xraxeš pl. of xerxaša xraycf pl. of xrafa xrayfi pl. -ya teller of "tall" tales xreb v.t. to destroy, to ruin (God) xreb pl. of xerba xerba pl. -t, xreb 1. building in ruins 2. pantry, food cellar xerbeq v.i. 1. to talk nonsense 2. to scribble,

to make scribblings 3. to do things all wrong, to mess things up I xerbeg f- to fool or mess around with ma-txerbeq-š fe-r-radyu! Don't mess around with the radio! xerbeš v.t. to scratch (with fingernails or sharp instrument) xorda 1. second-hand goods (usually clothes) 2. pl. -t second-hand store (usually for clothes) 3. a lot (of) šrat xorda d-le-ktub. She bought a lot of books. xerdel v.i. to talk nonsense xref v.i. to get old, to become aged (person) xerfan pl. of xruf xreg v.t. (v.n. xrig) 1. to slash (with a knife) 2. to pierce, to go through xorga pl. -t, xragi 1. slash, cut 2. n.i. of xreg 2 3. hole (left when s.th. goes through s.th., as a bullet, knife) xrif autumn, fall xrift pl. -yen of or pertaining to autumn, autumnal xrig v.n. of xreg xrin, oxrin pl. of axor xrisa dim. of xorsa, xersa xrit v.t. of xret xriz v.n. of xrez xermez (f-) to scribble, to make scribblings xreq 1. same as xreq 2. to violate (law, border) \P a.p. xareq pl. -in used in the expr. xareql-Eada extraordinary, unusual xerqa 1. pl. -t, xraqi physical condition (usually of babies) mnin ttewled kanet xerqtu difa. When he was born his physical condition was weak. 2. pl. xraqi, xruq type of white cloth used in wrapping babies 3. pl. xraqi, xruq piece of cloth, cloth xerqum curcuma xerrab adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a destructive person, vandal xerraf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a same as xrayfi xorrag pl. -a country bumpkin, rustic xerrat pl. -a lathe operator xerraz pl. -a 1. maker and seller of blagi 2. shoemaker xerraža pl. -t (back or side) exit, way out (other than main door) xerreb v.t. 1. to destroy, to ruin 2. to devastate, to lay waste to xerref v.t. 1. to glean (vineyard, etc.) 2. to tell stories (false or true) xerres v.t. to make into the shape of a ring xerrub, xerrub n.u. -a pl. xrareb, xrareb 1. carob tree, locust 2. carob bean xerrubi, xerrubi pl. -yen shade of dark brown xerrež v.t. 1. to make leave or go out, to expel (s.o. from room, city, etc.) 2. to put out, to take outside 3. to omit, to leave out, to discard 4. to extract, to get out mnin ka-iṣeffiw l-biṭṛul ka-ixerržu mennu ¿ adad dyal l-? enwa ¿. When they refine oil they extract many products. —xerrež l-feršiya men ṛ-ṛduma! Get the cork out of the bottle! 5. to issue, to send out ġedda l-zukuma ġadi-txerrež ši-qaṛar. Tomorrow the government will issue a decree. 6. to lead, to conduct, to take had ṭ-ṭṛiq txerržek l-le-mdina. This road will take you to town. 7. to fire, to discharge (a shot, bullet) 8. to solve, to find the answer to (mathematical problem) 9. to provide a profit for had le-ktab b-xemsa de-d-dṛahem ixerrežni. I'll settle for five dirhams for this book (I'm

This little street has a dead end.

¶ xerrež le-d-dlala to put up for auction xerržu le-mta E dyalhom le-d-dlala.

They've put their possessions up for auc-

selling). 10. v.i. to have or offer a way out,

to have an exit had d-derb ma-ixerrež-š.

tion.

¶ xerrež s-solka 1. to finish one's study and memorization of the Koran 2. to recite the entire Koran (from memory)

xres 1. pl. of xorsa, xersa 2. f. xersa pl. xersin, xures mute, dumb

xorsa, xersa pl. -t, xres, xros, xras, xrasi

(dim. xrisa) 1. ring (nose, ear, any ringshaped object) 2. door-knocker (not necessarily ring-shaped) 3. link (chain)

xoršaša pl. -t, xrašeš 1. rattle (toy) 2. rattletrap (old car, etc.)

xeršuf n.u. -a artichoke stalk (used in cook-

xret v.t. (v.n. xrit) to turn (on a lathe)

xeria pl. xraii 1. design cut into the wood by turning on a lathe 2. stripe, striation (design, grain in wood, etc.)

xortal oats, oatmeal

xertum pl. xratem trunk (elephant)

xruf pl. xerfan, f. xrufa pl. -t lamb

xruq pl. of xerqa 2 and 3

xrus pl. of xersa, xorsa

xruž v.n. of xrež

xerwa En.u. -a castor-oil plant

¶ zit l-xerwa E castor oil

xerxaša pl. -t, xraxeš any old broken-down machine that still works (as an old car)

xerxer v.i. 1. to rattle (s.th. loose) 2. to make a clanking noise (as pieces of iron, an old machine) 3. to make a boiling or gurgling sound (water, etc.) 4. to make a snoring sound (person)

xrez v.t. (v.n. xriz) to sew, to stitch (leatherwork)

xrež ixrož v.i. (v.n. xruž) 1. to leave, to go out of Ead kif xrež men d-dar. He just left the house. —yemmaha qalet-lha texrož men l-bit. Her mother told her to leave the

room. 2. to come out of, to come from kan l-ma ka-ixrož men dik l-čăyn be-l-čăqq tteqtă. Water used to come out of this spring but it has stopped. —ma-dennit-šixrož mennha dak š-ši. I never thought such a thing would come from her. —xeržu n-nžum wella ma-zal? Have the stars come out yet? 3. to break out xeržu-lu le-z bub f-wežhu. Sores broke out on his face. 4. to end (month, long holidays) mnin ixrož had š-šher nxelljek. I'll pay you when this month ends.

** xeržu čăynih mnin šaf dik l-bent. His eyes popped out when he saw that girl. —xrož čliya! Get out of here (i.e., leave the room, house, etc.)!

¶xrež f- 1. to win out over (in some competition, fight) 2. to come upon by surprise, to take by surprise (i.e., encounter) ana maši fe-l-lil u-žuž de-r-ržal xeržu fiya. I was walking last night and a couple of men took me by surprise. 3. to run into kan xeṣṣu yewqef be-l-\time aqq xrež fiya. He should have stopped but he ran into me (driving cars).

¶xrež Ela (s.o.) 1. to let (s.o.) down 2. to break (law, one's word) 3. to leave, to go off (of) t-tumubil xeržet Eăl t-țriq. The car went off the road.

** xrež čăl ţ-ṭriq. He's left the straight and narrow (path).

¶ xrež Ela Eăqlu ϕ to go crazy (lit. and metaphorical)

¶ a.p. xarež pl. -in projecting, protruding keršu xarža. He has a protruding stomach.

** ana xarež men had š-ši. I wipe my hands of the whole affair. — ¿čállu xarež ¿čál l-musiqa l-? andalusiya. He's crazy about Andalusian music.

xerža pl. -t 1. n.i. of xrež 2. exit (act of leaving)

xsa ixsi v.t. to castrate (sheep, cattle)

xsali pl. of xesla 3 and 4

xşam same as xşuma

xsara pl. -t, xsayer 1. v.n. of xser 2. used in certain expr.: xsara! or ya xsara! That's too bad! —xsartha ¿ăwra. Too bad she's only got one eye. —med, xsara fih dik le-flus. What a pity Ahmed has all that money.

xsas pl. of xsis
xsayel pl. of xesla
xsayem pl. of xsuma
xsayer pl. of xsara
xesb fertility (land)
xesba (*erd) fertile (land)

xsim pl. xoşman adversary, opponent

xsir v.n. of xser

xșiș pl. -in, xșaș (comp. xeșș) base, mean, not honorable xșișa dim. of xeșșa

xeşla 1. pl. xşayel dirty trick 2. pl. xşayel clumsy act (e.g., knocking over a glass)
3. pl. -t, xşali forelock 4. pl. -t, xşali any tuft or lock of hair

xosman pl. of xsim

xser (v.n. xsir, xsara, xosran) 1. v.t. to lose (a game, money in a game) 2. v.i. to fail (exam) was xserti f-le-mtizan? Did you fail (in) the exam? 3. v.t. to squander (money, time) 4. v.i. to spoil (food) 5. v.i. to become inoperable or out of order, to not work or run ma-imken-li-s nwesslek cla wedd-as t-tumubil dyali xesret. I can't take you because my car isn't running. 6. v.i. to be unsuccessful, to not work out (as plans)

** !-!ba\inst dyalu xser. He's gotten awfully hard to get along with.

xosran v.n. of xser

xess 1. v.i. to be lacking or missing xess ktab hnaya. There's a book missing here. 2. v.t. to have to, should, must \(\neq \) (used in perfect or durative tense, with pron. object endings) xessni (or ka-ixessni) nemši le-d-dar. I have to go home. —kan xessni (or kan ka-ixessni) nekteb-lha. I should have written her (but I didn't). 3. to need (i.e., to be necessary for one to have; same syntax as in 2 above) xessni tumubil. I need a car.

** ma-xess-šay. I (he, she, etc.) don't need anything at all; It was all right (e.g., when asked how the party was). —ma-xess babah ġir le-¿sa. What he needs is a good licking.

¶ ma-xess-šay men to need \neq , to have to have \neq ma-xessek-šay men le-flus. You'll have to have money.

¶ a.p. xaşş pl. -in special

Ta.p. xaşş (b-) pl. -in (to be) about, to concern had le-ktab xaşş be-l-mirikan. This book is about Americans.

¶ l-xass u-l-Eamm everybody, the public xess comp. of xsis

xess n.u. -a lettuce

xses pl. of xessa

xessa pl. -t, xses (dim. xsisa) fountain (with water spout)

xesser v.t. 1. to make or cause to lose (a game, etc.) huwa lli xesserna l-mats. He's the one that lost us the game. 2. to fail, to make or cause to fail (exam, subject) le-zsab huwa lli xesserni f-le-mtizan. The mathematical part is what made me fail the exam. 3. to render inoperable, to treat (s.th.) so that it does not run or work anymore, to break bqa ka-xewwer fe-r-radyuzetta xessru. He kept messing around with the radio until he broke it. 4. to cause to be

lost through a miscarriage, abortion (baby; can be used for domestic mammals)

Txesser bin to cause discord among or between

¶ xesser l- to dissuade, to talk (s.o.) out of (s.th.) xesser-lha fe-s-sfer. He talked her out of the trip.

¶ xesser l-xater l- to upset (by going against one's desires) xesserti-lu xatru. You've upset him (by not doing what he wanted).

¶ xeşşer wežhu ϕ to make a face \mathcal{E} laš ka-txeşser wežhek fiya? Why are you making a face at me?

¶ xeṣṣeṛ le-wžeh dyal (s.o.) to ruin the reputation of (s.o.)

xesses v.t. 1. to reserve xessest-lkom had l-mazăll. I've reserved this place for you. 2. to devote, to consecrate xesses wegtu kollu le-s-sļa. He's devoted all his time to prayer.

xsuma pl. xsayem quarrel, dispute, disagreement

xšan v.i. 1. to gain weight, to get fat 2. to become rough, to lose softness (as cloth) 3. to acquire an unpleasant appearance, to be in poor taste (e.g. clothing) 4. to become rude and coarse (manners)

xšan pl. of xšin

xšana same as xšuna, xšuniya

xšaša pl. -t small piece of wood, leaf, straw, etc.

xšeh n.u. xešha 1. wood (dressed) 2. beam, board, plank, piece of wood, etc. 3. pole (utility, telephone)

xšin pl. xšan 1. rude, coarse, rough (manners, cloth, wood, etc.) 2. heavy, fat (person, animal)

xšuna, xšuniya 1. rudeness, coarseness, roughness (manners, cloth, wood, etc.) 2. heaviness, obesity 3. in poor taste, awkward, having an unpleasant appearance

xešxaša pl. -t same as xerxaša

xešxeš v.i. to crackle, to crunch (as dried leaves)

xet, oxt pl. xwatat (dim. xit) 1. sister 2. exactly like, same as (with f. n.) darna xet darkom. Our house is exactly like yours.

—kan Eăndi xetha tamamen l-barez. I had one just like it yesterday.

xtaber v.t. 1. to test, to put to the test 2. to examine, to give an exam or test to

xtam v.n. of xtem

xtana pl. -t, xtayen 1. v.n. of xetten 2. circumcision

xtar v.t. to choose, to elect, to select xtare \(\times \) v.t. (v.n. xtira\(\times \)) 1. to invent 2. to make up, to imagine

xtaser v.t. 1. to make short, to make brief or

concise (one's words) 2. to summarize, to give a resume of

I xtaser t-triq to take a shortcut xtayen pl. of xtana xtim v.n. of xtem

xtir v.n. of xter

xtira E pl. -at 1. v.n. of xtare & 2. invention xtisar v.n. of xtaser

¶ b-le-xtisar briefly, in short

xtem v.t. (v.n. xtim, xtam) 1. to seal (with a signet ring) 2. to finish, to end, to complete

¶ xtem s-solka 1. to complete one's study and memorization of the Koran 2. to finish reading a group of verses called solka, to terminate a passage of the Koran (as at a grave)

xetma pl. -t 1. n.i. of xtem 2. completion (of one's memorization of the Koran)

xter v.i. (v.n. xtir) to get or become thick (er), to thicken (liquid)

¶ a.p. xater pl. -in 1. thick (liquid) 2. unwatered, undiluted (usually potable liquids) xetten v.t. (v.n. xtana) to circumcise

xetter v.t. to thicken, to make thick(er) (liquid)

xte? same as xta ixta 3

xta ixta 1. v.t. to miss (a target) 2. v.t. to lose (as money in a game) 3. (also xte^{φ}) v.i. to make a mistake, to err

** ma-ixta-š men d-dar daba. He should be home now. —llah ma-xtani maži. I'll come for sure. -ma-xtani-š mennha. I can't get along without her. -xtat slatek. Your prayer is unacceptable. -xatini. It doesn't

¶ ma-xṭa, la-xṭa except, but koll-ši ža ma-xta z med. Everyone came except Ahmed.

¶ ma- $xtah\phi$ - \tilde{s} expresses some assurance or definiteness about a statement ma-xtahom-š ikunu mužudin. I'm sure there must be some.

¶ xta f- to fail (an exam, course) xta ixti v.t. to not speak to, to ignore (s.o., from anger, etc.)

 $\P xta f$ - to swear or curse at

¶xta Ela to leave alone, to stop bothering xtini Elik! Leave me alone!

¶ wellahi ma-xtah ϕ emphasizes the determination to do s.th., etc. we-llahi ma-xtani gadi! I don't care what anyone says, I'm going anyway!

xta (m., no pl.) (spoken) insult, cursing

¶ merra fe-xta (with durative tenses) once in a (great) while

?exta? pl. of xata?

xtar (no pl.) bet, wager

** b-le-xtar? You want to bet? (also in less literal sense as in English) xtawi pl. of xetwa

xteb 1. v.t. to ask for (one's) hand in marriage xtebtha men waldiha. I asked her parents for her hand in marriage. 2. v.i. to speak, to give a speech, to discourse 3. v.i. to preach, to give a sermon

xotba pl. -t 1. n.i. of xteb 2. speech, discourse, oration 3. sermon

xief v.t. (v.n. xiif) 1. to snatch or grab away ma-Etitu-lha-š, xetfettu menni. I didn't give it to her, she grabbed it away from me. 2. to swipe, to steal

I xtef t-triq to take a shortcut

xetfa pl. -t n.i. of xtef

** hadi l-xetfa hadi! This is highway robbery (i.e., too much to pay)!

¶ be-l-xetfa rapidly, fast xtib pl. xutaba preacher, speaker (in mosque) xtif v.n. of xtef

xtiya pl. -t 1. loss (financial) Emelt waz ed le-xtiya kbira. I took a big loss (in selling s.th.). 2. fine (monetary punishment)

** had š-ši ma-fih hi le-xtiya. It's just a waste of time and money.

¶ b-le-xtiva at a loss, with a loss ba tha b-le-xțiya. I sold it at a loss.

xter v.i. (v.n. xetran) used with bal in certain expr.

¶xter Ela bal to occur to ma-xter-š Ela bali. It didn't occur to me.

¶ xter f-balu ϕ to think possible \neq was ixter f-balek be-lli rbez had le-flus

kollhom? Would you think it possible that he earned all that money?

xetra du. xtertayn, xtertin pl. xetrat time mit le-s-sinima tlata de-l-xețrat had l-gesbu . I've been to the movies three times this week.

xetran v.n. of xter

xett pl. xtut 1. handwriting, hand Eandek xett mezyan. You have a nice hand. 2. line seiter wazed l-xeti tezt le-klam. Draw a line under the words. —ma-teqtă E-š l-xețț le-byed. Don't cross over the white line. 3. furrow (plowed ground)

¶ dreb l-xett l- to tell (one's) fortune mša l-Eăndha baš ddreb-lu l-xett. He went to her to have her tell his fortune.

¶ drib l-xett fortunetelling

¶ derrab l-xett fortune teller

¶ xett l-yedd signature

¶ xett žewwi air route

¶ xtut žewwiya airlines

xetta v.t. 1. to make or cause to lose xettani flusi. He made me lose my money.

-xettatni fe-l-lă &b. She made me lose the game. 2. to make or cause to miss xettawni t-tran. They made me miss the train.

xettab pl. -a person given the charge of asking a girl's hand in marriage, marriage broker

xettaf pl. -a thief (particularly one who xwa (m., no pl.) (dangerous) hole or pit ¶ le-xwa l-xawi nonsense snatches or swipes things) xettat 1. pl. -a professional calligrapher 2. pl. xwabi pl. of xabya xwad pl. (of intensity) -at 1. muddy or -in having beautiful handwriting turbid water 2. disorder, confusion, turmoil xottavfa pl. -t swallow (bird) xwal pl. of xal 1 xettet v.t. to write (as a professional calligxwami pl. of xamiya rapher) xwan pl. of xu xtut pl. of xett xwarež pl. of xariži 2 xetwa pl. -t, xtawi 1. pace, step 2. stage, xwašem (no sg.) nostrils xetya pl. -t 1. n.i. of xta 2. insult xwatat pl. of xet xwatem pl. of xatem xu (also xa, but xuya, xay my brother) pl. xut, xwan, eixwan 1. brother mšit mea xwater pl. of xater xay le-s-sinima. I went to the movies with xwaža pl. of xwaži my brother. - waš xuk lli galha-lek? Was xwaži pl. -yen, xwaža rich, wealthy xwi v.n. of xwa it your brother that told you? 2. like, similar to (for m. n.) had le-qlam xa l-axur. This xwidem, xwidma pl. xwidmat dim. of xadem pen is like the other one. xwen v.t. to steal, to rob (s.th.) xewnat l-beztam dyali! She stole my wallet! ¶ hada xuya mgerbi. This is a fellow xewna pl. -t 1. n.i. of xwen 2. theft, robbery Moroccan of mine. xewwa v.t. 1. to evacuate from, to make (s.o.) xud impv. of xda xuder pl. of xder evacuate (a place) l-& ăsker xewwaw n-nas xuf 1. fear 2. apprehension, misgiving le-mdina. The army evacuated the people from the city. 2. to evict (s.o.) from ¶ fih ϕ l-xuf 1, to be dangerous \neq had t-triq fiha l-xuf. This road is dangerous. (house) xewwaw xay d-dar. They've 2. (to be) scared fih l-xuf, ma-iqder-š imši evicted my brother from the house. 3. to b-wer du. He's scared and won't go alone. deport (s.o.) from (a country) z essluh xulafa pl. of xalıfa ka-idžesses u-xewwaweh le-blad. They xulud 1. immortality 2. eternity caught him spying and deported him from the country. 4. to throw (s.o.) out of (a xumus pl. exmas fifth (fraction) xures pl. of xres 2 place) xusus used in the expr. be-l-xusus, xususen xewwad pl. -a trouble-maker especially, in particular xewwaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a coward(ly) xususi pl. -yen 1. private had l-mekteb xususi. xewwan pl. -a thief, 10bber This office is private. 2. special (often xewwar pl. -a nosy person, meddler translated by "especially" in English) had xewwed v.t. 1. to make muddy or turbid n-ndader xususiyin le-š-šems. These glasses (water, by stirring it up) 2. to cloud, to are especially for sunlight. confuse (situation, issue) xut pl. of xu I xewwed bin to cause trouble between or xutaba pl. of xtib among xux n.u. -a 1. peach 2. peach tree ¶ xewwed dmaguo to worry ma-txewwed-š dmagek! Don't worry! xuxi pl. -yen type of light green xuyan 1. v.n. of xwa 2. evacuation, exodus I xewwed le-Eqel to confuse, to mix up ma-txewwed-š Eăgli! Don't confuse me! 3. emptiness xewwef v.t. to frighten, to scare, to cause to xwa ixwa v.i. (v.n. xuyan, xewyan, xwi) 1. to empty, to become empty 2. to run fear down (clock, battery) xewwer 1. v.t. to clear, to unclog (as a drain, $\pi xwa b-1$. to fall through with, to colwith a finger or some instrument) 2. v.t. to lapse under (as a weak floor) 2. to let poke (one's eye) kan ka-il Eăb m Eah (s.o.) down, to break one's word to, to not u-huwa ixewwer-lu ¿aynu. He was playcome through for ing with him and poked him in the eye. ¶ a.p. xawi f. xawya pl. xawyen 1. empty, 3. v.i. to rummage around (looking for vacant 2. run down (clock, battery) s.th.) žbertu ka-ixewwer-li fe-mkatbi. I ¶ klam xawi empty words, nonsense found him rummaging around in my xwa ixwi v.t. (v.n. xuyan, xewyan, xwi) 1. to pockets. 4. v.i. to speak incoherently xewwex v.i. to become hollow or eaten out empty 2. to vacate (room, house) 3. to evacuate (house, city) 4. to pour (from a (as a rotten tree)

xewyan same as xuyan (v.n. of xwa)

xxi, xxi fik said to s.o. who has had a mis-

fortune and probably deserved it, e.g.,

glass, etc.) 5. to leave (a place)

country to country, or city to city

¶xwa blad u-Eămmer blad to go from

That'll teach you! Tough luck! (ironically) xxer 1. end, extremity 2. end, finish 3. pl. -in last, last one škun lli žaw le-xxrin? Who were the last ones to come?

If-le-xxer in or at the end, finally xxrani pl. -yen 1. last (i.e., preceding) ma-le-t-teffaca le-xxraniya lli kliti? What was wrong with the last apple you ate? 2. last, final h-ana ka-nqulha-lek u-hadi l-merra le-xxraniya. I'm telling you for the last time.

xyab v.i. 1. to become ugly or unsightly had l-kebbut xyab men bă & d-ma tsebben, ma-bqa fih ma ittelbes. This coat came out of the wash looking bad; it's not worth wearing. 2. to become or go bad (food,

person)

xyal pl. -at 1. shadow (usually of person)
2. silhouette (either one's shadow or effect
of backlighting) 3. phantom, specter (i.e.,
an indistinct mysterious image)

** derreq Eliya xyalek! Get out of my

sight!

xyam pl. of xima

xyar all right, fine, O.K. tebġi temši m¿aya le-s-sinima?—xyar! Do you want to go to the show with me?—All right!

¶xyar n-nas, l-xil, etc. the best of people, horses, etc.

xyata 1. v.n. of xeyyet 2. sewing, needlework xeyl same as xil

xyem pl, of xima

xeyma same as xima

xyer, eaxyer better had l-magana xyer min hadik. This watch is better than that one.

¶ xyer-ma rather than zsen-lek tebqa hna xyer-ma temši l-temma. You'd better stay here rather than go there.

xeyš same as xiš xevt same as xit

xyuba ugliness, unsightliness (person, things, temperament, etc.)

xyut pl. of xit

xeyyal pl. -a cavalryman, horseman

xeyyat pl. -a tailor

xeyyata pl. -t seamstress

xeyyeb v.t. 1. to make ugly, unsightly 2. to corrupt (one's nature, mind)

¶ xeyyeb d-denn (or n-niya) l- to disappoint xeyyebti-li denni (or d-denn). You've disappointed me.

¶ xeyyeb f- to disparage, to make seem bad or inferior, to speak ill of

¶ xeyyeb fe-l-fikra l- to make (s.o.) change his mind

¶xeyyeb l- to change (s.o.'s) mind, to dissuade, to talk (s.o.) out (of) Elaš xeyyebti-lu fe-s-siyara? Why did you talk

him out of (buying) the car?

¶xeyyeb le-wžeh f- to make a face at xeyyer v.t. to let or allow to choose, to give a choice to xeyyertu f-had ž-žuž de-s-şbabet. I let him choose between these two pairs of shoes.

¶ part. mxeyyer pl. -in good, excellent, choice, first-rate, best

xeyyer pl. -in good, righteous

xeyyet v.t. (v.n. xyata) 1. to sew, to stitch (also surgery) 2. to have (s.th.) made (by a tailor)

xza ixzi v.t. to damn (God) !!ah ixzik! (May) God damn you!

xzana pl. -t, xzayen 1. tent (with center pole)
2. cupboard, buffet

¶ xzana (d-le-ktub) bookcase

¶xzana de-l-mal treasury (building)

xzayen pl. of xzana and xzin 2

xzin 1. v.n. of xzen 2. pl. xzayen place for storage

xzir v.n. of xzer

xzit expr. of disgust or regret xzit! or a-xzit! or ya-xzit! Damn! Rats!

** xzit mennu! I can't stand him! xzen v.t. (v.n. xzin) 1. to store 2. to hide, to

conceal 3. to save (money)

xezna pl. -t place for keeping or storing

** huwa xezna de-l-Eilm. He's a treasure

** huwa xezna de-l-Cum. He's a treasure of knowledge.

xzer f- (v.n. xzir) to look threateningly at (as to stop a child from doing s.th.)

xezra pl. -t n.i. of xzer xezz moss, lichen

xezzan pl. -at dam, dike

xezzi pl. -yen moss green (very dark)

xezzez v.i. to become mossy or covered with

Y

ya vocative particle ya zabiba, fayn Emelti le-flus lli Etitek? Habiba, where did you put the money I gave you?

¶ya... ya either... or ya dži m ana ya tebqa hna. Either you come with us or you stay here. —ya brahim ya na ima, wazed fihom huwa lli imken herresha. Either Abraham or Naima may have broken it.

yaban Japan

yabani pl. -yen Japanese

vabes a.p. of ibes

ya-delli (Marrakech usage) surely, certainly, of course Elah, ya-delli ma-idirha! I'm sure he'll do it! yak kind of emphatic interrogative particle similar to English, "Didn't 1?," "Isn't it?," "Haven't you?," etc.) yak qoltha-lek? I told you, didn't I? -ma-mša-š, yak? He hasn't gone, has he? -yak ma-mša? Has he left (already)? ya-llah f. ya-llahi pl. ya-llahu (f. and pl. less common) let's . . . ya-ļlahu (or ya-llah) nemšiw le-s-sinima! Let's go to the movies! yamam n.u. -a dove yaman (with art.) Yemen yamani pl. -yen 1. Yemenite 2. small white pigeon yamin oath (of office, etc.) ¶ edda (or Eta) l-yamin to take the oath (of office, in court) yames (country usage) yesterday yanayer same as yennayer yagin 1. certainty, certitude 2. conviction ¶ Eăndu¢ l-yaqin (bin) to be sure, certain, convinced (that) yaqut n.u. -a precious stone (mainly opaque, but may be extended to others) yasmin n.u. -a jasmine (tree or flower) yaxod impf. of xda yažur n.u. -a brick (building) yebbes v.t. to dry (out) (clothes, soil, puddle, yebrayer February yebril same as ? abril yedd (f.) pl. -in (yeddi- with pron. endings,

yedru same as *abru
yedd (f.) pl. -in (yeddi- with pron. endings,
dim. idida) 1. hand ka-ikteb b-yeddu
de-š-šmal. He writes with his left hand.
— £tini yeddek! Give me a hand (some
help)! 2. (entire) arm, upper limb (human) 3. forepaw, front foot or hoof (animal) 4. handle, grip (suitcase, pitcher, etc.)
5. pestle 6. coat, layer (of paint) 7. piece of
music (on some hand-played instrument,
e.g., lute)

** ma-b-yeddi ma ndir. There's nothing I can do (about it). —šebber (or rebbi) yeddek! Keep your hands off!

¶ b-yeddu ϕ , or b-yeddih ϕ by oneself, alone bnaw d-dar b-yeddihom. They built the house by themselves.

¶ f-yedd (plus n. or pron.) in the hands or possession of

I (ma) bin yeddin 1. same as f-yedd 2. before (prep.) kan xessu imtel ma bin yeddin l-qadi. He had to appear before the judge.

¶ nezzel yeddu ϕ \mathcal{E} la (s.th.) to keep (s.th.) for oneself, to retain

¶rfed l-yedd l- to fire or dismiss (s.o.) refdu-li yeddi l-barez. They fired me yesterday.

¶rfed yeddu ϕ men (plus n.) to abstain from, to cease indulgence in (e.g. work, eating)

¶ yeddek- five šrebt yeddek de-l-kisan de-l-gehwa. I drank five glasses of coffee.

¶ yeddu¢ twila to have a lot of influence≠

¶ Ela yedd (plus n. or pron.) thanks to, with the help of

¶ Eta yedd !lah to lend a hand to, to help

yeddem v.t. 1. to put a lot of fat, grease, or oil in (food) 2. to spot or dirty (s.th.) with grease or fat (from foods)

yemma (inh. pos., declined like baba) 1. (my)
mother 2. used as a derogatory vehicle for
pron. bqit Ela yemmah b-le-Esa zetta
sxeft. I beat the s.o.b. until I almost fainted.

** sir l-yemmak Eliya! Get the hell out of here!

yemta same as eimta yennayer January yees despair, hopelessness

 $\P q t \tilde{a} \in l^{-} y e^{\bar{q}} s$ to give up or lose all hope yesser v.t. (v.n. tisir) 1. to make easy (test, work, etc.) 2. to prepare, to get ready (s.th.,

Tyesser Ela to aid, to assist (subject often God)

yulyu, yulyuz July

yum du. -ayn, -in pl. eyyam, iyyam, iyyamat day (24 hours)

¶f-iyyam (plus n.) at the time of, dur-

¶ had l-iyyam, f-had l-iyyam 1. these days, nowadays 2. lately 3. the other day, a few days ago

¶ l-yum today yumi pl. -yen daily yunyeh, yunyu June (month) yexx same as ya-xzit! (see xzit) eyyam pl. of yum yyeh yes

Z

zabur Psalms of David, Book of Psalms zad izid (v.n. zyada) 1. v.t. to add zedna tlata de-l-aqşam f-dak l-medraşa. We

added three classrooms to that school. 2. v.t. to give more, to give extra xellsu-lu s-sfer u-zaduh ? alfayn derhem. They paid his

transportation and gave him two thousand dirhams extra. 3. v.t. to bid (at an auction) zad & ešrin derhem kif tba & et. He bid twenty dirhams just when it was sold. 3. v.i. to go on, to keep (doing s.th.) telbu mennha teskot u-hiya gir zadet ka-tġuwwet. They asked her to be quiet, but she just kept shouting. 4. v.i. to move (up, over, on, etc.) qol-lu izid l-l-qoddam baš tegles. Tell him to move up to the front so you can sit down.

¶ zad f-1. to increase ġad-iziduh fe-l-º užra dyalu. They're going to increase his salary 2. to extend telbet men

me allemha izidha fe-l-cotla dyalha. She asked her boss to extend her vacation. 3. to bid on Eazhetni had d-dar, yad-nzid fiha. I like this house, I'm going to bid on it. 4. to exaggerate ma-ka-yā cref i čāwued cetta caža bla-ma izid fiha. He can't tell anything without exaggerating.

¶zad xelfa to leave, to go away qalu-lu izid xelfa. They told him to go away. —zid xelfa Eliya! Beat it!

¶ zad Ela 1. to bid against 2. to overcharge, to charge too much zad Eliya xemsa u-Eešrin derhem. He charged me twenty-five dirhams too much.

¶ zid Ela had š-ši besides, furthermore ¶ a.p. zayed pl. -in unnecessary, superfluous, extra

¶ b-zayed 1. much, a great deal of Eăndhom le-flus b-zayed. They've got a great deal of money. 2. very much, a lot ka-tebġih b-zayed. She likes him very much.

¶ zayed nages more or less

** Eandi zayed nages. I don't care. It doesn't make any difference to me. I couldn't care less.

ad (no pl.) provisions (for a journey)
aġ iziġ v.i. (v.n. ziġa) 1. to get out of hand
had l-weld xessu le-¿sa, rah bda iziġ. This
child needs a beating, he's getting out of
hand. 2. to show insolence, to be insolent
3. to show (unwarranted) dissatisfaction
with what one has

ahed adj. pl. -in n.pl. zohhad ascetic, hermit al izul v.i. (v.n. zwal) 1. to come out had t-teb a dzul b-l-ixiya? Will this spot come out with bleach? 2. to go out, to disappear l-fekra kollha zalet men balu. The very thought has gone out of his mind. 3. to come off ker an 3-selya kollhom zalu. All the legs of the chair have come off. 4. to be dismissed, to be removed adad de-l-kottab zalu men bala ntixab r-ra?is z-zdid. Many secretaries have been dismissed since the election of the new president. 5. to be omitted, to be left out had l-feqra gir zayda, imken-lha dzul. This paragraph is unnecessary; it could be omitted.

¶ma-zal f. -a pl. -in 1. still ma-zala čăndu maganti. He still has my watch. -ma-zal ma-Erefnah š-ġad-idir. We still don't know what he's going to do.

—ma-zalin ka-ixedmu m ana. They're still working with us. —ma-zal-lna l-weqt. We still have time. 2. not yet (in a reply) weždet le-ġda?—ma-zala. Is lunch ready?—Not yet.

¶ aw ma-zal, wella ma-zal yet (in interrogative) fedda šġalu aw ma-zal? Has he finished his work yet?

zaman same as zman

zamil pl. zumala? 1. colleague, associate

2. friend

zanadiq pl. of zendiq

zar izur v.t. (v.n. zyara, zuran) to visit, to pay a visit to

** zaretna l-baraka. said upon welcoming a guest, expressing one's joy over his visit

zarafa pl. -t giraffe

zaweg f- 1. to seek asylum in zawget

fe-s-sifara s-swisriya. She sought asylum at the Swiss Embassy. 2. to ask (s.o.) to intercede 3. to beg, to beseech

zaweq mercury, quicksilver

zawš n.u. -a sparrow

zawya pl. -t, zwawi center where members of a Muslim brotherhood gather (usually a mosque built around the tomb of a saint) zayed a.p. of zad

zaydun besides, furthermore

zaza pl. -t 1. wail, wailing (e.g. of mourning women, crying child) 2. shouting, yelling

¶nuwwed zaza, Emel zaza 1. to wail (e.g. in mourning) 2. to shout

zaž n.u. -a 1. glass had z-zlayef de-z-zaž.

These bowls are made of glass. 2. (window) pane 3. windshield

¶ zaž Eraqi stained glass

zaz em v.t. 1. to jostle, to elbow 2. to compete with

zbabel pl .of zebbala

zbal pl. of zbel

zbati pl. of zebta

zbayel pl. of zebla

zebbal pl. -a garbage man

zebbala pl. -t, zbabel garbage dump

zebbar ag, n. of zber

zebbara pl. -t billhook

zebbel f- or l- to cuss out, to call names ma-derbettu zetta ma-xella ma zebbel fiha. She didn't hit him until he called her all sorts of names.

zebda pl. zbud sweet butter

zbib n.u. -a 1. raisin 2. large mole (skin)

zbibi pl. -yen purplish red

zbir v.n. of zber zbita dim. of zebta zbel pl. zbal 1. trash, garbage 2. worthless sa Ea zeglu. He shot at the bird but missed article, piece of junk zebla pl. -t, zbayel 1. blunder 2. misdeed, zegya pl. -t n.i. of zga wrongful act zegyan v.n. of zga zber v.t. (v.n. zbir) 1. to hedge, to trim a zġaba pl. of zoġbi zġaret pl. of zeġrata hedge 2. to break, to destroy, to ruin (s.o.) zebra pl. -t (blacksmith's) anvil zġeb n.u. zeġba (body) hair zogbi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. zgaba 1. ill-fated zbet f. zebta pl. zubet naked, nude ¶ & ărvan zbet stark naked 2. jinx, cause of bad luck zebia pl. -t, zbaii, zbut (dim. zbita) (naked) zoglal n.u. -a type of small snail body gselt d-derri u-gettat-lu zbettu b-izar. zegnen v.i. to hum kanet ka-dzegnen mea She washed the baby and covered his body rasha. She was humming to herself. -n-n-al bdaw izegnnu fe-s-sbaz bekri. with a sheet. The bees started humming early in the zebti pl. -ven flesh-colored morning. zbud pl. of zebda zegrata pl. -t, zgaret n.i. of zegret zbut pl. of zebta zegret v.i. (v.n. dzegrit) to ululate joyously zdir v.n. of zder zdez v.t. (v.n. zdiz) to slam gedbet u-zedz et (women) l-bab u-xeržet. She got mad, slammed the zha izha v.i. (v.n. zhu) to have an enjoyable door and left. -rfed s-sendug u-zed u time (especially an amorous drinking ses-Eăl l-erd zetta therres. He took the box sion in a cozy atmosphere) and slammed it (down) on the floor so zohd asceticism zehha v.t. to entertain (s.o.) in the way hard that it broke. zdim v.n. of zdem described under zha zdem v.i. (v.n. zdim) to step, to set one's foot zohhad n.pl. of zahed ila mšiti z etta zdemti temma ra-bbak zehhar pl. -in ag. adj. of zher zehheg v.t. 1, to slide, to cause to slide 2. to iderbek. If you set your foot in there your father will beat you. lead astray Tzehhqu- l-, zehheq le-Eqel l- to be-¶zdem f-, zdem Ela to walk all over zeff v.i. (v.n. zeffan) 1. to blow (e.g. wind) wilder zehhauh-lu or zehhau-lu & ăalu. 2. zeff Ela to jump on, to take by surprise They bewildered him. zehher v.i. 1. to bloom, to blossom 2. to (aggressively) zeffan v.n. of zeff prosper zhiq v.n. of zheq zeffet v.t. to asphalt (both to pave with zhir v.n. of zher asphalt and also more generally) zheq v.i. (v.n. zhiq) 1. to slip, to skid 2. to zfer f. zefra pl. zufer rancid, emitting an unpleasant smell (food) be slippery 3. to err, to go astray zeft asphalt ** zehget ruzu. He's dead (breathed his zfula pl. of azfel last). - zheq-lu & ăqlu. He's lost his mind. zfura, zfuriya rancid smell zehqa n.i. of zheq zefzafi strong, cold wind zher v.i. (v.n. zhir) 1. to roar (lion) 2. to zefzuf n.u. -a edible fruit of the jujube family moan, to groan zga izga v.i. to be quiet gul le-d-drari izgaw. ¶ zher Ela to scold, to reprimand Tell the children to be quiet. zher v.i. to prosper zher 1. orange blossom 2. luck zga izgi v.i. (v.n. zga, zegyan) to shout ¶ $ekmu^{\phi}$ (or $t \mid \tilde{a} \in -lu^{\phi}$ or $\tilde{a} n d u^{\phi}$) ¶zga Ela 1. to call ģir xellik f-bitek, z-zher to be lucky \neq mnavn tužed le-gda nezgiw Elik. Just stav ** țale E-lha z-zher. Everything's going in your room, we'll call you when lunch is her way. ready. 2. to chide, to reprimand I tleb zehru¢ to try one's luck gad-ttleb zga v.n. of zga zherha f-le-mtiz an. She's going to try her zgaden pl. of zegdun luck at the exam. zgafi pl. of zegfa zehri, zohri pl. -yen nearsighted zegdun pl. zgaden rag, worn piece of cloth zhu v.n. of zha zgef v.t. (v.n. zgif) to sip (often noisily) zehwani pl. -yen one who frequents parties of zegfa pl. -t, zgafi (dim. zgifa) sip the type described under zha zgif v.n. of zgef zif pl. zyuf, zyufa 1. handkerchief 2. scarf zgifa dim. of zegfa ziga v.n. of zag zgil v.n. of zgel zin beauty zgel v.t. (v.n. zgil) to miss niyyeš čăl t-țir Tz-zin u-le-bha balsam

zina pl. -t 1. v.n. of zna 2. ornament, decoration 3. make-up (cosmetics)

zina pl. -t. zven dozen

zit f. pl. zyut oil (cooking, mineral)

¶ zit l-gaz kerosene

Tzit l-xerwă E castor oil

Tzit l-Eud olive oil

ziti pl. -yen forest green
zitun n.u. -a 1. olive 2. olive tree

¶ kā ži zituna pl. kuā i zitun pitch black zituni pl. -ven olive green

ziwani goatskin leather dyed yellow

ziy pl. *ezya* style, fashion E ămmru ma-lbes z-ziy l-*urebbi. He's never dressed in European style.

ziy v.n. of zwa

¶ qtă & z-ziy to hush, to shut up

ziyyar pl. -a 1. vise (tool) 2. severity, strictness kan ziyyar kbir f-le-mtiz an. The exam was very severe.

zivvat pl. -a oil dealer

ziyyed v.t. 1. to move ziyyedt šleyti l-l-qeddam baš nqerreb l-l-mu adir. I moved my chair to the front so I would be near the lecturer.

2. to take ziyyed n-nas le-mwade hom. Take the people to their seats.—huwa qal-li nziyyed l-Zāud le-s-sehriž išrob. He told me to take the horse to the pond to drink. 3. to get into, to involve škun ziyydek l-had l-muwqif? Who got you into this situation?

ziyyen v.t. 1. to adorn, to decorate 2. to embellish 3. to make better, to ameliorate, to improve 4. v.i. to get spruced up, to doll up

Tziyyen f- to praise bqaw ka-iziyynu-lu f-bent Eămmhom Zetta xdaha. They kept praising their cousin to him till he married her.

ziyyer v.t. 1. to tighten (e.g. a screw) 2. to crack down on, to be strict with melli bda iziyyerhom ma-bqaw-š iziw m attlin. Since he cracked down on them they stopped coming late. 3. to embarrass ziyyrettu melli zebdet d-dbaz lli wqā binathom. She embarrassed him by mentioning the argument they had. 4. to constrain ziyyruha zetta xellset lli kan ittsalha kollu. They constrained her to pay everything she owed.

¶ ziyyer Ela to be hard on l-feqya kollhom ziyyru Elina f-le-mti anat. All the teachers were hard on us during the exams. ziyyet v.t. to oil, to grease

ziyyet v.i. to grind, to creak l-bab xeşşha z-zit baš ma-tebqa-ši dziyyet. The door needs oiling so it will stop creaking.

zizen v.t. 1. to make dumb, speechless 2. to make be quiet (by intimidation)

zizun pl. zyazen dumb, mute

zizwa pl. -t small aluminum cup with a long handle, used for making tea or coffee

zka izka v.i. to increase, to abound sokkan had le-mdina gir ka-izkaw. The population of this city keeps increasing.

zka pl. -wat tithe, tithing (paid by Muslims to the needy)

zkarem pl. of zekrum

zekka v.i. to pay the zka

** !!ah izekki & mrek! May you have a long life!

zekri see bu-zekri

zekrum pl. zkarem 1. sliding metal bolt for locking doors 2. sourpuss

zlafa pl. zlayef 1. bowl (vessel) 2. mug, face (pejorative)

zlag pl. -at string (e.g. of beads, doughnuts, figs)

zlalet pl. of zellat

zlayef pl. of zlafa

zlazel pl. of zelzal

zliq v.n. of zleq

zella pl. -t 1. blunder, gross error 2. sin, misdeed

zellal pl. -a woman-chaser

zellat pl. zlalet cudgel, club zellavži pl. -ya mosaicist, tile-setter

zellef v.t. and v.i. 1. to scorch, to burn š-šems ka-dzellef l-yum. The sun is scorching today. 2. to cause great grief to, to grieve a great deal zellfethom l-mut d-weldhom s-sāir. The death of their young son caused

them great grief.

zelleg v.t. 1. to thread, to pass through the eye of a needle 2. to string (e.g. beads, doughnuts. figs)

zelliž n.u. -a ceramic tile

zellež v.t. to cover with mosaic, to tile

zellă v.t. to spill, to scatter žmã v.z.rã lli zellă ti. Pick up the wheat you spilled.

zleq v.i. (v.n. zliq) 1. to slide, to slip zelqet u-tazet. She slipped and fell. 2. to skid s-siyara zelqet u-dexlet f-šežra. The car skidded and went into a tree. 3. to be slippery sug gir be-š-šwiya zit t-triq ka-dzleq. Drive slowly because the road is slippery.

zelqef v.t. to catch (in the air) zelt penury, poverty, misery

** darbu z-zelt. He's broke.

zelzal pl. zlazel earthquake zelzel v.t. to shake, to cause to move

zelzla n.i. of zelzel

zmam pl. -at, zmayem written record (general term)

zmamer pl. of zemmara

zman 1. time z-zman iwerrina škun meah l-zăqq. Time will show us who's right.

2. formerly, in time past zman ma-kanu-š n-nas isafru bezzaf. Formerly, people didn't travel a lot.

** qehru z-zman or taz bih z-zman. He's had difficult moments.

¶ dwayeb z-zman contingency, any future difficulty

¶ dreb 1-z esba le-z-zman to think of the hardships of life (and therefore take one's precautions)

¶ fe-z-zman z-zamani a long time ago, way back in the old days

zmayem pl. of zmam

zemm v.t. to close tight, to shut zemm fommek. Shut your mouth.

zemmara pl. -t, zmamer 1. toy horn (type of noisemaker) 2. horn (e.g., used by a referee)

alq z-zemmara piercing, high-pitched تح voice zălqha bzal zălq z-zemmara. She has a high-pitched voice.

zemmita food prepared from grilled ground maize, oil, and sometimes honey

zemmem v.t. 1. to record, to note down xessek dzemmem hadi f-konnašek. You should record this in your notebook. 2. to register, to enroll gad-izemmen weldu fe-l-medrasa gedda. He's going to register his son in school tomorrow.

zemmer v.i. to blow a horn

¶ zemmer f- to blow (a horn)

zemmuri pl. -yen inhabitant of the Zemmour region

zmer expr. used in mild swearing as Emelti l-had z-zmer de-š-šelya? What did you do to this darn chair?

** z-zmer! Aw, shucks! --tļā &-lu z-zmer f-rasu. He got fed up.

zmet v.i. (v.n. zemt) to be muggy (weather) zemt v.n. of zmet

zmurrud n.u. -a emerald (stone)

zmurrudi pl. -yen emerald green

zemzem (also bir zemzem) name of the

sacred well in Mecca zna izni v.i. (v.n. zina, zna) 1. to commit

adultery 2. to become a prostitute 3. to be promiscuous (both male and female) zna v.n. of zna

¶weld (bent) z-zna 1. illegitimate boy (girl) 2. dishonest person, swindler znabel pl. of zenbil

znad pl. -at hammer (of a firearm)

znafer pl. of zenfara

znagi pl. of zenga

znatet pl. of zentit znaydi pl. -ya gunsmith

zenbil pl. znabel canister used for keeping tea zned v.i. (v.n. znid) to get hotter (fire, argument, weather, etc.)

zendig pl. zanadig rascal, worthless person zenfara pl. znafer protruding lip (animal)

¶ pl. znafer muzzle, snout (animal) zeng zinc

znid v.n. of zned

zniga dim. of zenga

zenned v.t. 1. to make hotter, to fan xdit l-kir baš nzenned l-Eafya. I used the bellows to make the fire hotter. 2. to rile (up) zenndettu melli bdat texti fih. She riled him (up) when she started calling him names.

¶ zennedha~ to gorge oneself (with food) zenga pl. -t, znagi (dim. zniga) street zengawi pl. -yen 1. colloquial (speech)

2. vulgar, low, base zentit pl. znatet tail (animal) zenzen v.i. to ring (e.g. a tuning fork) zenžar, zenžar le-Eraqi verdigris zenžari pl. -yen turquoise blue zenžlan sesame

zenžer v.t. and v.i. to rust le-bruda zenžret s-swaret. The dampness has rusted the keys. -le-msamer kollhom zenžru. All the nails have rusted.

zeqq v.t. (v.n. zeqqan) to feed (bird feeding its young, person feeding a bird)

zeqqa pl. -t n.i. of zeqq

zeqqan v.n. of zeqq zrabi pl. of zerbiya

zradi pl. of zerda

zraq v.i. (v.n. zruga, zrugiya) to turn blue ģir š-šta zesņet u-s-sma zņaqet. As soon as it stopped raining the sky turned blue.

zrare & pl. of zerri&a zrawet pl. of zerwata

zraveb pl. of zriba

zraybi pl. -ya 1. rug weaver 2. rug dealer zraydi pl. -ya 1. party-goer 2. glutton

zrazer pl. of zerzur

zreb 1. v.t. to hurry, to rush ila zrebti l-xedma raha ma-ttlă &-š mezvana. If you hurry the work it won't be well done. -la-dzrebha-ši baš tsuwweb l-xedma mčawwta. Don't rush her so she can do the work right. 2. v.i. to hurry, to be in a hurry, to hasten xessek dzreb baš teqbet blasa mezyana. You'll have to hurry to get a good seat.

** zreb tă tel. Haste makes waste. zerb pl. zruba 1. hedge 2. thicket

zerba haste, hurry

¶ b-zerba, be-z-zerba 1. immediately qol-lhom ixeržu be-z-zerba. Tell them to go out immediately. 2. quickly grit had le-ktab b-zerba baš nebda wazed axor. I read this book quickly so I could start another one. 3. in a hurry ktebt-lu risala be-z-zerba qbel-ma nexrož. I wrote him a letter in a hurry before I left.

zerban pl. -in in a hurry, rushing huwa dima zerban. He's always in a hurry.

zerbiya pl. -t, zrabi (dim. zribya) rug

zred v.i. (v.n. zrid) 1. to gorge oneself (with food) 2. to offer an elaborate meal, to put

on a "feed" 3. to partake of an elaborate meal zerda pl. -t, zradi, zrud feast, party with elaborate meal zreg v.t. (v.n. zrig) to sneak in gir l-buwwab duwwer wežhu u-hiya zerget weldha. The minute the doorman turned his back she sneaked her son in. zreg pl. zureg 1. same as zreg 2. green, inexperienced zriba pl. zrayeb type of stable for cattle zribya dim. of zerbiya zrid v.n. of zred zrig v.n. of zreg zriqa pl. -t type of gold or silver-colored fish zriwta dim. of zerwata zrizi dim. of zerzay zrič v.n. of zrăč zermumiya pl. -t type of lizard zreq f. zerqa pl. zureq 1. blue (color) 2. livid, ashy pale 3. useless, unproductive xrež-lu n-nhar zreq. He's had an unproductive (unlucky) day. zergtun, zergtuna minium, red lead zerradiya pl. -t (pair of) pliers zerreb v.t. to hedge in zerreg v.i. to pour zerrgu d-dmu & men Zăyniha. Tears poured from her eyes. zerrica pl. -t, zrare grain, seed ¶ zerriet l-kettan 1. linseed 2. linseed oil men l-medrașa. He used to run away from school. - zertaw men l-Easker u-qetEu le-7 dada. They deserted the army and crossed the border.

zerrer v.i. to make a gift to a new-born baby zerruq pl. -in blue-eyed zerța v.i. to run away, to desert kan ka-izerți zruba pl. of zerb

zrud pl. of zerda

zruga, zrugiva 1. v.n. of zrag 2. blue, blueness zru at pl. of zra &

zerwal pl. -in blue-eyed

zerwata pl. zrawet (dim. zriwta) club, cudgel zerwet v.t. to beat with a club, to club

zerzay pl. -a (dim. zrizi) porter, person who carries things for hire

zerzur pl. zrazer starling (bird)

zră v.t. (v.n. zri) 1. to sow fuq-aš ġad-nzer Eu had l-eerd? When are we going to sow this field? —l-Eam l-maži nzer u gir z-zră . Next year we'll sow only wheat.

Tzră le-klam to make insinuations, to make insinuating remarks fuq-emma ka-išufu ka-izră &-lu le-klam. Every time he sees him he makes insinuating remarks to

zṛā E pl. (of intensity) zṛu E at hard wheat ztata protective escort (provided when crossing dangerous country)

ztim v.n. of ztem (same as zdem) ztem same as zdem

zettat pl. -a ag. n. of zettet

zettet v.t. 1. to escort (s.o. crossing dangerous country) 2. to help, to give assistance to (s.o. in dire circumstance) ¶ zettet rasu ϕ to manage, to get by

zubet pl. of zbet

zubya pl. -t, zwabi 1. pit used as an incinerator 2. obnoxious, difficult person

zufer pl. of zfer

zufri pl. -ya ill-mannered, uncultured person;

zuhaga pl. zwaheg earring zur forgery

> ¶ šahed z-zur false witness, perjurer ¶ šhadt z-zur false testimony, periury

zuran v.n. of zar zureg pl. of zreg (same as zreg)

zureq pl. of zreq

zuwwa v.t. to make squeak ma-tă Eref-ši

tšedd l-bab bla-ma dzuwwiha? Can't you close the door without making it squeak? zuwwaga pl. -t siren

zuwwaq pl. -a painter (artist)

zuwway pl. -a ag. n. of zwa

zuwwed v.t. to provide hiya lli zuwwdetni be-l-mă Elumat lli ztažit kollha. She's the one who provided me with all the information I needed.

zuwweg v.i. 1. to blow a horn 2. to blow a siren

zuwwel v.t. 1. to take off zuwwlet s-sebbat u-lebset n altha. She took off her shoes and put on her sandals. 2. to take out, to remove zuwwelt z-zažat lli merrugin kollhom. I took out all the burned out bulbs.

—zuwwelna tmenya de-n-nas men l-la?iza. We removed eight people from the list. 3. to take away getta in t-trig zuwwlu-lu beztamu. The highwaymen took his wallet away from him.

zuwweg v.t. to decorate, to embellish

zuwwer v.t. 1. to forge (money, document, etc.) 2. to pray for (s.o.) during the Pilgrimage or the visit to a saint

zuwwež v.t. to marry zuwwžu benthom

b-wazed l-muzami. They married their daughter to a lawyer. -l-qadi zuwwežhom had s-sbac. The judge married them this morning.

zuž 1. two 2. same as zewž

zuža 1. same as zewža 2. pl. -t, zwaž (dim. zwiža) pair šrit sett zwaž de-t-tqašer. I bought six pairs of socks. 3. team (animals)

zu Eama pl. of z Eim

zu čăr pl. of zčăr

zwa same as zwa 1 and 2 zwa izwi (v.n. ziy) 1. v.t. to hit in the stomach (e.g. with the fist) 2. to cause pain in the zwabi stomach (e.g. blow with the fist, improper food, etc.) 3. v.i. to squeak (bird, child, mouse, musical instrument, door, etc.) zwabi pl. of zubya zwaheg pl. of zuhaga zwal v.n. of zal zwan n.u. -a birdseed zwaq pl. -at 1. design, ornamentation 2. decorative style (architecture) zwawi pl. of zawya zwaž 1. pl. of zuža 2 2. pl. -at marriage zwin pl. -in (dim. zwiwen) beautiful, attractive zwiwen pl. -in dim. of zwin zwiža pl. -t 1. dim. of zuža 2 2. doublebarrelled shotgun (includes over-and-under type) ezya pl. of ziy zyada v.n. of zad ¶zyada Ela had š-ši moreover, furthermore ** baraka men z-zyada! or xlas men z-zyada! Oh come on! What are you trying to pull? zyan v.i. 1. to get better Taltu bdat dzyan. His condition is getting better. 2. to become (more) beautiful hiya ka-tekber u-hiya ka-dzyan. She becomes more beautiful as she grows up. zvara pl. -t 1. v.n. of zar 2. visit (to a person, saint, place) 3. offering placed into a chest when visiting a saint zyazen pl. of zizun zyen pl. of zina zvuf, zvufa pl. of zif zyut pl. of zit zeyyer same as ziyyer zezz used in the expr. be-z-zezz by force, unwillingly xerrežnah men d-dar be-z-zezz. We took him out of the house by force. ¶ be-z-zezz men (or \(la\) against one's will dzuwweż biha be-z-zezz Elih. He married her against his (own) will. ** gad-nebgaw mEahom be-z-zezz aw be-l-xater. We're going to stay with them whether they like it or not. zzam crowd, mob zzam kbir kan fe-s-suq. There was a big crowd at the market. zz az ef pl. of zezzaf zef v.i. (v.n. zef) to become paralyzed from the waist down zzef v.n. of zzef

zez afa pl. -t tank (military)

(also metaphorical)

zEaf v.n. of zEăf

z ama 1. v.n. of z am 2. courage, bravery n-nas kollhom ka-iqeddruh Eăl z-z Eama lli fih. Everybody respects him for his courage. z ațeț pl. of ză tut ză bul n.u. -a prickly pear (cactus or fruit) zčăf v.t. (v.n. zčaf, zčăf) to get angry zčăf Eliha Ela lli ma-Eărdet-š Ela xaltu. He got angry at her for not inviting his aunt. zčăf v.n. of zčăf ¶ tlã ε -luφ z-z ε ăf to get fed up ≠ ză&fan pl. -in angry, irritated kanet ză&fana Elih. She was angry with him. ză Efran saffron ză fṛani pl. -yen saffron yellow zčim pl. zu čama courageous, brave z Ei E ăr dim. of z E ăr ză luk pl. z alek purée of eggplant or carrots ză lula pl. z alel Ferris wheel zčăm v.i. (v.n. zčama) to gamble, to take a chance waxxa ma-Eăndu-š le-flus l-kafyen zčăm u-čța t-tesbiq fe-d-dar. Although he doesn't have enough money he gambled and put up a deposit on the house. -ma-ka-t& ărfu-š bezzaf, be-l-z ăgg ză met u-dzuwwżet bih. She doesn't know him very well, but she took a chance and married him. ză ma 1. supposedly ză ma huma la-bas Elihom. They're supposedly well off. 2. used as an intensifying adverb gir bgit nfesser-lu ză Ema kif ixeddem l-makina ž-ždida. I just wanted to explain to him how to operate the new machine. —ză ma ma-E reftiha-ši kanet hna? You mean you didn't know she was here? — Elaš ză Ema ma-teb qaw-š meana zetta nxeržu mežmuein? Why don't you stay with us so we can all leave together? —ză Ema ana saz bu, u-bă Ed dak š-ši zad Eliya fe-t-taman. I'm supposedly his friend, but he still overcharged me. – Etitu le-flus zaydin baš ză Ema idir xedma mezyana. I gave him some extra money so he would do a good job. —ka-itkellem bzal zăema ši-Ealem. He talks like a learned man. —šafet fina bzal ila ză Ema ma-kanet-š tă Erefna. She looked at us as if she didn't know us. zeăf paralysis of the lower part of the body zčăr f. ză Era pl. zu Eăr (dim. z Ei Eăr) zezma pl. -t 1. same as zzam 2. dysentery blond zezzaf pl. -a, zzazef person without legs ză rat pl. -in ag. adj. of ză ret ză ret v.i. to gallop zezzăf to paralyze from the waist down ză *ter* thyme ză Et used in the expr. be-z-ză Et So what! Who cares!

z afer (pl.) mustache Eandu z afer kbar.

He has a big mustache.

z Ealel pl. of ză Elula

ză ţuţ pl. z ațeţ long trumpet-like horn (similar to nfir)

ză ză c v.t. 1. to shake, to jolt ka-iză c z u l-eerd mnayn ka-ikunu ka-ilă c bu. They shake the ground when they play. 2. to disturb la-dză c ză c-s xak, rah na c es. Don't disturb your brother, he's asleep.

ză Eză E v.i. to shout, to vell

ză E am, ze E am pl. -in daring, brave

ză Eăf v.t. to irritate, to make angry had l-weld ka-iză Eăfni b-le-bka dyalu. This child irritates me with his crying.

—ză E fetni mnin qalt-li ma-mažya-š. She made me angry when she told me she wasn't coming.

ză E ăm v.t. to encourage, to urge nasa? iz l-? ustad dyali hiya lli ză E metni baš ndir l-zuquq. It was my teacher's advice that encouraged me to study law.—szabu kollhom ză E muh E ăl z-zwaž biha. All his friends urged him to marry her.

ž

ža iži (v.n. mži; n.i. mežva; impy. aži pl. ažiw; a.p. maži f. mažya pl. mažyen or žay f. žayya pl. žayyen) 1. to come waš nta maži l-čăndna had l-lila? Are you coming to our house tonight? -mnayn ža dak s-sda ? Where did that noise come from? —waš ža xak wella ma-zal? Has your brother come yet? 3. to be about to mnin žit nexrož šedd l-bab. When I was just about to leave he shut the door. 4. to be, to be located (in perfect tense) fayn žat darkom? Where's your house? 5. to please, to suit, etc. had l-keswa žatni mezyana. I like this suit. -kif žak dak le-ktab? How do you like that book? -kif žatek fatima? What do you think of Fatima?

** kif žitek? How about that? What do you think of that? —š-ka-ižik? What relation is he to you? —š\tau l žatni? How much did it come to (i.e., what do I owe)? —ma-nži fayn nwelli ražel muhimm zetta neržā\tau šihani. By the time I'm an important person I'll be an old man. —žah zriq r-ras. He has a headache.

¶ža m E a 1. to suit, to become had t-terbuš ža m E ak. That fez becomes you. 2. to match, to go with had t-triya ma-žat-š m E a had l-bit. That chandelier doesn't go with this room.

¶ a.p. maži pl. mažyen, žay pl. žayyen coming, next ġadi nsafer š-šher l-maži. I'm going to take a trip next month.

žab ižib v.t. 1. to bring bbaha žab-lha hdiya had n-nhar. Her father brought her a present today. 2. to import l-meġrib ka-ižib le-mwaken men fransa. Morocco imports machines from France. 3. to cause weldek ka-ižib-lek bezzaf de-s-sda mea n-nas. Your boy causes you a lot of trouble with people.

** aš žabek f-had le-fdul? or aš žabek fiya? What business is this of yours?

¶žab-lu¢ rebbi to think ≠ žab-li rebbi

šeftha l-bare. I thought I saw her yesterday.

Tžab s-sfa l- to beat, to defeat, to outdo, to win out over (s.o.) kont ka-ndenn glebtu lakin leab be-l-las u-žab-li s-sfa. I thought I had him beat but he played an ace and defeated me.

žababira pl. of žebbar

žaḥan 1. kind of taffy 2. kind of divinity (candy)

žabr (art. l-) algebra

žad ižud v.i. to be generous ka-ižud Elina dima b-le-flus. He's always generous toward us with his money.

žadawil pl. of žedwel

žadel v.t. to argue with (rare usage)

žadarmi pl. -ya (obsolescent) type of rural and highway policeman

žaf ižif v.i. 1. to drown 2. to choke, to suffocate (to death)

žah (art. l-) esteem, prestige

** ya zah n-nbi! All right, let's get at it! (said upon undertaking some task)

¶ b-žah through, thanks to, by the grace of b-žah l-walidin kemmelt le-qraya dyali. Thanks to my parents I finished my studies. žahed f- 1. to combat, to wage holy war against (infidels) 2. to work zealously at (some job)

** ka-ižahed f-nefsu. He's killing himself (with work, drinking, etc.).

žahiliya (with art. l-) pre-Islamic time (characterized by idolatry)

žahel see žhel

žahennam (f.), žahennama (no art.) hell

** žahennama hadi! It sure is hot (in here, today, etc.)!

žal ižul v.i. 1. to travel around, to tour (tourist, troupe) 2. to wander, to roam

žalala pl. -t (art. l-) majesty (title)

¶žalat (or žalalăt) l-malīk His Majesty the King

žalid (art. l-) same as žlid

žalil pl. -in 1. fine, excellent, of excellent

zaluq

quality (person, animal) 2. noble, great (person)

žaluq (art. l-) n.u. -a 1. tin (metal) 2. tin can žamed a.p. of žmed

žamič (art. l-) same as žmič

Tbe-l-žamiE, fe-l-žamiE, in all, all together šzal žatni be-l-žamiE? How much do I owe in all?

žamur pl. žwamer (art. often l-) type of ornamental ball used on spires of buildings

žame pl. žwame (art. often l-) 1. mosque2. Koranic school (usage not prevalent)

Nžame E de-n-nsara church (building) Nžame E d-l-ihud synagogue

žanab (usually no art.) excellency (title for ministers, ambassadors, etc.)

¶žanab le-xlifa (or l-xalifa) His Excellency the Caliph

žaneb v.t. 1. to sit beside (s.o.) 2. to avoid

žanīb pl. žawanib (art. l-) side, viewpoint žanub (art. l-) south (n.)

¶ l-l-žanub south (adv.) mšat l-l-žanub. She went south.

žanubi pl. -yen southern, from the south, south (usually for things)

žar ižur v.i. to act unjustly, to be unfair or unjust

¶žar Ela to oppress, to tyrannize over ¶a.p. žayer pl. -in unfair, unjust (person) žar pl. žiran (art. often l-) neighbor žardini pl. -ya gardener

žari a.p. of žra

žarima pl. -t, žrayem (art. l-) crime, felony žariya pl. -t, žawari (art. l-) concubine

žasăd (no pl., art. l-) body (live human) žawanib pl. of žanib

žawari pl. of žariya

žaweb v.t. to answer (s.o., phone, an accusation, etc.) žawebni čăl s-suºal dyali!

Answer my question!—žawebni b-žuž de-d-dermat čăl l-bab. He answered me with two knocks on the door.

žawi (art l-) benzoin

žawer v.t. 1. to be the neighbor of, to live next door to 2. to neighbor, to be next to (as one house does another)

žaweš (sg. and coll., art. l-) sparrow

žay a.p. of ža

žayer a.p. of žar

žay z a pl. -1 (art. l-) misfortune, disaster, calamity derbettu l-žay z a. He's been struck by misfortune.

¶ darbah ϕ (ž-)žay \subset a (adj. usage) worthless, useless, good-for-nothing \neq had d-dar darbaha žay \subset a. This house is no longer any good.

žaza v.t. to reward, to recompense

** !lah ižazik bi-xir. Thank you.

¶ llah ižazik bi-xir . . . ila ma (impv.) please . . . (impv.)

žaž same as zaž

žač ižuč v.i. to become or get hungry ana žāčt. I'm hungry.

žķaķen pl. of žeķķana

žbahi pl. of žebha

žbal pl. of žbel

žbala n.pl. of žebli

žbayer pl. of žbira žebbada pl. -t slingshot (kind with a forked frame)

žehhana pl. -t, žhahen; žehhaniya pl. -t large bowl (for serving soup, fruit, etc.)

žebbar pl. -a, žababira (art l-) 1. tyrant, despot 2. one who splints broken arms, legs, etc.

žebbayda same as žebbada

žebbed v.t. 1. to stretch 2. to pull or draw tight 3. to lay out (s.o. on a bed, etc.)
4. to pull, to tug 5. to knock down (s.o. with a blow)

¶ part. mžebbed pl. -in clever, cunning, keen-minded

žebber v.t. to set and splint (a broken leg)
žbed (v.n. žbid) 1. v.t. to pull on, to tug on
(as a rope) 2. v.t. to pull out, to draw out
(as a drawer) 3. v.t. to take out, to remove
(as from a pocket) 4. v.t. to provoke, to
incite (s.o. to fight) huwa lli žbedni! He
started it! (i.e., he incited me to fight him)
5. v.t. to raise, to bring up (question, point)
6. v.i. to run or go rapidly (car, horse,
runner) 7. v.i. to last, to go on ma-zal ižbed
sa Layn. There are still two hours to go.
—ma-zal ižbed sinin. He's still got years to
go. He'll last for years now.

¶ žbed m a to hit, to strike žbed m aha b-terša. He struck her with his hand.

žebda pl. -1 1. n.i. of žbed 2. stretch (distance, time) walayenni žebda menn hna l-merrakeš! It's a heck of a long way from

here to Marrakech. žebha pl. -t, žbahi 1. forehead 2. nerve, audacity fih ž-žebha bezzaf. He's got a lot of nerve.

žbid v.n. of žbed

žbir v.n. of žber

žbira pl. -t, žbayer splint (along with its bandaging)

žbel pl. žbal mountain

žebli 1. pl. žbala member of žbala tribe 2. adj. pl. -yen n.pl. žbala from the mountains, mountain (folk)

žķen cheese (usually the indigenous Moroccan type)

žber v.t. (v.n. žbir) 1. to find žberti le-flus lli mšaw-lek? Have you found the money you lost? —lemma wselt žbertu na Ees. When I arrived I found him sleeping. 2. to discover žebril Gabriel (angel) žbuza pl. of žbez žebži (adj.) (very) black žbez pl. žbuz a (bee) hive ždad pl. of ždid ždam leprosy ždawel pl. of žedwel $\check{z}deb$ v.i. (v.n. $\check{z}dib$) to abandon oneself to ecstatic excitation (as in an ecstatic dance) ¶ždeb Ela to fly into a rage at (s.o.) žedba pl. -t 1. n.i. of ždeb 2. fit of rage or žedban pl. -in 1. furious, raging 2. in ecstatic excitation (as in a dance) žedd comp. of ždid žedd (art. l-) 1. seriousness, gravity 2. pl. ždud grandfather 3. pl. ždud ancestor ¶ be-l-žedd seriously, in earnest, in all seriousness ka-ntkellem m ak be-l-žedd. I'm speaking to you seriously. ¶ bin žedd u-mlaga half serious(ly) half joking (ly) žedda 1. (no pl.) anything new, novelty 2. pl. -t grandmother žedded v.t. 1. to bring up to date, to change zmed žedded n-nadariya dyalu. Ahmed has brought his views up to date. 2. to (ex) change for new, to replace (with new) žeddet l-? atat dyal bitha. She's changed the furniture of her room for new. 3. to renew (visa, contract, etc.) žeddi pl. -yen 1. serious (-minded) 2. conscientious žedder 1. v.t. to hide, to conceal 2. v.i. to take root (plant) 3. v.i. to stay too long, to overstay one's welcome ždib v.n. of ždeb ždid pl. -in, ždad (comp. žedd) 1. new 2. modern, recent ¶ men ždid, men da u-ždid again, anew, all over again Eawed-lhom men ždid. Tell them again. ždida Jadida, formerly Mazagan ždidi pl. -yen of or pertaining to ždida žder pl. ždur, ždura 1. root (of plant) 2. foot (of wall) Tžder le-fxed groin žedri 1, small-pox 2. small-pox vaccination ždud 1. pl. of žedd 2 and 3 2. grandparents ždur, ždura pl. of žder žduča pl. of ždăč žedwel (art. l-) pl. ždawel, žadawil (art. assimilated) time-table, schedule ždă e pl. žduea, foal, colt žed a pl. -t filly žfan pl. of žfen žfani pl. of žefna

žfayef pl. of žeffaf 1

žfayni pl. -ya maker of žfani

 $\check{z}eff$ (v.n. $\check{z}fif$) 1. v.t. to absorb (like a sponge) 2. v.t. and v.i. to dry (up, off) 3. v.t. to pump out or off, to drain (by pumping) žeffaf 1. pl. žfayef large piece of burlap-like cloth used in washing floors 2. pl. -a ag. n. and adj. of žeffef žeffafa pl. -t 1. sponge (natural and artificial) 2. mopping machine (i.e., any machine used to clean a floor in a wet manner) $\check{z}effef$ v.t. 1. to dry (off, up) 2. to sponge (up, off) žfif v.n. of žeff žfil v.n. of žfel žfel v.i. (v.n. žfil) 1. to shy (as a horse) 2. to become wild (from fear, anger) and struggle to get away žfen pl. žfan 1. region under the eye (which often darkens with illness) 2. eyelid 3. pl. of žefna žefna pl. -t, žfani, žfen type of large tub (usually for washing) žoġlal n.u. -a 1. empty shell or cartridge 2. (empty) shell (conch, snail, etc.) žogma, žegma pl. -t swallow (of liquid) Etini žogma de-l-ma! Give me a swallow of water! žografiya (art. l-) geography žhad same as žihad žhar same as žehr žhaz trousseau žehd (no colloquial pl.) 1. strength fih ž-žehd bezzaf. He has a lot of strength. 2. about, aproximately, around glest f-merrakeš žehd ši-čăšṛ iyyam. I stayed in Marrakech about ten days. ** hada ž-žehd! Time's up! That's enough! It's time to go! ** žehdi huwa xemsin. Fifty is the best I can do. –kollha u-žehdu or koll wazed Ela gder žehdu. Each does what he can with what he has.

¶ be-ž-žehd indicates some extreme of action: ma-ddreb-š Ela ketfi be-ž-žehd! Don't hit my shoulder so hard! -ma-tsug-š be-ž-žehd! Don't drive so fast!

-ka-yă mel koll-ši be-ž-žehd. He does everything violently. - E ăyyeţ-lu

be-ž-žehd! Yell (at him) louder)!

¶žehd-aš 1. (about) how much žehd-aš zăbbiti d-atay? How much tea would you like? 2. about what time žehd-aš ġad-dži? About what time are you coming?

¶žehd-emma, žehd-ma as much as xud žehd-emma tzebb! Take as much as you

¶ ξ mel žehdu ϕ to do one's best ξ mel žehdu be-l-zăqq bla fayda. He did his best, but in vain.

žehhed v.t. indicates a general reinforcement of some action or condition žehhed r-radyu!

234

Turn up the radio! -žehhed l-ma! Turn the water on harder!

žhel 1. v.t. to not know anything about, to be unaware of ana ka-nežhel had š-ši. I don't know anything about this. 2. v.i. to indulge in or utter profanity

¶ a.p. žahel pl. -in ignorant, uneducated žehl (art. l-) ignorance xessna nz arbu l-žehl. We must fight against ignorance.

žehr used in the expr. be-ž-žehr, be-l-žehr, or be-l-žhar: 1. openly (as opposed to secretly) 2. aloud (as in praying)

žib pl. žyub pocket (as in clothing)

žifa pl. -t (animal) carcass, carrion

žiha pl. -t, žwayeh (art. often l-) 1. direction mn-ina žiha nemši? Which direction shall I go? 2. place, area, spot f-ina žiha žat darkom? Where (in what place) is your house located? -waš hiya sakna f-had ž-žiha? Does she live in this area? —sir l-dak ž-žiha! Go over there (to that place)! - xessna nsebýu had ž-žiha. We have to paint this area (here). 3. side sbeg žihtek u-nesbeg žihti. You paint your side and I'll paint my side.

¶ men žiht 1. a relative of, related to huwa men žihti. He's a relative of mine. 2. on the side of (i.e., supporting, backing

I žiht in the area of, near, around darna žat žiht l-banka. Our house is near the bank.

¶ fe-žwayeh around, about žaw fe-žwayeh l-Eăšṛa. They came around ten (o'clock).

I ža men žiht to take the side of, to side with ža men žihtha fe-d-dă wa. He took her side in the lawsuit.

žihad (no pl.) holy war

žina?i pl. -yen (art. l-) criminal

ma-ka-ntkellef-š l-qadaya l-žina? iya. I don't handle criminal cases.

žinaya pl. -t (art. l-) crime, felony

žir 1. lime, quick-lime 2. whitewash

žiran pl. of žar

žiš same as žeyš

žiyyar pl. -a whitewasher

žiyyed pl. -in 1. excellent, very good 2. cultured, gentlemanly, proper, etc.

žiyyef v.t. 1. to strangle (but not necessarily kill) 2. to suffocate

žiyyer v.t. to whitewash, to spread with whitewash

^ęežl same as ^ęažăl

¶ l-?ežl, men ?ežl on account of, because of, for the sake of dert had š-ši l-? ežlu. I did it for his sake.

žla ižli v.t. 1. to lose žliti dak le-ktab? Have you lost that book? 2. to cause to end up in an inaccessible or unknown place (as hitting a golfball into the woods) fayn žlit dik l-ibra? Where did I put that needle? 3. to take away, to remove žliha Eliya! Take her away from me! 4. to exile 5. to deport 6. to corrupt, to lead astray

¿ ăžlaf pl. of ¿ ăžlef

žlaleb pl. of žellab, žellaba

žlayel (pl.) lower part of a dress, skirt, or

žlayži pl. -ya tile setter or layer (floors and walls)

žleb v.t. (v.n. želb) 1. to attract (magnet, light with bugs) 2. to entice, to lure želbatu le-d-dar. She lured him into the house. 3. to import (s.th. from a country) 4. v.i. to be vaccinated

¶ žleb l- to vaccinate

želb v.n. of žleb

želba pl. -t 1. n.i. of žleb 2. vaccination želban, želbana n.u. zăbba de-ž-želban (green) peas

želd pl. žlud 1. skin, hide (human, animal) 2. leather

želda pl. -t 1. skin, hide šzal men želda Cănziya šriti? How many goat skins did you buy? 2. piece of leather 3. lash (with a whip) 4. skinflint, niggard

?ăžlef pl. ?ăžlaf son of a bitch, bastard želfa pl. žluf rind (melon, cactus)

žlib vaccination (v.n.)

žlid frost, hoar frost

žellab, žellaba, žellabiya pl. -t, žlaleb type of North African robe with a hood

žellavži same as žlavži

želled v.t. 1. to cover with a skin (as a drum) 2. to punish, to correct (by some sort of beating)

želliž same as zelliž

žellex v.t. to spot, to strain (as with ink, grease, paint, etc.)

žellež same as zellež

žles same as gles

želsa pl. -t (art. l-) session

žlud pl. of želd

žluf pl. of želfa

žmal pl. of žmel

žmažem pl. of žemžma, žemžuma

žma a pl. -t group (people)

žma Ei pl. of žem Ea

žmed v.i. (v.n. žmid) 1. to freeze l-barez fe-l-lil l-ma žmed fe-l-wad. The river froze yesterday. -žmed fe-blastu be-l-xewf. He froze in his tracks from fright. 2. to coagulate (blood) 3. to become solid, to solidify

** žmed-lu l-ma fe-rkabih b-le-xbar. The news stopped him dead in his tracks.

¶a.p. žamed pl. -in 1. frozen (solid) 2. immobile, standing still

žmid v.n. of žmed

žmil 1. service, favor Eammrek Emelti fiya

ši-žmil? Have you ever done me a service? 2. pl. -in (comp. žmel) beautiful, pretty 3. pl. -in (comp. žmel) good, fine had l-xedma žmila. That's a fine job (you've done).

** bla žmil! You're welcome! (in answer to an expression of thanks, particularly to barek !!ahu fik! Thank you!)

žmila dim. of žemla

žmič 1. v.n. of žmač 2. all žmič s-sokkan xeržu men le-mdina. All the people left the

Tžmič lli everyone (who) žmič lli tlaqitu l-barez sellem Elik. Everyone I met yesterday told me to say hello to you. -žmi lli ka-itkellem b-l-ingliza irfă E yeddu. Everyone who speaks English, raise his hand.

žmel comp. of žmil 2 and 3

žmel pl. žmal camel

žemla pl. -t (dim. žmila) she-camel

žemla used in certain expr.

¶ be-l-žemla or be-l-žumla wholesale ka-ibič w-išri be-l-žemla. He deals whole-

¶men žmelt (from) among men žmelt l-boldan lli-zert f-Quruppa swisra

w-almanya. Among the European countries I've visited are Switzerland and Germany.

¶ men žmelt š-ši among other things men žmelt š-ši qal-li nta gad-ikun Eăndek mustequal mezyan. Among other things, he told me you would have a bright future.

žemmal pl. -a 1. camel driver, cameleer 2. wholesale dealer

žemma ¿ adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a (one) who enjoys group company during his leisure time žemmed v.t. 1. to freeze (solid) 2. to cause to coagulate (blood) 3. to solidify (some liquid)

žemmer v.t. to bake or roast (as to form a hard crust)

žemmă v.i. to get together (as for cards, drinking, etc.)

žmer n.u. žemra (hot) coal, ember

žemžama pl. -t; žemžma, žemžuma pl. -t, žmažem 1. skull 2. very intelligent person žmač v.t. (v.n. žmič) 1. to gather together or in a group (people, fruit, etc.) 2. to pick up (from the ground, etc.) 3. to collect (payments, stamps, etc.) 4. to save (money) 5. to add (up), to total žma had l-eerqam men fedlek! Add up these figures, please!

Tžmač bin 1. to reconcile ražel u-mratu txasmu u-ža huwa u-žma E binathom. A man and his wife had a quarrel and he came and reconciled them. 2. to reunite

¶žmă ξ trafu ϕ (or rasu ϕ) to get ready žma trafek baš nemšiw! Get ready so we can go!

¶ p.p. $mežmu \in pl. -in 1.$ total, sum šzal ža $fe-l-mežmu \in ?$ How much is the total? 2. (pl.) all together žaw mežmu in. They all came together.

 $\check{z}_{em} \mathcal{E}$ (no pl., art. l-) 1. assembly (of people) 2. addition (math.) 3. plural šnu huwa l-žem & dyal "šekkara"? What's the plural of "šekkara"?

žemča pl. -t, žmači week

¶ž-žemĘa, nhaṛ (or yum) ž-žemĘa Friday

žem čiya pl. -t (art. l-) 1. organization, society 2. committee, board 3. meeting, con-

žna ižni v.t. (v.n. žni) to pick, to collect (flowers, fruit)

žnab pl. of ženb

žnan pl. -at garden (basically vegetables) žnawa, žnawi pl. of ženwi

žnawez pl. of žnaz

žnayni pl. -ya gardener (private garden)

žnaz pl. ženzin, žnawez 1. wing (bird, airplane, building) 2. overhanging roof (as over a porch)

ženb pl. žnab 1. side (body, house, river, etc.) 2. edge (table, knife, river, etc.) 3. margin (as on paper) 4. (pl.) environs, suburbs ** rgod Ela ženb ṛ-ṛaza men žihtha. Rest assured there's no reason to worry about her.

¶ f-ženb next to, at the side of ka-neskon f-ženb l-banka. I live next to the bank.

žni v.n. of žna

ženn pl. žnun, f. ženniya pl. -t 1. genie 2. ghost, specter, spirit 3. devil

** derbuh ž-žnun. He had an epileptic attack. -fih ž-žnun. He's possessed of the devil.

ženna heaven, paradise

ženneb v.t. 1. to pull, push, draw over (to the side) ženneb siyartek šwiya! Pull your car over a little! 2. to turn (as a car) to one side (to avoid s.th.)

ženniya pl. -t 1. f. of ženn 2. fairy

žennes v.t. to match žennes hada mča hadak!

Match this one with that one!

¶žennes rasu¢ to become naturalized ≠ žennset rasha be-l-žensiva l-megribiva. She became naturalized as a Moroccan.

žens same as gens

žensiya pl. -t (art. l-) nationality

žnun pl. of ženn

ženwi pl. žnawa, žnawi knife (kitchen, hunting, dagger)

ženžlan n.u. 7 abba de-ž-ženžlan sesame (seed)

ženžer v.i. to rust (iron, steel)

ženzin pl. of žnaz

?žer v.t. to hire, to employ (for a temporary job)

žra ižri v.i. (v.n. žri) 1. to run taz mnin kan ka-ižri. He fell while he was running.

—had l-¿čawd ka-ižri b-sor¿a kbira. This horse can run very fast. —kayen ši-ma ka-ižri f-had d-dar? Is there any running water in this house? 2. to pass quickly (time)

** waš žrat keršek? Have your bowels

** waš žrat keršek? Have your bowels loosened up yet? —žra biha l-wad. There's a lot of it around.

¶ keršu ϕ žarya to have diarrhea \neq waš keršek žarya? Do you still have diarrhea?

¶žra Ela 1. to run after, to chase 2. to work hard for žrit Eăl š-šahada zetta šedditha. I worked hard for my degree until I got it. —žrit Elih zetta wella ražel. I worked hard for him until he grew up. ¶a.p. žari pl. žorray (tax) collector

žra ižra to happen, to occur kif žra zetta žiti? How does it happen you're here?

—žrat-lu ši-zaža f-režlih. Something's happen to his leg.

žradi pl. of žerda

žŗad n.u. -a grasshopper

žraf pl. of žorf

žran n.u. -a frog

žrayed pl. of žrida (n.u. of žrid)

žrayem pl. of žarima

žrayer pl. of žerrara žerba mange, scabies

žerbuč kankaroo rat, jerboa

žred v.t. (v.n. žrid) to scratch (with s.th. sharp)

žerda pl. -t, žradi 1. scratch 2. garden (flower)

žorf pl. žraf, žrufa bank, slope (of a cut in the ground or side of a road)

žri v.n. of žra

¶ be-ž-žri quickly, in a hurry

žri pl. of žru

žrid n.u. -a pl. žrayed branches of the datepalm

žrid v.n. of žred

žer. v.i. to chew the cud, to ruminate

žerr v.t. (v.n. žerran) 1. to pull (up) žerr š-šelya le-ţ-ţebṭa! Pull the chair up to the table. 2. to take or drag (off) ma-bġa-š ixrož zetta žerritu men yeddih. He wouldn't leave until I dragged him off by

wouldn't leave until I dragged him off by the hand.

Tžerr (or žerr mča) baš to get (s.o.) to, to entice (s.o.) into žerruh baš il čab

m Eahom. They got him to play with them. žerra v.t. 1. to make or cause (s.o.) to run (as from fright, force) 2. to let or cause to run or flow (water) 3. to dilute, to add water to 4. to melt, to liquefy

žerra used in the expr. wayenni žerra hadi!

or ¿la žerra!, expresses deep disgust and
general feeling of being fed up

žerran v.n. of žerr

žerrara pl. -t, žrayer 1. pulley 2. spool (usually of paper or wood, used for thread, yarn, etc.)

žerray pl. -a ag. n. of žra

žerreb v.t. 1. to try (out) & ămmrek žerrebti ? aglal? Have you ever tried snails?

-žerreb had s-sebbat! Try these shoes!
2. to test, to put to the test

žerred v.t. 1. to strip, to take the clothes off (s.o.) 2. to steal from, to rob (s.o.)

žru pl. -wat, žri puppy, pup (dog)

žrufa pl. of žorf

žerya pl. -t 1. n.i. of žra and žerra 2. life, manner of living 3. efforts kun ma-ši ž-žerya lli žerrit-lu Eal l-xedma, kun Eammru ma-iz esseļ Eliha. If it hadn't

cammyu ma-12-esse! Citna. It it hadn't been for the effort I put forth for him to get the job, he never would have gotten it. žeržer v.t. to drag (as along the ground)

žrez v.t. 1. to cut žrez seb u mnin kan ka-il čăb be-s-sekkin. He cut his finger while playing with the knife. 2. to hurt (feelings) žrez ti-li l- awațif dyali. You've hurt my feelings.

¶ p.p. mežruz pl. mžarez wounded person, casualty

žorz, žerz, žerz n.u. -a cut čăndu ši-žerz fe-dra ču. He has a cut on his arm.

žud (art. often l-) magnanimity

žuf 1. abdomen, belly 2. inside, interior žuher 1. precious ornaments or jewelry worn by the (Moroccan) bride 2. jewelry made

of gold and diamonds 3. n.u. žuhra cpl. žwaher pearl

¶ xiţ de-ž-žuher pearl necklace žula pl. -t tour, trip (pleasure)

žumad (f.) used in the names: žumad

l-luwwla, fifth month of the Muslim calendar; žumad t-tanya, sixth month of the Muslim calendar

žumhuri pl. -yen (art. l-) republican (both in general and specifically the American political party)

žumhuriya pl. -t (art. l-) republic

žumu a, yum (or nhar) ž-žumu a Friday žuqa pl. -t crowd (usually gathered due to curiosity)

žur (art. l-) 1. injustice 2. partiality 3. oppression, tyranny

žura neighborly friendship or relationship žuṭiya pl. -t 1. second-hand store (including pawn shop) 2. racket, noise, din

žuwwed v.t. and v.i. to chant (the Koran)

žuwweq v.i. to crowd, to form into a crowd or group

žuwwež same as zuwwež žuwwă ev.t. to starve, to not feed žuyuš pl. of žeyš žuž two čăndi žuž de-s-siyarat. I have two cars.

¶ b-žuž 1. both žibhom b-žuž m ak! Bring them both with you! 2. together (two) žaw b-žuž. They came together.

žuža pl. -t (dim. žwiža) pair šrit xemsa de-ž-žužat dyal t-tqašer. I bought five pairs of socks,

hunger ع žu

¶ bih^{ϕ} (or $\check{z}ah^{\phi}$) $\check{z}-\check{z}u\xi$ to be hungry \neq biya (or $\check{z}ani$) $\check{z}-\check{z}u\xi$. I'm hungry.

žwa pl. -wat 1. envelope 2. sheath, scabbard 3. case, container (s.th. used for keeping s.th. else)

žwab pl. -at answer, reply

žwad (pl.; art. le-) philanthropic, magnanimous people (of the city)

žwaher cpl. of žuher 3

žwahri pl. -ya jeweler (only jewelry)

žwamer pl. of žamur

žwame & pl. of žame &

žwan 1. June (month) 2. n.u. -a birdseed

žwar same as žura

žwayeh pl. of žiha

žwaž same as zwaž

žwed (comp., no absolute form) more generous, kind žwiža pl. -t 1. dim. of žuža 2. double-barrelled shotgun (includes over-and-under type)

žăwą pl. žwaą orchestra

žeyš pl. žuyuš, žyuš 1. army 2. service, branch (of service)

žyub pl. of žib

žvuš pl. of ževš

?ežžel v.t. to postpone

žzed (v.n. žzid) to deny žzed bin čămmru ma-ža lle-hna. He denied he'd ever been (come) here.

¶ž ed l-xir to be an ingrate, to be ungrateful

že ze v.i. to cuddle or snuggle up to a fire že j pl. ž viša young ass or donkey

žzuša pl. of žezš

ž Eab pl. of žă Eba

žĒafer (pl.) mustache (usually large or bushy)

žã ba pl. -t, ž ab 1. tube, (piece of) pipe 2. barrel (rifle)

žčil v.n. of žčăl

žčál v.t. (v.n. žčil) to put, to place žčál dak le-ktab fuq dak l-korsi! Put that book on that chair!

** lļah iž čāl fik l-baraka. Please. Thank you. That's enough.—ļļah ižā člek tenžez! Good luck!

zabaš, zabaša n.pl. of zabaši

zabaši adj. pl. -yen n.pl. zabaš, zabaša Ethiopian

¶ blad l-zabaš (or zabaša) Ethiopia

abla f. a.p. of בbel

neutral (on an issue)

zada v.t. (v.n. mzadya) to touch, to bother, to disturb xelli zwayžek čăndha ila bģiti ma-izadihom zădd. Leave your things with her if you don't want anyone to touch them.

zadeg same as zadeq

cadit pl. fac adit tradition taken from the teachings of the Prophet Mohammed, but not considered law

¶ža fe-l-abla adit (or f-le-abla dit) . . . it is found in the traditions of the Prophet . . ., the Prophet said . . .

zadeq pl. -in 1. intelligent, smart, clever 2. able, very capable 3. diligent

ader a.p. of zder

zadari pl. zadăr 1. city-dweller, urbanite 2. (pl.) city population

adi a.p. of حda

Zadira pl. Zawadir city (in contrast to the

country) was ka-i is fe-l-badiya wella fe-l-zadiya? Does he live in the country or in the city?

zader a.p. of zder zadăr pl. of zadari

ح

caf izuf v.i. (v.n. zawf) to descend, to go down, to come down gir hiya sem zat weldha za u-hiya zafet ka-tesbeg men l-fuqi. As soon as she heard that her son had arrived, she came running down from upstairs.—ma-zal xessna nzufu ţebqa. We have to go down one more floor.

Taf Ela 1. to borrow from and not return (purposely) af Eliya f-flusi. He borrowed some money from me and didn't return it. 2. to beat afu Elih le-r-ras. They beat him about the head.

** zafu Elihom š-šeffara. Some thieves robbed their house.

Zafa pl. -t 1. cliff, precipice 2. steep bank (on the side of a mountain road) 3. habitual borrower who never returns what he has borrowed

7 afalat pl. of Zăfla

zafed Ela 1. to take care of, to handle with care xessek tzafed bezzaf Ela had l-makina zit bagya ždida u-šritha

be-t-taman. You'll have to take good care of this machine because it's still new and I paid a lot for it. 2. to save, to put away, to keep ma-bġa-š iṛedd-li le-flus \(\tau \) it ma-\(\tau a \) et didn't want to give me the money back because I didn't save the receipt. 3. to observe, to respect (law, etc.)

afi a.p. of zfa

afid (with art.) the Protector (God)

zafida (good) memory čăndu zafida mezyana. He has a good memory.

cafer pl. cwafer 1. hoof (cow, horse, sheep, etc.) 2. heavy foot traffic (people, animals) dak z-zenqa dima mhurža cla wedd fiha bezzaf de-l-cafer. That street is always noisy because of the heavy traffic.

-zerbiytek değya ka-ttwessex zit Çăndek l-zafer. Your rug gets dirty quickly because so many people walk over it.

¶ suq l-zafer animal market (cows, sheep, horses, etc.)

Zaguz,
 Zaguza legendary character, similar to Santa Claus, appearing during the month of January

Zaguza 1. kind of hot porridge prepared with cracked wheat and milk 2. period (in January) in which 1 above is made

zakem a.p. of zkem

Zakăm pl. Zokkam referee

¬al izil v.i. (v.n. zyala) to boast, to brag
¬zal f-le-mši to prance, to strut (s.o., horse)

¶ a.p. \(\tag{ayel}\) pl. \(-in\) old, aged (refers to foods that both improve or get worse with age) \(z - zit \) l-\(z ayla\) mezyana le-\(\frac{1}{2}-tyab\). Aged oil is good for cooking. \(-ma-ka-nqedd-s\) nakol \(l-xobz\) l-\(\tag{ayel}\). I can't eat old bread. \(\tag{al}\) pl. \(\tag{wal}\), \(\frac{9}{2}-cwal\) 1. state, condition, situation \(kif\) \(\tag{alek}\)? or \(asymma\) \(\tag{alek}\)? How are you? (i.e., how's your condition)

2. weather l-\(\tau\) al sxun l-yum. It's (The weather is) hot today.

** baqi l-zal or ma-zal l-zal. There's still (plenty of) time. —mša l-zal. It's late. It's too late. —dzad Elih l-zal. His condition has gotten worse. —žah l-zal or !!ā Efh l-zal. He went into a trance (as an entranced dancer).

¶ $m \check{s} a f - alu^{\phi}$ to leave, to go away sir f - alek! Go away!

¶ Ela kolli zal in any case, anyway, anyhow Ela kolli zal la-bedd nemši. I'm going anyway.

Zala pl. -t state, condition, situation kif
Zaltu? How is he? (his condition)

¶ mša f- ζ alatu ϕ same as mša f- ζ alu ϕ (see ζ al)

alaga pl. -t earring

zama Ela to defend (in a fight, in court), to support, to back up

zamalat l-qorean pl. of zamil l-qorean

zamed 1. pl. -in sour, acid 2. pickled 3. n.u. zamda lemon, lime

ami a.p. of ma yema

zamil l-qor?an pl. zamalat l-qor?an one who knows the Koran by heart

zamla f. a.p. of zmel zanan v.n. of zănn

zanana 1. tenderness, gentleness, loving care 2. sympathy, compassion, pity

Zanut pl. Zwanet (dim. Zwinta) shop, store
¶ras l-Zanut a spice mixture

aqiqa truth, reality

¶ fe-l-zaqiqa in reality, really

aqiqi pl. -yen real, genuine, true

zar izir v.i. (v.n. zira) to be confused, perplexed, hesitant

zara pl. -t an expansive, isolated, barren
spot (in the country)

zaraka pl. -t 1. movement ana mṛiḍ
u-ma-nqedd-š nā mel zaraka wezda. I'm
so sick I can't make a single movement.
—l-zaraka š-šuyu Liya bdat ddiyyā £ f-had

le-blad. The Communist movement has begun to spread in this country. 2. activity kayna zaraka ktira f-dar l-Eers. There's a lot of activity in that house where the wedding is. 3. function, job šniya l-zaraka lli ka-tqum biha fe-l-mă mel? What's

your job in the factory?

zaram forbidden (by religion)

¶ bit !!ah l-zaram The Holy Temple of the Kaaba

arara 1. heat, warmth 2. vivacity, life fth l-zarara. He's full of life. 3. temperature (weather, fever)

¶ mizan l-zarara pl. myazen l-zarara thermometer

zeeb v.t. to fight, to fight against (disease, feelings, enemy, etc.)

ture) had n-nhar qiyyal zarr. It's been hot all day. 2. hot, spicy 3. touchy, irascible 4. energetic, zealous

¶ ma zarr undrinkable water (e.g. river water)

asab same as z sab

zasana pl. -t good deed

zasani 1. pl. -yat an old coin worth half a bessita 2. pl. -yen of the time of mulay zasăn.

aseb v.t. to demand an accounting from (s.o., in the financial sense, also an explanation for doing s.th.) zasen v.t. to be good (kind, charitable)
toward

zasăn (comp. zsen) 1. good (adj., interjectional usage) 2. proper name (usually with art.)

¶ l-zasăn u-l-zusin the sons of Ali, grandsons of the Prophet Mohammed zasud same as z sed 2

zasil used in the expr. l-zasil, zasilu, or zasiluhu briefly, in short, to make a long story short

zasul same as zasil

Taša used in the following:

** Zaša !!ah or Zaša mačad !!ah. I don't believe it! Impossible! Never happen! (expresses complete incredulity or denial of an accusation) — Zašak! Thank you, but you shouldn't have done it (i.e., it's below your station); also used as an apology for some faux pas

zašiya pl. -t entourage, retinue (particularly the king's)

zašya pl. -t, zwaši 1. border, fringe (cloth, garment) 2. hem 3. heel or rounded edge of a loaf of bread (Moroccan type)

zawadir pl. of zadira

Zawel (v.n. m zawla, mu zawala) to try, to attempt zawel tqum! Try to get up! zawel Ela to take care of, to be careful with (s.th., s.o.)

zayat (f.) 1. life (as opposed to death)
2. life, lifetime

¶ be-l-7 ayat alive, living

ayati batiste

¶ kas de-l-zayati type of thin, unornamented tea glass

zayawan (sg. or pl.) pl. -at animal(s)

zayek pl. zoyyak, ziyyak large piece of material, usually white, used as an exterior garment by Arab women (wrapped around body and head)

Tayel a.p. of Zal

caz izuz v.t. 1. to get, to acquire sir zuz le-ktab men Zăndha. Go get the book from her. 2. to occupy, to take (legal) possession of (as a house) 3. to put aside or to one side zuz had le-ktab Zăl limin zetta neztažuh. Put this book aside until we need it. 4. to take in, to adopt (child)

cazen a.p. of zen

Tazeq a.p. of Zzeq

zaža v.t. (v.n. mzažya) to propose a riddle or puzzle to (riddle itself introduced by Ela)

Zaža pl. -t, Zwayež 1. thing, object šnu dak l-zaža f-žibek? What's that thing in your pocket? 2. something, thing xellini nqul-lek wazed l-zaža. Let me tell you something. 3. need, necessity zažtu bik. He needs you (i.e., has need of you).

** zažti mčah or čăndi zaža mčah. I've got business with him.

¶ fe-l-caža f- (things), b- (persons) (to be) in need of ana fe-l-caža bik. I need you.

¶ ma... zetta zaža nothing; not... a thing, anything ma-qolt-lu zetta zaža. I didn't tell him a thing.

¶ ši-zaža something

¶ (ši) z aža glila a little bit

Towayež (pl.) 1. things (may include clothing), effects (personal) xessni nemši nžib wayži mne-d-dar. I have to get my things from the house. 2. clothes, clothing 3. eating utensils 4. luggage, baggage 5. furniture

zažeb pl. zwažeb, zežban eyebrow

Zažib pl. zožžab 1. steward, chamberlain (at royal palace) 2. chancellor (diplomatic rank)

zažež v.t. to contradict, to challenge (in a discussion, an argument)

zažž a.p. of حažž

zba yezbu v.i. (v.n. zbu; impf. pl. nezbiw, tezbiw, yezbiw) to crawl (baby)

bab pl. of bib 2 and 3

zbal pl. of zbel

to bas organization, subsidized by the government, which cares for the needs of the Islamic religion (e.g., building, maintaining mosques)

ee bas pl. of bus

basat pl. of zăbs

Thayeb, Thaybat pl. of Thib 1

z bayer pl. of z bura

Zăbb izebb v.t. (v.n. Zăbb) 1. to like (food, a car, etc.) 2. to love (s.o.) 3. to want (usually in perfect tense) Zăbbit nakol. I want to eat. 4. expresses "would like" (in impf. tense) ka-nzebb nakol. I would like to eat.

zăbb v.n. of zăbb

\[
\tilde{a}bb\]\ \text{n.u.}\ \cdot -a\]\ (\text{dim.}\ \tau biyyba)\ \text{grain}\ \text{(wheat,}\ \text{corn, etc.)}
\]

¶ ~ ăbba pl. -t, ~ bub 1. grain, kernel 2. pimple, sore 3. pill, tablet, capsule

¶ zăbb le-mluk n.u. zăbb le-mluka

1. cherry 2. cherry tree

abb š-šbab pimple قع آھ

¶ zăbbet zlawa anise

Tobb love (romantic)

¶ z obbăn wa-karama very willingly

Zăbbeb 1. v.t. to cause to like Zămmru la-šra dak ḍ-ḍar u-kan ma-zăbbebtiha-lu-š. He would never have bought that house if you hadn't made him like it. 2. v.t. or v.i. to form into grains, to become granulated 3. v.i. to curdle (milk) 4. v.i. to become covered or afflicted with sores, pimples, etc. Zăbbes v.t. 1. to donate (s.th.) to the Zabus

(usually buildings or property) 2. to give, to donate qbel-ma tmut zăbbset tlata de-d-dyar Eăl l-itama. Before she died she donated three houses to the orphans.

bib 1. pl. _bayeb, _baybat maternal uncle
2. pl. _bab friend, buddy; (pl.) close friends, relatives 3. pl. _bab boy-friend, sweetheart

¶f. zbiba pl. -t girl-friend, sweetheart zbik v.n. of zbek

bis v.n. of zbes

t bek v.t. (v.n. zbik) to hem (garment)

¶ zbek Ela to go after (as an escapee) ¶ zbek fe-l-xedma, f-le-qraya, etc. to

work hard, to study hard, etc.

¶ f. a.p. ∠abla pregnant

ש bel pl. בbal rope, cable

** tqettă bih le-bel. He lost every cent he had.

beg basil ح

Thes v.t. (v.n. $\[\]$ bis) 1. to imprison, to put in jail 2. to arrest (police) 3. to catch, to find the cat leavest the cat eating the meat. 4. to hold the cat eating the meat. 4. to hold the si-swiya! Hold it (for me) a minute. 5. v.t. and v.i. to stop, to halt

p.p. mez bus pl. mz abes prisoner, arrestee zăbs pl. z basat prison, jail

T bu v.n. of T ba

zbub 1. same as zăbb 2. pl. of zăbba (see zăbb)

chura pl. chayer unwanted (usually of merchandise but can be applied to people)

bus, τ abus pl. $^{\varrho}e\tau$ bas organization which receives donations and bequests left to Islam, which, in turn, are used to further the cause (e.g., a house left to the τ bus may be rented and the money used to build a mosque)

da next to, near, close to, beside had s-sbaz fe-t-tubis gles zdaya wazed r-ražel šibani bezzaf. A very old man sat down next to me in the bus this morning.

cdada pl. Zudud boundary, frontier (between countries, etc.)

∠daga, ∠daqa intelligence, astuteness, quickwittedness

dayer pl. of dura

debba pl. -t hump (camel, man)

Zădd v.t. 1. to limit, to put boundaries or limits to 2. to fence off 3. to stop, to ward off

Zådd pl. zdud, zudud boundary, limit men bå Ed l-istiqlal l-zudud lli kanet qasma l-megrib zalet. After independence came, the boundaries which divided Morocco were eliminated.—le-mlaya Eåndha zudud. There's a limit to joking.

 $\P daz l$ - $Z \check{a}dd$ to go too far, to pass the limit

¶ma-zădd while yallah nxeržu ma-zădd Eăndna l-weqt. Let's leave while there's

¶ma-zădd...u-1. the more... the more... ma-zăddni (or ma-zăddi) ka-nexdem w-ana ka-neqbet le-flus. The more I work the more money I make. 2. the longer... the better (the worse) mazăddha galsa fe-l-ferš u-zaltha gad-tă dem. The longer she stays in bed the worse she'll get. 3. as long as, so long as ma-zădd t-telž ma-zal ka-itiz u-zna galsin Łăndek. We'll stay with you as long at it's still snowing.

\[
 \bar{a}\text{d}\ \text{anybody, anyone (with negative)}
 \]
 \[
 ma-\tilde{s}\text{eft} \tau \tilde{a}\text{d}\text{d}. \text{ I haven't seen anybody.}
 \]

¶l-zădd, nhar l-zădd pl. zduda (on) Sunday —l-metzef ka-ikun mezlul nhar l-zădd. The museum is open on Sunday. —mšina l-le-bzăr tlata d-le-zduda mettab in. We have gone to the beach three consecutive Sundays.

¶ma... zetta zădd nobody, no one; not... anyone ma-šeft zetta zădd. I didn't see anyone. —zetta zădd ma-ža išufu. Nobody came to see him. —škun kan m£ak temma? —zetta zădd. Who was with you there?—Nobody.

¶ $\tilde{s}i$ - \tilde{c} $\tilde{a}dd$ anyone, someone $\tilde{z}a$ $\tilde{s}i$ - \tilde{c} $\tilde{a}dd$? Did anyone come?

zăddad pl. -a blacksmith

Zădded v.t. 1. to iron, to press (clothes) 2. to limit, to set a boundary to 3. to set, to fix (date, time)

~ăddeq v.t. to trim (hedge, hair, rough edge, etc.)

zădder v.t. to warn (rare usage)

dibbi pl. -yen hunchback

zdid iron (metal)

Zdida pl. -t 1. piece of iron 2. iron (for pressing)

didi pl. -yen 1. iron grey 2. resembling iron3. rust (color)

dir v.n. of z der

dit pl. ? a a dit 1. conversation, talk 2. talk, sermon 3. one or all of the traditional sayings and customs of the Prophet Mohammed, not considered actual Islamic law

7 diva pl. -t buzzard

Tder (v.n. \(\tau\)dir) 1. v.i. to bend down or over fuq-emma ka-nži ndxol men dak l-bab ka-ixessni ne \(\tau\)der \(\tau\)t me \(\tau\)niya. Every time I want to go through that door I have to bend over, because it's low. 2. v.i. to come or go down, to descend (as a plane, the sun, etc.) \(t-ti\)yara \(\tau\)edret \(\tau\)tetta \(\tau\)layen sefna n-nas lli kanu fiha. The plane flew so

low that we could almost see the people in it. 3. v.t. to lower, to bring down

¶a.p. zader pl. -in low had t-tebla lli ka-naklu Eliha Tadra bezzaf. This table we're eating on is very low.

z det v.i. (v.n. z dut) to happen, to occur, to take place

** qolti-li huwa gani men zaman u-huwa Ead 7 det. You told me he's been rich all along but (I know) he just recently struck it rich. —had le-ktab Ead zdet. This book has just come out.

z dud pl. of z ădd

zduda (with art.) pl. of l-zădd (see zădd) dudi pl. -yen quiet, reserved, taciturn

zdura pl. -t, zdayer down-hill grade, slope

dut v.n. of z det

dež n.u. zădža colocynth or its fruit

Zda yezdi v.t. (v.n. zdi) 1. to take care of, to keep 2. to keep an eye on, to watch (over)

** zdi rasek! Be careful! Take care of yourself!

¶ a.p. zadi pl. zadyen, zodday same as Tăḍḍay pl. -a

** zaḍi ṛasu. He's on his guard.

zdana 1. incubation or brooding (period) le-z dana dyal d-džaž ka-ttul waz ed u-Eešrin yum. The chicken's incubation period is twenty-one days. 2. adoption, custody mnin mat xay qemna b-le-z dana d-weldu. When my brother died we took custody of his son.

dar city (as opposed to the country)

z dari pl. of z ădra

Tădd 1. luck Eăndek l-zădd. You're lucky. 2. share, part hada zăddek. This is your share.

zăddana pl. -t 1. brooding or incubating bird 2. incubator (for eggs)

= odday pl. of = adi (a.p. of = da)

Tădday pl. -a watchman, guard

Tadden Ela 1. to incubate (eggs) 2. to be stingy with, to keep (for oneself) 3. to keep until prices go up (and then sell for big profit)

zădder v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) attend or be present (at some meeting, etc.), to summon gal-lhom l-gadi iz äddru lli meseulin kollhom. The judge asked them to summon all those who are responsible. -a-men zăddrek f-dak l-Eers! I wish you had been at that wedding! 2. to prepare (s.th. that is usually written, e.g., a speech or lesson) 3. to civilize, to give culture to was l-gerb huwa lli z ädder frigya l-žanubiya? Was it the West that civilized South Africa? 4. to give back, to return bgithom daba izăddru-li flusi. I want them to give me my money back right now.

¶ $\angle adder\ balu\phi$ to pay attention

di v.n. of z da

Zdin v.n. of Zden

zden v.t. (v.n. zdin) to adopt, to take in (child)

¶ \(\tau \) den \(\xi la\) to incubate (eggs)

der v.i. عبر عبر عبر عبر to show up, to appear *Tădret met exxra*. She showed up late.

¶ Zder f- to attend, to be at be-l-? as ăf ma-gad-imken-li-š nez der fe-l-Eers dyalek. I'm sorry I'm not going to be able to attend your wedding.

¶ z der Ela to witness, to see z derna Ela wazed le-mdabza kbira had s-sbaz.

We saw a big fight this morning.

¶ a.p. zader pl. -in present, in attendance zădra pl. -t, zdari type of instrumental gettogether similar to the American "jam session," often carried out at weddings, parties, etc.

dur v.n. of zder

fa yezfa v.i. 1. to get dull or blunt (as a knife) 2. to become weak, feeble (particularly the mind)

¶ a.p. عfi pl. afyen 1. alone, with nothing else, straight klit l-xobz zafi. I ate the bread straight (i.e., with no other food). 2. dull had s-skaken kollhom zafyen. All these knives are dull.

Tfa (m.) barefootedness, state of being barefooted

 $\P b$ -le-fa barefoot(ed)

fada v n. of z fed

fali اب of حăfla fani pl. of zăfna

fari pl. of zăfra, zofra

fayed pl. of fid

fed v.t. (v.n. Z afd, Z fada, Z ifd) 1. to protect (s.o., s.th.) 2. to learn by heart Tăfd v.n. of Tfed

Zăfda pl. -t n.i. of zfed

** žabettu l-zăfda dayez. He happened to be passing by.

 $\angle \check{a}ffa$ v.t. 1. to dull, to blunt (as a knife) 2. to weaken, to make feeble (particularly the mind)

zăffad pl. -in having the ability to learn and remember things well

Tăffar pl. -a digger (of wells, holes, trenches, etc., for a living)

Täffed v.t. to make learn by heart le-fqiha režčăt tzăffedna d-durus kollha. The teacher started making us learn all the lessons by heart.

zăffef v.t. and v.i. to shave (beard, head) škun kan iz ăffef-lek mnayn konti mṛiḍ? Who shaved you when you were sick? —ma-zal ma-zăffeft had n-nhar. I haven't shaved yet today.

fid pl. zfayed grandson T fir v.n. of T fer Thira dim. of Tafra, Tofra čăfla pl. -t, zafalat, zfali 1. ceremony (e.g., wedding) 2. party konti fe-l-zăfla l-barez fe-l-lil? Were you at the party last night? zăfna pl. -t, z fani handful (also with both hands) ter v.t. (v.n. thr) to dig, to excavate, to hollow out ¶ \(\tau \) fer \(l\tau \) olot against ¶ zfer Ela to uncover by digging zăfra, zofra pl. zfari (dim. zfira) hole, hollow, excavation, cavity ¶ zăfra de-l-Eăyn eyesocket ¶ 7 ăfra de-z-zin dimple ¶ z fer z ăfra l- to set a trap for, to plot against z efyan pl. -in barefoot (ed) r ged same as r ged gir v.n. of zger ger v.t. (v.n. zgir) to make fun of, to humiliate zăgra pl. -t n.i. of zger tifd v.n. of ted Tikam pl. of Zekma zila pl. -t trick, ruse, wile zili pl. -yen wily, tricky, sly zima 1. v.n. of zma yezmi 2 2. protection zimaya 1. protectorate (of a country) 2. protection in used in the expr. fe-l-\(\tau\) in immediately, as soon as possible zinen immediately, at once ziqd v.n. of zqed ira v.n. of zar it 1. since, because zit l-zal bared gadi nelbes kebbuti de-s-suf. Since it's cold I'm going to wear my wool coat. 2. when rit texrož š-šems, nnšer t-tesbin. When the sun comes out I'll hang the wash out. ¶ men zit same as zit t pl. z yut wall ziti same as zăyti iwel pl. of zwel ziyad 1. v.n. of zad 2. neutrality (on some issue) iyaza pl. -t n.i. of zaz ziyyak pl. of zayek zizeb pl. zab, eezab 1. party (political) 2. any one of the sixty parts of the Koran ** beddel Eliya had l-zizeb! Will you quit telling me the same thing over and over again! zižr same as zer (often metaphorical) zka yezki v.t. to tell, to relate (story, adventure, etc.) tak pl. of takk, tokk zkam same as zokm zkama used in expr. such as baraka men

242 le-Tkama Elina! We've had enough of your ordering us around! r kaya pl. -t story, tale, anecdote ** aži ngul-lek wazed le-zkaya. Let me tell you something (that happened to me on the way to the office, etc.) z kim pl. zukama 1. philosopher, sage 2. magician zăkk izekk, izokk v.t. (v.n. zekkan) 1. to rub 2. to massage 3. (also v.i.) to scratch (an itch) 4. to scrub, to scour (as in wash-** ma-tz ekk-š čăl d-debra z etta isil d-demm! You keep at it and you'll get into trouble! ¶zăkk čla to persist in doing or saying s.th. to (usually distasteful to the other) ila ma-bģit-š ngul-lek ma-tzekk-š Eliya! If I wanted to tell you I'd tell you, so stop insisting! akk, ح okk pl. ح kak, ح kuka small box (for pills, snuff, jewelry, etc.) ¶ ~ ăkk r-rokba kneecap rekka pl. -t 1. n.i. of r akk 2. the itch, mange rekkak pl. -a masseur of the public (Moorish) bath zokkam pl. of zakem (a.p. of zkem) and z akă m r ekkan v.n. of r ăkk rekkem v.t. to have act as judge, to set up as a judge mnin ka-yuqă E bini u-bin xay ši-gnan ka-nz ekkmu bbana Elina. Whenever my brother and I have a disagreement we have our father act as judge. them yezkem, yezkom v.t. and v.i. (v.n. zkam, zokm) 1. to govern, to rule 2. to give orders to ¶ \neq kem f- 1. to order, to give an order to 2. to dominate kaynin Eyalat lli ka-iz ekmu fe-ržalhom. There are women who dominate their husbands. I z kem Ela 1. to judge, to pass judgment on (s.o., as in court) 2. to sentence (s.o.) (to) Zekmu Elih be-l-@iEdam. They sentenced him to death. 3. to command, to have command over ¶ a.p. $\neg akem$ pl. $\neg okkam$ 1. judge 2. commanding officer 70km 1. v.n. of 7 kem 2. judgment, verdict zekma pl. -t, zikam 1. maxim, proverb, wise saying 2. wisdom 3. magic (e.g., involved in magic lamps, rings, etc.) r kuka pl. of z akk, z okk The yezha v.i. 1. to become sweet (taste) 2. to become nice(r) or (more) pleasant (as weather, season, scenery) ¶ ma-zlah (or zlaha)! How sweet it is! (said of food, girl, beautiful day, etc.)

la comp. of حالت

zlafi pl. of zălfa 2

tal (no pl.) permitted by religious law
 ** hiya bent le-tal. She's well-bred, well
brought up.

zlaleb pl. of zellab 2

zlalef pl. of zelluf

zlali pl. -yen 1. legitimate (child) 2. honest, truthful 3. pure, genuine (of metals, money) 4. fine, of fine quality had s-sel a zlaliya. These goods are of fine quality.

zlaqi pl. of zălqa

zlaqem pl. of zălqum, zălquma

clas pl. clayes, clales type of pad filled with straw which is placed beneath the šwari on beasts of burden.

zlasa pl. -t, zlayes 1. lazy good-for-nothing 2. slow-acting individual (i.e., does things at a snail's pace)

zlawa pl. -t 1. sweetness (of taste and character; pl. used for intensifying meaning)
2. sweets t-tbib qta Elih le-zlawa. The doctor told him to stop eating sweets.

— Eandhom wazed le-bnita zlawat. They have such a sweet little girl. 3. tip, commission (e.g., for helping s.o. sell s.th.) 4. hush money

zlawi pl. of zălwa

zlayes pl. of zlas and zlasa

zlaywi pl. -ya pastry-cook

zlazel pl. of zelzal

zleb v.t. (v.n. zlib) 1. to milk (cow, etc.)
2. to milk, to take for mratu zălbettu men flusu kollhom. His wife milked him of all his money.

Tălba 1. n.i. of Tleb 2. fennel seed

zlef v.i. (v.n. zlif, zluf) to swear, to testify by oath zälfet zetta tqul l-zäqq. She swore to tell the truth.

 $\P \subset lef f$ - to be determined to get even with

¶ zlef l- to adjure, to plead with

zleft-lha čăl d-doxxan. I adjured her to stop smoking.

zălfa 1. n.i. of zlef 2. pl. zlafi esparto grass zli (sg.) jewelry

clib 1. v.n. of cleb 2. milk 3. milky sap (as of the fig tree)

lif v.n. of zlef

lim v.n. of zlem

r liwa dim. of r ălwa

Zăll izell v.t. (v.n. zellan) 1. to open (book, door, bottle, etc.) 2. to open, to start (as a new store) 3. to undo, to untie (a knot, etc.) 4. to unfold, to unroll 5. to unbutton 6. to solve (as a problem) 7. v.i. to take place remdan gadi izell fe-š-šher d-daxel.

Ramadan will take place next month.

** Tăllet Elihom krat had š-šher. It's time for them to pay this month's rent.

¶ p.p. mezlul pl. -in indolent, lazy, without energy

Zălla 1. v.t. to sweeten (food) 2. v.i. to eat s.th. sweet (as candy) tebği tzălli? Would you like something sweet?

Zăllab 1. pl. -a one who milks 2. pl. Zlaleb milk pail, or other receptacle used for milk
Zăllaba pl. -t 1. milking machine 2. milkmaid
3. good milker (cow, goat, sheep)

 ~ ellaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a one who swears or utters oaths a great deal

zellan v.n. of zăll

cellef v.t. to make or have (s.o.) swear or utter an oath (as in promising to do s.th. or tell the truth)

ellel v.t. 1. to declare permissible (s.th. that is usually forbidden) l-?islam ka-i ellel Elina nfetru f-remdan ila konna mrad aw msafrin. Islam makes it permissible for us to break the fast during Ramadan when we are ill or on a journey. 2. to wash (clothes, hands, floors, etc.) 3. to dissolve (as in water)

Zălleq v.i. 1. to spruce up, to dress up, to "doll" up (hair, make-up, etc., as well as clothes) 2. to get by, to be satisfied with s.th. (after trying one's best)

¶ zălleq l- to make beautiful, to give a nice appearance to

zelles v.t. to put the zlas on (a beast of burden)

zelluf pl. zlalef 1. pig 2. pork ¶ zelluf l-jaba wild pig ¶ lzăm l-zelluf pork (meat) zellufa pl. -t sow

Tlem (v.n. zlim) to dream zlemtek mṛiḍ had l-lila. I dreamed you were sick last night.—xellik ka-tezlem! You're just dreaming! (castles in the air, etc.)

Zălq pl. Zluq, Zluqa 1. throat (internal) dima ka-iserrez Zălqu qbel l-hedra. He always clears his throat before he speaks.
2. voice (singing, speaking) 3. neck (of bottle)

** hadi telt iyam ma-dazet fertuta de-l-xobz Ela zălqi. I haven't eaten a thing for three days.

Zălqa pl. -t, zlaqi 1. circle or ring of people (as gathered around a street entertainer)
2. type of skylight in Moroccan houses over the center patio, often open to the sky, sometimes covered with glass 3. thimble

Zălqum, Zălquma pl. Zlaqem 1. throat (external) 2. (pl.) tonsilitis žawha le-Zlaqem. She has tonsilitis.

Zlu f. zluwa pl. zluwin (comp. zla) sweet (taste, character)

luf v.n. of zlef

zluq, zluqa pl. of zălq

zluwa f. of zlu zluwin pl. of zlu

zălwa pl. -t, zlawi (dim. zliwa) 1. pas-

try (cake, cookie, etc.) 2. piece of candy (sucker, bonbon, etc.) 3. (sg. and pl.) sweets

zálwi pl. -ya 1. confectioner 2. pastry-cook zelz al pl. zlazel lavender (plant)

ma yezma v.i. 1. to get very warm or very hot s-sbāz ka-ikun mberred u-f-le-Ešiya ka-yezma l-zal. It's cool in the morning, but in the afternoon it gets very warm. 2. to go up, to go higher (price)

¶ τ ma fih ϕ d-demm to become raging

 $\P \subset ami$ pl. $\subset amyen$ (very) hot (water, a radiator, etc.)

ma yezmi v.t. 1. to heat, to make hot (water, iron, etc.) 2. (v.n. zima) to protect (s.o. from s.th.)

ma (cons. mat) pl. -wat mother-in-law (husband's mother)

mad v.i. 1. to get or become sour, to sour, to go sour (as milk) 2. to become unbearable (because of objectionable behavior)

mada 1. sourness 2. pl. -t absurd, silly act; s.th. done in bad taste

mal pl. of mel

mala pl, -t, \tag{mayel} 1. bandolier 2. shoulder belt or cord used in carrying a dagger, sword, or pocketbook; baldric

mali pl. of Zămla

mam n.u. -a pigeon

¶ zmam le-bzăr (sea)gull

mamer pl. of Tammar 2

maq v.i. (v.n. \(\taumaq\), \(\tamaq\) omq) 1. to go crazy or mad, to become insane 2. to pretend to be mad or insane

maq 1. v.n. of maq 2. insanity, madness mar v.i. 1. to turn or become red 2. to blush, to redden (skin)

mar pl. mir 1. donkey (male), jackass 2. idiot, dolt, jerk

¶ z mar l-lil sleep-walking, somnambulism ** derbu z mar l-lil. He had a nightmare.

mara pl. -t she-donkey, she-ass

mat cons. of zma

maya same as zimaya

mayel pl of zmala

maymi pl. -ya 1. one who buys, raises, and sells pigeons 2. one who owns or runs a public bath

med v.t. (v.n. zămd) to praise, to glorify (God)

zămd 1. v.n. of zmed 2. used in the expr. l-zămdu l-llah, l-zămdu li-llah, li-llahi l-zămd. Praise be to God.

¶ l-zămdu l-llah lli . . . thank God (that) . . . l-zămdu l-llah lli žiti! Thank God you came!

~ămdel v.i. to say the expr. l-~ămdu l-llah (see ~ămd)

mil v.n. of zmel

mimer dim. of mer

mir pl. of zmar

miyyer pl. miyrat dim. of mar

¶ miyyer šwari type of bread pinched in the middle so as to resemble slightly a dumbbell.

¶ zmiyyer (pl. zmiyrat) žedda type of wood louse capable of rolling up into a ball when disturbed (as the pill bug)

mel (v.n. mil) 1. v.t. to carry (usually on the back) 2. v.t. to stand, to bear ma-bqit-š nzămlu. I can't stand him any more. 3. v.i. to rise, to swell (as a river) 4. v.i. to become or get pregnant

¶ zmel Sla to attack (verbally)

¶ f. a.p. $\neg amla$ pl. -t pregnant

mel pl. mal 1. load (usually carried on the back) 2. baby, foetus (as carried in pregnancy) 3. responsibility, charge (of a family group) melli bda ixdem rfed le-mel de-l-\(\tau^2\)ila kollha. Since he started working he's taken full charge of the family.

Zămla pl. -t, zmali 1. n.i. of zmel 2. toothache (with abscess and swelling of the jaw)

omma fever

Zămmal pl. -a one hired to carry or transport items, usually with the help of a pack animal

Zămmam pl. -at 1. public (Moorish) bath2. private bath (as in one's house)

commaq pl. of zmeq

Zămmar 1. pl. -a one hired along with his donkey to transport items 2. donkey or mule driver, muleteer 3. pl. Zmamer bridge (of violin, guitar) 4. anything (such as a beam) used as a prop

z ămmasa pl. -t roaster (machine)

Tămmed v.i. to say l-Zămdu l-llah

『 て ă m m ed fe-s-slama l- to say the expr. l- で ă m du l-llah と ă l s-slama to (s.o. back safe and sound from a trip)

\[
 \alpha mmed \, v.t. \) to make sour, to let go sour (as milk)

zommida same as zămmăyda

Tămmel v.t. 1. to have or make (s.o.) assume (responsibility) Tămmeltu l-mes euliya. I made him assume the responsibility. 2. to hold and raise the feet of (s.o. to be punished by beating the soles of his feet, i.e. the bastinado) Tămmlu baš nă tih le-tsa! Hold up his feet so I can beat them (with the stick)! 3. (ξla) to incite (against)

Tămmem v.t. to bathe, to wash (s.o.)

Zămmeq v.t. 1. to drive mad or insane 2. to drive crazy, to exasperate

Zămmer v.t. 1. to fry (meat) 2. to make red, to redden (as with a slap, sunburn)

** weldi ka-i ammer-li wežhi. I'm very proud of my son.

¶ \(\tilde{a} \) \(\tilde{m} \) mer \(f - 1 \). to stare at, to look at 2. to look daggers at, to scowl at (with anger) \(\tilde{a} \) \(\tilde{m} \) mes \(\tilde{v} \), to roast (e.g. coffee beans)

¶ part. mzămmes pl. -in made with chick

peas (food)

Cămmes, Zămmus n.u. Zămmusa chick peas Zămmusa n.u. of Zămmes, Zămmus

Zămmăyda, Zommăyda pl. -t sorrel (plant)
Zmeq f. Zămqa pl. Zumeq, Zommaq l. crazy
(literal and metaphorical sense) 2. immature (in behavior)

comq 1. v.n. of \(\tau maq 2\) insanity, madness (literal and metaphorical sense)

mer f. zămra pl. zumer (dim. zmimer)
1. red 2. rust-colored 3. fawn, reddish
brown (as for animals) 4. tanned, sunburnt

¶ d-dolm le-\taumer gross injustice

¶ l-bațel le-zmer accusatory, bare-faced lies

¶ sokkar mer brown sugar

Tomrani pl. -yen reddish (tending to orange)
 Tămri a fine, reddish soil, considered very fertile

muda, mudiya same as mada 1

mum (pl., no sg.) soot

mura, muriya red, redness

na ye ni (v.n. cenyan, ni) 1. v.t. to bow, to hang (the head) 2. v.i. to stoop (over), to bend (down) 3. v.i. to squat (down) 4. v.i. to lean (over to the side)

¶ zna rasu^{\$\phi\$} to submit, to allow oneself to be "walked all over" ka-yezni-lha rasu bezzaf. He lets her walk all over him.

na (pl. disjunctive pron.) we, us, our na dima naštin. We're always having a good time. —had d-dar dyalna na! This is our house (not yours)!—šafna na

b-wazedna. He saw only us.

r nabel pl. of r anbel

nader pl .of zăndira

nak pl. of zănk

nan pl. of znin

znani pl. of zănna

znaš pl. of zenš

nați pl. of zănța

znaya same as zna

z nažer pl. of z anžura

Zănbel pl. znabel type of thick, heavy, wool carpet (usually for tents)

andira pl. znader kind of bedspread

zni v.n. of zna

nin pl. -in, Tnan (comp. Zănn) 1. kind, kindly, kind-hearted 2. tender, compassion-

nit v.n. of znet

zănk pl. znak, znuk, znuka 1. cheek 2. jaw (as in a "blow to the jaw")

zănn v.i. (v.n. zanan, mzănna) to be kind, kind-hearted

¶ Zănn men to have pity or mercy on (e.g., forbearing to kill s.o. for revenge)

Zănn comp. of znin

Zănna pl. -t, -wat 1. (inh. pos.) grandmother
 2. midwife

Zănna v.t. to apply henna to (in bodily ornamentation, shampoo, etc.) Zănnit le-xti yeddiha. I've applied henna to my sister's hands.

Zănna pl. Znani henna (pl. used in intensifying meaning)

~ ănnaț pl. -a dealer in grains (usually wheat)

~ ănnaya pl. -t woman specialized in applying henna (as bodily decoration)

Zănneš v.t. to write (s.th.), usually with a dry pen (for a student to trace with ink; used in teaching to write)

¶ p.p. m ~ ănneš pl. -in sinuous, winding, serpentine

Zănnet v.t. to ignore or not heed the adjuration or solemn appeal of (s.o., may or may not be deliberate)

Zănnet v.t. to embalm (body)

zenš, zneš pl. znuša, znaš 1. snake 2. type of intestinal vermiform parasite

Tnet v.i. (v.n. \(\tau\)nut, \(\tau\)nit) to go back on one's promise or sworn statement \(\tau\)aliest \(\tau\) etta \(dzi\) wa-lakin \(\tau\)antet. She swore she'd come but she didn't (i.e., went back on her word).

~ ănta pl. ~ nati 1. any kind of grain used in
making bread-stuffs 2. a great quantity, an
enormous amount, a (whole) lot of žab
~ ănța de-z-zră~. He brought an enormous
amount of wheat.

zăntel fruit of the colocynth

znuk, znuka pl. of zănk

nuša pl. of zenš, zneš

nut v.n. of net nut the substances used in embalming

zenyan v.n. of zna

Zănzez f- to stare at, to gawk at

zănžura pl. znažer throat (external aspect)

Zăn en v.i. 1. to neigh, to whinny (horse)
2. to clear the throat (to get one's attention)

\(\tag{qed v.t. (v.n. \(\tag{qed}\), \(\tag{qid}\), \(\taiqid\)) to detest, to loathe

¶ qed Ela to oppress

ged v.n. of zged

¶ fih ϕ le- ∇ qed to be vindictive, to hold a grudge \neq

qid v.n. of zged

giga same as zagiga

zqiqi pl. -yen same as zaqiqi

qir v.n. of qer (same as qer)

zqir pl. -in (comp. zqer) looked down on,

contemptible, despicable (at least so considered)

zăqq v.i. to be necessary, to be incumbent ka-izăqq Elik temši le-d-dar. You've got to go home. —xti ş-şģira ma-zal ma-zăqq Eliha ş-şyam. My younger sister can't fast yet.

Zăqq pl. zquq, zuquq 1. truth qul-li l-zăqq! Tell me the truth! 2. justice !lah xda l-zăqq men d-dalem. God has exacted justice from the culprit. -ma-kayen Zăqq f-had le-blad. There's no justice in this country. 3. duty, obligation kan men

Tăqqek temši le-ž-žameE. It was your duty to go to the mosque. 4. share, part tini zăqqi men le-flus! Give me my share of the money! 5. right ma-Eăndek răgg baš tačtini l-? awamir. You don't have the right to give me orders. 6. (pl.) law, jurisprudence

** u-zăgg llah l-Eadim! (I swear) by God Almighty! (for emphasizing the truth

¶ be-l-zăqq 1. really (interrogatively) 2. but, however xdit le-mdell dyali had ş-sbaz, be-l-zăqq š-šta ma-țazet-š. I took my umbrella this morning, but it didn't rain.

¶ $fih\phi l$ -z $\check{a}gg$ to be wrong \neq

¶ kulliyăt l-zuquq faculty or college of law

¶ zăqq š-šher menses, menstruation, period

¶ كاa zăqq, كاa zăqq-aš because ka-nzăbbu Ela zăqq-aš huwa ražel mezyan. I like him because he's a good man.

¶ בmel (or xda) l-zăqq f- 1. to make pay (monetarily for some minor wrong) ila ma-žiti-š fe-l-weqt nă Emel fik l-zăqq. If you don't come on time I'll make you pay (for the movie, meal, etc.). 2. to make pay a fine, to fine

¶ ξ ăndu ϕ l- ξ ăqq, $m\xi$ ah ϕ l- ξ ăqq to be right Eăndek l-zăqq f-had l-qadiya. You're right in this matter.

¶ £ta zăqq llah to swear by God, to take an oath

Tăqqăn really, in reality, to tell the truth, as a matter of fact Zăqqăn ana met ellem. As a matter of fact, I'm rather hurt (feelings).

Tăqqeq 1. v.t. to set on the correct time (watch, clock) 2. v.t. to verify kaynin ši-qadiyat xessni nzăqqeqhom qbel-ma nemši. There are some matters I have to verify before I leave. 3. v.i. to be sure, to make sure zăqqeq bezzaf! Make absolutely

¶ Zăqqeq f- to look at closely or carefully

\(\text{qer 1. same as } \text{ger 2. comp. of } \text{\text{qir}} z quq pl, of z ăqq rafi pl. of zărfa zraki pl. of zărka ram s.th. forbidden by religion

> ** zram Elik! You shouldn't have done ¶weld le-zram bastard (literal, also

invectively epithetic)

¶ zlef b-le-zram to utter Eliya

b-le-zram (as an appeal to s.o. not to do s.th., which, if done, would cause the speaker to divorce his wife)

rami pl. -yen 1. clever, sly, cunning 2. dishonest 3. illegitimate (child) 4. false, fake (gold, diamonds, etc.)

rag v.n. of zreg

zrar v.i. 1. to become hot, spicy (food) 2. to become unbearable (life, person, etc.)

rar pl. of z orr z rara same as z arara

zrarek pl. of zarrak

zraten pl. of zărțani rayef pl. of Zărfa

raysi pl. -ya 1. (skilled) craftsman 2. professional (n.)

rayeq pl. of riga rayer pl. of zrira

zărb (f.) pl. zurub war

¶ šher l-zărb Ela to declare war against Zărba pl. -t 1. spear, lance 2. type of crosier or staff borne by the Imam

zărbi pl. -yen 1. ready, willing (to act, to do s.th.) 2. war (adj.) pertaining to war 3. military (person)

zărf pl. zruf 1. letter (of alphabet) 2. edge (of table, cliff, paper, etc.)

zărfa pl. -t, zrafi, zrayef profession, craft

reg same as req rik v.n. of zrek

rim v.n. of rem

rin v.n. of zren

zriq 1. v.n. of zreq 2. burn (on skin) 3. pain, ache

zriqa pl. zrayeq fire, conflagration (destructive)

rir silk ح

rira pl. rayer kind of soup, usually of flour, lentils, chick-peas, and maybe rice

** rirtek rira. In your case the matter's worse.

¶ tleq le-zrira to whitewash

¶ z rira de-ž-žir whitewash

rit v.n. of zret

riyta dim. of Zărt

rek v.i. (v.n. rik) to go away to war (on horseback)

rek كاa to run after, to chase down zărka pl. -t, zraki military expedition or campaign (on horseback)

zrem v.t. (v.n. zărman, zrim) to deprive zremtihom men yemmahom. You've deprived them of their mother.

zorm, zărm pl. zruma 1. holy place 2. sanctuary, place of refuge

zorma 1. honor, esteem 2. wife l-zorma dyali byat fe-d-dar. My wife stayed home.

¶ țiyyez l-zorma, zdem Eăl l-zorma to disgrace, to dishonor zedmu-lu Eăl l-zorma dyalu zda szabu. They disgraced him in front of his friends.

ren v.i. (v.n. \(\tau\)rin) 1. to balk (as a horse)
2. to be stubborn

req v.t. (v.n. riq, raq) 1. to burn (including to scorch) reqt yeddi

be-l-zăddada. I burnt my hand with the iron. —fuq-emma ka-nzădded l-qamižžat l-buyed dyali ka-nezreqhom. Every time I iron my white shirts, I scorch them. 2. to burn (down, up) zreqt d-dar be-l-zani. I burned the house down on purpose. 3. to hurt, to pain

Zărq (no pl.) a burned area that has healed
Zărqa acid indigestion, gassy stomach

<u>Tărqus</u> black make-up (used for eyes and beauty spots)

zărr 1. comp. of zarr 2. same as zarr

zorr pl. -in, zrar 1. free, at liberty 2. free man (not a slave) 3. genuine, real (gold, diamond, painting, etc.) 4. of good quality zărrak pl. zrarek object used for stirring or mixing (as a stick)

zărraqiya pl. -t firework (fire cracker, etc.) zărrar pl. -a 1. dealer in silk 2. maker of silk material

z ărrat pl. -a plowman

zărratiya (f. adj. used with lerd) arable zărreb v.t. to train, to drill (especially military)

zărred v.t. (Ela) to incite (against), to sick (on) zărred Elihom l-kelb dyalu. He sicked his dog on them.

zărref v.t. 1. to distort, to alter (s.th. said or written by s.o.) 2. to place diagonally, to change the attitude of (as from straight to crooked)

zorriga, zărriqa, zorriqa pl. -t (stinging)
nettle

zorriya liberty, freedom

Zărrek 1. v.t. to move, to shake 2. v.t. to stir,
 to mix 3. v.i. to go or run at a gallop, to
 gallop (either rider or horse)

Tärrem v.t. 1. to forbid, to proscribe, to prohibit the usage of d-din ka-iz arrem Elina makelt l-xenzir. Religion (Islam) forbids us to eat pork. 2. to make impossible

zărremti Eliya le-xruž. You've made it impossible for me to go out.

Zărrer v.t. 1. to set free, to free 2. to give time off to, to give a vacation to 3. to review and correct, to edit 4. to make hot(ter) or (more) spicy 5. to make unbearably difficult zărrerti Eliya l-Eiša. You've made my life unbearable.

Zărreš v.t. 1. to incite, to sick 2. to make rough, to roughen (a surface)

zreš f. zărša pl. zureš 1. rough, not smooth (surface) 2. coarse, not fine (as sand)

ret v.t. (v.n. \(\tau rit\), \(\tilde{a}rt\) 1. to plow 2. to prepare for seeding or planting (land)

¶ zret Ela to exploit (s.o.)

Zărt (dim. zrıyta) 1. v.n. of zret 2. cultiva-

tion 3. cultivated land Zărțani pl. zraten mulatto

ruf pl. of zărf

zruma pl. of zorm, zărm

rura spiciness, hotness (food)

zruša, zrušiya 1. roughness (surface)

2. coarseness (as of sand)

zruz, zruza pl. of zărz

<u>~ărz pl. ~ruz, ~ruza kind of written amulet used as a protection</u>

zsab v.t. or v.i. same as szab

zsab pl. -at 1. v.n. of zseb 2. mathematics 3. account (expense) 4. bookkeeping, accounting

¶ tella & le-zsab d- to add up, to total

 $\mathbb{T} \subset sabu^{\phi}$, fe- $\subset sabu^{\phi}$ to think, to have the idea $\neq fe$ - $\subset sabi$ ža l-bare \subset . I thought he came yesterday.

¶ Ela zsab (or zasab) according to Ela zsabu huwa had le-ktab ma-fih menfa Ea. According to him this book isn't very useful.

¶ Emel fe-zsab (or be-zsab) to take into consideration, to take into account zsabi pl. of zsiba

zsak, zsaki pl. of zeska

ezsan v.n. of zsen

sana pl. -t v.n. of zessen

¶ zsana de-ṛ-ṛas haircut

¶ zsana de-le-wžeh shave

eess v.n. of zess

z saybi pl. -ya 1. accountant, bookkeeper 2. one good at figures

sayef pl. of zsifa

zsaysi pl. -ya a vindictive, retaliatory person zseb v.t. (v.n. zsab) 1. to count zseb šzal men werga hna. Count how many sheets of paper there are here. 2. to calculate, to figure out zseb šzal dfāti fe-š-šhey ili daz. Figure out how much you spent last month. 3. to take for, to consider, to think of as kont ka-nzesbu ražel mezyan. I used to think of him as a good man.

** \(zeb \) rasu \(\si \) kbir. He thought he was really something.

zseb used in the expr. weld (or bent) lezzseb
u-n-nseb son (or daughter) of a respectable
family

Zăsh used in the expr. wa-Zăsh !!ah: žak l-berd u-hada s-sif, wa-Zăsh !!ah ila žat iyam š-šta! You think you're cold now in

summertime, wait till winter comes!

z ăsba pl. -t same as z sab 2, 3, 4

¶ dreb l-zăsba same as Emel le-zsab (see zsab)

zăsbi pl. -yen simple, plain (person)

zsed v.t. (v.n. zsid, zsed) to envy, to be jealous of (s.o.) zesdethom Ela darhom. She envied them their house.

sed 1. v.n. of sed 2. envy, jealousy

zsiba pl. -t, zsabi bill xesskom txellsuh f-dak le-zsiba lli safet-lkom. You have to pay him for the bill he sent you.

sid v.n. of z sed

zsifa pl. zsayef rancor, grudge, vindictiveness

¶ rfed le-z sifa f- to feel rancor toward, to have a grudge against

zsik v.n. of zsek zsek pl. of zeska

zsek v.t. (v.n. zsik) 1. to cut or chop off at the base (with one blow, as a small tree) 2. to thwart or frustrate (plan, project, etc.) 3. to kill (implies in prime of life) zeska pl. -t, zsak, zsaki, zsek candlestick, candelabra

zsen b- or m a (v.n. eezsan) to be generous to, to be kind to, to be magnanimous toward (as the poor)

zen 1. comp. of zasăn and mezyan 2. better had le-ktab zen men hada. This book is better than this one. 3. prettier, more beautiful had l-bent zen men xti. This girl is prettier than my sister.

** zsen-lek tšedd fommek! You'd better shut up! —zsen-li ikun čăndi weld. I'd rather have a boy.

¶ le-zsen u-l-zusin see zasăn

≥ osn beauty

Zess b- (v.n. ?ecsas, zessan) 1. to feel ka-nzess b-yeddih Ela ketfi. I feel his hand on my shoulder. 2. to feel, to perceive ka-nzess b-wazed l-xaṭaṛ maži. I feel some danger coming.

¶ zess b-rasu\(\phi\) to feel wa\(\skarta\) ka-tzess b-rasek \(\xi\) ayyan\(\gamma\) Do you feel tired?

cess sound, noise smalt wated l-tess fe-d-dlem. I heard a sound in the darkness.

** ma-bqa-š Zessu hnaya. There's not a sign of him here.—tteqtā Zessu. You just don't hear about him anymore.

¶ be-l-zess 1. quietly, silently 2. in a low voice

essab pl. -a same as zsaybi

Tessad pl. -in, -a, Tossad envious, jealous

zessan v.n. of zess

essi messi quietly, without being heard or seen (also metaphorical)

cessen (v.n. zsana, tezsin) 1. v.t. and v.i. to shave (head, beard, etc.) 2. v.t. to cut (hair) 3. v.i. to get or have a haircut, shave 4. v.t. to make more beautiful, to enhance 5. v.t. to improve

¶ zessen bla ma l- to take, to cheat, to bilk zsuwa watery soup (of lentils or onions,

zsa yezsi v.t. (v.n. zsa, eizsae) to count zsa bă da le-gnem. He's already counted the sheep.

zsa (m.) gravel, rock (coll.)

zsa v.n. of zsa

sad v.n. of zsed

zsanbal (no art.) type of incense

zsar 1. blockade 2. siege

saser pl. of zessar

zsayer pl. of zsira

zsayri pl. -ya one who makes zsira

zsed v.t. (v.n. zsid, zsad) to harvest, to reap (grain, sugarbeets, corn, etc.)

sid v.n. of zsed

zsida field covered with stubble, stubble-field (after the harvest)

zsil v.n. of zsel

sir v.n. of zser

zsira pl. zsayer mat or matting made of rush or similar plant

csel v.n. (v.n. csil, csul) 1. to get trapped (in a room, pit, etc.), to get stuck (in mud, etc.) 2. to be caught up (in a lie or mistake) cesla pl. -t n.i. of csel

senbal same as zsanbal

zser v.t. (v.n. zsir, zsur, zesran) 1. to keep, to hold (s.o. from getting away) 2. v.t. and v.i. to stop, to halt

¶ zser nefsu¢ to restrain oneself

zesra pl. -t n.i. of zser

¶ya-zesra even though imken-lu irfed myat kilu hada ya-zesra Ead mrid. He can lift a couple of hundred pounds even though he's sick.

** ya zesra! If only I had done it! If only such and such were true! If only . . .!, etc.

zesran 1. v.n. of zser 2. strangury

zessad pl. -a harvester, reaper (person)

corn, etc.)

Zessar pl. Zsaser 1. brake (as in each wheel; also the pedal) 2. sluice gate 3. petcock, valve 3. same as Zsayri

essel v.t. to catch (a ball, s.o. running away, s.o. lying, a thief red-handed, etc.)

¶ zessel Ela to get, to obtain, to acquire zessen v.t. to fortify (a place)

sul v.n. of z sel

zsur v.n. of zser

zša yezši v.t. (v.n. zešyan) to stick (in), to put (in), to insert

** zšaha-li. He gypped me.

zšayši pl. -ya hashish or marihuana addict (eater)

zšir v.n. of zšer

zšiš grass

zšiša narcotic made from the marihuana

plant (usually eaten)

zšem v.i. (v.n. zšuma) 1. to be or become ashamed or embarrassed 2. to be or get shy or timid 3. to not dare zšemt ndxol. I didn't dare go in.

zešma 1. modesty (in dress, actions, etc.)

2. shyness, timidity

zešman pl. -in 1. ashamed 2. embarrassed 3. shy, timid

zšer v.t. (v.n. zšir) to bury (corpse)

¶ yum le-zšer day of resurrection

¶ zšer bu-Elam to crash the party (or any group activity)

zešš v.t. (v.n. zeššan) to cut or mow

** gir zeššīti u-žebti! Looks to me like you just grabbed the first thing you saw (i.e., you didn't use any care in choosing). ešša v.t. 1. to stuff (food) 2. to stick (in),

to stuff (into) (as into a drawer)

zešša pl. -t 1. n.i. of zešš 2. handful, shock (of grass, grain, etc.)

z eššan v.n. of z ešš

r eššar pl. -a one in charge of burial (of a corpse)

¶ zessar bu-Elam party-crasher, gatecrasher

zeššaš pl. -a ag. n. of zešš

eššem v.t. to shame, to embarrass

¶ zeššem b- same as zeššem above z eššumi pl. -yen shy, timid

zšuma v.n. of zšem

zšuma pl. zšayem 1. embarrassment

2. shame zšuma Elik! You ought to be ashamed! 3. shyness, timidity 4. modesty (as in dressing)

ršumiya 1. shyness 2. modesty (in dress, action, etc.)

zešyan v.n. of zša

tal to make preparations, to get ready

¶ ztal Ela to use trickery or wiles on, to try to trick (into doing s.th.)

tarem v.t. to revere, to respect

taž v.t. to need ila ztažiti le-flus nsellefhom-lek b-koll faraz. If you need

money I'll be glad to lend you some. ** ma-teztaž-š or ma-iztaž-š. Never mind. -daru Elik mnayn kanu meztažin

fik. They looked for you when they needed

tidar 1. v.n. of tader 2. death throes tilal v.n. of tell

tiram v.n. of tarem

tell v.t. (v.n. &iztilal, ztilal) to occupy, to take over (country, government, s.o.'s seat,

zett Ela to attempt to persuade insistently, to importune ma-tzett-š Eliya bezzaf! Stop

insisting so much!

zetta 1. until (followed by verbs) ġadi-nebqa hna z etta iži. I'm staying here until he comes. 2. after zetta nfetru Ead nxeržu. After we have breakfast we'll go. 3. when (connotes an element of surprise) kont naces zetta degq Eliya ši-wazed. I was asleep when someone knocked at the door. 4. so much that, to the point that, until bqit neštez neštez zetta ma-bgit-š ngedd nxellef. I danced and danced until I couldn't take another step. 5. in order to, so that, to kif gadi-ndir zetta nemnă & mennu? What am I going to do to get away from him? 6. too, also Zett-ana gadi-nsafer š-šher l-maži. I'm taking a trip next month too. – raželha z etta-huwa ka-ixdem Eăndi. Her husband works for me too. 7. even zetta š-šibani ka-izebb le-bnat. Even an old man (still) likes girls. 8. not . . . either, neither z na ma-xaržin-š.—z ettana. We're not leaving.—I'm not either. 9. used for emphasis in oaths we-llah zetta nži gedda! I swear I'll come tomorrow.

¶ zetta l- 1. until (in time expr.) gadi-nebqa hna zetta l-l-xemsa. I'm staying here until five o'clock, 2, up to, as far as qrit zetta le-s-sefza Eešrin. I read up to page twenty. —l-Eam lli daz uselt zetta l-merrakes. Last year I got as far as Marrakech.

¶ zetta ši (or šay, or zaža) nothing, (not) anything ma-Eăndi zetta zaža. I don't have anything.

¶zetta zădd (or wazed) nobody zetta wazed ma-sqet. Nobody failed (the exam). Tettet v.t. to break up into little pieces, to crumble (as bread)

teb (v.n. ztib) 1. v.i. to gather firewood (and bring back) 2. v.t. to gather (firewood)

zteb n.u. zetba (fire)wood

tib v.n. of teb

ett (v.n. zettan) 1. v.t. to put, to place (s.th. somewhere) 2. v.t. (or with men) to degrade, to bring down (s.o.'s reputation, value of s.th.) 3. v.i. to stay, to stop over

zettab pl. -a ag. n. of zteb

zettan v.n. of zett

tuta pl. -t penis (child's term)

said upon hearing of the death of s.o. or on Tubus same as Tbas Tudud pl. of Zădd and Zdada seeing a cripple, etc.) zud pl. zwad (with some speakers zwad is zăwli pl. zwala male sheep (not young) sg. with pl. zwadat) 1. small plot or wem pl. of zuma garden 2. ditch leading from the noria Tawma same as Zuma udur v.n. of zder wet pl. of zuta Zăwwa Eve (Adam's mate) ¶ f-udur, b-udur in the presence (of) z awwat pl. -a 1. fisherman 2. fishmonger zukama pl. of zkim zăwwed Ela to dig a (small) ditch around zukuma pl. -t 1. government men ¿ăt or near (a plant, for watering) l-z ukuma tažemmu at n-nas. The govern-Zăwwef v.t. to bring down, to lower (a flag, ment has prohibited public assembly. 2. ada window, etc.) ministration (of government) 3. cabinet Zawwel v.t. 1. to move (from one place to (government) another) 2. to distort, to twist (what s.o. zuma pl. -t, zwem quarter, section (of a has said) 3. to cross, to make cross (eyes) city) ¶ Zāwwel t-triq to take another or difzumma fever (sickness) ferent road (from the one you are already umeq pl. of zmeq zumer pl. of zmer on) zuquq pl. of zăqq ¶ من قص الك awwel و asy on, to go easy with (s.o.) uriya pl. -t houri Zawwem v.i. 1. to wander around, to roam ureš pl. of zreš around (walking) 2. to hover or glide in urub pl. of zărb circles 7 ut n.u. -a fish Trawwem Ela to look (around) for ¶ Tut musa sole (fish) _uta pl. -t, _wet usually in the phrase _uta (some stealthiness implied) de-r-ržel calf (of the leg) z awwes 1. v.i. to take a walk or a drive (as on Sunday afternoon) 2. v.t. to rob (s.o. or Zuwwal pl. Zwawel baker's spatula for placing in and taking out of the oven s.th.) (taking everything he has) Tāwz 1. with art.) region near Marrakech zužaž pl. of zužža zužža pl. -t, zužáž 1. proof ζăndu zužža 2. pl. \(\tau waz\), \(\frac{q}{e} \tau waz\) suburb, outskirts (pl.) qwiya Ela bara etu. He has strong proof of zăwzi pl. -yen native of zăwz (see zăwz 1) his innocence. 2. evidence Zăwwež used in the expr. leh-la iz awwżek wad pl. of zud (with some speakers same I hope some day you won't have to depend as zud) on anybody for anything (said to s.o. who wafer pl. of zafer cannot now have s.th. he wants). wal, ee wal pl. of al ya yezya v.i. 1. to live בya zyat twila. He wala pl. of zawli lived a long life. 2. to come back to life (as wanet pl. of Zanut from a grave illness, or as a wilted flower) ¶ yezya l-malĭk! Long live the king! wanti pl. -ya shopkeeper, shop owner zwaši pl. of zašya ya yezyi v.t. (v.n. ⁹ezya⁹) 1. to bring Twawel pl. of Tuwwal back to life (as from a grave condition) zwayež 1. pl. of zaža 2. (pl.) clothes, 2. to revive 3. to resurrect 4. to celebrate (anniversary, etc.) clothing zya 1. (m.) modesty, decency 2. (m.) shyness waz, eezwaz pl. of zawz 2 3. (f.) life wažeb pl. of zažeb Tawd same as Zud ¶ bent le-∠ya decent, virtuous girl ¶ qlil le-ya indecent, immodest zawf v.n. of zaf winta dim. of zanut ¶ qellet le-zya indecency, immodesty eezyae v.n. of zya yezyi wiyyža dim. of zaža zwel f. zawla pl. ziwel cross-eyed, wallyal v.i. to get old, to age (foods; either a good thing or a bad, depending on the food) Tawl year (usually used with the verb dar) yala v.n. of zal izil dar l-zăwl u-huwa ma-ržă E-s men s-sfer. zyat same as zayat It's been a year now, and he hasn't returned yata pl. of zăyti from his trip. —had z-zră dar Elih zăyran pl. -in perplexed, bewildered, puzzled l-7 awl. This wheat is a year old. ayt same as رند Tawla 1. f. of wel 2. strength, power; used zăyti pl. zyati type of tapestry (usually used only in the expr. la-zăwla wa-la-quwwata for ceremonies, feasts, etc.) illa be-llah. There is no power or might yut pl. of z it save in God. (expr. of condolence or pity eyy pl. -in alive, living

zeyya pl. -t viper (poisonous)

zoyyak pl. of zayek

zeyyan used in the expr. lyali zeyyan coldest period of winter

Zeyyana, a-zeyyana used in the expr.

zeyyana Elik! (expresses an incredulity at s.o.'s excuse or answer) was herresti had z-zaž?—la!—a-zeyyana Elik! Did you break this window?—No!—Well, I think you did.

Zeyyaz pl. -a ag. n. of Zeyyez

Zäyyed v.t. 1. to take (off) zäyyed magantek men yeddek! Take your watch off (your wrist)! - Zăyyed sebbatek! Take your shoes off! 2. to take (out of) \(\tilde{a} \) \(\tilde{a} \) yed yeddek men žibek! Take your hand out of your pocket! 3. to take (away from) xessek tzăyyed l-weldek dak l-mess. You'd better take that knife away from your boy. 4. to put (in) fe-l-berd ka-nz ăyyed yeddiya fe-žyabi zit ma-ka-ikunu Eăndi sebba Eat. In wintertime I usually put my hands in my pockets when I don't have gloves. 5. to hide (with removal of the object in question) Tăyyed had le-ktab degya! Quick! Hide this book! 6. to keep (for) Zăyyed had I-zălwa I-weldek! Keep this candy for your boy! 7. v.i. to move or get away, to move aside zăyyed men temma! Get away from there!

Zăyyel v.t. to age, to allow to get old (i.e., either to improve or impair quality of foods)

Zăyyer v.t. 1. to puzzle, to perplex 2. to cause a lot of trouble for, to give a lot of trouble to

Tăyyer v.t. to boil (an egg)

Záyyez v.t. 1. to frighten away, to run off 2. to rouse (game animals, by beating) 3. to weep and wail

zab, eezab pl. of zizeb

zam pl. -at, zuma 1. belt had le-zam kbir Ela kerši. This belt is too big for my waist.
2. girth

¶ zam lalla faṭima (or faṭim) z-zohṛa rainbow

zami pl. of zezma

zan pl. of zin

zim v.n. of zem

zima dim. of zezma

zin pl. -in, zan sad, grief-stricken

ziq v.n. of zeq

Zem v.t. (v.n. zim) to tie up or together (in a bundle)

** \(\tag{zem rasek!}\) Pull yourself together! Get on the ball!

Zăzm 1. willingness, readiness 2. resolution, tenacity

cezma pl. -t, zami (dim. zima) bundle (of books, sticks, etc.)

zen v.i. (v.n. zăzn, zozn) to become sad, grief-stricken

¶ zen Ela to go into mourning, to mourn zen Ela bbah moddet Eamayn. He mourned his father for two years.

¶ a.p. azen pl. -in in mourning (state of mind)

\[
 \zeta_{ozn}, \sum_{\alpha zn} 1. \]
 v.n. of \(\zeta_{en} 2. \)
 grief, sadness
 \[
 \zeta_{eq} v.i. \((v.n. \zeta_{eq}) 1. \)
 to fart 2. to go broke,
 to go bankrupt 3. to take off, to beat it, to scram
 \]

¶ a.p. $\angle azeq$ pl. -in broke, bankrupt (person)

zuma pl. of zam

zezzab pl. -a one who reads (aloud) from the Koran (in the mosque)

Tezzama pl. -t s.th. used as a belt

zezzan pl. -a rabbi

Tezzaq pl. -a, -in ag. n. of Zeq Tezzar pl. -a ag. n. of Tezzer

Zezzem v.i. to put a belt on

zezzen v.t. to grieve, to sadden, to cause to
 mourn (subject is death, failure, etc.)

zezzeq v.t. to cause gas in the bowels (as beans) and, therefore, farting

ezzer v.t. to console, to calm the feelings of (usual object is a child)

zžab pl. -at, zžuba 1. veil (as worn by Arab women) 2. charm, amulet (worn as a protection against danger, sickness, etc.)

zžeb v.i. (v.n. zžib) to shut oneself in, to seclude oneself (for privacy), to remain in seclusion men bă d mat raželha zăzbet telt šhur. After her husband's death she remained in seclusion for three months.

zežban pl. of zažeb zžib v.n. of zžeb

zžel (coll.) f. zăžla partridge

zežli pl. -yen hazel (of eyes)

zer pl. zura 1. lap d-derri gales fe-zer bḥah. The child is sitting in his father's lap.
2. male genital area, crotch

zer n.u. zežra 1. stone, rock, boulder 2. lump (of sugar) 3. battery (dry-cell, as for a flashlight)

** rasu qasez bzal l-zežra. 1. He's as stubborn as a mule. 2. He's rather dense.

žuba pl. of zžab

zžura pl. of zžer

\[
 \zeta \tilde{a} \tilde{z} \tilde{v}.i.\]
 (v.n. \(\zeta \tilde{a} \tilde{z} \tilde{z} \)
 to make a pilgrimage to Mecca

¶ a.p. abla ažž pl.
abla ožžaž one who has made at least one pilgrimage to Mecca, Pilgrim (used also as honorific title)

τ ἄžž v.n. of τ ἄžž

c²žža pl. -t 1. n.i. of ζάžž 2. same as ζοžža
 côža same as ζužža
 côžab pl. of ζažib

zežžam pl. -a barber

cežžami pl. -yen related to a barber's work (e.g. shop, tool, etc.)

¶ mess zežžami straight razor zožžaž pl. of zažž (a.p. of zăž) zežžeb v.t. to seclude, to shut in, to keep (s.o.) in (the house, as some men do their wives)

Cežžer v.t. 1. to cover with gravel, stones, or rocks (as a road) 2. to pacify (as a crying child with candy)

Eab iEib v.i. (v.n. Eăyb, Eyuba) 1. to turn bad, to become corrupted or ruined (person) 2. to become useless, to become ruined (part of the body, machine, etc.)

Ead i Eud 1. v.i. (v.n. Eăwda) to return, to go or come back 2. v.i. (v.n. Eăwda) to become 3. v.t. (v.n. Eyada) to visit, to pay a visit to (s.o. sick)

Ead 1. only (in time expr.) hadi Ead rubu E sa Ea baš šeftu m Eaha. It's only been a quarter of an hour since I saw him with her. 2. just Ead wselt! I just got here! 3. then kla, Ead mša in Eas. He ate, then went to bed.

¶ bezzaf & ad 1. very, very; extremely hiya mezyana bezzaf & ad. She's very, very pretty. 2. very, very much; an awful lot 3. much too much

Eada (v.n. Edau.a) 1. v.t. to be on unfriendly terms with (s.o.) (a.p. usually used in present) 2. v.t. to treat in an unfriendly manner 3. v.i. to be contagious 4. v.t. to contaminate (s.o.) (with disease) kan fih s-soll, u-Eada bih xutu. He had tuberculosis and gave it to his brother and sisters.

Eada pl. -t, Ewa?id custom, habit, tradition l-makla bekri Eăndna Eada. We're in the habit of eating early.

¶fe-l-Eada, or men l-Eada usually ¶ma-Eada except, but kollhom qsar ma-Eada ana. They're all short except me.

¶ men $\mathcal{E}adtu\phi$ to be one's custom or habit \neq , to usually (do s.th.) \neq men $\mathcal{E}adti$ ka-nešreb l-qehwa m $\mathcal{E}a$ le-ftur. I usually drink coffee with my breakfast.

Eadad 1. number, quite a few qrit Eadad d-le-ktub. I've read quite a few books.

2. (sg. also Eadăd) pl. Eadad, PăEdad number l-Eadad xemsa ma-ka-iqbel-š l-qesma Ela žuž. The number five isn't divisible by two.

Eadar pl. of Eodr

Eadaw used in the expr. Eayyet be-l-Eadaw to call for help

** l-Eadaw, a Eibad !lah! Help, someone!

Eadăd same as Eadad 2

Eadi pl. -yen 1. usual, normal 2. habitual Eadid pl. -in numerous, quite a few

Eadel v.t. 1. to balance, to put in equilibrium 2. to be equal or equivalent to

Eadel a.p. of Edel

Eadăm 1. nothing, nothingness, void 2. used in cons. with n. of action to negativize (often translatable by "lack of") Eadăm tiram l-qanun ka-imken i eddi le-s-sižn. Disrespect for the law can lead to prison. Eadem a.p. of edem

Eaduw pl. º ă Eda e enemy, adversary

¿adama 1. enormity, hugeness 2. s.th. monstrous, huge 3. grandeur, splendor, glory, majesty, etc. (mountains, person, etc.)
 4. greatness, importance

Twazed l-Eadama d- monstrous, enormous, huge šeft had s-sbaz wazed l-Eadama d-wazed r-rtila. I saw an enor-

mous spider this morning.

Eadim pl. -in, Eidam, Eudama (comp.

Edem) 1. magnificent, splendid, excellent 2. great, huge, enormous 3. great, eminent, distinguished 4. (with art.) epithet of God Eadud used in the expr. šedd l-Eadud l- to help (out), to aid (other usage rare)

Eaf iEif v.t. to be disgusted with, to not be able to stand, to have revulsion for (s.th.,

Eafa v.t. to heal, to restore the health of (subject usually God) !!ah iEafik! May God restore you your health!

T Eafak 1. please Etini šwiya de-l-melz a Eafak! Give me a little salt, please!

2. expr. of approving admiration Eafak a weldi! Very good, son!

Caffak same as Eafak, see Eafa

とafiya (usually used in conjunction with seてこa) health

Eafya pl. Ewafi (dim. Ewifya) fire

** l-Eafya hadi! 1. Man, is it hot! 2. Boy, this is expensive!

Eager a.p. of Eger

Cahed v.t. 1. to promise, to vow to (s.o.)

Cahedt mṛati baš ma-nxunha-š. I promised my wife I'd be faithful to her. — Cahedt l-xatiba dyali b-wazed l-zăfla mezyana. I've promised my fiancee a nice party. 2. to make a pact or agreement with

Eahira pl. -t prostitute Eagila pl. -t family Eakes v.t. to oppose, to object to, to be against Ealama pl. -t 1. sign, indication 2. symptom, indication 3. signal, sign (gesture, etc.) 4. sign (road, directions, etc.) 5. mark (scar, scratch, pencil mark, etc.) 6. mark, brand (e.g., cattle) 7. print, track (foot, finger, animal, etc.) 8. badge, insignia, emblem 9. symbol

Ealaga pl. -t relation, relationship

Ealawi pl. -yen Alawite, of or pertaining to the Moroccan royal family and dynasty

Eali f. Ealya pl. Ealyen (comp. Ela) high l-urıka žbel Eali Zda merrakeš. Ourika is a high mountain near Marrakesh. —sewtha Eali. She has a high voice. —fe-l-meġrıb taman s-siyarat l-amrikiya Eali. In Morocco, the price of American cars is high.

Eali 1. proper m. name 2. (usually sidna Eali) the fourth caliph and successor of the Prophet Mohammed (also the latter's son-in-law)

Ealăm pl. Eawalim world

Ealem a.p. of Elem

Ealež v.t. 1. to take care of the health of (preventively) 2. to treat, to take care of (s.o. sick)

Eam iEum v.i. (v.n. Eum, Euman) 1. to swim 2. to float (in liquid)

Eam du. -ayn, -in pl. Pazwam, snin, sinin year

Eamaliya (žira ziya) pl. -t (surgical) operation

Eamal, Eamăl pl. Pă Emal 1. v.n. of Emel 2. act, action 3. accomplishment 4. procedure, course of action 5. execution, doing 6. conduct, behavior

¶žari $\dot{b}ih\phi$ l- ξ amăl (to be) in effect, in force, in operation \neq (e.g., a law)

Eamil pl. Eumala? flunky, "puppet"

Eamel v.t. to treat, to deal with, to handle (s.o.) ka-i Eamelni bz al xah. He treats me like a brother.

Eamel a.p. of Emel

Eam'l pl. Eommal governor (provincial, etc.)
Eamm pl. -in general (in contrast to specific, etc.)

Eamma (the) common people, (the) masses (generally uneducated, illiterate, etc.)

Eammi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. Ewamm ignorant, illiterate, uneducated

¶l-Eammiya the vernacular, colloquial language or speech (in contrast to the classical)

Eamer a.p. of Emer

Ean iEin v.t. (v.n. muEawana) to help, to assist, to aid (usually financially)

** Einna, Eăl llah! Help us, for the love of God! (expr. of beggars) —llah i&in! Good luck! May God help you!

Eanasir pl. of Consor

Eanawin pl. of Conwan

Eaned v.t. 1. to vie or compete with, to try to outdo (s.o.) 2. to attempt to overcome the obstinacy or stubbornness of (s.o., donkey, etc.)

Eani used in the expr. be-l-Eani purposely, on purpose

¶ ma-ši be-l-Zani involuntarily, accidentally

Eag iEig b- (v.n. Eigan) to become aware of, to notice (s.o.) mnin dexlet mmu Eaget bih ka-ikmi. When his mother came in she noticed that he was smoking.

Eaga@id pl. of Eagida

Eagar pl. -at building

Eaqari pl. -yen real estate agent

Eageb v.t. 1. to punish, to chastise Eagbuh Ela lli šarek fe-l-mu? amara. He was punished for taking part in the plot. 2. to sentence Eagbuh b-telt snin de-l-Zăbs. They sentenced him to three years in prison.

Eaqiba pl. -t, Eawaqib consequence

** llah ixerrež l-Eaqiba bi-xir. I hope everything turns out all right.

Eaqida pl. -t, Eaqa°id 1. belief, faith, doctrine 2. school of thought, doctrine

Eagel a.p. of Egel

Ear pl. (of intensity) -at 1. shame, dishonor, ignominy, opprobrium 2. protection (heavenly)

** Ear Elik! Shame on you!

¶ ana f-Earek (or ha l-Ear) ila ma ... could or would you please ... ana f-Earek (or ha l-Ear) ila ma tthella-li fe-d-drari zetta neržă E. Would you please watch the children for me until I get back?

¶ klam l-Ear insulting remarks, insults Earabi pl. -yen 1. Arabic (adj.) 2. Arab

¶ l-Earabiya 1. Arabic (classical language) 2. royal carriage (horse-drawn) Earad 1. honor, dignity 2. virtue (moral)

Earafat (f.) (usually žabál Earafat) mountain near Mecca where pilgrims (\(\tau\)ožžaž) gather near the end of their pilgrimage, on the 9th of du-l-\(\tau\)ižža, for certain culminating ceremonies called \(l\)-weqfa

¶ nhar ξ arafat day on which the above takes place, 9th of du-l-zi \tilde{z} \tilde{z} a

Eared v.t. to oppose, to be in opposition to, to object to (s.th., s.o.) Eardu l-fikra de-z-zwaž dyalu biha. They objected to the idea of his marrying her.

Earif pl. Eurafa kind of representative or spokesman chosen to represent a class in

Easi a.p. of Esa yă Esa and Esa yă Esi Easima pl. -t, Eawasim capital fas hiya l-Easima d-diniya de-l-meġrib. Fez is the religious capital of Morocco.

Easir juice (orange, lemon, etc.)

Easer (with art.) the afternoon prayer ¶ t-tarix l-Eažami Christian calendar (in Eaš i Eiš v.i. (v.n. E ayš, Eiš) to live contrast to Muslim) ** ¿aš l-malĭk! Long live the King! ¿ažib pl. -in 1. extraordinary, amazing Eas men rak! It's good to see you!-Eis 2. marvelous, excellent 3. strange, unusual, nhar tesmae xbar. Another day, another weird 4. mysterious dollar. (lit., live a day and learn s.th.; said Ebana pl. -t, Ebayen blanket (usually handto acknowledge that another day has gone woven) by) Ebar pl. -at (pl. rare) measurement (both ¶a.p. Eayeš pl. -in alive, living dimensional and quantitative) šnu huwa Easeg a.p. of Eseg le-Ebar d-had t-tebla? What are the meas-Easer v.t. (v.n. of Cosra) to associate with urements of this table? Ebayen pl. of Ebana (s.o.) Eašer tenth (adj.) Eăbba v.t. to take (s.th. or s.o. somewhere) Easur 1. first month of the Muslim lunar E abbi xak m ak! Take your brother with calendar 2. (also ¿ašura) feast or holiday vou! characterized by paying a tithe to the needy ¶ ¿abba u-žab to be getting old or along Tšaye & Eašur second month of the Musin years lim lunar calendar ** ma-čăbba ma-žab. He couldn't care E ateb v.t. to scold, to reprimand ateg a.p. of Eteg Eăbbad adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of Eatifa pl. Eawatif sympathetic feeling or ¶ Eăbbad š-šems litmus paper (for testsentiment Eawalim pl. of Ealăm ing acidity) Eawagib pl. of Eagiba Eăbbar pl. -a weigher, one whose occupation Eawasim pl. of Easima is weighing goods Eawatif pl. of Eatifa Eabber Ela to express, to tell of (one's feel-Eawed v.t. 1. to redo, to do over or again ings, ideas, happiness, etc.) 2. to repeat, to say or tell again 3. to tell Eăbbes (usually used in the expr. Eabbes (a story) 4. used with verbs to denote $wežhu\phi$) to frown repetition Eawdet basetni. She kissed me Eăbbu 1. proper m. name 2. (also Eăbbu again. -ma-t Eawed-š tsiftu! Don't send we-r-riz or čăbbu u-giliz) nonsense, "bull" him any more! 3. half-heartedness l-mežhud dyalu ģir Eawed, Eawed tani 1. again sbegha Eawed l-كabbu. His efforts are only half-hearted. tani! Paint it again! 2. also, too, as well Ebed v.t. (v.n. Eibada) to worship (God, (usually also with zetta) Eawed tani woman, money, etc.) z etta huma Eăndhom had l-muškila. They Eăbd 1. pl. Ebid (negro) slave, bond servant. also have this problem. bondman (increasing usage as "negro" in Eawen v.t. 1. to help, to aid, to assist 2. to general) 2. pl. Eibad man, creature of God rescue, to save I Eibad !!ah people (usually used voca-Eawtani same as Eawed, Eawed tani tively with va) Eawet v.t. 1. to fix, to arrange, to put in bid pl. of Eabd 1 Ebir v.n. of Eber (good or proper) order 2. to improve (e.g., s.o.'s health) 3. to cut, to prune, etc. (grass, Eber v.t. (v.n. Ebir) 1. to weigh (s.th., s.o.) 2. to measure trees, etc.) a to play a dirty trick on Eayel pl. Eyal, f. Eayla pl. -t (chiefly North-Labra pl. -t 1. n.i. of Eber 2. dirty trick ern Moroccan usage) child Eebrani pl. -yen Hebrew Eayen v.t. to wait for, to await Eebraniya (with art.) Hebrew (language) Eayer v.t. to insult, to curse at (s.o.) bda Eda yă Edi v.t. 1. to contaminate, to infect ka-i ayerha b-xaha. He began insulting her (s.o.) (subject is usually the disease) 2. to concerning her brother. affect adversely, to corrupt (as a bad habit Eayes a.p. of Eas may a person) Eaza@im pl. of Eazima PăEda? pl. of Eaduw Eazba pl. -t virgin (often extended to mean Edab torture, torment, suffering young girl) ačdad pl. of Eadad 2 و قوم Eazima pl. -t, Eaza?im, Ezayem hocus pocus, Edala 1. v.n. of Edel 2. same as Eădl 2 incantation (often used in pl.) edam pl. of とdim až ivory Edawa v.n. of Eada Eaža ib pl. of Ežuba Edayez pl. of Eduza (same as Eguza)

Eădd v.t. (v.n. Eăddan) 1. to count Eăddu

Eažami pl. -yen non-Arab, non-Arabic

Tetta le-mya! Count to a hundred! 2. to consider, to think of kont dima ka-n E ăddha efdel șadiqa. I always considered her my best friend.

¶ Eădd Ela to count on, to rely on

Eădda v.i. 1. to do the best one can with what one has, to get along on what one has, to manage 2. to pass on, to die

¶ Eadda b- to make do with, to get along on (s.th.) (until s.th. better comes)

gad-n E addiw be-lli kayen Ela-ma izellu le-zwanet. We'll get along on what there is until the stores open.

Eedda 1. same as Eidda 2. allowed period of time, time-limit

Eădda pl. -t 1. arms, weapons 2. gear, equipment

¿ăddad pl. -a 1. counter, counting machine, meter 2. stop-watch

Eăddan v.n. of Eădd

Eăddawi pl. -yen (adj.) ordinary, nothing special

Eaddeb v.t. 1. to torture, to torment, to make suffer (physically, mentally, spiritually) 2. to treat badly, to mistreat 3. to weary, to cause to become exhausted

Eădded same as Eădd

Eăddel v.t. 1. to balance, to equilibrate (balance system) 2. to fix, to put in order, to set right, to rectify 3. to solve, to settle (problem, difficulty, etc.) 4. to improve, to better 5. to do (less common than Emel or dar) Edid same as Eadid

Edim pl. -in, Edam 1. poor, indigent, needy 2. helpless (due either to lack of financial means or to poor health)

Edir v.n. of Eder

Edel v.i. (v.n. Eădl, Edala) to be just, fair, impartial

¶ Edel Ela to change one's mind about, to decide against (doing s.th.)

¶ a.p. Eadel pl. Edul notary (public) Eădl 1. v.n. of Edel 2. justice, fairness, impartiality

čadli pl. -yen 1. of or pertaining to a notary, notarial 2. judicial, judiciary

Edem (v.n. ?iEdam) 1. v.t. to execute, to put to death 2. v.i. to go bankrupt, to go broke, to be (financially) ruined 3. v.i. to become seriously ill, to be on the verge of dying (usually of an aging person)

¶ a.p. Eadem pl. -in 1. broke, penniless,

out of funds 2. invalid, laid up

Eder v.t. (v.n. Edir) to excuse, to not blame (s.o.)

Eodr pl. Eadar excuse, justification

** me-Ederhom (or men Ederhom)
ma-ttafqu-š mEaha. It's no wonder they
didn't agree with her. —šeft xak fe-!-!riq,
ea, xtek, m-Eădri (or men Eădri). On the

way over, I saw your brother . . . I mean your sister.

Edes n.u. Eădsa lentil(s)

¿ădsi pl. -yen (adj.) kind of medium brown
(theoretically the color of lentils)

Edu pl. Eădyan same as Eaduw Edul pl. of Eadel (a.p. of Edel)

Eduza pl. Edayez same as Eguza Eddyan pl. of Edu (same as Eaduw)

Edam pl. of Edem

čădda pl. -t 1. n.i. of čădd 2. bite (of food, of dog, etc.) 3. sting (of bee, ant, etc.)

Eăddad adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a 1. ag. adj. and ag. n. of Eădd 2. given to biting (e.g., a certain dog, snapping turtle)

Eăddada pl. -t clothespin

Eăddan v.n. of Eădd

Eăḍḍeḍ v.t. to back, to support, to side with Eăḍḍem v.t. to build up, to glorify, to praise, to laud

Edim same as Eadim Edem comp. of Eadim

Edem pl. Edam, Eduma 1. bone 2. seed, pit, stone (of fruit, etc.)

** ¿ čádmu faxer He's bony. —ma-bqaw fih gir le-¿ dam. He's lost all his strength and energy.

¶ mṛiḍ b-le-Eḍam epileptic

¶ taz b-le-Edam to have or suffer an epileptic fit or attack

¶ tiyyzuh ϕ le-Edam to have an epileptic fit \neq

Eduma pl. of Edem

Efa yā Efi v.t. (v.n. E ăfyan, Efu) to release, to let go (from job, responsibility, etc.)

Efa yă \in fu (pl. yă \in fiw) \in la (v.n. \in ăfw, \in fu) to pardon, to give a pardon to

¶ \not f a

faret pl. of Eafrit

Zăff used in the expr. Ili gleb i ¿ ăff. Let the victor be merciful (i.e., once the enemy is beaten, don't rub his nose in the dirt).

¿áffa, ¿effa 1. modesty (both in dress and in contrast to conceit) 2. virtuousness, uprightness 3. restraint, continence

¶ qlil l-Eăffa 1. inconsiderate 2. immodest ¶ qellt l-Eăffa lack of consideration (for

Eăffen v.t. (v.n. Efuniya) to dirty, to get filthy (with specific implications of some sort of natural filth, e.g., excrement, slaver, vomit, rotting carcass, etc.)

Eăffer v.i. to be or act snobbish, to have

delusions of being better than others (may imply a desire to be coaxed into things, i.e. a sort of false snobbery)

fis v.n. of Efes

Efen pl. (of intensity) Efunat filthiness, repulsive or sickening filth (connotes strong revulsion)

Eăfrit pl. Efaret 1. devil, demon 2. (also adj.) brilliant, exceptional, "whiz" 3. (also adj.) charmingly mischievous, devilish

Efes Ela (v.n. Efis) to step on Efes Ela zentit l-getta u-hiya txebšu. He stepped on the cat's tail and it scratched him.

Eăfsa pl. -t n.i. of Efes Efet Ela same as Efes Ela Eăfta pl. -t same as Eăfsa Efu v.n. of Efa

** l-yum bdu Efu, gedda qebtu u-kettfu. This time excuse him, next time bruise him.

Efunat pl. of Efen
Efuniya v.n. of Eäffen
Eăfw v.n. of Efa yăEfu
Eăfyan v.n. of Efa yăEfi
Eăfyun opium
Egabi pl. of Eăgba

Egadi pl. of Eogda (same as Eogda)

Egaged pl. of Eğggad

Egareb pl. of Eagreb (same as Eagreb)

Egayez pl. of Eguz and Eguza

Egeb v.i. (primarily country usage; v.n. Egib) to return (go or come back)

Eăgba pl. -t, Egabi hill, slope, incline, grade f-fas kayen bezzaf d-le-Egabi. There are a lot of hills (grades) in Fez. — di rasek mnin tkun nazel fe-l-Eăgba! Be careful when you go down the hill!

Eogda same as Eoqda Eăggad pl. Egaged bat, club Eăgged same as Eăgged

Eăggez v.t. 1. to discourage, to dissuade (s.o.) 2. to cause or inspire (s.o.) to become lax or lazy

Egib v.n. of Egeb Egig same as Eqiq Egir v.n. of Eger Egir v.n. of Eger

Eger v.i. (v.n. Egir) to become sterile (land,

person, animal)

¶ a.p. Eager pl. -in sterile Eger sterility (land, person, animal)

Eger v.t. (country usage; v.n. Egir) to hurt, to cause pain to (s.o.)

Eăgreb pl. Egareb same as Eăgreb

Eguz pl. Egayez old man

Eguza pl. -t, Egayez 1. old woman 2. motherin-law

Egez v.i. (v.n. Egez) 1. to get or become lazy 2. to become dissuaded, to decide against doing s.th. (usually because it is either futile or easier some other way)

Egezt neržã E la režli u-xdit t-tubis. I decided against coming back on foot, so I took the bus. 3. to lie dormant (e.g., seeds, certain diseases)

¶ Egez Ela to decide against (s.th.) f-ºaxir daqiqa Egezna Eal s-sfer. At the last minute we decided against the trip (too much trouble).

gez 1. v.n. of Egez 2. laziness

**!lah yă\tik le-\tigez! said reproachfully to s.o. who is apparently too lazy to do some particular thing

Eăgzan pl. -in 1. lazy, indolent 2. tired, fatigued

Eăhd pl. Euhud 1. promise, vow 2. time, period, epoch

** Eăhdi bih l-?usbu Elli daz. Last week

was the last time I saw him.

¶ $\xi \tilde{a}hdu^{\phi}b$ - (s.o.) . . . to think (usually past tense) that (s.o.) . . . $\neq \xi \tilde{a}hdi$ bik dki, s-sa ξa nta men ℓ ekber l-bulada. I thought you were smart, but you're really very stupid.

Eib pl. Eyub, Euyub 1. shameful act or thing, improper act or thing 2. vice, degrading or vicious habit 3. defect, s.th. wrong or defective 4. defect, infirmity (physiological)

*** $\mathcal{E}ib \ \mathcal{E}lik!$ Shame on you!

¶ $\mathcal{E}ib \ \mathcal{E}lih\phi$. . . he shouldn't or shouldn't have \neq . . . $\mathcal{E}ib \ \mathcal{E}lik \ \mathcal{E}\check{a}dda \ \mathcal{E}liha!$ You shouldn't have hurt her!

Eibad pl. of Eabd 2

Eibada 1. v.n. of Ebed 2. worship

¶ Eibadät l-easnam idolatry, idol worship Eibara pl. -t 1. expression, term pripellu Eibara mestă Emla kter fe-r-rbat.

"pripellu" is an expression used mostly in Rabat. 2. indication, sign 3. butt of joking or jest (person)

§ b-Eibara xra... in other words... Eid pl. Eyad 1. feast, celebration, (traditional) holiday 2. anniversary (as observed by a particular country, group, etc.)

¶ l-Eid le-kbir Greater Bairam, feast or celebration on the tenth of du l-zižža characterized by the sacrifice of a lamb

¶l-Eid s-sgir Lesser Bairam, feast or celebration on the first of šuwwal when the fast of Ramadan is broken, characterized by the giving of alms, usually wheat, to the poor

¶ Eid l-mewlid (or l-mewlud, l-milud) birthday of the Prophet Mohammed

eidan pl. of Eud

Eidda number, large number, quite a few Čăndna Eidda de-l-mašakil. We have a number of problems.

Eidam pl. of Eadim

Eifa pl. -t (wide adj. usage) 1. n.i. of Eaf

2. repugnant or disgusting act or thing

3. filth, filthiness (also moral) had l-ginsan hada Eifa, zetta wazed ma-ka-izămlu. This guy is absolutely filthy; no one can stand him.

Eilm 1. v.n. of Elem 2. pl. Eulum knowledge 3. science 4. (often pl.) used in cons. with various words to designate certain sciences e.g. Eilm n-nabat botany, Eilm n-nužum astronomy

Eimara pl. -t building Ein same as E ăyn Einaya n.i. and v.n. of Ena yăEna Eineb n.u. Einba grape igan v.n. of Eag Eisawa pl. of Eisawi

¶ خisawa gidawa meal consisting of meat, onions, raisins, cinnamon, prepared during 1-Eid le-kbir (primarily for the children) Eisawi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. Eisawa banned fraternity characterized by certain savage rites

Eisyan 1. v.n. of Esa yă Esi 2. disobedience, insubordination

iš v.n. of Eaš

Eiša pl. -t 1. n.i. of Eaš 2. life ka-n Eiš Eiša mezyana. I live a good life, 3. way of life,

manner of living

Eiwad (with -ma before v.; often f-Eiwad; Eawd used with pron. endings) 1. in place of, instead of sir f-Eawdi! Go in my place! -Etani Eăšra Liwăd žuž. He gave me ten instead of two. - Eiwad le-z mar ka-ndenn zsen-li ila rkebt Eăl l-Eăwd. Instead of the donkey, I think I'd better ride the horse. – Eiwăd-ma nemši l-tunes, žit l-l-megrib. Instead of going to Tunisia, I came to Morocco. - Eiwad-ma tekteb be-qlam zmer, Elaš ma-tekteb-š b-le-kzăl? Instead of writing with a red pencil, why don't you write with a black one? 2. in exchange for

Eiwer pl. of Ewer Eiwež pl. of Ewež

Eizza 1. v.n. of E ăzz 2. glory

Ekaker pl. of Eakkar Ekakez pl. of Cokkaz

Eăkkar pl. Ekaker lipstick

Eokkaz pl. Ekakez 1. cane, walking stick 2. crutch

Eăkkel v.t. 1. to trip (s.o.) 2. to complicate, to make (more) complicated 3. to leave or put in a difficult or embarrassing position, to leave in the lurch

Eăkker v.i. 1. to put lipstick or rouge on 2. v.t. to cloud, to muddy (usually water) 3. v.t. to trouble, to disturb (water, relationship between two persons)

Eakkez v.i. to walk with a cane or crutches

Eker same as Eakkar

Eakri pl. -yen kind of slightly purplish red

Eăks 1. opposite, contrary l-Eăks dyal l-kasal huwa l-?ižtihad. The opposite of laziness is industriousness. 2. contrary to Eaks ma qal, . . . Contrary to what he said, . . .

¶ be-l-Eăks 1. on the contrary 2. backwards, in reverse manner

¶ u-be-l-&ăks (and) vice-versa

Ela (Eăl before article, sometimes Ele- before forms of the article other than l-, le-; Eli- before pronoun suffixes) 1. upon, on, on top of Emel režlih E ăl t-tabla. He put his feet on the table. —senned ¿ăl l-bab. He leaned on the door, -dar šwiya be-š-šežra u-zad Čla triqu. He circled the tree a little (while), then continued on his way. -dfaw d-duw Elina. They turned out the light on us. -le-zsab Eliya. The check's on me. (I'll pay the check.) 2. over neqqez ¿ăl l-zit. He jumped over the wall. 3. by, through qsem ¿ašra ¿la žuž. Divide ten by two. —žit Eăl t-triq le-qșira. I came by the shortest way. -lli bga işuq men l-megrib le-franșa ka-ixessu iduz Ela sbanya. Whoever wants to drive from Morocco to France must pass through Spain. 4. along bqina gadyin Eal l-wad l-wad zetta l-le-bzăr. We walked along the river as far as the sea. 5. to, at kdeb Eăl l-Qustad. He lied to the professor. -ka-nfeddel t-tmer Eăl le-Esel. I prefer dates to honey.—dexlu l-l-mekteb & ăl t-tlata. They entered the office at three o'clock. -kollhom klaw Ela tebla wezda. They all ate at the same table. 6. from lhitu Ela šoğlu. I distracted him from his work. -Ela had n-namudaž imken-lek txeyyet bezzaf d-le-ksawi. From this pattern you can sew several dresses. -nzel Eăl l-Eăwd. He got down from the horse. 7. away from gul-lu iduwwer wežhu Eliya. Tell him to turn his face away from me. -ma-bga-š imši Elina. He doesn't want to go away from us. 8. about, concerning ddakert meah eal s-sak lli sifet lihom. I talked to him about the check he sent them. 9. for -huwa msemmi Ela žeddu. He's named for his grandfather. 10. out of (with numbers) l-?ustad de-l-fransiya taha tsă taš Ela Eešrin fe-t-teržama. The French teacher gave her 19 out 20 in translation. 11. between, among qsem had d-dellaza Ela had l-xemsa de-n-nas. Divide this watermelon among these five people. 12. in, into qsem had-l-werqa Ela setta. Divide this sheet of paper in six. 13. used with an adj. to form the comp. le-glam le-zreq twil Eal le-zmer. The blue pen is longer than the red one. 14. used with adj. to indicate "too (s.th.) for (s.o.)" -huwa qsir Eliha. He's too short for her.

—had l-kebbut kbir Eliya. This jacket is (too) big for me. —had l-xedma bezzaf Elik. This work is too much for you.

¶ ma- $\xi lih\phi$ - \check{s} not to matter (to s.o.) ma- $\xi liya$ - \check{s} . It doesn't matter to me.

** ma-Elik-š. Never mind.

¶ Ela-ma 1. according to Ela-ma qal r-radyu ġad-isxon l-zal. According to what the radio said, the weather's going to get hot. —Ela-ma smeEt, baqi mrid. According to what I heard, he's still sick. 2. while, until (in waiting for) gir sher ši-šwiya Ela-ma nnežžel š-šanṭa. Just wait a minute while I bring the suitcase down.

T Ela qibal 1. because, because of ma-mken-lhom-š ixoržu Ela qibal š-šta kanet ka-ttız bezzaf. They couldn't leave because it was raining very hard. —Ela qibali xellaha temši mEa xutha. Because of me (my influence) he let her go with her brothers. 2. about tkellemt mEaha Ela qibal 1-zāfia dyal nhar ž-žemEa. I talked to her about Friday's party.

¶ $\mathcal{E} lih\phi l$ -luma to be s.o.'s fault \neq

Ela comp. of Eali Elah same as Elaš Elalef pl. of Eăllafa Elaleg pl. of Eăllaga

Elam pl. -at flag, banner, bunting

¶ weqt le-Elam from 10 a.m. to 12:00 noon, when the white flag is raised over the mosque as a first call to prayer

¿ăčlam pl. of čălăm

Elaš why Elaš gadi u-mxellini wez di? Why are you going away and leaving me alone? tzehzitu fe-l-xedma, ha Elaš ma-feddituha bekri. You were too slow with your work; that's why you didn't finish it on time.

**ma-kayen Elaš. Never mind. It's not worth the trouble.

Ela wedd see wedd

Elayel pl. of Eălla

Elayen, Elayen-ma 1. nearly, almost fedditi šoğlek? Elayen! Have you finished your work? Almost! — Elayen teqfel

Eešrin & am. She's nearly twenty years old.

2. about to, on the verge of kont Elayen-ma nexrož. I was about to leave. —mred zetta Elayen imut. He got so sick he was on the verge of dying.

Elef v.i. to eat (said of animals)

Ealf feed, food (esp. for livestock)

Eălk, Elek 1. resin 2. glue

¶ Eălk t-telz gum arabic

Eălla 1. v.t. to raise, to make higher

Eăllaw l-zit be-tlata de-l-miter. They made the wall three meters higher.

- Eăllat yeddiha baš tšiyyer-lu. She raised her hand to signal him. 2. v.t. to throw (into the air) Eălla l-kura le-s-sma. He

threw the ball into the air. 3. v.i. to go up (higher), to rise (in altitude) t-tıyara Eăllat baš texrož men s-szab. The airplane went up higher to get out of the clouds.

¶ Eălla . . . Ela to put (s.th.) up out of reach of (s.o) Eăllat d-dwa Zăl d-drari baš ma-yakluh-š. She put the medicine up out of reach of the children so they wouldn't eat it.

Eălla pl. -t, Elayel fault, defect (in a person)
huwa ražel mezyan, meal-? asaf fih Eălla:
keddab. He's a good man, but unfortunately

he has a fault: he's a liar.

¶ la-Eălla wa-Easa 1. hoping, in the hope that qeddmet t-talab la-Eălla wa-Easa iqebluha. She put in a request in the hope that she would be accepted. 2. perhaps Eăyyet-lu la-Eălla wa-Easa ıkun ṛžā E. Call him, perhaps he's back.

Eăllafa pl. -t, Elalef 1. manger, feeding trough 2. feed-bag (e.g. for horses)

čăllali used in the expr. be-l-čăllalı publicly, openly, overtly

¿ăllama pl. -t master (of one's art or field, usually famous)

Eăllaqa pl. -t, Elaleq 1. (clothes) hanger
 2. hat and coat tree 3. hook (clothes, crane, etc.) 4. sling (for broken arm)

Eăllef v.t. 1. to feed (cows, sheep, horses, etc.) 2. to fatten (animals for slaughtering)
Eăllek v.t. to make or cause to be chewy (e.g., in making candy)

¶part. meăllek pl. -in gooey, chewy

(e.g., caramel candy)

Eăllem v.t. 1. to teach, to instruct (in) škun lli Eăllmek dak š-ši? Who taught you that? 2. to mark the limits or boundaries of (field, yard, etc.) 3. to mark, to put a mark on (including branding, stamping, etc.) 4. to sign, to put one's signature on

Eălleq v.t. 1. to hang (up) (clothes, tools,

curtains, etc.) 2. to hang (s o.)

¶ ξ ălleq kra ξ u ϕ (or režlu ϕ) to die, to "kick the bucket"

Elem (v.n. Eilm) 1. v.i. to find out, to be informed Elem belli bbah daxel men s-sfer. He found out his father was returning from his trip. —kif-aš Elemti Eăl l-Zăfla? How did you find out about the party? 2. v.t. to inform, to let know

** llahu ? ă lem! God only knows!

¶ Elem b- to inform on, to tattle on (s.o.)

¶ a.p. Ealem pl. Eulama 1. scientist (including mathematicians) 2. official expert on Islamic law

** llah & alem! God only knows!

Elem, eaclem comp. of Calem (a.p. of Elem) ana Elem mennek. I know more than you do.

Eălăm pl. ^aă Elam flag, banner, standard Eălg, Eălq n.u. -a 1. leech 2. persistently annoying person, one who is always hanging around bothering s.o.

Elu (no pl.) height, altitude

Ema yăEma v.i. (v.n. Ema, Emiya) to go blind, to be blinded

 \mathcal{E}_{ma} y \tilde{a} \mathcal{E}_{mi} v.t. (v.n. \mathcal{E}_{ma} , \mathcal{E}_{miya}) to blind (s.o.)

** Emah llah! said of s.o. who has done s.th. very stupid, but should have known better

Ema (m.) 1. v.n. of Ema 2. blindness 3. f. Emya pl. Emyen, Eumi blind, sightless ¶p.p. maEmi pl. -yen unable to understand, dense

⁹ă&mal pl. of &amal, &amăl

Emam pl. of Eamm

Emama pl. -t, Emayem turban

Emara pl. -t, Emayer 1. slug, ball (of bullet)

2. bullet, cartridge, shell (also the empty casing) 3. shot (of gun) sma t tlata

d-le-Emayer. I heard three shots. 4. content(s) (of a container)

¶ Emara d-atay tray with all the accessories necessary for serving tea

¶ Emara de-l-musem fair, exposition Emaš matter, rheum (of the eye)

Emayel pl. of Eămla Emayem pl. of Emama

Emayer pl. of Emara

Emed, Eămdan pl. of Emud Eămdăn on purpose, intentionally

Emir v.n. of Emer

Emiya v.n. of Ema

Emel v.t. (v.n. Eamăl, Eamal) 1. to do, to perform Elaš Emeltiha? Why did you do it? —waš Emelti l-xedma dyalek wella ma-zal? Have you done your work yet?

2. to make mn-aš Emelti had ş-senduq? What did you make this box out of?
—baraka ma-tă Emel s-sda E! Stop making so much noise! —wladek daymen

ka-i&amlu-li l-mašakil. Your children are always making a lot of problems for me. 3. to compose (music, poetry) 4. to organize, to set up 5. to put, to place & mel le-ktub f-le-mžer dyalek! Put the books in your drawer!

** ma-tă Emel-š Elih! Don't pay any attention to him!

¶ Emel b- to take into consideration, to consider (what s.o. says, advises, etc.) Emel be-klami (or be-lli qolt-lek)! Consider what I told you!

¶ Emel be-zsab to consider, to have some consideration for, to think of xessna n E amlu be-zsab ž-žiran. We've got to have some consideration for our neighbors.

¶ Emelha b- to put one over on, to de-

¶ Emel m a to agree with, to make an agreement with Emelt m aha baš ntlaqaw fe-s-setta. I agree with her that we would meet at six.

Temel xater to please mit meahom gir bas naemel xater bba. I went with them just to please my father.

¶ Emel xatruø to be patient, to have

patience (usually impv.)

¶ Emel Eăqlu^{\$\phi\$} to behave, to act properly ¶ a.p. Eamel pl. Eommal worker, laborer ** kif Eamla? How is it (or she)? —had le-byut Eamlin bzal le-bnayeq. These

rooms look like prison cells.

¶ Eid l-Eommal, Eid š-šoġl Labor Day (on first of May)

Eămla pl. Emayel (usu. used in pl.) bad deed, piece of roguery

¶ Emayel š-šiṭan mischief, mischievous-

Eămm pl. Emam uncle (paternal)

¶ sweld (or bent) $\not\in ammu^{\phi}$ 1. (one's) m. (or f.) cousin (i.e., son or daughter of a paternal uncle) 2. s.o. from the same country, compatriot

¶ čămmi l- zažž polite title used in addressing a zažž (extended to any older man, often a stranger)

Eămma pl. -t aunt (paternal)

¶ Eămmti l-zažža f. of Eămmi l-zažž (see Eămm)

\[
\tilde{\alpha}mmal\] adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a one given to committing \(\ximp\)mayel (see \(\ximp\)amla)
\[
\text{ammal}\]

Eommal 1. pl. of Eamil 2. pl. of Eamel (a.p. of Emel)

Eammar pl. -a 1. one whose occupation is stuffing mattresses 2. one who keeps the water buckets full for the bathers at a steambath

¶ Eămmar s-swarež boaster, braggart Eămmariya pl. -t kind of covered seat carried on the back of a camel

Eămmem 1. v.t. and v.i. to generalize (a fact, etc.) 2. v.i. to cover one's head with a turban

Eămmer v.t. 1. to fill (up) Eămmer l-gerba be-l-ma! Fill the goatskin with water! 2. to fill out (forms, clothes) 3. to load (guns, truck, etc.) 4. to wind (clock, etc.) 5. to open, to start (shop, store as a business) 6. v.i. to live long, to have a full life

** !!ah i ¿čămmerha dar. expr. of high praise (of one's greatness, magnanimity, etc.)

Eămmer (used in cons. with n. or with pron. endings; does not admit -ši or -š of negation) ever, (with ma- or with negative v.

or both) never, not ever waš Eămmerha xedmet Eănd ši-Zădd? Has she ever worked for anyone? (i.e., in their house as a maid) ma-Eămmerni (or ma-Eămmri) šefthom. I've never seen them. — Eămmru ma-baqi itxasem m Eak. He'll never quarrel with you any more. — Eămmer bha (or bha Eămmru) ma-ka-išreb. My father never drinks.

Emer v.i. (v.n. Emir) to fill (up), to become full or filled up l-bit Emer be-n-nas bă da.

The room has already filled up with people.

The mer le-b ăr to be high tide

¶ a.p. Eamer pl. -in 1. full 2. high (tide)
3. taken, occupied (seat. etc.)

Emer, Eomr 1. life, lifetime 2. age stal f-Comrek? What's your age? How old are you?

Eomra (no pl.) visit made to a certain chosen holy place during the pilgrimage in Mecca ¶?edda l-Eomra to make or accomplish the Eomra

Emeš f. Eamša pl. Eumeš half-blind, afflicted with poor eyesight (usually affected with rheum)

Emud pl. Emed, Eămdan 1. stick, rod (not necessarily wooden) 2. stake, peg 3. pole, post (fence, for pole-vaulting, etc.)

Eămya f. of Ema

Ena yă Ena b- (v.n. Einaya) to take care of, to treat with care

Ena yă Eni (v.n. mă Ena) to mean š-ka-tă Eni? What do you mean? —had l-kelma ma-ka-tă Eni-š dak š-ši. This word doesn't mean that.

¶ yă \in ni, . . . that is, . . .; in other words, . . .

Enabeb pl. of Eănbub Enaber pl. of Eănber Enad same as mEanda Enager pl. of Eăngra Enaq pl. of Eonq, Eănq Enaged pl. of Eănqud Eneb n.u. Eănba same as Eineb

Eănber pl. Enaber 1. ambergris (pl. for intensity) 2. dry dock, (shipbuilding) stocks Eănbub pl. Enabeb 1. faucet, tap 2. spout (e.g., of teakettle)

Eănd 1. under, with ka-negra Eănd d-doktur le-z hahi. I'm studying under Doctor Lehbabi. 2. at the place or house of aži l-Eăndi had l-lila! Come over to my place tonight! —l-barez tEăsšina Eănd brahim. We ate supper at Abraham's (place) yesterday. 3. near, close to, beside, by waqfa Eănd š-šeržem. She's standing by the window. 4. at (time) ġad-nemšiw Eănd l-Eăsra. We're going to go at ten. 5. among, in the eyes of, as far as . . . is

(are) concerned s-slam de-l-yeddin Eănd l-? amirikiyen ma-Eăndu ? ahemmiya kbira. As far as Americans are concerned, shaking hands isn't too important. —had š-ši Eăndi kif walu. I couldn't care less. That doesn't make any difference to me. —aš Eăndi fih? What do I care? What's it to me?

¶men Eănd from (derivation, origination) had r-risala men Eănd bbak. This letter is from your father.

¶ ξ ăndu ϕ to have $\neq \xi$ ăndna tlata de-l-xut. We have three brothers. — bha ξ ăndu siyara \tilde{z} dida. My father has a new car.

Eăndak watch out (for), be careful (of)
Eăndak s-siyara! Watch out for the car!
—Eăndak tqul-lha had š-ši! You'd better
not tell her this! Be careful you don't tell
her this!

Eănfež v.t. to squash, to mash (s.th. squashy, usually inadvertently)

\[
 \int anger v.t. to place or wear at an angle or cocked (hat)
 \]

¶ ξ ănger (ξ la) to be uppity or snobbish (toward)

Eăngra pl. -t, Énager 1. neck (of cow, camel, etc.) 2. bullneck; thick, stout neck (of person)

Eănkbut (no pl.) (spider) web Eănnaqiya pl. -t pillory

Enneg, Enneg v.t. to hug, to embrace Eong, Enneg pl. Enag 1. neck (animal, person,

bottle) 2. collar (of shirt, etc.)

¶ f- ξ on q (plus n. or pron.) in the charge of, on the shoulders of

Eănqud pl. Enaqed bunch, cluster (usually grapes)

Eonsel n.u. Eonsla squill

Eănser 1. v.t. to spray, squirt, or throw (a liquid) on (s.o.) kanu ka-iguwwtu tezt š-šeržem u-hiya tEănserhom be-l-ma. They were shouting under her window, and she threw some water on them. 2. v.i. to celebrate Eănsra

Eonsor pl. Eanasir 1. element (chemical)
2. component, element, fundamental part
Eănsra (no pl.) occasion, occurring at the
time of the summer solstice, celebrated by
squirting or throwing water on people,

going to the beach, feasts, etc.

Eăntiz pl. Eanatiz Negro ¶weld l-Eăntiza mulatto

Eonwan pl. Eanawin 1. address (home, etc.)
2. title (book, subject, etc.)

Eqabi pl. of Eăqba (same as Eăgba)

Eqad, Eqadi pl. of Eoqda, Eăqda Eqareb pl. of Eăqreb

Egares pl. of Eagrusa

Eqayeb pl. of Equba Eqayeq pl. of Eqiq and Eqiqa (n.u. of Eqiq) Eăqba same as Eăgba

Eqed (v.n. Eoqdan, Eqid) 1. v.t. to tie, to fasten (shoes, tie, knot, etc.) 2. v.t. to button 3. v.t. to make, to conclude (deal, agreement, appointment, etc.) 4. v.i. to solidify, to harden, to coagulate (blood, jello, etc.)

¶ Eqed debza to make a fist, to double

up one's fist

 $\P Eqed m Ea$ to make an appointment or date with

¶ Eged Eăbsa to frown

Eqed, Eaqd pl. Equd, Equda 1. contract 2. necklace

Eoqda, Eaqda pl. -t, Eqad, Eqadi 1. n.i. of Eqad 2. knot (in rope, wood) 3. button made of silk 4. contract, agreement 5. difficulty, trouble, tight spot, "bind" 6. Adam's apple, larynx

Egid v.n. of Eged

Eqiq 1. pl. Eqayeq bead necklace (see 2)
2. n.u. -a pl. Eqayeq bead (actually includes things like pearls, small stones, pieces of glass, etc.)

Eqel Ela to be reminded of, to recall

¶ a.p. Eagel pl. Euqala, Eoqqal intelligent, wise, sensible

Egel pl. Egul mind

** le-Eqel u-le-mmen Etah llah. expr. said of s.o. who displays a sensible and intelligent behavior

 $\P b - \check{\epsilon} \check{a} q l u^{\phi}$ (to be) sensible, intelligent,

 $\mathbb{T} dar \ \xi \breve{a} g l u^{\phi}$ to behave properly, to act one's age, to "straighten up" (usually said to children)

¶ qal- lu^{ϕ} $\xi \check{a}qlu^{\phi}$ to (suddenly) decide, to get the idea (to do s.th.) kanet galsa

u-qal-lha Eqelha tqettă E š Eărha. She was just sitting there when she got the idea of having her hair cut.

¶ $xre\check{z}$ -lu ϕ $\not\in$ $\check{a}q$ lu ϕ to go crazy, to go out of one's mind, to lose one's senses (lit. and figurative)

 $\xi \check{a}ndu^{\phi} \xi qel$ (or $le-\xi qel$) to be sensible, intelligent, wise

Eăqli pl. -yen mental, of or pertaining to the mind

¶ maṛad čaqli mental illness, psychopathy (broad sense)

Eğqliya mentality, temperament

Eggal pl. of Eggel (a.p. of Eggl)

\[
 \alpha aq ed \] v.t. 1. to thicken, to make thick(er),
 to coagulate 2. to complicate, to make
 (more) complicated or knotty

Eăqqel rasu^{\$\phi\$} 1. to get serious, to quit being

silly 2. to come to one's senses, to become sensible

Eăqrayša same as Eăqruša

\[
 \alpha \text{aqreb} \] pl. \[
 \alpha \text{aqreb} \] 1. scorpion 2. hand (of clock, watch)

¿ăgruša pl. -t, ¿qareš 1. crab (crustacean)2. old, crotchety woman

Equba pl. -t, Eqayeb 1. deformation, physiological defect 2. same as Eagiba

**!lah ixerrež Eqaybek Ela xir. I hope everything turns out all right for you.

¶ qra le-Eqayeb to consider the consequences

Equd, Equda pl. of Eqed, Eăqd

gul pl. of Egel

Era (m.) nudity, nakedness (generally the state of anything uncovered that usually is covered)

Eraben pl. of Earbun

rad pl. of خبنط

Erada pl. -t, Erayed 1. v.n. of Ered 2. recitation (of poem, lesson, etc.) 3. invitation was weslatek le-Erada l-l-Eers wella ma-zal? Have you received the invitation to the wedding yet?

Eraki pl. of Earka Erag v.n. of Ereg

Eraqi used in the expr. zaž Eraqi stained

glass
Erarem pl. of Eărram
Erasat pl. of Eers
Erasi pl. of Eărsa
Eraš pl. of Eărs
Erayed pl. of Erada
Erayed pl. of Erifa

Erayes, Eraysat pl. of Erusa Ereb n.pl. of Eărbi

Zărhi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. Ereb 1. Arab
 2. peasant, one living in the country (i.e., not in the city)

Eărbiya (with art.) Arabic (language) (often in context specifically the Moroccan colloquial)

¶ be-l-čărbiya d-tacrebt in plain language, speaking as plainly as possible čărben v.t. to put a deposit on (house, car, etc.)

Eărbet v.i. to be or act drunk

Eărbun pl. Eraben deposit, (partial) advance payment (on s.th.) Etitu fiha Eešrin dular de-l-Eărbun. I gave him a twenty-dollar deposit on it.

Ered v.t. (v.n. Erada) 1. to expound, to present Ered Eliya r-re? y dyalu. He presented his views to me. 2. to recite (poem, etc.) 3. to invite (s.o.)

¶ Ered Ela same as 3 Eărd, Eord width, breadth Ered comp. of Erid \[
 \begin{align*}
 \lambda \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q} & \tilde{q}. \\
 \]
 \[
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \]
 \[
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \]
 \[
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \]
 \[
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \]

 \[
 \tilde{q}/d & \tilde{q}. \\
 \tilde{q}/d & \ti

Eref v.t. (v.n. mā Erifa) 1. to know (s.th., s.o.) waš ka-tā Eref dik l-bent? Do you know that girl? 2. to learn of, to find out about 3. to recognize 4. to tell, to distinguish ma-bqa-š l-wazed yā Eref bā Ed l-lbas d-le-wlad men l-lbas d-le-bnat. One can no longer tell boys' clothes from girls'. 5. to know how (to do s.th.) ma-ka-nā Eref-š n Eum. I don't know how to swim.

\(\tilde{A} \) \text{if} know-how, knowledgeability
 \(\tilde{**} \) hada \(\tilde{A} \) \(\tilde{f} \) if. That's the best I can do.
 \(\tilde{I'} \) ive done my best.

¶ be-l-&arf 1. skillfully, adroitly (may imply cunning) 2. by force, forcefully &arf, &orf pl. &ruf, &rufa forelock (horse;

may extend to person)

Corf socially acceptable customs, standards, or behavior

Eorfi pl. -yen of or pertaining to Eorf (social behavior, etc.)

Exeg same as Exeq

Eărg, Eărga same as Eărq, Eărqa

Eărgan same as Eărqan

Eargeb v.t. to hobble and hold (a sheep) on its side with the hands (so it can be slaughtered)

Zărguba pl. -t, Erăgeb steep (up-hill) grade,
 (steeply ascending) hill

Erid pl. -in, Erad (comp. Ered) 1. wide, broad 2. vast, sprawling (plains, etc.)

Erifa pl. -t, Erayef kind of policewoman Erik v.n. of Erek

Eris pl. Eărsan bridegroom

Erisa dim. of Eărsa

Eriwsa dim. of Erusa

Erek v.t. (v.n. Erik) 1. to knead (dough)
2. to treat or handle roughly, to be rough
with (physically)

Eărka pl. -t, Eraki 1. n.i. of Erek 2. bundle or load of laundry

Eărma pl. -t pile, heap

Ereq v.i. (v.n. Eraq) to sweat, to perspire Eărq, Ereq pl. (of intensity) Eruqat sweat, perspiration

¶ zăbb l-Eărq kind of heat rash which occurs on the forehead

Eărq pl. Eruq 1. blood vessel (vein, artery)
2. tendon, sinew 3. root (tree, tooth)

4. origin, source (usually of some group, e.g., the Jews, Arabs)

¶ & ăṛq d-demm vein in the arm commonly used in blood tests

¶ Eărq s-sus licorice (plant, wood) Eărqa pl. -t n.i. of Ereq Exirqun pl. -in sweaty, covered with sweat or perspiration (person, animal)

Earra v.t. 1. to uncover (bed, pot, etc.) 2. to strip, to denude (person, tree, etc.) 3. to rob (s.o.; may imply taking one's clothes and all)

Eărram pl. Erarem same as Eărma

Eărraq pl. -in tending to sweat or perspire easily

Eărreb v.t. 1. to translate into Arabic 2. to arabicize (people, customs, etc.)

Eărred v.t. to put, place, hold, or stick (s.th. somewhere) Eărred-lu le-mxedda tezt rasu! Put the pillow under his head!

-xessna nčărrdu l-l-qetra ši-stel. We've got to put a bucket under the leak.

- Eărred-li režlu. He stuck his leg out in front of me.

¶ Earred rasu ϕ (l-) 1. to get involved (in) (s.th.) 2. to expose oneself (to) (danger, etc.)

Eărref v.t. 1. to define (word, term, etc.)
2. to inform, to let (s.o.) know Eărrefni
b-had š-ši bă Eda. He's already informed
me about this. 3. to introduce, to present
bġit n Eărrfek Ela (or b-) saḍiqi. I'd like
to introduce you to my friend.

¶ ξ ărref b-rasu ϕ (l-) to introduce oneself (to)

Eărrem v.t. to pile or heap up, to put in a pile or heap

Exerceq 1. v.t. to make or cause to sweat or perspire 2. v.i. to take root (plant) 3. v.t. to partially cook (meat, usually by steaming; cooking completed at some later time)

¶ Eărreq l- to insult the origin or lineage of (s.o.)

Eărreš v.i. 1. to stand on end, to bristle (hair, quills, etc.) 2. to put on airs (of importance), to act the "bigshot"

Zărrez v.t. 1. to cripple (s.o., leg or foot)

 to delay, to (partially) sabotage, to "cripple" (project, etc.)

Eers, Ears pl. Erasat wedding

Eărsan pl. of Eris

Eors same as Eers, Eărs

Earsa pl. -t, Erasi (dim. Erisa) 1. garden 2. orchard

Eărš pl. Eraš, Eruš 1. branch (tree)

2. throne

Erubi pl. -ya peasant, one living in the country (not city)

Erubiya country (in contrast to the city)

Eruf, Erufa pl. of Earf, Eorf

ruq pl. of E ărq

Eruqat pl. of Eărq, Ereq

Erus same as Eris

Erusa pl. -t, Erayes, Eraysat (dim. Eriwsa) 1. bride 2. doll (toy) 3. daughter-in-law Eruš pl. of Eărš

ružiya lameness, limping

ăryan pl. -in uncovered, naked

rež v.i. to limp (with a game leg or foot) Erež f. Eărža pl. Eurež afflicted with a limp, crippled (leg or foot)

Eăr Ear arborvitae

Esalež pl. of Easluž sila dim. of Esel

esel pl. (of intensity) Esulat (dim. Esila) 1. honey 2. pestering, importunity

Eăsli pl. -yen honey-colored

Eăsluž pl. Esalež artichoke stalk (cooked as a food)

Eăsri pl. -yen 1. left (usually used only with hand or foot) 2. left-handed

Eăss v.i. (v.n. Eăssan) to have guard duty, to go on guard duty

¶ Eăss Ela 1. to guard, to watch over 2. to watch, to keep an eye on (s.th., s.o.) Eses pl. of E assa

Eăssa pl. -t, Eses 1. n.i. of Eăss 2. guard, guard duty 3. guard, guard force

Eăssak 1. much less, let alone l-luga dyalu ma-ka-itkellem-š biha mezyan Eăssak itkellem b-luga ?ažnabiya. He doesn't even speak his own language well, let alone (speak) a foreign language. 2. indicates a worse consequence in some other time or

situation sģir u-ka-yă Emel le-f Eayel Eăssak mnin ikber! You think he's bad now, wait till he grows up!

Eăssan v.n. of Eăss

Eăssas adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a guard, sentinel, one on guard duty

Eăssel v.t. to oversweeten, to make too sweet (coffee, etc.)

¶ p.p. m Eăssel pl. -in 1. too sweet (e.g. overripe fruit) 2. (coll.) kind of flat, laminated crust food, fried and covered with honey

sulat pl. of Esel

to yăEsa v.i. (v.n. Esawa, Eăsyan) to get hard (bread, cake, etc.)

¶a.p. Easi pl. Easyen (comp. Esa) 1. hard, brittle 2. stiff, inflexible (rope, body, etc.) 3. tough (meat)

¶rasu\$ &asi 1. to be difficult to get along with \neq 2. to be dumb, dense \neq

Esa yă esi v.t. (v.n. Eisyan) 1. to disobey 2. to rebel or revolt against

¶a.p. Easi pl. Easyen (comp. Esa) 1. disobedient 2. indocile, intractable 3. pl. Eusat rebel, one in revolt

¶ Easi llah sinner, irreligious person sa comp. of Easi (a.p. of Esa yăEsa and (isa yă eşi

Esa (cons. Esat) pl. Esi (dim. Esiwa) stick, rod, staff (wooden)

sa to beع (or qbet, or xda) le-Esa beaten (up), to get a beating

f *Eta le-Esa* to beat (up), to give a beating to

Esab pl. of Easba

Esaker, Esakriva pl. of & ăskri

sat cons. of وع

Esawa v.n. of Esa yă Esa

¶ Esawt r-ras denseness, dumbness, stupidity

Esayeb pl. of Eassaba

Esayed pl. of Esida 2

seb pl. of Easba

Eăsba pl. Esab, Eseb 1. muscle 2. kind of whip made of animal tendons

si pl. of Esa

Esida 1. pl. -t (of intensity) uncooked dough (connotes disgust) 2. pl. Esayed kind of wheat or corn mush served with butter and honey

Esim v.n. of Esem

sir v.n. of Eser

Esiwa dim. of Esa

Eăsker army, military force, troops (may extend to navy, air force, etc.)

Eăskri pl. Esaker, Esakriya soldier, military man (may extend to navy, air force, etc.) sem v.t. (v.n. Esim) to cause to get constipated, to constipate (s.o.)

Eser v.t. (v.n. Esir) 1. to squeeze, to press (e.g. against a hard surface) 2. to tighten, to make tight (screw, vise, etc.) 3. to wring out (clothes, etc.) 4. to win out over, to beat (in some competition)

Eăsra pl. -t n.i. of Eser

Eăsri pl. -yen modern, up-to-date

Eăssa v.t. to beat (up), to give a beating to Eăssaba pl. -t, Esayeb scarf (for the head) Eăssara pl. -t squeezer (for juicing oranges,

Eăsseb v.t. 1. to stiffen, to make stiff (arm, leg, body; in contrast to relax) 2. to wrap with a strip of cloth, bandage, etc. (head, wrist, etc.)

Eășser v.t. 1. to squeeze (lemon, orange, etc.) 2. to wring (out) (wet clothing)

Eăsyan v.n. of Esa yăEsa

Eša pl. -wat (cons. Ešat; dim. Ešiwa)

1. evening meal, supper 2. (with art.) last prayer of the day (after sunset; also the time of this prayer)

¿ă¿šar pl. of Eušur

Ešari pl. -yen consisting of ten parts or elements (e.g., ten-gallon tank, ten-pointed star)

Ešariya pl. -t ten-shot rifle Ešaš pl. of Eošš, Eešš

Ešat cons. of Eša

Eăšba 1. pl. -t, Ešeb finely shredded palm leaves (used to stuff pillows, mattresses, etc.) 2. pl. Ešub type of medicinal herb (unknown to some speakers)

šiq v.n. of Ešeq

Ešir pl. Eošran close friend, companion, intimate

Ešiwa dim. of Eša

Ešiya pl. -t evening (usually from late afternoon to sunset)

Ešeq v.t. (v.n. Ešiq) to like, to be fond of (s.o., food, movies, etc.)

¶ a.p. Eašeq 1. pl. Eoššaq lover (of s.o., food, etc.) 2. (also ¿ašqa) pl. ¿wašeq

čăšr, čšer, čăšra (first two forms used with pl. of n. admitting du.) ten

Eošra 1. v.n. of Eašer 2. association, relationship (with s.o.)

ošran pl. of Ešir

Eešrin 1. twenty 2. twentieth

Eošš, Eešš pl. Ešaš nest (bird; possible metaphor)

čăšša 1. v.t. to feed supper (the evening meal) to 2. v.i. to pass or spend the evening (Ešiya)

Eošša pl. Ešes kind of conical, thatched hut (similar to American teepee)

čăššab pl. -a herbalist, dealer in herbs

Eăššaq pl. -in ag. adj. of Ešeq

¶ Eăššaq mellal blowing hot and cold, fickle, capricious

Eoššaq pl. of Eašeq 1 (a.p. of Ešeq)

Eăsser Ela to tithe or pay tithing on (one's properties) and give it to the poor (during Eašura)

Eăššeš v.i. to nest, to make a nest (bird; possible metaphor)

Ešub, Ešubat (pl. or f. sg.) (see Eăšba) herbs (medicinal)

Esur tithe or tithing (given to the poor during Eašura)

čăšwa same as čăšša 2

čăšwi (the) late afternoon

¶ qbet l-Eăswi to spend or pass the late afternoon

Eta (men) bigger, larger (than)

Etabi pl. of Eatba, Eotba

Etaber v.t. (v.n. Etibar) 1. to consider, to think of (s.o., s.th.) as ka-nă taberha Perfă mumettila. I consider her the best actress. 2. to take into consideration, to think about (implies subsequent action based thereon)

Etali pl. of Eatla

Etamed Ela 1. to rest or lean on, to support oneself on or with 2. to rely on, to count on (for support, etc.)

Etana yă Etani b- (v.n. Etina, Etina?) 1. to take care of, to watch after (child, possession, etc.) 2. to trouble oneself about, to worry about (implies unduly) 3. to be interested in, to take an interest in (actively or passively)

Etaged to think, to believe ka-nă Etaged belli l-makla bla qyas ka-dderr. I believe that overeating is harmful.

Etaref b- 1. to recognize, to acknowledge (e.g., a new government, s.o.'s merits) 2. to admit, to confess (crime, sin, etc.)

¶ Etaref l-xir to be grateful

Etares pl. of E ătrus Etateg pl. of Eăttug

čătba, Cotba pl. -t, Ctabi doorstep (at the entrance to a house)

Eotbar, Eătbar (divine) punishment

¶ xerrež l-Eotbar f- to mete out (divine) punishment to

tibar v.n. of Etaber

tina, Etina v.n. of Etana tig v.n. of Eteg

Etir v.n. of Eter Eătla pl. Etali hoe

Eteq v.t. (v.n. Etiq) 1. to save, to rescue 2. to set free, to liberate, to emancipate (slaves)

! Help! ح** Atqu r-ruz

¶ a.p. Eateq pl. -in (comp. Eteq) 1. old, aged (of alcoholic beverages) 2. pl. Ewateq (dim. Ewitqa) young girl, virgin (pre-adolescent)

teq comp. of Eateq (a.p. of Eteq) Eter (f-) (v.n. Etir) to stumble (on, over,

in) (hole, rock, etc.)

¶ Eter Ela to stumble across or onto, to come across, to hit on (idea, discovery, some object)

Eătra pl. -t n.i. of Eter Eătrus pl. Etares billy goat

Eătteb Ela to step (up) onto (e.g., a platform to get into a boat)

¶ Eătteb Ela dar (or bab dar) to set one's foot in the house of, to darken the door of (s.o.) ma-Eămmrek tEawed

te ătteb Ela bab dari! Don't you ever darken my door again!

Eăttel v.t. 1. to cultivate (a garden, plot) with the use of a hoe (¿ătla) 2. to regulate the flow of irrigation water in (a ditch, etc.) with a hoe (Eătla) 3. to track up (a newly cleaned floor, with, e.g., muddy feet) Eăttug f. -a pl. Etateg young chicken

(cockerel, pullet)

Eta yă Eti v.t. (v.n. Eti) 1. to give Etini žuž kilu d-le-btata! Give me two kilos of potatoes! -mšit l-Eăndu baš yă Etini

ši-mă Elumat Eăl ș-șfer. I went to him so

he could give me some information on travel. —tqebbtu bih fe-z-zenqa u-Etaweh le-E,a. They grabbed him in the street and gave him a beating. —bbaha Etaha-lu. Her father gave her to him (in marriage). —Etiha-li! Give it to me! 2. to produce, to yield, to give (fruit, crops, etc.)

¶ p.p. $m\tilde{a}\xi ti$ used in the expr. $m\tilde{a}\xi ti$ - lu^{ϕ} gifted, endowed, having a gift for \neq $m\tilde{a}\xi tiya$ -lha l-musiqa. She has a gift for

music.

Eteb v.t. (v.n. Etib) to hurt, to injure, to cripple (not necessarily permanently)

¶p.p. mă&tub pl. -in invalid, crippled

(may be permanent)

Etef Ela (v.n. Eătf) to be benevolent or sympathetic toward; to treat with kindness, sympathy, consideration, etc.

Eătf 1. v.n. of Etef 2. sympathetic kindness,

benevolence

Existra 1. n.i. of Etef 2. same as Eatifa

Eti v.n. of Eta

tib v.n. of Eteb

Ețiș v.n. of Ețes (same as Ețeš 2)

tiš v.n. of Eteš 2

Etiya (no pl.) gift, talent

Eotla pl. -t time off, holiday, vacation

ter pl. Etur perfume

Eatriva 1. spice(s), condiment(s) 2. drug

Lierša (coll.) geranium

tes same as Eteš 2

Eteš v.i. 1. (v.n. Eteš) to get thirsty 2. (v.n. Etiš) to sneeze

Eteš 1. v.n. of Eteš 1 2. thirst žani le-Eteš. I'm thirsty.

¶ b-le-Eteš by the job or contract (implies a time limit and no significant breaks or respites)

Eățšan pl. -in thirsty (person, animal, plant,

Eățial pl. -in ag. adj. of Eățiel (in the usage with Ela)

 $\mathcal{E}_{attar}^{attar}$ pl. -a dealer in herbs and spices

Exitef (Ela) to inspire or make (s.o.) feel sympathy or kindness (for) (e.g., the sight of s.o.'s abject poverty) waxxa

ma-ka-nzămlu-š Eățtefni Elih lemma

šeftu f-dik l-zala. Even though I can't stand him, I felt sorry for him when I saw him in that condition.

Eăttel v.t. 1. to delay, to make late 2. to postpone, to delay (until later) 3. to stop, to
cease (work) 4. (also v.i.) to be absent
from, to not show up for, to take time off
from (school, work)

¶ Eățțel l-xedma to close up shop, to shut down (usually temporarily)

¶ Eățtel Ela to be in need of, to lack

I p.p. meățtel pl. -in late, delayed

Eatter 1. v.t. to perfume 2. v.i. to put perfume on, to perfume oneself

Eătțeș same as Eățțeš 2

Eattes v.t. 1. to make thirsty 2. to make or cause to sneeze

Etur 1. pl. of Eter 2. (pl.) herbs

Eubudiya slavery, bondage, servitude

Eud pl. Ewad 1. wood (material) 2. stick (wooden) 3. (pl.) firewood 4. (also Eud le-gmari) kind of incense

¶ dreb l-Eud to draw lots or straws

Eud pl. Eidan a kind of lute

Eudama pl. of Eadim

Euhud pl. of Eăhd

Eulama pl. of Ealem (a.p. of Elem)

Eulum pl. of Eilm 2 Eum, Euman v.n. of Eam Eumala[®] pl. of Eamil

Eumar same as Eumăr

Eumi pl. of Ema

zumär m. proper name

¶ Eumăr Cibn l-xetțab second Caliph after the Prophet Mohammed

Eumeš pl. of Emeš

Eumumi pl. -yen public, open to or used by the public

Euqala pl. of Eaqel (a.p. of Eqel)

Euqeb v.t. to cripple, to mutilate (permanently)

Euquba pl. -t punishment, chastisement

Eurafa pl. of Earif

Euret (b- s.o. or f- some place) to ask asylum or sanctuary of (s.o. or some place)

Eurež pl. of Erež

Eusat pl. of Easi 3 (a.p. of Esa yă Esi) Eušer v.i. to go on vacation or leave

Eušur pl. -at, ? ă Ešar tenth, tenth part

uyub pl. of خib

ewa yă Ewi v.i. (v.n. Ewa) to howl (wolf, coyote, etc.)

Ewa (m.) v.n. of Ewa

wad pl. of Eud

Ewafi pl. of Eafya

Ewa? id pl. of Eada

Ewamm 1. pl. of Eammi 2. (pl.) people,

populace

^QăEwan, Ewan pl. of Eăwn

wašeq pl. of Eašeq 2 (a.p. of Ešeq)

Ewašer (f.) 1. vacation, leave 2. complete cleaning or cleanup (of a house, e.g. "spring" cleaning)

wateq pl. of Eateq 2 (a.p. of Eteq)

Ewaž v.i. (v.n. Ewaž, Ewužiya) 1. to get bent or twisted 2. to get all fouled up, to get disorganized (said of s.th. or s.o. that is usually in fairly good shape) 3. to go back on one's word

waž v.n. of ولا ع

Eawd pl. xil (pl. sometimes treated syntactically as f. sg.) horse (specifically male)
Eauda 1. v.n. of Ead 1 and 2 2. pl. -t mare, female horse

Eăwd same as Eiwăd Ewifya dim. of Eafya

win (no pl.) 1. provisions for a trip2. helper, assistant (a personal, temporary sort)

** lļah (or rebbi) Ewinek! God help

Ewina dim. of Eayn Ewitqa dim. of Eateq

Eăwla provisions (food)

Eawn 1. assistance, aid, help 2. pl. eacuan, Ewan aide, assistant

** !!ah ikun f-Eāwnu! God help him!

\[\bi-Eāwni !!ah with the help of God

Ewer f. Eāwra pl. Eāwrin, Eiwer one-eyed,

blind in one eye

¿awra 1. f. of ¿wer 2. that part of the (human) body which in all modesty should be covered (usually genitalia)

Eăwšer same as Eušer Ewužiya v.n. of Ewaž

Eawwad pl. -a 1. lute player 2. maker of lutes (may include similar instruments)

Exwwag pl. -in given to howling and baying (said of a dog; connotes that the dog is announcing an impending death and, therefore, must be killed to avoid it)

Eăwwal pl. -in ag. adj. of Eăwwel Eăwwam pl. -a (good) swimmer

Eăwwaq same as Eăwwag

Eawwaqa hiccups

¶ fih ϕ l-Eăwwaqa to have the hiccups \neq Eăwwed v.t. 1. same as Eawed 2. to cause to get hard (usually said of cake, bread, etc., when overbaked) 3. to accustom, to get (s.o.) accustomed or used (to)

ma-tčăwwed-š rasek čăl t-tedxin. Don't get yourself accustomed to smoking.

Eawwdet d-drari dyalha inudu bekri. She got her children accustomed to getting up early.

¶ part, mčăwwed pl. -in 1. tough, not tender or soft (food) 2. hard and dry (bread) 3. inflexible, stiff 4. stubborn, unyielding

E awwed v.t. 1. to replace, to change 2. to give recompense for, to indemnify (s.th.)

Exwweg v.i. 1. to crow (rooster) 2. to bawl, to cry (child)

Example Ela 1. to plan on or for 2. to prepare for, to get ready for 3. to count or rely on Example m v.t. 1. to take (s.o.) to or into the water (so he can swim or play in it; may connote teaching to swim) 2. to put or get into the water (boat)

Eăwueg same as Eăuueg

Eŭwwer v.t. to blind (either temporarily or partially)

Edwwež 1. v.t. to bend, to twist, (iron rod, s.o.'s words, etc.) 2. v.t. to put or place crooked 3. v.i. to turn (corner, to the left, etc.) sir zetta l-1as l-qent u-Zdwwež Zdl l-imin! Go to the corner and turn right! 4. v.t. to make deviate or veer (road, missile, etc.) 5. v.t. to corrupt, to influence adversely 6. v.t. to dissuade, to change the way of thinking of 7. v.t. to foul up, to put in disorder, to get or put out of order or place 8. to ape, to mimic, to imitate

¶ E awwež E al t-triq to make a detour

(v.i.)
¶p.p. m čăwwež pl. -in crooked, not

straight Ewež f. Čáwža pl. Čáwžin, Čiwež 1. bent,

twisted, crooked 2. all fouled up, disorganized, etc.

Eăwži used in the expr. be-l-Eăuži.

1. (while) looking askance (implies disdain, disgust), disdainfully 2. awkward, clumsy (also corresponding adv. usage) 3. botched or all fouled up

Eya yă Eya (men) (v.n. Eya) 1. to get tired, fatigued (from) 2. to get tired (of), to get

fed up (with)

¶ Eya ma to get tired of (doing s.th.) Eyit ma nakol had š-ši! I'm tired of eating this!

Eya (m.) 1. v.n. of Eya 2. fatigue, tiredness Eyad pl. of Eid

yada v.n. of Ead 3

Eyadu used in the expr. le-Eyadu be-llah!
God help us (you, me, etc.)!

Eyal 1. pl. of Eayel 2. group or family of wives (usually of the king)

Eyalat pl. of mra

Eyat v.n. of Eayyet in the expr. Eayyet f(see Eayyet)

Eăyb 1. v.n. of Eab 2. same as Eib

Eăyn (f.) pl. Eyun (dim. Ewina) 1. pl. also -in (-n dropped before pron. endings) eye (person, animal, needle) 2. evil eye 3. spring (water) 4. buttonhole 5. same žbertha f-Eăyn l-makan. I found her in the same place. —had l-Eam Eăndi Eăyn l-Qustad. I have the same professor this year.

** šaf ¿ ăynu fe-qfatu. He went through a lot of trouble and grief before he got what he wanted.

¶ derbatu ϕ l- ξ ăyn, or tsemmrat fih ϕ l- ξ ăyn to be struck or cursed by the evil eye \neq

¶ f-E ăyn l-mut dying, near death, at the point of death or dying

¶ n E as Ela E ayn qfatu¢ to sleep on one's back

¶ sqet men ¿ayn (plus n. or pron. ending) to fall from the good graces of, to lose the favor of (s.o.)

¶ Ela rasuø u-Eăynuø, or Eăl r-raș we-l-Eăyn with pleasure, gladly

¶ Emel E ăyn u-wden to be on the alert, to keep one's eyes and ears open

¶ $\mathcal{E}mel \, \mathcal{E} \, \tilde{a} \, ynu^{\phi} \, \mathcal{E} \, la$ to keep an eye or one's eye on

ayn d-dher anus ع الله

¶ $\xi \check{a}yn \ d$ -le-qfa base of the skull (sensitive area)

¶ €ăyn l-lu ⊂ knot (also knothole)

¶ באו callus (foot)

¶ E ăyn š-šems (the) sun

Eăyna pl. -t 1. kind, sort, type 2. brand, make 3. grade, quality

Eăyš v.n. of Eaš

Čăyšur, ¿čayšura same as ¿cašur, ¿cašura čăyta 1. pl. -t n.i. of ¿cayyet 2. pl. -t shout, yell 3. (no pl.) kind of gambling card game 4. pl. ¿cyut kind of folk song or chant ¿cyub pl. of ¿cib

Eyuba v.n. of Eab Eyun pl. of Eăyn

Eyut pl. of Eayta 4

Eăyya v.t. 1. to tire, to weary, to fatigue 2. to cause to be or feel fed up

Eăyyaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of Eaf

¿ayyan pl. -in 1. tired, fatigued, weary
 2. sick, ill 3. no good, worthless, of no value
 ¿ayyar pl. -a official inspector of scales and balances (used in weighing out merchandise for the public)

Eăyyaț 1. pl. -in ag. adj. of Eăyyeț 2. singer of Eyut (pl. of Eăyța)

Eayyeb v.t. to mimic, to ape, to imitate

¶ Eăyyeb Ela to blame

Exyyed v.i. to pass, spend, or celebrate a holiday or feast

\[
 \zeta \text{inyef} (l-) \]
 to be disgusting, sickening, or nauseating (to)

¶ $\xi \check{a}yyef$ l-qelb (l-) same as $\xi \check{a}yyef$ (l-) above

Eăyyen v.t. 1. to appoint, to designate, to name mudir š-šarika Eăyyen l-katšh dyalu naºšh Elih. The director of the company appointed his secretary as his vice executive. 2. to point out, to indicate, to specify 3. to give or curse with the "evil eye"

Exyper v.t. 1. to verify the value of, to appraise (s.th. precious, e.g. diamonds, mink)
2. to assay (gold, silver)

Eăyyeš v.t. 1. to support, to provide sub-

sistence for (s.o.) 2. to bring (back) to life E ăyyeț Ela or l- 1. to call (on telephone, with a shout, etc.) 2. to summon

¶ Eăyyeț f- (v.n. Eyaț) same as Eăvven 3

Ezafer (pl.) mustache (usually large and dense)

Ezara pl. of Eăzri Ezayeb pl. of Ezib Ezayem pl. of Eazima

Ezayez pl. of Eziz 4 and 5

Ezaz v.i. to become liked, dear, desirable (see Eziz)

Ezaz pl. of Eziz 2 and 3 Ezazef pl. of Eăzzafa Eăzban pl. of Ezib

 $\mathcal{E}zef$ v.t. (v.n. $\mathcal{E}\check{a}zf$) to play (music) $\mathcal{E}zef$ $\mathcal{E}la$ to play (instrument)

Eazf v.n. of Ezef

Ezib pl. Ezayeb, Eazban farm

zil v.n. of Ezel

Eziz (comp. Eăzz) 1. pl. -in, Ezaz dear, liked, beloved 2. pl. -in. Ezaz agreeable, pleasant 3. epithet of God 4. pl. Ezayez oldest brother, big brother 5. pl. Ezayez brother-in-law

Ezel v.t. (v.n. Ezil) 1. to pick out, to choose
2. to put or set aside 3. to separate (connotes: undesirable from the desirable) 4. to

isolate, to seclude \$\text{zem} (\(\xi\)la) v.n. \(\xi\)azm) to decide (on) \$\tilde{a}zm\) v.n. of \$\(\xi\)zem

Eazra eil, Eazrayn Azrael (angel of death) Eazri pl. Ezara 1. bachelor 2. young man, adolescent boy

Eăzz (v.n. Eizza, Eăzz) same as Ezaz
** Eăzzek !!ah! You're welcome! (reply
to zašak, which see)

¶ Eăzz Ela to cause to feel pity, to provoke the pity of (s.o.)

¶ (s.th. or s.o.) $\xi \tilde{a}zz \xi lih^{\phi}$ to be reluctant to part with (s.th. or s.o.) \neq

ka-ičāzzu Elih flusu. He doesn't want to spend his money. — Eăzzet Eliya s-siyara dyali. I'd rather not part with (e.g., sell, lend) my car.

Eăzz 1. v.n. of Eăzz (same as Ezaz) 2. comp. of Eziz

\[
 \begin{aligned}
 \

Eŭzzab pl. -a farmer (working on or owning Ezib)

Eăzzafa pl. -t, Ezazef long stick or pole used in cleaning high, inaccessible spots (e.g., ceiling corners) E ăzzav pl. -a ag. n. of E ăzza

Eăzzeb 1. vt. to hire or employ (for work on a farm or Ezib) 2. v.i to be employed on or work on a farm (Ezib)

Eăzzef v.t. to clean (with Eăzzafa)

čăzzi (no pl.; also čăzzi balala) very black negro

Eazzem Ela to cast a spell on or over, to bewitch (with purpose of changing into s.th. else)

Ežayeb pl. of Ežuba

¿žaž 1. dust, sand (in the air) 2. n u. -a dust
or sand storm

Ežeb v.t. to please, to like $\neq ka-y\check{a}$ ξžebni nfiq s-sbaz bekri. I like to get up early in the morning. —ka-tă ξžebni bezzaf ξad. I like her a lot. —zayatı f-qamırıka ξažbanı bezzaf ξad I'm enjoying my stay in America very much.

¶ $\xi a \check{z} b u \phi$ (a p.) $rasu \phi$ conceited, impressed with oneself

¶ $\xi \check{a}\check{z}bu^{\phi}$ l- ζal . . . to be pleased or glad $\neq \xi \check{z}ebhom$ l- ζal lemma $wq\check{a}\xi$ -l: l- $\zeta aduta$. They were pleased when I had the accident

¿žeb (no pl.) 1. astonishment, amazement, surprise 2. mystery

غ غ same as کوغ غ غ غ غ

Ežin 1. v n of Ežen 2. dough (bread, etc.) Ežina same as Ežin 2

\(\tilde{\zeta} \) et f. \(\tilde{\zeta} \) \(\tilde{\zeta} \) id a pl. \(\tilde{\zeta} \) ula 1. calf (bovine) 2. (f.) girl with a good figure or build

¶ lzăm d-le-とžel veal

Žžen v.t. (v.n. ¿žin) to prepare dough for (bread, etc.)

Ežuba pl. -t, Ežayeb, Eaža etb 1. extraordinary or amazing act or thing, marvel (also wide interjectional usage) 2. mystery, enigma

žul, čžula pl. of **čžel**

Žážel 1. v.t. or v i. to rush, to hurry 2. v t
 to move up the time of, to make earlier
 Žážželna l-ζáfa. We've moved up the
 time of the party.

¶ Eăžžel b- to rush, to hurry (work, building, etc.)

¿ažžež v.t. to raise dust in (a room) or on
(a road, etc.), to cloud the air of (some
place) with dust

A Dictionary of Moroccan Arabic: English-Moroccan

edited by Harvey Sobleman Richard S. Harrell

> compilation by Thomas Fox Alan McAninch Allal Chreibi Majid Soussane Mohamed Neheiri



The Richard Slade Harrell Arabic Series General Editor: Richard S. Harrell Georgetown University Press, Washington, D.C. 20007 The research reported herein was performed pursuant to a contract with the United States Office of Education, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

Copyright Georgetown University 1963

THE ARABIC SERIES INSTITUTE OF LANGUAGES AND LINGUISTICS GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

As an adjunct to its teaching and research program in the field of modern Arabic studies, Georgetown University's Institute of Languages and Linguistics inaugurated a publication series in Arabic studies in 1962. The present volume represents the third of the series. A list of currently available and forthcoming publications is to be found on the back cover of this book.

Inquiries as to prices, details of subscription, etc., should be sent to the Director of Publications, Institute of Languages and Linguistics, Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., 20007.

THE ARABIC RESEARCH PROGRAM INSTITUTE OF LANGUAGES AND LINGUISTICS GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

The Arabic Research Program was established in June of 1960 as a contract between Georgetown University and the United States Office of Education under the provisions of the Language Development Program of the National Defense Education Act.

The first two years of the research program, 1960-1962 (Contract number SAE-8706), were devoted to the production of six books, a reference grammar and a conversational English-Arabic dictionary in the cultivated spoken forms of Moroccan, Syrian, and Iraqi Arabic. The second two years of the research program, 1962-1964 (Contract number OE-2-14-029), call for the further production of Arabic-English dictionaries in each of the three varieties of Arabic mentioned above, as well as comprehensive basic courses in the Moroccan and Iraqi varieties.

The eleven books of this series, of which the present volume is one, are designed to serve as practical tools for the increasing number of Americans whose lives bring them into contact with the Arab world. The dictionaries, the reference grammars, and the basic courses are oriented toward the educated American who is a layman in linguistic matters. Although it is hoped that the scientific linguist and the specialist in Arabic dialectology will find these books both of interest and of use, matters of purely scientific and theoretical importance have not been directly treated as such, and specialized scientific terminology has been avoided as much as possible.

As is usual, the authors or editors of the individual books bear final scholarly responsibility for the contents, but there has been a large amount of informal cooperation in our work. Criticism, consultation, and discussion have gone on constantly among the senior professional members of the staff. The contribution of more junior research assistants, both Arab and American, is also not to be underestimated. Their painstaking assembling and ordering of raw data, often in manners requiring considerable creative intelligence, has been the necessary prerequisite for further progress.

Staff work has been especially important in the preparation of the dictionaries. Although the contributing staff members are named on the title page of the individual dictionaries, special mention must be made of Mr. Karl Stowasser's work. His lexicographical experience, acquired in his work on the English version of Professor Wehr's Arabisches Worterbuch fur die Schriftsprache der Gegenwart,*

, 5

^{*}Hans Wehr, A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, ed. J Milton Cowan (Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1961).

along with his thorough knowledge of Arabic, has been critically important for all our lexicographical work, covering the entire range from typography to substantive entries in the dictionaries.

In most cases the books prepared by the Arabic Research Program are the first of their kind in English, and in some cases the first in any language. The preparation of them has been a rewarding experience. It is hoped that the public use of them will be equally so. The undersigned, on behalf of the entire staff, would like to ask the same indulgence of the reader as Samuel Johnson requested in his first English dictionary: To remember that although much has been left out, much has been included.

Richard S. Harrell
Associate Professor of Linguistics
Georgetown University

Director, Arabic Research Program

PREFACE

The English entries in this dictionary are based on the English-German section of the bilingual German and English Dictionary of Everyday Usage.* A number of changes were of course necessary, both in form and content, to meet the requirements of the differences between American and Moroccan cultural and linguistic uses. Our aim has been to present the core vocabulary of everyday conversational usage. Technical and literary matters have been largely avoided.

The major part of the labor of compiling Moroccan equivalents for the English entries was done by Thomas Fox and Allal Chreibi under the editorial supervision of Dr. Harvey Sobelman. Alan McAninch, Majid Soussane, and Mohamed Neheiri also made substantial contributions. The contributions of Mohamed Benlemlih and Abdel Wahab El-Berday must also be mentioned, although they were able to give us only a limited amount of their time. After the completion of the first draft of the dictionary, the undersigned accepted the task of giving the material a final editorial reworking. In the course of this final revision the entire dictionary was reread and extensive additions, deletions, and corrections were made.

In the compilation of the dictionary, as great a contribution as that of any one individual was made by a Moroccan colleague who has requested that his name be withheld. A conscientious worker with a passion for accuracy, this colleague wished to reread all the material and make a final check on the accuracy of the Moroccan entries. When this proved impossible because of time limitations, he preferred to have his name withheld. Since it is impossible to spell out in detail exactly who wrote which entries, he scrupulously wished to refuse possible implicit responsibility for parts of the dictionary that were not his work. Since much of what is good and very little of the possibly bad which is to be found in this book is due to the work of this colleague, it is only fair to recognize the importance of his contribution in these general terms.

The composition of this first English-Moroccan dictionary proved unusually difficult, quite aside from the normal technical problems of dictionary making. The ideal compiler of a bilingual dictionary is a person with professional linguistic training and a comprehensive command of both languages involved. There exists not even one person who has such qualifications in English, Moroccan Arabic, and scientific linguistics. Our staff consisted of American linguists and assistants with a limited knowledge of Moroccan Arabic, and Moroccan informants with varying degrees of proficiency in English. Under such circumstances, the goal of technical

^{*}German-English English-German Dictionary of Everyday Usage, ed. by J. Alan Pfeffer (New York: Henry Holt and Company). Although the content of this dictionary is, in strictly legal terms, public domain since it was prepared as a part of the American war effort in World War II, we wish to express our thanks to the publishers for raising no copyright objections to our use of the material.

and idiomatic accuracy in the entries turned out to be a severe intellectual, emotional, and physical trial for the staff. These difficulties were compounded by a strict time limitation, and there were periods, one lasting some three months, when our work was broken by the absence of any Moroccan co-workers. As a final problem, the proofs arrived at a moment when no Moroccans were present. Since it was impossible to hold up printing, the proofreading had to be done entirely by Americans. The undersigned read the galley proofs, while Thomas Fox undertook the reading of the page proofs.

For those who have worked on the composition of a dictionary, the temptation to quote Dr. Johnson is always difficult to resist. When a "first" dictionary is involved and the authors have to make their own way without benefit of predecessors, the temptation becomes impossible to resist. One is reminded especially of Dr. Johnson's comparison of dictionaries and watches: That while the best is not completely true, the worst is better than none.

Richard S. Harrell Washington, D. C. September, 1963

TECHNICAL DATA

The transcription used is that explained in A Short Reference Grammar of Moroccan Arabic.* The use of the dictionary presupposes a familiarity with the basic grammatical structure of Moroccan Arabic.

In cases where several Moroccan words correspond to one English word (e.g. "ruler" as the head of a government or as a tool for measuring and drawing), the specific meanings of the Moroccan words are usually indicated by illustrative sentences rather than by parenthetical explanation. The same device of the illustrative sentence has also been widely used to clarify the syntactic and contextual function of the Moroccan entries.

Necessary grammatical information (e.g. irregular plurals, irregular gender) is given with the entries. Verbs are entered in the third person singular of the perfect. The imperfect form is written immediately after the perfect form in those verbs which have an unpredictable imperfect vowel. Where word for word equivalents do not exist, idiomatic entries are signalled by a double asterisk. The abbreviations used are as follows:

adj. adjective

art. definite article

coll. collective

f. feminine

m. masculine

n. noun

pl. plural

sg. singular

^{*}Richard S. Harrel, A Short Reference Grammar of Moroccan Arabic (Washington: Georgetown University Press, Arabic Series: Number 1, 1962).

A

a - 1. \$i. Do you have a dog? waš <code>fendek ši-kelb?</code> -Give me a pencil.

<code>ftini ši-qlam.</code> 2. wahed. He bought a house and didn't like it. \$ra wahed d-dar u-ma-feibettu-š. 3. (no equivalent in English). He bought a house. \$ra dar. 4. (a form of the definite article). These are 20 ryals a dozen. hadu b-feirin ryal le-z-zina.

to abandon - 1. smeh f-. She abandoned her son. semhet f-weldha. 2. gader. He abandoned the burning house. gader d-dar lli kanet kattehreq.

to abbreviate - xtaser. In English 'for example' is abbreviated 'e.g.' fe-n-negliza 'for example' ka-ixtasruha 'e.g.'.

ability - 1. qadar pl. ?aqdar. He has the ability to climb (to the top of) the mountain. Eendu l-qadar baš itle l-ras ž-žbel. 2. meqdura. His writing ability is good. Eendu meqdura mezyana l-le-ktaba. 3. ?imkan. He did it to the best of his ability. daru b-?ehsen ma fe-l-?imkan dyalu.

4. Does she have the ability to do the job? waš fe-stitaetha ddir l-xedma?

able - qader. We need an able maid. xessna ši-met∈ellma qadra.

to be able - 1. qder. I'm able to run. ka-neqder nežri.

2. mken-lu. He was not able to pay his rent this month. ma-mken-lu-š ixelles kratu had š-šher.

**How were you able to see the king? kif-aš Emelti baš tšuf l-malik?

aboard - 1. f-. He got aboard the plane that just left. rkeb fe-t-tiyara lli Ead xeržet. 2. l-. The boy got aboard the train to give a newspaper to his father. l-weld tlef l-l-qitar baš yefti žarida le-bbah.

to aholish - 1. qteE. He abolished the veil. qteE l-ltam. -The slave market has been abolished in Morocco. qetEu s-suq d-le-Ebid fe-l-meġrib.

2. lġa ilġa. He abolished three of the old laws. lġa tlata men l-qawanin le-qdima.

abortion - seqta pl. -t. My wife almost died from the abortion.

Elayen mṛati kanet ġadi tmut men s-seqta.

about - 1. tegriben. There are about ten pencils on the table. kaynin tegriben Eešra d-le-gluma fug t-tebla. $2. \quad \check{s}i.$ The house is about four kilometers from here. d-dar b€ida ši-reb€a de-l-kilumiter men hna. 3. $\mathcal{E}la$. He talked about his children. hder €la wladu. -He was mad about his brother not coming. tar-lu ∈la lli xah ma-ža-š. Elayen. Dinner is about ready. le-Eša Elayen tewžed. -He spent just about all of the money. $diyye\xi$ Elayen le-flus kollhom.

**Look at this map, I live about here. Šuf f-had l-xarita, ka-neskon f-had ž-žiha. -It's about time you got here! l-hemdu llah &el s-slama lli žiti daba! -Come about five o'clock. aži fe-žwayeh l-xemsa. -There's something about him I don't like. kayna fih ši-haža ma-ka-te&ebni-š. -I was just about to call you. sebtini yallah ġad ndreb-lek t-tilifun. -How about going for a ride in the car? še-dher-lek f-ši-msarya fe-t-tumubil? -What's this book about? šnu f-had le-ktab?

above - fuq. The bridge is above us.

l-qentra fuq menna. -Jamal is above
average. žamal fuq men l-mu£addal.

-A stone fell from above. wahed
l-hežra tahet men l-fuq.

**He is above stealing. wežhu
ma-ši wžeh l-xewna. -He's above
suspicion. huwa xarež ¿el š-šekk.
-Above all I want to see the king.
bģit ktirt š-ši nšuf l-malik.

abroad - 1. fe-l-xariž. He was born abroad. xlaq fe-l-xariž. 2. l-l-xariž.
 We should send more food abroad.
 xessna nzidu nsiftu l-makla l-l-xariž.

abrupt - 1. xšin pl. xšan. He has a very abrupt manner. sirtu xšina bezzaf.
2. kbir pl. kbar. We noticed an abrupt change in his attitude. lahedna f-sirtu wahed t-tebdil kbir.

abruptly - f-deqqa wehda. He stopped the car abruptly. hbes s-siyara f-deqqa wehda.

**He treated me rather abruptly. therfes Eliya.

absence - ģiba. He returned to his country after an absence of ten years. ržeć le-bladu men bećd wahed l-ģiba d-ćešr snin.

to be absent - 1. gab igib, giyyeb. He was absent for a long time. gab weat twil. -Two people were absent yesterday. Zuž de-n-nas kanu gaybin l-bareh. 2. bettel. He was absent from school. bettel l-medrasa.

absent-minded - mtehwen.

absolute - tamm. Suleiman had absolute power. sulayman kanet Eendu solta tamma. -That's the absolute truth. hadi hiya l-haqiqa t-tamma.

absolutely - tamamen. He is absolutely wrong. huwa ġaļeţ tamamen.

**He is absolutely right. Eendu l-heag bezzaf.

to absorb - 1. šreb. The earth has absorbed the rain water. $l^{-\gamma}erd$ šerbet l^{-ma} de-s-sta. 2. seff. The sponge absorbed the spilled milk. 2-zeffafa seffet le-hlib llittehreq.

**You cannot absorb all of that material in one lesson. ma-yemken-š had l-madda kollha ddxol-lek f-rasek f-ders wahed.

to be absorbed: **He was so absorbed in his prayers that he did not see the fire. kan mebluf fe-slatu u-gaf ma-šaf le-hriqa.
—He was so absorbed in his play that he didn't hear his mother calling him. fe-l-left dyalu, gaf ma-smef mmu ka-tfeyyet-lu.

to abuse - 1. dlem. He abuses his wife. ka-idlem mratu. 2. gtanem.

Many teachers abuse their authority. Eadad dyal l-?asatida ka-igtanmu s-solta dyalhom. 3. tEedda Ela.

Why do you abuse your little brother?

Elaš ka-ttEedda Ela xak s-sgir?

academic - dirasi.

to accelerate - 1. zad (izid) fe-s-sorfa. Tell him to accelerate. qul-lu izid fe-s-sorfa. 2. qewwa iqewwi. He will accelerate production. ġad-iqewwi l-?intaž.

accelerator - ksiliraţur pl. -at, musriξa pl. masariξ.

accent - lehža pl. -t. He speaks
Arabic with an American accent.
ka-ihder be-l-Eerbiya b-lehža
amirikiya.

**You must accent the last part of the word. xessek tebrek &el t-tali de-l-kelma.

to accept - qbel. He accepted the

present from his uncle. qbel le-hdiya lli \(\xi\)tah \(\xi\)emmu. -The lawyer did not want to accept the death sentence. \(l-muhami\) ma-bga-\(\xi\) iqbel \(l-hukm\)\(be-l-\(^2i\)Edam.

accident - hadita pl. -t, hawadit.
There was an accident on that
street yesterday. wegeet wahed
l-hadita l-bareh f-dak 8-8arie.

**I met them by accident in Paris two years ago. sadefthom f-bariz hadi Eamayn.

accidentally: **I accidentally heard
your friends talking about you. gir
sedfa smeet shabek ka-ihedru elik.
--I accidentally broke the dish.
bla-ma ndirha be-l-Eani herrest
t-tebsil.

to accomodate - 1. rfed. His hotel accomodates 200 people. l-?util dyalu ka-irfed myatayn de-n-nas.

2. tkellef b-. I will accomodate four of them. ġad ntkellef b-reb&a menhom.

accomodating - 1. ltif pl. ltaf. The man I worked for was very accomodating. r-ražel lli kont xeddam m£ah ltif bezzaf.

2. mmerreh. The next time you go to the hotel Balima you will find it very accomodating. l-merra ž-žayya lli tenzel f-l-util balima rak tsibu mmerreh.

accompaniment - murafaqa. The
accompaniment of the guests from the
airport to the palace was necessary.
l-murafaqa dyal d-dyaf men l-matar
l-le-qşer kanet wağba.

to accompany - 1. rafeq. He will accompany you home. rah irafqek hetta l-darek. 2. wsel mea. Rashid was the one who accompanied my grandfather to the car. rašid huwa lli wsel mea bba sidi hetta le-t-tumubil. 3. Who will accompany her when she is in France? škun lli gad ibqa meaha melli tkun f-fransa?

4. mša (imši) tsara mea. Her aunt wanted the girl to accompany her on a trip through Egypt. had l-bent bgatha Eemmtha temši ttsara meaha f-maser.

to accomplish - 1. dar idir. He accomplished a lot in a short time. dar bezzaf f-weqt qsir. 2. kemmel. He accomplished what he set out to do. kemmel dak š-ši lli dar f-balu idiru. 3. Emel. Did you accomplish anything in Casablanca? waš Emelti ši-haža fe-d-dar l-bida? 4. qda iqdi. It accomplishes what I want it to do. ka-teqdi dak š-ši lli bağiha teqdih.

accomplishment - 1. fiel pl. ?afeal.

His accomplishments pleased his
friends. shabu eežbuhom l-?afeal
dyalu. 2. Eamal pl. ?aEmal. Building the pyramids was a great
accomplishment. le-bni dyal l-?ahram
kan Eamal kbir.

accord - ttifaq. There was complete accord between France and Morocco. kan ma bin fransa u-l-megrib ttifaq tamm.

of one's own accord - men rasu, b-wehdu. Khalid entered the army of his own accord. xalid l-rasu dxel l-l-žiš.

according to - 1. ∈ la ḥasab. According to what Rashid said you were not coming today. ∈ la ḥasab ma qal rašid ma-konti-š gad dži l-yum.

2. bḥal. Did she cook the food according to the written instructions? waš tiybet l-makla bḥal lli fe-l-°iršadat?

accordion - kir pl. kyar.

account - hsab pl. -at. What bank do you have your account in? f-ina benk Eendek le-hsab dyalek? -The company's accounts were all burned up. le-hsabat dyal š-šarika kollhom tthergu.

on account of $- \in la$ sabab. The party was postponed on account of the rain. l-hefla $t^9e\check{z}\check{z}let$ $\in la$ sabab $\check{s}-\check{s}ta$.

to call to account - xaşem Ela. If she was rude I will call her to account. ila kanet qbiha daba nxasem Eliha.

to give an account of -1. Eta yetti le-hsab d-. The servant will give me an account of the food bill. l-metEellem ġad yettini le-hsab de-flus l-makla. 2. Eewwed. Give me an account of what happened. Eewwed-li šnu wqeE.

to take into account - Etaber. You have to take into account all of the details of the case. xessek teEtaber t-tafasil dyal l-qadiya kollhom.

to account for - 1. kan ikun mes?ul. The Prime Minister has to account for his actions only to the king. l-wazir l-?ewwel ma-mes?ul Eel l-?aEmal dyalu illa qeddam l-malik. 2. fesser. How are you going to account for this? kif-aš ġad tfesser had š-ši?

accountant - hsaybi pl. -ya.
accurate - 1. dqiq pl. dqaq. This
adding machine is very accurate.
had l-makina d-le-hsab dqiqa

bezzaf. 2. metqun. Are they accurate in their work? was metqunin fe-xdemthom?

accurately - b-tedqiq. This old clock seems to still run accurately. had l-magana le-qdima ka-idher Eliha ma-zala ka-ttmešša b-tedqiq.

**My secretary does her work accurately. l-katiba dyali ka-ttqen xdemtha.

to accuse them. I accused them of stealing the money. themthom be-l-xewna d-le-flus.

to accustom - wellef. She accustomed the children to getting up early. wellfet d-drari inudu bekri men n-n&as.

accustomed - mwellef. I'm not accustomed to small cars yet. and ma-zal ma-mwellef-* t-tumubilat s-sgar.

to get accustomed to - twellef. He got accustomed to seeing tall buildings. twellef isuf l-binayat l- \mathcal{E} alya.

to ache - wžeć, derr. My stomach aches. kerši ka-dderrni.

to achieve - hessel Ela, wsel l-. He achieved the rank of ambassador in three years. hessel Ela mertabt safir f-telt snin.

acid - l-ma l-qate ϵ .

to acknowledge - 1. Etaref. Do you acknowledge that what you did was wrong? was ka-teEtaref bi?enna dak š-ši lli Emelti ma-mezyan-š?
2. Eerref, Elem b. Did you acknowledge his letter? was Eerreftih be-wsul r-risala dyalu?

acorn - belluta pl. -t, coll. bellut. to acquaint - 1. Eerref. I want you to acquaint him with the place and the workers. bgitek teerrfu eel l-mahell u-eel l-xeddama. 2. Elem. He will acquaint you with what happened. gad ielmek be-snu wqee.

to be acquainted: Are you two acquainted with each other? was ntuma b-žuž ka-tt \(\xi arf u ? \)

to acquaint oneself - teerref. It'll take a week to acquaint myself with the problem. xessni žemea baš nteerref eel l-muškila.

to get, become acquainted with - terref mea. I'd like to get acquainted with her. bgit nterrefeliha.

acquaintance - meErifa, pl. -t,
mEaref. He is an acquaintance of
mine. huwa wahed men le-mEaref
dyali. --I was happy to make his
acquaintance. freht bezzaf

b-meEriftu.

**We acquire bad habits easily. l-€adat le-qbiḥa ka-telseq fina deġya deġya.

to acquit - berre?. Did they convict him or acquit him? was hekmu Elih wella berr?uh?

across - 1. mqabel. The bank is across the street from the post-office. l-benk žat mqabla m£a l-buṣṭa. 2. qbalt. He sat across the table from me. gles qbalti fe-t-tebla. 3. men ž-žiha l-oxṛa d-. A new hotel will be built across the river. gad ibniw wahed l-uṭil ždid men ž-žiha l-oxṛa de-l-wad.

**Can we go across the bridge today? was imken-lna nduzu Eel l-qentra l-yum?

act - 1. Eamal pl. ?eEmal. That was a brave act. kan Eamal šžiE.
2. fesl pl. fsul. I don't want to miss the first act. ma-baġi-š nfellet l-fesl l-?euwel.

in the act - f-Eemla. The burglar was caught in the act. l-xewwan tteqbet fe-Emeltu.

to act - 1. Emel. Don't act like a child. ma-te Emel-s bhal d-derri s-sgir. -I'll act on your advice. gad-ne Emel be-n-na siha dyalek.

2. mettel. I can't act very well. ma-imken-li-s nmettel mezyan.

**Now it's time to act. hada huwa weqt l- ε amal.

active - našet. He's still very active for his age. ma-zal našet m£a rasu be-n-nesba l-sennu.

activity - 1. našat. He has to give up all physical activity for a while. lazmu ismeh f-koll našat riyadi wahed l-modda. -There's very little activity around here on Sundays. n-našat ka-ikun qlil bezzaf f-had ž-žiha nhar l-hedd. 2. haraka. Why all the activity over there? Elaš dak l-haraka kollha temma? actor - mumettil pl. -in.

actress = mumettila pl. -t.
actual = haqiqi. The actual reason
was something entirely different.
s-sabab l-haqiqi kan ši-axor
tamamen.

actually - 1. fe-l-haqiqa, fe-l-waqi\(\xi\). She works here but her office is actually on the second floor. ka-texdem hna wa-lakin l-mekteb dyalha fe-l-haqiqa fe-t-tebqa t-tanya. 2. haqqen. Do you actually believe that story? wa\(\xi\) haqqen ka-tseddeq dik le-xrafa?

acute - 1. kbir pl. kbar. He was stricken by an acute pain. qebtu wahed le-hriq kbir. 2. dqiq pl. dqaq. Dogs have an acute sense of smell. le-klab Eendhom šemman dqiq bezzaf.

3. hadd. This triangle has two acute angles. had l-mutellat Eendu žuž zawiyat hadda.

**She has acute appendicitis. Eendha l-meṣṛana z-zayda mṛiḍa bezzaf.

to adapt oneself - 1. wellef. He adapts himself easily. dejya ka-iwellef. 2. ttewwer. He adapts himself to situations. ka-ittewwer mfa l-hal.

to add - zad izid. You'll have to add some sugar. gad ixessek dzid ši-šwiya de-s-sokkar. --I have nothing to add to that. ma-Eendi ma nzid Ela had š-ši. -Add it to my bill. zidha Eel le-ksab dyali.

to add up - žmeć. Add up those figures. žmeć duk r-rgam.

to add up to - $t | e \in l$ -. How much does this bill add up to? le-šhal ka-it| $e \in had$ le-hsab?

**It all adds up to the same thing. bhal bhal.

addition - hsab. Is my addition correct? waš le-hsab dyali huwa hadak?

in addition to - zyada Ela. In addition to that, he asked for ten dollars. u-zyada Ela dak š-ši ţleb Eešra de-d-dular. -In addition to his regular salary he gets a commission on what he sells. zyada Eel le-xlas dyalu l-Eadi ka-iqbeţ heqqu f-dak š-ši lli ba£.

additional - zayed. He gave me an additional amount for incidentals. Etani wahed l-qedr d-le-flus zayed Eel l-mesruf l-žari. -For an additional dollar you'll get something better than this. b-dular zayed taxod haža hsen men had \$-\$i.

address - 1. Eonwan pl. Enawen, drisa

pl. -t. Would you like to write down my address? tebģi tekteb l-Eonwan dyali? 2. xetba pl. -t. The president delivered an important address. r-ra⁹is lga xetba muhimma.

to address - 1. beet, rsel. The letter is addressed to me. le-bra mebeuta liya. 2. xateb. How shall I address him? kif-aš ġad nxatbu? 3. lqa ilqi. I would like to address a question to the speaker. nebġi nelqi su?al eel l-xatib.

adhesive tape - tub de-l-lṣaq.
adjacent to - mžaneb m£a or mžawer.
My garden is adjacent to his.
ž-žerda dyali mžanba m£a dyalu.

adjective - ne&t.

to adjourn - weqqef, ?ežžel. They adjourned the meeting early. ?ežžlu le-žtimać bekri.

to adjust - 1. Eeddel, Eewwet. Did you adjust the binoculars? was Eeddelti le-mrayat de-l-hend? -He only adjusted a screw. gir Eewwet ši-luleb. 2. sleh. The manager will adjust your bill. daba l-mudir işleh-lek l-fatura dyalek.

to adjust oneself - wellef. I can't adjust myself to the climate here. ma-imken-li-s nwellef be-t-teqs hna.

to administer - qam iqum b-. Who's administering his estate? Skun lli qayem-lu be-l-?amlak dyalu?

administration - idara.

admiral - amir le-bher pl. umara le-bher.

admiration - ?i&žab.

to admire - téežžeb f-. I admired his patience. téežžebt fe-ș-șber dyalu.

admission - 1. dxul. How much is the admission? be-šhal d-dxul?
2. £tiraf pl. -at. His admission proved my innocence. le-£tiraf dyalu kan hužža £el l-bara?a dyali.
admission charge - taman d-dxul or flus d-dxul.

to admit - 1. xella (ixelli) idxol.

Mention my name and they'll admit
you. dker-lhom smiyti u-rahom
ixelliwek ddxol. 2. Etaref. I
admit that I was wrong. ka-neEtaref
be-lli kont galet. 3. qbel. They
admitted him into the club. qebluh
fe-n-nadi.

to adopt - 1. xda (yaxod) baš irebbi.

My aunt has adopted a little girl.

Eemmti xdat bnita baš trebbiha.

2. ttaxed, xter. He adopted the new program. ttaxed l-bernamež ž-ždid.

adult - kbir pl. kbar. There was milk
for the children and coffee for the
adults. kan mužud le-hlib le-d-drari
u-l-qehwa l-le-kbar.

advance - 1. taqeddum pl. -at. There's been a great advance in medicine this year. wqe£ taqeddum kbir fe-t-tibb had l-£am. 2. tesbiq pl. -at. Can you give me an advance? was imken-lek te£tini ši-tesbiq?
3. zyada. There will be an advance in prices after six o'clock. men be£d s-setta gad-tkun zyada fe-t-

tamanat.
in advance - Ela tisaE. Let me know in advance if you're coming.
Elemni Ela tisaE waš ġad-dži wella

to advance - 1. qeddem. He was advanced rapidly in his work. qeddmuh fe-xdemtu b-sor€a.

2. tqeddem. We advanced thirty kilometers in one day. tqeddemna tlatin kilumiter fe-nhar waḥed.

3. ṣebbeq. Could you advance me some money? waš imken-lek tṣebbeq-li ši-flus?

advantage - fayda pl. -t, fawaoid.
This method has advantages and disadvantages. had t-tariqa fiha
l-fayda u-l-xesran.

to one's advantage - fe-l-meşlaha dyal-. This is to your advantage. had š-ši fe-l-meşlaha dyalek.

to have an advantage over - Eendu mtiyas Ela. You have an advantage over me. Eendek mtiyas Eliya.

to take advantage of - leeb ela (people), gtanem (people or things). Don't let people take advantage of you. ma-txelli-s n-nas tegtanmek. He takes advantage of every opportunity. ka-igtanem koll forsa.

advantageous - 1. mfeddel comp. ?efdel. He sold his house at the most advantageous time. ba£ daru f-?efdel weqt. 2. mufid, mnaseb, mwafeq. He found himself in an advantageous position. žber rasu f-hala mufida.

adventure - muġamaṇa pl. -t. He wrote a book about his adventures in Africa. ?ellef ktab Eel l-muġamaṇat dyalu f-friqya.

to advertise - 1. Sher. The store is advertising a sale. l-hanut šahra ši-bi \(\epsilon e-r-riklam. \) 2. dar (idir) i\(\epsilon lan. \) They are advertising for a cook. rahom dayrin i\(\epsilon lan \) \(\epsilon lan l

advertisement - i&lan pl. -at, i&har pl. -at. I saw your advertisement.

šeft l-ičlan dyalek. -The clothes that she's wearing are a good advertisement for her dressmaker. le-hwayež lli labsa išhar močtabar l-l-xeyyat dyalha.

advertising - išhar, i∈lan. Our company spends a lot on advertising. š-šarika dyalna ka-texșer zebbala d-le-flus f-l-išhar.

advice - nasiha pl. -t, nasa?ih. My advice to you is to leave immediately. nasihti lilek hiya texrož daba.

to ask one's advice - tšawer m£a. I asked his advice. tšawert m£ah. advisable - men l-?ehsen. I think it is advisable for us to stay home today. ka-idher-li men l-?ehsen nebgaw fe-d-dar l-yum.

to advise - nșeh, weșsa iweșși. What do you advise me to do? 8-ka-tenșehni ndir?

to advise against - hedder men. He advised me against it. hedderni menha.

adviser - mustašar pl. -in. Who is his adviser? škun huwa l-mustašar dyalu?

aerial - Emud pl. -at, antin pl. -at.

The aerial on our radio needs fixing.

le-Emud dyal r-radyu dyalna ka-ixessu
itsewweb.

aerial warfare - l-herb l-žewwiya. affair - 1. še?n pl. šu?un. I don't meddle in his affairs. ma-ka-ndxollu- \check{s} fe- \check{s} - $\check{s}u^{9}$ un dyalu. 2. suq, $\check{s}\dot{g}$ al. That's your affair. dak š-ši šģalek nta. 3. ?amr pl. ?umur. He handled the affairs of the company badly. tkellef b-9umur š-šarika b-kifiya qbiha. 4. fraža pl. -t. That party was the most brilliant affair of the year. dak l-hefla kanet ehsen fraža fe-l-Eam. 5. mes?ala garamiya pl. mes?alat, masa?il garamiya. The cook had an affair with the chauffeur. wegeet bin t-tebbaxa u-š-šifur ši-mes?ala garamıya. to affect - Petter. That damp climate

affect - Tetter. That damp climate affected his health. dak l-žeww r-rteb Petter-lu Ela sehhtu. --His wife's death affected him deeply. l-mut de-mratu Pettret fih bezzaf.

to **afford** - qder Ela. I can't afford that. ma-neqder-s Ela hadik.

**You can afford to laugh. dhek a wlidi, Etak llah mn-aš.

to be **afraid** - xaf ixaf. I'm afraid it's too late. xeft ikun mša l-hal.
-Don't be afraid! ma-txaf-š!
-He's not afraid of anyone. ma-ka-ixaf men hetta wahed.

after - 1. men be Ed. Can you call me

after supper? was imken-lek ddreb-li t-tilifun men beéd le-Eša?

2. mura. They left one after the other. msaw wahed mura l-axur.

3. men beéd-ma. I answered him immediately after I received his letter. žawebtu hinan men beéd-ma wesletni risaltu.

**The police are after him. l-bulis ka-tqelleb Elih.

after all - 1. wellahila. You were right after all. wellahila Eendek l-heqq. 2. Ela kolli hal. What can I do? After all he's my son. §-gad-neEmel? hadak weldı Ela kolli hal.

after this: After this, please let us know in advance. had l-merra Elemna Ela tisaE.

day after tomorrow - be&d gedda.

to look after - hda yehdi. Is
there anyone to look after the
children? kayen \$i-wahed lli yehdi
d-drari?

afternoon - beEd d-dhur, Ešiya. He goes home every afternoon at three. ka-imši le-d-dar koll nhar men beEd d-dhur fe-t-tlata.

this afternoon - l-yum f-le-Ešiya. Can you come this afternoon? waš imken-lek dži l-yum f-le-Ešiya? afterward(s) - men beEd. He came at ten and I left shortly afterwards. huwa ža fe-l-Eešra w-ana xrežt ši-šwiya men beEd.

again - Eawed, Eawed tani, nuba xra.
I'll tell him again. gad-ngulha-lu
Eawed tani. -Try it again. hawelha
Eawed.

**That's another matter again. hadik haža xra.

again and again - u-Eawed, ma-hiya merra ma-hiya žuž. I told him again and again. qoltha-lu ma-hiya merra ma-hiya žuž.

time and (time) again - merra Ela merra, u-Eawed. He tried it time and again. hawelha merra Ela merra. gainst - 1. dedd. Are you for him

against - 1. dedd. Are you for him or against him? was nta meah wella deddu? 2. mea. Put it against the wall. diru mea l-hit. 3. ela. He's leaning against the wall. huwa mtekki eel l-hit.

**Are you for the idea or against it? was nta mettafeq mea l-fikra wella-la?

age - 1. senn. State your age and occupation. dker s-senn u-l-herfa dyalek. --He's about my age. huwa teqriben qeddi fe-s-senn. 2. Easr. This is the age of invention. hada

Easr le-xtiraE.

in ages - hadi snin, šhal hadi. We haven't seen them in ages. šhal hadi ma-šefnahom.

to age - śref. He's aged a great deal lately. *šref bezzaf Ead had* l-iyamat.

agency - wikala pl. -t.

agent - wakil, ukil pl. weklan. Your agent has already called on me. l-wakil dvalek daz l-Eendi beEda.

to aggravate - 1. sad isid Ela. Don's aggravate the situation. ma-dsid-š Ela had l-hala. 2. qelleq. Sometimes you're awfully aggravating. ši-nubat ka-tqelleqni bessaf.

aggravation - tetyaru, ģid I get nothing but aggravation from her. ma-ka-nžber fiha ģir tetyaru.

ago - hadi. I was there two months ago. kont temma hadi šehrayn.
-How long ago was that? šhal hadi baš wqe€ had š-ši? -That was a long time ago. had š-ši kan šḥal hadi.

a while ago - hadi ši-šwiya. He left a while ago. hadi ši-šwiya baš mša.

(just) a moment ago - yallah hadi ši-šwiya. Wasn't he here just a moment ago? ma-kan-š hna yallah hadi ši-šwiya?

agony - Eadab, ?alam. It was agony just to watch him. ġir š-šufa fih kanet Eadab. --You're just prolonging the agony. ha-nta ġir ka-ttewwel l-Eadab.

to agree - 1. ttafeq. We agreed to take turns. ttafeqna baš ndiru n-nuba. -They agreed on everything. ttafqu &la koll ši. -That's not what the two of you agreed on. ma-ši dak š-ši &la-š ttafeqtiw b-žuž. Do you agree? waš mettafeq? -The two statements don't agree. l-bayanat b-žuž ma-mettafqin-š. 2. wafeq. Do you agree to these terms? waš ka-twafeq &la had š-šurut? -This food doesn't agree with me. had l-makla ma-ka-twafeqni-š.

agreeable - mešruh. She has an agreeable personality. Eendha šexsiya mešruh.

to be agreeable to - qbel. Is he agreeable to that? was qabel dak \$-\$i?

agreement - 1. muwafaqa pl. -t. The agreement has to be ratified by the senate. l-muwafaqa xeşşha dduz f-mežlis š-šuyux. 2. ttifaq pl. -at. The contract was extended by mutual agreement. zadu fe-l-Eoqda men beEd ttifaq binathom b-žuž.

in agreement - mettafeq. We're all in agreement on that. kollna mettafain Ela dak š-ši.

agricultural - filahi, zirαξί.
agriculture - filaha. There isn't
much agriculture in this region.
ma-kayna filaha ktira f-had n-nahiya.

ahead - 1. metqeddem. He's ahead of everybody. huwa metqeddem Eel n-nas kollhom. 2. sabeq, şabeq.

Are you next? No, he's ahead of me. was nubtek nta? la, huwa sabeqnı.

3. luwwel, şabeq. Who's ahead in the race? škun l-luwwel f-le-msabqa? straight ahead - tul. Go straight ahead. sir tul.

way ahead - 1. layen u-layen.

I'm way ahead in my work. ana wselt.
layen u-layen fe-xdemti. 2. sabeq
(bezzaf). Hurry up, the others are
way ahead of us already. serbi
rasek, l-oxrin sabqinna beEda.

to get ahead - tqeddem. He doesn't seem to get ahead at all. ka-idher Elih bhal ila ga& ma-ka-itqeddem.

**You just go ahead, I'll follow later. gir sir sbeq nta, daba nexlet Elik men beEd. --Go ahead and tell him. gir qulha-lu.
aid - musaEada, muEawana.

to aid - Éawen, safed. Can I aid you in any way? was imken-li nfawnek f-ši-haža?

ailing - Eeyyan. She's always ailing. hiya dima Eeyyana.

aim - 1. tenyaš. Is your aim good? waš t-tenyaš dyalek mezyan? 2. hadaf. His aim is to become a good doctor. l-hadaf dyalu huwa ikun tbib mezyan.

to aim - 1. niyyes. Aim higher. niyyes & ali swiya. 2. & euwel. What do you aim to do? &-ka-t&euwel ddir?

**You're aiming too high.
ka-tniyyeš Ela men le-qyas. --That
was aimed at me. hadik kanet
mwežžha liya.

air - 1. hawa (m.). The air in this room isn't good. l-hawa f-had (m.) l-bit ma-mezyan-š. -I have to get some fresh air. xeṣṣni nšemm šwiya de-l-hawa. 2. žeww. There's an air of mystery about the whole affair. kayen ši-žeww ģrib fe-l-qadiya kollha.

to put on airs - tfexxem u-téeddem. He loves to put on airs. ka-iéežbu rasu itfexxem w-itéeddem.

to air - hewwa ihewwi. Please air the room while I'm out. Eafak hewwi l-bit Ela ma nži.

airfield - matar pl. -at. airplane - tiyara pl. -t. airport - matar pl. -at; (military) labaz pl. -at. aisle - medwez pl. mdawez.

ajar - meḥlul šwiya. The door was
ajar. l-bab kanet meḥlul šwiya.

alarm - zuwwaga, zuwwaka pl. -t.

**Set the alarm for six. dir
l-magana de-s-sersar fe-s-setta.

to alarm - zeež, šewweš. Her screams alarmed the whole building. gwatha zeež l-Eimara kollha.

to be alarmed - tšewweš. Don't be alarmed. ma-ttšewweš-š. alarm clock - magana de-s-sersar pl. maganat, mwagen de-s-sersar.

alcohol - 1. alkul. Put a little alcohol on the wound. dir ši-šwiya d-l-alkul Eel ž-žerha. 2. šrab.

Muslims do not drink alcohol. lemselmin ma-ka-išerbu-š š-šrab.

alert - fayeq. He's an alert fellow, huwa ražel fayeq m&a raşu.

on the alert: Be on the alert for a call from me. kun Ela bal rani daba ndreb-lek t-tilifun.

Algeria - l-xuzirat, l-žazira l-xedra. Algeria - l-žaza°ir, dzayer.

Algerian - žaza°iri adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel l-žaza°ir; dziri adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel dzayer.

alike - bhal bhal, kif kif. These seats are all alike. had le-krasa kollhom bhal bhal. -We treat all our customers alike. š-šaryin dyalna kollhom ka-nhesbuhom kif kif.

alien - ažnabi pl. -yin.

alive - heyy. Get him alive or dead. qebtuh heyy wella miyyet.

to be alive with - gla igli. The store is alive with ants. l-hanut ka-tegli be-n-nmel.

all - koll. Did you all go? waš
mšitiw kollkom? -I've been waiting
all day. n-nhar kollu w-ana kantsenna. -That upsets all my plans.
had š-ši hdem le-blanat dyali
kollhom. -The bread's all gone.
l-xobz mša kollu.

**That's all. had š-ši lli kayen.
-He isn't all there. xeṣṣu ši-žuž
de-l-buļunat. -If that's all there
is to it, I'll do it. ila kan ģir
hakda, neɛmelha. --That's all the
same to me. ana ma-ɛendi sug.

all along - men l-luwwel. We've suspected him all along. konna šakkin fih men l-luwwel.

to be all in - sxef, Eya yeEya. all of a sudden - fuž?a. All of a sudden it got dark. fuž?a dlam l-hal.

all over - 1. koll žiha. They came from all over. žaw men koll žiha. 2. f-.... kollu. He traveled all over the country. şafer f-le-blad kollha. 3. kollu. He began to tremble all over. bda kollu ka-igzel.

all right - 1. $f^{-\gamma}$ aman llah. Is everything all right? $koll-\check{s}i$ $f^{-\gamma}$ aman llah? 2. $me \in lum$. I'd like to go all right, but it's impossible. $neb\check{g}i$ $nem\check{s}i$, $me \in lum$, be-l-heqq $ma-imken-li-\check{s}$. 3. waxxa. That's true all right, but nevertheless ... waxxa dak $\check{s}-\check{s}i$ sehh, be-l-heqq ... -All right, I'll do it. waxxa daba ndirha.

**Is that all right with you? was ma-fendek manif.

all the better - hsen. If that is so, all the better. ila had š-ši hakda hsen.

all the time - dima.

above all - ktirt š-ši, xuṣuṣen. Above all, don't get discouraged. u-ktirt š-ši ma-tebred-š.

after all - wellahila. He's right after all. la, wellahila Eendu s-sehh.

at all - ga£, walu. He has no patience at all. ma-Eendu sber ga£.

in all - bin koll-ši. How many of them are there in all? šhal kaynin mennhom bin koll-ši?

once and for all - f-merra. Once and for all, let's get this over with. yallah nthennaw men had l-qadiya f-merra.

alley - medwez pl. mdawez, driba pl.
-t.

alliance - muhalafa pl. -t.

to allow - 1. smeh b-. He won't allow that. ma-gad-ismeh-s b-dak s-si. 2. hseb. How much should I allow for traveling expenses? shal ixessni nehseb Ela mesruf de-s-sfer? ally - hlif pl. hulafa?.

almond - luza pl. -t, coll. luz.

almost - Elayen. I'm almost finished. Elayen nfeddi.

alone - b-wehd-. Do you live alone? was saken b-wehdek.

**Better leave it alone! hsen-lek txellih Elik! -Leave me alone! xellini Elik!

along - 1. mEa. We walked along the shore. tmeššina mEa šett le-bher.
2. b-ženb. The road runs along the river. t-triq gadya b-ženb l-wad.

all along - men l-luwwel. I told them so all along. men l-luwwel

w-ana ka-nqul-lhom dak š-ši.

to take along - dda iddi m£a.

How many things should I take along?

šhal d-le-hwayež ka-ixessni nddi
m£aya?

**Come along with me! ya!!ah
mEaya!

already - beEda. He already speaks a little Arabic. rah ka-itkellem ši-šwiya de-l-Eerbiya beEda.

also - see too.

to alter - beddel, ģeyyer. Who altered my speech? škun lli beddel l-xetba dyali?

**I'll have to have the suit altered to fit me. xeşşni nddi had l-keswa tteşleh baš dži qeddı.

alteration = ?iṣlah pl. -at. There
is no charge for alterations.
l-?iṣlahat bla flus.

although - waxxa. I'll be there, although I have very little time. daba nkun temma waxxa ma-Eendi-š l-weqt bezzaf.

altitude - Elu. The plane was flying at a very high altitude. t-tiyara kanet gadya fe-Elu kbir bezzaf.

altogether - 1. tamamen. You're altogether right. Eendek s-sehh tamamen. 2. bin l-žamič, bin koll-ši. Altogether there are thirty books. kaynin tlatin ktab bin koll-ši.

alum - šebb.

always - dima. I'm always at home.

ana dima fe-d-dar. -She's always
been rich. hiya dima kanet tažra.

amateur - mulu£. Frequently amateurs play better than professionals. Eadad de-l-merrat l-mulu£in ka-ile£bu hsen men lli mehtarfin. -For an amateur he paints quite well. huwa gir mulu£ walakin ka-isbeg mezyan. to amaze - bhed. I was amazed at his

o amaze - bheq. I was amazed at his indifference. behdetni le-bruda dyalu.

to be amazed - téežžeb. ambassador - safir pl. sufara. amber - tenber.

ambition - tumuh. He has no ambition.

ma-fendu tumuh. -There's no limit
to his ambition. t-tumuh dyalu mafendu hedd.

ambitious - (lli) εendu tumuh.
ambulance - siyara d-l-isεaf pl.
siyarat d-l-isεaf.

to ambush - xrež f-. They ambushed him in the hills. xeržu fih fe-ž-žbal.

America - ?amrika, blad l-mirikan.

American - ?amriki; mirikani pl.

mirikan. He's an American. huwa

mirikani.

among - 1. ma bin, f-west. You're among friends. rak f-west le-shab. --Look among the papers. Suf ma bin le-kwaget. 2. Eend. He's popular among the masses. huwa meshur Eend s-seeb. 3. f-, He's the biggest one among them. huwa le-kbir fihom. --There were many nice people among them. kanu fihom bezzaf de-n-nas draf.

among other things - zaydun Ela hwayež xrin. Among other things he collects stamps. ka-ižmeE zaydun t-tnaber Ela hwayež xrin.

among ourselves (yourselves, themselves) - ma binatna (binatkom, binathom). We decided it among ourselves. qerrernaha ma binatna. amount - Eadad. What's the amount?

šnu huwa l-Eadad?

to amount to - tlee, ža iži f-. How much does the bill amount? lešhal tlee le-hsab? or šhal ža fe-lfaktura?

**He doesn't amount to much. maka-iswa-š kter men suldi.

to amputate - qetteE. His leg was amputated.

to amuse - dehhek. That amuses me very much. dak š-ši ka-idehhekni bezzaf.

to amuse oneself - lha ilhi raşu. He amuses himself by reading. kailhi raşu b-le-qraya.

amusement - mlahya. He did it only
for amusement. darha gir mlahya.

**What do you do for amusement?
as ka-teemel bas dduwwez l-weqt?

amusing - fih d-dehk. Did you find this play amusing? waš žak had ttemtil fih d-dehk?

ancestors - ždud, slaf or ?eslaf.

anchor - mextaf pl. mxatef. The boat lost its anchor in the storm. l-baxira mša-lha l-mextef fe-l-Easifa.

to drop anchor - tleq l-mextaf.

The ship dropped anchor in the bay. l-baxira telget mextafha fe-l-xaliž.

to weigh anchor - qellee l-mextaf. We weighed anchor after the sea had quieted down. qelleena l-mextaf men beed-ma thedden le-bher.

to anchor - ressa iressi. They anchored the ship near the mouth of the river. ressaw s-sfina had fomm l-wad.

**He stood there as if anchored to the spot. bga wagef temma bhal lhežra.

anchovy - štun.

ancient - qdim pl. qdam. I'm very much interested in ancient art. lfenn le-qdim ka-ihemmni bezzaf ξad.

--Why did you invest so much money in that ancient building? Elas Emelti had le-flus kollhom f-dak l-Eimara le-qdima? **Oh, that's ancient history! š-ši men €ehd musa. and - 1. u (before consonants), w (before vowels). 2. wiyya- (preceded by ana or hna with some pronoun ending suffixed). Only he and I were there. kont gir ana wiyyah temma. **Wait and see! sber u-daba tšuf. Andalusia - l-?andalus. Andalusian - ?andalusi adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel l-9 and a lus. anesthetic - benž. angel - malak pl. malayka, mlayka. anger - tetyaru, gadab, zeaf. angle - 1. zawiya pl. -t. Measure each angle of the triangle. Eber z-zawiyat de-l-mutellat kollhom. 2. wžeh pl. wžuh. We considered the matter from all angles. Etaberna l-qadiya men žami€ le-wžuh. angry - gedban. What are you angry about? Elas nta gedban? to be (come) angry - gdeb, tar-l-, you angry at him? was tayer-lek mEah?

itir-1-. Please don't be angry with me! Eafak ma-tegdeb-š Eliya! -- Are

animal - hayawan pl. -at. aniseed - nafeE.

ankle - keeba pl. -t, keab. Did she sprain her ankle, or what? was ttfekket-lha ke€betha wella šnu? anniversary - dikra pl. -t. They are celebrating their thirtieth anniversary. mehtaflin be-d-dikra (de-z-zwaž) t-tlatin dyalhom.

to announce - 1. $\ell lem b$ -. They just announced it on the radio. yallah Eelmu biha fe-r-radyu. 2. Elen Ela. They announced their engagement last night. Eelnu Ela mlakhom l-bareh fe-l-lil.

announcement - iElan pl. -at, naba? pl. ?anba?, xbar pl. ?axbar.

announcer - $mudi \in$, $mudiyyi \in$. The announcer has a pleasant voice. l-mudi Eendu helq driyyef.

to annoy - bessel Ela. Is this man annoying you? waš had r-ražel kaibessel Elik? -- Stop annoying that poor dog! baraka ma tbessel Ela dak l-kelb l-meskin'

annoyed with - zeEfan mEa.

**That's very annoying. dak š-si ka-itelle z-z eaf.

another - axor, f. xra, pl. xrin. Please give me another cup of coffee. Etini ši-kas axor

de-l-gehwa men fedlek. --I'd like another pattern. bģit ši-škel axor. -I won't hear another word about it! ma-nebģi-š nesmeE kelma xra Eliha! one another - $be \in d$. (plus pl. pronoun ending) beed, beedsyat (plus pl. pronoun ending). They hit one another. ddarbu beedhom beed or ddarbu beEdiyathom.

to antagonize - teyyru-l-. I don't want to antagonize them. ma-bagiš nteyyru-lhom.

to saticipate - tweqqee, nwa inwa. The attendance was larger than we had anticipated. hedru n-nas kter men lli konna tweqqeEna.

**He anticipates her every wish. ka-iḥeḍḍeṛ-lha šnu-ma bġat men qbel ga£ ma ţţelbu.

anxious - 1. mehmum. He's anxious about his future. huwa mehmum Eel l-musteqbal dyalu. 2. metšuwweq. I'm anxious to see the new book. rani metšuwweg baš nšuf le-ktab ž-ždid. --He was just too anxious to sell. kan met suunveq kter men leqyas baš ibiE.

any - 1. ši. Do you have any other question? Eendek ši-su?al axor? -Did you find any books there? waš žberti ši-ktuba temma? 2. škunemma kan. Any mechanic can fix it. l-mikanisyan škun-emma kan iqder isuwwebha. -- Any child knows that. koll derri škun-emma kan ka-yeEref dak š-ši. 3. kif-emma kan. work is better than none. xedma kif-emma kanet hsen men blaš. 4. ši-haža d-. Do you have any money with you? was meak si-haza d-le-flus? 5. (Often no equivalent in negative expressions). I don't have any money. ma-Eendi flus. **Buy them at any price! **srihom

anybody - 1. ši-wahed. Will anybody be at the station to meet me? was gad-ikun ši-wahed metleggi-li f-le-mhetta? --Did you find anybody? waš žberti ši-wahed? 2. škun-emma kan. Anybody can do that. škunemma kan iqder yeEmel dak š-ši.

b-aš-emma kan!

not...anybody - ma...hetta wahed, ma...hetta hedd. I don't know anybody here. ma-ka-neEref hetta wahed hna.

anyhow - 1. waxxa hakdak. I said no, but he did it anyhow. qolt-lu lla u-waxxa hakdak Emelha. 2. men rregm men dak š-ši. I would have gone anyhow. kun rani mšit men r-regm men dak š-ši.

**What's the use anyhow! šnu hiya l-menfi&a be&da?

anyone - see anybody.

anything - 1. ši-haža. Is there anything for me here? waš kayna ši-haža liya hna? --Did he say anything? waš qal ši-haža? 2. šnu-mma, aš-emma. You can have anything you like. imken-lek taxod šnu-mma bģiti.

amything but - ma...ga£, ma... walu. I was anything but pleased. ma-kont-š ferhan ga£.

anything else - ši-haža xra.

Would you like anything else? bġiti ši-haža xra?

not ... anything - ma ... hetta haža. I can't do anything in this case. ma-imken-li ndir hetta haža f-had l-qadiya.

**I wouldn't do that for anything.
ma-ndir-š dak š-ši waxxa ikun lli

kan.

anyway - 1. Ela kolli hal. Sooner or later you'll have to buy a car. daba wella ma-ši daba, Ela kolli hal ġad ixeṣṣek tešri tumubil.
2. u-waxxa hakdak. I didn't want to, but I did it anyway. ma-bġit-š ne£melha, u-waxxa hakdak £meltha.

anywhere - 1. l-ši mahell. Are you going anywhere today? waš ġadi l-ši mahell l-yum? 2. fayn-emma. Anywhere you look, there's dust. fayn-emma šefti ka-džber l-gebra.

**He'll never get anywhere.

Eemmru ma-jad-yewsel l-ši-haža.

—That won't get you anywhere. dak

\$-\$i rah ma-jad-iqdi-lek say.

not...anywhere - ma...layn. I don't want to go anywhere tonight. ma-bġit nemši layn had l-lila.

apart - mefruq. The house stands apart from the others. d-dar zat mefruqa Eel le-xrin.

to take apart - hell traf traf. Take it apart if necessary. hellha traf traf ila kan lazem.

**How do you tell the two apart?

kif-as ka-teeref wahed men l-axur?

apartment house - Eimara de-s-sokna

pl Eimarat de-s-sokna.

ape - gerd pl. gruda.

apiece - l-l-wahed. My brother and I earned six dollars apiece. and u-xay rbehna setta de-d-dular l-l-wahed.

to apologize - Etader, tleb s-smaha. I apologize for doing that. kaneEtader lli dert dak š-ši. --Did you apologize to her? waš tlebti mennha s-smaha?

apparatus - ala pl. -t, makina pl. -t, mwaken.

apparent - daher. It's apparent that
he didn't understand the question.
daher ma-fhem-\$ s-su^al.

apparently - Ela ma ka-idher. He has apparently changed his mind. geyyer balu Ela ma ka-idher.

appeal - istinaf pl. -at. The appeal
 was denied. talab l-istinaf
 tterfed.

to appeal - 1. twežžeh. Appeal to his conscience. twežžeh le-d-damir dyalu. 2. deqq. It doesn't appeal to me at all. ma-ka-ideqq-li-š ga£. 3. tleb l-istinaf. The lawyer decided to appeal the case. l-muḥami gerrer itleb l-istinaf l-l-qadiya.

to appear - dher, ban. He appeared at the last minute. dher fe-d-daqiqa l-lexxra. --This paper appears every Thursday.

had l-žarida ka-ddher koll xmis.

--He appears to be very sick. ka-idher ℓlih mrid bezsaf.

appearance - 1. duhur. It's his first appearance on the stage. hada **ewwel duhur Eendu fe-l-mesreh.
2. hi'a, hey'a. You have to pay more attention to your appearance. xessek tredd balek kter l-l-hi'a dyalek.

**At least put in an appearance. Eel l-gagell dher.

appearances - medher, hi?a. I never judge by appearances. ma-&emmri ma-ka-nehkem men l-medher. --Appearances are deceiving. l-medher xedda&.

**To all appearances he is a foreigner. $l-hi^{\circ}a$ dyalu kollha $d-\check{s}i-\check{\circ}a\check{z}nabi$.

appendicitis - l-merd dyal l-meṣrana z-zayda.

appendix 1. meṣrana zayda. He had his appendix removed when he was five. heyydu-lu l-meṣrana z-zayda men lli kanet €endu xems snin. 2. fehres, fihrisa, pl. fhares. Maybe you'll find it in the appendix. imken had š-ši tṣibu fe-l-fehres.

appetite - šehwa, šahiya. Our boy has a good appetite. weldna Eendu šehwa ktira.

appetizing = (lli) ka-ifteh š-šahiya, (lli) ka-išehhi.

to applaud - seffeq. applause - tesfiq.

apple - teffaha pl. -t, coll. teffah. appliance - ?ala pl. -t, makina pl. -t, mwaken. We carry all kinds of

electrical appliances. Eendna ?alat

de-d-du Ela koll škel.

application - talab pl. -at. I mailed in my application too late. rselt t-talab dyali meettel.

application blank - werga de-t-talab, pl. wraq de-t-talab. Fill out this application blank. Eemmer had l-werga de-t-talab.

to apply - 1. qeddem talab. I'd like to apply for a job. bgit nqeddem t-talab dyali l-ši-xedma. 2. tebbeq. You've applied this rule incorrectly. tebbeqti had l-qa&ida galta.

3. ttebbeq. The rule doesn't apply here. l-qa&ida ma-ka-ttebbeq-\$ hna.
4. steEmel. I had to apply all my strength. tlezzemt nesteEmel quwwti kollha. 5. tla itli. Apply the paint evenly. tli \$-\$baġa f-koll mahell qedd-qedd. 6. wežšeh. This order applies to everybody. had l-?amr mwežšeh l- koll wa&ed.

7. kemmed b-. Apply a hot compress every two hours. kemmed b-futa sxuna merra fe-s-sa£tayn.

to appoint - Éeyyen, semma, nesseb.

They appointed him judge. Eeyynuh gadi.

appointment - 1. mi&ad pl. -at. I had to cancel all my appointments for tomorrow. kan lazem nelġi l-mi&adat lli kanet &endi l-ġedda kollha. --I have an appointment with him. &endi m&ah mi&ad. --Did you make an appointment with the doctor? derti ši-mi&ad m&a t-tbib?

2. tensib pl. -at, teEyin pl. -at, tesmiya pl. -t. Congratulations on your appointment. ka-nhennik Eel t-tensib dyalek.

appreciation - teqdir. She has no appreciation for art. ma-fendha teqdir l-l-fenn walu.

approach - [?]uslub, ṭaṛiqa, waṣila. Am I using the right approach? waš l-[?]uslub lli ana meste∈mlu huwa hakdak?

**The approaches to the bridge are under repair. t-torqan lli ka-ddi l-l-qentra ka-ttsewweb.

to approach - 1. qerreb. They approached cautiously. qerrbu be-t-tawil. 2. twežžeh l-. Who shall I approach about the matter? le-mmen xeṣṣni ntwežžeh &el l-qadiya?
3. dxel &la. How would you approach the problem? kif-aš ġad-ddxol &el l-muškila nta?

appropriate - (lli) ža f-mahellu. The
remark is quite appropriate. lmulahada žat f-mahellha.

to appropriate - 1. dar idir yeddu

Ela, xda yaxod. My son has appropriated all my ties. weldi dar yeddu Eel le-krafatat dyali kollhom.

2. xesses, rfeE. The city has appropriated fifty thousand dollars for a new library. le-mdina xesset xemsin ?alef dular l-mektaba ždida.

approval - 1. ttifaq. You'll need your parents' approval. gad-ixessek ttifaq waldik. 2. muwafaqa pl. -t. You'll have to get his approval on it. ġad-ixessek thessel Eel

**Does it meet with your approval?

was had s-si wafqek?

to approve - qbel. Your application

has been approved. qeblu t-talab

dyalek.

l-muwafaga dvalu Eliha.

to approve of - 1. wafeq Ela. Do you approve of my suggestion? was (nta) mwafeq Eel le-qtirah dyali?

--He approves of my plans. huwa mwafeq Eel l-mešruEat dyali.

approximate - zayed nages. The approximate length of the room is eight meters. dyal had l-bit huwa tmenya de-l-miter t-tul zayed nages. approximately - tegriben. He left approximately a month ago. hadi tegriben sher bas mša.

apricot - mešmaša pl. -t, coll. mešmaš. April - ibril, abril. apron - tabliya pl. -t.

apt - 1. fe-l-mudu£. That was an apt remark. l-mulahada kanet fe-l-mudu£. 2. dki pl. -yin, fih l-qabiliya, fayeq. He's a very apt pupil. huwa telmid dki bezzaf.

Arab - Eerbi pl. Earab.

Arabic - 1. l-Eerbiya. Do you speak Arabic? waš ka-ttkellem l-Eerbiya? 2. Eerbi. Do you like Arabic music? ka-tebgi l-musiqa l-Eerbiya?

arch - qews pl. qwas. That bridge has a tremendous arch. dik l-qentra & endha qews & dim.

fallen arches - režlin mfetthin.
arched - mqewwes. This room has an
arched ceiling. had l-bit s-sqef
dyalu mqewwes.

architect - muhendis pl. -in.
area - 1. masaha pl. -t. The area of
this garden isn't very large. had
ž-žnan l-masaha dyalų ma-ši kbira
bezzaf. 2. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi.
Does he live in this area? waš
huwa saken f-had n-nahiya? --The
area around Casablanca is densely
populated. n-nahiya lli dayra
be-d-dar l-bida saknin fiha n-nas
bezzaf.

to argue - 1. tnages. They argue all

the time. dima ka-itnaqšu. --I won't argue about that. ma-gadi-š ntnaqeš f- dak š-ši. --Don't agrue with me. ma-tnaqeš-š mEaya. 2. biyyen. I argued that it would save us a lot of time. biyyent bin had š-ši kan gad-irebbeh-lna wegt.

bezzaf. **You can't argue me into going there again. ģir la-thawel-ši teqneEni baš nemši l-temma Eawed. **argument - 1.** noqta pl. -t, nqati. That's an argument in his favor. hadi noqta men žihtu. 2. hužža pl. -t. I don't follow your argument. ma-fhemt-š l-hužža dyalek. 3. $mxa \le ma$ pl. -t. We had a violent

argument. wegeet binatna mxasma Enifa. 4. mnaqša pl. -t. It was just a little argument. kanet gir mnaqša sģira.

to arise - 1. nad inud. They arose at the same time. nadu f-wegt wahed. dher, ban. The problem arose some time ago. l-muškila dehret hadi ši-modda. --Buy them as soon as the opportunity arises. **Srihom ģir ddher l-forșa.

arithmetic - hsab.

arm - 1. draf, dref pl. derfan. lost an arm. mqetteE-lu derEu. 2. yedd pl. -in. The arms of this chair are too low. had š-šelya yeddiha mehdurin bezzaf. 3. bat pl. bitan. Can you carry the package under your arm? was teqder terfed l-bakit teht batek?

arms - slah (coll.). All arms have to be turned over to the police. s-slah kollu xeşşu itsellem le-š-šorta. to arm - selleh.

armistice - hedna, hodna; tewqif l-herb.

armor - qešra. These shells can't penetrate the armor of a warship. l-kur ma-iqedru-š idexlu fe-l-qešra d-baxira herbiya.

army - žiš pl. žyuš, Eesker. to join the army -dxell-l-Eesker.

around - 1. hna. Is there anybody around? was kayen si-wahed hna? 2. f -. He drove around the park. Emel d-dura fe-l-Eersa be-t-tumubil. 3. ši, teqriben. I have around twenty dirhams. Eendi ši-Eešrin derhem.

**He lives somewhere around here. saken f-ši-mahell f-had ž-žwayeh. --She lives right around the corner. ka-teskon fe-d-dura de-d-derb. to arouse - fiyyeq. I was aroused in

the middle of the night by a terrible ši-deqqa ka-tşemmek fiyyqetni bang. f-ness l-lil.

**Her strange behavior aroused my suspicion. s-sira dyalha le-griba dexxlet fiya š-šekk.

to arrange - 1. retteb, neddem. arranged the books? Skun lli retteb le-ktub? 2. debber. Arrange it so that you'll be here tomorrow. debber kif-aš te∈mel baš tkun hna ģedda.

arrangement - 1. tendim pl. -at.How do you like this arrangement? kif-aš žak had t-tendim? 2. tehyi? pl. -at. They made all the arrangements to leave the following morning. Eemlu t-tehyi?at kollhom baš isafru lla-ģedda fe-ssbah.

arrest - qbid.

to arrest - qbet, qbed. arrival - wsul. His arrival caused a bit of excitement. wsulu hezz ddenya.

to arrive - wsel.

arrow - nebla pl. -t, coll. nbel.

art - fenn pl. funun.

art gallery - methef l-fenn pl. mtahef l-fenn.

arthritis - mfasel.

artichoke - quqa pl. -t, coll. quq.

article - 1. magala pl. -t. There was an interesting article about it in the newspaper. kanet wahed l-magala mufida ∈lih fe-l-žarida. 2. feșļ pl. fsul. I'm not clear on Article 3. l-fes! t-talet ma-bga-š ittefhem-li. 3. haža pl. hwayež. Many valuable articles were stolen. Eadad d-le-hwayež tmina ttxewnet.

artificial - 1. stinaEi. Are those flowers artificial? was dak nnummar stina $\mathcal{E}i$? 2. mesnu \mathcal{E} . He has an artificial leg. Eendu ržel mesnuEa.

artillery - medfaEiya.

artist - fennan pl. -a.

as - 1. bhal-ma, kif-ma. Write the letter as you wish. kteb le-bra kifma tebģi. 2. men lli, melli. Did you see anyone as you came in? šefti ši-waḥed men lli dxelti? 3. men lli, melli, hit. As he is leaving tomorrow, we must hurry. xessna nzerbu men lli ga-isafer

**Do as you wish. dir lli Eežbek. -- I regard it as important. neEtaberha muhimma.

as if - bhal ila.

as soon as - ģir. As soon as he comes, let me know. ģir huwa iži, Elemni.

as usual - bḥal l-Eada.

so as to - We'll have to start early so as to be on time. xessna nxeržu bekri baš nweslu fe-l-weqt.

Asafi - asfi.

native of Asafi - sfiwi adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel asfi.

ash(es) - rmad.

to be ashamed - hšem. You have no reason to be ashamed of that. ma-Eendek Elaš tehšem men dak š-ši.

ash tray - deffaya pl. -t, siniya ded-dexxan pl. siniyat de-d-dexxan.

ash tree - derdar.

aside - xelli Elik ... All joking aside, I want my money. xelli Elik le-mlağa, bğit flusi.

aside from - men gir, waxxa.

Aside from that, he's a nice fellow.

men gir dak s-si huwa drif.

men gir dak š-ši, huwa drif.

to put aside - 1. xebbe£, xella
ixelli. Can you put the ties aside
for me until tomorrow? waš imken-lek
txebbe£-li le-krafatat hetta l-gedda?
2. weffer. I think we have enough
money set aside for the trip. kaidher-li £endna le-flus l-kafyin
mweffrin le-ş-şefra. 3. xebbe£.
Put the book aside now. xebbe£
le-ktab daba.

to stand aside - dženneb. Stand aside a little please. dženneb šwiya men fedlek.

to ask - 1. seqsa iseqsi, summel. He asked me whether I had been with them or not. seqsani was kont mfahom wella la. 2. tleb. Did you ask him his name? tlebti-lu smiytu? --He asked for permission. tleb l-?adn. --He was asked to leave the house. telbu mennu ixrož men d-dar. --How much did he ask for it? šhal tleb fih?

**Ask him in. qul-lu idxol.
to ask a question - lqa ilqi su?al.
asleep - naees.

**I simply couldn't fall asleep.
ma-bġa-š iddini n-n£as tamamen.

asparagus - sekkum.

asphalt - zeft.

aspect - žiha pl. -t. We've considered every aspect of the problem.
¿tabeṛna l-muškila f-koll sifa men s-sifat dyalha.

aspirin - asbirin.

to assassinate - qtel.

assault - 1. hužum. The assault was repulsed with heavy losses. l-hužum tweqqef b-xasarat kbira.
2. tehdid. He was charged with

assault. tehmuh be-t-tehdid. to assault - $h\check{z}em$ $\mathcal{E}la$.

to assemble - 1. ddžme£, žtame£.

The pupils assembled in the auditorium. t-tlamed ddžem£u fe-l-qa£a d-le-žtima£. 2. rekkeb. He assembles airplane engines. ka-irekkeb l-muṭurat de-ţ-ṭiyarat.

assembly - žemčiya pl. -t, žtimać pl. -at. He spoke before a large assembly of lawyers. xteb čla žemčiya kbira de-l-muhamiyin.

to assign - 1. Eta yeEti. The teacher has assigned us two pieces of poetry for tomorrow. l-?ustad Etana žuž de-l-qitEat šiEriya l-ġedda.

2. Eeyyen. He assigned two men to

2. Leyyen. He assigned two men to guard the prisoner. Leyyen žuž den-nas baš yehdiw l-mesžun.

assignment - 1. xedma pl. -t. The boss gave me an interesting assignment. le-meellem etani xedma mufida.

2. tewsie. The assignment of the various jobs is taken care of by the foreman. tewsie l-xedmat kollhom mkellef bih hadak lli mraqeb š-ši.

to assist - wgef mea, eawen, saeed.

assistant - musa£id pl. -in, mu£awin pl. -in.

assistance - musa£ada, mu£awana. associate - šrik pl. šorkan.

to associate - txalet. We never did associate with them very much. Cemmerna ma-txaletna mEahom bezzaf.

association - 1. žem£iya pl. -t. I don't think I'll join the association. ma-ka-ndenn-š ģad-ntšarek fel-žem£iya. 2. £alaqa pl. -t. My association with these people is my business. £alaqti m£a had n-nas suqi.

to assort - retteb. Assort these buttons according to size. retteb had s-sdaf Ela hasab le-qyas dyalhom.

assorted - mnewwee, mšekkel. I want a kilo of assorted chocolates. bģit kilu de-š-šeklat mnewwee.

to assume - 1. denn (bla šekk). I assume that he'll be there too. ka-ndenn bla šekk gad-ikun temma hetta-huwa. 2. hmel. I can't assume any responsibility for that. ma-neqder nehmel hetta ši-mes?uliya Ela dak š-ši.

**Don't assume such an air of innocence. ma-ddir-š messek ma-kateEref šay.

assurance - 1. damana. What assurance do I have that I'll get the job? §-men damana Eendi billa gad-n§edd l-xedma? 2. kelma, weEd. He gave me his assurance that he would pay on time. Etanı klemtu billa gad ixelleş fe-l-weqt.

to assure - ?ekked. He assured us that he'd come. ?ekked-lna bin ġa-iži.

asthma - diga.

at - 1. f-. The bus stops at the next corner. t-tubis ka-yewqef f-had l-gent. -- I'll wait for you at the door. ntsennak fe-l-bab. --I'll be at home. $\dot{g}ad-nkun\ fe-d-dar$. --I met him at the airport. tleggit-lu fe-l-matar. --He came at three o'clock. ža fe-t-tlata. --The children are at school. d-drari rahom fe-l-medrasa. --It happened at night. had š-ši wqe€ fe-l-lil. -- I was astonished at the size of the city. téežžebt fe-l-qedd d-le-mdina. 2. Ela. I did it at his request. Emeltha Eel t-talab dyalu. --What are you laughing at? Elaš ka-ddhek? 3. Eend. We were at the tailor's. konna Eend l-xeyyat. -- They saw him at the dentist's. Safuh Eend thib s-snan. --He lives at my brother's. (house). $ka-iskon \in end xav. 4. l-.$ We still haven't arrived at a decision. ma-zal ma-wselna l-hetta ši-hell.

**He's hard at work. ka-ixdem b-Zehdu kollu. --He could read and write at the age of four. kan kayeEref igra w-ikteb melli kanet Eendu rbeE snin.

at all - ga£. I don't like him at all. ma-ka-nebġih-š ga£.

at all costs - waxxa iqleb s-sma u-l-?erd. We must get it at all costs. waxxa nqelbu s-sma u-l-?erd lazem nhewwzu dak š-ši.

at best - waxxa izyan šhal ma zyan. At best it's an unpleasant job. waxxa dzyan šhal ma zyanet, had l-xedma ma-fiha ma ibģi l-waḥed.

at first - fe-l-luwwel. At first we didn't like the town. fe-l-luwwel ma-&ežbetna-š le-mdina.

at last - l-hemdu llah. He's here at last. l-hemdu llah ha-huwa ža.

at least - Eel l-?aqell. There were at least a hundred people present. kanu hadrın Eel l-?aqell ši-mya de-n-nas.

at most - kter ma. At most the bill will come to twenty dirhams. kter ma iži fe-l-faktura huwa fein derhem.

at once - 1. daba, fe-l-hin. Do it at once. dirha daba. 2. f-merra wehda, f-weqt wahed. I can't do everything at once. ma-imken-li-š

ndır koll-šı f-merra wehda.

at that - hna. Let's leave the matter at that. xellina nhebsu l-qadiya hna.

at times - f-be $\mathcal{E}d$ l- $^{9}ahyan$, f-be $\mathcal{E}d$ l-merrat. At times I'm doubtful. f-be $\mathcal{E}d$ l- $^{9}ahyan$ ka-idxo l-li $\overset{*}{s}$ - $\overset{*}{s}$ ekk.

at will - kif-emma bġa. They come and go at will. ka-idexlu w-ixeṛžu kif-emma bġaw.

even at that - waxxa \(\xi \) la dak \(\xi \)-\(\xi \), waxxa \(\xi \) dak \(\xi \)-\(\xi \). Even at that I wouldn't pay a bit more. waxxa \(\xi \) la dak \(\xi \)-\(\xi \) ma-nzid-\(\xi \) suldi.

to attach - 1. Eezza. Did she attach the belt to the dress? was Eezzat s-semta fe-l-keswa? 2. teqqef. We can attach his salary if he doesn't pay. imken-lna nteqqfu s-sehriya dyalu ila ma-xelles-s. 3. Eta yeEti. You attach too much importance to that. ka-teEti ?ahemmiya kbira

kter men le-qyas Ela dak š-ši.

**I've become very attached to
that child. wellit ka-nhebb dak lweld bezzaf. —She is very much
attached to her grandmother. katebġi žeddatha bezzaf Ead.

attack - 1. hežma pl. -t. The attack was beaten back. l-hežma tthebset.

2. hemla pl. -t, hmula, hmali. He had another attack yesterday. žatu hemla xra l-bareh.

to attack - hmel Ela. He was violently attacked in the newspapers. l-žara?id hemlu Elih hemla mžehda.

attempt - muhawala pl. -t, težriba pl. -t. At least make an attempt. Eel l-?aqell Emel Ši-muhawala.

**An attempt was made on his life. hawlu iqetlu.

to attempt - hawel. Don't attempt to do too much at one time. ma-t-hawel-& teemel f-degga wehda kter men le-gyas.

to attend - 1. hder. Did you attend the meeting? was hderti f-ležtimać? 2. mša imši l-. I attended business school. kont ka-nemši lmedrasa tižariya. 3. qabel. What doctor attended you? škun huwa ttbib lli kan mqablek?

to attend to - qda iqdi. I still have some things to attend to. mazal Eendi ši-šģal xessni neqdihom.

attendance - hudur. Attendance is compulsory. l-hudur wažeb.

**The attendance at the last three meetings has been very poor. n-nas lli hedru fe-t-tlata d-le-žtima£at t-talya, l-£adad dyalhom kan d£if

bezzaf.

attention - reddan l-bal. The children listened with attention. ddrarı tsenntu b-reddan l-bal.

**Attention please' šwiya d-lentibah men fdelkem! -- Can you do it without attracting attention? waš imken-lak te€melha bla-ma ireddlek l-bal hetta-wahed?

to call attention - nebbeh. called their attention to that repeatedly. shal men merra w-ana ka-nnebbehhom Ela dak š-ši.

to pay attention - $redd \ l-bal$. Don't pay any attention to the matter. ma-tredd-š balek l-l-qadiya. attentively - b-intibah, b-ihtimam! attitude - hey?a. I don't like his

attitude. ma-ka-te{žebni-š l-hey?a dvalu.

attorney - muhami pl. -yin. to attract - žab ižib, žleb, žbed.

What's attracting the flies here? šnu huwa lli žayeb d-debban lle-hna?

to attract attention - nebbeh. Be quiet, you're attracting people's attention to us. skot men s-sdat, rak ka-tnebbeh n-nas lina.

attractive - 1. žmil, mezyan. is very attractive. hiya mezyana bezzaf. 2. muhimm. He proposed an attractive price to me. Ered Eliya taman muhimm.

auctioneer - dellal pl. -a.

audience - 1. hadrin (pl.). They asked the audience to remain seated. telbu men l-hadrin ibgaw galsin fmahellathom. 2. muqabala pl. -t.I would like an audience with the king. bģit muqabala m£a l-malik.

aunt - $\varepsilon emma$ pl. -t. (paternal), xala pl. -t (maternal).

august - ģušt, 9ut.

Austria - namsa.

author - mu?ellif pl. -in.

authority - 1. solta, selta. He has no authority to do that. ma-Eendu solta baš idir dak š-ši. --Do you have the authority to sign this contract for him? was Eendek s-solta baš tnezzel xett iddek f-had l- ε oqda f-mahellu? 2. mxeşşeş. He's an authority on labor problems. huwa mxeşşeş f-mašakil l-Eommal.

authorities - sulutat. Apply to the proper authorities. geddem tțalab dyalek le-ș-șulutat lli mkellfa b-dak š-ši.

to authorize - Eta yeEti.s-solta. Who authorized you to spend that money? škun lli Etak s-solta baš ddfeE duk le-flus?

automobile - tumubil pl. -at, siyara pl. -t.

autumn - xrif.

available - 1. mužud. All available cars are being used. t-tumubilat lli mužudin kollhom mešģulin daba. 2. fadi. When will the director be available? fuq-aš gad-ikun l-mudir fadi?

**These papers were not available to me. duk le-wraq ma-kan-š mesmuḥli newsel-lhom.

avenue - šari ξ pl. šawari ξ .

average - 1. metwesset. He's of average intelligence. d-daka? dyalu metwesset. 2. muEeddal. He's better than the average. huwa fuq l-mu€eddal.

**We averaged forty kilometers an tmeššina b-muEeddal rebEin hour. kilumitru fe-s-sa£a.

to avoid - beffed men, bessef men. Avoid that by all means. men dak š-ši kif-emma kan. to await - tsenna, ntader, Eaven.

awake - fayeq.

to awake - faq ifiq. I awoke at seven. feqt (men n-nEas) fe-sseb€a.

to awaken - fiyyeq. Some noise awakened me. fivvegni ši-sdać. aware - fayeq. We're aware of that. hna fayqin b-dak š-ši.

away - 1. $b \in id$ pl. $b \in ad$. His house is far away from here. d-dar dyalu bEida bezzaf men hna. 2. msafer, gayeb. Have you been away? was konti mşafer?

to go away - safer, mša imši. When did he go away? fuq-aš safer?

to take away - 1. beffed, bessef. I want you to take this chair away. bģitek tbeEEed had š-šelya. 2. zuwwel. Take it away from him.

zuwwelha-lu.

to throw away - siyyeb. Don't throw anything away. ma-tsiyyeb hetta-haža.

awhile - ši-šwiya, ši-modda qsira. He was here awhile this afternoon. kan hna ši-šwiya l-yum men beEd le-

awkward - 1. debbaz. Is he awkward in his work? was huwa debbaz fexdemtu? 2. (lli) ka-iheyyer. It's an awkward situation. hadik hala ka-theyyer.

ax - qadum pl. qwadem.

axle - meģzel pl. mģazel. The axle of the car is broken. therres l-megzel de-s-siyara.

B

baby – 1. terbya pl. –t, derri şģir pl. drari şġar. I won't let anyone treat me like a baby. ma-gad-nxelli hetta wahed yehsebni bhal ši-derri sģir.

**You baby your children too much.

ka-tfeššeš wladek bezzaf.

baby carriage - kerrusa de-d-drari pl. kerruşat de-d-drari.

bachelor - Eezri pl. Ezara.

back - 1. dher pl. dhur, dhura. He was lying on his back. kan memdud Ela dehru. --They did it behind my back. Eemluha mura dehri. -- This chair has a higher back. dher had š-šelya Ela. 2. de-l-lura. back rooms are dark. le-byut de-1lura medlamin.

**He isn't back yet. ma-zal ma-

ržeE-š.

back and forth - maši maži. walked back and forth in the room. bga maši maži fe-l-bit.

in back of - wra, mur, mura. There's a garden in back of the house. kayna Eersa mur d-dar.

to come back, to go back - rže£. to step back - ržeć l-lur, twexxer. Step back a little bit. ržeč l-lur šwiya.

to back - ?eyyed. All parties are backing him. l-9ehzab kollhom

m?eyydinu.

to back up - ržeE l-lur. I still can't back up. ma-zal ma-Eendi kif-

-aš nerže∈ l-lur.

backbone - sensul, selsul pl. snasel, slasel. Her backbone was injured when she was a child. therres-lha sensulha men lli kanet şģira.

**Have a little backbone!

Eendek ž-žebha šwiya!

background - 1. $qa \mathcal{E}$. The background is too dark. l-qa& medlam bezzaf. 2. gerd. The material has a black background with white dots. l-9erd dyalu kehla u-mneggta b-le-byed.

backside - qaE pl. qiEan.

backward - 1. m?exxer, mwexxer. people there are very backward. n-nas temma m?exxrin bezzaf. 2. nages f-Eeglu. Her child is a bit backward. weldha naqeş f-Eeqlu.

backward(s) - 1. l-lur. He fell backwards. tah l-lur. 2. meglub. You've got the coat on backwards. rak labes l-kebbut meqlub.

bad - 1. qbih pl. qbah. That's not a bad idea. hadi fikra ma-ši qbiha.
2. dɛif pl. dɛaf. He has bad eyes. Eeynih dEaf. 3. Eeyyan pl. -in, mrid pl. mrad. I feel bad today. ka-nhess b-raşi Eeyyan l-yum.

**His business is going from bad to worse. tižartu ģir ka-dzid

tefles.

**Things are getting worse instead of better. š-ši ka-izid itfelles f-Eewt ma ithessen.

**Now he feels very bad about it. daba Ead nadem Elih.

too bad - xsara. Too bad you couldn't come. xṣaṛa ma-qḍeṛti-š

bag - 1. beştam pl. bşatem. She took some change out of her bag. ši-šwiya de-s-serf men beztamha. 2. šanta pl. šwanet. The porter took his bags. taleb-mEasu dda-lu š-šwanet dyalu. 3. xenša pl. xnaši. Put these apples in a bag. dir had t-teffahat f-ši xenša.

**He took the money and I'm left holding the bag. Eebba le-flus

u-xellani haşeļ.

**Who let the cat out of the bag? škun huwa lli fdeh s-serr?

baggage - qšaweš (pl.). I want to send my baggage on ahead. bġit nșifeț le-qšaweš dyali huma lluwlin.

bail - dmana pl. -t. The court fixed his bail at two thousand dirhams. l-mehkama hekmet Elih dmana dyal ?alfayn derhem.

to put up bail for - dmen. going to put up bail for him? lli gad-idemnu?

to bail - xwa 1xw1. We used our helmets to bail water out of the boat. steEmelna ţ-ţaṣat dyalna baš nexwiw le-fluka men l-ma.

bait - ţo∈m, ţo∈ma.

baker - 1. xebbaz pl. -a. This baker has good bread. had l-xebbaz Eenbu xobz mezyan. 2. helwi pl. -ya. This baker has good pastries. had l-helwi Eendu helwat mezyanin.

balance - 1. misan pl. myasen. I lost my balance. sqet-li l-misan. --The butcher's balance isn't working right. right. l-misan dyal l-gessar ma-ka-ixdem-*s mesyan. 2. baqiya. Pay one third down and pay the balance in monthly installments. sebbeq t-tulut u-l-baqiya dfeeha men *s-*sher le-*s-*sher.

**His life hung in the balance. kanet hayatu $\mathcal{E}la$ hafa.

to balance - weggef. Can you balance a stick on your forehead? was tegger tweggef Eud Ela žbehtek?

**Does the account balance? was le-hsab metwazen?

balcony - balkun pl. -at.

bald - slee pl. sulee. He was bald at thirty. wella slee men tlatin Eam.

ball - 1. kura pl. -t, kwari. They played ball all afternoon. le
¿šiya kollha u-huma ka-ile£bu lkura. 2. kobba pl. -t, kbeb. I'd
like a ball of white wool. bġit
ši-kobba de-s-suf biḍa.

balled up - meqlub ras Ela režlin. He's all balled up. koll-šī Eendu meqlub-lu ras Ela režlīn.

balloon - neffaxa pl. -t.

ballot - werga de-t-teswit pl. wrag de-t-teswit.

secret ballot - teşwit serri. ballroom - qaéa de-šštih pl. qaéat de-š-štih.

banana - banana pl. -t, coll. banan.
band - 1. rba&a pl. -t, rbaye&. A
band of robbers attacked them.
nezlet &lihom wahed r-rba&a d-leqtat&iya. 2. &ewq pl. &waq. The
band played dance music all evening. l-lil kollu u-l-&ewq ka-il&eb
l-musiqa de-&-&tih.

bandage - fasma pl. -t.

to bandage - dar idir faşma Ela. You'd better bandage the cut at once. hsen-lek ddir faşma Eel ž-žerha fe-l-hin.

bandit - bandi pl. -ya, $qtat \in i$ pl. -ya.

bang - şda£. She was frightened by the loud bang. ş-şda£ le-qwi xle£ha.

to bang - zdeh. He banged the book down on the table. zdeh le-ktab Eel t-tebla. --He banged his fist on the table. zdeh dbeztu Eel t-tebla.

banister - derbuz pl. drabez. Hold on to the banister. qbet fe-d-derbuz.

bank - 1. banka, benk pl. bankat, bank. I keep my money in the bank. ana ka-nnezeel flusi fe-l-banka.

2. herf pl. hrufa, šett pl. štut. He swam to the nearest bank. bqa i&um hetta wsel l-?eqreb herf.

to bank on - $ttkel \in la$. You can bank on that. $imken-lek \ ttkel \in la$ $dak \ \S-\S i$.

banker - mul l-banka pl. mavalın lebnak.

bankrupt - fales.

to go bankrupt - fles. bankruptcy - falas, teflis, teflisa. banner - bendira pl. -t, bnader,

banadir; raya pl. -t.

banquet = dyafa pl. -t.

bar - 1. qet\(\xi\)a pl. -t, qta\(\xi\)i; bala
pl. -t; terf pl. traf. Here's a bar of soap. ha qet\(\xi\)a de-s-sabun.

3. bar. Let's have a drink at the bar. yallah nšerbu ši-haža fe-l-bar.

**When were you admitted to the bar? fuq-aš tsemmiti muhami?

to bar - 1. Eerred. He forgot to bar the gate. nsa ma-Eerred-§ l-bab. 2. qteE. A fallen tree barred our way. wahed §-§ežra tayha qetEet-lna t-triq.

barbecue - mešwi.

barbed wire - selk be-s-snan pl. sluk(a) be-s-snan.

barber - hežžam pl. -a, heffaf pl. -a, hellag pl. -a.

barber shop - hanut l-hežžam.

bare - 1. Eeryan pl. -in. The trees are still bare. š-šžer ma-zala Eeryanin.

-The walls look so bare. le-hyut ka-ibanu Eeryanin bezzaf. 2. bla tezwaq. These are the bare facts. hada huwa l-waqiE bla tezwaq.

to bare - Eerra iEerri. When the flag passed, the men bared their heads. r-ržal Eerraw ryushom men lli dazet r-raya.

barefoot(ed) - b-le-hfa, hefyan.

barely - yallah. He's barely ten. yallah Eendu Eešr snin.

bargain - 1. ttifaq. According to our bargain, you were to pay half. Ela hasab le-ttifaq dyalna, kan lazmek txelles n-ness. 2. biEa u-šerya mezyana. This book was a bargain. had le-ktab kanet fih biEa u-šerya mezyana.

**All right, it's a bargain! waxxa, !!ah irebbeh!

to bargain - tšetter.

bark - qešra. Palm trees have thick bark. n-nxel Eendu qešra glida.

to bark - 1. nbeh. The dog barked as loud as he could. l-kelb nbeh

Ela ma fih men žehd. --The dog barked at the children. l-kelb nbeh Eel d-drari. 2. ġuwwet Ela. The foreman barked at everybody today. l-yum le-mEellem ġuwwet Ela koll-ši. barley - šEir.

barn - kuri pl. kwari.

barrack(s) - berraka pl. -t. Our barracks are built of concrete. lberrakat dyalna mebniyin men l-gess.

barrel - 1. bermil pl. bramel. We drank a whole barrel of beer. šrebna bermil de-l-birra kollu.

2. žečba pl. -t, žčab. This gun barrel is bent. ž-žečba d-had lemkohla mčevnoža.

base - 1. qa pl. qi an. The base of the statute was still standing.
l-qa de-t-timtal kan ma-zal waqef.
2. qa dida pl. qawa did. There were many American bases in Morocco. kanu fe-l-megrib Eadad de-l-qawa did amirikiya.

to base - ?esses. What is your calculation based on? Elas m?esses le-hsab dyalek?

basement - lakab.

bashful - hešman.

to be bashful - hšem.

basil - hbeq.

basis - $^{9}asas$. We can't continue on this basis. ma-imken-lna-8 nkemmlu $\in la$ had $l-^{9}asas$.

basin - tas pl. tisan.

basket - sella pl. -t, slel, qoffa pl. qfef.

basketball - kura de-s-sella.

to baste - seqqa iseqqi. Did you baste the meat? was seqqiti l-lhem? bat - 1. tir l-lil pl. tyur l-lil.

I'm afraid of bats. ka-nxaf men tir l-lil. 2. Esa pl. Esi, zerwata pl. -t, zrawet. He hit the ball so hard that the bat broke. b-quwt ž-žehd baš dreb l-kura therrset le-Esa.

to bat - 1. dreb. He batted the ball over the fence. dreb l-kura hetta xeržet men Eel s-sur.

2. remmeš. He's always batting his eyes. dima ka-iremmeš Eeynih.

**He really went to bat for me. huwa bga ihami Eliya.

batch - 1. Eerram pl. Erarem. What happened to that batch of papers that were on my desk? dak l-Eerram d-le-wraq lli kan Eel l-mekteb dyali, fayn mša? 2. žma£a pl. -t. The patrol returned with a batch of prisoners. l-Eessasa režeu be-žma£a d-le-msažen.

bath - 1. hemmam pl. -at. Do you have

a room with bath? Eendek \$i-bit fih hemmam? 2. tehmima pl. -t. I'd like a hot bath. bgit \$i-tehmima sxuna.

to bathe - 1. themmem. I want to bathe before supper. bgit nthemmem qbel le-&sa. 2. hemmem, gsel. Bathe the baby in warm water. hemmem t-terbya fe-l-ma dafi. 3. &am i&um. We went bathing in the sea almost every day. konna ka-nemšiw n&umu f-le-bher &layen koll nnar.

bathing cap - tagiya de-l-Eewm pl. tagiyat de-l-Eewm.

bathing suit - mayyu pl. -wat.

bathrobe - binwar pl. -at, keswa del-hemmam pl. ksawi de-l-hemmam.

bathroom - 1. hemmam (for bathing). 2. mida pl. -t, bit l-ma pl. byut

l-ma (toilet). hathtuh - banyu pl. -wat.

batter - Ežina. Is the batter for the bread mixed? waš mxalta le-Ežina de-l-xobz?

battery - batri pl. -yat. My car has to have a new battery. s-siyara dyali ka-ixessha batri ždida.

battle - mEerka pl. mEarek.

battlefield - midan le-mEerka.

to bawl - serser. That child's been bawling for an hour. hadi sa&a u-dak d-derri ka-iserser.

to bawl out - gunnet $\in la$. Why did he bawl you out? $\in la$ gunnet $\in lik$? bayonet - herba pl. -t.

to be - 1. kan ikun (pf. kont, konti, etc.) He will be very happy. gad-ikun ferhan bezzaf. --Were you at home at seven o'clock? was kontife-d-dar fe-s-seb&a. 2. (usually no equivalent for English present tense). Where is he now? fayn huwa daba? --This is the house that we were talking about. hadi hiya d-dar lli konna ka-ntkellmu &liha.

**Have you been here for a long time? was hadi modda u-nta hna?
--I've been waiting for you since yesterday. men l-bareh w-ana kantsennak.

**Here you are! hak!

**How are you? še-xbarek?

**How much will that be? *hal

**Where have you been! fayn had le-ġwayeb!

there is, are - kayen (m.), kayna (f.), kaynin (pl.). Ask him what there is. şeqşih š-kayen. --There are twenty people here. kaynin

Eešrin de-n-nas hna. of ground beef. Etini ši-šwiya de-l-kefta de-l-begri. beach - šett le-bher. beam - gayza pl. -t, gwayez. The roof beehive - žbeh de-n-nhel pl. žbuha was supported by strong beams. de-n-nhel. beer - birra, serbisa. ş-şqef kan mehzuz be-gwayez şhah. bean - fula pl. -t, coll. ful. beet - barba pl. beetle - xenfusa pl. xnafes, bu-žeEran. bear - debb pl. dbuba. Are there any bears in this forest? was kaynin before - 1. qbel-ma. Call me up before you come. dreb-li t-tilifun qbel-ma dži. 2. qbel men. The ši-dbuba f-had l-gaba? to bear - 1. sber Ela. I can't bear that idiot any longer. matelegram should be here before noon. negder-š nzid nesber Ela dak le-hmeg. l-bergiya tkun hna qbel men t-tnaš. 2. stehmel. He has to bear all the --Work before pleasure. l-xedma qbel men le-mlahya. 3. men qbel. trouble by himself. lazem Elih istehmel l-mašegga kollha b-wehdu. I hadn't known him before. ma-kont-š bearable - (lli) ittehmel. The heat ka-nEerfu men qbel. --I've never is still bearable. s-send ma-zal been there before. Eemmerni ma-kont imken ittehmel. temma men qbel. beard - lehya pl. -t, lhi. before long - men daba šwiya. beast - hiša pl. hyuš, hayawan pl. -at. the day before yesterday - wel-lto beat - 1. dreb. He was beating the bareh. dog with a stick. kan ka-idreb beforehand - Ela tisaE. I knew it l-kelb b-wahed le- ξ sa. 2. gleb. beforehand. kont Earefha Ela tisaE. to beg - 1. s&a is&a. The children We beat them in today's contest. ġlebnahom fe-l-mubara de-l-yum. begged for money. d-drari seaw eel 3. xellet. Don't forget to beat le-flus. -- I saw him begging at the door of the hotel. šeftu the egg whites. Eendek tensa ma-txellet-š le-byed de-l-bid. $ka-is \in a$ fe-l-bab $d-l-u \neq il$. 2. rgeb. 4. qetteb. Did you beat the carpet? They begged us to help them. regbuna waš qettebti z-zerbiya? nEawnuhom. **He beat me to it. sbeqni liha. **I beg your pardon' smeh-li! -- They beat him up. helkuh be-d-derb. beggar - sa£i pl. se££ay. beautiful - mezyan, ġzal. What a to begin - bda ibda. The show begins beautiful day' walayennı nhar gzal at half past eight. le-fraža hada! ģa-tebda fe-t-tmenya u-ness. because - Ela hegg-aš, Ela gibal. He beginning to rain. bdat š-šta didn't come because he was sick. ka-ttih. --He began his work yesterday. bda l-xedma dyalu ma-ža-š Ela hegg-aš kan mrid. because of - Ela sabab, Ela gibal. l-bareh. They went into the house because of **To begin with, we haven't got the rain. dexlu le-d-dar Ela gibal enough money. ?ewwalen ma-Eendna-š š-šta. le-flus kafyin. to become - 1. $r\check{z}e\xi$. He became famous beginning -bdu. behind - 1. mur, mura. There's a overnight. ržeć mešhur f-remša $de-l-\xi eyn$. 2. $wqe\xi$. What has garage behind the house. rah kayen become of them? snu wgeE-lhom? wahed l-garaž mura d-dar. 2. l-lur. **What has become of my purse? He was attacked from behind. hežmu fayn mša beztami? -- That color is Elih men l-lur. very becoming to you. dak l-lun ža **My watch is always ten minutes mEak bezzaf. behind. l-magana dyali dima fiha bed - fraš pl. -at. He still has to qeşmayn de-t-tiqal. stay in bed. ma-zal ka-ixessu to fall behind - texxer. He's ibqa f-le-fraš. fallen behind in his work. t?exxer to go to bed - nees. fe-xdemtu. to leave behind - xella. **bedbug -** begga pl. -t, coll. begg. bedding - izur u-gti (pl.). Air the to leave our suitcases behind. bedding today. hewwi l-izur u-letlezzemna nxelliw šwanetna. ģķi l-yum. to belch - tgerreE. bedroom - bit n-nEas pl. byut n-nEas. belief - 1. tiga. My belief in him bedspread - mlaya pl. -t. is seriously shaken. t-tiga dyali bee - nehla pl. -t, coll. nhel. fih tfe&f&et be-l-mufid. 2. Etiqad.

It is my firm belief that ...

beef - begri. Give me a little bit

fe-Etiqadi t-tamm ... l-wegt lli ka-nexdem fih mezyan. to believe - 1. denn. I don't believe huwa s-sbah. -- I like it best this it's going to be possible for us to wav. hakda ka-ve{žebni kter. arrive on time. ma-ka-ndenn-š --Perhaps it's all for the best. øa-imken-lna nweslu fe-l-weat. imken mketteb-lek fiha llah xir. 2. tag itig b-. Of course I believe --We don't like our new house, but him, meElum ka-ntia bih. we'll have to make the best of it. to believe in - ?amen b-. d-dar ž-ždida dvalna ma-Eažbana-š, doesn't believe in Christ. be-l-hegg ga-ixessna negdiw biha. ma-ka-i amen-š be-l-masih. bet - xtar pl. -at. bell - nagus pl. nwages. to bet - txater. belladonna - hdež, hedža. to betray - gder, xan ixun. bellv - kerš pl. kruš, bten pl. btuna. better - hsen. Do you have a better to belong - 1. kan ikun dyal. Does room? waš Eendkom ši-bit hsen men this book belong to you? was had hada? -- Do you feel better? waš le-ktab dyalek? 2. kan ikun men. ka-thess b-rasek hsen? --You'd He belongs to our club too. hsen-lek temši. better go. huwa men n-nadi dvalna. longer the better. koll-ma kan belt - semta pl. -t, smati, hzam pl. twil hsen. -at, hzum. between - bin (takes the form binat bench - korsi pl. krasa. before pl. pronoun endings). to bend - 1. Eewwež. He bent the Between you and me, it's his own wire. Eewwež s-selk. 2. lwa ilwi. fault. bini u-binek, l-falta dyalu. The trees bend when the wind blows. --I want to sit between you. š-šžer ka-ilwiw melli ka-ihebb negles binatkom. r-rih. to beware - redd balu. Beware of the to bend down - hna yehni (l-l-9erd). dog! redd balek men l-kelb! I can't bend down. ma-ka-negder-š to bewilder - heyver. nehni l-l-9erd. to be bewildered - har. beneath - teht (men). **I was completely bewildered. **That's beneath him. ma-huwa-š kan Eegli tayeh bezzaf. dyal dak š-ši. beyond - 1. men ... lhih. The house benefit - rbeh. I don't expect to is beyond the river. d-dar men get any benefit out of it. ma-nawi l-wad lhih. 2. $be \in d$. The school is itle€-li rbeh men had š-ši. right beyond the hospital. s-sekwila bent - 1. metni. He's bent with age. beEd s-sbitar šwiya. 3. fuq. She's rah metni b-le-kber. 2. mEewwež. living beyond her means. Eayša fuq The nail is bent. l-meşmar mEewwež. l-aedr dvalha. Berber - berbri pl. braber. Bible - inžil. berry - tuta pl. -t coll. tut. bicvele - bešklita pl. -t. We went beside - 1. f-ženb. Please put this bicycle riding last Sunday. trunk beside that other one. Eafak lli fat Emelna wahed d-dura Eel hett had s-sendug f-ženb hadak l-bišklitat. l-axur. 2. hda. Who's that standing big - kbir pl. kbar. beside your father? škun huwa bill - 1. hsab pl. -at. I paid this bill yesterday. xellest had le-hsab hadak lli waqef hda bbak? **That's beside the point. dak 1-bareh. 2. mengar pl. mnager. š-ši xarež čel l-muduč. --He was Storks have long bills. bellarež beside himself with rage. kan ġa-Eendu l-mengar twil. imut b-le-gdayed. billfold - beztam pl. bzatem. besides - zyada Ela dak š-ši. He's billion - melyar pl. mlayer. a good worker, and besides, everyto bind - hzem. body likes him. ka-ixdem mezyan, binoculars - mraya de-l-hend. u-zyada ∈la dak š-ši koll-ši bird - tir pl. tyur. ka-ibģih. birth - zyada pl. -t, wlada. best - 1. hsen, ?ehsen. He's my best birthday - dikra. bishop - fil pl. fyal (chess). bit - 1. lezma pl. -t. This bridle friend. huwa ?ehsen sadiq Eendi. 2. mxeyyer. Give me the best. had l-lžam Etini le-mxeyyer. 3. mezyan. doesn't have a bit.

the best in Rabat. hiya l-mezyana

**I work best in the morning.

fe-r-rbat.

ma-Eendu lezma. 2. šwiya. Give

me a little bit of butter. Etini

ši-šwiya de-s-smen. --This tea is

a bit strong. had atay qaseh šwiya.

--Can you wait a bit? imken-lek

ttsenna šwiya? --We learned the

story bit by bit. le-hkaya tterrefna

tel šwiya be-šwiya. 3. legma. There

isn't a bit of bread in the house.

ma-kayna-\$ legma de-l-xobs fe-d-dar.

to smash to bits - herres traf traf.
bite - 1. leqma. We haven't got a bite
left. ma-bqat-šay leqma lina.
2. &edda. The bite itches. l-&edda
ka-takolni.

**Won't you have a bite with us?

ma-tebqa-ši hetta takol m£ana?

to bite - £edd. Will the dog
bite? waš had l-kelb i£edd? --He
bit into the apple. £edd t-teffaha.

bitter - 1. merr. This food is bitter.
had l-makla merra. 2. \$£ib pl. \$£ab.
He's had some bitter experiences.
dazet £lih \$i-tažarib \$£iba.

**It was bitter cold. l-hal kan bared bezzaf. —They fought to the bitter end. harbu hetta le-t-tali. —They're bitter enemies. huma Eedyan bhal l-qett u-l-far.

black - khel pl. kuhel.

**He has a black eye. Eeynu mneffxa.

blackboard - sebbura pl. -t. black-eyed pea - ful gnawa (coll.). blacksmith - heddad pl. -a.

bladder - nbula pl. -t.

blade - nesla pl. -t, nsalı. I need a knife with two blades. xessni mus Eendu žuž de-n-neslat.

blame - lum.

to blame - lam ilum. He blamed us for the accident. lamna ϵel le-ksida.

**Who's to blame for this? **Skun lli fih l-lum Ela had *5-\$1?

blank - 1. werga pl. wrag. Would you help me fill out this blank? was imken-lek tEawenni bas nEemmer had l-werga? 2. mahell xawi pl. mahellat xawyın. Fill in all the blanks. Eemmer l-mahellat l-xawyın kollhom. 3. xawi. There's only a blank sheet of paper in the envelope.

le-ģša ma-kayna fiha ģīr werqa xawya ṣafī. --My mind is blank. Eegli xawi.

blanket - gta pl. -wat. Take another blanket and you won't be cold. xud gta axor u-ma-iderrek-š l-berd.
to blanket - getta. A thick fog

blanketed the airport. wahed d-dbaba tqila gettat l-matar.

blast - tfergi€. People heard the blast from a long way off. n-mas

blast from a long way off. n-nas sem Eu t-tfergie men beid.

full blast - Eel ž-žehd. The plant is going full blast. l-meEmel ka-itmešša Eel ž-žehd.

blaze - $\xi a f y a$.

blazing - harr. We had to stand for a half hour in the blazing sun. kan lazem Elina nweqfu ness sa£a f-šemš harra.

to bleach - biyyed.

to bleed - sal isil d-demm. My hand is bleeding. ka-isil d-demm men iddi.

--He nearly bled to death. demmu sal hetta gerreb imut.

blind - 1. Ema f. Eemya pl. Eum; bsir pl. bsar. He's been blind for a long time. Shal hadi u-huwa Ema.
2. derraqa pl. -t, drareq. Shall I pull up the blinds? ntelleE d-derraga?

blind in one eye - Ewer pl. Eewrin, Eiwer.

to go blind - tbesser, Ema yeEma. I hope he's not going blind. ka-ntlet llah ma-ikun-ši gad-itbesser.

to blind - Ema yeEmr. The sun is blinding me. š-šemš ka-teEmini.

blindman's buff - gommayda (not used with art).

to **blink -** ŗmeš.

blister - nebbala pl. -t, nbabel.
to block - hbes, qtec. They blocked
the road. hebsu t-triq.

blond - zeer pl. zueer.

blood - demm.

blood pressure - degt d-demm.

bloom - nuwwara pl. -t coll. nuwwar.

in bloom - mnuwwer.

to bloom - number.

blot - tebéa pl. -t. The page is full of blots. l-werga & amra b-tebéat.

to blot - neššef. Blot your signature before you fold the letter. neššef xett yeddek qbel-ma ttwi le-bra.

to blot out - derreq. The trees blot out the view. S-Sžer ka-iderreq l-mender.

to blot up - neššef. Take a blotter and blot up the ink. xud neššafa u-neššef le-mdad.

blotter - neššafa pl. -t.

blouse - bluza pl. -t, blayez.

blow - deqqa pl. -t, derba pl. -t.
He killed him with a single blow.
qetlu b-derba wehda.

to blow - sat isut. A strong wind is blowing. wahed r-rih kbir ka-isut.

to blow away - ddah iddih r-rih. The wind blew the paper away. l-werga ddaha r-rih.

to blow out - 1. dfa idfi.

Blow out the candle. dfi š-šma£a. 2. tferge£. The tire blew out. le-bnu tferge£.

le-bnu tferge€.

to blow up - 1. neffex.

this halloon neffex had

this balloon. neffex had n-neffaxa.

2. ferge \(\epsilon \). The enemy has blown up all the bridges. le-\(\epsilon \) du ferge \(\epsilon \) le-qnater kollhom.

3. tferge \(\epsilon \).

The ship blew up. l-baxira tferg \(\epsilon \) et.

Blow up

to blow the horn - zuwweg. We blew the horn three times. zuwwegna tlata de-l-merrat.

blowtorch - kuwwaya pl. -t.

blue - zreq pl. zureq. blunder - gelta pl. -t.

blunt - hafi. This knife is too blunt. had l-mus hafi bezzaf.

to blush - hmar.

board = luha pl. -t, lwah coll. luh.
We need some large boards. xessna
ši-lwah kbar.

to hoard - rkeb f-. We boarded the train in Tangier. rkebna fe-l-mašina f-tanža.

boarder - daxili. He's a boarder at
 this school. huwa daxili f-had
 l-medrasa.

to boast - ftaxer.

boat - 1. fluka pl. -t, flayek (small,
rowing or sail). 2. bab(b)ur pl.
-at (large, steam).

body - 1. dat, žasad. He has a large body. datu kbira. 2. žetta pl. -t. They took the body to the cemetary. ddaw ž-žetta le-r-ruda.

**They left the room in a body. xeržu men l-bit fe-žma£a.

boil - nefta pl. -t, nfați. He had a boil on his neck. kanet Eendu nefta f-Eengu.

to hoil - 1. tab itib; gla igli.
The water is boiling. l-ma ka-itib.
2. tiyyeb, gella. Boil this water'
tiyyeb had l-ma. 3. sleq. Please
boil the egg two minutes. sleq
l-bida žuž de-d-dqiqat Eafak.

boiler - berma pl. -t, brem. The boiler exploded. l-berma tfergeet.

hold - začem.

bolt - 1. bulun pl. -at. This bolt

won't go into the nut. had l-bulun

ma-bġa-š idxol fe-r-ras. 2. hesma

pl. -t, hzami. There are ten meters

of material left in this bolt.

baqyin češra mitru de-l-kettan f-had

l-hesma. 3. zekrum pl. zkarem.

Did you push the bolt shut? waš

šedditi z-zekrum?

to holt - zekrem. You forgot to bolt the garage door. nsiti ma-zekremti-s bab l-garaž. bomb - bumba pl. -t, qenbula pl. ganabil.

bond - bun pl. bwan. He bought government bonds with his money. Sra bwan men l-hukuma b-le-flus dual.

**There's a firm bond between the two friends. kayna sohba kbira binathom b-žuž.

bone - Edem pl. Edam, Eduma. Give the dog a bone. Eti Edem l-l-kelb.

--He's nothing but skin and bones.

huwa želdu Ela Edama.

**He made no bones about his intentions. ma-xzen-š lli f-niytu.
--I have a bone to pick with you.
Eendi ši-hsiyyba mEak.
--I have a bone to pick with you.

Eendi ši-hsiyyba mEak.

book - ktab pl. ktub. bookkeeper - hsaybi pl. -ya.

booklet - ktiyyeb pl. ktiyybat.

boom - 1. deqq. You could hear the boom of the cannon. kan imken-lek tesme \(d \)-deqq d-le-mdafe \(\). We qt \(r \)-rwa\(\). He made all his money in the boom. rbeh flusu kollhom fwegt \(r \)-rwa\(\)\(z \).

**He has a booming voice. Eendu sut Eali. --Our business is booming now. l-biE u-š-šra dyalna fih r-rbeh bezzaf daba.

to **boost** - telle. The drought has boosted the prices of corn. qellet s-sta tellet t-taman de-d-dra.

boots - şebbat tale£.
border - 1. hdada. When do we cross
the border? weqt-aš gadi nqet£u
le-hdada? 2. hašya pl. -t, hwaši.
The border of this rug is a little
frayed. l-hašya d-had z-zerbiya

melhusa šwiya.

**Morocco is bordered on the east
by Algeria. l-žaza?ir mžawra
l-megrib fe-ž-žiha š-šerqiya. --That
borders on the ridiculous. had
š-ši Elayen wşel l-le-bsala.

to bore - 1. hfer. We'll have to bore a hole through the wall. lazemna nhefru teqba fe-l-hit.

2. qennet. His talking bored me. qennetni be-klamu.

to be **born** -.xlaq, dzad. Where were you born? fayn xlaqiti? —She was born blind. xlaqet bsira.

to **borrow** - tsellef, sellef. She borrowed the book from him. tsellfet le-ktab men Eendu.

boss - m \(ellem.\) Do you know my boss?

was ka-te\(ellem. = llem dyali?

**Who wouldn't want to be his own
boss? \(skun lli kreh ikun d-rasu?

to boss - thekkem. Who gave him

the right to boss me around? škun lli & tah l-heqq baš ithekkem fiya?

both - b-žuž. Both brothers are in the navy. l-xut b-žuž fe-l-behriya.

--We both visited him. hna b-žuž zernah. --I like to do them both equally well. ana nebģi ne&melhom b-žuž mlih.

bother - 1. bas. It's no bother at all. ma-fiha hetta bas. 2. basel. He's a bother. huwa basel.

**Don't go to any bother on my account. ma-tkellef-* nefsek &la hsabi.

to bother - 1. bessel \(\xi la \), sedde\(\xi \).

Don't bother me! \(ma - tbessel - \xi \xi liya! \)

2. \(diyyeq \xi la \). Does the smoke bother you? \(was \xi d - dexxan ka - idiyyeq \xi lik? \)

**What's bothering you? as <code>Eendek? --I</code> can't bother with that. <code>ma-baġi-š</code> ndiyyeE weqti mEa had s-si.

hottle - qeréa pl. -t, qraéi, rduma pl. rdayem.

bottom - 1. qa£ pl. qi£an. He found it in the bottom of the box. lqaha f-qa£ ş-ṣenduq. 2. teht. They searched the house from top to bottom. fettšu d-dar men l-fuq l-l-teht.

**We have to get to the bottom of this affair. xessna nbehtu f-sabab had l-qadiya. --We've reached bottom! wselna l-lli qal žha.

to bounce - 1. dreb mEa. This ball doesn't bounce. had l-kura ma-ka-ddreb-s mEa l-lerd. 2. negges.

The little boy bounced in the chair. negges le-wliyyed Eel s-selya.

bound - 1. mwežžeh. This boat is bound for Morocco. had l-babur msafer /l-l-megrib. 2. mektab. It's bound to happen. mektaba tewqe£. 3. hedd pl. hdud. His pride knows no bounds. t-takebbur dyalu ma-£endu hedd.

to bound - hedd. Algeria is bounded on the East by Tunisia. l-žaza⁹ir haddaha tunes fe-ž-žiha š-šergiya.

boundary - hedd pl. hdud. bouquet - mešmum pl. mšamem.

bow - 1. qeddam. I like to stand at the bow of the ship. ka-nebgi newqef fe-l-qeddam de-l-babur.
2. tbendiqa (as before a king).

to bow - 1. bendeq. He bowed and left the stage. bendeq u-xrež men l-mesreh 2. Emel xater. He bowed to his father's wishes. Emel xater bbah.

bow - 1. qews pl. qwas. Boys like to play with bows and arrows. le-wlad ka-ibġiw ileEbu be-l-qews u-n-nbel.

2. Eeqda pl. -t, Eqad. She had a pretty bow in her hair. kanet Eendha Eeqda zwina fe-šeerha.

bowl - žebbaniya pl. -t, žbaben.

bowlegged - režlih mąewwsin. We're all bowlegged. hna kollna režlina mąewwsin.

box - senduq pl. snadeq. to box - lakem, (sport).

boxer - mlakem.

boxing - mulakama.

box office - taga pl. -t, tyeq. **bov** - weld pl. wlad.

brace - žbira pl. -t. He's still wearing a brace on his left leg.
ma-zala režlu l-işra fe-ž-žbira.

to brace oneself - ttekka. They both braced themselves against the door. huma b-žuž ttekkaw čel l-bab. bracelet - demliž pl. dmalež, debliž pl. dbalež.

to brag - fšer, fah ifuh.

braid - tedfira.

to braid - deffer.
brain - moxx pl. mxax, mxuxa; dmag
pl. -at. This brain tastes good.

had l-moxx fih madaq mesyan.

**He hasn't a brain in his head.
huwa mfelles.

brains - Eqel. She hasn't got much brains. ma-Eendha Eqel bezzaf.

to rack one's brains - herres rasu. Don't rack your brains over that. ma-therres-š rasek Ela had š-ši.

to brain someone - herres r-ras l-. If you do that again I'll brain you. ila Eawed Emeltiha rani nherres-lek rasek.

brake - hessar pl. hsaser, fran pl. -at. The brake doesn't work. lhessar ma-xeddam-š.

to put on the brakes - brek $\mathcal{E}el$ l-hessar.

branch - 1. Eer's pl. Eru's. The wind broke off several branches. r-rih herres Eadad d-le-Eru's. 2. fer's pl. furu's. Our firm has a branch in Casablanca. \$-\sanika dyalna Eendha fer's fe-d-dar l-bida.

to branch off - ttefreq. The road branches off here. t-triq ka-ittefreq hna.

brand - nu£ pl. nwa£, marka pl. -t.
What brand do you smoke? aš-men
marka ka-tekmi?

to brand - ṛšem. He was branded as a traitor. huwa ṛešmuh xaºin.

--Have the new horses been branded?
waš ṛešmu l-xil ž-ždad?

brand-new - yallah ždid pl. yallah

ždad.

brandy - ma-hya.

brass - nhas sfer.

brawl - mdabza, mdarba, mšabka.

brave - šž $i\xi$ pl. šž $a\xi$.

bread - xobz.

**How does he earn his bread? kif ka-isuwwer mesrufu?

loaf of bread - xobza pl. -t,

kesra de-l-xobz pl. kesrat de-l-xobz. breadth - Eord.

break - inqitat. A break between the two countries can no longer be avoided. la-bodda yewqet inqitat bin l-beldan b-žuž.

**Let's give him a break' nrexfu

Elih!

mhayen. He's had a lot of tough breaks. huwa dazu Elih le-mhayen.

**That's a tough break! ya latif!

to break - 1. herres. I broke his leg. herrest-lu režlu. --Who broke the dish? škun lli herres t-tebsil? 2. ržeć čla. He won't break his word. ma-gad-iržeć-š čla klamu. 3. qteć. She broke her engagement with him. qetćet le-mlak mćah. 4. qetteć. He broke the string. qetteć l-qennba.
5. tteqteć. The string broke. l-qennba ttqetćet. 6. tćedda. He has broken the law. tćedda l-qanun. 7. belleg. We'll have to break the news to him gently. xessna nbellgulu le-xbar b-siyasa.

to break down - 1. txesser. The machine broke down this morning. l-makina txessret l-yum fe-s-sbah.

2. rzem. He broke down when he heard the news. rzem melli sme£ le-xbar.

to break in - 1. derreb. I'll have to break in a new man. xessni nderreb ražel ždid. 2. dxel. Thieves broke into our neighbor's house yesterday. l-bareh l-xuwwana dexlu le-d-dar dyal žarna.

to break off - 1. qtel. They have broken off relations. qeteu l-mulalaqat. 2. therres. Then the branch broke off. u-men beld l-lers therres.

to break out - 1. hreb. He broke out of prison. hreb men l-hebs.

2. šeel. The fire broke out toward midnight. l-Eafya šeelet fe-žwayeh ness l-lil.

to break up - 1. ferreq. The meeting was broken up by the police. S-Sorta ferret l-mežme£. 2. therres. The ice will break up soon. gadi

t-telž itherres men be ℓ d ši-šwiya. 3. tferreq. Break it up' tferrqu! or siru f-halkom! f-halkom!

to break someone of something - qte& &la. I'll break him of that. gad-neqte&ha &lih.

breakfast - ftur pl. -at.

to breakfast, have breakfast - fter.

breast - bezzula pl. bzazel.

breath - nefs.

out of breath - sexfan.

to catch one's breath - tneffes. I have to catch my breath first. xessn: ntneffes beeda.

**Don't breathe a word of this to anyone. xelli hada bini n-binek.

breeze - rih xfif, ģerbi. bribe - rešwa pl. -t.

to bribe - rša irši.

brick - yažura pl. -t coll. yažur.

bricklayer - bennay pl. -a.

bride - Erusa pl. -t, Erayes, Eraysat.

bridge - qentra pl. -t, qnater.

bridle - lžam pl. -at.

brief - qsir. That was a very brief
report. had t-tegrir kan qsir
bezzaf.

in brief - bla-ma ituwwel. In brief, this is our plan. bla-ma ntuwwlu, hada huwa l-bernamež dyalna. to be brief - qesser. Please be

brief. Eafak gesser.

bright - 1. naṣeḥ. I like a bright fire. ana ka-nebģi l-Eafya naṣḥa.

--She likes to wear bright colors. hiya ka-tebģi telbes l-lwan naṣḥin.

2. daki. He's a bright boy. huwa weld daki. 3. Eažib. That's a bright idea! fikra Eažiba hadik!

**She's always bright and cheerful. hiya dima xfifa u-ferhana.

--We have to start out bright and early. lazemna nebdaw fe-s-sbah bekri.

brilliant - 1. lame E. You can tell his paintings by the brilliant colors. imken-lek te Eref tsawru be-lwanhom l-lam Ein. 2. mumtaz. He's a brilliant speaker. huwa xatib mumtaz.

**He's the most brilliant man I know. huwa ?adka razel ka-neEref. brim - fomm pl. fwam, fmam. The glass is filled to the brim. l-kas Eamer hetta l-l-fomm.

to bring - žab ižib. Bring the children along. žib d-drari m£ak.

to bring back - režže£.

to bring down - hebbet, nezzel.

Did you bring down the big box? was

hebbetti s-sendug le-kbir?

to bring in - 1. rbeh. We brought in fifty thousand francs with that sale. rbehna xensin alef frenk f-dik l-bi€a. 2. hedder. The lawyer brought in a new piece of evidence. l-muhami hedder hužža ždida. 3. dexxel. Did you bring in all the suitcases? waš dexxelti š-šwanet kollhom?

to bring out - 1. xerrež. They are bringing out a new edition of my book. ġa-ixerržu ţeb£a ždida dyal ktabi. 2. fesser. He brought out his point convincingly to them. fesser-lhom l-fikra dyalu b-?iqna£.

to bring someone to - fiyyeq. Cold water will bring him to. l-ma

l-bared ifiyyqu.

to bring up - 1. rebba. She was brought up by her aunt. hiya rebbatha xaltha. 2. qeddem. I'll bring it up at the next meeting. ga-nqeddemha f-le-žtimać ž-žay.

British - britani. broad - wase &.

**It happened in broad daylight.
wegeet f-west n-nhar.

broadcast - $ida \in a$ pl. -t.

to broadcast - 1. nšer ida£a.
They'll broadcast directly from
London. ġadi inešru ida£a qaṣḍa
men London. 2. diyye£. If you tell
her, she'll broadcast it all over
the neighborhood. ila qoltiha-lha,
raha ddiyye£ha fe-l-huma kollha.

broke - hazeq. I'm broke again. ana
hazeg tani.

to go broke - bga ibga bla flus. bronze - nhas hmer.

broom - šettaba pl. -t, štateb.

brother - ax pl. xut. My brother xay, xuya; xa- or xu- before the other pronoun endings.

brow - žebha pl. -t, žbeh.

brown - smer pl. sumer, gehwi.

to brown - hemmer. Brown the potatoes first. hemmer le-btata be&da.

bruise - teqsiha pl. -t.

to bruise – qeşşeh.

brunette - semra pl. -t. brush - šita pl. -t, šyet.

to brush - šiyyet.

brutal - gaseh, wehši.

bubble - buwwaga pl. bwaweg.

bucket - stel pl. stula (metal);
 qobb pl. qbab (wood). dlu pl.
 delwan, dlawi (leather).

buckle - bzim pl. bzayem.

to buckle - hzem. I can't buckle the strap. ma-imkenli-* nehzem s-semta.

bud - zerrića pl. -t. The frost
killed all the buds. t-telž kerrem
z-zerrića kollha.

**The uprising was nipped in the bud. l-fetna tthesret f-le-bdu dyalu. budget - mizaniya pl. -t.

bug - bexxuša pl. -t coll. bexxuš.

to build - bna ibni.

building - bni pl. bina?at.

bulb - bula pl. -t. This bulb is burned out. had l-bula ttherget.

Bulgaria - bulgarya.

bulk - ktir. The bulk of my salary goes for food and rent. ka-nesref le-ktir f-l-ožra dyali fe-l-makla u-le-kra.

bullet - qertaşa pl. -t, qraţeş; rşaşa
pl. -t coll. rsaş.

bump - 1. berquqa pl. -t. Where did you get that bump on your head?
mnin žatek hadik l-berquqa ∈la rasek?
2. tqelqiza pl. -t. The car went over a bump. t-tumubil dazet ∈la tqelqiza.

to bump into - 1. tlaqa. Guess who I bumped into yesterday. ila Erefti škun lli tlaqit l-bareh. 2. Eter f-. He bumped into the chair in the dark. Eter fe- s-selya fe-d-dlam.

bumpy - mgelgez. We drove for an hour over a bumpy road. segna sa&a f-wahed t-triq mgelgez.

bunch - rebţa pl. -t. Let me have a bunch of radishes please. Eţini rebţa d-le-fžel Eafak.

bundle - hezma pl. -t, hzami; rezma pl. -t.

burden = 1. hemm pl. hmum, humum.] don't want to be a burden to you. ana ma-bagi nzid Ela hemmek.

2. hmel pl. hmal. That's too heavy a burden for your donkey. had le-hmel tqil bezzaf &el le-hmar dyalek.

bureau - 1. maryu pl. -wat. The bottom drawer of the bureau is stuck. le-mžerr t-tehtani de-l-maryu hasel.

2. %idara (office, department).

burglar - serraq pl. -a.

burglary - xewna pl. -t.

burial - dfin, dfana, gnaza pl. gnayez.
burn - herqa pl. -t. This is a serious
burn! herqa wa&ra hadi!

to burn - 1. štel. This wood burns well. had l-tud ka-ištel mezyan.

2. hreq. They burned their old papers. herqu wraqhom le-qdam.

3. ttehreq. The building has burned (down). le-bni ttehreq (kollu).

--The lightbulb is burned out.

l-bula ttherget. --His books burned

up in the fire. le-ktub dyalu ttherqu fe-l-Eafya.

**The rice tastes burnt. tibt le-hraq fe-r-ruz. —He's burned up because he can't come along. tayer-lubezzaf Ela heqq-aš ma-imken-lu-š iži m£ana.

to burst - 1. tfergee. The water pipe burst. ž-žeeba de-l-ma tfergeet.

--He burst into laughter. tfergee be-d-dehk. --She burst into tears. tfergeet b-le-bka. 2. therres.

Last year the dam burst. s-sedd therres l-eam lli fat.

to bury - 1. dfen. She was buried yesterday. defnuha l-bareh.

2. getta. My passport was buried under the other papers. kan ž-žawaz dyali mgetti teht le-wraq le-xrin.

bus - tubis pl. -at.

bush - šžira pl. -t.
business - 1. tižara, bić u-šra. They
do a lot of business. ka-idiru
l-bić u-š-šra bezzaf. 2. qadiya.
Let's settle this business right now.
yallah nfeddiw had l-qadiya daba.
3. suq. Don't meddle in other
people's business. ma-ddxol-š f-suq
girek. --Mind your own business!
dxol.f-suq rasek. --That's none of
your business. hada ma-ši suqek.
4. šgol. He knows his business.
ka-yećref šoglu. 5. herfa pl. -t,
hrayef (profession). What business
is he in? aš-en hiya hfeftu?

**You have no business around here. ma-Eendek ma teEmel hnaya.
--Business comes before pleasure.
l-xedma qbel le-mlaga.

businessman - biyya£ u-šerray pl. biyya£a u-šerraya.

busy - mešģul. I'm busy and I don't have time to read the newspaper. and mešģul u-ma-Eendi weqt baš neqra l-žarida. --The line's busy. xett t-tilifun mešģul.

**They live on a busy street. ka-iseknu f-zenqa fiha l-maši u-l-maža.

but - 1. walakin, be-l-heqq. We can go with you but we'll have to come back early. nqedru nemšiw meak walakin xeşşna nrežeu bekri. --But you know that I can't go. be-l-heqq ka-teeref ma-imken-li-š nemši.

2. ģir, illa. Nobody was there but me. hetta wahed ma-kan temma illa ana. —All but one were saved. nežžawhom kollhom ģir wahed.

all but - Elayen. He got very upset and all but wrecked the machine. tqelleq bessaf u-Elayen iherres l-makina.

nothing but - gir. Nothing but lies! gir le-kdub.

butcher - gezzar pl. -a.

butt - 1. qebda pl. -a, qbadi. Take the pistol by the butt. šebber l-ferdi men l-qebda. 2. denba pl. dnabi. The ash tray is full of butts. d-deffaya Eamra be-dnabi.

to butt - nteh. The goat kept butting his head against the wall. l-Eetrus bga inteh rasu fe- l-hit.

to butt in - dexxel rasu f.

That's none of your business, so don't butt in. hada ma-ši suqek, ma-ddexxel-š rašek fih.

butter - zebda (freshly made), smen.

butterfly = bu-fertitu pl. -yat.
button = sedfa pl. -t; sdafa pl. -t.
She sewed the button on for me.
xeyytet-li s-sedfa. --You have to
press the button. xessek twerrek
Eel s-sedfa.

buttonhole - Eeyn ş-sdafa.
buy - šerya pl. -t. That's a good
buy. hadik šerya mezyana.
to buy - šra išri.

buzz - dzenzin.

to buzz - zenzen, tenten. by - 1. l-. The house stands close by the river. d-dar griba l-l-wad. 2. b-. The store was closed by order of the police. l-hanut ttšeddat b-?amer men š-šorta. --Little by little he pushed his way out of the crowd. šwiya be-šwiya xerrež raşu men l-ġaši. --They make this by machine. ka-işen∈u had š-ši be-l-makina. --They sell apples by the kilo. ka-ibi\(\xi\) t-teffah be-l-kilu. --One by one they left the room. wahed b-wahed xeržu men l-bit. 3. f-. I'll send it to you by mail. gad nsifetha-lek fe-l-barid. --We came by car. Zina fe-t-tumubil. 4. qbel. He'll be back by five o'clock. gadi irže£ qbel l-xemsa.

C

cab - taksi pl. -yat. cabbage - kromba pl. -t. coll. kromb. cabin - 1. berraka pl. -t, brarek. We have a cabin in the mountains. Eendna berraka fe-ž-žbel. 2. gamra pl. -t. This steamer has a lot of cabins. had l-babbur fih bezzaf de-l-gamrat. cabinet - 1. xzana pl. -t, xzayen. keep our good dishes in a small cabinet. ka-nxebb&u tbaselna l-mezyanin fe-xzana şģira. 2. mežlis The cabinet met yesterday l-wuzara. l-bareh ddžme€ mežlis with the king. l-wuzara mea l-malik. cabinetmaker - nežžar pl. -a. cable - 1. selk pl. sluk, slukat. they install the cable within ten days? waš imken-lhom irekkbu s-selk f-Eesr iyyam? 2. tiligram pl. -at. I want to send a cable to Casablanca. ana baği nsifet tiligram le-d-dar l-bida. cadet - telmid herbi pl. tlamed herbivin. cafe - qehwa pl. qhawi. cage - qfez pl. qfuza, qfaz. Cairo - l-gahira. cake - helwa pl. -t, hlawi. cake of soap - sabuna pl. -t. to calculate - hseb, telleE. It was difficult to calculate the cost. kan séib itelleé t-taman. calendar - 1. yumiya pl. -t. a good calendar. xeşşni ši-yumiya mezyana. 2. bernamež pl. baramiž. What events are on the calendar this month? aš men našat kayen fe-l-bernamež had š-šher? calf - 1. Ežel pl. Ežul, Ežula. Cows and calves were grazing in the field. begrat u-Ežul kanu ka-irEaw $fe-l-mer \in a$. 2. $\in anan$. This satchel is made of calf. had š-škara mesnu \mathcal{E} a men l- \mathcal{E} anan. 3. sag pl. sigan. The bullet struck him in the calf. derbatu r-rsasa fe-s-sag. call - $\varepsilon eyta$ pl. -t. How much did the call to Tangier come to? be-shal tahet l-Eeyta l-tanža? to call - 1. Eeyyet Ela. I called him but he didn't hear me. Eeyyett Elih be-l-heqq ma-sme∈ni-š. --Shall I call a cab? waš nEeyyet Ela taksi?

-- Call a doctor! Eeyyet Ela tbib!

-- Ill call for you (make the call for you) now, sir. daba neeyyet-lek a sidi. 2. semma. What do you call this thing in Arabic? had 8-8i 8-ka-tsemmiweh be-l-Eerbiya? -- Let's call him Ali. aži nsemmiweh Eli.

to call attention to - nebbeh Ela.

I called his attention to it.

nebbehtu Eliha.

to call for -1. ža iži mura.
Will you call for me at the hotel?
waš dži muraya l-l-util? 2. staheq.
This calls for a party. hadi
tstaheq hefla.

to call in - žab ižib. We had to call in a specialist. tlezzemna nžibu xtisasi.

to call off - lġa ilġi. They called off the program because of the rain. lġaw l-bernamež Ela qibal š-šta.

to call on - ža iži išuf or mša ımšı ıšuf. We'll call on you next Sunday. ġad nžiw nšufuk l-ḥedd ž-žay.

to call (out) - 1. Eeyyet Ela. Has my name been called out? waš Eeyytu Ela smiyti? 2. Elem b.. The conductor calls out all the stops. l-muraqib ka-yeElem be-l-mahettat kollha.

to call together - žme£. He called us all together. žme£na kollna.

to call (up) - dreb t-tilifun l-.
I'll call you up tomorrow. ana
ndreb-lek t-tilifun gedda.
calm - hani pl. hanyin.

to be calm, to become calm - thenna.

to calm - 1. hedden. We tried to calm the frightened animals. hawelna nheddnu le-bhayem lli ttfezeu. --Try to calm him down. hawel theddnu. --Calm yourself! hedden raşek!

2. thedden, thenna. It took her some time to calm down. kan xeşşha ši-wqiyyet baš tthedden. 3. hda ihda. The wind has calmed down. l-berd hda.

camel - žmel pl. žmal (m.), naga pl. -t, nyag (f.).

camera - suwwara pl. -t.
camp - mhetta pl. -t. What camp did
you get your training in? f-as men

mhetta dderrebti?

to camp - xeyyem. We camped in the woods. xeyyemna fe-l-gaba. campaign - hemla Eeskariya pl. hemlat Eeskariyin.

camphor - kafur.
can - hokk pl. hkak.

to can - requed. Every summer my mother cans vegetables. koll sif mmi ka-trequed l-xedra.

can (to be able). 1. qder. Can we get there on time? was nqedru nweslu fe-l-weqt? 2. ımken l-.
You can't go swimming in the lake. ma-imken-lek-š temši téum fe-d-daya. --Can I see the director? was imken-li nšuf l-mudir? --He could have come. kan imken-lu iži.

**He did everything he could

**He did everything he could. Emel mežhudu kollu.

canary - kalanyu pl. -wat, kalanya pl. -t, kanar pl. -at.

to cancel - 1. hdef. This order has been canceled. hedfu had t-talab. -- They canceled the meeting. hedfu le-žtima£. 2. tleg. I'd like to cancel my room reservation. baği ntleq l-bit lli weşşit Elih. 3. qteE, heer. I'd like to cancel my newspaper subscription. baği neqte Ele-stirak dyali fe-l-žarida. 4. $tbe\xi$. These postage stamps are canceled. had t-tnaber metbu \in in. 5. smeh f-. He canceled the rest of the debt I owed him. f-baqiyt d-din lli ka-isalni. 6. bettel. I had to cancel my appointment with the doctor. kan lazemni nbettel miEadi mEa t-tbib.

cancer - saratan.

candle - $\S ma \in a$ pl. -t.

candidate - mreššeh pl. mreššhin. candlestick - heska pl. -t, hsaki.

candy - fanida pl. -t, coll. fanid. cane - l. Eekkaz pl. Ekakez, Eşa pl.

Esi. He hit me with a cane. drebni b-waheb le-Esa. 2. qesba pl. -t, coll. qseb. Do they grow much sugar cane in Morocco? waš ka-igersu sokkar d-le-qseb bezzaf fe-l-megrib?

cannon - medfe Epl. mdafe E.

can opener - sarut le-hkak pl. swaret le-hkak.

cantaloupe - bettixa pl. -t, coll. bettix.

canvas - kiriya.

cap - 1. gurra pl. -t. He's wearing a cap. labes gurra.
2. gta pl. -wat. I've lost the cap to my fountain pen. da£et-li le-gta dyal s-stilu dyali.
3. gettaya pl. -t. Put the cap back

on the bottle. režžeć l-ģettaya ćel l-gerća. 4. ģlaf pl. ģlayef. That tooth needs a cap. dak s-senna xeṣṣha ġlaf.

capable - hadeq, hadeg. She is a very capable woman. hiya mra hadga.

capacity - 1. sifa. I'm here in the capacity of a guardian. ana hnaya b-sifti wasi. 2. wadifa. What's his capacity, what does he do? aš-en hiya wadiftu w-aš ka-ye£mel?

**The tank has a capacity of one hundred liters. had t-tarru ka-irfed

myat litra.

capital - 1. Easima pl. -t. Have you ever been in the capital? was Eemmrek konti fe-l-Easima? 2. ras-l-mal. How much capital do you need to start your business? Shal xessek d-ras-l-mal bas tebda l-haraka dyalek? -His capital is invested abroad. ras-malu mrewwsu fe-l-xariz.

capitalist - ras-mali pl. -yin. capital punishment - 9iEdam.

captain - ra?is pl. ru?aşa. Who's the captain of the team? škun huwa ra?is l-ferga?

captive - meqbut pl. -in.

to capture - šebber, qbet. They captured a general and his entire staff. šebbru žiniral u-shabu kollhom.

**The town was captured without a shot. taket le-maina bla m£erka.

car - 1. siyara pl. -t, tumubil pl. -at. Would you like to ride in my new car? was tebgi terkeb fe-s-siyara ž-ždida dyali? 2. fagu pl. -wat. How many cars are there in this train? shal de-l-faguwat kaynin f-had l-qitar? kaynin f-had l-qitar?

caraway - kerwiya.

card - 1. karta pl. -t, kwaret. They played cards all night. leebu karta l-lil kollu. --Here's my card, come see me when you need me. ha l-karta dyali, aži tšufni weqt-ma bžitini.

2. teswira pl. -t, tsawer. Did you get my card? waš weslatek t-teswira dyali?

**He's quite a card. huwa ražel dehhuki.

cardboard - kartun.

care - thelya. She took good care of him. thellat fih wahed t-thelya mezyana.

**May I leave my things in your care? imken-li nxelli hwayži Eendek? --Send me the letter in care of Allal Al-Mlih. sifet-li lebra Eend Eellal le-mlih

to take care of - 1. hda yehdi, thella ithella f-. Don't worry,

```
I'll take care of your children.
  ma-txaf-š, ana ġad-ntheḷḷa fe-wladek.
  -- Take care of my money for me.
  hdi-li flusi. You'll have to take
  better care of yourself. xessek
  tthella f-rașek šwiya. 2. fedda
  ifeddi. I still have a few things to
  take care of. baqi-li ši-šwiya
  d-le-hwayež nfeddihom.
    to care - bġa ibġi. I don't care
  to go to the movies. ana ma-bagi-š
  nemši le-s-sinima.
     **For all I care you can go. ma-
  fiha bas, imken-lek temši.
  don't care anything about that.
  dak š-ši ma-ka-ihemmni-š.
                             --I don't
  care what he thinks.
                       ana
  ma-ihemmni-š aš xemmem huwa. --What
  do I care! ma-šekmani-š!
carefully - 1. be-s-syasa.
                            They lifted
  the stretcher carefully. hezzu
  l-mehmel be-s-syasa. 2. be-l-ga&ida.
  Check the figures carefully, ražeE
  le-hsab be-l-qa€ida.
careless - (lli) ma-ka-ihawel-š Ela.
  He's careless with his money.
  ma-ka-ihawel-š €la flusu.
cargo - wesq.
carnation - gronfla pl. -t, coll.
  gronfel.
carpenter - nežžar pl. -a.
carpet - zerbiya pl. -t, zrabi.
  to carpet - ferreš be-z-zrabi.
carrot - xizzuya pl-t, coll. xizzu
  (no def. art.).
to carry - 1. hezz, hmel. He'll car-
  ry your bags for you. huwa ġadi
  ihezz-lkom š-šwanet. 2. bać ibić.
  Do they carry socks in this shop?
  waš ka-ibi∈u t-tqašer f-had l-hanut?
     to carry away - 1. heyyed. They
  carried away my chair. heyydu š-
  šelya dyali. 2. žleb. The crowd
  was carried away by his speech.
  l-xetba dyalu žleb n-nas.
    to carry out - tebbeq. We'll try
  to carry out your plans. nhawlu
  ntebbqu l-baramiž dyalkom.
cart - kerrusa pl. krares.
 cartridge - gertasa pl. -t, grates,
  coll. qertas.
 to carve - 1. ngeš.
                      They carved these
   figures out of wood. negšu had s-
  surat men l-Eud. --He carved his
  name on the tree. ngeš smiytu Eel
  \check{s}-\check{s}e\check{z}ra. 2. gette\mathcal{E}. Who's going to
  carve the meat? ** skun ga-iqetteE
   l-lhem?
 carving knife - ženwi pl. žnawi,
   žnawa.
 Casablanca - d-dar l-bida.
     native of Casablanca - bidawi adj.
```

```
pl. -yın, n. pl. bıdawa.
case - 1. sendug pl. snadeq. Leave
  the bottles in the case. xelli le-
  gra£ı fe-s-senduq. 2. ģša pl. -wat.
  I need a case for my glasses.
  xessni gša le-n-ndader dyali.
  3. qadiya pl. -t. What did you do
  about the case of the trip? aš derti
  f-qadiyt s-sfer? -- The judge re-
  fused to accept his case. l-qadi
  ma-bġa-š iqbel l-qaḍiya dyalu.
    in any case - Ela kollı hal.
                                  1,11
  drop by for you in any case. Ela
  kolli hal nduz Elik.
    in case - ila. In case he's late,
  give him this letter. ila ža
  mEettel Etih had le-bra. --In case
  of some illness notify my home.
  wqeE ši-marad Elem dari.
cash - flus. I don't have any cash
  with me. ma-hazz flus mEaya.
    to cash - serref. Can you cash
  this check for me? was imken-lek
  tṣeṛṛef-li had š-šik?
cashier - mul s-sendug pl. mwalin
  s-snadeq.
cast - 1. mumettilin (pl.). The new
  play has an excellent cast. r-rwaya
  ž-ždida Eendha mumettilin ha?ilin.
  2. gebs; žbira pl. -t, žbayer. How
  long will you be wearing the cast?
  shal gadi tebga Eamel 1-gebs?
    **The die is cast. d-defla xeržet
  men l-fomm, ma-teržeE-š.
Castile - qeštala.
castle - qser pl. qsura.
castor oil - zit l-xerwaE.
cat - mešš, mošš pl. mšaš; qett pl.
  qtut.
catalogue - qayma pl. -t.
catastrophe - musiba pl. -t.
catch - 1. saqta pl. -t, swaqet.
                                  The
  catch on the camera is broken.
  saqta de-s-suwwwra mherrsa.
  2. teşyida pl. -t. Ten fish is a
  good catch. Eešra de-l-hutat
  tesyida mezyana.
to catch - 1. šebber.
                      We caught a lot
  of fish. šebberna bezzaf de-l-hut.
  --Here, catch this' hak, šebber
  hadi! -- They caught him just before
  he could get over the border.
  šebbru šwiya qbel-ma iqte∈ le-hdada.
  2. qbet, qbed. I have to catch the
  train at five o'clock. xessni
  negbet l-gitar fe-l-xemsa. --The.
  police caught the thief. š-šorta
  qebdet l-xuurvan. 3. hessel.
  police caught him. hesslettu
  š-šorta. 4. tšebber. My coat caught
  on a nail. tšebber-li kebbuti
```

to catch cold - derbu l-berd, trummeh. You'll catch cold. ġaiderbek l-berd, or jadi ttrummeh. to catch fire - gebdet fih l-Eafya, šeElet fih l-Eafya. The wood is so dry that it'll catch fire easily. l-Eud našef bezzaf, teqbed fih l-Eafya deģya. to catch hold - šebber. Catch hold of the other end. *sebber men *z-*ziha to catch one's eye - xtef-lu Eeglu. The necktie in the window caught my eye. le-grabata lli fe-š-šeržem xetfet-li f-Eeqli. to catch the measles - lesseq fih bu-hemron. I caught the measles. lessed fiva bu-hemron. to catch up - fda ifdi l-weqt lli diyye€. Try to catch up in your work. šuf waš tefdi l-wegt lli $divye \in ti fe-l-xedma$. to catch up with - lheq Ela. Go ahead, I'll catch up with you. qeddami, daba nelheq Elik. to be catching - Eada iEadi. Measles are catching. bu-hemron ka-iEadi. caterpillar - hessaka pl. -t. cattle - bger, bger (coll.). cauliflower - šiflur. cause - sabab pl. sbab; sebba pl. -t, sbayeb. What's the cause of the delay? šnu huwa s-sabab de-t-teEtal? **What caused the accident? **§nu** huwa sabab le-ksida? --He caused her a lot of grief. merretha. --His answer caused surprise. žwabu €ežžeb n-nas. caution - ihtiyat. Caution is needed with that dog. xessek taxod lihtiyat m£a dak l-kelb. cautious - (lli) ka-iredd balu. cave - gar pl. giran, hefra pl. -t, hfari. to cave in - tah itih. I'm afraid the house is going to cave in. xayef d-dar gadi ttih. cedar - lerz. ceiling - sqef pl. squfa. to celebrate - htafel b-. We're celebrating independence day tomorrow. jadi nehtaflu b-Eid l-istiqlal gedda. celebration - 1. Eid pl. Eyad (religious). 2. Eers or Eors, pl. Eras, Erasat (wedding). 3. hefla pl. -t, (party). celery - krafes. cell - bniqa pl. -t, bnayeq. Take the prisoner to his cell. ddi l-mesžun

le-bnigtu.

cellar - dehlis pl. dhales. cement - berşlana. cemetary - ruda pl. -t. censer - mbexra pl. t, mbaxer. censor - muragib pl. -in. to censor - rageb. censorship - muragaba. census - hsab de-s-sokkan. cent - **He dicesn't have a cent. ma-Eendu hetta gerš. -- I wouldn't give a cent for it. ma-ka-teswa-š rbaEiya. center - 1. west. The table is standing in the center of the room. mida meḥtuṭa f-weṣṭ l-bit. 2. 2. merkez. Casablanca is a large commercial center. d-dar l-bida merkez tižari kbir. **She's the center of attention. ga e n-nas ka-itnabhu-lha. century - qern pl. qurun. certain - metyeggen. Are you certain? waš nta metyeggen? certainly - 1. bla šekk. She's certainly right. hiya Eendha l-heqq bla šekk. 2. meElum. Why certainly, just go on in me Elum, gir dxol! certificate - šahada, šhada pl. -t. Ceuta - sebta. native of Ceuta - sebti adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. sbata, hel sebta. chain - sensla pl. -t, snasel; selsla pl. -t, slasel. to chain - rbet b-sensla. chair - šelya pl. -t, šli, šwali. chalk - tabašir. challenge - mnahda pl. -t. **I challenge anybody else to do it. lli kan şlib iži ye∈melha. chamber of commerce - l-gorfa ttižariya. champion - batal pl. abtal. chance - forsa pl. -t. I had a chance to go to Egypt. ana žani l-forsa baš nemši l-maser. **Is there any chance of us catching the train? waš gad-imken-lna nšebbru l-qitar? -- Give me a chance! mehhel Eliya! -- I met him by chance. tlaqitu sodfa. chandelier - triya pl. -t. change - 1. tebdil, tebdal. This requires a change in our plans. xess tebdil fe-l-bernamež dyalna. --I'm for a change in the government. ana nfeddel tebdil fe-l-hukuma. 2. serf. Do you have any change? waš Eendek serf? **You need a change. xessek

theddel r-rih. -- For a change, I'd

like to go to the movies today.

nbeddel šwiya ana baģi nemši le-s-sınima l-yum.

to change - 1. serref. Can you change a ten thousand franc bill for me? imken-lek tserref-li werga dyal & esr alaf frenk? 2. beddel. I want five minutes so I can change my clothes. bgit xemsa de-d-dqayeq bas nbeddel hwayži. —They changed all the tires on my car for me. beddluli le-bnuwat de-s-siyara dyali kollhom. 3. tbeddel. The weather is going to change. l-žuw gadi itbeddel. —I've changed my mind. tbeddel-li n-nadar.

channel - mežra pl. mžari. The two lakes are joined by a narrow channel. d-dayat b-žuž mlaqyin b-wahed l-mežra diyyeq.

chaos - terwin, terwina. chapter - fesl pl. fsul.

character - 1. tbi€a. I've misjudged his character. ana ġlett fe-tbi€tu.
2. šexs pl. ašxas. How many characters are there in the play? šhal men šexs kayen fe-r-riwaya?

**That man is a familiar character here. dak r-ražel mečruf hnaya.
--He's quite a character! walayenni nu£ mennu.

characteristic - xususi. That attitude
 is characteristic of her. hadik
 l-hala xususiya liha.

charcoal - faxer.

charge - 1. Emara pl. -t, Emayer. The charge is big enough to kill us all. had le-Emara mžehda imken-lha teqtelna kollna. 2. xlas. There's no charge. ma-kayen xlas. 3. tehma pl. -t. What are the charges against this man? **snu huma t-tehmat dedd had r-ražel?

free of charge - bla flus, batel.
in charge - mkellef. Who's in
charge of this work? **Skun lli
mkellef b-had l-xedma?

to take charge - thellef. My son is taking charge of the new branch. weld: ġadi itkellef be-l-fer£ ž-ždid.

to charge - 1. hseb. You've charged me very little. ma-hsebti gir swiya. --Charge it to my account. hsebha Eliya. 2. them. He was charged with theft. tehmuh be-l-xewna.

**You've charged me too much'
gelliti Eliya bezzaf. --He gives all
his money to charity. ka-iseddeq
flusu kollhom.

charming - drif pl. draf, driyyef pl. driyyfin.

to chase - žra ižri Ela. chat - muhadata.

to chat - hder, theddet.

chatter - hdur.

to chatter - 1. hedhed. They chatter incessantly. ka-ihedhdu bla hbis. 2. qerqeb. My teeth are chattering. snani ka-iqerqbu. chauffeur - šifur ol. -at. siyyag pl.

chauffeur - šifur pl. -at, siyyag pl. -a.

cheap - 1. rxis pl. rxas. Fruit is very cheap here. l-gella rxisa bezzaf hna. 2. tayeh. She looked cheap in those clothes. banet tayha f-dak le-hwayež.

3. basel. That character played a cheap trick on me. dak xiyyna leeb Eliya leeba basla.

**That's cheap stuff. hadi ferya.
--His kindness made me feel cheap.
d-drafa dyalu heššmetni.

cheat - ġeššaš pl. -a. They all know he's a cheat. huma kollhom kaiEerfu bin huwa ġeššaš.

to cheat - ġešš, šmet. That shop keeper cheated me out of all my money. dak mul l-hanut ġeššni f-flusi kollhom.

check = 1. šik pl. -at. I'll send you
a check tomorrow. daba nsifet-lek šik
gedda. 2. bṭaqa. Give your check
to the porter. Eṭi le-bṭaqa dyalek
l-l-hemmal.

to check - 1. xella ixelli. Check your hat and coat here. xelli \$-\$emrir u-l-kebbut dyalek hna.
2. ršem. Check the items you want. ršem le-hwayež lli bģiti. 3. qelleb. Please check the oil. qelleb z-zit £afak. 4. ražeć. Will you please check the bill once more? ražeć le-hsab merra xra llah ixellik.

to check off - dreb Ela. Did you check this merchandise off the list? was drebti Ela had s-selEa men l-qayma? checkers - dama. Let's play a game of checkers. yallah nleEbu dama. cheek - xedd pl. xdud.

cheek - xedd pl. xdud. cheerful - ferhan pl. -in.

cheese - 1. žben (indigenous).
2. frumaž (European).

chemist - kımawi pl. -yin. cherry - hebb le-mluk (coll.). chess - šentrež.

chest - sder pl. sdur, sdura. He has a broad chest. huwa Eendu sder Erid. 2. senduq pl. snadeq. Put the tools in the chest. hett d-duzan fe-s-senduq.

**That's a load off my chest.
hadik tneqqset men hemmi.
chestnut - qestala pl. -t, coll.

```
gestal.
to chew - mdeg.
chewing gum - meska.
chicken - džaža pl. -t, coll. džaž.
chicken pox - bu-šwika.
chick-pea - hemmuşa pl. -t coll.
  hemmus.
chief - ra?is pl. ru?asa.
child - derri pl. drari, tfel pl.
  tfal.
    **I've been used to it ever since
  I was a child. and movellefha men
  sogri.
childhood - sgor, sger.
chill - berd, bruda, brudiya.
  got a chill. derrn: l-berd. --Sud-
  denly I felt a chill. ana deģya
  hessit be-l-berd.
    to chill - 1. berred. Chill this
  beer for me please. berred-li had
  s-serbisa barak llahu fik.
chilly - bared. The weather's chilly.
  l-hal bared.
    **They gave us a chilly reception.
  steqbluna be-l-brudiya.
chimney - 1. mdexna pl. -t. They're
  repairing the chimney.
                         ka-işelhu
  le-mdexna. 2. zaža pl. -t. Where's
  the chimney for the lamp? fayn hiya
  z-zaža de-l-lamba?
chin - dqen pl. dquna.
    **Chin up! hezz rasek!
China - 1. ş-şin (country).
                              2. bdi€.
  Germany is famous for its beautiful
  china. almanya mešhura b-le-bdi\mathcal{E}
  dyalha l-mezyan.
Chinese - sini.
chisel - mengaš pl. mnageš (stone);
  mengar pl. mnager (wood).
chocolate - šeklat.
choice - texyira. This is a good
  choice. texyira mezyana hadi.
choke - žiyyaf pl. -a (automobile).
    to choke - 1. žiyyef.
                            The little
  boy is choking the cat.
                            l-iššir
  ka-i\check{z}iyyef l-qett. 2. xneq.
  stovepipe was choked up. d-deffaya
  kanet mexnuqa.
    **I choked on a fishbone.
                                wehlet-
  li šuka de-l-hut f-helqi.
cholera - bu-glib.
to choose - xtar.
to chop - šeqq. Did you chop the
  wood? was seggiti le-Ewad?
                              --Chopped
  olives. z-zitun l-mešquq.
    to chop off - qteE, qetteE, hsek.
    to chop up - qettee, gerred.
Christian - masihi pl. -yin, nesrani
  pl. nsara.
```

Christmas - milad sidna Eisa.

knayes.

church - knisa, knisiya pl. -t,

```
cigar - sigar pl. -at.
cigaret - garru pl. -wat.
cigaret lighter - briki pl. -yat.
cigar store - saka pl. -t.
cinder - rmad. What's that pile of
  cinders for? dyal-aš dak l-Earam
  de-r-rmad? --I've got a cinder in
  my eye. dxel-li rmad f-Eeyni.
cinnamon - gerfa.
circle - 1. dura pl. -t, dur pl. dwar.
  We kept going around in a circle.
  bqina ka-n\emlu dura. 2. žma\epsilona pl.
      He has a wide circle of friends.
  Eendu žma€a kbira d-le-shab.
    to circle - dar idur. The air-
  plane is circling over the city.
  t-tiyara ka-ddur fuq le-mdina.
  -- The wall circles the city.
  daver h-le-mdina.
circumstance - hala pl. -t, hal pl.
  hwal.
city - mdina pl. -t, mdun.
civil - 1. ltif pl. ltaf, meddeb pl.
  m?eddbin. At least he was civil to
  us. be-l-gella kan ltif mEana.
  madani. Civil authorities.
  ş-şulat l-madaniya.
civilization - tameddun.
civilized - metmedden.
claim - hegg pl. hgug. I lay no claim
  to that. ana ma-taleb-š l-hegg
  f-had š-ši.
    to claim - 1. tleb. I claim my
  share. ana ka-ntleb heqqi. --Where
  do I claim my baggage? fayn ntleb
  le-qšaš dyali? 2. dda£a idda£i.
  She claims to know the man.
  ka-dda&i bin ka-te&ref r-ražel.
to clap - seffeq.
class - 1. gişm pl. aqşam, qşam.
  first class starts at eight-thirty.
  qişmi l-luwwel ka-ibda fe-t-tmenya
  u-ness. 2. ders pl. durus. How
  many classes did you have last year?
  šhal de-d-durus tebbeEti Eam luwwel?
to classify - retteb.
to clatter - qerqeb.
                     The wagon clat-
  tered down the bumpy road. 1-
  kerrusa gadya u-tqerqeb fe-t-triq
  le-mxessra.
claw - mexleb pl. mxaleb, dfer pl.
  dfar.
clay - tin.
clean - ngi pl. -yin.
    to clean - 1. neddef. Hasn't the
  maid cleaned the room yet? was
  l-xeddama ma-zal ma-neddfet l-bit?
  2. gsel. He went to clean his teeth.
  mša igsel snanu.
    **I asked her to clean the chicken
  for me. tlebt mennha tentef d-džaža
```

u-theyyed-lha le-qšaweš.

to clean out - 1. xwa ixwi. This drawer has to be cleaned out. xessna nexwiw had le-mžer.

2. felles. They really cleaned me out! we-llah ila fellsuni! cleaning - tenqiya.

clear - safi. The water is deep and clear. l-ma gareq u-safi. --His voice was very clear over the radio. kan helqu safi beszaf fe-r-radyu. --We have had clear weather all week. kan &endna žuw safi &-žem&a kollha. --Is the road clear up ahead? waš t-triq safya l-l-qeddam?

**It's clear from the letter that he isn't satisfied. daher men had le-bra dyalu bin huwa ma-ši ferhan. --The news came out of the clear sky. le-xbar ža Ela ģefla.

to clear - 1. neqqa ineqqi, xwa ixwi.
Did you clear the table? waš
neqqiti l-mida? 2. serreh He
cleared his throat. serreh helqu.

to clear away, off - zuwwel, heyyed. Ask her to clear away the dishes. tleb mennha dzuwwel tbasel.

to clear out - xwa ixwi. I'm going to clear out this closet tomorrow. ġadi nexwi had le-xzana ġedda.

to clear up - 1. fesser. There are still a number of things we have to clear up. ma-zal kayen Eadad d-lehwayež xessna nfessruhom. 2. sfa isfa The weather has cleared up. sfa l-žuw.

clerk - ktatbi pl. -ya, kateb pl.
kottab. He's a clerk in my office.
huwa ktatbi fe-l-mekteb dyali.

clever - 1. hadeq. The candidate is a clever speaker. le-mreššeh xateb hadeq. 2. hili. This character is a clever businessman. had xiyyna biyya£ šerray hili.

cliff - žerf pl. žraf, žrufa. climate - žuw (def. art. l-).

to climb - 1. tšebbet f-, tlee f-.

The children climbed a tree and their father yelled at them.

d-drari tšebbtu f-wahed š-šežra
u-bbahom guwwet Elihom. 2. tlee.

I haven't climbed that mountain yet.
ma-zal ma-tleet l-dak ž-žbel. --I
don't like to climb stairs. ana
ma-nebgi-š ntlee d-druž.

to climb down - hbet. Be careful as you're climbing down the ladder. redd balek u-nta habet men s-sellum. to cling - lseq. The child is clingto its mother. d-derri laseq fe-mmu.

clip - filil pl. -at, fyalel.. She wore a golden clip on her dress.

hiya kan Eendha filil de-d-dheb fe-ksuwtha.

(paper) clip - meqbet pl. mqabet.
to clip - 1. qtef, meqqes,
qesses. Don't clip my hair too
short. ma-teqtef-8 sefri qsir
bessaf. --We have our dog clipped
every summer. ka-nqesssu seer kelbna
koll sif. --I clipped this article
out of the magazine. ana meqqest
had l-maqala men l-mažella.
2. xellel. Clip these papers together. xellel had le-kwaget
mežmutin.

clipping - $qet \in a$ pl. -t.

cloakroom - bit le-hwayež pl. byut le-hwayež.

clack - magana pl. -t, mwagen. We set our clock by the radio. kanheqqqu l-magana dyalna Eel r-radyu.

to clock - hseb l-weqt, Eber l-weqt.

to clog - xneq. The pipes are clogged. le-quades mexnuqin.

close - 1. tali, nihaya. I'll see you at the close of the meeting. nsufek fe-t-tali d-le-ztimaz. 2. qrib pl. qrab. The hotel is close to the railroad station. l-uțil qrib men lagar. 3. metqareb. We sat close together. glesna metqarbin.
4. tqil pl. tqal. The air is very close in this room. r-rih tqil bezzaf f-had l-bit.

**He's a close friend of mine.
huwa sahbi men r-ruh le-r-ruh.
--Pay close attention. redd balek
bezzaf. --He won by a close vote.
rbeh gir b-si-?eswat binu u-bin
le-xrin. --That was a close call
for me. felletni be-swiya.

close by - grib men hna. Is there a restaurant close by? was kayen si-metem grib men hna?

from close up - men le-qrib. From close up the situation looks entirely different. men le-qrib l-hala ka-ddher ga£ mextalfa.

to close - 1. šedd, sedd. Don't close the door before nine o'clock. ma-tšedd-š l-bab qbel men t-tes£ud. --They closed at six. šeddu fe-s-setta. 2. fedda m£a. The deal was closed this morning. feddau m£a l-bi£a l-yum fe-s-sbah.

closely - be-t-tedgiq. Examine it closely. qellebha be-t-tedgiq.

closet - xzana pl -t, xzayen.

cloth - 1. tub pl. tyab. Do you have this cloth in a different color? was Eendkom had t-tub f-lun axor?
2. Serwita pl. Srawet. Take a

clean cloth for dusting. xud šerwita ngiya baš tsus l-gobra. clothes - hwayež (pl.). clothes closet - maryu pl. -wat. clothes hanger $- \mathcal{E}ellaga$ pl. -t, Elaleq. clothes hook - mextaf pl. mxatef. **cloud** - shaba pl. -t, coll. shab; ġmama pl. −t, coll. ġmam. The sun has disappeared behind the clouds. š-šemš ģebret mur s-shab. to cloud up - giyyem. The sky clouded up shortly after we left. s-sma ģiyymet ši-šwiya men be∈d-ma mšina. cloudy - mgiyyem. clove - gronfla pl -t coll. gronfel. clover - nefla. club - 1. Eşa (const. Eşat) pl. Eşi. The policeman had to use his club. l-bulisi tlezzem isteEmel le-Eşa dyalu. 2. nadi pl. -yat, nwadi. Are you a member of the club? was nta men n-nadi? to club - zerwet. clue - dalil, imara pl. -t, imayer. clumsy - kerfas. coach - 1. fagu pl. -wat. Which coach would you like to sit in? fe-s-men fagu tebģi tegles? 2. muderrib. He's the coach of our team. huwa l-muderrib de-l-ferqa dyalna. coal - faxer. coarse - 1. hreš pl. heršin. The cloth is too coarse for me. t-tub hreš Eliya bezzaf. 2. xšin pl. xšan. His manners are coarse. l-muEamala dyalu xšina. coast - šett pl. štut. **The coast is clear. t-triq safya. coat - 1. kebbut pl. kbabet. You mustn't go out without a coat in this weather. ma-lazmek-š texrož f-had l-žuw bla kebbut. 2. šeet. The foal has a beautiful coat. le-žde& Eendu šEer zwin. 3. duza. This door needs another coat of had l-bab xeşşha duza xra paint. de-ș-șbaġa. to coat - tla itli. The car was coated with mud. kanet t-tumubil mețliya be-l-ģis. coat hanger - Eellaga pl. -t, Ealaleg. cockroach - serraq z-zit, qerwata pl. coconut - guz l-hend, kukuya. codfish - beglaw, lamuri. cod-liver oil - zit l-beglaw. 75. coffee - gehwa. coffee grinder - tahuna (pl. -t, twahen) de-l-qehwa. coffee grounds - text de-l-qehwa.

```
coffin - tabut pl. twabet.
coin - sekka pl. skak.
  **Let's toss a coin to see who goes.
  yallah neemlu sfer wella khel bas
  nšufu škun lli imši.
coincidence - m \neq adfa pl. -t.
cold - 1. berd. I can't stand this
  cold. ana ma-imken-li-š nesber
  \mathcal{E} la had l-berd. 2. terwiha, rwah.
  He has a bad cold. Eendu terwiha
  xayba. 3. bared. The water isn't
  cold enough. l-ma ma-bared-$
  bezzaf.
    **The nights are getting colder.
  l-lyali ka-iberdu.
to catch cold - truwweh.
to collapse - 1. rab irib. The bridge
  suddenly collapsed. l-qentra rabet
  Ela gefla. 2. tah itih. He col-
  lapsed in the middle of the street.
  tah f-west t-triq.
collar - reggabiya pl. -t.
collar bone - tergya pl. -t.
to collect - 1. žmeE. How much money
  has been collected so far? * *hal
  d-le-flus žem£u hetta l-daba?
    **Give me a chance to collect my
  thoughts. xellini nxemmem šwiya.

 ttežme€. A crowd collected in

  the square. džem£u n-nas fe-s-saha.
collection - 1. mežmu£a pl. -t.
  library has a famous collection of
  books on America. l-xizana fiha
  mežmu£a d-le-ktub mešhura £la
  amirika. 2. žmić. When is the last
  collection? fuq-aš ikun ž-žmiE
  t-tali?
collision - mṣaḍma pl. -t.
colony - muste \in mara pl. -t.
color - lun pl. lwan.
    to color - luwwen.
    colored - mluwwen.
colt - ždeć pl. žduća.
column - 1. sarya pl. -t, swari.
  You can recognize the house by its
  white columns. imken-lek teEref
  d-dar be-swariha l-buyed.
                             2. deļ€a
  pl. -t, dļuE, dļaEi.
                       Write your
  name in the right-hand column.
  kteb smiytek fe-d-del \in a l-imna.
comb - mešta pl. mšati.
   to comb - mšet.
     **The police combed the whole
          l-bulis fettšet le-mdina
   city.
   kollha.
 to come - ža iži (act. ptc. maži,
   žay; impv. aži).
                    This cloth comes
   in only two colors. had t-tub ka-
                            __I've
   iži ģir f-žuž de-l-lwan.
```

come for my passport. ana žit Eel

t-tesrih dyali.

**Come now, you don't really mean that. xlas, was b-niytek? --How did you come to think of that? mnin tahet &lik had l-fikra? --He comes from Rabat. huwa men r-rbat. --I don't know whether I'm coming or going.

ana ma-Earef rași men režliya.

to come about - tra itra, žra ižra. How did all this come about? kif-aš tra had š-ši?

to come across - 1. tah itih f-. He's the best professor I've ever come across. Eemmri ma-teht f-ši-?ustad hsen men hadak.

to come along - 1. ža iži. Do you want to come along? waš baģi dži m£ana? 2. tmešša. Everything's coming along fine, koll—ši ka-itmešša f-ģaya.

to come apart - tfekk. This chair is coming apart already. had δ - δ elya bdat ttfekk be δ da.

to come by - 1. das idus men. He's coming by here this afternoon. $\dot{g}a$ -idus men hna f-le- ξ iya. 2. žah ižih. How did he come by all that money? u-mnin be ξ da žaweh duk le-flus kollhom?

to come down - 1. haf ihuf. Can you come down here for a moment? was imken-lek thuf hnaya si-swiya?

2. tiyyeh. We can't come down a penny on this price. ma-nqedru-sntiyyhu suldi men had t-taman.

to come in - dxel idxol. Please come in! tfeddel, dxol!

to come in handy - slah. It'll come in very handy later. ġa-islah bezzaf men be£d.

to come off - 1. tfekk. One of the legs has come off the table. wahed le-kraf tfekk men t-tebla. 2. tgellef, theyyed. The button has come off. s-sedfa tgellfet.

to come out - 1. xrež, ixrož. My book has just come out. le-ktab dyali yallah xrež. —The dirt won't come out. le-wsex ma-bga-š ixrož. —Who knows what will come out of all this? škun lli &ref aš gadi ixrož men had š-ši kollu? 2. ban iban. Now it comes out that I was right. daba ban bin kan &endi l-heqq. l-heqq.

to come through - 1. daz idus men. You can't come through here. ma-imken-lek-s ddus men hna. 2. xrež men. He came through the operation nicely. xrež men le-ftih b-xir.

to come to -1. ža iži f-. The bill comes to two dollars. le-hsab žat fih žuž dular. 2. faq ifiq. After a few minutes she came to. faqet men beEd ši-šwiya.

to come to pieces - ža iži štat. It'll come to pieces if you touch it. rah iži štat ila messitih.

to come up - 1. tlee. Would you like to come up for a cup of coffee? was tebġi ttlee bas tešreb ši-kas de-l-qehwa? 2. hdet. This problem comes up every day. had l-muškila ka-tehdet koll nhar. --Something has come up. ši-haža hedtet.

to come upon - tah itih $\mathcal{E}la$. I came upon the solution by accident. teht $\mathcal{E}el$ l-hell $\dot{g}ir$ sodfa.

comedy - riwaya hazliya.

**Cut the comedy' her had le-mlaga! comfortable - fih r-raha, mriyyeh.

comfortable - fin r-rana, mriyyen comical - fin d-dehk, mudhik. command - amr pl. awamir.

to command, be in command - hkem. Who's in command here? **Skun lli hakem hnaya? --Does he have a good command of English? was huwa ka-yehkem l-luga l-ingliziya mezyan? commander - hakem pl. hokkam.

to commend - šker. He was commended for his good behavior. šekruh Ela sirtu l-mezyana.

comment - mulahada pl. -t; tenbih.
commercial - tižari.

commission - 1. ležna pl. -t. The commission has promised to investigate the matter. l-žem£iya qawlet baš tebhet fe- l-qadiya. 2. soxra pl. -t, sxari. I wouldn't take any commission on this sale. ma-naxod f-had l-bi€a.

to commit - 1. Emel. Who committed the crime? Skun lli Emel l-Zarima?

2. dexxel. They committed her to an asylum. dexxluha l-l-merstan.

**He committed suicide. qtel rasu.

to commit oneself - qawel raşu. committee - $le\check{z}na$ pl. -t.

common - Eadi. That's a common kind of shoe in this area. had s-sbabet Eadiyin f-had n-nahiya.

**It's common knowledge that he lies. huwa meEruf bin ka-ikdeb. commotion - haraž u-maraž.

communist - šuyu£i.

compact - medkuk. That's a compact
package. rezma medkuka hadik.
company - 1. kubbaniya pl. -t, šarika

pl. -t. Does he work for your company? was ka-ixdem fe-s-sarika dyalek? 2. rfaqa, rfaga, dyaf (pl.). We're having company this evening. Eendna d-dyaf had le-Esiya.

**A man is known by the company he keeps. m&a men šeftek šebbehtek.

comparatively - be-n-nesba. It was
comparatively easy. be-n-nesba,
kanet sahla.

to compare - 1. garen. We compared the two methods. garenna t-tarigat b-žuž. 2. tqedd. I can't compare with you. ana ma-ntqadd-š m£ak.

comparison - mušbiha, tešbih. That' a lame comparison. had l-mušbiha Eemža.

compartment - 1. qmara pl. -t; bniqa pl. bnayeq. All the compartments in this car are crowded. ga£ le-bnayeq f-had l-fagu £amrin. 2. xziyna pl. -t, mžiyyer pl. mžiyrat. The document was hidden in a secret compartment. l-watiqa kanet mxebb£a f-wahed le-xziyna mestura.

compass - 1. busula pl. -t. Without the compass we would have been lost. u-kan ma-kanet-\$ l-busula u-kan tlefna. 2. dabed pl. dwabed. I can't draw a good circle without a compass. ma-neqder-\$ nxettet dur bla dabed.

to compel - lessem Ela. I compelled him to go. lessemt Elih imši.

compensation - te\(\text{wid} \) pl. -at. I demand full compensation. ntleb \(t-te\(\text{wid} \) t-tamm.

to compete - 1. dadd. Of course I can't compete with you. meElum and ma-neqder-s ndaddek. 2. sarek.

Are you competing in the contest? was nta msarek fe-l-mubara?

competent - gader. He's competent in his work. huwa gader Ela xdemtu.

competition - msabqa, mubara (sport);
msahma (business).

competitor - muzahim.

to complain - ška iški, tšekka. Stop complaining! baraka ma teški.

---We complained to the manager about the noise. tšekkina l-l-mudir £el s-sda£.

complaint - šekwa pl. -t.

complete - 1. kamel. Is your work complete? was l-xedma dyalek kamla?
 2. tamamen. He's a complete fool. huwa tamamen hmeg.

**This volume makes my collection complete. had le-ktab kemmel l-mežmuća dyali.

to complete - kemmel. Did you

complete your work? was kemmelti xdemtek.

completely - tamamen. He convinced me completely. qenne Eni tamamen. --He's completely out of his mind. huwa xarež-lu Eeqlu tamamen.

**I admit that I was completely wrong about him. ana ka-nestaref bin kont geltan bezzaf men žihtu.

to complicate - seefeb, fekkel.

to comply with - qbel. We regret that we cannot comply with your request. hna met? essfin bin manqedru-8 nqeblu t-talab dyalkom.

to compose - lehhen, kteb. He composed that song during the war. lehhen dik l-gonya f-weqt l-herb.

to compose oneself - žme rasu, seffa xatru.

composed - mhedden. His face remained composed during the entire trial. we knu bga mhedden f-moddet d-de Ewa kollha.

to be composed of - meşnul men. This fabric is composed of wool and cotton. had t-tub meşnul men ş-şuf u-le-qten.

composition - 1. telhin pl. -at. The orchestra is going to play his compositions tonight. l-žewą żadi ileb t-telhinat dyalu l-yum fe-l-lil.

2. inša? pl. -at. Have you done your English composition? waš Emelti inša? de-n-negliza dyalek?

compress - tekmida pl. -t (hot), derra pl. -t. A hot compress will relieve the pain. wahed t-tekmida ga-txeffef-lek le-hriq.

to compress - dget, Eser. The air is compressed by a pump. ka-idegtu r-rih be-l-bumba.

compromise - tawil.

to compromise - ttawa, tşaleh, tfaşel. We compromised with him. ttawina m£ah.

to conceal - 1. xebba, xebbe. Are you concealing something from me? was nta mxebbe. si-haza Eliya?

2. xeen. The paper was found concealed in the wall. lqaw l-werga mexzuna fe-l-hit.

conceited - metkebber.

to concentrate - 1. žmeć. The most important industries are concentrated in the north. s-snaći l-muhimmin mežmućin fe-š-šamal. 2. redd balu. We'll have to concentrate on the first section. xessna nreddu balna l-l-fesl l-luwwel.

concern - 1. šarika pl. -t. How long
have you been with this concern?

shal hadi u-nta m£a had š-šārika?

2. šģal. She told me it was no concern of mine. qalet-li ma-ši sgali hadak.

3. šwaš. There's no cause for concern. ma-kayen £la-š š-šwaš.

to concern - 1. teelleq b-. This matter concerns you. had l-qadiya ka-tteelleq bik. 2. heyyer. We're concerned about their safety. hna mheyyrin Ela slamthom. 3. hemm. The details don't concern me. ma-ka-ihemmuni-š t-tafasil.

concert - tarab pl. -at.

to conclude - 1. xtem, kemmel. He concluded the investigation yesterday. kemmel l-beht l-bareh.

2. fhem. What did you conclude from that remark? as fhemti men dak l-mulahada?

concrete - 1. gess. The bridge is
built of concrete. l-qentra mebniya
be-l-gess. 2. shih pl. shah. Give
me a concrete example. Etini šimatal shih.

to condemn - 1. hkem Ela. He was condemned to death. hekmu Elih be-l-mut. 2. teggef. They've condemned this building. teggfu had le-bni. condition - 1. hala pl. -t, hal pl.

hwal. You're in no condition to go out. nta haltek ma-ši d-le-xruž.

-The house is in poor condition.
d-dar haletha hala. -The rug is in good condition. z-zerbiya f-hala mezyana. 2. šert pl. šrut, šurut.
I accept all your conditions for the sale. ana qbelt š-šurut dyalek kollhom fe-l-bi&a.

**I won't go on any condition. $\mathcal{E}la\ kolli\ hal\ ma-nem \&i-\&.$ --He keeps his things in good condition. $ka-ithella\ fe-hway \&u.$

conduct - sira. Your conduct is disgraceful. sirtek the § § ēm.

to conduct - 1. siyyer. Who's going to conduct the orchestra? skun lli gadi isiyyer l-žewq?

2. wessel. Metal conducts heat better than wood. le-hdid ka-iwessel le-hmaya hsen men l-Eud.

**She conducts herself like a lady. sirtha sirt lallat le-Eyalat. conductor - 1. muraqib. Did the conductor punch your ticket? was l-muraqib Eellem n-nfula dyalek?

2. ra?is pl. ru?asa. Where is the conductor of the orchestra? fayn r-ra?is de-l-žewq?

conference - mo?tamar pl. -at.
to confess - 1. Etaref. I confess
that I haven't read it yet.

ka-nectaref bin baqı ma-qritha-s.
2. gerr. The defendant confessed.
l-medci gerr.

confession - gerran.

confidence = tiqa. I have confidence
in him. ana \(\xi \) endi t-tiqa fih.
 **He told it to me in confidence.

qalha-li bini u-binu.

confident - myeqqen. I'm confident that it will turn out all right. ana myeqqen ikun f-?aman llah.

to confirm - 1. heggeq. Hasn't the news been confirmed yet? was ma-zal ma-heggqu le-xbar? 2. tebbet. That only confirms my faith in him. had s-si gir ka-itebbet tiqti fih. conflict - xilaf.

to conflict - txalef. These two reports conflict. had t-tegrirat b-žuž ka-itxalfu.

to confuse - 1. heyyer. His talk confused me. klamu heyyerni.

2. tšebbeh-lu. I confused you with someone else. tšebbehti-li b-ši-wahed axor.

confusion - 1. terwina. That's going to cause a lot of confusion. had s-si ga-yeemel bezzaf de-t-terwina. 2. rebla pl. -t, rbali. He escaped in the confusion. hreb men lli kanet r-rebla.

to congratulate - henna. Let me congratulate you on your birthday. ka-nhennik b-Eid l-milad dyalek.

congratulation - tehniya pl. -t.
 **Congratulations! mbarek mes Eud!
to connect - laqa. Connect these
 wires to the battery. laqi kad
 s-sluka m Ea l-batariya.

connection - 1. mEerfa pl. -t,
mEaref. He has very good connections. huwa Eendu mEaref mezyana.
2. munasaba. In what connection did he mention it? Ela §-men

munasaba qalha? 3. muwasala pl. -t. The connections with that town are poor. l-muwasalat m&a dik le-mdina s&ab. 4. tebdil l-qitar. I missed a train connection in Casablanca. ana fellett tebdil l-qitar fe-d-dar l-bida.

to conquer - fteh.

conscience - qelb. I have a clear conscience. ana qelbi şafi.

conscientious - b-niytu. He's a conscientious worker. huwa xeddam b-niytu.

conscious - 1. wa&i. I wasn't conscious of it. ma-kont-& wa&i biha.
2. fayeq. Doctor, is he conscious? ya doktur, wa& huwa fayeq?

consent - qbul, qabul. They sold the

house without my consent. ba&u d-dar bla le-qbul dyali.

to consent - qbel. He consented to stay. qbel ibqa.

consequence - natiža pl. -t, nata?iž; Eaqiba pl -t, Eawaqib. I'm afraid of the consequences. ana xayef men l-Eawaqib.

conservative - muhafid.

to consider - 1. Saf i suf. We have to consider the problem from every angle. xessna nsufa l-muskila men koll ziha. 2. xemmem f-. I'll consider it. qad-nxemmem fiha.
3. Etaber. I consider him an able chemist. ka-neEtabru kimawi Eendu meqdura.

**He never considers other people. huwa ma-Eemmru ka-iddiha f-nas Arin. considerable - Edim pl. Edam. That's a considerable sum. hada mebleg Edim.

to consist - trekkeb. That drug consisted of three poisonous substances. dak d-dwa kan metrekkeb men tlata de-l-mawadd de-s-semm.

consistent - tabet. He isn't very consistent in his work. ma-huwa-ši tabet fe-xdemtu.

conspiracy = dasisa pl. -t, dasayes,
 dsayes.

constant - dayem. He's in constant danger. huwa f-xatar dayem. constantly - bla hbis. bla hsir

constantly - bla hbis, bla hsir, dima.

constitution - 1. destur pl. -at. The

king signed a new constitution last year. l-malik nezzel xett yeddu Ela wahed d-destur ždid l-Eam lli fat. 2. xelqa. He has a very strong constitution. l-xelqa dyalu shiha bezzaf.

to construct - bna ibni. construction - benyan.

consul - qunsu pl. qwansa.

consulate - quisuliya.

to consult - šawer. You should have consulted us. kan xessek tšawerna.

to consume - 1. Steb. My car consumes a lot of gas. t-tumubil dyali katesfreb bezzaf de-l-lisans. 2. kla yakol. How much meat do you consume a year? Shal de-l-lhem ka-takol fe-l-Eam?

consumption - 1. stihlak. Consumption has gone up fifty percent. s-stihlak tlee xemsin f-le-mya.

2. sell, merd s-sder. He has consumption. huwa fih s-sell.

contact - ttişal pl. -at. I've made several new contacts. Emelt Eadad d-le-ttişalat ždad.

**He's never been in contact with foreigners. huwa ma-femmru ttasel mfa l-berraniyin.

to contact - ttasel b-. I'll contact you as soon as I arrive. ana gir newsel u-nttasel bik.

to contain - (kan ikun) fih, rfed.

That trunk contains only clothing.
had ssenduq ma-fih gir le-hwayež.
container - ma£un pl. mwa£en.

contempt - hogra.

content - 1. lli fih. The alcholic
content is small. l-alkul lli fih
sgir. 2. ferhan. He was content
with what we gave him. kan ferhan
b-dak \(\frac{5}{2}\)-\frac{5}{2}ili \(\frac{7}{2}\)-\frac{1}{2}inah.

contents - lli fih. Dissolve the contents of the package in one glass of water. hell lli f-had l-bakit f-kas de-l-ma.

table of contents - fehrisa pl. fhares.

contest - mubara pl. -t.

to contest - nazec. They're contesting the will. ka-inazeu l-wasiya.

continual - $mettabe \in$, dayem. continually - dima.

to continue - zad izid. Let's continue with our work. yallah nzidu fe-xdemtna. --We'll continue our discussion tomorrow. gedda nzidu fe-l-mudakara dyalna. --Continue, I'm listening to you. zid, ana kantsennet-lek. --I want to continue on to Fez. bagi nzid hetta l-fas. contract - Eeqda pl. -t, Eqad.

to contract - 1. qesser. Heat expands, cold contracts. le-hma ka-ituwwel u-l-brudiya ka-tqesser.

2. tqesser. The metal must have contracted. rebbama l-meEden tqesser.

3. tteEqed. They've contracted to put up the building in five months. ttEeqdu bas itellEu le-bni f-xems shur.

4. šebber.

1've contracted pneumonia. šebbert merd ž-ženb.

contractor - tašrun pl. -at. to contradict - xalef, keddeb.

contradictory - mxalef. We've heard the most contradictory talk about it. sme&na klam mxalef bezzaf &liha.

contrary - meekkes. She's very contrary. hiya meekksa bezzaf.

contrary to - dedd. That's contrary to our agreement. had §-§i dedd le-mwafqa dyalna.

on the contrary $-be-l-\xi eks$. contrast -ferg. There's a big con-

trast between the two brothers. kayen ferq kbir bin l-xut b-žuž. to contrast - qabel. He contrasted the programs of the two parties. gabel baramiž le-hzab b-žuž. to contrast with - xalef mEa. These red flowers contrast well with the white ones. had n-nuwwar lehmer ka-ixalfu mezyan mEa l-buyed. to contribute - 1. therre ϵ b-. Have you contributed anything to the fund? waš tberre€ti b-ši haža €el le-frida? 2. zad izid f-. This noise just contributes to the confusion. had s-sdat gir ka-izid fel-haraž. control - hokm, hkam. The children are getting beyond my control. ddrari xaržin Ela hkami. **He lost control of the car. $\dot{g}elbet \in lih t-tumubil.$ --- He always

has himself under control. huwa dima galeb nefsu. -- Everything is under control. koll-ši fe-l-gaya

u-n-nihaya.

to control - mlek, rageb. He controls sixty percent of the business. kaimlek settin f-le-mya de-l-haraka. to control oneself - gleb nefsu, šebber rașu.

convenience - suhula pl. -t. Our new apartment has every modern convenience. s-sekna dyalna ž-ždida Eendha gaE s-suhulat l-Eesrivin.

**Call me at your earliest convenience. Eeyyet-li f-?ewwel wegt mnaseb.

convenient - mwafeq, mnaseb. convention - mužtama£ pl. -at.

conventional - 1. $mtebbe \in l-Eada$. She's very conventional. hiya mtebb ξa l- ξada bezzaf. 2. ξadi . prefer the conventional method. ana hsen-li t-tariga l-Eadiya.

conversation - mudakara pl. -t. convict - mesžun pl msažen.

to convict - tebbet. He was convicted of murder. tebbtu Elih le-

to convince - dexxel fe-r-ras. You can't convince me of that. maimken-lek-š ddexxel dak š-ši f-rași.

convinced - myeggen. I'm convinced she's innocent. and myeggen bin hiya barya.

cook - tebbax pl. -a (m.); tebbaxa tebbaxa pl. -t (f.). She's the best cook we ever had. hadı ?ehsen tebbaxa lli tehna Eliha.

**Too many cooks spoil the broth. yeddi u-yedd l-qabla, ka-ixrež lehrami Ewer.

to cook - tiyyeb. cookie - helwa pl. hlawi, hlawat, halawat. cool - 1. bared. Keep it in a cool place. xelliha f-maḥell bared. 2. xfif pl. xfaf. Wait until I get into something cooler. tsenna hetta nelbes ši-haža xfifa. **It gets pretty cool here towards evening. l-hal ka-ibred šwiya hnaya f-le-Ešiya. --I tried to keep cool hawelt nšebber rasi. to cool - 1. bred. Don't let this soup cool too much. ma-txelli-š had le-hrira tebred bezzaf. 2. berred. Take these bottles and cool them. xud had r-rdayem u-berredhom. coop - qfez pl. qfaz, qfuza. to coop up - hbes. I don't want to keep the children cooped up in the house all day long. ana ma-bagi-š nehbes d-drari fe-d-dar n-nhar kollu. cooper - qebbab pl. -a, qbaybi pl. co-operation - mEawna. Can we count on your co-operation? was imkenlna ntwekklu Eel le-mEawna dyalkom?

copper - nhas. coppersmith - swayni pl. -ya

copy - nesxa pl. -t, nsaxi. I made a copy of the letter. Emelt nesxa d-le-bra.

to copy - 1. nsex. Copy the letter carefully. nsex le-bra be-ttedgiq. 2. neggel. She copies the clothes that she sees in the movies. ka-tneqqel le-hwayež lli ka-tšuf f-l-aflam.

cord - 1. qennba pl. -t coll. qenneb. The cord isn't long enough for me to tie up the package with. ma-katqeddni-š l-qennba baš nehzem rrezma. 2. xit pl. xyut. We'll have to get a new cord for the iron. xessna ndebbru Ela xit ždid l-leblanša.

Cordova - gortuba. coriander - qeşbur, qeşbur. cork - feršiya pl. -t coll. ferši. corn - 1. dra (grain). 2. meşmar pl.

msamer (on foot).

corner - 1. gent pl. qnut (internal or external). 2. rokna pl. rkani (internal).

corporal - kabran pl. -at. corpse - gnaza pl. gnayez; žetta pl. -t; miyyet pl. muta.

correct - shih pl. shah. to correct - sleh.

correction - islah pl. -at. to correspond - 1. naseb. The translation doesn't correspond to the original. t-teržama ma-mnasba-š m£a l-asili. 2. tkateb. We've been corresponding with each other for six years. hadi sett snin u-hna ka-ntkatbu.

correspondence - murasala, mkatba. correspondent - murasil pl. -in. corridor - setwan pl. stawen. cost - taman pl. -at.

at any cost - baš-emma kan.

to cost - 1. swa iswa. How much does this one cost? Shal ka-teswa hadi? 2. tah itih. That will cost him dearly. hadik gadi ttih-lu galya.

cottage - dwira.

cotton - qten, qton.

couch - seddari pl. sdader.

cough - kehba pl. -t; kehha pl. -t; se€la pl. -t.

to cough - kheb, kehh, séel.

counsel - 1. nasiha pl. -t, nasayeh.

Let me give you some good counsel.

xellini neétik ši-nasiha mezyana.

2. muhami pl. -yin. Who is their

counsel in the case? škun huwa

l-muhami dyalhom fe-l-qadiya?

count - hsab pl. -at. The count has
not yet been made. le-hsab ma-zal
ma-tte\(\xi\)mel.

to count - hseb.

to count on - Eewwel Ela.

counter = baset pl. bwaset. Don't
 stand in front of the counter. ma tewqef-* qbalt l-baset.

counterfeit - mauwwer.

to counterfeit - zuwwer.

country - 1. blad pl. beldan, boldan.

I've seen many countries. šeft
bezzaf de-l-boldan. 2. Erubiya,
badiya. They want to move to the
country. huma bagyin ithewwlu lle-Erubiya. --That's beautiful
country. walayenni hadi badiya
mezyana.

courage - režla, ržuliya, šžaća.

course - 1. triq pl. torqan. The

plane is holding a straight course.

t-tiyara tabća triq mserrha --The

river has changed its course. l
mad beddel t-triq dyalu. 2. makla

pl. -t. The dinner had four

courses. kanu f-le-čša rebća de-l
maklat. 3. ders pl. durus. What

courses did you take? š-men durus

xditi?

of course - $me \in lum$.

court - 1. mehkama pl. -t. How many judges are there in this court?
\$hal de-l-qodya kaynin f-had l-mehkama?
2. mrah. We have two

rooms opening on the court. Eendna žuž d-le-byut Eatyin Eel le-mrah.

3. hašiya. The ambassador has not yet been received at court. s-safir ma-zal ma-tteqbel fe-l-hašiya.

4. saha pl. -t. The court is still too muddy for them to play in. s-saha baqa mģiyysa u-ma-imken-lhom-šileEbu fiha.

to court - zellel. He's been courting her for quite some time. šella hadi u-huwa ka-izellelha. courteous - ltif pl. ltaf.

courtesy - swab.

cousin - weld (m.) or bent (f.) used in construct with Eemm, Eemma, xal, or xala, depending on the specific relationship (father's brother's son, etc.).

cover - 1. ½ta pl. -wat. I didn't have enough cover last night. l-bareh ma-qeddetni-š le-ġta. --Where are the covers for these boxes? fayn le-ġtawat dyal had ş-ṣnadeq?
2. ġlaf pl. -at. Who took the cover off this book? škun lli heyyed le-ġlaf men had le-ktab?

**I read this book from cover to cover. qrit had le-ktab men l-luwwel l-l-axir. --Take cover! xzen rasek!

to cover - 1. getta. They covered our roof with tile. gettaw stahna be-l-germud. --Everything is covered with snow. koll-ši mģeļļi b-telž. 2. ģellef. We covthe sofa with cretonne. gellefna s-seddari b-šit. 3. dmen. This check is covered. had š-šik medmun. 4. fesser. I believe that you've covered all the questions. bin fesserti l-9as9ila kollhom. 5. qteE. We covered the distance in three hours. $qte \in na$ l-masaha f-felt swayeE.

**Is your house covered by insurance? was darek msugra? ---What territory do you cover? f- as men nahiya ka-texdem?

to cover up - getta. Cover me up! gettini!

to cover up for - ster. Did you cover up for me? was stertini?

cow - begra pl. -t coll. bger.

coward - xuwwaf pl. -in.

cozy - mriyyeh. What a cozy room!

walayenni bit mriyyeh hada!

crab - Eeqrisa pl. -t, Eqares; bužniba pl. -t.

**He's an old crab. huwa bhal l-Eetrus.

crack - 1. šegga pl. -t, šgayeg,

šqeq, šquq; coll. šeqq. The crack in the dam is getting wider. ššeqqa fe-s-sedd ka-tewsa£.

--There's a crack in the glass.
kayna wahed š-šeqqa fe-z-zaž.
2. teqtiq. I thought I heard the crack of a rifle. dher-li sme£t
t-teqtiq de-mkohla.

at the crack of dawn - f-le-fžer.
to crack - l. herres. I'll crack
the nuts. ana gad-nherres lgerga£. 2. ttšeqq. The glass
cracked when I poured the hot water
in it. l-kas ttseqq men-lli kebbit
fih l-ma sxun.

to crack jokes - tleq xrayef, tmelleg.

cradle - kuna pl. -t.

to cram - xša ixši. He crammed everything into one trunk. xša koll-ši f-senduq wahed.

cramp - hebsa pl. -t. I have a cramp
in my leg. Eendi hebsa f-sagi.
cranky - (lli) ka-itqelleq, kaithiyvež.

crane - 1. ģernuq pl. ģraneq (bird).
2. buži pl. bwaža (machine).

to crash - tah itih One of the planes crashed into the sea. wehda men t-tiyarat tahet f-le-bher.

crawl - hba yehbu.

**The shop was crawling with ants.
l-hanut kan ka-igli be-n-nmel.
crayfish - qemruna pl. -t coll. qemrun.
crazy - 1. hmeq pl. humeq. He was
crazy, that's why they put him in
the asylum. kan hmeq, biha bas
dexxluh fe-l-merstan. 2. mfelles.
That's a crazy ida! fikra mfellsa
hadi!

to **creak** - zwa izwi. Shut the door so it won't creak. sedd l-bab baš ma-dzwi-ši.

cream - 1. frara. We make butter from from the cream. ka-nsawbu z-zebda men le-frara. 2. dehna. Put some of this cream on your hands and they won't hurt any more. dir ši-šwiya d-had d-dehna Ela yeddik u-ma-ibgaw-š iderruk. 3. semni. The walls are cream colored. lun le-hyut semni.

the cream of the crop - xyar ma $fe-l-\dot{g}ella$.

to create - 1. xleq. God created the world. xleq !lah d-denya.

2. xtare£. We have to create a new position for him. xessna nextar£u-lu blasa ždida.

**The incident created a lot of excitement. l-hadita kanet s-sabab d-bezzaf de-l-haraž.

creature = mexluq pl. -at.
credit = telq. We can buy the furniture on credit. imken-lna nešriw
l-?atat be-t-telq.

**He likes to take credit for what somebody else does. huwa ka-iftaxer be-dyal giru. --I did the work and he got the credit. ana Emelt l-xedma u-huwa dda le-fdel.

creditor - mul d-din, şaḥeb d-din. crew - ferga pl. -t.

crib - 1. meElef pl. mEalef. Did you put hay in the crib? was hettiti t-tben fe-l-meElef? 2. fras pl. -at. Our boy is getting too big for his crib. weldna ma-bqa-s iži qeddu frasu.

crime - žarima pl. -t, žrayem. criminal - mužrim pl. -in.

cripple - meEtub.

to cripple - Eetteb. crisis - 1. šedda (physical).

2. asma (political). 3. ksad (commercial).

crisp - 1. mgermel. The bread is
fresh and crisp. l-xobz ždid
u-mgermel. 2. bared šwiya. The
weather is a bit crisp tonight.
l-hal bared šwiya had l-lila.

to criticize - Eeyyeb Ela. to crochet - gzel be-l-mextaf.

crockery - bdie.

crocodile - temsah pl. -at, tmaseh. crocus - ze&fran.

crooked - 1. meewwez. This pin is crooked. had le-fnita meewwza.

2. xettaf pl. -a. All those people are crooked. duk n-nas kollhom xettafa.

crop - saba. The farmers expect a good crop this year. l-fellaha mwekklin Ela saba mezyana had l-Eam.

cross - 1. slib pl. sclban. Do you see the church with the big cross on the steeple? was ka-tsuf le-knisiya lli Eendha s-slib le-kbir Eel l-borz? 2. ġedban. He's cross today. huwa ġedban l-yum.

to cross - 1. qtec. Cross the street at the green light. qtec t-triq fe-d-du le-xder. 2. tlaqa. The two principal avenues cross in front of the post office. ka-itlaqaw le-mhažž le-kbar b-žuž qbalt l-buṣṭa.

to cross out - dreb Ela. Cross out the things you don't want. dreb Eel le-hwayež lli ma-bagi-š

to cross one's mind - ža iži
f-balu. It never crossed my mind
that he would oppose me. Eemmerni
ma-žani f-bali bin iEaredni.
crossed-eyed - hwel pl. hiwel.

crow - ġrab pl. -at, ġorban, ġrobba.

to crow - wedden. I woke up when
the rooster crowed. ana feqt men-lli
wedden l-ferruž.
crowd - ġaši, sham.
crown - taž pl. tižan.
crude - l. xšin pl. xšan. That man
is just a bit crude! ražel xšin

crude - 1. xšin pl. xšan. That man is just a bit crude! ražel xšin šwiya hada! 2. qbih pl. qbah. That was a crude remark! kanet mulahada qbiha hadi!

cruel - gașeķ.

cruelty - qşuha, qşuhiya, qşuhiyt l-qelb.

crumb - tfertita.

to crush - 1. dget. You're crushing my hat. nta ka-ddget s-semrir dyali.

2. mees. Careful, you're crushing the eggs. Eendak, nta ka-temees l-bid.

3. hettem. He was crushed by the news. huwa hetmatu le-xbar. crust - qesra.

crutch - Eokkaz pl. Ekakez.

cry - guta pl. -t. Then we heard a loud cry. u-men be&d sme&na wahed l-guta kbira.

a far cry from - béid men. Your story is a far cry from the truth. le-hkaya dyalek béida men l-haqiqa. to cry - bka ibki.

cucumber - feggusa pl. -t coll. feggus. culture - tameddun.

cultured - mteqqef, qari. She's a cultured woman. hiya mra mteqqfa. cunning - hili, mtuwwer.

cup - 1. taṣa pl. -t. Is there any coffee left in your cup? waš ma-zal kayna ši-qehwa fe-t-taṣa dyalek?
2. kas pl. kisan. Who won the cup? škun lli rbeh l-kas?

cuphoard - xzana pl. -t, xzayen. cure - dwa pl. -yat, duyan, adwiya.

There is no cure for cancer. ma-kayen-š dwa l-l-merd s-saratan.

to cure - dawa. They cured him in two months. dawaweh f-sehrayn. curfer men£ t-tažewwol.

curiosity = 1. hobb l-meErifa
 (intellectual). 2. fdul (indiscrete,
 prying).

curious - 1. fduli (indiscrete, prying). 2. grib pl. gribin, grab. What a curious looking man! walayenni grib had r-ražel!

currant - zbiba rumya pl. zbibat rumyin coll. zbib rumi.

current - 1. zerraf (de-l-ma). He got caught in the current. help fe-z-zerraf. 2. du, kehraba. The (electric) current has been turned off. tteqte d-du. 3. žari. Have you paid the bill for the current

month yet? waš xellesti le-hsab de-š-šher ž-žari wella ma-zal? curry - kerkub.

curse - $le \in na$ pl. -t.

to curse - leen, xța ixți f-, dea idei ela.

curtain - xamiya pl. xwami.

curtain rod - qtib (pl. qetban, qtayeb) de-l-xamiya.

curve - dura pl. -t. There are many
curves in this road. kaynin bezzaf
de-d-durat f-had t-triq.

to curve - dur idur. The road curves around the town. t-triq ka-ddur Eel le-mdina.

cushion = mxedda pl. -t, mxadd, mxayed; xeddiya pl. -t, xdadi.

custody - 1. hdaya (of children).

2. hebs (arrest).

custom - qa&ida pl. -t, qwa&ed, qawa&id; &ada pl. -t, &wayed. customary - &adi, fe-l-&ada.

customs - diwana pl. -t. Do we have
to pay customs on this? was lazemna
nxellsu heqq d-diwana Ela hadi?
customs inspection - teftis

d-diwana.

cut - žerha pl. -t, žrahi. The cut
is nearly healed. ž-žerha griba
tebra.

to cut - 1. qtec. Cut the bread please. qtec l-xobz Eafak.

2. žreh. I cut my finger. žreht sba£i.

3. tivyeh. We're going to

cut these prices next month. had t-tamanat gad-ntiyyhuhom š-šher ž-žay. 4. nges men. His salary was cut. negsu men ižartu.

5. hsek. Haven't you cut the grass yet? was bagi ma-hsekti-s r-rbi??

**During the whole term he cut
only two classes. moddet l-feşl
kollu huwa bettel gir žuž de-d-duruş.

to cut across - qte\(\xi\). He cut across the field. qte\(\xi\) l-feddan. to cut down - 1. qte\(\xi\). These

trees will have to be cut down. had $\tilde{s}-\tilde{s}\tilde{z}er$ xesshom ittqet $\tilde{\epsilon}u$.

2. nqes men. We'll have to cut our expenses down. xessna nneqsu men sayerna.

to cut off - qteE.

to cut out - meqqes. I'm going to cut the picture out. gad-nmeqqes t-teswira.

**Cut it out! xlas men hadi!
to cut short - nges men. We had
to cut our trip short. tlezzemna
nneqsu men s-sfer dyalna.

**He cut me short. xtef menni

le-klam.

to cut through - tgeb. You've

cut through the lining. tqebti t-tebtin.

to cut up - qṣem. Cut it up into four pieces. qṣemha \mathcal{E} la reb \mathcal{E} a de-t-traf.

cute - drif pl. draf, driyyef.
cutlet - deléa pl. dlué. I want the
cutlet to be well done. bġit
d-deléa tkun tayba šwiya.
cylinder - žeéba pl. -t, žéab.

D

dad(dy) - bba, baba. Is your dad
home, Ali? bbak fe-ddar a Eli?
daffodil - neržis.

dagger - xenžar pl. xnažer, kommiya
pl. -t, kwami.

daily - 1. fe-n-nhar. The mail is delivered twice daily. le-brawat ka-itferrqu merrtayn fe-n-nhar.
2. koll nhar. That's a daily occurrence around here. had š-ši ka-yuge hnaya koll nhar.

daily (paper) - žarida yumiya. Our town has only one daily paper. mdintna ma-Eendha gir žarida wehda yumiya.

dam - sedd pl. sdud. The dam is broken. s-sedd metferge E.

damage - xaṣara, darar. How much
 damage has been done? šhal de-l?xaṣara weq€et?

damages - xsayer. He had to pay damages. lezzmuh i Eewwed le-xsayer.

to damage - xesser. The storm damaged the roof. l-hemla xessret s-steh.

Damascene - dimešqi.

Damascus - dimešą.

damn - melčun. Throw that damn cat
out! rmi dak l-gett l-melčun berra!

**I don't give a damn what he says. w-ana ka-nddiha fe-klamu?

damn it! - xzit! ixzit! Damn(it), I have to go. ixzit, xeşşni nemši. to damn - sxeţ. I'll be damned if I do it! ana mesxuţ la dertha!

damp - mtebbeb. Don't lean against
 that wall, it's damp. la-ttekka-š
 Ela dak l-hit, rah mtebbeb.

to get damp - fzeg. Everything gets damp in the cellar. koll haža ka-tefzeg fe-d-dehliz.

dampness - rtuba, bruda.
dance - 1. šetha, štih. May I have
the next dance? waš tsemhi-li
be-š-šetha ž-žayya? 2. štih. Are
you going to the dance? waš ġadi
le-š-štih?

to dance - šteh. They danced until midnight. bqaw ka-išethu hetta

l-ness l-lil.
dancer = šettah pl. -a. The dancers
will begin their performance at
eight o'clock. š-šettaha gadi
ibdaw fe-t-tmenya.

**He's a good dancer. ka-yefref išteh mezyan.

dandelion - asra.

danger - xatar. The doctor says she is out of danger now. qal-lek t-tbib daba mentet men l-xatar.

--He's in danger of losing his job. xdemtu raha f-xatar.

dangerous - xaţir. Is it dangerous to swim here? waš l-Eewm hnaya xaţir?

to dare - 1. qedd. I didn't dare leave the baby alone. ma-qeddit-s nxelli t-terbya whedha. 2. zeem. I don't dare tell him. ma-ka-nezeem-s ngulha-lu.

**Don't you dare! Eendak!
--Don't you dare take it! ila kont:
slib xudha! --How dare you open my
mail? \$-binek u-bin brawat: thellhom?

dark - 1. dlem. The road is hard to find in the dark. sib ilqa l-wahed t-triq fe-d-dlem. 2. medlam. I couldn't find my seat because the room was dark. ma-žbert-ši rhebti hit l-bit kan medlam. 3. megluq. I want a darker color. bgit lun megluq Ela hada.

to get dark - dlam. In summer it gets dark late. fe-s-sif l-hal ka-idlam meettel.

to keep (someone) in the dark - xebbe \(\xi\) la. Don't keep me in the dark! la-txebbe \(\xi\) say \(\xi\) liya.

darling - Eziz bezzaf. He's his mother's darling. huwa Eziz Ela mmu bezzaf.

to darn - reqqee. Did you darn my socks? was reqqeeti tqasri?

**He knew darn little about it.

xlaş, ma-Eref gir swiya Ela dak s-si.
--I'll be darned if that isn't
Mustafa' rani kafer ila ma-tşab-si
hadak moştafa! --I don't give a

darn about it! aš Eendi fiha?

--Darn it! Where's my tie? fayn
le-xṣara de-l-gerfaṭa dyali?

dash - 1. šerṭa pl. šraṭi. Put a dash
after the first word. heṭṭ šerṭa
men be∈d l-kelma l-luwla. 2. teftifa

ash - 1. set to the set to the data after the first word. hett šerta men be de l-kelma l-luwla. 2. teftifa pl. tfatef. All it needs is a dash of salt. ma-xessha gir ši-teftifa d-le-mleh.

to dash - 1. neqqez. He grabbed his coat and dashed for the door. xtef l-kebbut dyalu u-neqqez l-l-bab. 2. rma irmi. He came right to when I dashed some water in his face. faq değya değya melli rmit šwiya de-l-ma Ela wežhu.

to dash off - mša imši be-z-zerba.

Before I could answer, he dashed off. mša be-z-zerba qbel-ma mken-li nžaweb.

dashboard - tablu t-tumubil pl. tabluyat t-tumubil.

date - 1. temra pl. tmer. How much are dates by the kilo? be-shal t-tmer l-kilu? 2. tarix. On what date did your brother leave for America? fe-smen tarix safer xak l-?amirika? 3. mi£ad pl. -at. I have a date for lunch today. £endi mi£ad l-yum f-le-gda. 4. weqt pl. wqat. You set the date! nta £eyyen l-weqt.

**What's the date today? *hal mEana l-yum?

out-of-date - zemni. These machines are out of date. had l-makinat zemniyat.

to date - l-daba. We haven't heard from him to date. l-daba ma-wselna mennu hetta xbar.

up-to-date - 1. weqti. Her clothes are always up-to-date. hwayežha dima weqtiyen. 2. mtebbeć. I'm not up-to-date on this matter. ana mamtebbeć-š had l-qadiya.

to date - 1. turex. The letter is dated June 6th. le-bra mturxa nhar setta yunyu. 2. ržeć. The oldest house in town dates from the 17th century. ?eqdem dar f-le-mdina ka-teržeć l-l-gern s-sbećtaš.

date-palm, date-tree - nexla pl. nexlat coll. nxel.

daughter - bent pl. bnat.

daughter-in-law - mert l-weld pl. Eyalat le-wlad, Eyalat l-weld;

Erusa pl. Erayes.
dawn - fžer. We had to get up at dawn. konna melsumin baš nnudu fe-l-fžer.

to dawn on - ban iban l-. It finally dawned on me what he meant.

f-l-axer Ead ban-li Se-bga iqul.

day - 1. nhar pl. -at, nhayer. He's
been sleeping all day. n-nhar kollu
u-huwa naEes. 2. yum pl. iyam,
iyamat. He's seen better days.
dazet Elih iyam hsen men hadi.
3. weqt. He's had his day. fat
weqtu.

**Tuesday is my day off. ana kanriyyeh nhar tlata.

a day - fe-n-nhar. Three times a day. tlata de-l-merrat fe-n-nhar.

--He earns forty dirhams a day. ka-işewwer rebein derhem fe-n-nhar.

**Let's call it a day! iwa nhebsu hnaya l-yum.

by the day - 1. koll nhar. He gets fresher by the day. ka-dzid fih d-dsara koll nhar. 2. be-n-nhar. You can rent this room by the day. imken-lek tekri had l-bit be-n-nhar.

day after day - nhar Ela nhar.

Day after day he tells us the same old story. nhar Ela nhar ka-iEawedna dak le-xrafa l-bayta. --Day after day his condition is improving. haltu ka-dzyan nhar Ela nhar.

day in, day out - n-nhar Ela xah. They fed us beans day in, day out. kanu ka-iwekkluna l-lubya n-nhar Ela xah.

every day - koll nhar. He works every day except Sunday. ka-ixdem koll nhar men gir l-hedd.

from day to day - men nhar le-nhar. It's getting worse from day to day. ka-dzid tkeffes men nhar le-nhar.

one of these days - 1. \$i-nhar.

I'll drop by your house one of these days. \$i-nhar ġadi nži l-Eendkom.

2. \$i-yum. One of these days you'll be sorry. \$i-yum men l-iyam ġadi tendem.

(the) day after tomorrow - beed gedda. He's leaving the day after tomorrow. gadi imši beed gedda.

the other day - dak n-nhar. I met him the other day. teareft meah dak n-nhar.

these days - had l-iyam. Prices are very high these days. had l-iyam t-tamanat teleet.

daybreak - tlue n-nhar.

dazed - dehšan. He seemed completely dazed. dher dehšan tamamen.

dead - miyyet adj. pl. miyytin, n. pl.
muta. They buried their dead.
defnu l-muta dyalhom. --His father
is dead. bbah miyyet.

**He brought the car to a dead stop. hbes t-tumubil tamamen. ---I'm in dead earnest about it. hadi

niyti be-l-mufid. —It happened in the dead of night. Frat f-ness l-lil. —That's been dead and buried a long time. had \$-\$i tteqte\(\xi\)-lu r-ras \(\xi\)hal hadi. —The fire is dead. \(\lambda\)-\(\xi\)fat.

dead broke - mezlut. I'm dead broke. r-ana mezlut.

dead certain - mheqqeq tamamen. I'm dead certain I put it there. ana mheqqeq tamamen billa hettitha temma.

dead-end street - derb ma-kaixerrež-š pl. druba ma-ka-ixerrzu. This is a dead-end street. had d-derb ma-ka-ixerrež-š.

deadly - lli ka-iqtel. This poison is deadly. had s-semm ka-iqtel. deaf - treš pl. tureš, teršin; smek pl. sumek. He's completely deaf.

huwa treš tamamen.

**He's deaf to all requests.

ma-ka-iqbel hetta talab. --He can
talk you deaf, dumb, and blind!
rah iseddeek.

to deafen - şemmek, țerres. The noise is deafening. ş-şda£ ka-iţerres.

deal - 1. bi&a-u-šerya pl bi&at-ušeryat. He made a lot of money on that deal walayenni šhal de-l-flus &melf-dakl-bi&a-u-š-šerya. 2. demsa. Whose deal is it? fe-mmen d-demsa?

**He got a raw deal. tEeddaw Elih. --All I want is a square deal. ma-ka-ntleb gir heqqi.

a good deal - bezzaf. He smokes a good deal. ka-ikmi bezzaf.

a great deal - qder kbir, ši-kbir. There's a great deal to be done yet. ma-zal qder kbir xesşu itteEmel.

to deal - ferreq. Who dealt (the cards)? Skun lli ferreq l-karta?

to deal with - 1. teelleq b.

The book deals with labor problems.

le-ktab ka-iteelleq b-mašakil

l-commal. 2. teamel mea. He deals
directly with the company. ka-iteamel
b-rasu mea š-šarika.

to deal fairly with - t sewweb mEa. He dealt fairly with me. t sewweb mEaya.

dealer - 1. biyya E-ušerray pl. biyya Eau-šerraya, tažer pl. tožžar, džar (merchant). 2. ferraq l-karta pl. ferraqa l-karta (cards).

dear - Eziz pl. Ezizin, Ezaz. His sister is very dear to him. xtu Eziza Elih bezzaf.

oh dear - ya latif. Oh dear, we'll be late again! ya latif gad nweşlu meettlin tani.

death - mut. His death was announced in the newspapers. l-žaridat xebbret be-l-mut dyalu. --That carries the death penalty. dak š-ši ka-iteb&u le-hkam be-l-mut.

**You'll catch your death of cold.

mta gad-tmut be-r-rwah. --He'll be
the death of me yet. hada gad-ihlekni.
--Don't work yourself to death.

ma-tehlek-š rașek be-l-xedma.

debate - mlažža pl. -t, munaqaša pl. -t, mužadala pl. -t, muhažaža pl. -t, niqaš, židal. The debate in the city council went on for hours. l-munaqaša talet swaye£ fe-l-mežlis l-baladi.

to debate - lažež, naqeš, žadel. The question was debated for a long time. l-qadiya tnaqšet modda twila. twila.

to debate with oneself - tšawer m£a raşu. I debated with myself whether or not to go. tšawert m£a raşi waš nemši wella la.

debt - din pl. dyun. This payment settles your debt. had le-xlas seffa d-din lli Elik.

in debt - be-d-din, be-d-dyunat. Is he still in debt? was huwa ma-zal be-d-din? --He's up to his ears in debt. huwa gareq fe-d-dyunat. --They were always in debt. dima kan Elihom d-din.

debtor - medyun pl. -in, medyan pl. -in. pl. medyanin.

decay - 1. (physical) susa. Decay set in rapidly. s-susa dexlet degya.
2. (social) fsad, nhilal.

decayed - msewwes, fased, menhell.

The root is decayed. Ž-žder msewwes.

deceit - ģešš, xdi£a pl. xdaye£, xda£,

deceitful - ġeššaš. He's very deceitful. huwa ġeššaš kbir.

to deceive - xiyyeb d-denn, gder, gerr b-. Appearances are deceiving. d-dwaher ka-ixiyybu d-denn. --His wife is deceiving him. mratu ka-tgedru. --He deceived us. gerr bina.

December - dužanbir.

šemta.

decency - swab. It's common decency to answer letters promptly. men s-swab l-wahed ižaweb degya Eel le-brawat.

decent - 1. fih le-hya, heššumi,
ka-ihšem. He's a decent fellow.
huwa wahed r-ražel ka-ihšem.
2. mwalem, mnaseb. He makes a decent
living. ka-isewwer & iša mwalma.

to decide - 1. Esem. I decided to stay. ana Esemt bas nebga. 2. fsel.

He's the one to decide the case between them. huwa lli ifsel l-qadiya binathom. 3. fedda b-. What did you decide on? b-aš fedditi?
4. qtee r-ras l-. It isn't easy to decide that question. dak l-qadiya ma-ši sahla itteqtee-lha rasha.

decided - bayen, wadeh. There's a decided difference between him and his brother. kayen ferq wadeh binu u-bin xah.

decidedly - be-l-mufid. He is decidedly worried about the exam. huwa mšewweš Eel l-imtihan be-l-mufid.

declaration - 1. tesrih pl. -at.

?iɛ̃lam pl. -at, ?iɛ̃lan pl. -at.

Declaration of war. ?iɛ̃lam be-lherb. 2. bayan pl. -at. He presented his declaration to the custom's inspector. qeddem bayanu lmuraqib d-diwana.

to declare - 1. Sher. They declared war on us. Sehru l-herb Elina.

2. biyyen. Do I have to declare the tobacco at the customs? was lazem nbiyyen d-doxxan fe-d-diwana?

decline - neqsan, seqt pl. squt. There was a decline in exports. kan neqsan fe-l-wesq.

to decline - 1. tah itih, nzel, qlal. His strength is declining rapidly. sehhtu ka-teqlal degya. 2. rfed. They had to decline his invitation. tsabu melzumin baš irefdu l-Eerda dyalu.

to decorate - 1. ziyyen. They decorated the streets for the king's visit. ziyynu z-znaqi le-d-dexla de-l-malik. 2. Eelleq wisam l-. He was decorated for heroism. Eellqu-lu wisam Ela šažaEtu.

decoration - 1. tesyina pl. -t; zina.

The decorations are in very bad taste. ma-kayen hetta dug fe-z-zina. 2. wisam pl. -at. What did he get the decoration for? §e-Emel bas xda l-wisam?

decrease - neqsan. Statistics show a decrease in the death rate in the last few years. l-?ihṣa?at ka-tbiyyen neqsan fe-n-nesba de-l-mut had s-snin t-talya.

decree - dahir pl. dwaher. The decree goes into effect tomorrow.
d-dahir gad-ittebbeq gedda.

to decree - ?amer, ?aden. The government decreed a holiday. l-hukuma ?adnet be-nhar de-l-Eotla. to deduct - nqeş, zuwwel. Deduct

ten per cent. zumwel \mathcal{E} ešra fe-l-mya.

deed - 1. rsem pl. rsuma. The deed to

the house is at the lawyer's.

r-rsem de-d-dar Eend le-wkil.

2. feEla pl. fEayel, fEal; Eemla
pl. Emayel, Emal. There are good
deeds and bad deeds. kayna le-Emal
lli mezyana u-le-Emal lli qbiha.

to deed - kteb f-esm-. My father has

to deed - kteb f-esm-. My father has deeded the house to me. bba kteb-li d-dar f-esmi.

deep - 1. gareq, Emiq. Is this lake very deep? was had d-daya garqa bezzaf? 2. gmiq, Emiq. That subject is too deep for me. dak l-mudu£ gmiq Eliya bla qyas.

**How deep is the swimming pool?

It's seven meters deep **Shal de-l-gorg f-had s-sehriž? fih seb&a miter de-l-gorg.

deeply - bezzaf, bla qyas. He was deeply affected by their story. huwa t⁹etter bezzaf b-qeşşetham.

defeat - 1. qehra pl. -t, nhizam pl. -at. The enemy suffered a crushing defeat. le-Edu sabtu qehra qat£a.
2. ġelba pl. -at. Our forces inflicted an unprecedented defeat on the enemy. l-quwwat dyalna ġelbu le-Edu wahed l-ġelba Eemmerha ma-kanet.

to defeat - ġleb. He's been defeated twice in the elections. tteġleb merrtayn f-l-intixabat.

defect - & ib pl. & yub. There must be
 a defect in the motor. imken kayen
 ši-& ib fe-l-mutur.

defective - Eayeb.

to defend - dafeE Ela. They decided not to defend the town. qerrru ma-idfaEu-8 Eel le-mdina.

**You needn't defend yourself.
ma-kayen l-aš teEtader.

defense - 1. mdafɛa, difaɛ. The defense was weak. le-mdafɛa kanet dɛifa. --What can you say in your defense? aš imken-lek tqul fe-d-difaɛɛla raṣek? 2. mhamya pl.-t. I didn't want him to come to my defense. ma-bġit-š le-mhamya dyalu.

Ministry of Defense - wizarat d-difat.

He works for the Ministry of Defense. huwa ka-ixdem f-wizarat d-difat.

to define - 1. hedded. Can you define the word 'democracy'? was tegder thedded kelmet d-dimugratiya?

2. Eeyyen. The boundaries were newly defined by the treaty. l-hudud teeyynu Eewwed fe-l-mu£ahada.

definite - mxettet, mqerrer, meeyyen. Do you have any definite plan? was Eendek ši-bernamež mxettet?

definitely - bla hetta šekk. I'm def-

initely coming. ana žay bla hetta šekk.

to defy - thedda. The deputy defied the Opposition to find a solution to the problem. n-nayeb thedda l-mu£arada baš ilqaw hell muškila.

degree - 1. daraža pl. -t. Last night the temperature dropped ten degrees. l-bareh fe-l-lil l-harara tahet b-Eešra de-d-daražat.
2. šahada pl. -t. He received his degree last year. šebber šahadtu l-Eam lli fat.

to a certain degree - l-wahed l-hedd, l-wahed d-daraža. To a certain degree he's responsible. l-wahed l-hedd, huwa mes pul.

delay - te^9xir , $a\check{z}al$. What's causing the delay? $a\check{s}$ lli ϵ amel had $t-te^9xir$?

to delay - wexxer. We're going to delay the trip for a week. gad nwexxru s-safar b-žem£a.

to be delayed - t?exxer. I was delayed on the way. and t?exxert fe-t-triq.

delegate - 1. Eudw wefd pl. ?a&da?
wefd. The delegates will arrive
tomorrow. ?a&da? l-wefd gad iweslu
gedda. 2. mumettil pl. -in. Her
uncle has been delegate to the U.N.
for two years. hadi &amayn u&emmha mumettil f-hay?at l-?umam.
3. nayeb pl. nuwwab. They've
elected him to the House of Delegates. ntaxbuh l-mežlis n-nuwwab.

delegation - wefd pl. wufud, be ta
 pl. -t. Will you receive this
 delegation? was imken-lek tqabel
 had l-wefd?

deliberate - meemmed, meteemmed. We caught him in a deliberate lie. hesselnah f-kedba meemmda.

deliberately - be-l-Eani. I don't think he did it deliberately. ma-ka-ndenn-š darha be-l-Eani.

delicate - 1. raši. Her health is very delicate. sehhtha rašya bla qyas. 2. dqiq. That's a delicate question. qadiya dqiqa hadi.

delicious - ldid pl. ldad. This is delicious candy. had l-fanid ldid. delighted - ferhan, mesrur. I'm

delighted - ferhan, mesrur. I'm delighted to have seen him. ana ferhan lli šeftu.

delightful - bahež, našet. We've had a delightful evening. dumwesna tegsira bahža.

to deliver - 1. dfeε. They 'll deliver it to you there. ġad idefεu-lek dak δ-δi temma. 2. ferreq. How many times a day do they deliver the mail

here? Shal men merra fe-n-nhar kaiferra l-barid hnaya? 3. sifet or safet isifet. We can deliver these purchases to you later. imken-lna nsiftu-lek had s-sel&a men be&d.

to be delivered - 1. ttedfe&, tte&fa, tsellem. The goods are to be delivered at the back door. ssel&a ka-ixessha ttedfe& men l-bab l-lurani. 2. wled. His wife was delivered of a girl. mratu weldet bnita.

delivery - 1. dfu£. The delivery of the merchandise was delayed.

t?exxru be-dfu£ s-sel£a. 2. tefriqa pl. -t. The letter came in the second delivery. le-bra žat fe-t-tefriqa t-tanya.

demand - talab pl. -at. There's a big demand for fresh fruit. l-gella t-triyya Eliha talab kbir. --The library can't supply the demand for books. l-xizana ma-teqder-š tneffed t-talabat lli kayna Eel le-ktub. --He makes no demands whatsoever. ma-ka-ye&mel hetta ši-talab abadan.

to make demands on - ttelleb men. They make many demands on our time. ka-rttellbu mennna l-wegt bezzaf.

in demand - metlub, Elih t-talab. He was in great demand as a speaker. kan metlub bezzaf baš yeEmel kalimat.

to demand - taleb. He's demanding more money. ka-italeb be-z-zyada fe-l-flus.

democracy - dimuqratiya. democratic - dimuqrati.

democratically - be-d-dimugratiya.

demon - Eefrit pl. Efaret, Eafarit; šitan pl. šyaten, šayatin.

to demonstrate - 1. werra, biyyen. I'll now demonstrate how the machine works. daba gad nbiyyen kif-as l-makina ka-texdem. 2. ddaher. The students demonstrated against the new law. t-talaba ddahru dedd l-qanun ž-žalad.

demonstration - 1. bayan. He gave me a very clear demonstration of the problem. Etani bayan wadeh l-l-muškila. 2. mudahara pl. -t. There was a demonstration yesterday in front of the Prime Minister's residence. yames kanet mudahara qeddam dar ra%is l-wisara.

den - gar pl. giran. Why venture into the lich's den? š-bini u-bin s-sbeeneemel rasi f-garu?

dense - 1. mteggel. We drove through
(a) dense fog. segna f-wahed d-dbaba mteggla. 2. mkellex. I've never seen anyone as dense as he is. Eemmri

ma-šeft ši-wahed mkellex bhalu.

3. mzahem. This area has a dense population. had ž-žiha mzahma be-s-sokkan.

dent - t\(\xi\)enfi\(\zeta\)a pl. -t. Who put this
dent in my car? \(\xi\)kun \(li\)\(\xi\)mel-li
had \(t-t\)enfi\(\zeta\)a \(f-t\)-tumubil?

to dent - Eenfež, Eenwež. The fender was badly dented. d-dEama de-t-tumubil tEenfžet bezzaf.

dentist - tbib de-s-snan pl. tobba de-s-snan.

to deny - 1. nker. He denies having been a member of that party. ka-inker billa kan Eudw f-dak l-hizeb.
2. redd fe-wžeh-. I couldn't deny my uncle the favor. ma-qdert-š nreddha fe-wžeh Eemmi.

to deny oneself - hrem raşu men, qte Ela raşu. She never denies herself anything. Eemmerha ma katehrem raşha men ši-haža.

to **depart** - safer, mša imši. He departed for Beirut yesterday. safer l-bayrut l-bareh.

department - 1. qent pl. qnut; rehba pl. rhabi; rekna pl. rkani; da?ira pl. -t. In which department of the store does he work? fe-š-men qent de-l-hanut ka-ixdem? 2. xtisas. That sort of thing isn't in my department. haža bhal dak š-ši ma-ši men xtisasi.

Department - wizara pl. -at.
This matter is for the Department of State. hadi qadiya xassa b-wizart l-xarižiya.

departure - mši, safar. The departure is scheduled for three o'clock. le-mši gad 'ikun fe-t-tlata.

to depend - Etamed Ela, ttkel Ela,
Eenwel Ela. Can I depend on him?
waš imken-li neEtamed Elih? --You
can depend on that. imken-lek ttkel
Ela dak š-ši. --I depend on him for
support. r-ana mEenwel Elih iEawenni.

**That depends on the circumstances. dak š-ši Ela hasab d-duruf.

dependent on - mettkel Ela, meEtamed
Ela. I'm financially dependent on him. ana mettkel Elih fe-l-flus.

to depose - zuwwel, qelle . They want to depose the king. bġaw izuwwlu l-malik.

deposit - 1. flus. I still have to make a deposit at the bank. ma-zal ka-ixessni nnezzel le-flus fe-l-benk.
2. Eerbun pl. Eraben. If you leave a deposit, we'll lay it aside for you. ila xelliti l-Eerbun nxebbEuha-lek.

to deposit - nezzel, hett. I'll

have to deposit some money at the bank. ġad ixeṣṣni nnezzel ši-flus fe-l-benk.

to depress - kedder. His letters always depress me. brawatu dima ka-tkedderni.

depressed - mkedder, tayer-lu. He's been very depressed lately. huwa mkedder bezzaf had l-iyam.

depressing - (lli) ka-ikedder, (lli) ka-iqbet, (lli) ka-ye∈mel l-kadar, (lli) ka-iqennet. His very presence is depressing. hduru ka-iqennet.

to deprive - hrem, gseb. I wouldn't want to deprive you of your cigarettes. ma-nebġi-ši nhermek men d-doxxan dyalek. --He doesn't deprive himself of anything. ma-ka-ihrem raşu hetta men haža.

depth - gorq, Eomq.

deputy - nayeb pl. nummab. The deputy spoke before the council. n-nayeb xteb &el l-mežlis.

Chamber of Deputies - mežlis nnuwwab pl. mažalis n-nuwwab.

to be derailed - xrež Eel t-triq, xrež Eel s-sekka. The express was derailed near Tangiers. l-qitar s-sriE xrež Eel s-sekka hda tanža.

Dervish - derwiš pl. draweš.

to descend - 1. nsel, hbet. The plane descended slowly. t-tiyyara neslet be-\$-\$wiya. --All our relatives have descended upon us. hbabna kollhom neslu Elina.

2. tiyyeh b-raşu. I'd never have thought she'd descend so low. Eemmerha ma-dži l-bali ţţiyyeh b-raşha l-had l-hedd.

descended - maži. He's descended from an old Arab family. huwa maži men wahed l-Ea?ila Earabiya qdima.

descendant - weld pl. wlad; men wlad.

He claims he's a descendant of Mulay
Idris. ka-iqul huwa men wlad mulay
idris.

to describe - wsef. She described the scene accurately. wesfet l-mender be-tedgig.

description - wesf pl. wsaf. Can you give me a detailed description?
was tegder testini wesf mfessel?
desert - sebra pl. shari. They crossed

desert - sehra pl. shari. They crosse the desert in twenty days. $qet \mathcal{E}u$ s-sehra f- $\mathcal{E}e\ddot{s}rin$ yum.

to desert - 1. hreb Ela. Don't desert me now! ma-tehreb-s Eliya daba. 2. gerta. The soldiers de-

serted in droves. l-Eesker zertaw žma£a žma£a.

deserted - xali. After a long march
 they came to a deserted village.
 be \(\)d modda twila d-le-m\(\)i we \(\)lu
 wahed d-duwwar xali.

to deserve - staheq, tteshel. Such a good worker deserves better pay. xeddam mezyan bhal hada itteshel ⁹užra hsen men hadi.

design - 1. textit pl. -at. He's working on the design for a new refrigerator. huwa xeddam f-textit tellaža ždida. 2. zwaq pl. zwagat; zuwwaga pl. -t. The tablecloth has a simple design. l-mendil fih zwac metluq.

to design - fessel. She designs her own clothes. ka-tfessel hwayežha

l-rasha.

desirable - 1. meḥbub, meqbul. A
change would be very desirable. ila
wqe€ ši-teġyir ġad ikun meḥbub
bezzaf. 2. f-ġaya. This is a very
desirable neighborhood for a hotel.
had l-hewma f-ġaya bezzaf l-ši-util.
desire - muraḍ pl. -at; reġba pl. -t.

My desires are easily satisfied.

muradati degya ka-ttheqqeq.

desk - mekteb pl. makatib. This desk is too small for me. had l-mekteb sgir Eliya bezzaf.

despair - ya?s, iyas.

to despair of - qteE l-iyas men. desperate - ya°es, mye°°es. She was desperate. kanet ya°sa.

desperate situation - hala ya?isa, hala ba?isa. The failure of his business left him in a desperate situation. xfuqu fe-l-haraka dyalu xellah f-hala ya?isa.

to despise - hger, htager. They depise him because of his cowardice. ka-ihegruh Ela iter l-xewf dyalu.

destination - mahell layn maši. When do we reach our destination? fuq-aš gad nweṣlu l-l-mahell layn mašyin?

destiny - 1. mektub pl. makatib. It was his destiny to die in a foreign country. kan mektubu imut fe-blad &ra. 2. maṣiṛ. The Algerians want to decide their own destiny. l- žaza?iriyen bġaw iqeṛṛru maṣiṛhom b-iddhom.

destroy = ,heddem, hettem. The earthquake destroyed a third of the
town. z-zelzal heddem t-tulut fle-mdina.

to be destroyed - theddem, thettem. All my papers were destroyed in the fire. wraqi kollhom thettmu fe-l-Eafya.

destroyer - 1. heddam pl. -a. 2. (ship)
mudemmira pl. -t.

destruction - tehdim, tehtim. The fire caused a lot of destruction. l-Eafya Eemlet bezzaf de-t-tehdim.

to detach - freq.

detail - tefsil pl. tafaşil. Today's
paper gives further details.

žaridt l-yum ka-tecti tafaşil xra.
in detail - be-t-tefsil, koll-.
He described the incident in detail.
huwa wşef l-waqica be-t-tefşil.
--But I explained it to you in detail.
walakin fessertha-lek kollha.

to go into detail(s) - dxel fe-t-tafașil. I don't want to go into details. ma-baġi-š ndxol fe-t-tafașil.

detailed - mfessel. He gave a detailed report. Eta tegrir mfessel. detective - mufettis š-sorta pl.

mufettišin š-šorta.

determination - Eezm, Eazima pl. -t, Eazayem. He showed great determination. dehher Eezm kbir.

determined - Eazem. She's determined to have her way. hiya Eazma ttbeE nadarha.

detour - dura pl. -t. We made a long detour to see the lake. Emelna dura kbira baš nšufu d-daya.
2. tehrif, te£wiža. There's a detour here because the road is under repair. kayen tehrif hnaya hit ttriq ka-tteṣleḥ.

to detour - herref. Traffic was detoured because of the automobile accident. s-siyarat herrfu Ela-wedd l-hadita lli kanet.

develop - 1. xerrež. Would you develop this film for me? waš txerrež-li had l-qennut? 2. tleć, kber, ndež. The boy's developing nicely. l-weld taleć f-gaya, tbarek llah. 3. ttuwwer. His cough developed into a serious illness. séeltu ttuwwret l-wahed l-merd séib. 4. ržeć, sar isir. The plant developed into a big tree. n-neqla režéet šežra kbira.

development - tatewwwr pl. -at. Do you know anything about the latest developments? was Earef \$i-haza, Eel t-tatewwwrat t-talya?

device = ?ala pl. -t. fhat's an
 ingenious device. dak l-?ala bari&a.
devil = šitan pl. šayatin, šyaten.

to devote - xeşşeş, sebbel, Eta yeEţi.
He devoted all his time to his
studies. weqtu kollu xeşşşu ldirastu.

dew - nda.

diabetes - merd s-sokkar.

dial - 1. nmari (pl.). Telephones with dials are a rather recent invention. t-tilifunat lli be-n-nmari xtiras qrib. 2. rxama pl. -t. The dial on my watch is dirty. rxamt maganti mwossxa.

to dial - duwwer. She dialed the wrong number. n-nemra lli duwwret salta.

dialect - lehža pl. -t. Many dialects are spoken here. n-nas ka-itkellmu bezzaf de-l-lehžat hnava.

diamond - žohra pl. -t coll. žuher, hežra pl. -t coll hžer. He put his diamonds in the safe. xzen ž-žuher dyalu fe-s-senduq.

diarrhea - džerya, kerš metļuga. He had diarrhea. l-kers kanet metļuga Elih.

dice - dwades (pl.). sg. dadus. Let's play with my dice. nle&bu be-dwades dyali.

**The die is cast. lli Eta llah

to dictate - fta ifti. He's dictating a letter. ka-ifti wahed le-bra.

**I won't be dictated to. hetta wahed ma-gad iqul-li š-gad ne@mel. to take dictation - kteb ll: ttefta-lu. Will you please take some dictation? Eafak kteb had š-ši lli gad nefti-leb.

die - see dice.

to die - 1. mat imut, tweffa. He died this morning at two o'clock. mat l-bareh fe-z-zuz de-l-lil. —The tree is dying. \$-\$ezra ka-tmut. —I just about died laughing when I heard that. kont jad nmut be-d-dehk melli smeet dak \$-\$i. 2. wqef. The motor died. l-mutur wqef. 3. hmaq. I'm dying to find out what he said. ka-nehmaq neeref \$-qal. 4. jber, tqada. Old customs die hard. l-Eadat le-qdam \$\xi\$ab ba\$ igebru.

to die away - ġab iġib. The noise of the train died away in the distance. haṛaž l-mašina ġab m£a l-bo£d.

to die down - 1. tfa itfa. We let the fire die down. xellina l-Eafya ttfa. 2. bred, hmed. The excitement will die down in a few days. t-tehžiž gad-ibred men daba ši-iyamat.

to die off - tqada, tsala, mša imši. The old inhabitants are dying off. s-sokkan le-qdam kaitqadaw.

to die out - mša imši, tqada, tsala. This old custom is gradually dying out. had l-Eada le-qdima katemši šwiya be-šwiya.

diet - 1. makla pl. -t, mwakel. The Moroccan diet is highly varied. l-makla l-megribiya matnuwwea bezzaf.
2. qanun fe-l-makla. An ailing person should follow a diet. le-mrid ka-ixessu itebbee l-qanun fe-l-makla.

**I have to keep to a strict diet.

ka-ixessni nehdi rasi fe-l-makla.

to diet - kla yakol be-l-qanun.

I've been dieting for a month, but
still I haven't lost any weight.

hadi sher w-ana ka-nakol be-l-qanun
u-ma-zal ma-tivyeht walu.

to differ - 1. xtalef. They differ in every respect. ka-ixtalfu men koll žiha. --Opinions differ here. leryay ka-ixtalfu hnaya. 2. xalef, xtalef mɛa. I beg to differ with you this time. smeḥ-li nxalfek had l-merra.

difference - ferq pl. fruqa. Can you
 explain the difference to me? was
 tegder tfesser-li l-ferq?

**Does it make any difference if I write in pencil? was kayen \$i-bas ila ktebt b-le-qlam d-le-xfif? --It makes no difference when you come. weqt-as-emma žiti huwa hadak.

different - 1. mextalef. The two brothers are very different. l-xut b-žuž mextalfin bezzaf. 2. axur f. xra pl. xrin f. pl. xrat. That's quite different. hadak ši-axur. --That's a different matter. hadik haža xra.

differently - b-kifiya xra, fe-škel axur. I think differently about it. ka-nfekker fiha b-kifiya xra.

difficult - \$\xi\$ib pl. \$\xi\$ab, \$\xi\$ibin.
It's difficult to understand what he means. \$\xi\$ib ba\xi\$ ittefhem \xi\$-ka-ye\xi\$ni.

difficulty - suEuba pl. -t, siEab. He overcame all difficulties. s-suEubat kollha tgelleb Eliha.

to dig - hfer. Dig a hole here,
please. hfer ši-teqba hnaya Eafak.
to dig up - žbed. I don't know

to dig up - žbed. I don't know why he dug up that old story. ma
£reft-ši £laš žbed dak le-xrafa.

**If you're hungry just dig in.

ila kan bik ž-žu£, kul Ela rașek.

to digest - hdem.

digestion - hdim.

dignified - (lli) Elih l-hemma. His father was a dignified old gentleman. bbah kan ražel kbir u-Elih l-hemma.

dim - mde£meš. I couldn't see anything in that dim light. ma-qdert nšuf hetta haža f-hadak d-duw lemde∈meš.

dimple - hfert z-zın, hofra de-z-zın. to dine - 1. (evening meal) teešša.

2. (midday meal) tyedda. We always dine out on Sundays. dima kantigeddaw berra nhar l-hedd.

dining room - 1. bit l-makla pl. byut l-makla. Bring another chair into the dining room. žib šelya žra l-bit l-makla. 2. šala de-l-makla pl. -t de-l-makla, metem pl mataeim. The hotel has two dining rooms. l-util Eendu žuz de-s-salat de-l-makla.

dinner - 1. (evening meal) & a pl
-wat. Dinner will be ready at six
le-& a tkun wažda fe-s-setta.

2. (midday meal) gda pl -wat. On
Sundays we serve dinner at two
o'clock nhar l-hedd ka-nnezzlu
le-gda fe-ž-žuž. 3. zerda pl. -t,
zradi. We're giving a dinner in
his honor. gad ndiru-lu wahed zzerda.

to have dinner - see dine.
dip - Eewma pl. -t. Shall we take a
dip? nEemlu ši-Eewma?

to dip - 1. hebbet. They dipped the flag in salute. hebbtu r-raya le-s-slam. 2. ġtes. I dipped my finger into the water. ġtest seber fe-l-ma.

**I have to dip into my savings now. xessni nežbed men le-hsiyysa daba.

direct - 1. qaşed. There is no direct route. ma-kayen-š ţriq qaşda.
2. doğri. I like his direct man-

ners. ka-yeéžebni kif ka-itéamel doğri. 3. tamamen. It's the direct opposite of what we expected. had š-ši tamamen Eakes lli konna

metwegg ε ineh.

to direct - 1. ?amer. We were directed to follow the old regulations. Pamruna baš ntebbeu lgawanın le-qdıma. 2. gabel. A policeman is directing the traffic. wahed l-bulisi mqabel le-mši u-lemžī. 3. werra. Can you direct me to the post office? was imken-lek twerrini l-busta. 4. siyyer. Who directed the orchestra yesterday? škun llı sıyyer l-žuq l-bareh? 5. wežžeh. The speech was directed to the young people l-kalima kanet mwežžha le-š-šobban. 6. mešša. Who's directing the play? *kun lli ka-ımeššı r-rıwaya?

direction - žiha pl. -t, žwayeh. In which direction did he go? le-š-men žiha mša?

directly - 1. qaṣeḍ, doġrī. Let's go directly to the hotel. yaḷḷah nemšīw qaṣḍɪn l-l-uṭrḷ. 2. be-d-dat. Our house is directly opposite the store. daṛna mgabla l-ḥanut be-d-dat.

dirt - trab pl. trabat, trubat. My gloves fell in the dirt. sebbaEati tahu fe-t-trab.

dirty - 1. mwossex. The floor is dirty. l-lerd mwossxa. 2. Ewež pl. Eiwež, mherref. He gave us a dirty look. šaf fina šufa Eewža. 3. mberreq. That's a dirty lie. hadik kedba mberrqa. 4. mseffeh. Most of his stories are pretty dirty. xrayfu ktir š-ši mseffha.

**He played a dirty trick on us. darha bina. --That's a dirty shame' hsuma kbira hadi'

to dirty - wessex. Don't dirty
your shoes. ma-twessex-s sebbatek.

disability - Eatab pl Etab, Etub. He cannot play soccer because of a disability ma-ka-iqder-š ileeb l-kura Ela heqq Eendu Eatab.

to be **disabled** - teetteb. The soldier was disabled for life. l-Eeskri teetteb Ela tul Eemru.

disadvantage - maderra pl. -t. I'm at a disadvantage. Eendi maderra.

to disagree - 1. ma-ttafeq-8. I disagree with you. and ma-mettafeq-8 mEak. --I disagree with this method and ma-mettafeq-8 mEa had t-tariqa.
2. ma-wafeq-8. Cucumbers disagree with me le-xyar ma-ka-iwafeqni-8.

to disappear - gber. He disappeared in the crowd. gber fe-z-zham.

to disappoint - xiyyeb.

to be disappointed - xab ixib dennu. I was very much disappointed. xab denni bezzaf.

disappointment - xiba, xayba pl -t.
It was a great disappointment
xayba kbira kanet.

to disapprove of - ma-wafeq-§ Ela.

He disapproves of our plans. maka-iwafeq-§ Ela me§ruEna.

to disarm - 1. xda yaxod s-slah men, žerred men s-slah. The prisoners were quickly disarmed degya xdaw s-slah men le-msažen.

2. nzeć s-slah Do you think the great powers will ever disarm? waš ka-ddenn d-duwal le-kbira Eemmerha gad tenzeć s-slah?

disarmament - naze s-slah.

disaster - musiba pl -t, msayeb. The airplane crash was a great disaster haditat t-tiyyara kanet musiba kbira. disastrous - mudiri, musib.

discharge - tehrir (men l-žiš). I got my discharge (from the army) in November. šebbert tehriri men l-žiš f-nuwanbir.

to discharge - 1. dha idhi. Why was he discharged from that job? Elaš dhaweh men dik l-xedma?
2. qam iqum b-. He discharged his duties promptly. qam b-wažibatu b-sor€a.

discipline - terbiya pl. -t; nidam. He insists on strict discipline. ka-ilehh Ela terbiya žiyyda.

to **disclose** - dehher, biyyen. The investigation disclosed new facts. l-beht biyyen hayeq xra.

discount - texfid, tyuh, neqsan. Can you get a discount on these books? waš imken-lek thessel ∈ la ši-texfid f-had le-ktub?

to discourage - berred, ma-šežžeć-š. It discouraged me completely. had š-ši berredni tamamen.

to discourage from - redd. He did everything he could to discourage me. Emel koll-ma f-žehdu baš ireddni.

to get discouraged - mell, bred, Eya, fšel, qnet. He gets discouraged easily. deġya ka-imell.

discouraging - (lli) ma-ka-išežžeć-š, (lli) ma-ka-ibćet-š ćel n-našat.

The results are very discouraging.
n-nat?iž ma-ka-tšežžeć-š bezzaf.

to **discover** - ktašef, žber. Columbus discovered America in 1492. kuļun ktašef ⁹amirika f-Eam ⁹alef urbeē mya u-tnayn u-tesēin.

discovery - ktišaf pl. -at. He made an important discovery. Emel wahed le-ktišaf muhimm.

to discuss - ddaker, naqeš, žbed.

Discuss the matter with him. ddaker
meah fe-l-qadiya. --The question
was discussed at length. ra lqadiya ddakru fiha b-tetwil.

discussion - mudakara pl. -t, muhadata pl. -t, munagaša pl. -t. disease - merd pl. ?amrad. This disease is contagious. had l-merd ka-i&adi.

disfigure - xesser. The scar disfigures his face. Patar ž-žerh xesser-lu wežhu.

disgrace - 1. Ear pl -at, Eiran;
hšuma pl. -t, hšayem. Her behavior brought disgrace on her family.
sirtha žabet le-hšuma l-Ea?iltha.
2. (lli) ka-ižib le-hšuma. These pupils are a disgrace to the school. had t-tlamed ka-ižibu le-hšayem l-l-medrasa.

to disgrace - heššem b-.
disguise - txefya pl. -t, texbića pl.
-t. I didn't recognize him in his disguise. ma-Ereftu-š fe-t-txefya dyalu.

to disguise - 1. beddel. He disguised his handwriting. beddel ktabtu. 2. xebbec. They succeeded in disguising their feelings well. Eerfu ixebbeu Eawatifhom.

to disguise oneself - xfa ixfi rasu. He disguised himself to avoid capture. xfa rasu baš ma-itteqbet-š.

to disguise oneself as - Emel raşu bhal. She had disguised herself as a man. kanet Eamla raşha bhal r-ražel.

disgust - mellan. He turned away in disgust. duwwer wežhu be-l-mellan.

to disgust - Eeyyef, tleE fe-r-ras l-. His conduct disgusts me. sirtu ka-ttleE-li f-rasi.

to be disgusted - mell men. I'm disgusted with everything. ana mellit men koll-ši.

disgusting - (lli) ka-i\(\xi\)eyyef \(\xi\)-\(\xi\)erra.
This is disgusting had \(\xi\)-\(\xi\)i ka-i\(\xi\)eyyef \(\xi\)-\(\xi\)erra.

dish ~ 1. tebsil pl. tbasel. How many dishes did your little sister break today? xtek s-sgira, shal men tebsil herrset l-yum? 2. makla pl. -t, mwakel. I have a recipe for a new dish. Eendi l-iqama l-wahed l-makla ždida.

to disinherit - berra f-, hrem men lwert. His father threatened to disinherit him. bhah hedded billa gad iberri fih.

dislike - kerh, nfur. I couldn't conceal my dislike for him.
ma-qdert-s nexfi kerhi lih.

to dislike - kreh, ma-bġa-s, ma-hmel-š. I. dislike that fellow. ma-ka-nehmel-š dak xiyyi.

to dislocate - fekk. He dislocated his shoulder. fekk ketfu.

disloyal - xedda pl. -a.
dismal - hazen, mkedder. It's a dismal day today. nhar mkedder hada.

to dismiss - 1. dha idhi, sifet or safet isifet f-halu, tred. She was dismissed after two weeks. saftuha f-halha žmečtayn men bečd. The court dismissed the complaint. l-mehkama refdet š-šekwa.

**He dismissed the matter with a shrug of the shoulder. **xser Eel l-qadiya hezza d-ketfu.

display - testifa de-s-sel&a, pl.
 testifat s-sla&i. Did you see the
 beautiful displays on Mohammed V
 Avenue? šefti testifat s-sla&i

l-mezyana f-šarić muhemmed l-xamis?

on display - mećrud, mćelleq.

The paintings are on display at the museum. l-luhat rahom mećrudin fel-methef.

to display - dehher, biyyen. He displays great courage. ka-idehher ržuliya kbira.

to dispose of - tfekk men, thenna men, rtah men. They will leave as soon as they dispose of their furniture. gir itfekku men hwayezhom gad imšiw f-halhom. --Because of the gasoline shortage, we had to dispose of our car. Ela qibal qellt l-isans tterrina nthennaw men s-siyara. --Where can i dispose of this? favn imken-lintfekk men had s-si?

disposed - mayel. He is kindly disposed towards you. huwa mayel-lek ši-šwiya.

disposition - tbića. He has a mean disposition. Eendu tbića qbiha.

to disregard - 1. ma-ddaha-š ma-iddiha-š f-. If I were you, I'd simply disregard the letter. la kont and bhalek gat ma-nddiha f-le-bra. 2. tEama Ela, hmel. We can't disregard his objections. ma-ngedru-š ntEamaw Eel l-muEaradat dyalu.

to dissipate - 1. dfee, sref, bedder, xser. He dissipated his entire fortune. maliytu kollha bedderha.

2. taš itiš. If he continues to dissipate at this rate, he won't last long. ila bqa tayeš ela had l-hala, ma-izid-ši men hna l-temma.

dissipated - tayeš. He leads a dissipated life. ka-ićiš ćiša tayša.
**He has a terribly dissipated

**He has a terribly dissipated look. Suftu tamamen ma-Si hiya hadik.

to dissolve - 1. dummeb. Dissolve the tablet in a glass of water. dummeb l-hebba f-kas de-l-ma. 2. dab idub. It dissolves in water ka-ddub fe-l-ma. 3. sell. The king dissolved the consultative assembly. l-malik sell l-mežlis l-istišari.

distance - masafa pl. -t. The distance between Rabat and Casablance is ninety-nine kilometers. l-masafa ma bin r-rbat u-d-dar l-bida tes£ud u-tes£in kilumiter. --We can cover the distance in three hours. nqedru nqet£u l-masafa fe-tlata de-s-swaye£.

from a distance - men b&id. You can see the tower from a distance. imken-lek tšuf l-borž men b&id.

in the distance - b&id, ra fayn. You can see the village in the distance. inken-lek t*uf d-duwar b&id.

to keep one's distance - wegger raşu, šebber wegru. He knows how to keep his distance. ka-yeEref kif-aš išebber wegru.

distant - $b \in id$.

distinct - wadeh, bayen. There's a distinct difference between the two. kayen ferq wadeh binathom b-žuž.

distinctly - be-s-saraha, b-kifiya wadha. I told him distinctly not to come. qolt-lu b-kifiya wadha ma-iži-š.

to distinguish - freq, miyyez. I can't distinguish the colors. ma-ka-nefref-8 nmiyyez l-lwan.

to distinguish between - freq bin, ferreq bin, fref, frez. Can you distinguish between the two? was teqder tefreq bin hada u-hada? --I could hardly distinguish one twin from the other. ma-qdert-s hetta nefrez t-twam.

to distinguish oneself - tmiyyez, ban, tteEref. He distinguished himself by his courage. tmiyyez be-r-ržuliya dyalu.

distress - 1. šedda pl. -t, šdayed.

The Red Crescent did everything to relieve the distress. l-htlal le-hmer dar žehdu baš ixeffef š-šedda.

2. xatar. The ship was in distress. l-babbur kan fe-l-xatar.

3. hemm pl. hmum. He caused his mother much distress. dar le-mu bezzaf de-l-hem

to distribute - ferreq, wessef. What time do they distribute the mail? fe-s-men safa ka-iferrqu l-barid?

district - 1. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi.

This is a very poor district. had n-nahiya fqira bezzaf. 2. muqata&a pl. -t. The city is divided into ten districts. le-mdina mqessma &la &esra de-l-muqata&at.

to disturb - 1. šuuweš Ela. Don't disturb the others. ma-tšuuweš-š Eel le-xrin. 2. ruwwen, xellet. Someone has disturbed my papers. ši-wahed ruwwen-li kwagti.

**This news disturbs me. had lexbar qleb-li dmagi.

ditch - hefra pl. -t, hfari, hafa pl.
-t. The car got stuck in the ditch.
t-tumubil heslet fe-l-hefra.

to divide - 1. qsem, freq, wesset. My partner and I divided the profits. ana u-šriki qsemna le-fdel. --The land was divided among the peasants. l-lerd twesset tel l-fellaha.

2. xtalef. Opinions are divided on that question. le-ryay ka-textalef f-had l-qadiya.

**The book is divided into two

parts. le-ktab fih žuž d-le-qṣam. divorce - ṭlaq pl. -at.

to get a divorce - sebber t-tlaq, sedd t-tlaq, ttelleq. She wants to get a divorce. hiya bagya tsebber t-tlaq.

to divorce - telleq. She divorced her husband several years ago. tellet raželha hadi snin. --He's divorced from his wife. huwa mtelleq men mratu.

dizzy - dayex, bih d-duxa. I feel dizzy and so does she. ana dayex u-hetta hiya biha d-duxa.

to do - 1. qam iqum b-. He does his duty. ka-iqum b-wažbu. 2. Emel, dar idir. I can't do more than forty kilometers an hour. maneqder-s neemel kter men rebein kilumiter fe-s-safa. --Do as I do. dir bhali. --I'll do my best to have it ready on time. gad ne Emel žehdi baš tkun wažda fe-l-wegt. 3. qda iqdi. What am I going to do with this hammer? \sum_gad neqdi b-had le-mterga? 4. duwwez. He did five years in jail. duwwez xems snin fe-l-hebs. 5. gedd, kfa ikfi. This roast will do for four people. had le-mhemmer gad iqedd l-xemsa de-n-nas. **6.** walem. This will do very nicely. had š-ši iwalem f-gaya. 7. xemmel. My room hasn't been done yet. l-bit dyali ma-zal ma-txemmel. 8. summeb. It takes her an hour to do her hair. ka-ixeşşha sa£a baš tşuwweb raşha.

**What's to be done with this? l-aš ġad ixdem had-š-ši? —That has nothing to do with this question. dak š-ši ma-fendu falaqa mfa had l-mes?ala. —They can't do a thing to him. ma-fendhom-ši baš i?adiweh.—This won't do, my friend! had š-ši ma-imken-š, a şahbi.

to do away with - fedda men. They plan to do away with all the requirements. ka-ifekkru ifeddiw men š-šuruţ kollha.

to do good - nfee, Eewwen, Emel xir f-. It won't do you much good to complain. ma-ġadi-š inefeek teška. --A vacation will do you lots of good. ši-Eotla. teEmel fik l-xir bezzaf.

to do harm - derr. Will it do harm if I leave it out? was iderr ila xellitha?

to do out of - Eebba, dehmer f-. He did me out of all my money. Eebba-li flusi kollhom.

to do the dishes - gsel l-lwani,

gsel le-mwaten. We have to do the dishes now. ka-ixessna ngeslu l-lwani daba.

to do the laundry - sebben, gsel tesbin. Do you have to do the laundry tomorrow? was lazem tsebben gedda? --Where can I have my laundry done? fayn imken-li ne£ti hwayži itsebbnu?

to do well - 1. tlee mezyan. The wheat's doing well this year. l-gemh talee mezyan had l-eam.

2. tmešša mlih. My sister is doing well at school. xti ka-ttmešša mlih fe-l-medrasa.

to do with - bga ibgi, ma-kreh-8. We could do with a little more help. ma-nkerhu-8 8i-maEuna 3ra.

to do without - bqa ibqa bla, ttegna Ela. Can you do without this book for a while? was imken-lek tebqa bla had le-ktab ši-šwiya? dock - mun pl. -a. I nearly fell off the dock. gir swiya kont gad ntih men l-mun.

to dock - ressa. Where does the boat dock? fayn ka-iressi l-babur? doctor - thib pl. tobba. Please send for a doctor. Eafak sifet Ela ši-thib. 2. doktur pl. dakatira. He's a Doctor of Philosophy. huwa doktur fe-l-felsafa.

document - watiqa pl. watayeq. Do you
have all the documents? Eendek
l-watayeq kollha?

dodge - hila pl. -t, hiyal. What sort
 of dodge has he thought of now?
 \underbrace{8-men hila \underbrace{2} \underb

to dodge - 1. xwa ixwi. If I hadn't dodged, he would have hit me. kun ma-xwit-s, kan jadi idrebni.
2. dženneb. He tried to dodge the question. hawel idženneb l-mudu£. dog - kelb pl. klab. Please take the dog out for a walk. £afak ddi l-kelb ittsara.

to go to the dogs - hlek raşu, qda Ela raşu. She's going to the dogs. ka-teqdi Ela raşha.

to dog - tbec. He's been dogging my footsteps all day. n-nhar kollu u-huwa tbecni.

dog tired - miyyet b-le-Eya. They were dog tired after the excursion. kanu miyytin b-le-Eya men beEd le-msarya.

doing - Eamla, šģal, xedma. That must be his doing. bla šekk hadi xdemtu.
 doll - munika pl. -t. She likes to play with dolls. ka-tebģi telēeb be-l-munikat.

dollar - dular pl. -at.

domestic - 1. mwollef d-dar. She's always been very domestic. dima kanet mwollfa d-dar. 2. mahelli. Those are all domestic products. hadik kollha mentužat mahelliya. 3. daxili. The government knew how to solve some domestic problems. l-hukuma Eerfet thell beEd l-mašakil d-daxiliya.

domestic animal - hayawan mrebbi, pl. hayawanat mrebbya.

to donate - Eta yeEti, tberreE, hda
ihdi. I donated five dirhams.
tberreEt b-xemsa de-d-drahem.
donation - hdiya pl. -t, taberruE pl.

done - 1. mhiyye? pl. mhiyy?in, mwežžed pl. mwežždin. All my lessons are done. durusi kollha

mhiyy $^{\circ}a$. 2. tayeb pl. taybin. In ten minutes the meat will be done. men daba $\in e\check{s}ra$ de-d-dgayeq $\imath kun$ l-lhem tayeb.

to be done - kemmel, sala. Are you done with the ironing? was kemmelti be-t-tehdad?

to be done for - 1. tsala. These tires are done for. had le-bnuwat tsalaw. 2. mša f-halu. If the boss finds out, I'm done for. ila saq le-mɛellem le-xbar l-had š-ši, mšit f-hali.

to be done in - ttehlek, mat.

I'm done in from working in this heat. ana ttehlekt be-l-xedma f-had s-sehd.

donkey - hmar pl. hmir. door - bab pl. biban.

**They live three doors down.

darhom hiya t-talta men hna.

out of doors - berra. Did you ever sleep out of doors? was

Eemmrek nEesti berra? doorknob - qebta pl. -t, qbati. doorman - buwwab pl. -a.

dose - meqdar pl. -at, qyaş pl. -at.
That's too big a dose for a child.
had l-meqdar kbir bezzaf Eel d-derri.
--Take this medicine in small doses.
xud had d-dwa be-qyaş qlil.

dossier - mileff pl. -at. Let me see
Ali's dossier. xellin: nšuf l-mileff
de-€li.

dot - noqta pl. -t, nqati. Add three
dots. zid tlata d-noqtat.

with dots - mneqqet. Wear your dress with the blue dots. lebsi ksuwtek lli mneqqta b-lezreq.
on the dot - be-d-debt, tamam. I'll see you at three on the dot. nšufek fe-t-tlata tamam.

double - 1. twam. He could be your

double. tqul twam nta wiyah.

2. žuž. May I have a double portion of ice cream? imken-li naxod žuž d-le-hquq de-l-baṣṭa?

3. Ela žuž de-l-merrat. Our house is double the size of theirs. darna kber men darhom Ela žuž de-l-merrat.

to double - 1. tna itni. He's doubled his capital in two years. tna rasmalu f-Eamayn. 2. zad izid qedd. He doubled my bid. zad Eliya qedd lli Etit.

to double up - luwwa, tna itni, twa itwi. He (was) doubled up with pain. kan ka-itluwwa b-le-hriq.

**We had to double up because there weren't enough beds to go around. kan lazem neésu žuž hit le-frašat ma-geddu-š.

double-breasted - mrebbeE. He wore a double-breasted suit. kan labes keswa mrebbEa.

doubles - metgablin. Let's play doubles. ažiw nlečbu metgablin.

doubt - šekk pl. škuk. Do you have any doubts? waš & endek & i-šekk?

--No doubt the train will be late. bla šekk ġad tkun l-mašina m£eṭṭla.

--Without doubt he's the best man for this job. ma-kayen šekk huwa ?ehsen wahed l-had l-& amal.

to doubt - šekk, £endu š-šekk.

I doubt if the story is true. kanšekk waš had le-hkaya shiha. --I
don't doubt it the least. ma-£endiši š-šekk fiha ?abadan.

doubtful - šakk. I'm still doubtful about it. ana ma-zal šakk fiha.

doubtless - bla šekk.

dough - Ežina pl. -t, Ežayen. The dough has to be allowed to rise first. xeṣṣ le-Ežina tebqa beEda texmer. doughnut - sfenža pl. -t coll. sfenž. down - l-teht. Did you look down

down - l-teht. Did you look down there? reggebt: l-teht?

**When you really get down to it the difference is insignificant. mnayn ka-dži tšuf l-haqiqa ka-tṣib ši-ferq qlil. --Why is he so down in the mouth? ma-lu tayer-lu? --They're down and out now. bqaw llah l-Eati daba.

to go up and down - $tle\ell$ hbet, msa lmsi tul $u-\ell erd$. He was walking up and down the room. kan $tale\ell$ habet fe-l-bit.

to go down - hbet. The elevator is going down l-mi \in raž habet.

to down - sret, genteh. He downed a glass of tea and ran outside. sret kas d-atay u-xrež ka-isbeg.

downgrade = hebta pl. -t. The road
has a steep downgrade. t-triq fiha
hebta mderdba.

downhill - habet. The road goes downhill. t-trig žat habta.

down payment - tesbiq pl. -at. How much will the down payment be? šhal gad n\(\text{Sembly}\) fe-t-tesbiq?

downstairs - l-teht. I'll be waiting downstairs. ġad ntsenna l-teht. to doze - ġemmed, Emel ši-tģimda.

I've just been dozing. Ead gemmedt.
--She dozed off after supper.
Eemlet ši-tgimda beEd le-Eša.

dozen - zina pl. -t, zyen (with art. l-zina). Please give me a dozen eggs. Etini zina de-l-bid men fedlek.

draft - 1. rih pl. ryah, berd. I can't stand the draft in this room. ma-neqder-s nesber le-r-rih f-had l-bit. --The fire went out because there wasn't enough draft. l-Eafya ttetfat men qellet r-rih. 2. tenfisa pl. -t, tnafes. Did you open the draft of the furnace? helliti t-tenfisa de-l-kanun? 3. rsem pl. rsuma, mextut pl. -at. The first draft is ready. r-rsem l-luwwel wased.

to draft - xda yaxod l-l-žeyš, dexxel l-l-žeyš. He was drafted last month. dexxluh l-l-žeyš š-šheŗ lli fat.

to drag - 1. žerr. I had to drag the trunk into the house myself. mafadni gir nžerr s-senduq b-iddi le-d-dar. -He could hardly drag himself to work. yallah waš qedd ižerr rasu l-l-xedma. 2. džeržer. Your coat is dragging on the floor. baltuk ka-idžeržer fe-l-lerd.
3. džebbed, twal. Time drags when you don't have anything to do. l-weqt ka-idžebbed mnayn ma-ka-ikun Eendek ma teEmel. 4. xemmel, neqqa, xwa ixwi. They dragged the river for the body. xemmlu l-wad baš ilqaw l-kesda.

to drag on - 1. tal itul. The meeting dragged for three hours. tlata de-s-salat tal l-žeml.

2. twal, džebbed. The days just dragged on. l-iyam gir kanet kadžebbed.

drain - qadus pl. qwades. The drain
 has stopped up again. l-qadus
 ttexneq tani.

to drain - neššef, hell. They drained the swimming pool only yesterday. gir l-bareh neššfu s-sehriž.

to drain off - mša imši, tteqteE.

The water doesn't drain off. l-ma $ma-ka-itteqte \in -\mathbf{x}$.

drastic - šdid pl. šdad, qwi pl. -yin.
The government took drastic measures.
l-hukuma xdat tadabir šdida.

to draw - 1. sewwer, rsem. He draws best with crayons. ka-isewwer hsen ktir š-ši b-le-qluma de-l-lwan.

Zbed. He drew the winning number. huwa žbed n-nemra r-rabha.
 Žleb. The film is sure to draw a big crowd. bla šekk had l-film ġa-ižleb bezzaf de-n-nas.

to draw into - 1. dxel. The train is just drawing into the station.

l-ma*sina yallah daxla l-lagar.

2. dexxel, žerr. I've been drawn into this argument against my will.

dexxluni l-had s-sda be-z-zez Eliya.

to draw out - xerrež men. I'll have to draw out fifty dirhams from the bank. ġad ixeṣṣni nxerrež xemsin derhem men l-benk.

to draw to a close - gerreb ikmel. This work is drawing to a close. had l-xedma gerrbet tekmel.

to draw up - 1. xettet, sewweb. Who drew up the plan? škun lli xettet r-rsem? 2. kteb. I'll draw up the report. ana gad nekteb t-tegrir. 3. gerreb. Here's a taxi drawing up. ha wahed t-taksi ka-igerreb.

to draw breath - tellee n-nefs.
to draw conclusions - fhem, stentež.
Draw your own conclusions from that!
lli bģiti fehmu men dak š-ši.

drawer - mžerr pl. mžura. My passport is in the top drawer. tesrihi rah f-le-mžerr l-fugani.

dread - rehba. I have a dread of
 doctors. ka-džini r-rehba men
 t-tobba.

to dread - 1. xaf ixaf men. I dread the dark. ana ka-nxaf men d-delma. 2. rfed dbila l-, rfed dbayel l-. I dread going to the dentist. ka-nerfed dbila l-le-mši Eend tbib s-snan.

**I dread the very thought of it. gir t-tefkir fiha ka-yeEmel fiya r-rehba.

dream - mnam, mnama pl. -t, mnayem.
I had a funny dream last night.
šeft mnama ģriba l-bareh fe-l-lil.

to dream - 1. hlem. Last night I dreamed that I was home. l-bareh hlemt rasi f-darna. 2. ža iži l-l-bal f-le-mnam. I wouldn't dream of doing it. hetta f-le-mnam ma-džini-š l-l-bal ndirha.

dreary - mbu?es. It was an awfully

dreary day. nhar mbu?es kan bla qyas.

dress - lebsa pl. -t, lbasi; keswa pl.
ksawi. She wants to buy a new dress
bgat tešri keswa ždida.

to dress - 1. lbes hwayež, lbes.

I'll dress quickly. gad nelbes
hwayži b-z-zerba. --His wife
dresses in good taste. mratu katelbes b-duq. --He's always well
dressed. hwa dima labes mezyan.

2. lebbes. Mother is just dressing
the baby. mmi yallah ka-tlebbes
le-t-terbya hwayežha. 3. ziyyen.

They dress the store windows in the
evening. fe-l-lil ka-iziyynu z-zažat
d-le-hwanet.

**Look at him, all dressed up!

\$uf Ela te\$yika f-a\$-en huwa!

to dress a wound - rbet \$erha.

Did you dress the wound? rbetti

E-žerha?

dressing - 1. meemmer pl. meemmrin.

They served roast turkey with a dressing of almonds and raisins. nezzlu bibi mešwi b-le-meemmer de-l-luz u-z-zbib. 2. fasma pl. -t, fasmawat, rebt pl. rbati. The nurse changes his dressing every morning. l-mumerrida ka-tbeddel-lu l-fasma koll sbah.

dressing gown - keswa de-d-dar pl.
ksawi de-d-dar.

dressmaker - xeyyata pl. -t.

dried = myebbes pl. myebbsin, yabes
 pl. yabsin, šahet pl. šahtin. Buy
 me a kilogram of dried figs. šri-li
 kilu de-l-kermus yabsa.

drill - 1. teqqaba pl. -t. The mechanic needs another drill.

l-mikaniki xessu teqqaba xra.

2. temrin pl. tamarin. The soldiers went out for a rifle drill. l-Eesker xeržu le-t-temrin d-le-mkahel.

to drill - 1. tqeb, hfer. Drill a hole in this beam. tqeb teqba f-had l-gayea. 2. hfer, xwa ixwi. The dentist has to drill this tooth. la-bodda t-tbib ixwi had s-senna.

3. derreb, merren. Their teacher drills them in conversation a great deal. ustadhom ka-iderrebhom ktir Eel l-muhadata. 4. dderreb, tmerren. The soldiers drill every day. l-Eesker ka-itmerrnu koll nhar.

--We were drilled in arithmetic. tmerrena f-le-hsab.

drink - 1. mešrub pl. -at, muberrid pl. -at. What kind of drinks do you have? š-men mešrubat Eendek?

2. šriba pl. -t, žģima pl. -t. May I have a drink of water? Eafak

 $\dot{s}_i - \dot{s}_r$ iba de-l-ma. 3. kas pl. kisan. He had only three drinks. ma-xda gir tlata de-l-kisan.

to drink - šreb. Drink plenty of water! šreb l-ma bezzaf. --Let's drink to your return. yallah nšerbu le-ržućek.

to drip - qetter. The faucet is dripping. l-bezbuz ka-iqetter.

drive - 1. triq pl. torqan. The drive goes around the lake. t-triq dayra be-d-daya. 2. hemla pl. -t. In the last drive we raised five thousand dirhams. fe-l-hem la t-talya žmećna xems alaf derhem. 3. msarya be-t-tumbil pl. msaryat be-t-tumubil. We took a nice drive. Emelna wahed le-msarya ha?ila be-t-tumubil.

to drive - 1. sag isug. Can you drive his car? teeref tsug siyartu?

-Drive the horses over to the left. sug l-xil eel l-iser. 2. dfee b-, edda b-. Hunger drove him to stealing. E-sue dfee bih le-s-sriqa. 3. xeddem. The foreman drives his workers continually. l-weqqaf ka-ixeddem l-xeddama dyalu bla raha.

4. deqq. Drive this nail into the wall. deqq had l-mesmar fe-l-beyt.

**What are you driving at? \$-ka-tebġi teqṣeḍ? --I'll drive you there. nddik fe-s-siyara l-temma.

to drive away - 1. tred, žra ižri Ela. Drive the dog away. žri Ela had l-kelb. 2. zad izid be-t-tumubil, mša imši be-t-tumubil. He just now drove away. yallah kif zad be-t-tumubil.

to drive crazy, mad - hemmeq. You'll drive me crazy yet. nta rak gad themmeqn:

to drive off - xerrež, Eemwež.

The wind drove the boat off its course. r-rih xerrež le-fluka Eel t-triq.

driver - 1. sayeq pl. suwaq. He's the ambassador's driver. huwa s-sayeq dyal s-safir. 2. suwwaq pl. -a, guwwad pl. -a. The driver lost control of the horses. s-suwwaq gelbet Elih l-xil.

**He's a good driver. ka-işug mezyan.

driver's license - rexsa de-s-siyaqa pl. rexsat de-s-siyaqa. Let me see your driver's license. werrini r-rexsa de-s-siyaqa dyalek.

to drizzle - bexxet š-šta. It's been drizzling all day. n-nhar kollu u-š-šta ka-tbexx.

droop - tterxa, tluwwa. The flowers are beginning to droop. n-nuwwar

bda itluwwa.

drooping - habet. He has drooping shoulders. ktafu habtin.

drop - qetra pl. -t, qtari; noqta pl.
-t, nqati. Take three drops in a
glass of water. xud tlata de-nnqati f-kas de-l-ma.

**He'll give you a lecture at the drop of a hat. gir lli žebdu ka-isemme \(\xi\)-lu.

to drop - 1. tah itih. The box dropped out of the window. s-senduq tah men š-šeržem. --The temperature dropped very rapidly. mizan l-harara tah degya degya. -- I dropped my billfold. tah-li l-beztam dyali. 2. tiyyeh. He dropped the pistol when he saw the police coming. țiyyeḥ l-ferdi mnin šaf l-bulis maži. 3. nsa insa. Let's drop the subject! l-hasil nnsaw l-muduE! 4. nezzel. Please drop me at the corner. nezzelni fe-l-qent Eafak. 5. xerrež. I'll be dropped by the club. ġad ixerržuni men n-nadi. 6. rma irmi. Please drop this card in the (letter) box for me. Eafak rmi-li had ş-şura f-şenduq l-barid.

to drop a hint - fehhem. She dropped a hint that she wanted to go. kanet fehhmet billa bjat temši.

to drop in - ža iži išuf. Drop in to see me tomorrow. aži šufni ģedda.

to drop off - 1. nessel, hett.
Can you drop this off at the tailor's for me? imken-lek thett-li had \$-\$i & Eend l-xeyyat? 2. tah itih.
I dropped off to sleep immediately. teht be-n-n&as hiya hadik.

drought - keht.

to drown - 1. greq. He drowned in the river. greq fe-l-wad.
2. gerreq. She had to drown the kittens. kan lazem baš tģerreq le-mšišat.

to drown out - żetta. The noise drowned out his remarks. ş-şda£ żetta mulahadatu.

drowsy - žah ižih n-neas. I'm getting drowsy. bda ižini n-neas.

drug = 1. dwa pl. -yat, ?adwiya.

This drug is sold only on prescription. had d-dwa ka-ittba& gir
b-?aden t-tbib. 2. &efyun pl. -at,
muxeddir pl. -at. He became addicted to drugs. ttebla be-lmuxeddirat.

drugstore - seydaliya pl. -t. Where is the nearest drugstore? I have to have a prescription filled. fayn eqreb seydaliya hnaya? xessni nešri ši-adwiya ktebhom-li t-tbib.

drum - 1. tbel pl. tbula. Can you
hear the drums? was ka-tesme{
 t-tbula? 2. bermil pl. bramel. They
emptied six drums of gasoline. xwaw
setta d-le-bramel d-l-isans.

to drum - 1. dreb, tebbel, deqdeq.
Please don't drum on the table! men
fedlek baraka u-ma-ttebbel & el t-tabla!
2. dexxel f-ras-. These rules have
been drummed into me. had l-qawa&id
dexxluhom-li f-rasi.

drunk - sekran.

to get drunk - sker.
dry - 1. yabes, našef. The wash isn't
dry yet. ma-zal t-tesbin ma-ši yabes.
Let's gather some dry wood. yallah
nžemću šwiya de-l-ćud yabes. --My
throat is dry. helqi yabes. --The
well is dry. l-bir našef. 2. žaff.
The lecture was so dry, I walked out.
l-muhadara kanet žaffa l-hedd ?annani
xrežt f-hali. 3. šahet. It's been a
dry summer. had ş-şif kan šahet.

dry land - berr. It's good to be on dry land again. r-ržuć l-l-berr u-ma-hlah!

to dry - 1. ibes. This paint dries in five hours. had s-sbaga ka-tibes f-xems swaye. 2. nessef, mseh. Who's going to dry the dishes? skun gad inessef l-lwani?

to dry oneself - Dry yourself well. neššef rasek mezyan.

to dry up - nšef. Every summer this stream dries up. had l-wad koll šif ka-inšef.

dual - mutenna. What's the dual of this word? Snu huwa l-mutenna dyal had l-kelma?

duck - berka pl. -t coll. berk.

to duck - hna yehni, hder. He ducked his head. hna raşu. --Duck! hni raşek!

to be due - wžeb. The rent is due next Monday. le-kra gad tužeb t-tnaven ž-žay.

due to - b-sabab. Due to an oversight, she wasn't invited. b-sabab' l-?ihmal ma-kanet-š mečruda. --That's due to a mistake. dak š-ši wqeć b-sabab ģelta.

**He's due to arrive at ten.
muntadar yuşel fe-l-Eešra.

dull - 1. hafi. This knife is dull.
had l-mus hafi. 2. (lli) ka-iqennet.
He's terribly dull. ka-iqennet bla
qyas. 3. mdehmes. She likes dull
colors. hiya ka-tebgi l-lwan
mdehmsin. 4. balid pl. bulada. I
have seen dull students before, but
not like him. šeft t-tlamed l-bulada
men qbel u-la-šeft bhalu.

dumb - 1. zizun pl. zyazen. Can't you speak? You're not dumb, are you? ma-teqder-s ttkellem? ma-rak-si zizun? 2. mtemmes. Boy, that guy is dumb! ya latif hadak xiyyna kifas mtemmes! 3. basel, mebluz. That was dumb of you. Emeltiha basla.

**We were struck dumb by the news.

le-xbar zeggezna.

dumfounded - mešļuţ, mebhuţ, mzeggez. I was completely dumbfounded when I heard it. bqit tamamen mešluţ melli sme£tha.

dump - 1. zebbala pl. -t. That empty lot is used as a dump. dak s-saha l-xawya msellhinha zebbala. -Their house is an awful dump. darhom kollha bhal z-zebbala. 2. diga u-gemma. I've been down in the dumps all day. n-nhar kollu w-ana fe-d-diga u-l-gemma.

to dump - 1. qleb, kebb. They dumped the coal in front of the basement. rahom kebbu l-faxer qeddam d-dehlis. 2. xwa ixwi, ferreġ. He simply dumped all his packages on the floor. ġir ža u-ferreġ hezmatu kollha Eel l-lerd. 3. xwa ixwi, rma irmi. Please don't dump the coffee grounds in the drain! Eafak ma-termi-š t-text de-l-qehwa fe-l-qadus.

dung - gbar.

duplicate - nesxa pl. -t, nsaxi. Is this an original or a duplicate? waš hadi l-?aşliya aw nesxa?

to duplicate - nsex, ngel. That can't be duplicated. dak š-ši ma-imken-lu-š ittensex.

durable - 1. dayem. The delegates to the United Nations are discussing the means to a durable peace. Immunettilin fe-l-?umam l-muttahida ka-itkellmu & t-turuq lli twessel le-s-salam d-dayem. 2. qaseh, shih, de-s-sehh. Steel and cement are used for making durable goods. I-

hend u-l-berslaba ka-itsuwwbu bihom hwayež de-s-sehh.

during - f-weqt. I met him during the war. teareft meah f-weqt l-herb.

dust - gobra pl. -t, gbaber. There's a neavy layer of dust on the table. kayna tebqa de-l-gebra qedd-aš fuq t-tebla.

to dust - mseh l-gobra, nfed l-gobra. Please dust my desk. Eafak mseh l-gobra men l-mekteb dyali.

duty - 1. wažeb, wažib pl. -at. It was his duty to support his parents. kan wažeb Elih irfed b-waldih.

2. muhimma pl. -t. Answering the phone is one of my duties. men l-muhimmat dyali nžaweb t-tilifun.

3. heqq d-diwana pl. hquq d-diwana. How much duty is there on this tobacco? **Shal heqq d-diwana **Ela had d-doxxan?**

to be off duty - sala men l-xedma. I'm off duty after five-thirty. kansali men l-xedma men be&d l-xemsa u-ness.

to dwell - 1. sken iskon. They used to dwell outside the city. kanu ka-iseknu xarež le-mdina. 2. bqa ibqa. There's no point in dwelling on this subject any longer. ma-fendha mefna nebqaw f-had l-muduf kter men had š-ši.

dye - sbağa pl. -t. Please get me a package of blue dye. Eafak xud-li mEak senduq de-s-sbağa zerga.

to dye - sbeg. I had my blue dress dyed black. ksuwti z-zerga sbegtha b-le-khel.

dyed-in-the-wool - xluq. He's a dyed-in-the-wool conservative. huma muhafid xluq.

dyeing - tasebbaget.

dyer - sebbag pl. -a.

dynamic - našit, heyy. He's dynamic in everything he does. huwa našit f-koll haža ka-yećmelha.

dysentery - zehma.

E

each - 1. koll wahed. Each of us received a pack of cigarettes. koll wahed menna & taweh bakiya de-l-garru. 2. koll. He comes here each week. ka-iži lle-hna koll simana.

--Give one to each child. & ti wehda l-koll derri. 3. l-wahed f. l-wehda. These apples are five francs

each. had t-teffah ka-iswa xemsa frenk l-wehda.

**You can count on each and every one of us. imken-lek twekkel Elina u-Ela koll wahed menna.

each one - koll wahed. Each one has to contribute his full share. koll wahed xessu yeeti heqqu kollu.

each other - beëdiyat - (plus pl. pronoun ending.). They're hitting each other. ka-iderbu beëdiyathom.

**Do you see each other every day? was ntuma ka-tsawfu koll nhar?
--We have to help each other.
xessna nt&awnu.

eager - 1. muštaq. I'm eager to meet your friend. ana muštaq ntlaqa bsahbek. 2. zerban. He's eager to get started. huwa zerban baš ibda.

eagle - Egab pl. -at, Eogban.

ear - wden pl. wednin (pl. wednibefore possessive endings, e.g.,
wedniya 'my ears', etc.) My ear
hurts. wedni ka-iderrni. --The
walls have ears. le-hyut Eendhom
l-wednin. --It goes in one ear
and out the other. ka-ddxol men
wden u-texrož men l-oxra. --He's
up to his ears in debt. huwa gareq
hetta l-wednih fe-d-din. --He has
his ear to the ground. huwa raxi
wednu.

all ears - wednin mea. Go on with your story, I'm all ears. gir eewwed hkaytek, wedniya meak.

ear of corn - kbala pl. -t coll. kbal.

ear of wheat - sbula (pl. sbulat, sbayl) de-l-gemh.

earlier - qbel. Come earlier than usual. aži qbel men l- \mathcal{E} ada.

early - 1. bekri. Please wake me early. fiyyeqni bekri Eafak.
2. Eažel. We expect an early reply. hna ka-nntadru žwab Eažel.

**Tell me something about your early life. tkellem-li Eel l-ivam

l-luwwla d-hayatek.

to earn - 1. rbeh How much do you earn a week? šhal ka-terbeh f-l-usbuć? --She earns her living as a dressmaker. ka-terbeh méaštha fe-l-xeyyata.

earring - halaqa pl. -t, Ealaga pl. -t.
earth - 1. denya. Nothing on earth
can save him. hetta haža f-had ddenya ma-teqder tnežžih. 2. trab.
This ditch has to be filled with
earth. had l-hefra xessha ttEemmer
be-t-trab. 3. lerd. The earth is a
sphere. l-lerd mkuwwra.

**He has a down to earth attitude.

huwa ε endu hey 9 a ε amaliya. earthquake - zelzla pl. -t.

ease - suhula. Did you notice the
ease with which he does things? waš
lahedti kif-aš ka-yeEmel le-hwayež
b-suhula?

at ease - (lli) ka-ihess b-rasu mezyan. I never feel quite at ease when I'm with her. Eemmerni ma-kanhess b-rasi mezvan w-ana mEaha.

to ease - xeffef. This medicine will ease the pain. had d-dwa ġadi ixeffef le-wžeć.

easily - 1. b-suhula. That's easily done. had š-ši ka-itteemel b-suhula or hadi haža griba. 2. men le-beid. That's easily the best. men le-beid hada huwa le-mxeyyer.

east - šerq. The wind's coming from
the east. l-berd žay men š-šerq.
--Our house is east of the railroad
tracks. darna f-šerq sekket lmašina

the Far East - š-šerg l-9egsa. the Middle East - š-šerg l-9ewseţ. east wind - šergi.

eastern - šergi.

easy - sahel. That was an easy question. kan su?al sahel hada.

**He's now living on Easy Street.
huwa & aye's fe-t-tebxir. --Take it
easy! Why get excited? be-\u00e3wiya
& lik! & la\u00e3 ka-itir-lek?

to eat - kla yakol. (a. p. wakel, p. p. mukul).

**She's eating her heart out. hiya ka-tkemmed l-kuwya Ela qelbha.

echo - sada.

economic - qtisadi. Their economic condition is bad because of the drought. halthom le-qtisadiya xayba men sabab l-keht

economical - 1. mhawel. She's very economical. hiya mhawla bezzaf.
2. (lli) ka-iweffer. This type of heating is very economical. had n-nu£ de-t-tesxan ka-iweffer bezzaf.
economics - iqtisad.

to economize - hawel Ela. She economizes in household expenditures.

ka-thawel Eel s-serf de-d-dar.

edge - 1. hašiya pl. -t. He lives at the edge of town. ka-iskon f-hašiyt le-malina. --Don't put the glass too close to the edge. ma-ddir-š l-kas qrib bezzaf men l-hašiya. 2. šefra pl. -t, šfari. The edge is dull. š-šefra hafya.

on edge - magelleq. She's on edge today. hiya magellaa l-yum.

**You have the edge on me. nta fayetni be-Swiya. —I could hardly edge my way through the crowd. ana tsellett be-s-suéuba men z-zham.

edition - $teb \in a$ pl. -t.

editor - ra?is t-tehrir pl. ru?asa t-tehrir.

to educate - Eellem.
educated - mteqqef, qari.
education - teElim.

Ministry of Education - wisart t-teElim.

eel - nuna pl. -t coll. nun; sennur. effect - te?tir.

**He just does it for effect. ka-yeEmelha Ela Eeyn n-nas.

to go into effect - ttebbeq. This new law will go into effect next month. had l-qanun z-zdid gadi ittebbeq š-šher z-zay.

to have an effect - ?etter. Scolding has no effect on him. lexsam ma-ka-i?ettru-š.

to put into effect - tebbeq. The new ruling was just put into effect. yallah tebbqu l-qarar z-zdid.

to take effect - šebber. The injection is beginning to take effect. š-šuka bdat ka-tšebber.

effort - mežhud pl. -at, žehd pl.
žhud. All his efforts were in vain.
l-mežhudat lli Emel kollhom baţlin.
--That's a waste of effort. had
š-ši tedya£ ž-žehd.

to make an effort - dar idır mežhud. Did he really make an effort? waš huwa dar mežhudu be-lme£qul?

egg - bida pl. -t coll. bid. How much is a dozen eggs? be-šhal z-zina de-l-bid?

to egg on - nģez. His friends egged him on. shabu neģzuh. eggplant - denžala pl. -t coll. denžal; bu-denžala pl. -t coll.

bu-denžal. Egypt - maser. Egyptian - mesri.

eight - tmenya, tmen, temn. Give me eight eggs. Etini tmenya de-l-bid or tmen bidat.

eighteen - tmențaš, tmențašer. There are eighteen men. kaynin tmențaš de-r-ržal or tmențaser ražel.

eighth - 1. tmen. He could only get an eighth of a kilo of butter. huwa ma-qder yaxod gir tmen kilu de-zzebda. 2. tamen. That's his eighth book. hada huwa ktabu t-tamen.

eighty - tmanin.

either - amma. I leave either tonight or tomorrow morning. gad nemši amma l-yum fe-l-lil wella gedda fe-s-sbah.
--Either I go or he goes. amma huwa imši walla ana nemši.

**He doesn't know it either. hetta huwa ma-ka-ye&refha-š. --Either one is correct. lli kan fihom shih.

elaborate - metqun, mdeqqeq. He gave us an elaborate description of the thief. Etana neEt mdeqqeq Eel s-serrag.

elastic - lastik. Do you need some elastic for the dress? was xessek ši-lastik l-l-keswa?

elbow - merfeg, merfeq pl. mrafeg, mrafeq.

to elect - ntaxeb.

election - intixab pl. -at.

electric - kehraba?i.

electric bulb - bula pl. -t.
electrician - mul (pl. mwalin) d-du.
electricity - kehraba, trisinti, du.
elementary - ?asasi.

elementary school - medrasa ibtida?iya.

elephant - fil pl. fyal.

elevation - Elu. The elevation of this village is six hundred meters above sea level. le-Elu d-had l-qerya sett myat mitru fuq le-bher.

elevator - mičraž pl. -at. eleven - hdaš, hdašer.

eleventh - hadeš.

to eliminate - 1. hdef. We can eliminate these difficulties easily. had s-suEubat imken-lna nhedfuhom b-suhula. 2. dha idhi. He was eliminated in the third race. huwa dhaweh f-le-msabqa t-talta.

else - axor f. xra pl. xrin. What else are we going to do? as axor gadi ntemlu?

anybody, somebody else - \$i-wahed axor. Is anybody else here? waš kayen \$i-wahed axor hna?

anything, something else - $\sin - \sin \sin x$ $\sin x$. Do you have anything else? was $\sin x$

anywhere, somewhere else - šimahell axor. Can't we meet anywhere else? was ma-imken-lna-s
ntlagaw f-si-mahell axor?

everybody, everyone else - lexrin. Everybody else has gone. le-xrin kollhom mšaw.

everything else - ga£ š-ši l-axor. to embarrass - heššem. That child is always embarrassing me. had d-derri dima ka-iheššemni.

to be embarrassed - hšem. I was terribly embarrassed. hšemt bezzaf. embassy - sifara pl. -t.

to embrace - Eenneg, Eenneq.

emigrant - mhažer.

to emigrate - hžer. emir - ?amir pl. ?umara.

emotion - dehša (surprise, etc.),
xel&a (fear), šafaqa (compassion,
etc.).

to employ - xeddem. This factory employs a thousand workers. had l-meEmel ka-ixeddem alef de-l-xeddama.

-ve. --

**Where are you employed? fayn xeddam nta?

employee - xeddam pl. -a (laborer),
 mweddef pl. mweddfin (white-collar).
employer - meellem, batrun.

empty - xawi. Do you have an empty box? was Eendek senduq xawi?

--He made empty threats. huwa Emel tehžimat xawya.

**I wouldn't drink on an empty stomach. ana ma-ne\$reb-\$ $\in el$

r-riq.

to empty - 1. xwa ixwi, ferreg.

Please empty this barrel. Eafak xwi
had l-bermil. 2. xwa ixwa. The hall
emptied in five minutes. s-sala xwat
fe-qsem.

3. kebb. This river empties into the ocean. had l-wad ka-ikebb f-le-

oner.

to enable - Eta yeEti l-kifiya. This experience should enable you to get a good position. had t-tedrib lazemha teEtik l-kifiya baš tsib wadifa mezyana.

to enclose - sifet f-daxel. I am enclosing the newspaper clipping. ana ka-nsifet f-daxel l-qet&a de-l-žarida.

enclosed - f-daxel. Enclosed is the sum still due you. f-daxel kayen lmebleg lli ka-tsal.

to encourage - šežžeć. He encouraged me to stick it out. šežžećni baš nšebber hetta l-l-axir.

encouragement - tešži£a, tešža£.

end - 1. axer, °axir. I'll pay you the balance at the end of the month. ana nxelles-lek l-baqiya f-axer š-šher. 2. ras pl. ryus. Tie the two ends together. hzem had r-ryus b-žuž.

**He scolded him a bit and that was the end of it. *gummet Elih u-safi. --You can't go to the movies, and that's the end of it! *ma-imken-lek-\(\delta\) tem\(\delta\) i le-s-sinima u-safi. --We had no end of trouble on the trip. *hna msafrin u-l-ma\(\delta\) kil ma-hesru-\(\delta\) bina. --He gave us no end of trouble. *ma fedda-\(\delta\) bina be-l-ma\(\delta\) kil dyalu.

odds and ends - hwiyža pl. -t. I still have some odds and ends to take care of. bqaw-li ši-hwiyzat manfeddi.

to make (both) ends meet - qadd terf mea terf. He hardly earns enough to make both ends meet. be-d-dree bas ka-iqadd terf mea terf. to put an end to - fedda ifeddi. Can't you put an end to these squabbles? was ma-imken-lek tfeddi had le-mdabza?

to end - 1. fedda ifeddi. He ended his speech with a quotation from the Koran. fedda l-xetba dyalu b-?aya de-l-qor?an. 2. tfedda. Won't this gossip ever end? was gad itfedda had t-thedriz? --When did the movie end? fuq-aš tfedda l-film?

endless - ma-fih-š nihaya.

to endure - sber. She endured the pain quietly. sebret be-swiya Ela wžecha.

enemy - Edu pl. Eedyan.

**He's my worst enemy. huwa demm snani.

energy - quwwa. We need more electrical energy. xessna kter de-l-quwwa l-kehrabiya.

**He's full of energy. huwa heyy bezzaf.

to enforce - tebbeq. They have never strictly enforced this law. Eemmerhom ma-tebbqu had l-qanun bet-tedqiq.

to engage - 1. xeddem. We've just engaged a new maid. Ead xeddemna mettellma ždida. 2. Eerben. We engaged him for two concerts. Eerbennah l-žuž de-l-heflat musiqiyin. 3. dexxel raşu. I don't engage in politics. ma-ka-ndexxel-š raşi fe-s-siyasa.

engaged - mmellek. How long have they been engaged? **Shal hadi u-huma mmellkin?

engagement - 1. mi&ad pl. -at. I have an engagement this evening. & endi wahed l-mi&ad had le-&siya. 2. mlak. She announced her engagement. hiya & elmet b-le-mlak dyalha.

engine - 1. muţur pl. -at. You left the engine running. xelliti l-muţur xeddam. 2. makina pl. -t, mašına pl. -t. The train has two engines. had s-smandifir Eendu žuž de-l-makinat.

engineer - 1. muhendis pl. -in. I've asked the engineer to draw a new set of plans. qolt l-l-muhendis isaweb ši-rsam ždad. 2. siyyag (pl. -a) l-qitar. The engineer was the only one hurt in the crash. siyyag l-qitar b-wehdu ttežreh fe-l-musiba.

to engineer - quamed. You engineered that affair rather well. quawwedti dak-l-qadiya mezyan.

engineering - hendasa. English - 1. negliza, ingliziya. He speaks very good English. itkellem n-negliza mezyan bezzaf. 2. neglizi. That's an old English custom. hadi Eada negliziya qdima. --I'm English. and neglizi.

Englishman - neglizi.

to enjoy - 1. stab. He's enjoying life. ka-istab l-hayat. 2. žah ižih. How did you enjoy the picture? kif žak l-film?

3. Eežbu. Did you enjoy the swim?

was Eezbek l-Eewm?

**He's enjoying excellent health. huwa sehhtu mezyana. --Did you enjoy yourself at the party? was dazet l-hefla mezyan?

to enlist - dxel, gaža igaži (f-). He enlisted in the army two days ago. hadi yumayn baš dxel l-l-žeyš.

enormous - kbir pl. kbar (bezzaf). enormously - bezzaf. I liked the play enormously. Eežbetni r-riwaya

bezzaf.

enough - (lli) qadd, kafi. Do you have enough money? was qadduk leflus? -- Have you had enough to eat? waš qaddettek l-makla?

to be enough - kfa ikfi. Your answer isn't enough for me.

ma-kfani-š.

**He seemed glad enough to do it. ban-li bin ršeq-lu idirha. --Would you be good enough to hand me the paper? medd-li llah ixellik lžarida? --Would you be kind enough to open the window? was imken-lek llah ixellik thell š-šeržem?

to enroll - 1. qeyyed. I'm going to enroll my son in first grade. ġadi ngeyyed weldi fe-s-satta l-ibtida9iya. 2. taeyyed. He's going to enroll in night school. gadi itqeyyed fe-d-durus de-l-lil.

to enter - 1. dxel. Everyone rose when the judge entered. kollhom wegfu men-lli l-hakem dxel. --Enter the house by the rear door. dxel le-d-dar men l-bab l-lurani. 2. qeyyed, kteb. Enter these names in the list. qeyyed had s-smiyat fe-l-qayma.

enterprise - mešruć. The enterprise was successful. l-mešru£ nžeh

to entertain - 1. laha. He entertained the guests with his amusing stories. huwa laha d-dyaf be-xrafatu lli kaidehhku. 2. qabel. They entertain a great deal. ka-iqablu bezzaf.

entertainment - fraža, tselya. going to provide the entertainment? škun lli gad igabelna le-fraža? **What do you do for entertainment around here? kif-aš ka-dduwwzu l-weat hna?

enthusiasm - hamasa. He didn't show any enthusiasm. ma-biyyen hetta hamasa.

enthusiastic - methemmes. I'm quite enthusiastic about it. ana methemmes bezzaf Ela dak š-ši.

entire - koll, ga£. The entire amount has to be paid in cash. Z-ZemE kollu itxelles Eel t-tebla.

entirely - 1. tamamen. You're entirely right. nta Eendek tamamen l-hegg or Eendek l-hegg t-tamm. -- The two are entirely different.

ž-žuž tamamen metxalfin. charged you entirely too much. hsebha-lek bezzaf ga£.

entrance - dexla pl. -t. Where is the entrance? fayn hiya d-dexla?

entry - tesžil. The last entry was five dollars. t-tesžil t-tali kan xemsa de-d-dular.

envelope - ġsa pl. -wat, ġešyan. need an envelope for this letter. xessni įša l-had le-bra.

envy - hsed. He was green with envy. huwa kan ka-imut b-le-hsed.

**You'll be the envy of all your friends. shabek kollhom gad ihesduk.

to envy - They envied him his success. hesdu-lu n-nažah dyalu.

**I envy you! seEdatek!

epidemic - merd sari. An epidemic has broken out among the cattle. wahed l-merd sari wqeE Eend le-bger.

Epson salts - melha Eerbiya.

equal - gedd-gedd. Cut this bread into two equal parts. qteE had lxobz Ela žuž de-ţ-ţraf qedd-qedd.

**The two books are equally important. dak le-ktub b-žuž Eendhom ahammiya wehda. -- I liked his first play equally well. Eežbetni riwayta l-lumwla gedd le-xra.

to be equal to (something) - qder (idir). I don't think I'm equal to that job. ma-ban-li-s bin negder ndir had l-xedma.

to equal - gedd. -- The gains will never equal the losses. r-rebh Eemmru ma-iqedd le-xser.

equality - msawya.

to equip - rekkeb. They've equipped the planes with the latest instruments. rekkbu t-tiyarat be-mwa&en Eesrivin.

to erase - 1. mha imhi. He erased the signature. mha xett l-yedd. mseh. Will you please erase the board? mseh ş-şebbura Eafak.

eraser - 1. msaha pl. -t, guma pl. -t.
I bought two pencils and an eraser.
šrit žuž d-le-qluma u-msaha.
2. msaha pl. -t. We need some chalk
and an eraser. xessna ši-tabašir

u-msaha.

errand - sexra pl. -t, sxari. I have a few errands to do. Eendi ši-sexrat ma neEmel.

error - 1. ġaļaţ. There must be some error. la-bedd kayen ši-ġaļaţ.
2. ġeļţa pl. -t. Did I make an error? waš dert ši-ġeļţa?

escape - hrib, herba pl. -t. The prisoners' escape was cleverly planned. le-hrib d-le-msažen kan mneddem mezyan.

**We had a narrow escape.

felletnaha.

to escape - 1. hreb. Two prisoners have escaped from the penitentiary. Sus d-le-msasen herbu men l-hebs. --The thief escaped. l-xuwwan hreb. --We escaped to France. hrebna le-fransa. 2. tlefu. Her face is familiar but her name escapes me. wešha ka-n£erfu walayenni smiytha telfet-li. --Nothing escapes her. ma-ka-ttleflha hetta haža.

especially - xuşuşên, be-l-xuşuş. espionage - tabiyya£et.

essential - daruri. Fresh vegetables are essential to good health. l-xedra t-triya daruriya le-s-sehha. essentials - l-muhimm. You can

learn the essentials in an hour.
imken-lek ttellem l-muhimm f-saea.

to establish - 1. ?esses, qam iqum b-.
They established this firm in 1905.
?esssu had š-šarika f-sana tse£ṭaš
mya u-xemsa. 2. Emel. He established a new record. Emel reqm
qiyasi ždid.

estate - melk. His entire estate
went to his son. l-melk dyalu kollu
mša l-weldu.

estimate - teqdir. My estimate was pretty accurate. t-teqdir dyali kan Elayen shih.

**The painter made us an estimate. s-sebbag qedder-lna t-taman.

to estimate - qedder. They estimated the flood damages at a million dollars. l-musiba de-l-fida qeddruha b-melyun dular.

eternal - dayem.

Ethiopia - blad l-habaša.

Ethiopian - habaši pl. -yin, hel lhabaša.

Euphrates - l-furat. Europe - urubba. European - rumi, nesrani (Christian).

How can you tell that he's a

European? kif imken-lek teeref bin
huwa rumi?

**Most European countries are thickly populated. akter boldan furuba fihom sokkan bezzaf.

to evade - tsellet men. He evaded the question. tsellet men l-9as? ila.

to evaporate - nšef, tar itir. The alcohol has all evaporated. l-alkul kollu nšef.

evaporated milk - hlib d-le-hkak.

even - 1. zuži, zewži. Two, four, and six are even numbers. žuž, rebča u-setta huma rqam zužiyin. 2. waseć. He has an even disposition. huwa xatru waseć. 3. msawi, metfadi, qedd-qedd. Now we are even. daba hna msawyin. 4. hetta. Even a moron can understand that. hetta le-hmar imken-lu ifhem had š-ši.

**That's even better. u-daba čad

**That's even better. u-daba &ad hsen. --I have an even dozen left.

bqat-li tamamen zina.

even so - waxxa hakka, regma had \$-\$i. Even so I can't agree with you. waxxa hakka ma-imken-li-\$ nttafeq meak.

even though - waxxa. Even though he succeeds in everything he's not satisfied. waxxa ka-inžeh f-kollši čemmru ma-igneč.

not even - 1. ma ... ga£. I couldn't even see him. ma-mken-li-s ga£ nsufu. 2. hetta ... ma. Not even he knows the truth. hetta huwa ma-ka-ye£ref l-haqiqa.

to break even - ža iži čel t-tmam. He's just breaking even. yallah kaiži čel t-tmam.

to get even with - fdaha ifdiha f-. Just wait, I'll get even with you! tsenna, daba nefdiha fik!

evening - Ešiya pl. -t. The evenings here are cool. le-Ešiyat ka-ikunu bardin hna. --Are they coming this evening? waš ġad ižiw had le-Ešiya? --We take a walk every evening. kantmeššaw koll Ešiya.

**Good evening! mse-l-xir!
evenings - f-le-&siya. Is this
restaurant open evenings? was had
l-met&em ka-ihell f-le-&siya?

evenly - 1. msawi. The paint isn't spread evenly. had s-sbaga ma-metliya-š msawya. 2. metqadd. Divide the apples evenly among you.

qsem t-teffah metqaddin.
event - hadita pl. hawadit. It was the
most important event of the year.
kan hadak ahemm hadita de-l-€am.

in any event - šnu-mma wqeE. I'll be there in any event. \$nu-mma wqeE gad nkun temma.

in the event of - ila wqeE ši ... In the event of an accident, notify the police. ila weqEet ši-musiba Elem š-šorta.

ever - Eemmer (plus pronoun endings).

Have you ever been in the United
States? was Eemmrek msiti l
?amirika? --Who ever heard of such
a thing! skun lli Eemmru smeE men
had s-si! --Haven't you ever been
there? was Eemmrek ma-ziti-s l-temma?
ever since - men ... u-. Ever
since the accident I've had pains in
my leg. men dak l-musiba w-ana

mweecet f-režli.

hardly ever - qlil fayn. I hardly
ever have a headache. qlil fayn kaižini hriq r-ras.

every - koll. He comes here every week. ka-iži le-hna koll žem£a.

--Give every child one. £ti l-koll derri waḥed. --I see him every day. ka-nšufu koll nhar.

every now and then - men merra l-merra, merra f-xta. He takes a drink every now and then. ka-yeemel \$i-kwiyyes men merra l-merra.

every one - koll wahed. Every one of us received a pack of cigarettes. Etaw l-koll wahed menna bakit d-garru. --Every one of the children came. Eakoll wahed men d-drari.

every other day - koll yumayn. They have meat every other day. ka-yaklu l-lhem koll yumayn.

every other week - merra žmečtayn. I see him every other week. ka-nšufu merra fe-žmečtayn.

every other month - merra fšehrayn. He comes to see us about every other month. ka-izurna merra f-šehrayn.

every time - fuq-emma. It rains every time we want to go out. kattih š-šta fuq-emma ka-nebģiw nxeržu.

everyhody - koll wahed. Everyhody
has to do his duty. koll wahed

xessu yeémel šgalu. --Everyhody
laughed. koll wahed dhek.

everybody else - le-xrin. It's all right with me if it's all right with everybody else. ana mettafeq ila kanu mettafqin le-xrin.

everything - 1. koll-ši. He's mixed up everything. xerbeq koll-ši.
2. lli. I'll do everything that's necessary. ġadi necmel lli daruri.
everywhere - f-koll mudec. I've looked everywhere for that book.

qellebt f-koll mudeč čla had le-ktab. evidence - hužža pl. -t, hužaž. He was acquitted for lack of evidence.

evident - daher. It was quite evident that she was sick. daher ∈liha bin kanet mrida.

telquh ∈la sabab gellt l-hužža.

evil - bla. He chose the lesser evil. xter le-bla l-hiyyen.

exact - shih pl. shah. Is this an exact copy? was had n-nessa shiha? exactly - tamamen. That's exactly like the other one. hadi tamamen bhal le-xra.

**That wasn't exactly nice of you. ma-Emeltiha-* mezyan.

to exaggerate - zad izid f-. You're exaggerating as usual. kama l-Eada ka-dzid fih.

exaggeration - zyada. There's too much exaggeration in that story. kayna zyada bezzaf f-dak le-xrafa.

examination - 1. imtihan pl. -at.

The examination was easy. l-imtihan kan sahel. 2. teglab. What did the examination show? Snu ban fe-t-teglab? 3. (i)stintag. The examination of the witnesses lasted two hours. tal l-istintag de-š-šwahed sa£tayn.

to examine - qelleb. The doctor exmined me thoroughly. qellebn: t-tb:b men l-fuq hetta l-teht. --I'm here to examine the books. ana hna baš ngelleb le-ktuba.

example - mital.

for example - matalen.

**We must make an example of this man. xeṣṣna b-had ṛ-ṛažel n£ellmu n-nas.

excavation - hfir, (action); hefra pl. -t, hfari (hole).

excellent - moEtabar. This soup is excellent. had s-subba moEtabara.

except - men gir. Everybody believed
 it except him. koll wahed taq
 b-dak-\(\frac{1}{2}\)-\(\frac{1}{2}\) men gir huwa.

except for - men gir. I like the book except for one chapter. Ežebni le-ktab men gir fesl wahed.

exchange - tebdil. The Red Cross arranges for the exchange of prisoners. s-salib le-hmer ka-idebber Ela tebdil le-msažen.

rate of exchange - taman s-serf. What's the rate of exchange today? snu huwa taman s-serf l-yum?

stock exchange - suq s-serf, bursa.
to exchange - beddel. I want to
exchange this book for another one.
bgit nbeddel had le-ktab b-wahed
axor.

**I've been exchanging ideas with your friend. ferreat l-lga m≤a sahbek. sahbek.

to excite - 1. dda iddi l-Eeql l-.

That was an exciting movie. had lfilm dda-li Eeqli. 2. hiyyež. I'm
so excited! ana mhiyyež!

**I'm not too excited about it.

ma-ka-ihemmni-š bezzaf.

to get excited - thiyyez. Don't get excited. ma-tthiyyez-š.

excitement - haraž. Why the excitement? Elaš dak l-haraž?

exclusive - xass. We have exclusive rights to this invention. Eendna huquq xassa f-had le-xtira&. --This is quite an exclusive club. hada nadi xass.

excuse - Eder pl. Edar. That's no excuse! hada ma-ši Eder!

to excuse - smeh-l-. Please excuse my bad Arabic. smeh-li Eafak l-Eerbiya le-qbiha dyali. --He was excused for the afternoon because of a headache. semhu-lu Eel le-Esiya Ela qibal kan Eendu wžiE r-ras. --Excuse me, please smeh-li Eafak!

to execute - 1. qtel. The murderer was executed this morning. qetlu l-qatel f-had s-sbah. 2. neffed. Have you executed my order yet? was neffedti š-šģal lli Eţitek wella ma-gal?

execution - qtila.

exercise - 1. temrin. Exercise ten is very difficult. t-temrin l-Easer waser bessaf. 2. tedrab, tedrib. I need more exercise. xessni kter de-t-tedrab.

to exercise - dderreb. You have to exercise every morning. xessek tedderreb koll sbah.

exhausted - mehluk. I was completely exhausted after that long trip. ana kont mehluk men beed had s-safar t-twil.

exhibit - fraža pl. -t. Have you seen the exhibit? waš šefti le-fraža?
to exhibit - werra. His wife loves to exhibit her gold jewelry.
mratu ka-tebģi twerri le-qšawes de-d-heb dyalha.

exhibition - $me \in rid$.

exile - 1. nefyan (action, state).
2. menfi (person).

to exist - 1. kan ikun. That exists only in your imagination. had š-ši ma-kayen gir fe-t-texyil dyalek.

--Such a thing doesn't exist. had l-haža ma-kayna-š. 2. £as i£iš. How does he manage to exist on so

little? kif-aš ka-idebber i€iš ģir b-had le-flus?

**He doesn't exist, as far as I'm concerned. ila žiti Eliya, ma-ka-iswa Eendi hetta haža.

existence - hayat. He's leading a miserable existence. εayes hayat ba°isa.

**He's not even aware of my existence. ma-šaćer-š biya be-l-koll kayen. --This business has been in existence for fifty years. hadi xemsin & am u-had & -& arika xeddama.

exit - bab l-xuruž. There's the exit.
ha bab l-xuruž.

**He made a hasty exit. xrež be-z-zerba.

to expect - 1. tsenna. I expect him at three o'clock. ka-ntsennah iži fe-t-tlata. 2. Eewwel Ela. Does he expect a tip? waš ka-iEewwel Ela ši-ižara.

expectation - intidar. Contrary to my expectation, the experiment turned out well. b-xalaf l-intidar dyali, t-težriba dazet mezyana.

expedition - beEta pl. -t; hemla pl.
-t (military).

to expel - dha idhi. The boy was expelled from school. dhaw l-weld men l-medrasa.

expense - sayer pl. swayer. The expense is too much. had s-sayer bezzaf.

at the expense - b-meṣruf. He made the trip at his company's expense. safer b-meṣruf š-šarika. expensive - ġali. This apartment is too expensive. had s-sokna ġalya bezzaf.

experience - težriba pl. -t. Have
you any experience in such matters?
waš čendek ši-težribat f-had
l-?umur? --I had a strange experience
last night. kanet čendi težriba
ġriba l-bareh fe-l-lil.

to experience - žerreb. I never experienced anything like it. Eemmri ma-žerrebt ši-haža bhal hadi.

experiment - težriba pl. -t. The
 experiment was successful. had
 t-težriba nežhet.

to experiment - žerreb. I experimented with new colors. Žerrebt b-?alwan ždad.

expert - 1. mxeşşeş. The experts
declared the document to be a forgery.
le-mxeşşşin qal bin r-rşem meşnuc.
--We need an expert mechanic.
xeşşna makaniki mxeşşeş. 2. d-lemcellmin. I need some expert advice.
xeşşni ši-naşiha d-le-mcellmin.

to expire - fat ifut l-?ažal d-. His visa expired last week. fat l-?ažal de-l-biza dyalu ž-žem£a lli fatet. to explain - fesser.

explanation - tefsira.

to explode - tferge?. The bomb didn't explode. l-qenbula ma-tferge?-3.

exploit - mziya pl. -t. He never stops talking about his exploits. huwa dima ka-iftaxer b-le-mziyat dyalu.

**He exploits his employees. ka-ixeddem l- \mathcal{E} ommala dyalu kif le- \mathcal{E} bid.

to explore - 1. qelleb. Let's explore that island. yallah nqellbu l-žazira.
2. bhet. We explored all the possibilities. bhetna l-imkaniyat kollhom.

explosion - tfergi ϵa pl. -t coll. tfergi ϵa .

export - sadıra pl. -t, bié l-l-xariž.

The country has no exports. had
le-blad ma-fendha bié l-l-xariž.

to export - baɛ ibiɛ l-l-xariž.

Germany exports cameras. almanya
ka-tbiɛ l-l-xariž makinat de-teṣwir.

to expose - l. xella fe-d-du. How
long did you expose the film? šhal

long did you expose the film? shal xelliti l-film fe-d-du? 2. biyyen. He was exposed as a spy. biyynu bin huwa xa?in.

**Ha's exposed to constant

**He's exposed to constant danger. huwa dima f-hala xatira.

express - 1. sarie. Is the next train an express? was l-qitar z-zay sarie? 2. wadeh. It was his express wish. kan hadak talabu l-wadeh.

(by) express - m&ežžel. We're sending your trunk by express. gad nsiftu-lek s-senduq dyalek m&ežžel.

to express - 1. Eebber Ela. He expressed his opinion freely. Eebber Eel l-fikra dyalu be-s-saraha.

2. dher. Did he express any wish?

2. dker. Did he express any wish? was dker \$1-murad?

expression - Eibara pl. -t. There's no better expression for it. makayna hetta Eibara hsen mennha.

extension - 1. ?ažal. He gave me another week's extension. Etani ?ažal axor d-žem£a. 2. tusi£. The

extension to our house will soon be finished. $t-tusi \in dyal darna \dot{g}adi$ it fedda men daba šwiya.

extensive - waseE.

extent - hedd. To a certain extent he is responsible for the disaster. l-wahed l-hedd huwa sabab l-musiba.

extra - zayed. Do you have a few extra pencils? was Eendkom Si-qluma zaydın? --Do I get extra pay for this job? was gad yeEtiwni ižara zayda l-had l-xedma?

extraordinary - & & pl. & & ab. Only an extraordinary woman could accomplish all that. gir le-mra lli & & imken-lha ddir had š-ši kollu.

extreme - šdid pl. šdad. We had to resort to extreme measures. tlessemna naxdu tadabir šdida.

**Their house is at the extreme end of the island. darhom f-qa£ ž-žazira.

extremely - bezzaf (Ead). This news is extremely sad. had le-xbar hzin bezzaf Ead.

eye - Eeyn (f.) pl. Eeynin (Eeynibefore pronoun endings), Eyun. Her
eyes are blue. Eeyniha zureq.

-I've had my eye on that for a long
time. Shal hadi u-Eeyni f-dak s-si.

-The eye of this needle is too small
l-Eeyn d-had l-ibra sgira bezzaf.

-I never laid eyes on him. Eemmer
Eeyniya ma-safuh.

**We just don't see eye to eye. Eemmerna ma-ka-nttafqu.

hlack eye - Eeyn mneffxa. Where did you get that black eye? Elaš Eeynek mneffxa?

to keep an eye on - redd l-bal l-. Keep an eye on the children while I'm out. redd l-bal le-d-drari melli nexrož.

to eye - bellez Eeynu f-. He eyed the chocolate longingly. bellez Eeynu fe-š-šeklat be-š-šehwa.

eyebrow - hažeb pl. hwažeb. eye glasses - ndader (pl.). eyelash - šfer pl. šfar.

eyelid - žfen pl. žfan.

F

fabric - tub pl. twab. What kind of fabric 1s this shirt made of?

be-s-men tub mensuba had l-qamıža?

face - 1. wžeh, wežh pl. wžuh; sifa pl. -t, syuf. I'd tell him that right to his face. ngulha-lu f-wežhu. --He tripped and fell on his face. Eter u-tah Ela wežhu. --She slammed the door in my face. šeddet-li l-bab Ela wežhi.

2. kemmara pl. kmamer. He has a

horrible face. Eendu wahed l-kemmara ka-texleE.
face to face - 1. metgablin.

They were sitting face to face. kanu galsin metqablin. 2. wžeh le-wžeh. They discussed it face to face. tkellmu Eliha wžeh le-wžeh.

at face value - men l-medher. She takes everything at face value. koll haža ka-tqedderha men l-medher dyalha.

on the face of it - $\mathcal{E}la$ ma ka-idher. On the face of it, it looks like a good idea. $\mathcal{E}la$ ma ka-idher hadi fekra mezyana.

in the face of danger - qbalt l-xatar.

to lose face - theššem, tbehdel.
to make (cause to) lose face heššem, behdel b-.

to make faces - & ewwež wežhu.

Stop making faces. xlas
u-ma-t&ewwež wežhek.

to save face - menne e rașu men t-thehdila.

to show one's face - dehher wežhu, biyyen wežhu. He doesn't dare show his face around here again. ma-ka-iqder-š Eawed ibiyyen wežhu hna.

to face - 1. Eta yeEți wežhu.
Face the wall! Eți wežhek l-l-hiț!
2. qabel. My window faces south.
š-šeržem dyali mqabel l-žanub.
3. wažeh, qabel. Face the facts!
wažeh l-waqie! --I can't face him.
ma-neqder-š nwažhu.

face-powder - burbu d-le-wžeh. facing - mqabel. He lives in the house facing the theater. saken fe-d-dar lli mqabla s-sinima.

fact - waqi∈a pl. waqaye∈, haqiqa pl. haqa²eq.

in fact - fe-l-haqiqa, fe-l-waqiE.
factor - °asel pl. °usul; sabab pl.
°asbab. His perseverance was the main factor of his success. t-tbat dyalu kan °ahemm sabab de-n-nažah dyalu.

factory - meEmel pl. maEamil.

to fade - 1. kšef. My socks faded in
the wash. tqašri kešfu fe-t-tesbin.
2. dbal. These roses faded very
quickly. had l-werd degya degya
dbal.

to fade away - gab igib šwiya be-šwiya. The music faded away. l-musiqa gabet šwiya be-šwiya. to fail - 1. ma-nžeh-š, xser, xfeq. His experiment failed. t-težriba dvalu ma-nežhet-š. --All our efforts failed. mežhudatna kollha xefqet. 2. sqet. Five students failed the exam. xemsa de-t-tolba seqtu f-lemtihan. 3. qlal, mša imši Elih. His eyesight is failing. n-nder dyalu ka-iqlal. 4. da& idiE. The crops failed last year. 1-Eam lli fat s-saba da et. 5. smeh f-, daz iduz, xella. I won't fail you. ma-nesmeh-š fik or ma-nduzek-š. 6. keddeb. If my eyes don't fail me, it's him. ila ma-keddbunı-š Eeyniya rah huwa hadak. 7. Eendak ma, wiyyak ma. Don't fail to go there. Eendak ma-temši-š l-temma. without fail - bla šekk. I'll be

there without fail. bla šekk gad nkun temma.

failure - suqut. His failure in the exam made him sad. s-suqut dyalu f-le-mtihan mtiyyru-lu.

faint - 1. sexfan. I feel faint. ka-nhess b-rasi sexfan. 2. xfif. pl. xfaf. I heard a faint noise. sme €t ši-hess xfif.

**She lay in a dead faint. kanet \dot{g} ayba \mathcal{E} la \mathcal{E} qelha. —I haven't the faintest idea. $ma-\mathcal{E}$ endi \dot{h} etta fikra. —There's only a faint hope left. baqi \dot{g} ir \dot{s} wiya $de-l-\dot{\gamma}$ amal.

to faint - sxef. She fainted from fright, sexfet be-l-xel&a.

fair - 1. heqq. That wouldn't be fair! ma-ši heqq hadak. 2. mnaseb, meEqul. That's a fair price. had t-taman taman meEqul. 3. zeer pl. zuEer. She has blue eyes and fair hair. Eendha Eeynin zureq u-šeer zeer. 4. Ela qedd l-hal. The work is only fair. l-xedma Ela qedd l-hal.

faith - 1. iman, tiqa. Do you have faith in God? was Eendek l-iman fe-llah? --I lost faith in him. daeet t-tiqa dyali fih. 2. din pl. diyanat, dyun. I don't know what his faith is. ma-ka-neeref-s snu huwa d-din dyalu.

to have faith in (God) - amen be-llah, taq itiq fe-llah.

to have faith in (someone) - taq itiq b-.

faithful - xales, muxlis. He's faithful to his wife. huwa ražel xales le-mratu. —She's very faithful in her work. hiya muxlisa fe-l-xedma dyalha.

fake - 1. mzuwwer, ma-ši haqiqi. That picture is a fake. dak t-teswira mguwwra. 2. Sharat pl. Shartiya. He's not a real doctor, he's a fake. ma-huwa-ši tbib haqiqi, huwa gir šharat.

to fake - 1. zuwwer. He faked the passport. zuwwer l-zawaz. 2. dar idir b-nefsu, dar idir b-rasu, dar idir b-ruhu, Emel messu. I think you're just faking that you're tired. ka-ndenn gir ka-ddir b-rasek Eeyyan.

to fake poverty - tmesken.
to fake illness - tmerred.

fall - 1. tiha pl. -t. He hasn't recovered from his fall yet. ma-zal ma-bra-š men t-tiha dyalu. 2. xrif. I'll be back next fall. ġad nerže£ le-xrif ž-žay.

to fall - tah itih. He fell from the ladder. tah men s-sellum.

--He fell down the stairs. tah

fe-d-druž.

to fall apart - tah itih be-t-traf.

The chair is falling apart. \$\sis\$-\silva ka-ttih be-t-traf.

to fall asleep - nees, tah itih be-n-neas. I fell asleep. teht be-n-neas.

to fall back on - ttkel Ela. We can always fall back on our savings. imken-lna daymen ntteklu Eel le-flus lli wefferna.

to fall behind - t?exxer, twexxer. We fell behind in the rent. t?exxerna b-le-kra. --He fell behind the rest of them. twexxer murahom.

to fall in love - Exeq. She fell in love with him. Eexqettu.

to fall off - qlal. Profits have been falling off lately. r-rbeh ka-iqlal had l-iyam.

to fall on - ža iži, kan ikun. New Year's falls on a Monday this year. ras $l-\epsilon$ am ġad iži n-nhar t-tnin had $l-\epsilon$ am.

to fall out - 1. tah itih. All his hair fell out. *sefru kollu tah. 2. txasem. They've fallen out with each other since she wrecked the car. txasmu beédiyathom men beéd-ma wegéet-lha l-hadita be-s-siyara.

fallen arches - režlin mgerrsin, režlin mbešštin.

false = ma-ši shih pl. ma-si shah.
Is this true or false? was had
š-ši shih wella la?

false teeth - snan rumiyin.

familiar - 1. metsanes. I'm not
familiar with that. ana
ma-metsanes-ši b-dak š-ši. 2. ma-ši
berrani. You have a familiar face.
wežhek ma-ši berrani Eliya.

to get familiar with - $dser \in la$.

Don't get too familiar ma-ddšer-š!

to become familiar with - tsanes

b-, walef b-.

family - Ea?ila pl. -t.

famine - qeht, mža£a pl. -t.

famous - mešhur.

fan - 1. riyyaha pl. -t. Turn on the fan. duwwer r-riyyaha. 2. merweh pl. mraweh. She has a fan from Spain. Eendha merweh men sbanya.

to fan - ruwweh. Fan yourself with the newspaper. ruwweh rasek be-l-zarida.

fancy - 1. ršuq de-s-sa£a. It's just a passing fancy with her. hadak gir r-ršuq dyalha de-s-sa£a.

2. de-š-šiki. She doesn't like fancy clothes. ma-ka-tebģi-š le-hwayež de-š-šiki.

3. mšiyyek.

Don't you look fancy! ka-ddher mšiyyek bezzaf!

far - 1. b&id pl. b&ad. People came from far and near. n-nas žaw men qrib u-men b&id. 2. bezzaf. That's not far wrong. ma-fih-š l-galat bezzaf.

far be it - haša. Far be it from me to criticize you. haša hetta nlahed €lik.

to go far - 1. tbeeed. Don't go far, children! ma-tbeeedu-s a d-drari! 2. nžeh bezzaf. He'll go far in this profession. gad inžeh bezzaf f-had l-mehna.

to carry things too far - zad izid fih, bessel. At times he carries things too far. beed l-merrat ka-izid fih.

far away - $b \in id$ pl. $b \in ad$. Is he far away? was huwa $b \in id$?

far off - beid bezzaf. The wedding is not far off. z-zwaž ma-beid-8 bezzaf.

as far as - 1. hetta l-. We walked as far as the gate. mšina hetta l-l-bab. 2. $\mathcal{E}la$ bo $\mathcal{E}d$. As far as you could see, everything was covered with snow. $\mathcal{E}la$ bo $\mathcal{E}d$ n-nder kan t-tel \mathcal{E} mgetti koll- $\mathcal{S}i$. 3. $\mathcal{E}la$ -ma. As far as I know he's still alive. $\mathcal{E}la$ -ma ka-ne \mathcal{E} ref huwa bagi \mathcal{E} aye \mathcal{S} .

**The idea is good, as far as it goes. hadı fekra mezyana, be-l-heqq ma-ka-thell-š l-moškila kollha.

as far as I'm concerned, etc. ila žiti Eliya, etc. As far as
he's concerned it's all right. ila
žiti Elih huwa qabel.

by far - bezzaf Ead. He is by far the most famous man in town. huwa mešhur kter men koll wahed f-

f-had le-blad u-bezzaf Ead.

few and far between - qlal bezzaf $\mathcal{E}ad$. Honest people are few and far between. n-nas lli fihom l-aman qlal bezzaf $\mathcal{E}ad$.

on the far side - &el ž-žiha le-xra. Our house is on the far side of the river. darna žat &el ž-žiha le-xra de-l-wad.

so far - hetta l-daba. So far you've been pretty lucky. hetta l-daba kan Eendek z-zher bezzaf.

Far East - š-šerg l-9eqsa.

farewell party - hefla de-l-wada£ pl. -t de-l-wada£.

far-fetched - b&id &el d-denn. That's a bit far-fetched. had š-ši b&id &el d-denn ši-šwiya.

farm - Ezib pl. Ezayeb, firma pl. -t. farm hand - xeddam d-le-Ezib pl. xeddama d-le-Ezib.

farming - flaha. There isn't much farming in this region. ma-kayna-š le-flaha bezzaf f-had ž-žiha. ž-žiha.

to fascinate - bhed. The entire audience was fascinated by his story. le-xrafa dyalu behdet ž-žma£a kollha.

**She keeps house, after a fashion.
ka-thella f-darha f-wahed š-škel
m£awet u-kan.

fashionable - muda, fe-l-muda.

fast - 1. syam. One of the five pillars of Islam is the Fast. s-syam huwa wahed men l-xemsa de-r-rkayez lli ka-ittebna Elihom l-?islam.

2. be-z-zerba. Don't talk so fast. ma-tehder-š be-z-zerba. 3. srie pl. -in. He has a fast car. Eendu siyara sriea. 4. asili. Are these colors fast? waš had s-sbaga asiliya?

**My watch is ten minutes fast.
maganti fiha Eešra de-d-dqayeq de-lxeffa. --He's fast asleep. nEasu

tqil.

fast company - nas de-r-ršuq. He travels in fast company. ka-idžemmeć mća n-nas de-r-ršuq.

to go fast - sre£, žra ižri. His new car will go very fast. tumubiltu ž-ždida ka-tesre£ bezzaf.

to fast - sam isum.

to fasten - Eqed.

fat - 1. šhem pl. šehmat. This meat has too much fat. had l-lhem fih Shem bezzaf. 2. smin pl. sman. The woman is too fat. had le-mra smina bezzaf.

to get fat - sman. He's gotten fat this year. sman had $l-\epsilon am$. fatal - 1. (lli) ka-iqtel, qatel, del-mut. He received a fatal blow. xda deqqa de-l-mut. 2. muhlik, (lli) ka-ihlek, de-l-halak. That was a fatal mistake. kanet l-ģeļţa muhlika.

fate - l-mektab, l-mektub.

father - bu, þþa.

faucet - Eenbub pl. Enabeb, bezbuz pl. bzabez. The faucet is dripping. l-Eenbub ka-iqeţţer.

fault - 1. ¿ib pl. ¿yub. We all have our faults. koll wahed fina ¿endu ¿yubu or hetta zin ma-xṭatu lula.
2. ġalat pl. ġlatı, ġeltat. It's not his fault. ma-ši l-ġalat dyalu.

to find fault - lahed. You're always finding fault. daymen ka-tlahed.

faultless - shih pl. shah, ma-fih hetta gelta.

faulty - Eayeb.

fava bean - fula pl. -t, coll. ful.
favor - 1. mziya pl. -t. I want to
ask you a favor. hebbit ntleb
mennek wahed le-mziya. 2. xir.
Don't do me any favors! ma-ddir
fiya hetta ši-xir! or xelli xirek
f-darek!

to be in favor of - mal imil l.

I'm in favor of this party. ana
ka-nmil l-had l-hizeb.

in one's favor - men žiht-. She spoke in my favor at the trial. žat men žihti fe-l-muḥakama.

to speak in one's favor - šker, that itni $\mathcal{E}la$. She spoke to the boss in my favor. $šekretni\ l-le-m\mathcal{E}ellem$.

-That speaks in his favor. $had\ š ši\ ka-itni\ \mathcal{E}lih$.

to favor - 1. ža iži men žiht.
He favors the youngest child. kaiži men žiht l-weld s-sģir.
2. feddel. I favor black horses.
ka-nfeddel l-xil l-kuhel.

favorable - mnaseb. He bought the house on very favorable terms. **sra d-dar b-taman mnaseb.

favorably - b-le-Etina. The play was favorably received. steablu t-temtil b-le-Etina.

fear - xuf. Your fears are unfounded.

l-xuf dyalek ma-Eendu meEna. --He

turned pale with fear. rže£ sfer

be-l-xuf.

for fear of - Ela wedd xaf ixaf.

He took a taxi for fear of missing the train. $xda\ taksi\ {\it Ela}\ wedd\ xaf\ l-mašina\ temši\ {\it Elih}.$

to fear - xaf ixaf. You have nothing to fear. ma-Eendek-8 mn-a8 txaf.

fearful - 1. xayef. Mother is so fearful about my health. mmi xayfa bezzaf Ela sehhti. 2. (lli) ka-ixewwef. He was a huge, fearful man. kan ražel twil u-ka-ixewwef. fearfully - bla qyas, bezzaf Ead. I

was fearfully seasick on the boat.

kont mrid bla qyas fe-l-babbur.

feast - zerda pl. -t, zradi; &id pl.

feast - serda pl. -t, sradı; eid p Eyad.

feather - riša pl. -t coll. riš.
feature - 1. herf pl. hruf. He has
pleasant features. Eendu hruf
mezyanin. 2. xessisa pl. -t. A
feature of capitalism is free trade.
men xessisat r-rasmaliya horriyt
t-tižara.

February - febrayer, ibrayer.

fee - xlas pl. -at. How much was the
fee? šhal kan le-xlas?

feeble - d&if pl. d&af.

feed - makla pl. -t. Have you bought the feed for the chickens? was \$riti l-makla le-d-džaž?

to feed - wekkel. She's feeding the chickens. ka-twekkel d-džaž.

to feel - 1. qelleb. The doctor felt my pulse. t-tbib qelleb n-neht dyali. 2. hess b-. He felt a strange hand on his shoulder. hess b-ši-yedd Ela ketfu. —He doesn't feel well. ma-ka-ihess-s b-rasu la-bas. 3. denn, hess. I feel she doesn't like me. ka-nhess biha ma-ka-tebgini-š.

**We feel his loss keenly. l-mut dyalu xellatha fina. --I'll feel him out and let you know. ġad nšuf šnu teht raṣu u-nqul-lek.

to feel about - denn f-. How do you feel about this? $\S-ka-ddenn$ f-had $\S-\Si$?

to feel for - t?essef Ela, Eezza. I really feel for you. ka-nt?essef Elik bezzaf.

to feel like - 1. bga ibgi. I feel like a cold drink. bagi nešreb ši-haža barda. --I feel like dancing. bagi nešteh. 2. hess b-rasu bhal. I feel like a fool. ka-nhess b-rasi bhal le-hmeq.

to feel one's way - desses. He felt his way to the window. desses Eel t-triq le-š-šeržem.

to feel up to - hess b-qabiliya, ε endu l-qabiliya. I don't feel up to it right now. ma- ε endi- ε l-qabiliya l-had ε - ε i daba.

to get (used to) the feel of tsanes. I haven't got the feel of
the car yet. ma-zal ma-tsanest-š
be-t-tumubil.

feeling - Eatifa pl. Eawatef. I didn't mean to hurt your feelings. ma-bgit-8 ngesseh l-Eawatef dyalek.

**I have a feeling (that) he won't come. ka-nšekk ma-żad iži-š.

to have a feeling for - dduwweq. He has no feeling for music. ma-ka-idduwweq-š l-musiqa.

to have feeling in - hess ihess b.. I have no feeling in my right arm. ma-ka-nhess-š be-l-yedd l-imna.

fellow - ?ensan, ?insan pl. nas. He's a nice fellow. huwa wahed l-?ensan drif.

the fellows - d-drari. Where are the fellows going to meet tonight? fayn gad itlaqaw d-drari had l-lila?
**Poor fellow! meskin!

felt - lbed, mlifa.

female - nta pl. -wat. Is this animal a male or a female? waš had l-hayawan dher wella nta?

fence - syaž pl. -at.

wire fence - zerb pl. zrub.
to fence (in) - siyyez. They
fenced the house in. siyyzu d-dar.
to ferment - xmer, xellel. The grapes
are fermenting. l-Eineb ka-ixellel.

fertile - 1. xesb. This soil is very fertile. had l-gerd xesba bezzaf.
2. muntiž. He has a very fertile mind. Eendu fiker muntiž bezzaf.

to fester - qeyyeh. Is the wound still festering? was z-zerha baqya ka-tqeyyeh?

festival - musem pl. mwasem; ferh pl. frah, frahat, fruha. The festival was canceled at the last minute. hedfu l-musem f-vaxir saca.

fever - sxana.

feverish - fih sxana. He's been
feverish all day. bqat fih s-sxana
n-nhar kollu.

few - qlil pl. qlal. Few people come to see us in the summer. ka-ižiw nas qlal išufuna fe-s-sif.

few and far between - qlal bezzaf €ad. Honest people are few and far between. n-nas ş-ṣaḍqin qlal bezzaf €ad.

a few - ši. May I ask a few ques-

tions? was imken-li newde \\$i-as?ila?

a few things - ši-hawyež. There are a few things on the table. kayen ši-hwayež Eel t-tabla.

a few times - beed l-merrat. I saw him only a few times. Šeftu ģir beed l-merrat.

quite a few - ktar šwiyeš, Eadad ktir. Quite a few people were present. kanu n-nas ktar šwiyeš hadrın or kanu Eadad de-n-nas hadrin.

Fez - fas.

native of Fez - fasi pl. fasiyen, hel fas.

fez - terbus pl. trabes.

fickle - tayeš.

fiddle - kamanža pl. -t.

**He won't play second fiddle to anyone. ma-ibgi-š ikun mura hetta ši-wahed.

to fiddle - dreb l-kamanža, leeb l-kamanža.

to fiddle (around) with - xerbeq f-, leeb f-. Don't fiddle (around) with the radio! ma-txerbeq-s fe-radvu!

to fiddle away - diyyeE. He fiddled away the whole day doing absolutely nothing. diyyeE n-nhar kollu bla-ma yeEmel hetta haža.

field - 1. feddan pl. fdaden. We walked across the fields. qteena l-feddan. 2. qetea de-l-eerd. How much did you pay for that field? be-shal sriti dak l-qetea de-l-eerd? 3. midan pl. myaden, mihna pl. -t. He's the best man in his field. huwa hsen wahed f-midanu. 4. meleeb pl. mlaeeb. The teams are coming onto the field. l-ferqat daxlin l-meleeb.

fierce - ferras, hayež. The lion I saw was very fierce. s-sbe€ lli šeft kan ferras bezzaf.

fiery - hayež. He made a fiery speech. dar xetba hayža.

fifteen - xemsţaš, xmesţaš.

fifth - 1. xumus pl. xmas. He got only a fifth of the estate. žah gir l-xumus de-l-melk. 2. xames. He was born on October fifth. dzad nhar l-xames fe-ktuber.

fifty - xemsin.

fight - 1. muharaba pl. -t. He played an important part in the fight against tuberculosis. Sarek musaraka muhama f-muharabet merd s-sell. 2. mdabsa pl. -t. It was a fight to the finish. kanet mdabsa dyal tyuh r-ruh. 3.-mulakama

pl. -t. Were you at the fight last night? was therresti fe-l-mulakama l-bareh fe-l-lil?

**He hasn't any fight left in him. ma-bqa fih ma idabez.

to have a fight - ddabez. He and his wife had a fight. ddabez mea mratu or ddabez huwa u-mratu.

to fight - 1. hareb. They fought bravely. harbu b-sažaća. --You've got to fight that habit. xessek thareb had t-tbića. 2. dafeć ćla. I'm going to fight this suit. ġad ndafeć ćla had l-qadiya.

figure - 1. reqm pl. rqam, ?erqam.

Add up these figures. žme£ had l?erqam. 2. sura pl. -t. Figure
seven shows the parts of the engine.
s-sura reqm seb£a ka-tbiyyen t-traf
dyal l-makina. 3. šexsiya pl. -t.

He's a mighty important figure in this town. huwa šexsiya muhemma bezzaf f-had le-mdina.

**Are you good at figures? kateEref tehseb mezyan?

to figure - denn. I figure it's about five-thirty. ka-ndenn tkun tegriben l-xemsa u-ness.

to figure out - 1. hell, xerrež.

Can you figure out this problem?

imken-lek thell had l-muškila?

2. hseb. Figure out how much it
will cost. hseb šhal gad iswa.

3. fhem. Can you figure out what he
means? waš imken-lek tefhem š-kaibģi iqul? --I can't figure you
out. ma-neqder-š nfehmek.

file - 1. mebred pl. mbared. You need a finer file than that. xessek mebred reqq men hadak. 2. mileff pl. -at. This student's file must have been misplaced. l-mileff dyal had t-taleb ma-huwa gir talef.

--You'll find that in our files. děber dak-8-ši čendna fe-l-mileffat.
3. seff pl. sfuf. Line up in single file! diru seff wahed!

on file - méa l-mileffat. Do we have his application on file? was fendna t-talab dyalu méa l-mileffat?

to file - 1. bred. I have to file my nails. ka-ixessni nebred dfari.

2. retteb. The letters have not yet been filed. ma-zal ma-rettbu-š le-brawat. 3. qeddem. I filed my application yesterday. qeddemt t-talab dyali l-bareh.

to fill - 1. Eemmer. Fill this bottle with water. Eemmer had l-qer&a be-l-ma. --The hall was filled to capacity. Eemmru l-qa&a kollha. --This tooth will have to be filled.

had d-dersa ka-ixessha tteemmer.

2. xda yaxod, šģel. The bed just about fills half of the room. lefraš ka-yaxod Elayen n-ness fe-l-bit.

to fill in - 1. Eemmer. The ditch has been filled in. Eemmru l-hefra.

2. kteb. Fill your name in here. kteb smek hna. 3. nab inub. I'm just filling in here. ana ģir nayeb

hna. to fill out - \mathcal{E} emmer. Fill out this application. \mathcal{E} emmer had l-werga.

to fill up - \mathcal{E} emmer hetta l-l-fomm. He filled up the glasses. \mathcal{E} emmer l-kisan hetta l-l-fomm.

**I've had my fill of it! \$beet mennu!

film - 1. beg Ea pl. -t, bqa Ei. A thin film of oil formed on the water. beg Ea de-z-zit tel Eet Ela w žeh l-ma.

2. film pl. ?eflam. I don't particularly like funny films. ma-ka-nebģi-š l-?eflam de-d-dehk hetta l-temma.

roll of film - film pl. ?eflam, qanut (de-tṣawer) pl. qnanet (de-tṣawer). I have to get another roll of film. xeṣṣni naxod qanut axur de-tṣawer.

to film - summer. They filmed the entire ceremony. summer l-hefla kollha.

filter - seffaya pl. -t.

to filter - seffa.

final - 1. ?axir. Is that your final decision? was hada l-qarar dyalek l-?axir? 2. mtihan ?axir. How did you make out on your French final? kif kan le-mtihan l-?axir dyalek fe-l-fransawiya?

finally - fe-l-?axir, fe-t-tali.
financial - maddi, mali. For financial reasons I must say no. Ela wedd? esbab maddiya ma-imken-li-s neqbel.
to find - zber, sab isib, lqa ilqa.

I found a coin in the street. Shert fels fe-t-triq. -- I found him at home. lqitu fe-d-dar.

a real find - wežba pl. -t. This book is a real find. had le-ktab wežba mezyana.

to find one's way around - sab isib triqu. I never can find my way around here. ma-temmri ma-ka-nsib triqi hnaya.

to find out - 1. Eref, ttaleE. I found it out just yesterday. Ead l-bareh Ereftu. 2. faq ifiq b-. I found him out long ago. feqt bih men hadi šhal.

fine - 1. xtiya pl. -t. He had to pay a stiff fine. tlezzem ixelles

xtiya kbira. 2. moEtabar. Where did you get that fine material? mnayn xditi dak t-tub l-moEtabar?
3. sgirp pl. sgar. That's too fine a distinction. hada ferq sgir bessaf Ead. 4. mezyan. That's fine! had š-ši mezyan! 5. drif pl. draf. That was mighty fine of him. kan drif bessaf Ead. 6. la-bas. Thanks, I'm feeling fine. barek llahu fik, r-ana la-bas. 7. rqiq pl. rqaq. I'd like a pen with a fine point. bgit qlam rasu rqiq. to fine - dreb b-le-xtiya. The judge fined him five hundred dirhams

to fine - dreb b-le-xtiya. The judge fined him five hundred dirhams. l-qadi derbu be-xtiya d-xemsa myat derhem.

finger - sbee pl. sebean.

fingerprint - xett de-s-sbee pl. xtut de-s-sebean.

finish - tali. I read the book from start to finish in one day. qrit le-ktab men l-?ewwel hetta le-t-tali fe-nhar wahed.

to finish - 1. fedda. Have you finished the job? was fedditi l-xedma? 2. kmel, tsala, tqada, tfedda. The work is finished. l-xedma kemlet.

**It was a fight to the finish.

kanet mdabsa dyal tyuh r-ruh. --If
he does that once more, he'll be
finished. ila Eawed darha merra
xra gad tkun t-taliya Elih.

fire - 1. Eafya pl. Ewafi, nar pl.
niran. --Has the fire gone out?
was tfat l-Eafya? 2. hriqa pl. -t,
hrayeq. We had a big fire in town
last year. kanet hriqa kbira f-leblad l-Eam lli fat.

to be on fire - ttehreq, kan ikun nayda fih l-Eafya. The house is on fire. d-dar ka-ttehreq or d-dar nayda fiha l-Eafya.

to build a fire - šeel l-eafya. Let's build a fire. aži nšeelu l-eafya.

to catch fire - šeɛlet l-ɛafya f-.
The hay caught fire. t-tben šeɛlet
fih l-ɛafya.

to light a fire - š&el l-&afya. Will you light the fire? waš tebgi teš&el l-&afya?

to set on fire - $\$ \& el \ l - \& afya \ f - .$ He set the house on fire. $\$ \& el \ l - \& afya \ fe - d - dar.$

to fire - 1. dreb (l-qertas).
Why didn't you fire? Elas madrebti-s l-qertas? 2. xerres men
l-xedma dha idhi. Why did the boss
fire him? Elas dhah le-mEellem?

**I'm all ears, fire away! h-ana

ka-ntsennet, tleq ma Eendek.

fire department - l-bumbiya. Call the Fire Department! Eeyyet l-bumbiya!

fire escape - druž l-?igata.

fireman - bumbi pl. -ya.

firm - 1. šarika pl. -at. What firm do you represent? §-men §arika katmettel? 2. rasi, gaseh The ground is firmer here than it is there. 1-9erd gasha hna kter men temma.

**I'm a firm believer in it. ana

m?amen b-had š-ši bezzaf.

first - 1. luwwel. I get paid on the first. ka-ixellsuni l-luwwel fe-ššher. -- I wouldn't believe it at first. ma-teqt-s fe-l-luwwel. --1always travel first-class. daymen ka-nsafer fe-d-daraža l-luwla. 2. 9ewwalen. First let me ask you a question. ?ewwelen xellini nsuwwlek.

**He doesn't know the first thing about soccer. ma ka-yeEref hetta haža f-le&b l-kura.

first-class - nimiru wahed. It's a first-class job. hadi xedma nimiru

first of all - be Eda, qbel koll-ši. First of all, you misunderstood me. qbel koll-ši, rak ma-fhemtini-š.

in the first place - ?ewwalen. In the first place I have no money, and besides... ?ewwalen, ma-Eendi flus, u-zaydun...

fish - huta pl. -t coll. hut.

to fish - 1. siyyed l-hut. Do you want to go fishing? was tebģi temši tsiyyed l-hut? 2. qelleb, duwwer. She's just fishing for compliments. ğir ka-dduwwer €el l-qobba.

fist - buniya pl. -t, Eeqda de-l-yedd. to **fit** - ža iži qedd. These shoes don't fit me. had s-sebbat ma-ka-

iži-š geddi.

**I'm busy, but I'll try to fit you in somewhere. and mešģul, be-lhegg ndir žehdi baš nsib-lek šiwqiyyet.

to fit together - tlaqa. These parts don't fit together. had ttraf ma-ka-itlagaw-š.

to have a fit - džennen. Every time I mention it he has a fit. fuq-emma ka-nžbedha-lu ka-idžennen.

**This suit isn't a good fit. had

l-keswa ma-ši qeddi.

to be fit - slah. What sort of work is he fit for? le-s-men xedma islah? -- This meat isn't fit to eat. had l-lhem ma-islah-š l-l-makla. -- This water isn't fit to drink.

had l-ma ma-işlah-š le-š-šrib. **He's fit to be tied. bezqu tayer be-ž-žnun.

to feel fit - hess b-raşu mezyan. He doesn't feel fit today. ma-kaihess-ši b-rasu mezyan l-yum.

fitting - 1. qyas pl. -at. When will the suit be ready for a fitting? mtaš tužed l-keswa l-le-gyas? 2. mnaseb. Let's wait for a more fitting occasion. xellina nsaynu weqt mnaseb kter.

five - xemsa, xems.

 $\mathbf{fix} - me^{g}zeq pl. m^{g}azeq$. He's in a terrible fix. huwa f-wahed l-me 9 zeq ş€ib.

to fix - 1. dar idir, Emel. price was fixed at one hundred dollars. Eemlu t-taman myat derhem. 2. Eewwet. Fix your tie. Eewwet le-grabata dyalek. 3. sleh. you fix the typewriter for me? was imken-lek teşleh-li l-makina d-lektaba? 4. wežžed, saweb. I have to fix supper now. ka-ixessni nwežžed le-Eša daba. 5. Eageb. I'll fix that swindler. gad nEageb dak l-xettaf.

to fix up - saweb, Eawet. fixed everything up again. sawbu koll-ši Eawed.

flabby - merxuf, merxi. My muscles got all flabby when I was sick. l-Eseb dyali wellaw merxiyin bezzaf melli kont mrid.

flag - Elam pl. Eluma, Ealamat; bendira pl. -t, bnader; raya pl. -t.

flake - qešra pl. -t, qšur. The paint is coming off the wall in big flakes. ka-itihu qšur kbar de-s-sbaga men l-hit.

flame - šeffala pl. -t. The flame of the candle was red. š-šeEEala de-š-šma£a kanet hemṛa.

flap – ġlaf pl. –at; ġṭa pl. –wat, ¿ti. Do you want your pockets with or without flaps? was tebģi žyubek b-le-gti wella blaš?

to flap - ferfer. The bird flapped its wings and flew away. l-bertal ferfer be-žnawhu u-tar.

to flare up - 1. lheb. The fire flared up when I poured some gasoline on it. l-Eafya lehbet mnin kebbit Eliha l-lisans. 2. zeef. He flares up at the slightest provocation. ka-džebdu Elik ka-izEef.

flash - $\xi \in a$. The flash of light blinded me. š-š&a de-d-duw Eemmani. in a flash - bhal le-breg. It was all over in a flash. daz bhal

le-breq.

flash of lightning - berga pl. -t coll. breq.

quick as a flash - bhal le-breq. He answered quick as a flash. žaweb bhal le-breg.

to flash - 1. breq. His eyes flashed with anger. Eeynih berqu b-le-gdeb. 2. SEel. He flashed the light right in my face. *Eel-li d-duw f-wežhi.

**Many thoughts flashed through my mind. bezzaf de-l-fikrat žaw l-bali f-deqqa wehda.

to flash on - š£el. I saw the light flash on. šeft d-duw ščel. flashlight - fnar pl. -at.

flat - 1. dwira pl. -t, sekna pl. -t. I just moved into a new flat. Ead rhelt l-wahed d-dwira ždida.

2. rwida mefšuša pl. rwayed mefšušin. You'll have to get the flat fixed. xeşşek tşaweb r-rwida l-mefšuša.

3. mavati. All houses in Morocco have flat roofs. fe-l-megrib d-dyur kollhom Eendhom stupa mwatyin.

4. basel. The food tastes flat. l-makla basla. 5. u-safi, u-baraka, geteen. His answer was a flat no. žwabu kan la u-safi. 6. mbezzet. He has a flat nose. Eendu menxar mbezzet.

to have a flat - ttfeššet rwida l-. On the way back we had a flat. mnin konna raž€in ttfeššet-lna rwida.

to flatten - wata.

to flatter - lehleh.

to flatter oneself - shab-lu rasu. He flatters himself he's a good speaker. ka-isḥab-lu raṣu ka-ixṭeþ mezyan.

to feel flattered - Eežbu rașu. She felt flattered by his remarks. Ežebha rasha be-l-mulahadat dyalu. flat tire - rwida mefšuša pl. rwayed mefšušin.

flavor - madaq. The coffee has lost all its flavor. l-qehwa mša-lha l-madag dyalha kollu.

flavorless - basel.

flaw - ξib pl. ξvub .

flax - kettan.

flea - berguta pl. braget coll. bergut. to flee - hreb.

fleece - gezza pl. gzez.

fleet - fraget, ?ustul.

flesh - lhem pl. lhum, lhumat.

to flex - tna itni.

flexibility - lyana, lyuna.

flexible - liyyen.

to flicker - ġmez, ġzel, de£meš. The

light is flickering. d-duw ka-igmez. flight - 1. tayran. The flight lasted four hours. t-tayran tal rebEa 2. hežra pl. -t. What de-s-saEat. do you know about the flight of the prophet? š-ka-teEref Eel l-hežra de-n-nbi? 3. seff pl. sfuf de-ddruž. How many more flights do we have to climb? shal men seff de-ddruž ma-zal ka-ixessna nteļEu? flimsy - 1. raši, ma-ši shih. The

flimsy house was destroyed by the wind. d-dar r-rasya thedmet be-r-r 2. xawi. That was a flimsy excuse hadak kan Eder xawi.

to fling - lah iluh, rma irmi. **flock** - 1. $qet \in a$ pl. -t. They followed him like a flock of sheep. teb€uh bhal qet€a d-le-gnem. 2. qetta pl. -t. We saw a flock of birds flying south. *sefna qetta de-t-tyur metwežžhin l-l-žanub.

to flock - dzahem. The children flocked into the movie. dsahmu d-drari fe-s-sinima.

to flock around - džuwwqu Ela, daru ž-žuga Ela. They flocked around the injured man. džuwwau Eel r-ražel l-mežruh.

flood - fida.

to flood - 1. hmel, fad ifid. The river floods every year. ka-yehmel koll Eam. 2. gerreg, getta (be-l-ma), fad ifid \mathcal{E} la. high tide flooded the beach. fad le-mlu Eel le-blaya.

floor - 1. lerd. My glasses fell on the floor. n-ndader dyali tahu fe-l-lerd. 2. tebga pl. -t. I live on the third floor. ka-neskon fet-tebga t-talta.

**May I have the floor? was imken-li ntkellem?

first floor - sefli. We live on the first floor. ka-nseknu fe-ssefli.

florist - biyya n-nuwwar. Her brother is a florist. xaha biyya \in n-nuwwar. florist. xaha biyya n-nuwwar.

to flounder - 1. xebbet. The horse floundered in the mud. bga l- ε ewd ka-ixebbet fe-l-ģis. 2. tfafa. He floundered a while before finding the right answer. tfafa šwiya qbelma isib ž-žwab.

flour - thin.

to flourish 1. nbet mezyan. The plants are flourishing here. l-ģeṛṣ kainbet mezyan f-had l-mudeE.

tmešša mezyan. His business is flourishing now. daba t-tižara dyalı metmeššya mezyan.

to flow - sal isil.

flower - numwara pl. -t, nwawer coll. numwar.

to **fluctuate** - 1. tleé u-hbet. Prices fluctuate. l-?etman ka-ttleé u-tehbet. 2. tgeyyer, tbeddel.

Around here the weather fluctuates a lot. l-hal ka-tgeyyer hna bezzaf.

fluently - belbel, be-ž-žri u-l-ma.

He speaks Arabic fluently. kaitkellem l-Eerbiya belbel.

fluid - 1. haža žarya, ši žari. What is the fluid in this glass? \$-had \$-\$i žari f-had l-kas? 2. žari. I watched them pour the fluid metal into a mold. \$efthom ka-ikebbu l-me&den žari fe-l-qaleb.

to flutter - 1. ferfer, refref. The scarf fluttered in the breeze. d-derra kanet ka-trefref fe-r-rih.

2. rdeh. My heart fluttered when I saw her. mnin šeftha gelbi bda irdeh.

fly - debbana pl. -t, dbaben; coll. debban.

to fly - 1. tar itir. The birds are flying south. le-brate! tayrin l-žiht l-žanub. 2. xda yaxod t-tiyara. We're flying to Paris tomorrow. ġedda ġad naxdu t-tiyara l-bariz. 3. ṣag iṣug. Can you fly a plane? waš ka-te-eref tṣug t-tiyara?

**The ship was flying the Moroccan flag. l-baxira kanet mtell&a r-raya l-megribiya.

to fly into a rage - tar-lu, zeef. When I told my father he flew into a rage. mnin qoltha le-bba tar-lu.

flyer - tiyyar pl. -in, -a.

foal - ždeć pl. žduća.

foam - 1. regwa pl. -t, rgawi. This soap doesn't produce much foam. had s-sabun ma-ka-ixerrež-š r-regwa bezzaf. 2. keškuša pl. -t. There's more foam than beer in this glass. kayen l-keškuša kter men l-bira f-had l-kas.

**He was foaming with rage. kan ka-iġli be-l-ġedda.

fog - dbab, dbaba.

fogged (up) - My glasses are fogged (up). n-ndader dyali mdebbbin.

foggy - mdebbeb.

fold - tenya pl. -t. The curtains are faded at the folds. t-tenyat d-lexwami kašfin.

to fold - 1. twa itwi. Help me fold the blanket. Eawenni ntwi le-gta. 2. tna itni. Shall I fold the letter? was ntni le-bra?
3. kemmes, gellef, lemm, leff. Fold

the gloves in some paper. kemmes ssebba£at fe-l-kaġiţ. 4. šebbek. She
sat there with folded hands. kanet
galsa seb£an mšebbkin. 5. rebbe£.
He folded his arms. rebbe£ iddih.

to fold in one's arms - Eenneq. She folded the child in her arms. Eennget le-wliyed.

to fold up - fles. That business folded up last year. $dak \ l-bi \in u \S-\S ra \ fles \ l-\xi am \ lli \ fat.$

folder - glaf pl. -at, mileff pl. -at. The copies are in the blue folder. ra n-nesxat fe-l-mileff le-greq.

to follow - 1. the E. Somebody's following us. Si-wahed tabe Ena.

2. tebbe E. I think I'll follow your example. ka-ndenn gad ntebbe Elmital dyalek. --Her eyes followed him sadly. tebb E ettu b-E eynin fihom l-hosn. 3. xlet, the E. We'll follow you in a little while. nxeltu

**From this it follows that ... Ela had §-§i ...

Elikom men daba šwiya.

to follow up - tebbec. We try to follow up every complaint. ka-nhawlu ntebbeu koll šekwa.

**The letter reads as follows ...
h-aš ka-tqul le-bra ...

following - 1. Petbal (pl.). He has a very large following. Lendu Petbal bezzaf. 2. (lli) men beld. The following day it rained. n-nhar lli men beld tahet š-šta.

**I need the following items ...
ha le-hwayež lli mehtaž-lhom ...
food - makla pl. -t, mwakel; t&am pl.

-t. Food got scarcer and scarcer.

l-makla qlalet šwiya be-šwiya.

**This will give you food for thought. had \$-\$i gad yeEtik f-a\$ txemmem.

fool - buhali pl. -yin, buhala; hmeq pl. humeq. He's a fool if he believes that story. rah hmeg ila taq b-dak le-hkaya.

to make a fool of oneself - redd rasu dehka. If you do that you'll make a fool of yourself. ila ddir dak š-ši gad tredd rasek dehka.

to fool - 1. tmelleg. I was only fooling. gir kont ka-ntmelleg.
2. tfella Ela. You can't fool me.
ma-imken-lek-š ttfella Eliya.

to fool around - 1. xerbeq. Don't fool around with that radio while I'm gone. ma-txerbeq-\$ f-dak r-radyu melli nkun ġayeb. 2. tlaha. He just fools around. ġir ka-itlaha. foot - ržel (f.) pl. režlin. (pl. režli- before pronoun endings).

--The chest of drawers stood at the foot of the bed. le-xzana kanet Eend režiin le-fraš.

on foot - Ela režlin. We had to cover the rest of the way on foot. tterrina nderbu t-triq lli bqat Ela režlina.

to put one's foot down - ziyyer š-šģol. Things won't improve until you put your foot down. ila ma-ziyyerti-ši š-šģol hetta haža ma-tthessen.

to put one's foot in it - keffesha. I really put my foot in it that time! walayenni keffestha dak n-nuba!

to stand on one's own feet - ttkel Ela rasu. He's old enough to stand on his own feet. huwa kbir daba igder ittkel Ela rasu.

for - 1. l-. Aspirin is good for headaches. sbirin mezyan le-hriq r-ras. --The train for Casablanca leaves in five minutes. l-mašina lli ka-temši le-d-dar l-bida ģadi tqelleć men daba xemsa de-d-daqveq. --Is that for me? waš hadak lili? --What's that thing good for? l-aš ka-islah dak š-ši? 2. Ela. Did anyone ask for me? waš suwwel Eliya ši-wahed? 3. Ela wžeh. She married him for his money. xdatu Ela wžeh flusu. --I did it for my mother. dertha Ela wžeh mmi.

for a long time - šhal hadi. I haven't heard from him for a long time. šhal hadi ma-smeet elih xbar. force - quwwa pl. -t.

to force - lezzem.

to force open - fret.

forehead - žebha pl. -t.

foreign - ažnabı.

foreigner - ažnabi pl. -vin, ažaneb.

forest - gaba pl. -t, gyeb.

forever - daymen, dima.

to forget - nsa insa.

to forgive - smeh l-, sameh.

fork - 1. mtekka pl. -t, mtekk; metšekka pl. -t. Could I have a knife and fork please? Etini sekkin u-mtekka barek llahu fik. 2. mefreq pl. mfareq. Go until you reach the fork in the road. sir hetta tusel l-mefreq t-torgan.

to fork - ttefreq. The road forks beyond the village. t-triq ka-

ttefreq men mur l-qerya.

form - 1. werga pl. -t, wraq. You'll have to fill out this form. ka-ixessek temmer had l-werga.

2. galeb pl. qwaleb. They're pouring the molten iron into the form. ka-ikebbu le-hdid le-mduwweb

fe-l-galeb.

in good form - našet. I'm in good form today. ana našet l-yum.

to form - 1. Pesses. He formed a new cabinet. Pesses diwan ždid.
2. ttaxed. I haven't formed an opinion yet. ma-zal ma-ttaxett hetta ši-nadar.

formal - 1. met eddeb. You needn't be that formal. ma-tkun-s met eddeb bessaf. 2. resmi. He paid him a formal visit. saru siyara resmiya.

former - 1. sabeq, qdim. The former
 owner of the shop has retired. mul
 l-hanut le-qdim fedda men l-bi€
 u-š-šra f-nuba. 2. luwwel. I prefer
 the former suggestion. ka-nfedde!
 l-fikra l-luwla.

formerly - men qbel. fort - berž pl. bruž.

fortunate - sakid pl. sukada. That
was a fortunate coincidence. kaner
musadafa sakida.

to be fortunate - Eendu s-seEd. He was very fortunate. kan Eendu s-seEd bezzaf.

fortune - terwa, mal. She inherited a large fortune. wertet terwa kbira.

to tell someone's fortune - dreb l-fal l-. He told my fortune. dreb-li l-fal.

fortune teller - derrab l-fal pl. derrabin l-fal.

forty - rebein.

forward - l-l-geddam.

to come, go forward - tqeddem.
to look forward to - trežža. I'm
looking forward to your visit.
ka-ntrežža z-ziyara dyalek.

foul - 1. gelta pl. -t, glati. A team member committed a foul. wahed men l-ferga dar gelta. 2. xanes, qbih pl. qbah. Where does that foul smell come from? mnin žayya had r-riha l-xanza?

to foul up - xesser, keffes. That mechanic fouled up my whole car! dak mul l-garaž xesser-li t-tumubil kollha.

to found - ?esses. Who founded this club? Skun ?esses had n-nadi?

club! skun resses had n-nadi?

foundation - 1. sas pl. -t, lsas pl.

-at. The earthquake shook the
foundations of the building. l-hezza
l-rerdiya zeczet l-lsas de-l-binaya.

2. rasas pl. -at. Your remarks are
completely without foundation.
l-mulahadat dyalek ma-cendhom hetta
rasas. 3. muressasa pl. -t, žemciya
pl. -t. Does the foundation for the
blind have a branch in your city?
was l-muressasa de-l-cumi cendha

ši-fer€ fe-mdintkom? fountain - xossa pl. -t, xses, (wall fountain) seggaya pl. -t. fountain pen - stilu pl. -yat. four - rebea, rbee. fourteen - ŗbe€taš. fourth - 1. rubut pl. -at; rbet pl. rba£. Only one fourth of the students were listening. gir rbe& de-t-tlamed kan ka-itsennet. 2. rabe. He died on the fourth. mat n-nhar r-rabe fe-s-sher. fox - teEleb pl. tEaleb. fraction - 1. qesma pl. -t, qsam. Leave out the fractions and just give me the round numbers. Etini l-9ergam s-shah u-xelli le-gsam. terf şğir, qesma şğira. He got only a fraction of his father's fortune. ma-žah ģir terf sģir men t-terwa de-bbah. fracture - tehrisa pl. -t, teksira pl. -t, gerda pl. -at. The fracture is healing slowly. t-tehrisa ka-tebra šwiyeš be-šwiyeš. to fracture - kesser, herres, gred. He fell off the bicycle and fractured his arm. tah men l-bisklit u-kesser yeddu.

frame - qžer pl. qžura. I'd like to have a frame for this picture. hebbit qžer l-had t-teswira. broken the frame of my glasses. leqžer de-n-ndader dyali therres. **He has a heavy frame. 🛭 🗲 eḍmu

faxer.

to frame - dar idir gžer l-. I'll have the picture framed. gad ndir qžer le-t-teswira.

France - fransa.

frank - sarih pl. srah, srihin. frank with me! kun sarih mEaya. **Is that your frank opinion? was

hada huwa n-nadar dyalek b-saraha? frankly - b-saraha. Why don't you tell me frankly what really happened? \mathcal{E} laš ma-tqul-li-š b-saraha šnu wqe \mathcal{E} ?

fraud - 1. ġešš. Fraud is a crime. l-gešš žarima. 2. ģeššaš pl. -a, -in. He was exposed as a fraud. dher bin huwa ģeššaš.

freckle - hebba de-n-nems pl. hebbat de-n-nems.

freckles - nems (coll.).

freckles - mnemmes. free - 1. msali. Will you be free tomorrow? waš ġad tkun msali ġedda? 2. batel, bla flus. Take one! free. xud wahed rah batel. 3. horr pl. hrar. I prefer a free nation. ka-nfeddel d-dula tkun horra.

free and easy - tabili mea rasu.

He has a free and easy way about him. huwa ražel tabići m£a rasu.

free speech - horriyt t-teEbir. Without free speech there is no real democracy. ma-kayna dimugratiya haqiqiya bla horriyt t-teEbir.

to have a free hand - Eendu horriya tamma. Can I have a free hand in this matter? was imken thun Eendi horriya tamma f-had l-qadiya?

of one's own free will - b-xatru. Did you do it of your own free will? waš dertih b-xatrek?

to free, to set free - herrer, tleq. The prisoners were set free. telqu le-msažen.

freedom - horriya pl. -t.

freedom of speech - horriyt t-te ϵ bir.

freely - 1. mennu l-rasu, b-xatru. He admitted freely that he had taken it. mennu l-rasu Etaref bin xdah. 2. bla-ma ixaf. You can speak freely. hder bla-ma txaf. 3. bla hsab. He spends his money freely. ka-idfe€ flusu bla hsab.

to freeze - 1. dxel Elih l-berd, mat imut be-l-berd. We froze all winter long. dxel ∈lina l-berd iyam š-šta kollha. -- I'm freezing. ka-nmut be-l-berd. 2. med, ttelle. water in the pitcher froze during the night. l-ma žmed fe-l-gorraf fe-l-lil. 3. weggef. The government has frozen all foreign accounts. l-hukuma weggfet žmi€ le-hsabat l-?ažnabiya.

French - fransawi.

frequently - bezzaf de-l-merrat, merrat mutaEeddida. I see him frequently. ka-nšufu bezzaf de-l-merrat.

fresh - 1. tri. Are these eggs fresh? waš had l-bid tri? 2. ngi. Let's go out for some fresh air. yallah nxeržu nšemmu šwiya de-l-hawa nqi. 3. mežhed. A fresh wind was blowing. kan rih mežhed ka-isut. dsuri. I can't stand that fresh kid. ma-ka-nehmel-š dak l-weld d-dsuri.

friction - 1. hekkan. There's too much friction in this wheel. kayen hekkan bezzaf f-had r-rwida. 2. mhakka, gnan. There's friction between the two sisters. ėnan bin ž-žuž de-l-xwatat.

Friday - ž-žem£a, yum ž-žem£a. friend - şaḥeb pl. ṣḥab, ṣadiq pl. ?esdiga? He's a good friend of mine. huwa sahbi bezzaf. --We became fast friends. ržečna shab bezzaf.

**Are we friends again? waš tsalehna?

friendly - drif pl. draf. She is friendly to everybody. hiya drifa mea koll wahed.

**They came to a friendly agreement. ttafqu be-l-xater.

friendship - sehba pl. -t, msehba pl.

fright - xel & pl. xewwef.

to frighten - xlet, xewwef.

to be frightened - xaf ixaf,

ttexlet.

frog - žrana pl. -t žrayen, coll. žran.

from - 1. men ε end. He just received a check from his father. Ead weslu sik men Eend boah. 2. men. I've just come from the rehearsal. žit men t-temrin. -I live ten kilometers from the city. ka-nskon Ela boEd Eešra de-l-kilumitrat men le-mdina. --He's from Rabat. huwa men r-rbat. --He was tired from overwork. kan Eeyyan men l-xedma bezzaf. -- From now on I'll be on time. men daba l-l-qeddam gad nebda nži fe-l-weqt. -- The situation changes from day to day. l-hala katgeyyer men nhar le-nhar. --Office hours are from eight to twelve. l-mekteb meftuh men t-tmenya le-ttnaš. -- The situation went from bad to worse. l-hala tģeyyret men kfes le-nhes. -- The chair slipped out from under him. š-šelya zehget men teht mennu. 3. Ela. From what he says it must be very interesting. Ela ma ka-iqul dak š-ši mufid.

**He kept me from making a big mistake. reddni men wahed l-gelta kbira.

where ... from - mnin, mnayn. Where are you from? mnin nta?

**Where I come from it often rains for weeks. fe-bladi ktir ma ka-ttih &-\$ta muddat ?asabi&.

front - 1. wžeh pl. wžuha. The front of the house is painted white. le-wžeh de-d-dar mesbug be-l-byed.

2. qeddam. The front of the room was all black with smoke. l-qeddam de-l-bit kan kollu khel be-d-doxxan.

3. qeddami. We were sitting in the front row. konna galsin fe-s-seff l-qeddami.

4. luwwel. The table of contents is in the front of the book. l-fehres fe-l-luwwel d-le-ktab.

in front of - 1. f-bab. Let's meet in front of the post office. ntlagaw f-bab l-busta. 2. qeddam.

I sit in front of him in school. ka-negles qeddamu fe-l-medrasa.

3. qbalt. He stopped the car in front of the building. weqqef s-siyara qbalt l-binaya.

to frown - Eebbes.

to frown at - xzer f-.

**Her whole family frowned on the match. kanet $l-\epsilon a^{\circ}ila$ dyalha kollha ma-radya- δ be-z-zwa δ dyalha.

fruit - fakya pl. -t; ģella pl. -t, ģlel.

to fry - qla iqli.

fuel - muqud pl. mwaged.

to fulfill - Emel, qam iqum b-. He fulfilled his duty. Emel lli Elih.

to be fulfilled - kmel. Her wishes were fulfilled. kmel-lha ržaha.

full - 1. Eamer. The glasses are full of oil. l-kisan Eamrin be-z-zit.

--The book is full of mistakes. le-ktab Eamer be-l-?eglat. 2. koll. I paid the full price. xellest t-taman kollu. 3. šebEan. I'm full. ana šebEan. 4. kamel. The papers carried a full account of the incident. l-žara?ed Eewwdu l-hadita kamla.

fume - buxar, doxxan pl. dxaxen. The escaping fumes are deadly. d-dxaxen lli tal&in ka-iqetlu.

fully - 1. tamamen. Are you fully aware of what is going on? was nta fayeq tamamen be-lli ka-iruž?

2. kollu. He described it fully. wesfu kollu. 3. Eel l-?aqell.

There were fully two hundred people at the reception. kanu Eel l-?aqell myatayn de-n-nas fe-l-hefla.

fun - našat. Fishing is a lot of fun. s-syada de-l-hut fiha n-našat bezzaf. for fun - baš itmelleg, l-le-mlaga. I just did it for fun. dertha gir baš ntmelleg.

to make fun of - tfella Ela. Are you making fun of me? waš ka-ttfella Eliya?

function - wadif pl. wdayef. What is his function in the office? Snu l-wadif dyalu fe-l-mekteb?

to function - tmešša, xdem. The radio doesn't function properly. r-radyu ma-ka-ixdem-š mezyan.

fundamental - Pasasi.

funeral - gnaza pl. -t, gnayez.
funnel - 1. mdexna pl. -t. The
steamer has three funnels. l-babbur
€endu tlata d-le-mdexnat. 2. mehgen
pl. mhagen, duwwaz pl. -a. The funnel is too big for the bottle. lmehgen kbir €la fomm l-qer€a.

funny - 1. (lli) ka-idehhek, mudhik.

That's a very funny story. hadi
xrafa ka-ddehhek. 2. Ežuba. Funny,
I can't find my pen. Ežuba, mažbert-š qlami.

funny bone - qebtal.

furious - mģuwwel.

furnace $- k\bar{u} ša$ pl. -t.

to furnish - 1. ?ettet. I want a furnished room. bġit bit m?ettet.
2. Eṭa yeɛṭi, qeddem. Can you furnish proof? waš imken-lek teɛṭi ši-

hožža?

furniture - ?atat. We still have to
buy some furniture. baqi ka-ixessna

nešriw ši-?atat. furthermore - u-zaydun.

fuse - 1. rettaha de-d-duw. The fuse blew out. r-rettaha de-d-duw

ttherget. 2. ftila pl. ftayel. He lit the fuse and ran away as fast as he could. § £el le-ftila u-drebha b-sebga.

fuss - haraž, sda£ pl. -at. Don't make such a fuss over him! ma-ddirš had l-haraž Ela weddu.

fussy - mzeélek. He's very fussy about food. huwa mzeélek fe-l-makla dyalu.

future - musteqbal.

in the future - men daba l-lqeddam, men daba l-fuq. In the
future, come on time! men daba l-lqeddam aži fe-l-wegt.

(sometime) in the future - fe-l-musteqbal. Sometime in the future I'm going to buy a car. fe-l-musteqbal gad nešri siyara.

G

gag - lekkaka pl. -t, lekka pl. -t.
Take the gag out of his mouth.
zuwwel-lu l-lekkaka men fommu.

to gag - 1. lekkek l-fomm l-.

They bound and gagged him. kettfuh u-lekkku-lu fommu. 2. mudhika pl.

-t. There are a few good gags in the new show. kaynin ši-mudhikat mezyanin fe-l-fraža ž-ždida. 3. žaf izif. I almost gagged on the bone. Ela šwiyeš kont gad nžif b-le-Edem.

4. žiyyef. The shirt collar is gagging me. l-Eenq de-l-qamiža mžiyyefni.

to gain - 1. rbeh, tleE-lu. What did he gain by that? Snu rbeh men dak \$-\$i? 2. mlek. He has gained my confidence. mlek t-tiqa dyali.
3. lheq. Can't you go faster? The car behind us is gaining. was mainten-lek-si dzid džri? t-tumubil lli wrana Elayen telheqna.

**The patient is gaining rapidly. le-mrid bdat haltu tthessen b-soréa.

--He couldn't gain a footing anywhere. ma-sab fayn ihett režlih.

--She's gained a lot (of weight) recently. zadet smanet bezzaf had l-iyam.

gall - mrar.
gall bladder - merrara pl. -t. mrayer.
to gallop - herrek. The horse began
to gallop. l-Eewd bda iherrek.
galosh - glaf s-sebbat. pl. glafat

ş-şbabet.
gamble - zher pl. zhur. It was a

pure gamble, but we had to risk it. kan gir zher be-l-heqq tlezzemna nxatru bih.

to gamble - 1. qemmer, leeb lequer. They were gambling for high stakes. kanu ka-iqemmru b-le-flus bessaf. 2. xater b-. He's gambling with his life. ka-ixater b-hayatu.

to gamble away - xṣeṛ f-le-qmeṛ.

He gambled his whole salary away.

xṣeṛ le-xlaṣ dyalu kollu f-le-qmeṛ.

gambling - qmeṛ, taqemmaṛet. Gambling is not allowed here. taqemmaṛet.

memnu€a hnaya.

game - 1. terh pl. truh, leeba pl.
-t. Would you like to play a game
of chess? was tebgi teleeb šiterh dyal s-sentrež? 2. syada, sid,
syad. There's a lot of game in
this region. kayna s-syada bezzaf
f-had n-nahiya.

**I saw through his game. Eeqt bih or feqt bih. They realized that their game was up. Eerfu rashom bin ttfedhu.

gang - 1. Eisaba pl. -t. The head of the gang was a notorious criminal. kan ra'is l-Eisaba muërim mešhur.

2. zma£a pl. -t, rba£a pl. -t. I can't stand the whole gang. ma-kanehmel-š ž-žma£a kollha.

3. ferqa pl. -t. Who's the foreman of your gang? škun huwa ra'is l-ferqa dyalkom?

gap - 1. xewya pl. -t, $ter \in a$ pl. -t.

The gap has to be filled. l-xewya ka-ixessha tt Eemmer. 2. nogsan. There are large gaps in his education. Eendu noqsan kbir fe-ttagafa dyalu.

garbage - zbel.

garden - Eersa pl. -t, Erasi.

to gargle - gerger. Gargle with this medicine every three hours. gerger b-had d-dwa Ela ras tlata de-s-saEat.

garlic - tuma pl. -t coll. tum. to garnish - šermel. The fish was garnished with parsley and lemon. l-hut kan mšermel b-le-mEednus u-l-limun.

gas - 1. butagaz. We cook with gas. ka-nțiyybu be-l-buțagaz. 2. gaz. Gas was used in the First World War. fe-l-herb l-Ealamiya l-luwla steEmlu l-gaz. 3. lişanş. He had enough gas for ten kilometers. Eendu l-lişanş lli iqeddu l-Eesra de-l-kilumitrat. 4. benž. Did the dentist give you gas? dar-lek lbenž t-tbib de-s-snan?

gasoline - lişanş.

gate - bab pl. biban.

to gather - 1. žme£. The children gathered wood in the forest. d-drari žemEu le-hţeb fe-l-ġaba. 2. ddžmeć. A large crowd gathered in front of the courthouse. ddžemEet žuga kbira qbalt l-mehkama. 3. fhem, dher-lu, ban-lu. I gather from what you say that you don't men klamek ka-nefhem bin like him. ma-ka-tebģih-š

to guage - gedder. I couldn't gauge the distance very well. ma-mken-li-\$ ngedder tamamen shal kayen de-l-boEd.

gay - 1. raseq-lu, našet. He's in a gay mood today. ka-idher rašeq-lu l-yum. 2. mluwwen. The street was decorated with gay flags. z-zenga kanet mziyyna b-rayat mluwwna.

gem - 1. hežra horra pl. hežrat horrat coll. hžer horr. Those gems were invaluable, dak le-hžer l-horr kan ma-Eendu taman.

general - 1. žiniral pl. -at. 2. Eumumi, Eamm. A general election is held every year. koll Eam kaikun ntixab Eamm.

in general - b-sifa Eamma. general, things are all right. b-sifa Eamma, koll-ši ka-itmešša mezyan.

general delivery - barid Eumumi. Write to me (in care of) general delivery. kteb-li l-l-barid l-Eumumi.

generally - 1. f-galeb l-?ehyan. He's

generally on time. f-galeb l-gehyan ka-iži fe-l-wegt. 2. Eel l-Eumum. That's generally known. had š-ši meEruf Eel l-Eumum.

generally speaking - b-sifa Eamma. generation - 1. žil pl. ?ežyal. His family has been in America for four generations. hadi rebča de-l-?ežyal u-l-€a?ila dyalu mužuda f-?amirika. težhiz. The generation of electricity is inexpensive. težhiz l-kehraba ma-ġali-š bezzaf.

generous - karim, krim pl. kurama?. kram. He's one of the most generous persons I ever met. huwa ?ekrem ražel tEareft bih.

to be generous with - sxa isxab-. He was very generous with his money. kan ka-isxa be-flusu. **Don't be so generous with other people's things. ma-tseddeq-8 men

dar žartek.

genius - 1. ražel Eebgari pl. ržal Eebqariyin. Many people consider him a genius. bezzaf de-n-nas ka-ihesbuh ražel Eebqari. 2. Eebqariya. Someday my genius will be recognized. wahed n-nhar gad yeEtarfu n-nas b-Eebgariyti.

gentle - 1. xfif pl. xfaf. There was a gentle breeze coming from the sea. kan hwa xfif maži men le-bher. 2. sahel. This horse is very gentle. had l-fewd sahel bezzaf. 3. drif pl. draf. He's always very gentle with his children. huwa dima drif mEa d-drari dyalu.

gentleman - 1. siyyed pl. sadat. Will you wait on this gentleman, please? gabel had s-siyyed, barek llahu fik. 2. m⁹eddeb. He's always a gentleman with me. daymen meddeb mEaya.

gently - 1. be-šwiyeš. He knocked gently on the door. degg fe-l-bab be-\$wiye\$. 2. be-d-drafa, be-l-ltafa. You'll have to treat him gently. kaixessek tEamlu be-d-drafa.

genuine - ?așilı.

geography - žugrafiya (with art. l-žugrafiya).

germ - žurtuma pl. -t, žaratim. German - 1. almani noun pl. alman. Are there many Germans here? was kaynim Si-alman bezzaf hna? 2. Almaniya. He speaks good German. ka-itkellem l-almaniya mezyan.

Germany - almanya.

to get - 1. twessel b-. When did you get my letter? mtaš twesselti b-le-bra dyali? 2. žber. Where did you get that book? fayn žberti dak le-ktab? 3. xda yaxod. Wait until I get my hat. sher hetta naxod

š-šemrir dyali. 4. ttasel b-. 1 couldn't get you on the phone. ma-mken-li-š nttasel bik fe-ttilifun. 5. hessel $\mathcal{E}la$. That's hard to get now. dak š-ši sEib thessel Elih daba. --You can get the answer by Monday. imken-lek thessel Eel ž-žwab žwayeh t-tnayn. 6. sab isib. I have to get something for dinner. xessni nsib ši-haža l-le-gda. 7. sdeq, dxel. got into the wrong room. dxelt l-bit axur galat. 8. redd, režžeć. soot from the factory gets everything dirty. d-doxxan de-l-meEmel ka-iredd koll-ši mwessex.

**Do you get the idea? was fhemti?
--I get it! fhemt! --I can't seem
to get going today. ma-imken-li ndir
hetta hasa l-yum. --Let's get going!
ya be-smellah! --What does it get
me? Snu fayda Eendi f-had s-si?
--You've got me wrong. rak galet
fiya. --He gets about a great deal.
huwa rasel naset bezzaf.

to get across - fehhem l-, fesser l-. I wasn't able to get the idea across to him. ma-mken-li-š nfehhem-lu l-fikra.

to get a glimpse of - šaf išuf be-z-zerba. I just got a glimpse of him. yallah šeftu be-z-zerba.

to get along - 1. mša imši. I'll have to be getting along now. kaixeşşni nemši daba. 2. debber (Ela
rasu). I'll get along somehow. gad
ndebber (Ela rasi) kif-emma kan.
3. tEašer. I can't get along with
him. ma-neqder-š ntEašer mEah.
--We get along well with each other.
ka-ntEašru mezyan.

**He's getting along in years. bda išref. --How are you getting along? še-xbarek m£a d-denya?

to get around - 1. tsara, dar idur. Did you get around much when you were in Morocco? was tsariti bezzaf melli konti fe-l-megrib?

2. šać išić. The story got around quickly. le-xbar šać b-sorća.

3. qneć. You won't get around him. rah ma-imken-lek-š tqenću.

**She gets around pretty well for her age. baqya ka-ddegg u-ddegdeg.

to get at -1. lheq. I can't get at my luggage. ma-imken-li-s nelheq l-bagaž dyali. 2. žber, telleć. I'll get at the real reason yet. daba nežber s-sabab l-haqiqi.

to get away - 1. beffed. I couldn't get her away from the window. ma-mken-li-\$ nbeffedha men

š-šeržem. 2. bećed čla, xrež men. I want to get away from the city for awhile. bġit nbećed čel lemdina ši-šwiya. 3. flet. If you think you can get away from me, you're mistaken. rak ġalet ila qal-lek čeqlek ġad teflet.

to get back - 1. ržeć. When did you get back? fuq-aš ržećti?
2. ržeć-lu. Did he get his money back? waš režću-lu flusu?

to get by -1. flet men. How did you get by the guard? kif-as derti hetta fletti men l-cessas? 2. qda iqdi. I don't have much money, but I think I'll get by. ma-cendi flus bezzaf, be-l-heqq ka-ndenn gad negdi.

to get by with - mne & b-. Do you think you'll get by with that excuse? shab-lek gad temne & b-dak l-&odr?

to get even - fdaha ifdiha. I'll get even with him some day. gad nefdiha fih ši-nhar.

to get hungry - žah ižih ž-žuć, žać ižuć. I got awfully hungry. žani ž-žuć bezzaf.

to get in - 1. dxel idxol. How did he manage to get in here? kif-aš dar hetta dxel le-hna? 2. wsel. What time did the train get in? fuq-aš weslet l-mašina? 3. tle£. Get in, we'll take you down town. tle£, nwessluk le-mdina. 4. dexxel. Please get the clothes in before it rains. llah ixellik dexxel le-hwayež qbel-ma ttih š-šta.

**He doesn't let you get a word in edgewise. ma-ka-ixellik tqul hetta kelma.

to get in(to) - 1. dxel. How did you get into the house? kif-aš dxelti le-d-dar? 2. tlee, dxel.

Then he got into the car and drove off. u-men beed tlee fe-t-tumubil u-zad. 3. dexxel, emel, siyyee.

How did you manage to get everything into one room? kif mken-lek ddexxel koll-ši f-bit wahed? 4. tah itih f-he got into bad company. tah f-muxalata qbiha.

to get late - bda imši l-hal. It's getting late. bda imši l-hal.

to get off - 1. nzel, hbet. You have to get off in ten minutes. xessek tenzel men daba Eesra de-d-dqayeq. 2. zuwwel. I can't get my shoes off. ma-qdert-s nzuwwel sebbati. 3. xrež, tleE-lu. He got off with a light sentence. xrež be-hkam mxeffef. 4. mne£, flet. This time you won't get off so easy.

had n-nuba la-iqul-lek-ši Eeqlek gad temne gir hakdak.

to get old - kber, \$ref. He's getting old. bda ikber.

to get on - 1. !lee, rkeb. We got on in Rabat. rkebna fe-r-rbat.
2. teaser. The three of us get on very well. hna be-tlata ka-nteasru mezyan.
3. tmessa. How are you getting on in your work? kif ka-ttmessa fe-l-xedma dyalek?

**He's getting on in years. bda ka-išref. --How are you getting on? še-xbarek m£a d-denya?

to get on with - kemmel, tabe \(\xi\$. Now let's get on with the discussion. daba a\(\xi w \) nkemmlu \(\lambda \) mudakara dyalna.

to get oneself something - debber Ela rasu f-. I got myself a radio.

debbert Ela rasi f-radyu.
to get out - 1. xerrež, zuwwel, qelle€. I can't get the nail out. ma-qdert-s ngelle l-mesmar. --Get that out of your head. zuwwel dak š-ši men balek. 2. xerrež, xrež b-. They're getting out a new book. gad ixerržu ktab ždid. --I was so frightened, I couldn't get a word out. b-quwwet l-xel&a ma-qdert nxerrež hetta kelma. 3. ttefdeh. I don't know how the story got out. ma-Ereft-8 kif ttfedhet l-qadiya. 4. nzel, hbet. I'll have to get out at the next stop. xessni nnzel f-le-mhetta l-mažya. 5. ša ξ iš $i\xi$, xrež. We mustn't let this news get out. ma-ka-ixessna-ši nxelliw had le-xbar iši€.

to get out of - 1. žbed men. You won't get anything out of him. ma-imken-lek džbed mennu hetta haža.

2. rbeh f-, tleć-lu. How much did you get out of this sale? šhal tleć-lek men had l-bića? 3. xerrež. Get the dog out of the house! xerrež l-kelb men d-dar! 4. xrež men. How did you get out of that room? kif-aš xrežti men dak l-bit?

5. nzel men. Get out of that car! nzel men dak t-tumubil!

**Get out (of here)! zid xelfa!
--Get out of his way! zul men
triqu! or beeed mennu! --How did
you ever get out of that mess?
kif-as derti hetta selliti kereek
men dak l-hesla?

to get over - 1. bra ibra men, rtah men. Has she gotten over that illness yet? was brat men dak l-merd wella ma-zal? 2. nsa insa, zal-lu izul-lu men balu, ttensa-lu. He never has gotten over her.

Eemmerha ma-zalet-lu men balu.

**He certainly got over his wife's death quickly. değya değya zalet-lu l-feqsa de-l-mut de-mratu.

to get ready - 1. wežžed. I have to get breakfast ready. xessni nwežžed le-ftur. 2. wežžed rasu, wžed. How long will it take you to get ready? šhal xessek de-l-weqt baš twežžed rasek?

to get rid of - thenna men. How can I get rid of him? kif-aš imken-

li nthenna mennu?

to get sick - mred, tah itih mrid. I hope he doesn't get sick. ka-ntmenna ma-imred-š.

to get someone to - hser f-, dfec. Can you get him to go there? was imken-lek tehser fih bas imsi ltemma?

to get something to someone - wessel l-. Can you get this money to him? was imken-lek twessel-lu had le-flus?

to get tired - wella Eeyyan, Eya yeEya. He never gets tired. Eemmru ma-ka-veEya.

to get to (someplace) - wsel, mša imši. How can I get there? kif imken-li nemši l-temma? --I'll get there in an hour. ġad nuwșel men daba sa£a.

to have got to - xessu, la-bodda-lu. I've got to go. ka-ixessni nemši.

to get through - 1. das idus men. You can't get through there. ma-imken-lek-š ddus men temma.

2. kemmel. I'll see you after I get through. nšufek men be&d-mankemmel.

to get together - 1. ttežmeć. Let's get together tonight at my house. nddžemću fe-d-dar dyali had l-lila. 2. ttafeq. They never seem to get together on anything. u-tqul ćemmerhom ma-ittafqu ćla ši-haža.

to get to work on - bda ibda f-. When are you going to get to work on the new house? fuq-aš ġad tebdaw fe-d-dar ž-ždida?

to get up - nad inud. I get up at six every morning. ka-nnud koll sbah fe-s-setta.

to get well - bra ibra.
ghost - ženn pl. žnun, xyal pl. -at.
I don't believe in ghosts. ma-kanamen-š be-ž-žnun.

**He hasn't a ghost of a chance to escape. u-tqul Eendu kif yeEmel ihreb.

giant - 1. Eemlaq pl. Eamaliqa. Compared to me, he's a giant. be-n-nesba lili huwa Eemlaq. 2. qedd sext llah. There was a giant spider in my room. f-biti kanet wahed r-rtila qedd sext llah.

**He's no mental giant. ma-Endu-

ši Eqel bahed.

Gibraltar - žbel t-terr, žabal tariq.
gift - 1. hdiya pl. -t. Thank you
for your beautiful gift. ka-neškrek

Ela dak le-hdiya dyalek l-mo£tabara.

2. Etiya pl. -t, muhiba pl. -t,
mwaheb. He has a gift for drawing.
t-tiswit Eendu Etiya.

**I wouldn't take that as a gift!

waxxa ittehda-li ma-naxdu-š!

gifted - muhub. He's a gifted boy.

huwa weld muhub.

to **giggle -** qaqa. The girls kept on giggling. le-bnat bqaw gir ka-iqaqiw.

ginger - skinžbir (not used with art.).
giraffe - sarafa pl. -t.

girl - 1. bent pl. bnat, tefla pl. -t.

Isn't she a pretty girl! walayenni
bent gzala! 2. xeddama pl. -t,
met Eellma pl. -t. We pay our girl
a hundred dirhams a month. kanxellsu l-xeddama dyalna myat derhem
fe-š-šher.

little girl - bniya pl. -t, bnita pl. -t, tfila pl. -t. Your little girl has grown a lot. bniytek

kebret bezzaf.

to give - 1. Eta yeEti. Please give me the letter. Etini le-bra men fedlek. -- I'll give you five dirhams for it. ne∈țik fih xemsa de-d-drahem. 2. hda ihdi, €ţa yetti. What did he give you for your birthday? snu hda-lek f-Eid l-milad dyalek? 3. sellem. Give the letter to him personally. sellem-lu r-risala l-iddih. 4. gal iqul, Eta yeEti. Did he give a reason? waš gal-lek ši-sabab? 5. džebbed. Does this belt give? waš had le-hzam ka-idžebbed? 6. Emel 1-. This noise gives me a headache. s-sda£ ka-yeEmel-li ḥṛiq r-ras. 7. smeh b-. Can you give me another hour to finish? tesmeh-li b-wahed s-swi&a xra nkemmel?

**I don't give a damn. ma-kaihemmni-š be-l-koll. —Why did
you give him the gate? Elaš
dhitih? —Give him my regards.
sellem Elih men Eendi. —I have
to finish in a given time.
ixessni nfeddi f-wahed l-weqt

mehdud.

to give a speech - xteb, lqa ılqi xotba, Emel kalima. Who's giving the speech at the dinner? Skun gad ixteb fe-l-hefla d-le-ESa?

to give away - 1. seddeq, Eta yeEti. I gave my old clothes away. seddeqt hwayži le-qdam. 2. fdeh. Don't give my secret away! matefdeh-š s-serr dyali!

to give back - redd, režžeε. Please give me back my pen. redd-li

rišti ļļah ixellik.

to give in to - 1. traxa m£a. You give in to the child too much. kattraxa bezzaf m£a had l-weld.

2. qbel. I wanted to borrow his car but he wouldn't give in. bġitu isellefni t-tumubil dyalu be-l-heqq ma-bġa-š iqbel.

to give off - tleq. This flower gives off a strange odor, had n-nuwwara ka-ttleq &i-riha f-&i-&kel.

to give oneself up - steslem, Eta yeEti rasu. He gave himself up to the police. steslem l-l-bulis.

to give out - 1. ferreq, therree b-. Who's giving out the candy? Skun lli ka-iferreq l-fanid?
2. tqada. My supply of ink is giving out. le-mdad dyali ka-itqada.

to give service - qda iqdi haža, slah. My old coat still gives me good service. kebbuţi le-qdim baqi ka-iqdi haža.

to give time - mehhel Ela, sher Ela. You'll have to give me more time. xessek tmehhel Eliya.

to give trouble - šuwweš. That fellow gives me a lot of trouble. dak xiyna ka-išuwweš Eliya bezzaf.

to give up - 1. smeh f-, txella Ela. Joseph gave up his job. yusef smeh fe-l-xedma dyalu. 2. qtee, fedda men, sala men. I'm going to give up smoking. gadi neqtee d-doxxan. 3. qtee l-iyyas, i?es. I don't give up easily.

ma-ka-neqtee l-iyyas degya.

to give way - hwa ihwa. The boards gave way under his weight. le-xšeb hwa bih or le-xšeb hwa be-t-tqel dyalu.

glad - ferhan. We're very glad about it. hna ferhanın bezzaf b-had \$-\$i.

**Glad to meet you! metserref!
—I'll be glad to do that for you.

Ela raşi u-Eeyniya or b-koll farah.

gladly - Eel r-ras u-l-Eeynin, b-koll
farah. Would you do me a favor?

glance Gladly. waš tebģi ddir fiya šimziya? Eel r-ras u-l-Eeynin. glance - remqa de-l-Eeyn, šufa wehda. I could tell at a glance that something was wrong. f-remqa de-l- ξeyn Ereft ši-haža ma-ka-ttmešša-š mezyan. to glance - šaf išuf, rmeq. glanced at his watch. šaf f-magantu. glare - š£a (m.), š£a£. The glare hurts my eyes. š-š&a ka-iqewqeš-li Eeyniya. to glare at -xzer f. Why are you glaring at me like that? Elas ka-texzer fiya hakdak? glaring - (lli) ka-ye∈mı, mežhed. How can you work in that glaring light? kif ka-teqder texdem f-dak d-duw ka-yeEmi? glass - 1. zaž, žaž. This pitcher is made of glass. had l-gorraf msuwweb men z-zaž. 2. kas pl. kisan. May I have a glass of water? was imken-lek te€tini ši-kas de-l-ma? glasses - ndader, neddarat. I can't read that without glasses. ma-neqder-š negra had š-ši bla ndader. magnifying glass - bellara pl. -t. pane of glass - zaža, žaža pl. -t. gleam - $\xi \epsilon a$, $\xi \epsilon a \epsilon$. There was still a faint gleam in the sky. kan ma-zal wahed š-š&a qlil fe-s-sma. to gleam - dwa idwi, lmeE. His eyes were gleaming. Eeynih kanu ka-idwiw. to glisten - dwa idwi, lmeE. tower was glistening in the sun. s-sem€a kanet ka-ddwi fe-š-šemš. to glitter - bra ibri, lme&. The snow glittered in the sun. t-telž kan ka-ibri fe-š-šemš. **All that glitters is not gold. a le-mzuwweg mne-Ela berra, šexbarek men daxel! gloomy - 1. medlam. Yesterday was a very gloomy day. l-bareh kan nhar medlam bezzaf. 2. mkedder. He looks gloomy. ka-idher mkedder. glorify - mežžed f-. He may be good, but let's not glorify him. imken ikun ražel mezyan be-l-heqq ma-kayen Elaš nmežždu fih. glorious - 1. mažid pl. mžad, kbir pl. *bar. The day we won the war was a glorious day. n-nhar f-aš rbehna l-herb kan nhar mažid.

2. Edim pl. Edam. What a glorious

day it is! walayenni hada nhar

glove - sebba£iya pl. -t, sebba£a pl.

-t. I bought a pair of gloves

Edim!

glory - mežd, Eezz.

l-bareh. **They worked hand in glove. xedmu yedd f-yedd. --This suit fits me like a glove. had l-keswa kadži tamamen qeddi. glue - lsaq. I bought a bottle of glue. šrit metreb de-l-lsag. --He stuck to me like glue. lseq fiya bḥal l-lesga. to glue - lesseq. They glued the picture to the wall. lessqu t-teswira fe-l-hit. **He stood as if glued to the spot. bga wagef tgul nabet fe-llerd. --He kept his eyes glued on her, ma-zuwwel-š Eeynih mennha. glutton - bu-kerš; wekkal pl. -in, -a; keršawi pl. -yen. Don't be such a glutton. ma-tkun-š bu-kerš. to go - 1. mša imši (imperative sir). I go to the movies once a week. ka-nemši le-s-sinima merra fe-l-?usbuE. --Go to the store. sir l-l-hanut. 2. tah itih, ža iži, mša imši. -- The old chair went to pieces when he touched it. š-šelya le-qdima ģir qasha žat traf. žra ižri, mša imši. The train is going fast. l-mašina ka-džri bezzaf. 4. kan ikun. This chair goes in the corner. had \s-\selya ka-tkun fe-r-rekna.5. $t le \epsilon$. The wine has gone to his head. le-xmer tleE-lu le-r-ras. 6. gedd l-, kfa ikfi l-. There's enough cake to go around. kayna l-ḥelwa lli tqedd l-koll-ši. 7. bga ibga. They went without food for three days. bqaw telt iyam bla makla. 8. daz iduz, kan ikun. Whatever he says goes! lli qalha huwa hiya lli dayza. **Go to the devil! sir le-zžayha l-kehla. --Don't go to any trouble. ma-tEeddeb-š rasek. -- I don't know whether I'm coming or going! hert ma-bait neEref rasi šnu ka-ndir. -That goes without saying. dak \check{s} - $\check{s}i$ me \mathcal{E} ruf. --That's the way things go. hadi hiya d-denya. --We'll let it go at that. aži nweqqfu l-qadiya hna. --That's going a little too far! iwa la! had š-ši tEedda l-hudud. going to - gad (+ imperfect). I'm going to do that work tomorrow. gad ne€mel had l-xedma gedda. --We're going to leave today. nemšiw l-yum. -- The roof is going to fall in. s-sqef gad itih. to go ahead - sbeq. You go ahead,

yesterday. šrit žuža de-ș-șebba€iyat

I'll follow later. sbeq, daba nexlet Elik.

**Just go ahead and finish. ģir kemmel. --Go ahead, take it! ģir xudu! --Go ahead, you tell him! iwa qulha-lu nta! or zid, qulha-lu nta!

to go at - 1. hžem Ela. He went at him with a knife. hžem Elih b-sekkin. 2. tah itih f-. --They went at the food like wolves. tahu fe-l-makla bhal d-dyab.

**You're not going at it right. had š-ši lli ka-ddir ma-ši huwa hadak.

to go back - ržeć. She went back home. režćet l-darha. --I never go back on my word. Eemmri ma-ka-neržeć fe-klami.

**I don't go back on my friends.
ma-ka-negder-\$ shabi or ma-ka-ndur-\$
Ela shabi.

to go by - 1. das idus. I wouldn't let that opportunity go by, if I were you. u-kan kont mennek ma-nxelli-š had l-forsa ddus.

2. tebbeć. Don't go by what he says. ma-ttebbeć-š klamu. 3. stećmel. He goes by an assumed name. ka-istećmel smiya mzuwwra.

to go down - 1. tah itih, nzel, hbet. Prices are going down. l?etman ka-ttih. 2. hbet, nzel. Go downstairs and get my book. hbet l-teht u-zib-li le-ktab dyali.

to go in - dxel. Has he gone in yet? was dxel wella ma-zal?

to go in for -1. htemm b-. Do you go in for sports? was ka-tehtemm be-r-riyada? 2. t&ata l-. I don't think he goes in for gambling. ma-ka-ndenn-š ka-it&ata l-le-qmer.

to go in on - šarek f-. Would you like to go in with me on this deal? waš tebģi tšarekni f-had l-bića u-š-šerya?

to go into - 1. dxel l-. Let's go into the house. aži ndexlu le-d-dar. 2. žbed. There's no reason for us to go into that matter now. ma-kayen Elaš nžebdu dak l-qadiya daba.

to go off - 1. tterteq. Be careful, the revolver might go off! redd balek, daba l-ferdi itterteq!
2. daz iduz. The meeting went off without an incident. le-žtima£ daz bla-ma tuqe£ hetta haža.

to go on - 1. bqa ibqa, tal itul. We mustn't let this lawsuit go on any longer. had d-deEwa ma-xessna-s nxelliwha ttul kter men had š-ši. 2. bqa ibqa, zad izid. He went on talking. u-zad ka-itkellem.

**Please go on! zid kemmel, barak llahu fik. --Go on! I don't believe that! Eemwed le-s-seqqaya teddi-lek l-gaya!

to go on the road - 1. qbet t-triq. Our salesman is going on the road next week. le-msuwweq dyalna gadi iqbet t-triq ž-žem£a ž-žayya.

2. £mel wahed l-žewla. Is the whole cast going on the road? waš l-ferqa de-t-temtil kollha gadi temši te£mel wahed l-žewla?

to go out - 1. xrež. He just went out. Ead xrež. --If you'd like, we'll go out for a little walk after dinner. ila bģiti nxeržu ntsaraw ši-šwiya men beēd le-ēša. 2. dfa idfa. Suddenly the lights went out. d-duw dfa ēla beģta.

**Sometimes we go out to dinner.
be£d l-merrat ka-nxeržu nt£ěšsaw
fe-l-met£em.

to go over - 1. mša imši l-. I'm going over to his house for an hour. gad nemši l-daru u-nebqa temmak ši-sa£a. 2. nžeh. Do you think my play will go over? waš ka-ddenn?enna t-temtil dyali gad inžeh? 3. raže£. Let's go over the details once more. aži nraž£u t-tafasil kollha £awed. --I've gone over all the figures, but I can't find the mistake. răze£t le-hsabat kollha u-ma-žbert-š l-gelta.

to go through - 1. tteqbel. Do you think my application will go through? was ka-ddenn t-talab dyali gad itteqbel? 2. das idus f-, qte&f-. He went through the red light das d-duw le-hmer.

**The poor woman has gone through a lot. le-mṛa meskina duwwset Ela qelbha.

to go to - $tte \in ta$ l-. The first prize went to a young man. $l-\check{z}a^{\circ}iza$ l-luwwla $tte \in tat$ l-wahed $\check{s}-\check{s}abb$.

to go under - 1. steemel. Although she is married, she goes under her family name. waxxa mzuwwža ka-testeemel s-smiya de-l-ea?ila dyalho. 2. graq. The ship went under at midnight. l-baxira graqet f-ness l-lil.

to go unnoticed - daz iduz f-xefya. I hope the incident will go unnoticed. ka-ntmenna l-mes?ala dduz f-xefya.

to go up - 1. tle?. Did you see him go up? was seftih tle?? 2. zad

isid (fe-t-taman), \dot{g} la $\dot{i}\dot{g}$ la. Meat has gone up this week. $l-l\dot{h}$ em sad (fe-t-taman) had $\check{z}-\check{z}$ em \in a.

to go with - ža iži m£a, walem. This tie doesn't go with the suit. had le-kravata ma-žat-š m£a had l-keswa.

**The trip and everything that went with it cost me a hundred dollars. tah Eliya s-sfer kollu be-myat dular.

to let go (of) - tleq (men). Le go of my hand! tleq men iddi!

to let oneself go - 1. hmel rasu, smeh f-rasu. Lately she's let herself go terribly. f-had l-yam t-taliya hemlet rasha bezzaf.

2. ttetleg mea rasu. If you want to

have fun, you'll have to let yourself go terribly. f-had l-iyam t-taliya hemlet rasha bezzaf.

to let someone go - smeh l-. This time we'll let you go. had n-nuba gad nsemhu-lek.

on the go $- \in la$ kre \in . He's on the go day and night. daymen $\in la$ kre \in lil u-nhar.

goal - 1. hadaf pl. ?ehdaf, ġaya pl. -t. He has set himself a very high goal. dar qeddamu waḥed l-hadaf Eali bezzaf.

2. işaba pl. -t. Our team made three goals in the first half. l-ferqa dyalna sežžlet tlata d-l-işabat fe-t-terh l-luwwel.

goat - 1. m. Eetrus pl. Etares, f.
meEza pl. -t, mEiz. How old do
goats live to be? Shal men Eam
ka-iEisu le-mEiz? 2. hmar d-dbez.
He's always the goat. huwa daymen
hmar d-dbez.

**Don't let him get your goat.
ma-txellih-š ixerrež-lek &eqlek or
ma-txellih-š yakol-lek moxxek.

God - !!ah (in a certain number of fixed expressions, !!ah). God forbid' !!ah yehfed! --Thank God' !-hemdu!!ah! --God bless you! ire!mek !!ah! --God willing! %en&a% !!ah!

god - ilah pl. -at.

go-getter - (lli) ka-idebber Ela rașu. That boy is a go-getter. dak l-weld ka-idebber Ela rașu.

goiter - tarta.

gold - 1. dheb pl. dhuba, dhubat. Is that real gold? was hadak dheb haqiqi? 2. de-d-dheb. I bought my wife a gold watch. Srit le-mrati magana de-d-dheb.

goldsmith - siyyağ pl. -a. goldsmith's craft - tasiyyağet. good - 1. xir, meslaha. I'm only thinking of your good. ka-nxemmem gir fe-l-xir dyalek. —He did it for the common good. daru fe-l-meslaha de-l-žamić. —The vacation has done him good. l-Eotla dyalu daret fih l-xir.

good - 2. mezyan. That was a good joke. kanet mudhika mezyana.

--This is a good piece of work!

xedma mezyana hadi! --He's very good at figures. huwa mezyan bezzaf f-le-hsab. --Is this clay good for making pitchers? waš had t-tin mezyan l-le-graref? 3. drif pl. draf. They are good children. huwa drari draf.

**At the end of the game he was fifty dirhams to the good. f-?axer t-terh kan rabeh xemsin derhem.
--What good will it do him? b-as gad inefeu had s-si? --Good morning! sbah l-xir! --Good evening! mse-l-xir! --Good night. lila sa&ida or llah imessik &la xir. --He has a good head on his shoulders. &endu r-ras.

--These tires are good for another year. had r-rwayed baqyin ižebdu & am axor.

good and - bezzaf. Make the tea good and strong. saweb atay mežhed bezzaf.

good turn - xir. He did me a real good turn yesterday. Emel fiya xir kbir l-bareh.

a good deal of - bezzaf d-, xir llah d-. He spent a good deal of time on it. duwwez fih bezzaf de-l-weqt.

a good many - \in adad d-, ketra d-. There were a good many foreigners in the hotel. kanu \in adad d-l-ažanib f-l-util.

for a good while - hadi modda. I haven't seen him for a good while. hadi modda ma- šeftu.

for good - men daba l-qeddam. I'm through with him for good. men daba l-qeddam ma- bqa bini u-binu walu. walu.

to be good - slah, daz iduz. The passport is good until the fifteenth. l-žawaz baqi islah hetta l-l-xemstaš.

to have a good time - tsella mea rasu. Did you have a good time? tselliti mea rasek?

to make good - 1. nžeh, tmešša mezyan. I'm sure he'll make good. ana metyeqqen bin gad itmešša mezyan. 2. tkellef b-. I'll make good the damage. ana ntkellef be-l-xaṣa?ir. 3. wfa yufi b-. He made good his promise. wfa be-l- Eehd dyalu.

good-by - llah ihennik (sg.), llah
ihennikom (pl.). Good-by, have a
good trip! llah ihennik, triq
s-slama!

good-natured - tiyyeb. He's a goodnatured fellow. huwa ražel tiyyeb. goods - selća, bada?eć. We sent the goods yesterday. sifetna s-selća l-bareh.

goose - wezza pl. -t coll wezz. We had goose for dinner. t€eššina be-l-wezz.

**I'll cook his goose! daba neeuwtu mea rașu.

gorgeous - badié pl. bdaé. It was a gorgeous day. kan nhar badié.

gospel - ?inžil.

gossip - 1. heddar pl. -a, -in f.
heddara f. pl. -t, (lli) fommu kbir
(or wase£), kbir (or wase£) l-fomm.
His wife is an old gossip.
walayenni mratu wahed kbirt l-fomm
mennha. 2. hdur pl. -at, ?isa£a pl.
-t. I wouldn't believe that gossip.
ma-ntiq-š b-dak le-hdur.

to gossip - hder, kebber fommu, hder fe-n-nas. She gossips too much. ka-tehder bezzaf.

to gouge - hfer. He gouged a piece out of the new table. hfer t-tabla ž-ždida.

gourd - qer€a ḥerša pl. -t ḥeršat, -t hureš coll. qre€ ḥerša.

gourmand - šehwani pl. -yin, keršawi pl. -yin.

gournet - duqi pl. -yin, dwayqiya. to govern - hkem $(\mathcal{E}la)$.

government - hukuma a -t. Who heads the new government? Skun metre??es l-hukuma ž-ždida?

governor - 1. hakem pl. hokkam. Who's the governor of this colony? §kun l-hakem d-had l-muste Emara?

2. Eamel pl. Eommal. Who's the governor of this province? §kun l-Eamel d-had l-?iqlim?

to grab - 1. qbet, qbed. He grabbed her by the arm. qbetha men dracha.
2. xtef. Don't grab, you'll get your share all right. ma-txetfu-\$ daba yusel-lkom heqqkom.

to grab (by the collar, etc.).
1. **sneq & Ela, lget & Ela. He grabbed the thief (by the collar). **sneq & Eel **s-*seffar.

**I just want to grab a bite. gir bgit neEmel ši-šdiyeq. gracious - ltif pl. ltaf. She's a very gracious queen. hiya malika ltifa bezzaf.

**My gracious! What a mess! walayenni txerwida hadi!

grade - 1. neqta pl. nuqat. He received the highest grades in the class. xda ?ehsen nuqat fe-l-qism.

2. qism pl. ?eqsam. What grade is your boy in? fe-s-men qism weldek?

3. daraža pl. -t. We buy the best grade of milk. ka-nesriw le-hlib dyal ?ehsen daraža.

4. (upgrade) Eeqba pl. -t, Eqabi. This old car won't make it up the grade. had t-tumubil l-balya ma-teqder-s ttleE fe-l-Eeqba.

5. (downgrade) hdura pl. -t, hdayer. Be careful going down the grade. redd balek melli thun habet f-le-hdura.

**He'll never make the grade. Eemmru ma-yusel.*

to grade - Ezel, xter. Oranges are graded according to size and quality. ka-iEezlu l-letšin (l-limun) Ela hasab le-kber u-n-nu£.

gradually - šwiya be-šwiya, be-ttedriž. He's gradually getting better. şehhtu ka-dzyan šwiya be-šwiya.

to graduate - txerrež. He graduated from the law school. txerrež men l-kolliya de-l-huquq.

grain - 1. hebb pl. hbub. Canada exports meat and grain. l-kanada katuseq l-lhem u-le-hbub. 2. terkib. This wood has a beautiful grain. had le-xšeb fih terkib žmil.

**That goes against my grain.

dak š-ši ka-iqelleqni. —There
isn't a grain of truth in the matter. gram de-s-sedq ma-kayen-ši
temma.

grammar - 1. nehw. I never really studied Arabic grammar. Eemmri fe-l-haqiqa ma-qrit n-nehw l-Earabi.

2. ktab de-n-nehw pl. ktub de-n-nehw. Do you have a good Arabic grammar for beginners? was Eendek ši-ktab de-n-nehw dyal l-Eerbiya islah l-lli Ead bdaw?

Granada - gernata.

grandchild - m. hfid pl. hfayed f. hfida f. pl. -t.

granddaughter - hfida pl. -t. grandfather - (with art l-žedd) žedd pl. ždud, þþa sid-. That's his grandfather. hadak þþah sidu.

grandmother - žedda (with art. l-žedda)
pl. -t, mi-lalla. That's her
grandmother. hadik miha lallaha.
grandparents - ždud.

grandson - hfid pl. hfayed. to grant - 1. Eta yeEti. We were granted the entire amount. Etawna le-qder kollu. 2. Etaref. I grant that I was wrong. ka-neEtaref gennani kont gaļet. grape - Einba pl. -t coll. Eineb. grapefruit - letšina rumiya pl. -t rumiyat coll. letšin rumi. to grasp - 1. šedd f-. She grasped the rope with both hands. *šeddet* fe-t-twal b-iddha b-žuž. 2. fhem. I don't quite grasp what you mean by that. ma-fhemt-ši tamamen šnu bģiti tgul. to have a good grasp of - Eendu meErifa kbira f-. He has a good grasp of the subject. Eendu meErifa kbira f-had l-muduE. grass - rbie. grasshopper - bu-qeffaz (sg. and pl.). grate - šebka pl. -t, šbek. furnace needs a new grate. msexna xessha šebka ždida. to grate - hekk. Grate some cheese, please. hekk šwiya de-žžben barek llahu fik. **This noise grates on my nerves. had s-sdat ka-yetmel-li l-mettak f-dati. grateful - meEtaref. I'm grateful to you for your help. and meEtaref-lek be-l-musaEada dyalek. to gratify - lebba. He gratified her every wish. lebba žmić r-regbat dyalha. gratifying - (lli) iferreh. The news is very gratifying. le-xbar kaiferreh bezzaf. gratitude - Etiraf be-l-xir. His gratitude knew no bounds. Etirafu be-l-xir ma-kan Eendu hedd. **That's gratitude for you! hakda ka-ireddu n-nas l-xir! grave - 1. qbur pl. magaber. The coffin was lowered into the grave. hebbtu t-tabut l-le-qbur. 2. mkedder, waqef. His face was very grave. wežhu kan mkedder bezzaf. 3. xtir, f-xatar. His condition is grave. haltu xtira. 4. kbir pl. kbar. That's a grave mistake. hadi ģeļta kbira. gravel - coll. hess sg. -a pl. -t. The path is covered with gravel. t-triq mgettya be-l-hess. graveyard - magber (sg. and pl.). ruda pl. -t. gravy - mreq, merga pl. -t, mragi. Would you like a little gravy on your meat? waš bģiti šwiya d-le-

mreq mEa l-lhem dyalek?

gray - 1. rmadi. Gray and red go

together well. r-rmadi u-le-hmer ka-itwataw mezyan. 2. byed f. bida pl. buyed. He has a few gray hairs although he is very young. waxxa ma-zal sgir Eendu ši-šeErat buyed. to gray - byad. His hair is beginning to gray. šefru bda ibyad. to graze - 1. r&a ir&a. The cows are grazing in the fields. bger ka-iréaw f-le-mraéi. 2. daz u-qas, iduz w-iqis. The bullet just grazed his shoulder. l-gertasa ģir dazet u-gașet ketfu. grease - idam pl. idumat, idayem; šhem, šehma pl. -t. Don't leave the grease in the pan. ma-txelli-š l-idam fe-l-meqla. to grease - 1. dhen b-l-idam, Emel 1-idam. Don't forget to grease the pan. Eendak tensa ma-ddhen-š l-meqla b-l-idam. 2. šehhem. They're greasing the car. ka-išehhmu t-tumubil. to grease somebody's palm - ξta ye£ti r-rešwa l-, dhen helq. They had to grease somebody's palm to get these seats. dterru yeEtiw r-rešwa l-ši wahed baš igelsu f-had le-krasa. greasy - 1. metli b-l-idam. The dishes are still greasy. had l-getran ma-salin metliyin b-l-idam.2. midum, mšehhem. The soup is too greasy. ş-şubba miduma bezzaf. great - 1. kbir pl. kbar. The risk would be too great. l-xatar gad ikun kbir bezzaf. --You'd be doing me a great favor. jad tkun Emelti fiya xir kbir. 2. bezzaf. He was in great pain. kan fih bezzaf dle-wžeć or kan fih le-wžeć bezzaf. 3. mezyan, moEtabar. That's a great idea! hadi fikra mezyana bezzaf! 4. Eažib. She's a great singer. hiya muģenniya Eažiba. **It's a great pity! xsara! great at - Eefrit. He's great at telling stories. huwa Eefrit f-teEwid le-xrayef. a great many - wahed l- ε adad kbir. A great many books have been written on that subject. wahed l- ε adad kbir d-le-ktub t?ellfu f-dak lgreatly - bezzaf. She exaggerated greatly. zadet fih bezzaf. Greece - l-yunan. greed - tmeE. greedy - temmaE. Greek - 1. yunani. His father is a Greek. bbah yunani. 2. (language) yunaniya.

**That's all Greek to me. ma-ka-nefhem-š hebba f-had š-ši.

green - 1. xder pl. xuder. What did you buy green apples for? Elas sriti t-teffah xder? --Give me that green book. Etini dak le-ktab le-xder. 2. ždd pl. ždad. I'm still green at this job. ana ma-sal ždid f-had l-xedma.

**He turned green with envy. žatu l-ģira bezzaf.

greengrocer - xeddar pl. -a.

to greet - sellem Ela.

greeting - slam: He didn't notice my
greeting. ma-dda-š l-gaya le-s-slam
dyali.

grief - gbina pl. gbayen. She couldn't
conceal her grief. ma-qedret-\$
dderreq le-gbina dyalha.

grill - summaya pl. -t. Broil the
meat on the grill. swi l-lhem Eel
s-summaya.

to grill - 1. šwa išwi. Are you going to grill the meat? waš gadi tešwi l-lhem? 2. stenteq. They grilled the prisoner for hours. stentqu l-mesžun Eadad de-s-sa£at.

grim - meebbes. There was a grim look on his face. kan wezhu meebbes. to grind - then.

to grip - qbed, qbet.

to have a grip on - rageb. He has a good grip on the situation. ka-irageb l-hala mezyan.

to come to grips with - wažeh.

They came to grips with the problem and solved it. wažhu l-muškila u-helluha.

to gripe - tšekka, ška iški. Stop griping about everything! feddi u-ma-tšekka men koll-ši!

grippe - lagrip (not used with art).
Our whole family had the grippe.
l-Ea%ila dyalna kollha žatha lagrip.
groan - tenwih, tenwah. We hear his

groans all night long. ka-nsemeu t-tenwih dyalu l-lil u-ma tal.

to groan - nuwweh. He groaned in

his sleep. nummeh fe-n-nEas dyalu.
grocer - beqqal pl. -a. I bought the
salt at the grocer's. **srit le-mleh
men Eend l-beqqal.

groceries - temwin. Send these groceries to my house. sifet had t-temwin le-d-dar dyali.

grocery (store) - hanut l-beqqal.
to grope - desses. He groped for the
 switch in the dark. desses Eel
 d-deffaya fe-d-dlem.

grouchy - meebbes. Why is he so grouchy? Elas huwa meebbes bezzaf? ground - gerd f. pl. aradi. The ground

is still wet. ma-zala l-gerd fazga.

--How much ground goes with the
house? shal men mitru de-l-gerd katthaf mfa d-dar?

**The new method is rapidly gaining ground. l-kifiya ž-ždida Eliha le-gbal bezzaf.

grounds - tfel. Throw the coffee grounds into the trash can. siyyeb t-tfel de-l-qehwa fe-s-stel de-z-zbel.

**The house is very small but the grounds are beautiful. d-dar sgira bezzaf lakin l-perd lli dayra biha fiha mender mezyan.

groundfloor - sefli. Our apartment is on the ground floor. l-mesken dyalna fe-s-sefli.

group - žma£a pl. -t. The class is divided into three groups. t-ṭabaqa metqessma £la tlata de-ž-žma£at.

to group - žmeć. Group the people according to age. žmeć n-nas éla hasab s-senn dyalhom.

to grow - 1. twal. Your boy has grown a lot. weldek twal bezzaf.

2. tquwwa, kber. The crowd grew rapidly. degya kebret ž-žuqa.

3. zreć. They grow a lot of grain in this region. ka-iserću le-hbub bezzaf f-had n-nahiya. 4. gres.

--I grow roses. ka-negres l-word.

**She grows on you as you get to know her. ma-heddek ka-te&ref biha u-hiya ka-t&e&bek. —He has grown away from his family. tbe&&ed &la &a?iltu. —The weather's growing colder (and colder). l-hal ka-isid fe-l-bruda. —The situation grew worse and worse. tkeffset l-hala.—My father's growing old. bba bda i&ref.

to grow up - 1. kber. The children are growing up fast. d-drari ka-ikebru değya. 2. trebba. We grew up together. trebbina b-žuž. o growl - hernen. The dog growled

when he heard the noise. l-kelb bda ihernen melli smee s-sdae

grown-up - kbir pl. kbar. She has a grown-up daughter. Eendha bent kbira. --Their children are already grown up. wladhom rahom wellaw kbar.

grownups - n-nas le-kbar. Children should keep quiet when grownups are talking. ka-ixess d-drari s-sgar isektu mnin ikunu n-nas le-kbar ka-itkellmu.

growth - demmala pl. -t, dmamel. That
growth will have to be removed.
hadik d-demmala ka-ixessha ddsuuwel.

**He has a two days' growth of

beard. hadi yumayn ma-hessen lhitu. grudge - hsifa pl. hsayef. She has a grudge against me. rafda fiya le-hsifa.

to hold (bear) a grudge - rfed le-hsifa. I don't bear a grudge against him. and ma-rafed-s fih le-hsifa.

gruff - glid pl. glad. He has a gruff
voice. helqu glid.

to grumble - gemgem. He grumbles each time we ask him for help. ka-igemgem koll merra melli ka-nțelbu mennu l-iEana.

guarantee - 1. garantiya pl -t;
garanti pl -yat. This watch has a
five year guarantee had l-magana
fiha xems snin garanti. 2. damana
pl -t. What guarantee do I have
that he'll pay me' s-men damana
Eendi bas gad ixellesni

to guarantee - dmen. I guarantee that you'll like that movie. ndmen-lek bin l-film gad iEezbek.

guard - 1. \(\xi\)essas pl -a. The guard didn't let me pass, \(ma-xellani-\s\)
\(l-\xi\)essas \(nduz\). \(2\). \(\xi\)essa. The guard is changed at two o'clock. \(ka-ibeddlu\) \(l-\xi\)essa \(fe-\xi\)ezu\(\xi\).

on one's guard - Ela balu. You have to be on your guard with her. ka-ixessek thun Ela balek mennha.

to stand guard - hda yehdi. I'll stand guard for a couple of hours. gad nehdi sa£a wella žuž.

to guard - hda yehdi. The building
is guarded day and night. dak lebni mehdi lil u-nhar. --You can't

guard against everything. maimken-lek-š tehdi rasek men koll-ši.
guardian - hadi pl. hodday. I was
appointed guardian of his son.
semmawni l-hadi d-weldu.

to guess - 1. Eref. If you guess what's in my pocket, I'll give it to you. ila Erefti šnu f-žibi, neEtih-lek. 2. denn. I guess he's sick ka-ndenn bin huwa mrid.

--Who would have guessed that' škun llı ımken-lu ıdenn had š-šı' guest - dıf pl. dyaf.

guide - 1. dalıl pl. -at. All the theaters are listed in the guide. s-sinimat kollhom medkurin fe-ddalıl. 2. dalıl pl. ?adella. The guide showed us the old mosque. d-dalıl werrana ž-žame£ le-qdim.

to guide - guwwed. Can you guide us there? was imken-lek tguwwedna l-temma?

gull - hamam (coll.) d-le-bher.
gum - lhem s-snan. My gum is sore.
to gum - hett lsaq Ela. Did you gum
the labels? was hettiti lsaq Eel
le-btayeq?

gum Arabic - Eelk ţ-ţelh. gun - see rifle, pistol, etc. gutter - mežra pl mžarı. gym - 1. sala de-r-rıyada pl. -t

de-r-riyada. Our school has a large gym. l-medrasa dyalna Eendha sala de-r-riyada kbira. 2. riyada. We have gym three times a week. Eendna r-riyada tlata de-l-merrat fe-ž-žem£a.

H

habit - Eada pl. -t. That's a bad habit. Eada qbiha hadik.

in the habit of - mettewwed. I'm in the habit of sleeping late. and mettewwed ka-nntes mtettel.

to break oneself of a habit - qte & & ada. I'm trying to break myself of the habit of smoking. ka-n& awel neqte& l-& ada de-d-doxxan.

to get in(to) the habit of bda ibda l-\(\xi \) ada dyal. I got into
the habit of smoking at college.
bdit l-\(\xi \) ada de-d-doxxan fe-l-\(\xi \) ami\(\xi \).

haggard - mextuf. His face looks haggard. ka-iban wežhu mextuf. hail - 1. tebriru, tebruri. That's

not rain, that's hail. hadik ma-ši š-šta, tebriru. 2. hemla de-t-tebriru, hemla de-t-tebriri. The hail destroyed the entire crop. l-hemla de-t-tebriru xeşşret ş-şaba kollha.

to hail - 1. tah itih tebriru or tah itih tebruri. It's hailing. tebriru ka-itih. 2. Eeyyet l-.
The doorman hailed a cab. l-buwwab Eeyyet l-taksi. 3. htef b-. Crowds hail him everywhere l-žamahir ka-tehtef bih f-koll mahell.

**His parents hail from Tetuan.
waldih *selhom men titwan.
hair - seera pl. -t, *Eurat coll.

\$Eer. What color is her hair?
\$-men lun \$Eerha?

to get into one another's hair - tganen. They're always getting into each other's hair. dima ka-itgannu.

**The stone missed me by a hair. Ela šwiya kanet gad tqisni l-hežra.
—That's splitting hairs! ferq dqiq hada!

haircut - tehsina pl. -t; hsana pl. -t, hsayen. Where'd you get that funny haircut? škun Emel-lek had le-Ežuba men tehsina?

**Haircut, please. hessen-li rasi men fedlek.

to get a haircut - hessen raşu. I have to get a haircut. xeşşni nhessen raşi.

hair-dresser - hežžam pl. -a.
hair-raising - (lli) ka-išuwwek
d-dat. That was a hair-raising
experience. težriba kanet
ka-tšuwwek d-dat.

half - ness pl. nsas, nsusa. I'll give him half of my share. daba ne£tih n-ness f-heqqi.

to cut in half - qsem fe-n-ness. Shall I cut it in half? neqsemha fe-n-ness?

to go halves with - Emel be-n-nsisa. Will you go halves with me? teEmel mEaya be-n-nsisa?

half price - ness taman. I got it for half price at a sale. xditha b-ness taman de-l-?išhar.

half a kilo - ness kilu. Give me half a kilo of butter. Etini ness kilu de-s-smen.

half an hour - ness safa. I'll be back in half an hour. ġad neržeć men daba ness safa.

half done - 1. msummed hedd n-ness. This job is only half done. had l-xedma msummba gir hedd n-ness.

2. ness tayeb. The meat is only half done. had l-lhem gir ness tayeb.

half past - u-ness. We'll be there at half past eight. nkunu temma fe-t-tmenya u-ness.

**I've been listening with only half an ear. kont ka-ntsennet gir b-terf wedni. --I've half a mind to go tomorrow. Elayn gerrert nemši gedda. --That isn't half bad. dak š-ši ma-ši qbih be-l-koll.

halfway - f-ness t-triq. We ran out of gas halfway to town. f-ness t-triq l-le-mdina tqada-lna l-isans. hall - nbeh pl. nbuha, nbayeh. Mr. Ali lives down the other end of the

hall. s-si Eli ka-iskon fe-l-qent l-axor d-had n-nbeh.

(meeting) hall - qa&a pl. -t. We stood at the back of the hall. wqefna fe-l-lur de-l-qa&a.

city hall - baladiya pl. -t. His office is in the City Hall. l-mekteb dyalu fe-l-baladiya.

to halt - wqef. Halt! Who's there? wqef! škun hnak?

halting - mfafi, (lli) ka-ilhet. He spoke in a halting voice. kan ka-idwi u-helqu mfafi.

hammer - mterqa pl. -t, mtareq.

to hammer - terreq. Our neighbor

has been hammering all day long.

n-nhar kollu u-žarna ka-iterreq.

to hammer in - terreq, dexxel. He can't even hammer in a nail. ma-yeeref-si idexxel hetta mesmar.

**The rules have been hammered into me. l-qawa&id dexxluhom-li be-d-dra& f-rasi.

hand - 1. idd, yedd pl. iddin (iddibefore possessive endings). Where can I wash my hands? fayn imken-li negsel iddiya? --The matter is out of my hands. l-mes?ala xeržet men iddi. 2. muri pl. mwara. The hour hand is broken. l-muri le-kbir mherres. --The minute hand doesn't work. l-muri s-sgir ma-xeddam-š.

hand in glove - mettafeq. They worked together hand in glove. kanu ixedmu mežmućin mettafqin.

at first hand - men ras l-Eeyn. I got this information at first hand. xdit had le-xbar men ras l-Eeyn.

by hand - be-l-yedd. This job has to be done by hand. had l-xedma ka-ixessha ttsuwweb be-l-yedd.

on hand - teht l-idd, qrib pl. qrab. We don't have that size on hand. ma-Eendna-š dak le-qyas teht iddna. --He's always on hand when I want him. weqt-aš ma bgitu ka-nsibu qrib.

on the one hand ... on the other hand - men žiha ... u-men žiha xra, la men ... la men. On the one hand he wants it finished, but on the other hand he doesn't give us the material. la mennu ka-ibģiha mkemmla, la mennu ma-ka-iye£ţina-š le-qwam.

to get out of hand - zaġ iziġ. His students are getting out of hand. t-talaba dyalu bdaw iziġu.

to give a hand - Eawen, Eewwen, Eta yeEți idd llah. Can you give me a hand with this box? llah

ixellik waš ma-teξţıni-š idd ļļah f-had s-sendug?

to have in hand - qbet l-lžam. He has the situation well in hand. rah qabet l-lžam de-l-wed£iya.

to have a hand in - Emel iddu, dexxel raşu f-. He must have had a hand in that. ma-huwa gir kan Eamel iddu temma.

to keep (one's) hands off - xella iddu Eendu. Just keep your hands off that! gir xelli iddik Eendek!
to lay hands on - nessel iddu Ela,

žber. I can't lay my hands on it right now. ma-necref-ši fayn nnezzel Eliha iddi f-had s-saca.

to shake hands - tsafeh. They shook hands. tsafhu.

to take off someone's hands henna men, fekk men. Can you take these tickets off my hands? imken-lek tfekkni men had le-btayeq?

to take into (one's) hands - mešša b-iddih. From now on I'll take things into my own hands again. men daba l-fuq gad $n\in awed$ nebda nmešši $l-{}^{9}umur$ b-iddiya.

**Hands off! zuwwel iddik! --He's very clever with his hands. iddih ka-i&erfu ma i&emlu. --I've got a lot of work on my hands. &endibezzaf de-Š-šgal.

to hand - mekkel, medd. Will you hand me that pencil? Eafak medd-li dak le-glam.

to hand in - qeddem, dfec. I'm going to hand in my application tomorrow. ġad nqeddem ţalabi ġedda.

to hand out - ferreq. Hand out these tickets. hak ferreq had le-btayeq.

to hand over - 1. medd, mekkel. Would you hand that book over, please? b-le-fdel mennek medd-lidak le-ktab. 2. dfeE, hett, Eta yeEti. They made us hand over all our money. lezzmuna nhettu-lhom flusna kollhom.

handbag - šekkara pl. -t, škayer. hand brake - hessar de-l-yedd pl. hessara de-l-yedd.

handcuff - qtina pl. -t.

pair of handcuffs - nimiru xemsa.

Here every policeman carries a pair of handcuffs with him. koll šorti

of handcuffs with him. koll sorti
hnaya rafed meah nimiru xemsa dyalu.
to handcuff - Emel nimiru xemsa l-.
They handcuffed the prisoners.

Eemlu nimiru xemsa l-le-msažen.

handful - kemša pl. -t, kmeš. He
took a handful of nuts. xda kemša
de-l-guz.

to handicap - xella l-lur. He's been handicapped by poor eyesight all his life. n-nder le-qlil huwa lli xellah l-lur hyatu kollha.

handkerchief - derra pl. drer, zif pl. zyufa.

handle - 1. qebţa pl. -t, qbaţi, qbeţ.
My suitcase needs a new handle.
šaneţti xeşşha qebţa ždida.
2. wden pl. wednin. The handle of this cup is broken off. wden had
z-zlafa therrset.

to fly off the handle - džennen. At the slightest occasion he flies off the handle. Elaš-emma kan ka-

to handle - 1. Eamel, tmešša mEa. He knows how to handle people. ka-yeEref kif iEamel n-nas. --You have to handle him with kid gloves. xessek timešša m£ah be-s-syasa. 2. ruwwež, žab ižib. We don't handle that brand. ma-ka-nžibu-š dak l-Eeyna. 3. xeddem, qbet. Can you handle a gun? ka-teEref teqbet mkohla? -- He knows how to handle your car. ka-yeEref ixeddem siyartek. 4. tsa£ m£a. I can't handle him any more. ma-bgit-š ntsać meah. 5. themmel. I simply can't handle all the work by myself. ma-negder-\$ tamamen nthemmel l-xedma kollha wehdi. 6. rfed. Please handle this box with care, it contains glass. Eafak rfed had ş-şenduq gir be-š-šwiya, rah fih z-zaž.

**Look at it all you want, but don't handle it. *Suf b-Eeynik u-hda b-iddik.

handmade - meşnu£ be-l-yedd, mşuwweb be-l-yedd.

handsome - 1. žmil, mendur. He's a handsome man. ražel mendur hadak.
2. kbir pl. kbar. That's a handsome sum of money. qder kbir d-le-flus hadak.

handwriting - xett l-idd pl. xtut
l-idd. His handwriting is illegible.
xett iddy ma-ha-itformag-*

xett iddu ma-ka-itferrez-š.

handy - 1. sahel le-t-texdam. This
tape recorder is very handy. had
l-musežžila sahla le-t-texdam.
2. qrib pl. qrab. Have you got a
pencil handy? Eendek ši-qlam qrib?
3. ka-yefref ma yefmel b-şebfanu.
He's a very handy fellow. huwa
ražel ka-yefref ma yefmel b-şebfanu.
to come in handy (to) - nfef.
Typing will come in handy to you
some day. le-ktaba fel le-mţebfa

hang - 1. šneq, šenneq. He was

gad tnefeek ši-nhar.

hanged yesterday. l-bareh šennquh. 2. Eelleq. Can't you hang the picture a little higher? imken-lek teelleq t-teswira l-fuq šwiya?—His life hung by a thread. Eemru kan meelleq b-šeera.

to hang on - qbet, šedd. I hung on as tight as I could. qbett sehb-ma imken.

**Hang on to my coat for a minute, will you? b-le-fdel mennek kan ma-tehdi-li-š l-kebbut dyali wahed d-dqiqa.

to hang out - nšer, Eelleq. Did you hang the wash out? nšerti t-tesbin?

to hang up - Eelleq. Hang up your hat and coat. Eelleq šemrirek u-baltuk.

to hang one's head - hna yehni
raşu. Why are you hanging your head?
l-aš ka-tehni raşek?

**Now I'm getting the hang of it.

Ead bdit nefhem š-kayen.

f-Eellaga.

**Hang it all, I've mislaid my glasses again. xsit tani, Eawed telleft ndadri. --I don't give a hang any more. llehla iqleb! hanger - Eellaqa pl. -t. Put your coat on a hanger. Emel baltuk

hangover - tuwgida pl. -t. to happen - wge£, hdet, žṛa ižṛa. When did that happen? fug-aš wge£

dak š-ši?
happily - fe-s-sa£ada. They are very happily married. rahom mžuwwžin f-kamil s-sa£ada.

happiness - sa&ada pl. -t. I wish you all the happiness in the world. ka-ntmenna-lek sa&adat d-denya u-l-?axira.

happy - 1. séid pl. séad, saéid pl. suéada. That was his happiest day. hadak ?eséed nhar kan éendu.

2. mesrur, ferhan. I don't feel at all happy about it. ma-ka-nešéer-šb-rasi be-l-koll mesrur b-had š-ši.

**Happy New Year. mebruk l-Eam ž-ždid.

harbor - merşa pl. -t, mraşi.
Casablanca has a good harbor.
d-dar l-bida Eendha merşa mesyana.

hard - 1. qaşeh. I can't sleep on a hard mattress. ma-neqder-š nn£es Ela mterrba qaşha. 2. s£ib pl. s£ab. Those were hard times. iyyam s£iba hadik kanet. 3. wa£er. He's a hard man. ražel wa£er hadak.
4. bezzaf. He worked hard all day. xdem bezzaf n-nhar kollu.

hard of hearing - (lli) wednu

tqila. As he grew older, he became hard of hearing. kif bda ikber wellat wednu tqila.

to be hard up (for) - xessu, lehhef Ela. He's always hard up for money. dima ka-ilehhef Eel le-flus.

to have a hard time - wžed sučuba. I had a hard time getting here. wžedt sučuba baš nusel lle-hna.

to try hard - Emel žehdu. He tried hard to do it right. Emel Zehdu baš isuwwebha hiya hadik.

**He's a hard man to get along with. ražel tebeu manee.

hard-boiled - mesluq. All we got was some hard-boiled eggs. ma-žawna ģir ši-bidat meslugin.

hard-earned - mşuwwer b-tamara. That was hard-earned money. duk le-flus kanu mşuwwrin b-tamara.

hardly - 1. kif, yallah. We had
hardly begun to speak when ... kif
bdina ntkellmu u- ... 2. gir ma.
You can hardly expect me to believe
that. gir ma-ttkel-š ∈liya ntiyyeq
dak š-ši.

**I hardly think so. muhal, ma-ka-ndenn-š.

hardly ever - qlil f-aš. I hardly ever go out. qlil f-aš ka-nexrož.

harm - 1. šerr, munkar pl. -at, manakir.
You can never undo the harm you've done. Eemmrek la-şlehti 8-8err lli Emelti. 2. bas. No harm done' \$i-bas ma-kayen. 3. Eeyb, Eib pl. Eyub. I meant no harm by it. ma-qşedt Eeyb biha.

to harm - qesseh.

harmful - mudirr. This drought is
harmful for the crops. had l-ibusa
mudirra le-s-saba.

harmonica - muziga pl. -t.

harness - & edda pl. -t. I just bought a new harness for my horse. **Srit & edda **Zdida l-l-& ewd dyali.**

to harness - serrež. Has he harnessed the horses? serrež l-xil?

harrow - hebbaša pl. -t.

harsh - 1. şɛib pl. şɛab. Those are harsh terms. šurut şɛiba hadik.
2. hres pl. hureš. This soap contains no harsh ingredients. had s-şabun ma-fih mawadd herša.

harvest - weqt le-hşad, hşad pl. hşadat. We had a good harvest. weqt le-hşad das-lna mesyan.

to harvest - hsed. When do you harvest the wheat around here? fuq-as ka-thesdu l-gemh hnaya?

haste - zerba pl. -t. hastily - be-z-zerba. hasty - mezrub. You shouldn't have made a hasty decision. ma-kan-š ka-ixessek taxod qarar mezrub.

to be hasty - zreb, tgelleg, ddzreb. There's no reason for us to be hasty. ma-kayen l-aš nzerbu.

hat - šemrir pl. smarer.

to hatch (out) - 1. fegges. Three more chicks hatched today. tlata d-le-flales xrin feggsu l-yum. 2. tfeqqes, sxer. Only seven of the eggs hatched out. gir seb&a de-l-bidat lli sexru.

hatchet - šagur pl. šwager, maedda pl. -t.

hate - kerh, korh. His feeling of dislike gradually turned into hate. gellt mhebbtu šwiya be-šwiya wellat kerh.

to hate - kreh. I hate people who are selfish. ka-nekreh n-nas lli ka-ibģiw rashom.

**I hated to tell her that. qolt-lha dak š-ši bezz menni.

hatred - kerh, korh.

haul - şyada pl. -t, teşyida. The hunters had a good haul today. ş-şiyyada qebtu teşyida ha?ila l-yum.

to haul - 1. žerr. The horses were unable to haul the heavy load. l-xil ma-qeddet-š džerr le-hmel t-tqil. 2. $\not\equiv bed$, $xerre\not\equiv$. They hauled me out of bed at six o'clock. xerržuni men l-ferš fe-s-setta de-s-sbah.

to haul down - hebbet, nezzel. Have they hauled the flag down yet? hebbtu r-raya wella ma-zal?

to have - kan ikun Eendu. I have two tickets for the movies. Eendi žuž d-le-btayeg le-s-sinima.

**(often Measure II of the verb, in the sense of having another person do something). --Wouldn't it be better to have the tooth out right now? ma-ši hsen tqelle& d-dersa fe-l-hin? -- I'll have to have my appendix out. ka-ixessni nzumwel l-mesrana z-zayda. -- I'm having my teeth fixed. ka-nsuwweb snani. -- I had my shoes soled. terreft sebbati.

**I haven't had a thing to eat today. ma-klit walu had n-nhar. --Let's have the knife. žbed l-mus lle-hnaya.

to have a baby - wled. She's going to have a baby soon. gadya tuled grib.

to have one's way - Emel lli boa. Emel nadaru. She has had her way. Eemlet lli bjat.

to have to - xess, lazem Ela. You have to buy some new shoes. xessek tešri sebbat ždid.

**You don't have to do it. nta

ma-ši merģum teEmelha.

I had better, you had better, etc. - hsen-li, hsen-lek, etc. You'd better do it right away. hsen-lek ddirha daba.

hawk - baz pl. bizan.

hay - gort. The hay isn't dry yet.

l-gort ma-zal ma-ibes.

*Let's make hay while the sun shines, nderbu le-hdid ma-heddu sxun. -- It's time to hit the hay. hada weat n-nEas.

hay fever - nezla pl. -t, nzalı. haystack - nader de-l-gort pl. nwader de-l-gort; getta de-l-gort pl. gtet de-l-gort.

haze - dbaba pl. -t coll. dbab.

he - huwa.

head - 1. ras pl. ryus. My head hurts. rași ka-yužeEni. --Lettuce is half a dirham a head. l-xeșș neşş derhem le-r-raş. --He sold five head of cattle. bat xemsa de-r-ryus men le-ksiba. --Begin at the head of the page. bda men ras ş-şefha. --We were sitting at the head of the table. konna galsin f-ras t-tebla. --Success has gone to his head. n-nažah sexxen-lu rașu. 2. maeddem pl. maeddmin, kbir pl. kbar. He's the head of the gang. huwa mgeddem ž-žma£a. 3. kbir pl. kbar. He's the head of the family. huwa kbir l-Ea?ila. 4. ra?is pl. ru?asa, mudir pl. -in. He's the head of the firm. huwa r-ra?is de-š-šarika. —Who is the new head of the school? škun l-mudir ž-ždid de-l-medrasa?

**My friend is head over heels in love. sahbi meEmi be-l-hobb. -That's over my head. dak š-ši bezzaf Eliya. -- The man is positively out of his head. r-ražel bla šekk mša-lu Eeglu. -- Everyone kept his head. koll-ši bga mhedden. --I can't keep everything in my head. ma-imken-li-š neEgel Ela koll-ši. --I can't make head or tail of the story. had le-xrafa ma-žbert-lha ras men režlin. --I'm sure that if you put your heads together, you'll find a solution. and metyeggen ila džme€tiw ši m€a ši tsibu ši-hell. -He just took it into his head that nobody likes him. gir huwa Emel f-balu hetta wahed ma-ka-ibgih. -Heads or tails? khel wella byed?

to head - 1. tre??es, siyyer. He hopes to head his department some day. ka-itmenna ši-nhar itre??es l-fer& dyalu. 2. ža iži l-luwwel. My boy heads his class at school. weldi ka-iži l-luwel f-tabaqtu.—His name heads the list of candidates. smiytu žat hiya l-luwla f-la?ihat le-mreššķin.

**You're heading in the wrong direction. rak maši xarež Eel t-triq. --They're heading for Ujda. huma mašyen l-wežda.

headache - hriq r-ras.

heading - Eunwan pl. Eanawin.

headlight - duw de-l-qeddam pl. dwaw de-l-qeddam.

head wind - rih lli ka-iredd pl. ryah lli ka-tredd. We had a strong head wind all the way. kan ireddna rih mežhed fe-t-triq kollha.

to heal - bra ibra. The wound isn't healing properly. Z-Zerha raha ma-ka-tebra-š hiya hadik.

health - sehha pl. -t. How's his health? kif dayra sehhtu?

in poor health - mdeedee f-sehhtu. He's been in poor health today. had n-nhar giyyal mdeedee f-sehhtu.

healthy - 1. la-bas Elih f-sehhtu.

She looks very healthy. ka-ddher la-bas Eliha f-sehhtha. 2. sihhi, mezyan le-s-sehha. This isn't a healthy climate. had l-žuw ma-ši sihhi.

heap - Eerma pl. -t, Eerram pl.
Erarem. That's a heap of money.
Eerma d-le-flus hadi.

to heap - Eerrem, kerker. The table was heaped with all kinds of food. t-tebla kanet meerrma b-le-mwakel kollha.

to hear - smeć. I didn't hear anything. ma-smećt walu.

**We haven't heard from him since he left. melli mša ma-wselna hetta xbar men Eendu.

hearing - gelsa pl. -t, glasi. The hearing was set for June sixth. l-gelsa kanet mgerrra nhar setta yunyu.

**His hearing is very poor. wednu ma-ka-tesme == * mlih.

hard of hearing - (lli) wednu tqila. My aunt is hard of hearing. xalti wdenha tqila.

to lose one's hearing - tras. When did he lose his hearing? fuq-as tras?

heart - qelb pl. qlub. He has a weak heart. Eendu l-qelb dEif.

by heart - be-ž-žri u-l-ma.

learned the poem by heart. hfedt l-qit&a de-š-ši&r be-ž-žri u-l-ma.

**It breaks my heart to let him go. mqette& men qelbi xellitu inši.
--At heart he's really a good fellow. fe-l-haqiqa ražel qelbu mezyan. --She's in this work heart and soul. & amla qelbha u-žwarehha f-had l-&amal. --He's a man after my own heart. dak s-siyyed & endifuq qelbi. --I intend to get to the heart of this matter. baği nšuf dwaxel had l-qadıya.

to lose heart - fšel, tterxa.

Don't lose heart. Eendak tefšel!

to take to heart - Emel f-qelbu.

He's taking it very much to heart.

Eamelha f-qelbu bezzaf.

heart attack - sekta qelbiya.

heat - sehd pl. shud, shudat; sxuniya pl. -t. I can't stand the heat. ma-ka-nehmel-š s-sehd.

to heat - sexxen. The room is well heated. l-bit msexxen mezyan.

to heat (up) - 1. sexxen. I'll have to heat up some water first. ka-ixeṣṣni beɛda nsexxen świya de-l-ma. 2. sxen isxon. It'll be five minutes before the iron heats up. xemsa de-d-dqayeq xeṣṣ baš tesxon le-hdida.

heat-resistant - (lli) ka-işber l-l-Eafya. Is that glass heat-resistant? dak z-zaž ka-işber l-l-Eafya?

heaven - ženna. The person that does good goes to heaven. lli ∈mel l-xir ka-imši le-ž-ženna.

**For heaven's sake, stop that noise! le-wžeh rebbi hser had s-sda£.

heavy - 1. tq:l pl. tqal. Is that box too heavy for you? tq:l \(\xi \) lik dak \$\sissep \sin \text{prduq?}\$ --I can't take heavy fppd. \$\ma - ka - neqder - \xi \xi \xi \xi \xi \text{l-makla}\$ tq:la. 2. kb:r pl. kbar. He had to pay a heavy fine. tlezzem i eddixtiya kb:ra.

heavy rain - mšati. We can't leave in that heavy rain. ma-ġadyen-š nemšiw f-had le-mšati.

hedge - zerb pl. zruba. The two gardens are divided by a hedge.

ž-žnanat b-žuž qasemhom z-zerb. heel - 1. gdem pl. gdam, gdami. I have a blister on my heel. Eendi wahed n-neft f-gedmi. 2. gedmiya pl. -t. These shoes need new heels. had ş-şebbat xeşsu gedmiyat ždad.

height - 1. rtifa£ pl. -at. How do you determine the height of a triangle? kif ka-idžber rtifa£

l-mutellat? 2. ξlu . What is the ž-žbel d-le- Elu? 3. tul. He's almost two meters in height. fih Elaven žuž miter de-t-tul. 4. ras pl. ryus, gemma pl. -t. He was then at the height of his power. dak s-sa£a f-ras s-suļa dyalu. 5. muntaha, egsa hedd. That's the height of stupidity. hada ?easa hedd fe-t-tetmişa heir - waret pl. warata. He's the sole heir. huwa wehdu waret. Heiira - hižra. helicopter - ferfara pl. -t. hell - žahennam, žahennama pl. -t; n-nar pl. n-niran. hello - 1. %alu, %ahlan. Hello, operator! You've cut me off! ?alu l-busta, hsertiwni fe-l-hedra. 2. %ahlan. Hello! How are you? ?ahlan, \$e-xbarek? helmet - tasa pl. -t, tyes. help - musa&ada pl. -t, &win, idd llah. Do you need any help? tehtaž ši-musa£ada? to help - 1 Eawen, Eewwen, safed, Eta yeEti idd llah. I helped him as well as I could. Eawentu Ela gedd žehdi. 2. gda igdi. Can I help you? kayen si ma neqdi-lek?

Help! Eteq! or Eetqu! or le-Etiga l-llah' -- I can't help it. ma-b-iddi šay. --Sorry, that can't be helped. met?essef, dak š-ši ma-Eendu dwa. --Can I help you to something? imken-li nmekkel-lek ši-haža? -- I couldn't help but see it. ma-fadni ģir nšufu. to help oneself - tfeddel. Please help yourself (sir)! tfeddel a sidi! **helper - $musa \in id$ pl. -in, $mu \in in$ pl. -in. He has two helpers. Eendu žuž de-l-musaEidin. helpless - Eagez, mEeggez. hem - tehžiž pl. -at coll. tehžiž, tehžaž. I'll have to let out the hem. ka-ixessni ntiyyeh t-tehžaž. **The house is hemmed in between two tall buildings. d-dar žat dayrın bıha žuž de-l-binayat kbar. hen - džaža pl. -t. henna - henna pl. hnani. herb - Ešeb pl. Ešub, Eešba pl. -t, Ešub. In Europe herbs are still widely used as home remedies. f-9urubba ma-zalin ka-isellhu le-Ešub le-d-dwa.

herd - qet€a pl. -t, qta€i; ksiba pl.

-t, ksayeb. Who owns this herd?

de-mmen had le-ksiba?

here - 1. hna, hnaya. We can't stay here. ma-imken-lna-š nebgaw hna. 2. ha. hak. Here's the book. le-ktab. here and there - f-be ξd l-mahellat. Here and there you can still see horse cabs. f-beEd l-mahellat ma-zal telga krares de-l-xil. hereafter - men daba l-fuq, men daba l-geddam. Hereafter I'll be more careful. men daba l-fuq gad nehdi rasi kter men had š-ši. hernia - fteq pl. ftuqa. herself - 1. rasha. She fell on the stairs and hurt herself. taket fe-d-druž u-qeşşhet raşha. b-iddha, b-iddiha, hiya lli. She did it herself. Eemletha b-iddha or hiya lli Eemletha. **She's not herself today. ma-\$i hıya hadik l-yum. to hesitate - 1. tredded. He hesitated a moment before he answered. tredded ši-šwiya qbel-ma ižaweb. 2. tsa?el, xemmem. I'm still hesitating whether I should do it or not. ma-zal ka-ntsa9el waš ndirha wella la. hesitation - tareddud. He answered without hesitation. žaweb bla tareddud. hey - iwa. Hey, what's the big idea? iwa, še-mEent had š-ši? **Hey you! Come over here! dak s-sivved. aži lle-hna! **hiccup** - fuwaqa pl. -t. I have the hiccups again. Eawed qebtetni l-fuwaga. hide - želd pl. žlud. These hides still have to be tanned. had ž-žlud ma-zal ka-ixesshom iddebğu. to hide - 1. xebbeE, xebba, heyyed. He hid the money in a drawer, rah xebbe { le-flus f-wahed le-mžerr. 2. derreq. The trees hide the view. š-šžer ka-iderrau l-mender. 3. txebbeE, txebba. Let's hide in the garage. yallah ntxebb&u fe−l-garaž. high - 1. talta (third gear); reb&a (fourth gear). Now shift into high. beddel le-t-talta daba. 2. Eali pl. Ealyin. This minaret is very high. had s-semEa Ealva bezzaf. 3. mezyan. I have a high opinion of him. Eendi nedra mezyana Elih. **That building is eight stories high. dak l-binaya fiha tmenya de-t-tebqat d-le-Elu. --He's in high spirits today. l-yum rašeq-lu mEa rasu. -- There I was, left high and dry. u-bqit gales meqtuE r-ras. --We searched for it high and low.

gellebna Eliha s-sma u-l-?erd.**highly** - bezzaf. She seemed highly pleased. dehret našta bezzaf.

to speak highly of - mdeh, tna itni $\mathcal{E}la$. He spoke very highly of him. tna Elih bezzaf.

to think highly of - Emel f-menzla Ealya. They think very highly of him. Eamlineh f-mensla Ealya.

high school - medrasa tanawiya pl. madaris tanawiya.

high tide - mlu. Let's want till high tide. xellina ntsennaw hetta l-le-mlu.

hike - msarya pl. -t. Let's go on a hike! yaļļah nEemlu ši-msarya.

to hike - mša imši, tsara, Emel msarya. We hiked five kilometers. Emelna xemsa kilumiter d-le-msarya.

hill - kodya pl. -t, kdi. What's on the other side of the hill? *nu fe-ž-žiha le-xra lli wra l-kodya?

himself - 1. rasu. He hurt himself badly. qeşşeh raşu bezzaf.

2. b-rasu, b-nefsu. You'll have to see the director himself. xessek tšuf l-mudir b-rasu. 3. huwa lli, b-iddu, b-iddih. Did he do it himself? waš huwa lli darha?

**He wasn't quite himself. ma-ši tamamen huwa hadak. --He's himself again. Ead ržeE Ela xatru Eawed.

to hinder - Eergel, mneE, tEerred. hinge - buz pl. bwaz. One of the hinges of the trunk broke off. buz dyal š-šanta therres.

hint - ?išara pl. -t. Can't you give me a hint? ma-teqder-ši te£ţini ši-?išara?

to hint - šar išir. He hinted that something was up. šar billa ši-haža kanet.

to hint at - bga ibgi iqşed. are you hinting at? š-ka-tebģi tegsed?

hip - werk pl. wrak.

hire - kra pl. -wat. These boats are for hire. had le-flayek l-le-kra. to hire - 1. kra ikri. We hired the boat for the whole day. krina

le-fluka n-nhar kollu. 2. xeddem, weddef. We have to hire more people. ka-ixessna nzidu nxeddmu n-nas.

hiss - tesfira pl. -t.

to hiss - 1. seffer. Every time he mentioned her name the audience hissed. gir huwa kan idker smiytha u-l-metferržin ka-iseffru. 2. seffer Ela. He was hissed everywhere. seffru Elih f-koll mudeE.

historian - mu?errix pl. -in.

historic - tarixi.

history - tarix pl. twarex. Have you studied European history? qriti tarix ?urubba?

hit -1. derba pl. -t. He made four hits. dreb reb&a de-d-derbat.

2. (lli) mehbub, mešhur. His song became a hit over night. ⁹ogniytu değya değya wellat mešhura.

to hit - 1. dreb. I hit my knee against the door. drebt rkebti mEa l-bab. 2. dreb, gas igis. The ball hit the wall. l-kura quset l-hit.

3. Petter Ela, Petter f-. The news hit me very hard. le-xbar ?etter Eliya bezzaf.

to hit it off - ttafeq, ttawa. How do the two hit it off? kif ka-ittawaw duk ž-žuž?

to hit (up)on - tah itih ξla . How did you hit on that? kif tehti Ela dak š-ši?

hitch - l. haža Eewža pl. hwayež Eiwež. I'm sure there's a hitch somewhere, and metyeggen billa ši-haža Eewža f-ši-mudeE.

2. teEqida pl. -t, tEaged. thing came off without a hitch. koll-ši xrež huwa hadak bla teEqida. **That's where the hitch comes in!

temma baat.

to hitch - rbet. Hitch your horse to the post. rbet Eewdek mEa r-rkıza.

hives - lfafet.

to hoard - temm, žme£. They're hoarding sugar. ka-itemmu s-sokkar. hoarse - mžebbeh. He's shouted himself hoarse. ržeć mžebbeh b-quwt le-įwat.

hoe - Eetla pl. -t, Etali.

hobby - hawaya pl. -t. His latest hobby is collecting stamps. l-hawaya dyalu ž-ždida hiya žmi€ t-tnaber.

hog - helluf pl. hlalef. to hold - 1. rfed. She held the baby in her arms. kanet rafda t-terbya f-iddha. -- The room holds twenty people. l-bit ka-irfed Eešrin de-n-nas. 2. šedd, qbet. That knot will hold. dak l-Eegda tegbet. --Hold your tongue gbet Isanek Eendek. -Hold this box for me a minute. qbet-li had s-senduq wahed $\check{s}-\check{s}wiya$. 3. Emel. The meetings are held once a week. le-žtima&at ka-iEemluha merra fe-ž-žemEa. 4. kan ikun Eendu. He holds a high : position. Eendu mertaba Ealya. 5. pbes. Hold him! pebsu. 6. žleb. That speaker knows how to hold his

audience. dak le-xtib ka-veEref kif

ižleb n-nas lli ka-itṣenntu-lu.
7. daz iduz, kan ikun. When were the last elections held? fuq-aš dazu l-intixabat t-talya? 8. kan ikun shih, tbet. This rule doesn't hold in every case. had l-qa£ida ma-ši shiha f-koll muqif.

**Hold the wire. ma-teqte \(-\) \(\) to hold back - h \(\) per, redd. I wanted to go, but he held me back. \(\) kont bgit nem \(\) i, sa\(\) a h \(\) herni.

to hold office - xda yaxod mensib. He held office for a long time. modda u-huwa waxed dak l-mensib.

to hold on - sber. Can you hold on for a minute? imken-lek tesber wahed š-świva.

to hold on to -1. qbet f-. Hold on to me. qbet fiya. 2. bqa ibqa f-. Can you hold on to that job just a little longer? imken-lek tebqa f-had l-xedma waxxa gir ši-šwiya?

to hold out - ster, kaber, qbet. We would have held out for months, if we had had enough food. konna ma-zalin nkabru sher Ela sher u-kan kanet Eendma l-makla l-kafya.

to hold over - ?exxer. The movie was held over for another week. l-film, ?exxruh l-zem£a xra.

to hold true - kan ikun shih. That doesn't hold true in our case. be-n-nesba lilna had š-ši ma-ši shih.

to hold under a lease - Emel Eoqda. They held the land under a ten-year lease. Eemlu l-l-?erd Eoqda d-Eešr snin.

to hold up - 1. Eettel. You're holding me up. rak ka-teettelni.

2. sber. Will these shoes hold up? was had s-sebbat isber? 3. qteet-triq ela. I was held up by two men last night. l-bareh fe-l-lil zuž de-r-ržal qeteu eliya t-triq.

to get hold of - hessel Ela. Where can I get hold of him? fayn imken-li nhessel Elih?

to take hold of - qbet f-. Take hold of my arm. qbet fe-dra£i.
**How is he holding up under the pain? kif-en huwa m£a le-hriq?

holdup - qetéan t-triq pl. qetéan t-torqan. He has nothing to do with the holdup. ma-kan-ši mšarek f-dak qetéan t-triq.

hole - 1. teqba pl. -t, tqabi. He
has a hole in his pants. Eendu
teqba f-serwalu. 2. terea pl. -t.
The trip made a big hole in my
pocketbook. s-sefra xellat-li terea
kbira fe-l-beztam. 3. hefra pl. -t,
hfari. He dug a hole and hid his

money in it. hfer wahed l-hofra u-xebbe \(\ext{le-flus dyalu fiha.} \)

holiday - $\mathcal{E}id$ pl. $\mathcal{E}yad$. Is today a holiday? was l-yum $\mathcal{E}id$?

hollow - 1. xawi pl. xawyin. This wall seems to be hollow. had l-heyt ka-idher bin lli qelbu xawi.

2. darea dareh. Her cheeks are

2. gareq, daxel. Her cheeks are hollow. xdudha daxlin.

holy - mgeddes.

home - 1. £a?ila pl. -t. My home is
in Casablanca. £a?ilti fe-d-dar
l-bida. 2. le-d-dar. I have to go
home. xeṣṣni nemši le-d-dar.
3. maḥell. There's no place like
home. hetta ši ma-kayen bhal
l-waḥed f-maḥellu.

at home - 1. fe-d-dar. I was (at) home all day yesterday. l-bareh n-nhar kollu w-ana fe-d-dar.

2. f-mahellu. Make yourself at

home. hseb rasek f-mahellek.

3. fe-d-daxil. At home and abroad...
fe-d-daxil u-fe-l-xariž...

house and home - dar u-hbab.

The war has driven many people out of house and home. l-herb xerržet Eadad de-n-nas Ela dyurhom u-hbabhom.

homeless - bla dar pl. bla dyur.

Thousands were made homeless by the flood. l-hemla xellat l-?ulufat bla dyur.

homemade - msuwweb fe-d-dar. This is a homemade cake. had l-helwa msuwwba fe-d-dar.

to be homesick - twehhes bladu.

homework - xedma de-l-medrasa. Have
you done all your homework?
suwwebti xdemtek de-l-medrasa
kollha?

honest - 1. (lli) fih s-sedq. Do you think he's honest? ka-ddenn billa fih s-sedq? 2. (lli) fih l- 9 aman. He has an honest face. wežhu bayen fih l- 9 aman.

**An honest man is as good as his word. r-ražel ražel be-klemtu.
honestly - 1. be-l-mufid. I was honestly surprised. ttebhedt be-l-mufid. 2. be-s-sedq. Tell me honestly... tkellem m£aya be-s-sedq or ažini le-s-sedq. 3. be-s-saraha. To tell you honestly, I don't like it. nqul-lek be-s-saraha, had š-ši ma-£ažebni-š.

honesty - sedq, saraha. There's no question about his honesty. ma-kayen šekk fe-s-sedq dyalu. --Honesty is the best policy. ma-kayen ma-hsen men s-sedq.

honey - ε sel.

honeymoon - Sehr l-Easal.

to honk the horn - zuwweg. Honk the
horn three times, and I'll come
down. zuwweg tlata de-l-merrat
u-nehbet.

honor - šaraf. We gave a banquet in his honor. Emelna l-walima Ela šarafu. --I give you my word of honor! ka-neEtik kalimat š-šaraf.

**He's a man of honor. ražel b-žudu u-Eerdu.

to honor - 1. Serref, kebber b-. I feel very much honored with your visit. Serreftiwni b-ziyartkom.

2. qbel. We can't honor this check. ma-imken-lna-š ngeblu had š-šik.

hood - gobb pl. gbab.

hoof - hafer pl. hwafer, ferquš pl. frageš. The horse got a nail in his hoof. l-Eewd dxel-lu mesmar f-hafru.

to hoof (it) - mša imši Eel l-korra£i. We had to hoof it. ma-fadna ģir mšina Eel l-korra£i.

hook - Eellaqa pl. -t, Elaleq. Hang your coat on the hook. Emel baltuk Eel l-Eellaqa.

hook and eye - dker u-nta pl. dkura u-ntawat; terrašiya pl. -t. Shall I put on a zipper or hooks and eyes? neEmel sensla wella d-dkura u-n-ntawat?

by hook or by crook - be-d-dras am be-l-xater. He intends to get rich, by hook or by crook. jarudu itxuuwež be-d-dras aw be-l-xater. on one's own hook - Ela drasu. He did it on his own hook. žabha Ela drasu.

to hook - 1. qbet, siyyed. How many fish did you hook? shal de-l-hut siyyedti? 2. rbet. Help me hook this chain. rbet meaya had s-sensla.

**She finally hooked him. ma-mšat hetta kebblet-lu režlih. --I haven't hooked up the new radio yet. ma-zal ma-rekkebt-ši r-radyu ž-ždid.

hookah - rgila pl. rgayel.

hop = neqza pl. -t. It's just a short
hop by plane. neqza wehda
fe-t-tiyara.

to hop - 1. negges. She hopped with joy. negget be-l-ferha.

2. dar idur. He was hopping around on one leg. kan ka-idur Ela ržel wehda.

hope - 1. rža, yas, iyas. Don't give up hope! ma-teqte∈-š l-yas.
2. ?amal. I still have some hope of getting the job. ma-zal €endi šwiya de-l-?amal nšedd dak l-xedma.

to hope - 1. °emmel, trežža. She had hoped to see you. kanet ka-t°emmel tšufek. 2. tleb Eel llah. We hope he can come tomorrow. ka-nțelbu Eel llah iži ģedda.

let's hope - messab. Let's hope this weather keeps up. messab ibqa had l-žuw hakda.

to hope for - theb rebbi f-. Let's hope for the best. ntelbu rebbi fe-l-xir.

**I hope you didn't catch cold. <code>cendak tkun truwwehti? --Will you</code>
be back by tomorrow night? I hope
so. <code>gedda fe-l-lil tkun ržecti?</code>
fi yadı llah.

hopeful - m?emmel.

hopeless - (lli) ma-bqa fih ?amal, (lli) ma-bqa fih dwa. The situation is completely hopeless. l-hala ma-bqa fiha hetta ši-?amal.

hopscotch - tšiktšika (not used with
art).

horizon - ⁹ufuq pl. ⁹afaq.

horizontal - wefqi.

horn - 1. gern pl. grun. This bull's horns are very long. le-grun d-had t-tur twal bezsaf. 2. zuwaga pl. -t; klakşun pl. -at. The car's horn doesn't work. z-zuwaga d-had t-tumubil ma-xeddama-s.

to blow the horn - zuwweg. Don't blow the horn so much. ma-dzuwweg-\$ bezzaf.

hornet - zenbur pl. znaber; bu-rzizzi. horrible - (lli) ka-ireffeb. It was a horrible sight. mender kan ka-ireffeb.

horrors - fdayeh. The horrors of war are indescribable. le-fdayeh de-l-herb ma-ka-ittwesfu-š.

horse - & Ewd pl. xil, xeyl.

**Now don't get on your high
horse! iwa la-tenfex-&i & Elina!
--That's a horse of a different
color. iwa had & -& &i haža xra daba.
--A team of wild horses couldn't
drag me there. waxxa džerrni
l-temma nta u-& emmek & ebbeh.

horse race(s) - msabqa de-l-xil pl. -t de-l-xil. Let's go to the (horse) races. yallah nemšiw l-le-msabqa de-l-xil.

horse-radish - fžel le-xla.

hose - 1. žećba de-s-sqi pl. žćeb s-sqi, kawatšu de-s-sqi. The hose is still in the garden. l-kawatšu de-s-sqi ma-zal fe-l-ćersa. 2. teqšira pl. tqašer. We just got a new shipment of hose. ćad wesletna negla de-t-tqašer.

hospitable - krim, qelbu kbir.

hospital - mustešfa pl. -yat. When did you get home from the hospital? fuq-aš wselti men l-mustešfa le-d-dar?

hospitality - karam, žud.
host - mul d-dar pl. mmalin d-dar.
Have you been introduced to the host? geddmuk l-mul d-dar?

hostess = mulat d-dar pl. mmalin d-dar. hot = 1. sxun. Do you have hot water? Eendek l-ma sxun? 2. harr. This pepper is very hot. had l-ibsar harr

**I made it hot for him. ziyyertha Elih. --He has a hot temper. raşu sxun. --We were hot on his trail. konna tafrineh.

hotel - util pl. -at. I'm looking for a cheap hotel. ka-ndur Ela Si-util rxis.

hour - saéa pl. -t, swayeé. I'll be back in an hour. gad nwelli men daba saéa.

hour overtime - sa£a zayda pl. swaye£ zayda. I worked five hours overtime. xdemt xemsa de-s-swaye£ zayda.

after hours - men beed l-xedma. See me after hours. Sufni men beed l-xedma.

at all hours - $f^{-\gamma}ay$ we gt. I can be reached at all hours. $f^{-\gamma}ay$ we gt h-ana mužud.

for hours - sa&a & la sa&a, s-sa&a u-xetha. She practices the piano for hours. ka-ttmerren & le-byanu s-sa&a u-xetha.

a quarter of an hour - rbet sata, rubut sata.

**What are your working hours?
Snu huwa wegtek de-l-xedma?

hour hand - muri kbir pl. mwara kbar.
house - 1. dar pl. dyar, dyur. I want
to rent a house. bagi nekri ši-dar.
'2. mežlis pl. mažalis. Both houses
are going to meet in a joint session. l-mažalis b-žuž gad idžemću
f-gelsa wehda.

to keep house - gabel d-dar. She keeps house for her uncle. ka-tgabel d-dar l-Eemmha.

**Where are they going to house the visitors? fayn gad icemlu d-dyaf?

housemaid - $met \in ellma$ pl. -t, xeddama pl. -t.

housework - xedma de-d-dar. Many girls prefer office work to housework. bezzaf d-le-bnat ka-ifeddlu l-xedma de-l-?idara & el l-xedma de-d-dar.

how - kif. How shall I do it? kif

gad ndirha? --How do you feel?
kif ka-thess b-rasek?

**How come you're still here? Sniya qadiytek ma-zal hnaya?

how many - Shal men (followed by sg.), Shal de- (followed by pl.). How many apples shall I take? Shal de-t-teffahat naxod?

how much - shal. How much did he pay? shal xelles?

however - be-l-heqq, walakin. I'd like to do it; however, I have no time nebģi ndirha walakin ma-Eendi-š l-weqt.

howl - teEwiqa pl. -t coll. teEwaq.

I thought I heard the howl of a
wolf. žab-li llah smeEt teEwaq
d-dib.

to howl - Eenweq. The dog has been howling all night. l-lil kollu we-l-kelb iEenweq.

to howl with laughter - tferge E
be-d-dehk. The audience howled with
laughter. l-metferržin ttferg Eu
be-d-dehk.

to **huddle** - Eerrem, tEerrem, dzahem.

They were huddled in a corner. kann
mEerrmin f-qent.

to huddle together - tkemmeš ši f-ši. The sheep huddled close together. le-kbaš tkemmšu metgarbin ši f-ši.

to be in a huddle - tqara. Those two are always in a huddle. duk z-zuz dima ka-itqaraw.

hug - $te \in niqa$ pl. -t.

to give a hug - dreb tecniqa, cenneq. She gave me a big hug. derbet-li tecniq qedd-as.

to hug -.1. Eenneq. She hugged her mother tightly. Eennqet mmha bezzaf. 2. wqef qrib l-. Our boat hugged the coast line all day. n-nhar kollu u-l-baxira dyalna waqfa qriba l-terf le-bher. huge - Edim pl. Edam.

hum - dzegnina pl. -t coll. dzegnin. What's that peculiar hum? šni hiya dak d-dzegnina le-griba?

to hum - zegnen. What's that tune you're humming? šni hiya dak n-negma lli ka-dzegnen?

human - ?insan pl. nas. I'm only human. ma-?ana gir ?insan.

human being - Pinsan, bnadem pl.
nas. He treats us like human beings.
ka-yehsebna bhal n-nas.

**It's only human to make mistakes. subhan men la-isha.

humble - 1. metwadee. In the beginning he acted very humble. fe-l-luwwel ban metwadee bessaf. 2. deif

pl. $d \in af$. The president grew up in very humble circumstances. $r-ra^{g}is$ kber f-wahed d-duruf $d \in ifa$.

humidity - bruda, rtuba.

to humiliate - hessem, tiyyeh b-. humor - gana pl. -t. Are you in a

good humor? nta Ela gantek?

**Keep your sense of humor. xellik fik l-best. --He has no sense of humor. ma-ka-iqbel best.

hunch - šućur. I have a hunch that something is wrong there. Eendi šućur billa ši-haža ma-ši hiya hadik.

hunchback - hdibbi pl. -yin.

hunched up - metwi, metni. Your back hurts because you're sitting hunched up. dehrek ka-ihergek hit gales metni.

hundred - mya pl. myawat, mi?in.

About a hundred people were present.

tegriben mya de-n-nas kanu hadrin.

hunger - žuć. I nearly died of hunger. mšit nmut be-ž-žuć.

hungry - bih ž-žuć, žićan. I'm hungry. ana biya ž-žuć.

to get hungry - žać izuć, žah ižih ž-žuć. A lot of times I get hungry right in the middle of the night. bezzaf de-l-merrat ma-ka-ižini ž-žuć gir f-ness l-lil.

to go hungry - bqa ibqa be-\(\maxis_{\pi}\)e didn't go hungry. \(ma-bqina-\)s
\(be-\(\maxis_{-}\)\(\maxis_{\pi}\)u\(\maxis_{-}\).

to hunt - siyyed. They're hunting rabbits. rahom ka-isiyydu le-qniya.

to go hunting — mša imši isiyyed. We're going hunting tomorrow. ġad nemšiw nsiyydu ġedda.

to hunt for - qelleb Ela. We were hunting for a new house. konna ka-ngellbu Ela dar ždida.

hunter - siyyad pl. -a.

hurry - 1. zerba pl. -t. There's no

hurry. ma-kayna zerba. 2. teqliqa pl. -t. What's the hurry? \$-had t-teqliqa?

in a hurry - 1. mezrub. I'm in a big hurry. r-ana mezrub bezzaf.

2. be-z-zerba. He wrote the letter in a hurry and forgot to sign it. kteb le-bra be-z-zerba u-nsa ma-wegqe&ha-š.

to hurry zreb. You'll have to hurry to get a good seat. xessek dzreb bas teqbet blasa mezyana.

--Don't hurry! ma-dzreb-s! --Don't hurry me. ma-dzrebni-s.

**Hurry up! deģya deģya!

hurt - 1. hreq, wsee, derr. My arm hurts (me). dra&i ka-yehreqni.
2. qesseh. Where are you hurt? fayn mqesseh? 3. derr. I didn't mean to hurt you. ma-kanet-* niyti nderrek. 4. qda iqdi Ela, derr. This will hurt business. had *s-*si gad iqdi Eel t-tizara. 5. *zreh I didn't want to hurt your feelings. ma-bgit-* ne*zreh-lek Eawatifek.

**Will it hurt if I'm late?

ma-kayen bas ila žit m£ettel? husband - ražel pl. ržal. I'd like

you to meet my husband. smeh-li nqeddem-lek ražli.

hush - skat. Hush! I can't hear a word. s-skat! ma-ka-nesme€-ši kelma.

to hush up - dfen. They quickly hushed up the scandal. degya defnu le-fdiha.

husky - 1. mžebbeh. His voice sounds husky. helqu tqul mžebbeh. 2. shiyyeh, qelda. He's such a

husky fellow! walayenni shiyyeh mEa rasu! hut - muwwala pl. -t, nwawel.

hyena – dbeć pl. dbuća.

I - ana. ice - telž.

to ice - fenned. Ice the cake as soon as it's cool. fenned l-helwa men heddha barda.

icebox - tellaža pl. -t. ice cream - basta.

icy - mtellež.

idea - fikra pl. -t, afkar. That's a
good idea. hadi fikra mezyana.
--What gives you that idea? mnin
žatek hadik l-fikra?

**That's the idea! hiya hadik!
--The idea! walayenni ž-žebha!
identification - teErif.

identification card - werga de-t-tegrif.

to identify - Eerref. The police identified him by his picture. l-bulis Eerrfuh be-s-sura dyalu.

idle - 1. ma-ši mešgul. These men have been idle for quite a while. hadi modda u-had r-ržal

ma-mešģulin-š. 2. xawi. That's just idle talk. dak š-ši ģit klam **Her fingers are never idle. dima sba∈ha ka-imelmlu. factory has lain idle for years. hadi snin u-l-meEmel haser l-xedma. if - 1. ila (for real conditions). If anyone asks for me, say I'll be right back. ila suwwel Eliya ši-wahed, qul-lu ana gad nerže daba. 2. kun (for contrary to fact conditions). If he had kept quiet, he would have gotten away. kun sket, kun flet. 3. waš. there's any mail for me. Suf was kayen ši-barid lili. as if - bhal ila. He talks as if he had been there. huwa kaitkellem bhal ila kan temma. even if - waxxa. I'll go even if it rains. ana gad nemši waxxa ttih š-šta. ignorance - žehl. ignorant - žahel. ill - mrid pl. mrad. illness - merd. to imagine - 1. tsummer. I can't imagine what you mean. ma-neqder-\$ ntşuwwer aš bģiti tqul. 2. xtareE, hlem. He's just imagining it. gir ka-ixtare Edak š-ši. 3. denn. imagine he'll come. ka-ndenn billa ģa-iži. imam - imam. ?imam pl. ?ayemma. to imitate - gelled. He can imitate my voice. huwa iqder iqelled suti. That's a poor imitation - teglid. imitation. hadak teglid deif. immediately - fe-l-hin. immense - wase€, kbir. immoral - mxalef le-hya. impartial - (lli) ka-yeEdel be-l-heqq. impatient - qlil s-sebr. impolite - qlıl l-?adab. import - težlib pl. -at. The government encouraged the import of raw materials. l-hukuma seEdet težlib l-mawadd l-luwwla. to import - žleb. importance - ?ahemmiya. important - muhimm. impossible - (lli) ma-imken-š, muḥal. Why is it impossible? Elaš ma-imken-š? to impress - 9 etter f-. impression - te?tir pl. -at. to improve - 1 hessen. I don't know how we can improve it. ma-neEref-* kif-a* imken-lna nhessnu had š-ši. 2. tterxef,

thessen. His condition has

school. Eli ka-itgeddem fe-l-medrasa. improvement - tehsin. **That's no improvement over what went before. had š-ši ma-hsen-š men dak š-ši lli fat. impudence - gellet le-hya, dsara. in - 1. f- (fi- before pronoun endings). There's no window in my room. ma-kayen šeržem f-biti. --He's in Casablanca now. huwa fe-d-dar l-bida daba. --I can finish it in a week. negder nkemmelha f-žem£a. --If I were in your place I would go. ila kont fe-bļastek, ana nemši. --My family is in the country. Ea?ilti f-le-Erubiya. --We're three months behind in the rent. hna m?exxrin b-telt shur f-le-kra. —In my opinion... f-reyyi... --Are you in on it, too? was fiha hetta nta? --I'll see you in the morning. nšufek fe-s-sbah. 2. men daba. I'll be back in three days. jad neržeć men daba telt iyyam. 3. b-(bi-before pronoun endings). Say it in English. qulha be-n-negliza. --Write in ink. kteb b-le-mdad. **Come in! dxol! --He has it in for you. huwa halef fik. --He's in_poor health. huwa sehhtu d£ifa. --I'm all in. and mehluk. --Now we're in for it! daba whelna! in behalf - Ela ?ažel, li ?azel. His friends intervened in his behalf. shabu twesstu Ela ?ažlu. in half - Ela žuž. Cut the cake in half. qṣem l-ḥelwa Ela žuž. incense - bxur pl. -at. incense burner - mbexra pl. -t, mbaxer. incident - hadita pl. -t; $waqi \in a$ pl. -t, wqaye€. incidentally - 1. bin u-bin. He just said it incidentally. huwa gir qalha bin u-bin. 2. fekkertini. Incidentally, I saw our friend Ali the other day. fekkertini and \$eft sahebna &li dak n-nhar. to include - kan ikun fih, žme£. dictionary doesn't include technical expressions. had l-gamus ma-fih-\$ l-Eibarat t-tequiya. **Include this is my bill. hseb hadi fe-btaqti. income - medxul. How much of an income does he have? šhal l-medxul lli ka-ižih?

improved. tterxef Elih l-hal.3. tqeddem. Ali is improving in

to inconvenience - bessel ξla . don't want to inconvenience you. ana ma-bağı-š nbessel Elik. increase - zyada. to increase - 1. zad izid f -. You'll have to increase the price. xessek dzid fe-t-tamen. 2. qwa iqwi. The population increased greatly. s-sokkan qwaw bezzaf. indeed - 1. bla šekk. That's very good indeed! dak š-ši mezyan bezzaf bla šekk. 2. meElum. Yes, indeed' meElum! 3. Ead. He's very strong indeed. huwa qwi bezzaf Ead. independent - mustagill. India - hend, blad l-hend. Indian - 1. hendi, hnud (reference to both America and India). 2. de-l-hend, hendi. Is that an Indian turban? waš hadik rezza de-l-hend? to indicate - biyyen. indifferent - bared. individual - 1. (n.) šexs. pl. šxas, šxusa. 2. (adj.) šexsi. indoors - l-daxel. You'd better stay indoors today. hsen-lek tebaa l-daxel l-yum. industry - $sen \in a$ pl. -t, $snaye \in E$. infantile paralysis - bu-kezzaz. has infantile paralysis. huwa fih bu-kezzaz. infantry - režliya. The wound is to infect - Eeffem. infected. l-žerha m£effna. inferior - suluki. infinite - bla hedd, (ll1) ma ithedd-s. to inflame - **My eye is inflammed. Eeyni tale€ fiha d-demm. inflammation - tenfixa. to inform - Elem. I was not informed in time. $ma-\mathcal{E}elmuni-\check{s} fe-l-weqt$. information - xbar, meElumat (pl.). Where can I get some information about that? fayn imken-li nsib ši-xbar €la dak š-ši? information desk - mekteb l-meElumat. infraction - mxalfa pl. -t. to inhabit - sken iskon f-. inhabitant - saken pl. sokkan. to inherit - wret. The initial initial - luwlani. l-?ižara salary is small. l-luwlaniya sģira. injection - tedxal pl. -at. to injure - žreh. ink - mdad. The inner door is inner - dexlani. locked. l-bab d-dexlani meqful. innocence - braya.

innocent - bari. **It was just an innocent remark. kanet gir mulahada bla Ear. innovation – bed
otin a ${
m pl.}$ -t.to inquire - suwwel. Before we rented the house, we inquired about it. qbel-ma nekriw d-dar, suwwelna Eliha. insane - hmeg pl. humeg. insane asylum - merstan pl. -at. inscription - ketba pl. -t. insect - hašara pl. -t. inside - 1. dexlani. May I see the inside of the house? was imken-li nšuf d-dexlani de-d-dar? 2. l-daxel. He left it inside. xellaha l-daxel. 3. f-.Inside of five minutes the building was empty. f-xemsa de-d-dqayeql-binaya xwat. to come, go inside - dxel. to have on inside out - lbes meglub. He has his coat on inside huwa labes kebbutu meglub. to know inside out - 1. hfed. knows his business inside out. huwa hafed šoglu. 2. Eref bhal l-ma. I know the book inside out. ana neEref le-ktab bhal l-ma. men l-fuq le-t-teht. I know that town inside out. and neEref had le-maina men l-fug le-t-teht. to turn inside out - qleb. body turned my sleeve inside out. ši-wahed gleb kommi **The police turned the place inside out, but they couldn't find anything. š-šerta qellbet l-mahell kollu u-ma-lgat walu. insignia - Ealama pl. -t. insounia - smir, tyar n-nEas. inspector - muraqib, mufettis. to install - rekkeb. **instead of - 1.** f- $\mathcal{E}ewd$. He gave me lemons instead of oranges. Etani l-hamed f-Eewd l-limun. 2. $f-\xi ewd-ma$. Why don't you do something instead of complaining all the time? Elaš ma-teEmel-š ši-haža f-Eewd-ma ttšekka dima? instruction - $me \in luma$ pl. -t. instrument - ala pl. -t. insult - sebba pl. -t coll. sebb. to insult - Eayer, sebb. insurance - te?min. to insure - suger. intelligence - Eqel. intelligent - dki. to intend - qsed, nwa inwi. intense - šdid pl. šdad. intention - garad pl. grad, grayed. interest - (money earned) taluE.

to interest - žleb. Can't you interest him in the matter? was ma-teqder-š dželbu l-had l-qadiya? to be interested in - t summed l-.

I'm interested in sports.

metšuwweq le-r-riyada.

**He's only interested in her money. huwa ma Eeynu gir f-le-flus dyalha.

interesting - mufid.

to interfere - 1. terred. He'll leave on Sunday if nothing interferes. ġa-imšī nhar l-hedd ila hetta haža ma-t Eerrdet-lu. --You're interfering with my work. nta ka-ttEerred-li fe-xdemti. 2. dexxel rasu. Don't interfere in other people's affairs. ma-ddexxel-š rașek f-suq n-nas.

intermission - wegt r-raha.

internal - daxili.

international - duwali.

to interpret - teržem.

interpreter - teržman pl. -at.

into - 1. b-. Can you translate this into English? was teqder tteržem hadi be-n-negliza? 2. f-. Put my clothes into the box. dir le-hwayež dyali fe-s-senduq. He just went into the house. yallah dxel le-d-dar.

**We'll have to take that into account too. xeşşna nhesbu dak š-ši

hetta huwa.

intoxicated - sekran. to introduce - qeddem.

It's introduction - muqeddima pl. -t. mentioned in the introduction. $\S-\S\iota$ medkur fe-l-muqeddıma.

invalid - batel. A will without a signature is invalid. wasiya bla xett l-yedd batla.

to invent - xtareE.

invention - xtira€ pl. -at.

to investigate - bhet.

investigation - beht pl. bhut.

invitation - $\xi rada$ pl. -t.

to invite - Ered.

to involve - dexxel. He was involved in it too. hetta huwa kan mdexxel

**The trip involved a lot of expense. ţar ş-şafar ġali.

iodine - nar barda, yud.

Iran - l-iran.

Iraq - l-Eiraq.

Iraqi - Erraqi pl. -yın. iris - beşlet d-dib (flower), khel de-l-Eeyn (eye).

iron - 1. hdid. You have to be made out of iron to stand all that. xeşşek tkun meşnuE men le-hdid bağ tesber l-had š-ši kollu. --Strike while the iron is hot' dreb ma-hedd le-hdid sxun! 2. meşluh pl. mşaleh, blanša pl. -t (for pressing clothing).

to iron - hedded, dreb le-blanša l-. Did you iron my shirt? was heddedti gamıžti?

irritable - mgelleg.

to irritate - 1. qelleq. His remark ırritated me. l-mulahada dyalu gellgetni. 2. hreg. This soap doesn't irritate the skin. had ş-şabun ma-ka-yehreq-š ž-želd.

Islam - ?islam.

Islamic - ?islami. island - žazira pl. -t (no assimilation of art.).

to isolate - Emel b-wahed-, Ezel. The sick children were isolated. d-drar: le-mrad Eemluhom b-wahedhom.

issue - 1. Eadad, nešra pl. -t. I haven't read the last issue. ma-qrit-š n-nešra t-talya. 2. ģnan, muškila. I don't want to make an issue of it. ma-bgit-s nreddha gnan. You're trying to avoid the issue. nta thawel dženneb l-muškila.

Italian - 1. talyani. He's of Italian descent huwa aşlu talyani. 2. talyaniya. He speaks Italian well. ka-itkellem t-talyaniya mezyan.

Italy - italya, blad t-talyan. to itch - kla yakol. My wound itches. ž-žerha ka-takolni. -- I itch all over. lehmi kollu ka-yakolni.

**I'm itching to get started. mšuwweq baš nebda.

item - 1. $sel \mathcal{E}a$ pl. -t. We don't have that item in our shop. ma-Eendna-* dık s-sel&a fe-l-hanut dyalna. 2. magala pl. -t. Did you see the item in the paper? was griti l-magala fe-l-žarida? 3. haža pl. -t, hwayež. How many items are

there on that bill? shal men haza kayna f-dik le-btaqa?

ivory - Eaž.

jack - krik pl. -at. I left the jack in the garage. xellit le-krik fe-l-garaž. to jack up - 1. hezz (b-le-krik). You'll have to jack up the car. xessek thezz t-tumubil (b-le-krik). 2. zad izid f -. They've jacked up the prices. zadu fe-t-tamanat. jackass - hmar pl. hmir. What a jackass! walayenni hmar hada! jacket - kebbut pl. kbabet. jagged - mšenger, mefrum. jail - hebs pl. hbas. to jail - sžen. jam - 1. mečžun. I prefer homemade jam. ana ka-nebģi hsen l-me€žun dyal d-dar. 2. wehla pl. whayel. I'm in an awful jam. ana f-wehla qbiha. January - yennayer. Japan - yaban. Japanese - yabani. jar - tenživa pl. -t, tnaži; gerča pl. -t, gra£i. to jar - zeczec. Don't jar the table when you sit down. ma-dze€ze€-š l-mida melli tegles. jaundice - bu-seffir. jaw - henk pl. hnak, hnuk. jealous - megyar. Are you jealous of him? waš nta megyar mennu. jealousy - ģiŗa. The train stopped jerk - tehziza. with a jerk. heer l-qitar b-tehsisa. **What a jerk he is! walayenni Ela hmar huwa! to jerk - xtef. She jerked the book out of his hand. xetfet le-ktab men yeddu. jest - mlaģa, tfelya. to jest - tmelleg. Jew - ihudi pl. ihud. Jewish - ihudi. jiffy - dqiyqa. It'll only take me a jiffy. xessni gir dqiyqa. in a jiffy - 1. men daba šwiya. I'll be back in a jiffy. gad nži men daba swiya. 2. fisa E. He was ready in a jiffy. huwa kan fisaE wažed. job - 1. xedma pl. -t. I'm looking for a job. ana ka-nqelleb Ela xedma. 2. šģol pl. šģal. It isn't

my job to tell him. ma-ši šogli baš

ngulha-lu.

to join - 1. dxel f. When did he join the party? fuq-as dxel fe-l-hizeb? --He wants to join our huwa bagi idxol fe-n-nadi dyalna. 2. $xlet \in la$. Would you like to join us? waš tebģi texlet laga. How do you join Elina? 3. these two parts? kif-aš tlagi had t-traf b-žuž? 4. tlaga. Where do these roads join? fayn ka-ıtlaqaw had t-torgan? **Won't you join us at the table? waš bģiti tegles m£ana? joint - 1. mefșeļ pl. mfașeļ. All my joints ache. ga& mfaşli ka-iderruni. mešruk. This is joint property. had l-melk mešruk. to come out of joint - ttfekk. My arm came out of joint. ttfekk-li dra£i. joke - 1. mzah pl. -at. I've heard that joke before smelt b-had le-mzah men qbel. 2. mlaga. You've carried the joke too far. zedti f-le-mlaga bezzaf. --He can't take a joke. ma-ka-iqbel-š le-mlaga. 3. hila pl. -t. I played a joke on him. ana leebt Elih hila. to joke - tmelleg. This time I'm not joking. had l-merra ana ma-ka-ntmelleģ-š. **You must be joking! wa-la-bedd ka-ddhek! **All joking aside! nxelliw le-mlaga fe-t-tisaE. jolly - ferhan; xfif r-ruh pl. xfaf r-ruh. jolt - hezza pl. -t. The car stopped with a jolt. s-siyara hesret b-hezza. Jordan 🗕 l-?orden. Jordan River - nehr l-vorden. Jordanian - Porduni adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel l-9orden. journalist - şahafi (pl.). -yin. journey - safar, sfer pl. sefrat. joy - ferha. joyful - bahež. judge - 1. qadi pl. qodya, qudat. When is the judge going to pass sentence on him? fuq-aš ġa-yeḥkem Elih l-qadi? 2. muhekkam. The judges awarded his picture the first prize. l-muhekkamin Etaweh l-ža°iza l-luwla Eel t-teswira dyalu. 3. hakem pl. hokkam.

judge says it's a net ball. l-hakem gal bin l-kura gaşet š-šebka.

**It was an awful job to convince tamara htažit baš ngennečha. her.

to judge - hkem Ela. Don't judge him too harshly. ma-tehkem-š Elih b-le-qsuhiya.

judgment - reyy pl. ryay, ara. my judgment this is a bad predicament. f-reyyı wehla qbıha hadı.

inice - ma. These oranges give very little juice. had l-limunat fihom ģir šwiya de-l-ma.

juicy - mawi.

July - yulyu.

iump - tengiza pl. -t.

You to get the jump on - sbeq. don't want him to get the jump on you, do you? ma-bģitih-š isebqek wella la?

on the jump - meštun. She's constantly on the jump. hiya dima meštuna.

to jump - 1. neggez. How high can you jump? shal tegder tneggez? --We jumped from page seven to page twelve. neggezna men l-werga s-sab \in a le-t-tan \circ a. 2. qfez. He jumped when he heard the noise. qfez melli sme& ş-şda&.

**The train jumped the track. l-mašina xeržet Eel t-triq.

June - yunyu.

junk - q'žagel (pl.). Get all this junk out of here for me. xerrež Eliya had le-qžagel kollhom men hna. just - 1. f-mahellu. That's a just punishment. hadik Eaguba f-mahellha. 2. Ead. They've just arrived in Morocco. Ead žaw l-l-megrib. 3. fe-l-haqiqa. Just what do you mean? fe-l-haqiqa aš ka-teEni? 4. gir. I'm just dead tired. ana ģīr miyyet b-le-Eya. --He's just a little boy. huwa gir weld sgir. 5. ma-mša ma-ža. He's just like his father. huwa bhalu bhal bbah ma-mša ma-ža. 6. tamamen. That's just what I wanted. hadi tamamen aš bģīt. 7. behra. You just made

**That's just the way the world

behra deztiha. is! d-denya hiya hadi.

justice - 1. Eedliya. His father is the Minister of Justice. bbah wzir l-Eedliya. 2. heqq. Don't expect justice from him. ma-ttsenna-s l-hegg mennu.

to do justice - ξ ta ye ξ ti l-hegg. You're not doing him justice. nta ma-Eatih-* l-hegg.

**The picture doesn't do you justice. t-teswira ma-xerržettek-š mezyan.

to justify - heggeq. She tried to justify her actions. hawlet thegged Eamalatha.

**I think you would be perfectly justified in doing that. ana ka-ndenn belli Eendek l-hegg tamamen baš te€mel dak š-ši.

K

keen - 1. fayeq, nadež, madi. He has
a keen mind. Eeqlu fayeq. --This blade is rather keen. had l-mus madi bezzaf. 2. mšuwweq. I'm not so keen on that. ana ma-mšuwweq-š l-had š-ši.

to keep - 1. xella. May I keep this picture? waš imken-li nxelli Eendi had t-teswira? -- Do you want me to keep your dinner warm? was bģitini nxelli-lek & satek sxuna? -- I'm sorry to have kept you waiting. ana met?essef ila xellitek ttsenna. 2. gbet. šebber. I won't keep you long. ma-ġadi-š nqebtek-š bezzaf. 3. hda yehdi. Please keep this money for me. Eafak hdi-li had le-flus. 4. ktem. He kept the

secret. ktem s-serr. 5. qbet f-. He kept his word. qbet fe-klemtu. 6. sber. This milk won't keep till tomorrow. had le-hlib ma-isber-\$ l-ģedda. 7. šedd. Does your watch keep good time? was l-magana dyalek ka-tšedd l-wegt mezyan? 8. beEEed. Keep your hands off that! beEEed yeddik men dak š-ši! 9. bga ibga. Keep to the right! bga Eel l-imin. --Can't you keep quiet? waš ma-teqder-š tebqa hani? calm' bga zagi! --Keep trying! thawel! -- Keep out' bqa berra!

**Where have you been keeping yourself all this time? fayn konti xazen rașek had š-ši kollu? --Keep off the grass children! beEEdu men r-rbie ad-drari! --I told him no a thousand times and he keeps coming back. qolt-lu lla alef merra u-ma-zal ka-iži.

to keep books - žmeć hsabat.

to keep from - 1. mne men. No one can keep me from my sister's house. hetta ši-wahed ma-iqder imne ni men dar xti. 2. mne baš. Nobody can keep you from going there. hetta ši-wahed ma-iqder imen kek baš temši l-temma.

to keep house - qabel d-dar. She keeps house for her uncle. hiya ka-tqabel dar Eemmha.

to keep in mind - Emel f-balu. Let's keep that in mind. daba nEemluha f-balna.

to keep one's temper - mlek nefsu.
to keep (on) talking - zad izid
fe-klamu. Just keep on talking
gir zid fe-klamak.

to keep out - hbes. The curtain keeps the light out. l-xamiya ka-tehbes d-du.

to keep out of -1. tbe&ed men.

It's his affair, you'd better keep out of it. had š-ši šoġlu, hsen-lek ttbe&ed mennu. 2. Keep him out of my way! be&edu men triqi!

to keep something from - xzen \$i-haža & la. Are you keeping something from me? waš nta xazen \$i-haža & liya?

Kenitra - le-quitra.

native of Kenitra - qnitri.
adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel le-qnitra.
kerosene - zit l-gaz.

kettle - mograž pl. mgarež.

**That's a pretty kettle of fish! walayenni xaluta hadi.

key = 1. sarut pl. swaret. (to a
lock). 2. herf pl. hruf (of a
typewriter).

**He was all keyed up. kan rafed

kick - rekla pl. -t, redha pl -t.

The horse nearly gave me a kick.

kan l-Eewd gir šwiya u-yeEţini

rekla. -I felt like giving him
a good hard kick. kont bagi
neEţih redha mezyana.

**He gets a kick out of sports. ka-iršeq-lu Eel r-riyada.

to kick - rkel, rdeh.

to kick out - rma irmi berra.

kid - 1. ždi f. žedya pl. žedyan.

The goat has two kids. l-mečsa čendha žuž de-ž-žedyan. 2. derri pl. drari. The kids want to go to a movie. d-drari bgaw imšiw le-s-sinima.

kidney - kelwa pl. -t, klawi.

to kill - qtel.

kilogram - kilu pl. -wat.

kilometer - kilumiter pl. kilumitrat.

kind - 1. škel pl. škal, nu£ pl.

nwa£. This building is the only one
of its kind. had le-bni ma-£endu-š

xah f-had š-škel. --We have only
two kinds of coffee. £endna ģir

žuž d-le-nwa£ de-l-qehwa. 2. driyyef,
drif pl. draf. He's a very kind man.

ražel drivyef bezzaf hada!

**I didn't say anything of the kind. ana ma-qolt hetta helma men had \$-\$i.

kind of - šwiya. I felt kind of sorry for him. ana toessft šwiya

all kinds of - Eel le-*kal. I have all kinds of cloth. Eendit-tub Eel le-*kal.

**What kind of car do they have? **Men nu£ s-siyara lli Eendham? --What kind of house do they have? *kif Eamla d-dar dyalhom?

kindness - ltafa. king - malik pl. muluk. kingdom - memlaka pl. -t.

kiss - busa pl. -t. to kiss - bas ibus.

kitchen - keššina pl. -t, kuzina pl.

kitten - mšiša pl. -t, qtita pl. -t. to knead - Ežen.

knee - rokba pl. -t, rkabi.

to kneel - rkeE. knife - mus pl. mwas.

knight - faras pl. fras (chess piece).
knock - deqqa pl. -t coll. deqq. Did
you hear the knock on the door?
was sme{ti d-deqqa {el l-bab}?

to knock - 1. deqq. Someone knocked at the door. \$i-wahed deqq \$\int ellipsis lellipsis lellipsi

to be knocked around - tmehhen. She's been knocked around a lot. tmehhnet bezzaf.

to knock down - tiyyeh. The car knocked me down. s-siyara tiyyhetni. to knock off - tiyyeh, tiyyer.

to knock out - tiyyeh kaw. He knocked him out in the tenth round. huwa tiyyhu kaw fe-d-dewr l-Easer.

to knock over - qleb. Who knocked the pail over? **Skun lli qleb **s-stel** (all) knocked out - mehluk. I was all knocked out after about an hour of work. kont mehluk men be $\in d$ $\S i-sa \in a$ de-l-xedma.

knot - 1. Eogda pl. -t, Eqadi. Can you untie this knot? was tegder thell had l-Eoqda? 2. mil behri pl. myal behriya. The ship can make fifteen knots. l-babur ka-iqder yeEmel xemstas myal behriya fe-s-saEa. 3. meEza pl. -t. The board is full of knots. l-luha Eamra be-l-meEzat.

to knot - Eqed, Eeqqed. Shall I knot the string? was neEqed l-qennba?

to **know** - Eref. Do you know Arabic? waš ka-teEref l-Eerbiya? -- I don't know how he did it. ma-Ereft-š kif-aš Emelha.

to know how to - Eref. I don't know how to drive a car. ma-ka-neEref-* nsug s-siyara

to let know - Elem. I'll let you know tomorrow. and nEelmek gedda. knowledge - meErifa pl. mEaref, Eilm. His knowledge of Arabic is weak. meEriftu fe-l-Eerbiya dEifa. Koran - gor?an.

koranic - qor?ani, men l-qor?an.

Ī.

label - werga pl. wraq; btaqa pl. -t, btayeq. There's no label on this bottle. had l-ger&a ma-&liha-& l-werga.

labor - 1. xedma. Labor alone will cost three hundred dollars. l-xedma b-wahedha ttih élik b-telt myat dular. --All our labor has been in vain. l-xedma dyalna kollha ma-slahet hetta haža. 2. wlada. She was in labor nine hours. le-wlada talet teséud de-s-swayeé.

hard labor - l-?ašgal š-šaqqa. He was sentenced to five years at hard labor. hekmu Elih b-xems snin de-l-?ašgal š-šaqqa.

laborer - xeddam pl. -a.

labor movement - haraka de-l-Eommal.
labor union - niqaba pl. -t. He's a
member of our labor union. huwa
wahed men n-niqaba dyalna.
lace - Xahha nl -t Xbahi I'd like

lace - šebka pl. -t, šbaki. I'd like
five meters of that lace. bgit
xemsa mitru d-had š-šebka.

shoe laces - xit s-sebbat.

to lace - šedd. Wait till I lace my shoes. tsennanı nšedd sebbaţı.

lack - qella. There's a lack of trained personnel. kayen qella de-l-xeddama le-mderrbin.

for lack of - men qella, b-qella. He couldn't afford it for lack of money. ma-qder-\$\int \text{Eliha men qellt} \\ le-flus. --For lack of something better to do I went to the movies. b-qellt ha\int ara hsen ma ndir m\int le-s-sinima.

I lack, you lack, etc. - ixeşşni, ixeşşek, etc. I didn't lack anything there. ma-kanet ka-txeşşni hetta haža temma.

lad - weld pl. wlad.

ladder – sellum pl. slalem. ladle – mogref pl. mgaref.

lady - 1. mra cons. mrat pl. Eyalat.

Is that lady his mother? was had
le-mra yemmah?

ladies room - mida d-le-Eyalat. Where's the ladies room? fayn l-mida d-le-Eyalat?

to lag behind - t?exxer Ela. Stop lagging behind! baraka ma t?exxer Eel le-xrin.

lake - daya pl. -t; bhira pl. -t, bhayer.

lamb - xruf, xerf pl. xrufa, xerfan.
lame - 1. Erež pl. Eurež. He can't
run because he's lame. maimken-lu-š ižri Ela qibal huwa
Erež. 2. dEif pl. dEaf. That's
a lame excuse. hadi sebba dEifa.

lamp - lamba pl. -t.
lamp snade - mkebb pl. mkabb, mkubba
de-l-lamba; glaf pl. glafat
de-l-bula. I'll buy a new shade
for this lamp. gad nešri mkebb
ždid l-had l-lamba.

land = 'erd (f.). We were glad to see
land again. frehna mnin Eawed šefna
l-'erd. The land here is very
fertile. l-'erd hna xesba bezzaf.

to land - 1. nezzel (t-tiyara). He had to land his plane in a field. tlessem inezzel t-tiyara dyalu f-wahed l-feddan. 2. nzel. The plane landed smoothly. t-tiyara nezlet be-hlawa.

**We nearly landed in jail. konna Elayen gad ndexlu l-l-hebs.

landlady - mulat d-dar or mulat l-melk pl. mwalin d-dar or mwalin l-melk. landlord - mul d-dar or mul l-melk pl.

mwalin d-dar or mwalin l-melk.

language - luģa pl. -t. lantern - fnar pl. -at. lap - 1. hžer pl. hžura. She held the baby in her lap. kanet hazza tterbiya Ela hžerha. 2. dura pl. -t. He was in the lead by five meters in the first lap. huwa kan sabeghom b-xemsa mitru fe-d-dura l-luwla. to lap up - sret. The kitten lapped up the milk. le-qtita sertet to lapse - daz weqt. If I don't pay this premium, my insurance policy will lapse. ila ma-xellest-š l-wažeb, daba iduz weqt le-msugra dvali. Larache - le-Erayeš. native of Larache - Erayši pl. Erayšiyin, hel le-Erayeš. large - kbir pl. kbar. at large - ma-meqbut-s. The thief is still at large. l-xuwwan ma-zal ma-meqbut-š. largely - le-ktir men. Our group is mezyan. made up largely of volunteers. le-ktir men had n-nas de-ž-žma€a dyalna mettuwEin. sefra! large-scale - wasef. The city is considering a large-scale program. ixemmmu idiru f-le-mdine mešruE d-le-bni wase€. lark - qube E pl. qwabe E. last - 1. tali. This is the last car to leave. hadi t-tumubil t-talya lli gad temši. --He came last. huwa t-tali lli ža. 2. luwwel, (lli) fat. Last year I was in Europe. Eam lummel kont f^{-9} urubba. **That's the last straw! hadi l-muşiba t-talya! last night - l-bareh fe-l-lil. at last - fe-l-? axir. Here we are ha-hna fe-l-?axir! at last! next to the last - lli qbel t-tali. You'll find it on the next to the last page. gad tsibha fe-l-werqa lli qbel l-werqa t-talya. to last - 1. tal itul, dam idum. The war lasted six years. l-herb herbiya. talet sett snin. 2. bqa l-, ibqa lawsuit - deEwa pl. -t, dEawi. 1-. I don't think my money will lawyer - bugadu pl. -wat, -yat; muhami last. ana ma-ka-ndenn-š le-flus pl. -yin. dyali gad ibqaw-li kter men had š-ši. lax - merxi. --This suit didn't last at all. work. huwa merxi fe-xdemtu ši-šwiya. l-keswa ma-bqat-li-š bezzaf. **She's always been much too lax 3. qder imši. Do you think you can with her children. hiya mwellfa last more than a kilometer? ma-ka-trebbi- \S wladha bezzaf. ka-ddenn bin teqder temši kter men laxative - sehla pl. -t. kilumitru? 4. bga ibga. I'm afraid to lay - 1. hett. Lay the book on the he won't last much longer. ka-nxaf table. hett le-ktab Eel t-tabla. Elih ma-ibqa-š kter men had š-ši. 2. biyyed. Our hens are laying

latch - sagta pl. -t, žekrum pl.

zrarem. late - 1. llah irehmu. Your late father was a friend of mine. llah irehmu kan sahbi. 2. mEettel. I'll be home late in the afternoon. gad nži m£ettel le-d-dar f-le-Ešiya. lately - 1. (f-) had l-iyam. I haven't been feeling so well lately. Eeyyan had l-iyam. 2. hadi modda griba. Have you seen her lately. waš šeftiha hadi modda griba? later - men be€d. You'll see her later. gad tšufha men beEd. --One day later a letter came. žat le-bra nhar men beEd. latest - tali. What's the latest news? Snu huwa le-xbar t-tali? --That's the latest style. hadi hiya l-muda t-talya. lather - reģwa pl. -t, rģawi. to lather - Emel r-regwa. soap doesn't lather well ş-şabun ma-ka-yeEmel-š r-reģwa lattice - mamuni pl. -yat. laugh - dehka pl. -t, dhayk. What a dirty laugh! walayenni Ela dehka to laugh - dhek. Everybody laughed at him. kollhom dehku Elih. laughter - dehk. to launch - tleq. Another ship was launched on Monday. telqu babbur axor nhar t-tnin. laundry - 1. mahell (pl. -at) s-sebbana. Where's the nearest laundry? fayn huwa mahell s-sebbana llı qrib? 2. tesbin. My laundry just came back. Ead žabu-li t-tesbin. law - 1. ganun pl. gwanen. Is this a new law? waš had l-qanun ždid? 2. huquq (pl.). He's studying law. ka-igra l-hugug. law school - medraset l-huquq pl. medrasat l-hugug. martial law - hukuma herbiya. The city was placed under martial le-mdina daruha teht hukuma

He's rather lax in his

well. d-džaž dyalna ka-ibiyydu

bezzaf. 3. txater. I'll lay ten to one that he does it. ntxater mEak b-Eesra Ela wahed bin gad yeEmelha.

**Don't lay the blame on me. ma-

tsleqha-š fiya.

to lay aside - xebba fe-l-qent. He laid aside a pretty penny. xebba fe-l-qent bezzaf d-le-flus.

to lay claim to - tleb. A distant relative laid claim to the estate. wahed beid men l-ea?ila tleb l-wert.

to lay down - 1. hett. Lay him down gently. hettu be-drafa.

2. nezzel. They were glad to lay down their arms. kanu ferhanin melli nezzlu s-snah dyalhom.

to lay for - txebbee l-. They laid for him at the corner. txebbeu-lu f-qent z-zenqa.

to lay it on thick - sker bla qyas. He certainly laid it on thick! sker fih bla qyas.

to lay off - dha idhi. We have to lay off some people. lazem ndhiw \$i-wehdin.

**Lay off me, will you! xellini lik!

to lay waste - hdem. The whole region was laid waste by the enemy. n-nahiya koltha hedmu Eliha le-Edu.

layer - 1. qešra pl. -t. This cake has a thick layer of sugar on it. had l-helwa fiha qešra glida de-s-sokkar. 2. duza pl. -t. This wall needs another layer of paint. had l-hit xessha duza kra de-s-sbaga.

laziness - Egez.

lazy - Eegzan, meEgaz.

lead - 1. xfif, rsas. Is this made of lead? was had s-si msuwweb men le-xfif? 2. dur muhemm pl. durat muhemma. Who's playing the lead? skun Eendu d-dur l-muhemm?

to lead - 1. gummed. The dog led the blind man across the street. l-kelb gummed le-Ema baš iqte t-triq. 2. tre??es. The mayor led the parade. l-Eamel tre??es le-steErad.

**What do you think he was leading up to? **\sum_ka-ddenn kan l-meqsud dyalu? --That's just what I was leading up to. dak *\sum_i lli kont gad ngul.

to lead to - wessel l-, dda ddi l-. Where will all this lead to? fayn had š-ši ġad iwesselna? --That'll lead to nothing. had š-ši ma-iddi layn.

leader - ra?is pl. ru?asa.
leaf - werga pl. -t, wraq. The leaf
is still green. l-werga ma-zala

xedra. -- The leaves are beginning to turn. le-wraq bda lunhom ka-itbeddel.

to turn over a new leaf - teewwet. He promised me to turn over a new leaf. rah watedni baš ittewwet.

to leaf through - duwwer le-wraq. I'm only leafing through the book. and gir ka-nduwwer le-wraq d-le-ktab.

to leak - 1. dxel fih l-ma. The boat is leaking. le-fluka ka-idxol fiha l-ma. 2. sal isil. This pot leaks. had t-tenžra ka-tsil. --The faucet is leaking. l-bezbuz ka-isil.

to leak out - sal isil. All the water is leaking out. l-ma kollu ka-isil.

u-isii.

**The story has leaked out. le-xbar flet daba.

te-xout free duba.

lean - 1. hzil. Do you want fat meat
 or lean? waš bģiti l-lhem smin
 wella hzil?

2. sayeb, qaşeh It was a lean year for farmers. kan Eam sayeb Eel l-fellaha.

to lean - 1. ttekka. There's nothing for me to lean on. ma-kayen hetta haža Elaš nttekka. 2. mal imil. He leans toward the Istiqlal party. ka-imil Ela hizeb l-istiqlal. 3. tekka itekki. Don't lean your chair against the wall. ma-ttekki-š š-šilya dyalek Eel l-hit.

**Don't lean out of the window.
ma-txerrež-š rasek men š-šeržem.

leap - tenqiza pl. -t. He cleared the
ditch with one leap. neqqez l-hefra
b-tenqiza wehda.

leapfrog - sebbsebbut (not used with article).

leap year - Eam kebsi.

to learn - 1. tellem. He hasn't learned a thing. ma-tellem-s hetta haza. --He learns quickly. ka-itellem be-z-zerba. 2. Eref. He learned the truth too late. Eref l-haqiqa meettel bezzaf.

to learn by heart - hfed be-ž-žri u-l-ma. She learned the poem by heart. hefdet l-qaşida be-ž-žri u-l-ma.

leash - sensla pl. -t, snasel. All dogs must be kept on the leash. le-i'lab lazem ibqaw kollhom merbutin be-:-sensla.

least - ?exxer. That's the least of my worries. hada huwa ?exxer hmumi.

least of all - l-haža t-talya.

Least of all I'd have expected it from you. hadi l-haža t-talya lli kont ka-ntsenna mennek.

**She deserves it least of all.

ka-testahlu gell men le-xrin.

at least - be-l-qella. These shoes cost at least fifty dirhams. had s-sebbat ka-iswa be-l-qella xemsin derhem. --At least you might have written to me. be-l-qella kan imken-lek tekteb-li.

the least - l-haža t-talya.

That's the least you could do for him. hadi l-haža t-talya lli imken-lek t&awnu fiha.

leather - želd pl. žlud.

leave - Eotla pl. -t. He's taken a three months' leave. xda telt šhur de-l-Eotla.

to leave - 1. mša imsi. I have to leave now. xessni nemši f-hali daba. --The train leaves at two

thirty. l-mašina gad temsi fe-ž-žuž u-ness. 2. safer. My father left yesterday for Europe. bha safer l-bareh l-qurubba. 3. smeh f-. I'm leaving my job. żadi nesmeh fe-xdemti. 4. xella. He left a letter for you. xella-lek bra. --Where did you leave your suitcase? fayn xelliti š-šanta dyalek? --He left the door open. xella l-bab mehlula. 5. xrež men. I saw him leave the house. šeftu ixrož men d-dar. --He left the country secretly. xrež men le-blad be-t-texbi&a. --Where does that leave me? snu bqa-li ma neEmel daba?

to be left - bga. Are there any tickets left for tonight? was bgaw \$i-btaqat l-had l-lila? —My brother got all the money, and I was left out in the cold. xay xda le-flus kollhom w-ana bgit bla hetta haža.

to leave alone - 1. beffed men.
You'd better leave that alone! hsenlek tbeffed men dak š-ši. 2. xella
fla. Leave me alone! xellini flik!

to leave in the lurch - xella wapel. He left us in the lurch. xellana waplin.

Lebanese - lebnani pl. -yin.

Lebanon - lobnan.

lecture - muhadara pl. -t. It was an
 interesting lecture. kanet muhadara
 mezyana.

to give a lecture - Emel muhadara. He's giving a lecture on international trade. ka-yeEmel muhadara Eel t-tizara bin d-dulat.

**He always give us a lecture when we come in late. fuq-emma Zina meettlin ka-ieessina.

left - 1. iser. Take the other bag in

your left hand. qbet l-xenša le-xra b-yeddek l-ișer. 2. yeșri, ișri. Stand on the left side of the horse. wqef fe-z-ziha l-ișriya de-l-zewd.

on the left - Eel l-iser. You sit on the right, I'll sit on the left. nta gles Eel l-imin w-ana gadi negles Eel l-iser. -I sat on the speaker's left. glest Eel l-iser d-le-xtib.

(to the) left - Eel S-Smal. Turn left at the next corner. dur Eel S-Smal fe-l-qent Z-Zay.

left-handed - yeşri, işri, Eeşri. leftist - yasari.

leg - ržel pl. režlin (pl. režlibefore possessive endings).

to be on one's last legs tfedda-lu, tsala-lu. They say he's on his last legs. qalu bin tsala-lu.

to pull someone's leg - tmelleģ Ela. Stop pulling my leg. baraka u-ma-ttmelleģ Eliya.

legal = Ela hasab š-šreE or l-huquq.
That's perfectly legal. had š-ši
fe-l-ġaya Ela hasab š-šreE.

legal adviser - mustašar šerći. He's her legal adviser. huwa l-mustašar š-šerći dyalha.

leggings - tmag pl. -at.
legible - (lli) ka-itteqra, kaitferrez. His handwriting is hardly
legible. l-xett dyalu ma-kaitteqra-š mezyan.

lemon - hamda pl. -t coll. hamed. lemonade - munada.

to lend - sellef l-. Can you lend me fifty dirhams? inken-lek tsellef-li xemsin derhem?

to lend a hand - Eta yeEti yedd llah. Lend me a hand, will you? Etini yedd llah, Eafak.

length -tul.

at length - be-t-tefsil. He discussed the plan at length. bhet ϵ el le-blan be-t-tefsil.

full length - b-tula. He stretched full length on the bed. džebbed b-tultu kollha Eel le-fraš.

to lengthen - tuwwel.

lengthwise - men t-tul. Cut the material lengthwise. $qte \in t$ -tub men t-tul.

lenient - driyyef. You're too lenient with him. nta driyyef m≤ah bezzaf. lens - žaža pl. -t. Your camera has a good lens. s-swwwara dyalek

Eendha žaža mezyana.

lentil - Eedsa pl. -t coll. Eeds.

less - qell. I have less money with

me than I thought. Eendi le-flus qell men dak š-ši lli dennit.

more or less - be-t-teqdir. He's more or less right. huwa be-t-teqdir Eendu l-heqq.

lesson - ders pl. durus.

to give lessons - qerra, Eta yeEti durus. She gives Arabic lessons. ka-tqerri l-Eerbiya. to let - xella. He wouldn't let me do it. ma-xellani-š neEmelha. --I won't let you go so soon. ma-bģit-š nxellik temši bekri daba.

let's - yallah. Let's go home. yallah nemšiw le-d-dar.

to let alone - rella b-wehdu.

Can't you let me alone for five minutes? ma-imken-lek-š txellini
b-wehdi ši-xemsa de-d-dqayeq?

to let down - 1. hebbet. Please let down the blinds. Eafak hebbet le-glaqat. 2. xab ixib dennu f-. His son let him down badly. xab dennu f-weldu bezzaf. 3. tkasetl. He's beginning to let down in his work. bda itkasel fe-xdemtu.

to let go - smeh f-, tleq men.

First I wanted to do it, but then I

let it go. l-merra l-luwla bgit
neEmelha walayenni smeht fiha.

to let go (of) - tleq men. Don't let go of the rope. ma-ttleq-s men le-hbel.

to let have - Eta yeEti. Please let me have the menu. Etini Eafak l-werga de-l-makla. --Can you let me have fifty dirhams? waš imken-lek teEtini xemsin derhem?

**I really let him have it!

berredtha fih!

to let in - xella idxol. Don't let anybody in. ma-txelli hetta wahed idxol.

to let in on - fdeh l-. Did you let him in on the secret, too? was fdehti-lu s-serr hetta huwa?

to let off - xella ihuf. Please let me off at the next stop. xellini nhuf f-le-mhetta ž-žayya.

**I'll let you off easy this time. gadi nxeffef-lek le-Equba had n-nuba.

to let out - 1. fteq. I told the tailor to let out the seams of the pants. qolt l-l-xeyyat ifteq-li s-serwal. 2. xella ihuf. Let the water out of the basin. xelli l-ma ihuf men s-sariž. 3. xella ixrož. Let the dog out of the box' xelli l-kelb ixrož men s-senduq.

to let stand - xella iduz. I can't let that objection stand.
ma-nxelli-s had le-meerda dduz.

to let up - thedden. The storm has let up. thedden $r-r \in ad$.

letter - 1. bra pl. -wat. Are there
any letters for me? was kaynin sibrawat liya? 2. herf pl. hruf. The
word has five letters. l-kelma fiha
xemsa d-le-hruf.

letter carrier - ferraq le-brawat pl. ferraqin le-brawat, ferraqa d-le-brawat.

letter of introduction - bra

de-t-tedxal pl. brawat de-t-tedxal.

level - 1. mwati. Is the country
level or hilly? was l-?erd mwatya
wella mkodya? 2. mEawet. This
floor is not level. had l-?erd
ma-si mEawta.

**He always keeps a level head. huwa dima mrezzen. --He did his level best. dar l-mežhud dyalu. --The water this year is at a very low level. l-ma had l-Eam mehdur bezzaf.

liable = mes?ul. You will be liable
for any damages. gad tkun mes?ul
f-koll xsara.

**You're liable to catch cold if you're not careful. imken-lek iderbek l-berd ila ma-hditi-š rașek. liar - keddab pl. -a.

liberty - horriya.

**You're at liberty to go at any time. Eendek l-heqq bas temši fuq-emma bģiti.

library - mektaba pl. -t. Libya - libya.

Libyan - libi pl. -yin.

license - tesrih pl. tsareh.

license plate - blaka de-t-tumubil pl. blayek de-t-tumubil.

to lick - 1. thes. Just look at the cat licking her kitten. Suf l-qetta ka-telhes wliyyedha. 2. Eessa. I'm going to lick you if you don't stop. daba neessik ila ma-saliti-s.

**All right, I'm licked. waxxa, ana meġlub!

lid - gta pl. -wat. lie - kedba pl. -t, kdub.

to lie - kdeb.

to lie - 1. kan mehtut. The book is lying on the table. le-ktab mehtut Eel-t-tabla. 2. kan mmegget. He's lying on the bed. huwa mmegget Eel le-fraš. 3. ža (no present form). Most of the town lies on the right bank of the river. tterf le-kbir d-le-maina ža Eel ššett l-limin de-l-wad.

to lie down - 1. ttmedd. I want to lie down for a few minutes. bġit nttmedd ši-dqiqat. 2. kan merxi.

He's lying down on the job. huwamerxi fe-xdemtu. to lie idle - hser l-haraka. factory has been lying idle for a year. hadi Eam baš l-meEmel hser l-haraka. lieutenant - fesyan pl. -a. life - 1. hayat. I've lived all my life in Morocco. duwwezt hayati kullha fe-l-meģrib. **He was the life of the party. huwa lli Emel ršag fe-l-hefla. —I can't for the life of me remember where I put it. wellah ma-Eqelt-\$ fayn Emeltha. -There he stood as big as life. ya Eažuba ha-huwa-da. life belt - Eewwama pl. -t. lifetime - hayat. A thing like that happens only once in a lifetime. haža bhal hadi ma-ka-tuqe€ ģir nuba wehda fe-l-hayat. to lift - hezz. ligament - rbat pl. -at. light - 1. duw pl. dwaw (with art. le-dwaw). The light is too glaring. d-duw qwi bezzaf. 2. meftuh. She has a light complexion. lunha meftuh. -- She prefers light colors. ka-tebgi l-lwan meftuhin. 3. xfif pl. xfaf. Why don't you take a light coat? Elaš ma taxod-š kebbut xfif? -- This weight is very light. had l-worn xfif berraf. **That throws quite a different light on the matter. had s-si žab-lna muškila ždida or had š-ši ka-ibeddel l-muškila. --Do you have a light? waš Eendek baš nešEel? --It's staying light much longer nowadays. n-nhar twil bezzaf had l-iyam.to light - ščel. Wait till I light the fire. tsenna hetta neščel l- $\xi a f y a$. --Light a match. wqida. -- I want to light my pipe bģit neščel s-sebsi bečda. first. -Is your cigarette still lit? was l-garru dyalek bagi mešEul? to light up - šeel be-l-ferha. The children's eyes lit up. l-Eeynin d-le-wlad ŠeElu be-l-ferha. **light bulb** - bula pl. -t. lighthouse - dar d-duw pl. dyur d-duw lightning - breq.

likable - drif pl. draf, ltif pl.

like - bhal. You're just like my

sister. nti Elayen bhal xti. --Like

father, like son. bhal l-bu bhal

**It looks like rain. tqul bin

š-šta gad ttih. -- I don't feel like

ļţaf.

weldu.

line dancing. ma-fiya ma nešteh. --I feel like seeing a movie. bģit nemši le-s-sinima. --They're as like as two peas in a pod. Sbeh-lu gayem u-nayem. the like of it - bhalu. Did you ever see the like of it? was Eemmrek šefti bhalu? what ... like - kif, kif-aš, kif-as-en. What's the weather like today? kif huwa t-teqs l-yum? --What's he like? kif-aš-en huwa? to like - 1. býa ibýi. I don't like cats. ma-ka-nebģi-š le-qtut. --He never liked to do it. Eemmru ma-bģa yeEmelha. 2. Eežbu. He's never liked this car. ma-Eemmru ma-Eežbettu had t-tumubil. --I lik€ this kind of cake. ka-ye&žebni had š-škel de-l-helwa. --If you don't like it, you can leave! ila ma-Eežbek-š imken-lek temši! how do you like ... - kif žatek. How do you like this town? kif žatek had le-mdina? to like to dance (smoke, eat, etc.) - bga išteh (ikmi, yakol, etc.) Do you like to dance? waš ka-tebģi tešteh? I would like, you would like, etc. - ibģi (imperfect tense only). Would you like another cup of coffee? waš tebģi ši-kas axur de-l-qehwa? lily - susan (no pl.). limb - 1. traf (no sg.) I couldn't move my limbs. ma-mken-li-\$ nherrek trafi. 2. gsen pl. gsan. One of the limbs of this tree is broken. wahed le-gsen dyal had š-šežra mherres. lime - žir. The soil doesn't contain enough lime. ma-kafi-š ž-žir fe-l-rerd.limit - hedd pl. hudud, hdud. There's a limit to everything. koll-ši fih l-hedd.**I've reached the limit of my patience. ma-bqa-li sber. -- That's the limit! hadi hiya kter ş-şber! speed limit - hedd s-sorfa. to limit - hedded. They've limited our time. hedddu-lna l-wegt dyalna. limp - merxi.

to limp - Erež.

zefzuf.

linden (tree) - zefzufa pl. -t, coll.

a line between these two points.

šerret šerta bin had ž-žuž de-n-nuqat.

2. Last week they inaugurated a new

line - 1. šerta pl. -t, šrati.

airline between Rabat and New York. fe-l-?usbu∈ lli daz deššnu xețț žuwwi ždid ma bin r-rbat u New York. -- There are many telephone lines between Rabat and Casablanca. kaynin bezzaf d-le-xtut dyal t-tilifun bin r-rbat u-d-dar l-bida. 3. herfa pl. -t, hrayef. What line is he in? šnu hiya hreftu? -- That's not in my hadi ma-ši hrefti. line. 4. tekmiša pl. -t, tkameš. There were deep lines in his face. Eendu tekmíšat kbar f-wežhu. There's a long 5. seff pl. sfuf. line of cars ahead of us. kayen seff kbir de-t-tumubilat qeddamna. 6. hbel pl. hbal. The wash is still hanging on the line. s-sabun ma-zal mEelleq f-le-hbel. 7. ster pl. stura. I still have a few lines to

write. bqaw-li ši-stura ma nekteb.

**It's along the line of what we discussed. had š-ši ka-itwalem m£a l-muḍakara dyalna. --Drop me a line. sifet-li ši-klima or kteb-li klima.

to form a line - tseffef, qbet s-serbis. Form a line in front of the window. tsefffu qeddam š-šubbak. --Form a line double file. tsefffu žuž b-žuž.

to have a smooth line - Eref išer mezyan. Boy, does he have a smooth line! ka-yeEref išker mezyan

to stand in line - dar s-serbis, tseffef. I had to stand in line for cigarettes. xessni ndir s-serbis baš nešri l-garru.

to line - 1. betten. Please line this coat with nylon. betten-li Eafak had l-kebbut be-n-nilun.

2. tsettef f-. People lined the streets to watch the parade. n-nas tsettfu fe-t-triq bas isufu t-tesrat.

to line up - tseffef. Tell the boys to line up in front of the house. qul le-d-drari itsefffu qeddam d-dar.

linen - kettan.

lining - tebțin pl. tbațen. My coat needs a new lining. l-kebbuţ dyali xessu tebţin ždid.

link - xorşa pl. -t, xreş, xraş,
 xraşi. One link of the chain is
 broken. xorşa de-s-sensla mherrsa.
lion - sbee pl. sbuea.

lip - šareb pl. šwareb.

liquid - 1. lli mawi. He's only allowed liquids. ma-imken-lu-8 išreb gir lli mawi. 2. mawi. Do you have liquid soap? was Eendek sabun mawi? liquor - xemr. The sale of liquor is

prohibited here. hna memnu£ bi£ l-xemr.

to lisp - lesles.

list - qayma pl. -t. His name is not on the list. $smiytu \ ma-kayna-š$ fe-l-qayma.

to list - 1. dker. Are you going to list these names? was gad ddker had s-smiyat? 2. mal imil. The ship is listing badly. l-baxira ka-tmil bezzaf.

to listen - 1. tsennet. They listened intently. kanu ka-itsenntu b-balhom bezzaf. 2. smeć. Listen!

Somebody's coming. smeć! ši-wahed maži.

to listen for - tsenna u-sme£. Listen for the sound of the bell. tsenna u-sme£ hess n-naqus.

to listen in - tsennet. Somebody must be listening in. Si-wahed tEayli ka-itsennet.

to listen to -1. sme£. I like to listen to good music. ka-nebģi nesme£ musiqa mesyana. 2. tṣenneṭ. They were sitting listening to the teacher. kanu galsin ka-itṣennṭu le-fqi. 3. ttesme£ l-. The child doesn't listen to me. d-derri ma-ka-ittesme£-li-š.

liter - litru (no pl.).

literal - kelma b-kelma. This is a literal translation. hadi teržama kelma b-kelma.

literally - 1. kelma b-kelma. Translate this literally. teržem had š-ši kelma b-kelma. 2. tamamen. She's literally penniless. ma-Eendha tamamen hetta gerš.

little - 1. sgir pl. sgar. She has a little girl. Eendha bent sgira.

--That's of little value to me. had l-haža Eendha gima sgira liya.

2. gir šwiya d-. I have little money. Eendi gir šwiya d-le-flus.

little by little - Świya be-świya. Little by little he calmed down. thedden świya be-świya.

a little - šwiya (d-). I can speak a little French. ka-ntkellem šwiya de-l-franşawiya. --Do you have any money? Only a little! waš Eendek d-le-flus? gir šwiya!

in a little while - men daba šwiya. I'll come back in a little while. gad neržeć men daba šwiya.

little finger - sbee sgir pl. sbuea sgar.

to live - 1. Eas iEis. He lives like a pig. ka-iEis bhal l-xenzir.

--Before the war I lived in France. qbel men l-girra Eest f-fransa.

2. sken. Does anyone live in this house? was si-wahed saken f-had d-dar? 3. stab hayatu. He always worked hard and never really lived dima kan ka-ixdem bezzaf u-Eemmru ma-stab hayatu.

**He didn't live up to my expecta-

tions. xab denni fih.

to live a life - duwews hayat. He lived a happy life. duwwes hayat mesyana.

to live on - & a & i& i& b-. The people on this island live on nothing but fish. s-sokkan dyal had l-zazira ma-ka-i& isu gir b-9ekl l-hut. --I couldn't live on so little. ma-mken-li-& n& gir b-had &-&i.

live - 1. heyy. There's a live snake in that box. kayen wahed l-hen's heyy f-dak s-senduq. 2. fih l-kehraba. Careful, that's a live wire. hdi rasek had s-selk fih l-kehraba.

live coals - žemra pl. -t. There are still live coals in the stove. kaynin ma-zal ž-žemrat fe-l-kanun. lively - našet.

liver - kebda pl. -t.

livestock - ksiba.

living - 1. m£iša pl. -t. Living is awfully expensive here. le-m£iša ġalya bezzaf hna. --He'll have to earn his own living. ġadi ixeṣṣu iṣuwwer m£ištu b-weḥdv. 2. ḥeyy. Arabic is a living language. l-£eṛbiya luġa heyya.

**He's the living image of his father. huwa ka-itšebbeh le-bbah tamamen or huwa teşwirt bbah

tamamen.

to make a living - rbeh hayatu.

He makes a living by selling shoes.

huwa ka-irbeh hayatu b-biɛ s-sbabet.

load - hmel pl. hmal. The load is too heavy for him. le-hmel tqil Elih bezzaf.

**That's a load off my mind. Ela

raha.

loads of - bezzaf d-. He has loads of money. Eendu bezzaf d-le-flus.

to load - 1. Emel. Load the boxes on the truck. Emel s-snadeq fe-l-kamiyu. 2. Eemmer. He loaded the truck in half an hour. Eemmer l-kamiyu f-ness sa£a. --Load the pistol for me. Eemmer-li l-ferdi. --Do you know how to load a camera? was ka-tefref temmer sumwara? 3. Eta yefti. The boss loaded me with too much work. l-meellem Etani bezzaf de-š-šgal ma ne£mel.

loaded down - mteggel. She was loaded

down with packages. kanet mteggla be-l-bwaket.

loaf of bread - xobza pl. -t.

loan - teslaf pl. tsalef. I'd like
to get a loan. bgit teslaf.

to loan - sellef. He loaned me an interesting book. sellef-li ktab mezyan.

to loathe - kreh.

lobby - setwan pl. stawen.

lobster - bu-mqess (no pl.).

to locate - sab isib, zber. I couldn't locate him. ma-mken-li-s nsibu.

to be located - ža (no present form). Where is your new store located? fayn ža l-hanut ž-ždid dyalek?

locality - nahiya or nawahi (pl.).
There's too much poor housing in this locality. kaynin bessaf de-s-soknat qbah f-had n-nawahi.

lock - qfel pl. qfula, qful, qfal.
The lock needs oiling. le-qfel
xessu z-zit.

to keep under lock and key - šedd. He keeps everything under lock and key. $ka-i\check{s}edd$ ℓla $koll-\check{s}i$.

to lock - 1. šedd. Don't forget to lock the door when you leave.

ma-tensa-š tšedd l-bab ila xrežti.

-I locked it in the drawer. šeddit Elih f-le-mžerr. 2. tlesseq. The bumpers of the two cars locked together. l-hessarat de-t-tumubilat tlessqu b-žuž.

to lock up - 1. sežžen. (to imprison). 2. šedd Ela. Lock up this pistol. šedd Ela had l-ferdi. locksmith - mul (pl. mwalin) s-swaret. locomotive - mašina pl. -t.

locust - žrada pl. -t, coll. žrad.
log - 1. jayza pl. -t, gwayez. The
logs floated down the river.
le-gwayez mšaw m£a l-wad. 2. xešba.
He sat there like a (bump on a) log.
gles bhal l-xešba. -I slept like a
log. n£est bhal l-xešba.

logical - mwafeq $l-le-\xi qel$.

keeper lives a lonely life. mul le-fnar Eayes hayat wehdaniya. 2. xali. This place is quite lonely in winter. had l-mahell xali bezzaf

fe-l-berd.

lonesome - (lli) ka-ihess b-rasu
b-wehdu. She's very lonesome here.
ka-thess b-rasha b-wahedha hna.

to be lonesome for - twehhes. I'm very lonesome for you.

twehheštek bezzaf.

long - 1. twil pl. twal. My, that's
a long snake! wallahi hada henš

twil! 2. kbir pl. kbar. We had to make a long detour. tlezzemna ndiru dura kbira. 3. béid pl. béad. It's a long way to the top of the mountain. t-triq béida le-r-ras de-ž-žbel.

**So long! llah ihennik! or

be-s-slama!

**The room is ten meters long. l-bit fih &ešra mitru de-t-tul.

all night long, all day long, etc. - l-lila kollha, n-nahar kollu, etc. The child cried all night long. bka d-derri l-lila kollha.

long after - meettel bezzaf men beed. He got there long after we did. weel meettel bezzaf men beedna.

- a long time 1. modda kbira. The trip took a long time. tal s-safar modda kbira. 2. bezzaf. He stayed in our house a long time. bqa \(\xi\)endna bezzaf.
- (a) long (time) ago hadi modda kbira baš, šhal hadi baš. That happened a long time ago. šhal hadi baš wqe∈ had š-ši.

as long as - 1. §hal-ma. You can keep it as long as you wish. imken-lek txellih &endek §hal-ma bgiti. 2. ma-hedd. It doesn't bother me as long as you do your work. ma-fiha bas men heddek dertil-xedma dyalek. 3. melli. As long as you're here, you might as well have dinner with us. melli nta hna xessek tteešša meana.

in the long run - $m \in a$ l-iyam. It'll be best in the long run. had $\check{s}-\check{s}i$ $\check{g}ad$ ikun hsen $m \in a$ l-iyam.

to long for - twehhes. He's longing for his family. twehhes $l-\xi a^{\gamma}ila$ dyalu. --He's longing for home. twehhes daru.

to long to - bta &lih weqt-as. I'm longing to see my parents. bta &liya weqt-as nsuf waldiya.

longer - kter men had \$-\$i. He wanted
to stay longer, but I was sleepy.
kan bga ibqa kter men had \$-\$i
walayenni kan žani n-n&as.

no longer, not any longer ma-bqa-š. I can't stand him any
longer. ma-bqa-š imken-li nhemlu.
look - sifa pl. -t, syef. He has the
look of a thief. siftu sift
l-xuwwan.

take a look (at) - šaf išuf. Take a good look! šuf mezyan!

looks - sifa pl. -t, syef. To judge by his looks, he's a prize fighter. b-siftu daher Elih huwa mlahem. --I don't like his looks.

ma-ka-te&žebni-š siftu.

to look - 1. šaf išuf. Look, a falling star! šuf š-šihab! 2. daher Elih. You look sick. daher Elik mrid.

to look after - hda yehdi. Do you have someone to look after the child? was Eendek Si-wahed lli yehdi d-derri?

to look alike - tšabhu. We look a lot alike. ka-ntšabhu bezzaf.

to look at - šaf išuf. I enjoy looking at pictures. ka-iršeq-li nšuf t-tşawer.

to look down - hger. You mustn't look down on people just because they're poor. ma-xessek-s tehger n-nas Ela qibal huma msaken.

to look down one's nose at - tqunes $\mathcal{E}la$. She looks down her nose at everyone. ka-ttqunes $\mathcal{E}la$ koll wahed.

to look for - qelleb Ela. We're looking for rooms. ka-nqellbu Ela \$i-byut. --He's always looking for trouble. ka-iqelleb dima Eel \$-\$daE.

to look into - bhet $\mathcal{E}la$. We'll have to look into the matter. xessna nebhet $\mathcal{E}el$ l-qadiya.

to look alike - šbeh l-. She looks like a boy. ka-tešbeh l-l-weld.

**It looks like rain. tqul bin gad ttih š-šta.

to look out - 1. hda yehdi rasu. Look out! hdi rasek!

to look out on - 2. Eta yeEți Ela The big window looks out on the garden. š-šežra le-kbira ka-teEți Eel l-Eersa.

to look over - tellee Eeynu mEa. Will you look over these papers? imken-lek ttellee Eeynek mEa had le-wraq?

to look up - 1. hezz Eeynih. He didn't even look up when I called him ma-rda-š ihezz Eeynih melli Eeyyett-lu. 2. htarem. She looks up to him. ka-tehtarmu. 3. zar izur. Look me up some time, won't you' ma-tensa-š dzurni ši-merra. 4. qelleb Ela. I have to look up something. xessni nqelleb Ela ši-haža. 5. ttesleh. Things are beginning to look up. l-hala bdat ttesleh.

lookout - Eessas pl. -a. A lookout was placed on every hill. hettu Eessas yehdi f-koll kodya.

loose - 1. merxi. The button is loose.
s-sdafa merxiya. 2. ma-mrekkeb-\$
mezyan. The nail is loose.

l-mesmar ma-mrekkeb-š mezyan.

3. meţļuq. Is the dog allowed to run around loose? waš l-kelb imken-lu itsara meţļuq?

4. twiļ pl. twaļ. She has a loose tongue. isanha twiļ.

**You must have a screw loose'
nta mselse& swiya! —They cut loose
the minute the teacher stepped out
of the room. gir le-fqi xrez men
l-bit u-huma ibdaw idiru l-haraz.

to loosen - 1. hell. Can you loosen this screw? was imken-lek thell had l-luleb? 2. rxa irxi swiya. I want to loosen my shoelaces. bgit nerxi swiya s-sebbat dyali.

lopsided - ma-meewwet-s, meewwež. The picture's hanging lopsided. teswira ma-meewwta-s.

to lose - 1. tellef. I lost my pencil again. telleft qlami Eawed tani.
2. tah itih l-. I'm losing my hair. ka-itih-li šeEri. 3. mša imši l-. He lost his entire fortune during the war. mšat-lu malu kollu fe-l-herb.

**My watch loses three minutes a day. maganti meettla be-tlata de-d-dqayeq koll nhar. --I lost sight of him after following him for two hours. bqit ka-ntebeu saetayn u-tlef eliya.

to lose one's strength - dafet ddif sehhtu. I've lost all my strength. dafet-li sehhti.

to lose one's temper - tyeller, tar itir l-. He loses his temper easily. ka-itgeller be-z-zerba.

to lose one's way - tlef. Don't lose your way! ma-ttlef-š!

to be lost - twedder. My shirt was lost in the laundry. tweddret gamižti Eend s-sebbana.

**My things were lost in the fire. ttherqu hwayži fe-l-Eafya. --Since his wife's death he's completely lost. melli matet mratu huwa mtellef.

loss - xsara pl. -t, xsayer.
lot - 1. qet&a pl. qta&i. How big is your lot? qedd-a\$ l-qet&a dyalek?
2. mektub. I don't envy his lot. ma-ka-nehsed l-mektub dyalu.

**I'll send you the books in three separate lots. gad nsifet-lek le-ktuba be-tlata de-l-merrat mefrugin.

lots of - bezzaf d-. She has lots of money. Eendha bezzaf d-le-flus.

a lot - bezzaf. We like him a lot. ka-nhebbuh bezzaf. --She's a lot better than people think. hiya hsen bezzaf men dak š-ši lli kaixemmmu fiha n-nas.

a lot of - bezzaf d-. I still have a lot of work. ma-zal Eendi bezzaf de-l-xedma.

to draw lots - dreb l-Eud. Let's draw lots. yallah nderbu l-Eud.

loud - 1. mžehhed. She has a loud, unpleasant voice. Eendha helq mželied u-qbih. 2. be-ž-žehd.

Don't talk so loud! ma-tkellem-š be-ž-žehd! 3. bayen. I don't like loud colors.

ma-ka-nebģi-š l-gelwan lli baynin bezzaf.

loud-speaker - buq pl. bwaq.
louse - qemla pl. qmul coll. qmel.
love - hobb. Love is blind. l-hobb
Ema.

to fall in love (with) - ttegrem (f-). He's fallen in love with her. huwa ttegrem fiha.

in love (with) - megrum (f-).

to love - 1. hebb. He loves her
very much. ka-ihebbha bezzaf.

2. ma-tendu ma tezz men. I love
apples. ma-tendi ma tezz men
t-teffah.

lovely - 1. gzal pl. gezlan. They have a lovely home. Eendhom dar gzala.
2. Ežib. It's a lovely evening. le-Ešiya Ežiba.

low - 1. qṣir pl. qṣar. Do you want shoes with high or low heels? waš bġiti ṣebbat b-gdem qṣir wella kbir?

2. hader. That plane is flying too low. had t-tiyara ka-ttir hadra bezsaf. 3. dlil pl. dlal. That was low of him. had š-ši lli £mel dlil.

4. meḥdur. She spoke in a low voice. tkellmet b-ṣut meḥdur. —He always gets low marks. n-nuqat dyalu dima meḥdurin. 5. d£if pl. d£af. His pulse is low. nfidu d£if. 6. luwla. Put her in low (gear). £melha fe-l-luwla.

**The sun is quite low. *-*sems gerbet bezzaf. --He made a low bow. bendeg bezzaf.

to get low - qlal iqlal. Our funds are getting low. rasmalna ka-iqlal. lower - tehtani. Put the boxes on the lower shelf. dir s-snadeq fuq l-merfet t-tehtani.

to lower - 1. rma irmi. Lower the lifeboats. rmiw le-flayek de-l-igata. 2. hder. Lower the curtain. hder l-xamiya. 3. huwwef. Lower the bucket into the well. humwef s-stel fe-l-bir.

**He lowered his voice when he saw her come in. tkellem be-šwiya melli šafha daxla.
loyal - 1. sadiq. You couldn't have
a more loyal friend. ma-imken-lek-

a more loyal friend. ma-imken-lek-\$
ikun Eendek saheb sadig kter men had
\$-\$i. 2. gelbu safi (m£a). He has
always been loyal to the government.
huwa dima gelbu safi m£a l-hukuma.

loyalty - sedq.

luck - 1. zher. My luck has changed. z-zher dyali tbeddel. 2. seEd. Now you try your luck! tleb seEdek!
3. swirti. It's not merely a matter of luck. ma-\$i gir mes?ala de-swirti.

bad luck - qellet s-seEd.
**You're in luck! Eendek swirti.
--You're out of luck! ma-Eendek-\$
swirti.

luckily - Ela swirti. Luckily she
 didn't see me. Ela swirti
 ma-šafni-š.

lucky - (lli) Eendu seEd. You're a lucky fellow. nta Eendek seEd.

**It was a lucky coincidence.
kanet sedfa nezyana. --You can consider yourself lucky. imken-lek tehmed llah.

lukewarm - 1. dafi. Take a lukewarm bath. ġsel be-l-ma dafi.
2. ma-mhiyyež-ž. He's very lukewarm about that. huwa ma-mhiyyež-š Ela had l-haža.

lumber - Ewad (pl.), xšeb. How much lumber will be needed for the book shelves? Shal de-le-Ewad xeşşna bağ nşawbu le-xzana d-le-ktub?

lump - 1. tub. What are you going to do with that lump of clay? as gad ddir b-had t-tub de-t-tin?
2. berquqa pl. -t. He has a big lump on his forehead. Eendu berquqa kbira fe-zbehtu. 3. qaleb pl. qwaleb. He took ten lumps of sugar. xda Eesra d-le-qwaleb de-s-sokkar.

lunatic - hmeq pl. humeq. lunch - gda pl. -wat.

to lunch - tģedda.

lung - riya pl. -t.

**The little fellow yelled at the top of his lungs. d-derri tleq helqu kollu.

luxury = tedxim.
lye = lyan.

M

macaroon - ģriyba pl. -t.
machine - ?ala pl. -t. The machine is
working again. ha l-?ala xeddama
Eewtani.

machine gun - reššaša pl. -t. machinery - ?alat (pl.).

mad - 1. hmeq pl. humeq. They took
him to the asylum because he was mad.
ddaweh l-l-merstan Ela heqq-aš kan
hmeq. 2. mqelleq, zeEfan, tayer-lu.
I was mad when I didn't find him
there. kan tayer-li melli ma-sebtu-š
temma. 3. mxasem. He's mad at his
brother. huwa mxasem mEa xah.
4. mesEur. He was bitten by a mad
dog. Eeddu kelb mesEur.

to be mad, to go mad - hmaq. My son is mad about ice cream. weldi ka-ihmaq &el l-basta. --The poor fellow went mad and they took him to the asylum. hmaq meskin u-ddaweh l-l-merstan.

madam - lalla. Is somebody waiting on
you, Madam? waš ši-wahed ka-iserbik
a lalla?

madhouse - merstan pl. -at. madman - hmeq pl. humeq.

magazine - mažella pl. -t. Where can

I buy that magazine? fayn imken-li nsib dak l-mažella?

magnificent - Eažib, moEtabar, mumtaz.
to magnify - kebber. This lens magnifies six times. had l-Eadasa

ties six times. had l-Eadasa ka-tkebber setta de-l-merrat.

magnifying glass - mukebbara pl. -t. maid - met & ellma pl. -t, xeddama pl.

-t. We let our maid go. dhina l-met Eellma dyalna.

old maid - Eateq bayra pl. Eawateq bayrin.

mail - barid. The mail is delivered at four o'clock. ka-iferrqu l-barid fe-r-reb&a.

**Is there any mail for me? was kayna ši-bra liya?

by mail - mɛa l-buṣṭa. We'll send you the package by mail. ġadi nṣiftu-lek l-bakit mɛa l-buṣṭa.

to mail - 1. sifet, safet isifet. Did you mail that package? was sifetti dak l-bakit? 2. rma irmi. Please mail the letter for me. rmi-li had le-bra llah ixellik.

mailbox - senduq de-l-briyat pl. snadeg de-l-briyat.

mailman - ferraq le-brawat pl. ferraqin

le-brawat.

main - muhimm, kbir. This is the main problem. hadi hiya l-muškila l-muhimma.

in the main - Elayen dima. The discussion revolved in the main around those two questions. daret l-mudakara Elayen dima Ela dak ž-žuž de-l-masa?il.

**I agree with him in the main.

ana mettafeq meah elayen f-koll-si.

main office - merkez pl. mrakez.

to maintain - ?ekked. He maintains

that he was there. huwa ka-i?ekked

bin kan temma.

majority - 1. ?eġlabiya pl. -t. The majority was against it. l-?eġlabiya kanet dedd dak š-ši. 2. ?ektariya pl. -t. The majority of the students were sick. l-?ektariya de-ţ-ţalaba kanu mṛaḍ.

make - marka pl. -t. What make is
your radio? \$nu hiya l-marka
de-r-radyu dyalek?

to make - 1. seggem, saweb. you make the chair yourself? was seggemti š-šelya b-yeddek? ---What shall I make for you, tea or coffee? šnu nseggem-lkom, atay wella l-gehwa? -- I've just had a suit made for myself. Ead seggemt keswa l-rasi. 2. snee, seggem. Does this factory make watches? was had l-meEmel kaișne∈ l-maganat? 3. dar idir. What are you going to do tomorrow? š-ģadi ddir ģedda? 4. semma. made him chairman. semmaweh ra?is. 5. Emel. I made a long speech. Emelt xotba kbira. --He made a terrible mistake. Emel galat kbir. -You made a good choice. Emelti xtiyar mezyan. 6. režžeξ. He has made himself very famous. huwa režže€ rasu mešhur bezzaf. 7. xda yaxod fe-l-weqt. Can we make the train? waš imken-lna naxdu l-qitar fe-l-weqt? 8. wsel l-. If we start out early, we can make Fez by evening. ila saferna bekri, imken-lna nweşlu l-fas mEa l-lil. 9. qbet. ka-teqbet fe-ž-žem£a? 10. lezzem. Nobody made you do it. hetta wahed ma-lezzmek teEmelha. 11. dfeE. He made me spill the ink. huwa lli dfe∈ni baš nehreg le-mdad.

**Five times four makes twenty. xemsa (drebha) Ela rebEa hiya Ee\$rin.

to make a confession - gerr. He made a complete confession to them. gerr-lhom koll-ši.

to make a fool of oneself -

tbehdel. If you do that, you'll make a fool of yourself. ila Emeltiha, ġadi ttbehdel.

to make a fuss - dar idir haraž. Don't make such a fuss! ma-fendek Elaš ddir had l-haraž kollu.

to make a fuss over - qleb d-denya Ela. There's no reason for you to make a fuss over that. ma-Eendek Elaš teqleb d-denya Ela had š-ši.

to make a go of - nžeh f-. He'll never make a go of it. Eemmru ma-inžeh fiha.

to make believe - Emel messu. She is only making believe that she doesn't know it. hiya gir ka-teEmel messha bin ma-ka-teErefha-s.

to make good - nžeh fe-šgalu. They made good. nežhu fe-šgalhom.

to make good - grem. You have to make good the damages you've done. xessek tegrem le-xsayer lli Emelti.

to make off with - hreb b-. They've made off with our car. herbu-lna b-siyartna.

to make out - 1. qra iqra. Can you make out the date on this postmark? was imken-lek teqra t-tarix d-had t-tabe? 2. fhem. Can you make out what he means? was imken-lek tefhem as ka-yeeni?
3. Eemmer. Have you made out the application blank? was Eemmerti l-werqa de-t-talab? 4. wežžed-lna l-werqa de-l-xlas Eafak.
5. xeržet-lu l-qadiya. How did you make out yesterday? kif-aš xeržet-lek l-qadiya l-bareh?

to make peace - tşaleh. The two countries have made peace. tşalhu d-duwlat b-žuž.

to make sense - Eendu ši-meEna. Does this make sense to you? waš had š-ši Eendu ši-meEna lilek?

to make up - 1. qeyyed. Make up a list of all the things you need. geyyed f-werga lli xeşşek kollu. 2. saweb. Can you make up a bouquet of roses for me? imken-lek tsaweb-li ši-mešmum de-l-word? 3. dar idir. Make up a sentence with the word 'no'. dir ši-žumla be-l-€ibara "lla". 4. xtareE. Did he make up the story? waš xtare∈ dak le-xrafa? 5. seggem. Did he make up the speech himself? was huwa lli seqqem l-xotba? 6. tṣaleḥ. They've made up again. tsalhu Eewtani. 7. Eekker. It takes her a year to make up. xessha Eam baš tekker. 8. qbet. I'll make up

tomorrow the hour I lost. gadi neqbet gedda s-sa&a lli diyye&t. --I'll have to make up for lost time. ixessni neqbet l-weqt lli diyye&t.

to make up one's mind - qerrer, fsel. I haven't yet made up my mind. ma-zal ma-qerrert.

make-up - 1. zwaq le-wžeh. She uses
a lot of make-up. ka-tketter men
z-zwaq d-le-wžeh. 2. tabića pl. -t.
It's not in his make-up to lie.
ma-ši men tabićtu ikdeb.

makings - 1. hi?a pl. -t; škel pl. škal. This boy has the makings of a good actor. had l-weld fih l-hi?a d-ši-mumettil mezyan. 2. qwam pl. -at; iqama pl. -t, iqayem. We have all the makings for a good stew. Eendma le-qwam kollu dyal wahed t-tažin mo£tabar.

Malaga - malqa.

male - dker. Is that bird male or female? was hadak t-tir dker wella nta?

malicious - qbih pl. qbah. man - ražel pl. ržal.

to manage - 1. thellef b-. Who is managing your farm? \$kun lli mkellef-lek b-le-Ezib? 2. tre??es Ela. He's been managing this bank for two years. hadi Eamayn u-huwa metre??es Ela had l-benk. 3. tuwweE. That teacher just couldn't manage the children. had le-fqi gaE ma-qder-\$ ituwweE le-wlad.

**Did you manage to get the tickets? waš debberti f-le-wraq?
--How did you manage to find her?
kif-aš derti hetta žbertiha? --How
do you manage on this salary?
kif-aš ka-te£mel baš t£iš b-had
š-šehriya? --I manage on what God
has given. ka-neqdi haža b-dak
š-ši lli £ta llah.

manager - mudir pl. -in.

mankind - l-bašariya, l-žens l-bašari.
manner - kifiya. I liked the manner
in which he went about the job.

£ežbetni l-kifiya baš tkellef
be-l-£amal.

manners - ?axlaq, ?adab. She has no manners. ma-fendha ?axlaq or ma-fiha ?adab.

to manufacture - sne\(\xi\), suwweb.

manure – gbar.

many - bezzaf d-, \in adad d-. I have many reasons. \in endi bezzaf de-l- $^{\circ}asbab$.

many a - \Shal men. Many a man owes his success to his wife. \Shal men ra \Sel kan n-na \Sel dyalu $\ensuremath{\in} la$

yedd mratu. I've passed here many a time. dezt men hna shal men merra.
a good many - Eadad kbir d-. He knows a good many people there.
ka-ye&ref Eadad kbir de-n-nas temma.

how many - Shal men (followed by sg.), Shal d-. How many tickets do you want? Shal men btaqa bgiti? or Shal d-le-btayeq bgiti?

map = xarita pl. -t.

marble - rxam.

March - mares.

march - me šya pl. -t.

**He stole a march on all of us. darha bina kollna.

to march - tmešša.

mare - $\varepsilon ewda$ pl. -t.

margin - 1. hašya pl. hwaši, ženb pl. žnab. Leave a wider margin on the left side. xelli hašya wse£ men hadi £el l-iṣaṛ. 2. rbeh. pl. rbah. We're operating on a very small margin. ka-nxedmu b-wahed r-rbeh ṣģir bezzaf. 3. ferq. We won by a narrow margin. rbehna b-wahed l-ferq ṣģir.

marjoram - merdedduš.

mark - 1. Ealama pl. -t, resma pl. -t.

Make a mark after the names of those present. dir si-Ealama hda s-smiyat dyal n-nas lli hadrin. 2. neqt pl. nuqat. He always got good marks in mathematics. kan dima ka-yaxod nuqat mezyanim f-le-hsab.

**I don't feel quite up to the mark today. ma-ka-nhess-\$ b-rasi huwa hadak l-yum.

to mark - 1. ršem. I've marked the important parts of the article. ršemt l-mahellat l-muhimmin de-l-maqala. 2. ršem, biyyen. The road is well marked. t-triq mbiyyna mezyan. 3. sehheh, sleh. When are you going to mark the examinations? fuq-aš ġad tsehheh le-mtihanat.

to mark down - 1. qeyyed, kteb, sežžel. I've marked down the things I want. rani qeyyedt le-hwayež lli baği. 2. hebbet t-taman d-. The suits have been marked down from 150 dollars to 100 dollars. hebbtu t-taman d-le-ksawi men mya u-xemsin dular le-myat dular.

market - sug pl. swag.

Marrakesh - merrakeš.

native of Marrakesh - merrakši adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel merrakeš. marriage - žwaž pl. -at.

to marry - 1. džuwwež b-, xda yaxod. Is she going to marry him? waš ġad taxdu? 2. žuwwež. He married his daughter to a man from Casablanca.

žuvwež bentu l-ražel men d-dar l-bida.

married - mžuwwež. They've been married for over a year. hadi kter men Eam u-huma mžuwwžin.

to get married - džuwwež, žwež. Marseilles - mersilya.

marsh - merža pl. -t.

marvelous - Ežib, Eažib.

mass - 1. žemhur pl. žamahir; nas.

He has all the masses behind him.

l-žamahir kollha tabčah. 2. čerram

pl. črarem. He's collected a mass

of information about that. rah

žmeč čerram de-l-mečlumat čla dak

š-ši.

mat - hṣira pl. -t, hṣayer.

match - 1. wqida pl. -t coll. wqid.

Give me a box of matches please.

Eafak Etini ši-ṣenduq d-le-wqid.

2. leEva pl. -t. Who won the match?

škun lli roen l-leEva? 3. žwaž pl.

-at. Her parents don't approve of the match. waldiha ma-mwafqin-š

Ela žwažha.

to be a match for - qedd Ela.

He's a match for anybody. huwa
iqedd Ela men-ma kan.

**I'm no match for him. m-ana-š

qrinu.

to match - 1. wafeq, naseb. These colors don't match well. had l-lwan ma-mnasbin-š mezyan. 2. matel, dar idir bhal. I can match him any time. neqder ndir bhalu weqt-emma kan.

3. žber bhal. You'll never be able to match this color. ma-Eemmrek gad džber ši-lun bhal hada.

material - 1. madda pl. mawadd. We use only the best materials.

ma-ka-nsteEmlu gir l-mawadd

le-mxiyyra. 2. meElumat (pl.).

He's collecting material for a book.

ka-ižmeE meElumat l-wahed le-ktab.

3. tub pl. tyab. Is this material washable? waš had t-tub ka-itsebben?

4. muhimm. There's no material difference between the two. ma-kayen-š

ši-ferq muhimm binathom b-žuž.

matter - qadiya pl. -t; mes?ala pl.
-t, masa?il. I'll look into the
matter. daba nšuf l-qadiya šnu hiya.
**It's not a matter of price.
ma-bqat-š fe-t-taman. --Something's
the matter with his heart. ši-haža
Eendu f-qelbu. --That doesn't
matter. ma-ka-ihemm-š. --This is
no laughing matter . had š-ši
ma-fih-š d-dehk. --What's the
matter? š-kayen? --What's the
matter with you? yak la-bas? or
š-Eendek? or ma-lek?

mattress - ferš pl. fruša; mtellta pl. -t; mterrba pl. -t, mtareb.

May = mayu.

may - 1. imken-l-. May I have this pencil? imken-li naxod had le-qlam?
2. imken, robbama. I may go tomorrow night. robbama nemši gedda fe-l-lil.

mayor - Eamel pl. Eommal. meadow - merea pl. mraei.

meal - makla pl. -t, mwakel. Three meals a day aren't enough for him. tlata de-l-maklat fe-n-nhar ma-ka-iqedduh-š.

mean - hqir pl. -in; qbih pl. qbah.

to mean - l. Ena yeEni. What do you
mean by that? S-ka-teEni b-dak
S-Si? 2. nwa inwi. I mean to go
tomorrow. ana nawi nemši ģedda.

--I meant to tell you but I forgot.
kont nawi nqul-lek be-l-heqq nsit.
3. qsed. I didn't mean any harm.
ma-qsedt walu.

**I know he means well. ka-necref niytu mezyana. --That doesn't mean much. dak š-š: ma-cendu ?ahemmiya. --It means a lot to me to see him tonight. muhimm bezzaf baš nšufu l-yum fe-l-lil.

meaning - meEna pl. -t, mEani. measles - bu-hemrun.

to measure - Eber. I measured the height of the windows carefully. Ebert le-Elu dyal š-šražem b-tedqiq. --Measure me two kilos of ground beef. Eber-li žuž kilu de-l-kefta de-l-begri.

**How much does he measure around the waist? Shal Eendu fe-d-dura de-l-kerš? --All necessary measures have been taken. l-lazem kollu tte∈mel.

measurement - $\in bar$ pl. -at.

meat - lhem pl. lhum, lhumat. meat grinder - tehhana de-l-kefta.

medal - wisam pl. -at.

to meddle - dexxel raşu f-. He likes to meddle in other people's business. ka-ibģi idexxel raşu f-şuq n-nas.

medical - tibbi.

medicine - 1. dwa pl. -yat, ?edwiya.

This medicine tastes bitter. had d-dwa madaqu merr. 2. tibb. My daughter is studying medicine. benti ka-tegra t-tibb.

medium - metweşşet. He's of medium height. tulu metweşşet. Mediterranean Sea - le-bher

l-metwesset.
to meet - 1. tlaqa. Did you meet him
on the street? was tlaqitih

fe-z-zenga? --Let's meet in front of the school. iwa ntlagaw qbalt l-medrasa. 2. tEerref Ela, tEaref mEa. I've known his father for a long time but I've just met his mother. hadi modda twila w-ana ka-neEref bbah be-l-hega Ead tEareft mEa mmu. 3. tEerred l-. We'll meet them at the railroad station. gad ntEerrdu-lhom f-lagar. 4. $ttežme\mathcal{E}$. We used to meet once a week. konna ka-nttžemEu merra fe-ž-žemEa. **Pleased to meet vou! metšerref! or metserrfin! --Will he meet the deadline? waš gad ikun wažed fe-l-weat?meeting - 1. žtima£ pl. -at (art. le-). There were five hundred people at the meeting. kanu xems mya de-n-nas f-le-žtima£. 2. mlagya pl. -t. I arranged for a meeting of the two. rani debbertlhom wahed le-mlagya lilhom b-žuž. Meknes - meknas. native of Meknes - meknasi adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel meknas. Melilla - mlilya. native of Melilla - mlili adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel mlilya. **melody** - negma pl. -t. to melt - 1. dab idub. The ice has all melted. t-telž kollu dab. The sun melted the ice. duwweb. š-šemš duwwbet t-telž. memory - 1. dakira pl. -t, Eqel pl. Equil. My memory is not what it used tp be. Eegli ma-bqa-s kif kan. 2. tidkar pl. tadakir, dikra pl. -yat. I have pleasant memories of that country. Eendi dikrayat mezyana Ela dak le-blad. menace - tehdid, xatar pl. ?extar. to mend - reques. When are you going to ment my shirts? fuq-aš ģadi treqqeE-li le-qwamež dvali? to mention - dker. He didn't mention the price. ma-dker-š t-taman. merchandise - $sel \mathcal{E}a$ pl. -t, $slu \mathcal{E}$. merchant - biyyaE-šerray pl. biyyaEašerraya, tažer pl. tožžar. mercury - zaweq. mercy - 1. rehma, šafaga. He has no mercy. ma-fih rehma. 2. smaha. They pleaded for mercy. telbu s-smaha. to merit - stahel, stahegg. mess - xebla pl. -t, qerbala pl. -t, tqerbila pl. -t. Did you see the mess the painters left? was sefti l-xebla lli xellaw ş-şebbağa?

**The house is in an awful mess.

certainly got yourself into a nice mess! walayenni f-aš žriti l-rasek! to mess up - 1. wessex. Don't mess up the floor with your wet feet. ma-twessex-š lerd u-režlik fazgin. 2. xerbeq. Who messed up the papers on my desk? škun lli xerbeq-li le-kwaget lli fug t-tabla dyali? metal - meEden pl. mEaden. **method** - kifiya pl. -t, tariga pl. -t, turuq. middle - 1. west. I'm leaving the middle of next week. gad nemši. f-west ž-žem£a ž-žayya. --He was standing in the middle of the road. kan waqef f-west t-triq. 2. westani, westi. Open the middle window. hellš-šeržem l-westani. 3. metwesset. He's a man of middle height. huwa ražel gamtu metwessta. 4. kerš pl. kruš. He's put on weight around the middle. kebret-lu l-kerš. **I'm in the middle of packing. r-ana xayed fe-žmić hwayži. midnight - ness l-lil. might - quwwa pl. -t, žehd pl. žhud. They're working with all their might. rahom xeddamin b-quewthom kollha. mile - mil pl. myal. military - Eeskari. milk - hlib. to milk - hleb. milkman, milk vendor - lebban pl. -a, mul le-hlib pl. mwalin le-hlib. mill - tahuna pl. -t, twahen. When are you going to take the grain to the mill? fuq-aš gadi teddi z-zreE le-t-tahuna? miller - tehhan pl. -a. million - melyun pl. mlayen. minaret - şem $\mathcal{E}a$ pl. -t, şme \mathcal{E} , şma $\mathcal{E}i$. mind - 1. Eqel, fikr pl. fkar. He has a keen mind. Eendu Egel madi. 2. bal. That idea came to my mind as I was on my way home. žatni had l-fikra l-l-bal melli kont gadi le-d-dar. -- I have something else in mind. ši-haža xra f-bali. **He doesn't know his own mind. huwa b-rasu ma-ka-yeEref-š š-baģi. --Keep your mind on your work. dir rasek fe-xdemtek. -- My mind still isn't clear on what happened. š-ši lli wqeE ma-zal ma-bġa-š ittefhem-li. -- What's on your mind? š-tehtek? --Are you out of your mind? waš xrež-lek le-Eqel? to my mind - f-nadari. To my mind she's the right person for the job. f-nadari hiya lli teslah l-had l-xedma.

d-dar ma-fiha ma-ittšaf. --You

to change one's mind - theddel-lu n-nadar. I've changed my mind. tbeddel-li n-nadar.

to mind - 1. ddaha iddiha f-. Don't mind what he says. la-ddiha-\$ Who's fe-klamu. 2. hda yehdi. going to mind the children? * kun lli gadi yehdi d-drari? 3. ttesme€ This little girl doesn't mind her mother any more. had le-bnita ma-bgat-š ka-ttesme€ l-ommha.

4. Eendu manie. You don't mind if I leave now? yak ma-Eendek maniE nemši daba?

**Mind your own business. dxolsug rasek.

mine - 1. $meqte \in pl$. $mqate \in e$. works in a mine. ka-ixdem f-wahed l-meqte \in . 2. mina pl. -t. Their ship ran into a mine. l-baxira dyalhom xeržet f-wahed l-mina.

mine - dyali. Your room is to the right, mine is to the left. l-bitdyalek Eel l-imin u-dyali Eel š−šmal.

minister - wazir, uzir pl. wuzara. Three ministers have resigned. tlata de-l-wuzara qeddmu stigal thom.

miniority - ?agelliya pl. -t.

mint - neEnaE pl. nEaneE, igama pl. igayem, We never drink tea without mint. Eemmerna ma-ka-nšerbu ?atay bla neEnaE.

minute - 1. dqiqa pl. dqayeq. be back in five minutes. gad neržeE men daba xemsa de-d-daayeq. 2. sgiwer, dqiweq, stiwet. It was so small you could hardly see it. kan sgiwer l-hedd ?ennu kan s&ib

baš ittšaf. **I'll call you the minute I know.

gir nsug le-xbar ndreb-lek t-tilifun. minute hand - muri kbir pl. mwara kbar. The minute hand of my watch came off. l-muri le-kbir d-maganti tgelleE.

miracle - mučžiza pl. -t, čžuba pl. -t, €žayeb.

mirror - mraya pl. -t.

miscarriage - şqit, şeqtan.

mischief - tašitanet, štun. That boy is always up to some mischief. l-weld dima ka-idur €la ši-štun ma yeEmel.

miser - bxil pl. oxal.

miserable - 1. mfelles. What miserable weather | walayenni hal mfelles hada! 2. mbu?es, mEenfež. I feel miserable today. ka-nhess b-rași m£enfež had n-nhar.

misery - bu?s, šaga?. They lived in

utter misery. kanu Eeyšin fe-l-bu?s

misfortune - musiba pl. -t, msayeb.

to mislay - tellef, wedder.

to mislead - $xde\xi$, gellet. description is misleading. l-wesf ka-ixde ϵ .

misprint - ģelta d-le-mteb∈a pl. ģeltat d-le-mteb€a.

to miss - 1. fellet. I missed the first train. fellett l-gitar l-luwwel or mša Eliya l-qitar l-luwwel. 2. twehhes. I'll miss you terribly. gad ntwehhšek bezzaf or gad txelli fiya t-tayla. 3. mennet. Don't miss this movie. Eendek tmenneE had l-film.

**You haven't missed anything. ma-fatek walu. --You've missed the point. ma-fhemti-š. --Our house is so easy to find you can't miss it. d-dar dyalna warya bezzaf, ma-imken-š texfa Elik. -- The child has been missing for three days. hadi telt iyam u-l-weld gayeb. -One suitcase is missing. Santa wehda ka-txess.

mist - dbaba.

mistake - ģaļat, ģeļta pl. -t, ģļati. How could I make such a mistake? kif imken hetta neEmel gelta bhal hadi? -- I took it by mistake. xditu gaļaţ.

**There is no mistaking his intentions. niytu ma-fiha ma-iğlet l-wahed. --Please don't mistake me. !!ah ixellik ma-tefhemni-š Ewež. --Sorry, I mistook you for someone else. smeh-li, šebbehtek l-\$i-wahed axor.

to be mistaken, to make a mistake - glet. you're mistaken' ġletti! or rak galet!

to mistreat - tEedda Ela.

to misunderstand - fhem mEewwež, fhem

to mix - 1. xellet. I mixed yellow and red. xellett le-sfer u-le-hmer. suwweb. Shall I mix some paste? nsuwweb ši-šwiya de-ļ-ļesqa? 3. xalet, txalet mEa. We don't mix

much with our neighbors. ma-kantxaļtu-š bezzaf m£a žiranna.

4. txellet. Oil and honey don't mix. z-zit u-le-Esel

ma-ka-itxelltu-š.

to mix in - dexxel rasu. Don't mix in, this is none of your business. la-ddexxel-s rasek, had š-ši ma-ši sugek.

to mix up - 1. tellef, duwwex, dehšer. Don't mix me up!

Don't la-dduwwexni-š! xellet. mix up the cards. la-txellet-\$ l-karta. mixture - texlita pl. -t. coll. texlat, texlit. to moan - nah inuh. model - 1. namudaž. pl. namadiž. He's working on the model of a bridge. huwa xeddam fe-n-namudaž d-wahed l-gentra. 2. $nu \in pl$. $mwa \in$, škel pl. škal. This is a 1940 model. hada n-nuE d-Eam ?alf u-tes ξa mya u-reb ξin . 3. mital. She's a model wife. hiya tbarek llah mital z-zužat. moderate - moEtadel, mwesset, m£ewwet. modern - Eesri. $modest - metwade \in$, bsit pl. bsat.moist - mbellel, fazeg, mneddi. moisture - nda, blal, fzag. mold - 1. gmal. There's a layer of mold on the cheese. kayna qešra d-le-gmal ∈la wžeh ž-žben. 2. galeb pl. qwaleb. Pour the plaster into the mold. kebb l-gebs fe-l-galeb. moldy - gamel, mtebbeb. This bread is moldy. had l-xobz mtebbeb. moment - wqiyet. Could you spare a moment? Eendek ši-wgiyyet? **Just a moment! bellati šwiya! -At the moment, I can't give you any further information. f-hadl-lehda ma-imken-li nzid ne€tik hetta ši-meElumat xra. in a moment - men daba wahed d-dqiqa. I'll give you your change in a moment. daba nredd-lek s-serf dyalek men daba wahed d-dqiqa. Monday -t-tnayn, nhar t-tnayn. money - flus (pl.) to make money - rbeh le-flus. monk - rhib pl. rohban. monkey - gerd pl. grud, gruda. month - sher pl. shur, shura. monthly - šehri. mood - gana pl. -t, xater pl. xwater. He's in a good mood this morning. huwa Ela gantu had ş-şbah or huwa rašeq-lu had s-sbah ---I'm not in the mood for that now. ma-Eendi gana l-dak š-ši daba. moon - gemra pl. gmari. more - 1. axor f. xra pl. xrin. I want two more bottles of vinegar. bġit žuž d-le-gra€i xrin de-l-xell. 2. kter. They've sold more trucks than cars this year. baku l-kamiyuwat kter men s-siyarat had $l-\varepsilon am$. —You should study more. xessek tegra kter men had š-ši.

zyada. He's asking for more money. ka-itleb z-zyada f-le-flus. more and more - **This work is getting more and more difficult. had š-šoģl ģir ka-izid yewEar. --Everything is getting more and more expensive. koll-ši ģir ka-izid igla. not any more - **Don't do that any more' ma-tebqa-š te£mel dak š-ši! --I don't care any more. ma-bqit-\$ mehtemm. the more...the more - ma-hedd... u-, koll-ma. The more I give him, the more he wants. ma-heddni ka-ne€tih u-huwa ka-ibgi ši-axor. -The more I see him, the more I like him. koll-ma šeftu ka-nzid nebģih. morning - sbah pl. -at, sbuha. morning! sbah l-xir! in the morning - 1. fe-ş-şbak. She's here only in the morning. ka-tkun hna ģir fe-ş-şbah. 2. (gedda) fe-s-sbah. I'll see you in the morning. nšufek (ģedda) fe-s-sbah. mortar - 1. beğli. Mortar is made of lime and sand. l-begli msuwweb men ž-žir u-ŗ-ŗemla. 2. mehraz pl. mharez. Mortar and pestle. l-mehraz w-iddu. mortgage - rhen pl. rhuna, rehniya pl. -t. to mortgage - then, Emel fe-r-rhen, xella fe-r-rhen. mosaic - zelliž (coll). The mosaic in this mosque is ancient. z-zelliž f-had ž-žameE qdim. mosque - žameE pl. žwameE. mosque courtyard - shen pl. shuna. mosquito - namusa pl. -t. coll. namus.. moss - xezz. most - 1. ?ekter-ma, žehd-ma, gedd-ma. That's the most I can pay. ?ekter-ma imken-li nxellsu. 2. l-žoll f-, l-9ektariya d-. Most people left early. l-žoll fe-n-nas mšaw f-halhom bekri. 3. What did you like most? šnu lli Eežbek kter? 4. bezzaf Ead. The talk was most interesting. l-xotba kanet mufida bezzaf Ead. **I can pay fifty dirhams at the most. ila kettert imken-li ne&ti xemsin derhem. -- At most it's worth ten dirhams. tamanha mait Eedda-š Eešra de-d-drahem. --For the most part I agree with him on

that. ana mettafeg mEah f-zoll dak

of our time. hsen-lna negtanmu ma

--We'd better make the most

š-ši.

inken l-weqt lli f-iddna.

most of - l-žoll f-, l-?ektariya
d-. Most of those present were
against it. l-žoll fe-n-nas lli
kanu hadrin kanu deddha. --He's
the one that did most of the work.
huwa lli dar l-?ektariya de-l-xedma.
--He's on the road most of the time.

t-triq.

**Most of the day I'm at the office. ka-nkun fe-l-mekteb Elayen n-nhar kollu.

meth - tunya pl. -t.

mother = ?omm pl. -ahat, -awat; my mother mmi, form mm- before other possessive endings.

l-žoll fe-l-wegt ka-ikun gabet

mother-in-law = 1. (wife's mother)
nsiba pl. -t. 2. (husband's
mother) hma pl. -wat.

motion - 1. haraka pl. -t. Did you watch her motions? dditi l-gaya l-l-harakat dyalha? 2. qtirah pl. -at, multamas pl. -at. I'd like to make a motion. bgit nqeddem wahed l-multamas.

**The train was still in motion. l-qitar kan ma-zal ka-itherrek.

motive - sabab pl. sbab. motor - mutur pl. -at.

motorcycle - derraža nariya pl. derražat nariya, mutur pl. -at.

to mount - 1. rkeb Ela. He mounted the horse and rode away. rkeb Eel l-Eewd u-zad xelfa. 2. rekkeb. They mounted the new doors day before yesterday. rekkbu l-biban z-ždad wel-l-bareh.

mountain - žbel pl. žbal coll. žbel. mountaineer - žebli pl. žbala, rifi pl. ryafa.

to mourn - hzen. They all mourned their uncle's death. kollhom heznu Eel l-mut d-Eemmhom. -The entire country mourned over the king. le-blad kollha heznet Eel l-malik.

mourning - hozn, hzen.

mouse - far pl. firan. mouth - fomm pl. fmam.

I make hurts. koll haraka Emeltha ka-dderrni. 2. nuba pl. -t. It's your move. nubtek hadi. 3. xelfa pl. -t. He can't make a move without asking his wife. ma-ka-iqder-syeEmel xelfa wehda bla-ma isawer mratu.

to make a move - therrek. Don't make a move or I'll kill you.

ma-therrek-8 wella rani ngetlek.

on the move - Ela gdem. They're

always on the move. huma dima Ela

gdem.

to move - 1. herrek. She can't move her foot. ma-ka-teqder-s therrek rželha. 2. therrek. I can't move. ma-ka-neqder-s ntherrek. 3. qtareh. I move we adjourn the session. ka-neqtareh nweqqfu l-želsa. 4. rhel. We're moving on October first. žad nrehlu fe-l-luwwel fe-ktuber.

5. leeb. I just moved, it's your turn. Ead leebt, nubtek.

movie - film pl. ?eflam.

movies - sinima pl. -t. We rarely go to the movies. qlil f-as ka-nemsiw le-s-sinima.

to mow - hešš.

much - bezzaf. I haven't much time.

ma-Eendi-š l-weqt bezzaf. --We like
her very much. ka-nebģiwha bezzaf

Ead. --I feel very much better today. l-yum ka-nhess b-rasi hsen
bezzaf Ead.

how much - be-shal. How much will it cost me? be-shal gad ttih Eliya?
**We don't care for it very much.

ma-ka-nebgiweh-š hetta l-temma. mucus - tenxima pl. -t, tnaxem.

•ud - gis pl. gyusat. All the roads were covered with mud after the rain. t-torqan kollhom kanu Eamrin be-l-gis men beEd-ma tahet š-šta.

muddy - mgiyyes. Your shoes are muddy. sebbatek mgiyyes.

**This water is muddy. had l-ma m temmer be-l-gis.

muezzin - mwodden pl. mwoddnin.

mug - gorraf pl. graref.

nuggy - mzemmet. The weather's awfully muggy today. l-yum l-hal mzemmet bezzaf.

■ule - beğla pl. bğal, f. beğla pl. -t.

to multiply - 1. dreb. Multiply three by four! dreb tlata f-reb&a.
2. kter. Rabbits multiply very quickly. le-rneb ka-ikter b-sor&a kbira.

to mumble - bergem. I wish he wouldn't mumble that way. tmennitu ma-ikun-š ka-ibergem hakdak.

mumps - hlagem.

wunicipal = baladi, d-le-mdina. He
works in the municipal power plant.
ka-ixdem f-dar d-duw l-baladiya.

murder - qtila.

to murder - qtel.

murderer - qatel.

■uscle - Eesba pl. -t, Esab, coll. Eseb.

museum - methef pl. mtahef. mushroom - feggiéa pl. -t. coll. feggit, feggat.

music - 1. musica. Where is that

music coming from? mnayn žayya had

l-musica?

2. werqa de-l-musiqa, pl. wraq de-l-musiqa. I didn't bring the music with me. ma-Zebt-š le-wraq de-l-musiqa mEaya.

musical - musiqi. Do you play any musical instrument? waš ka-ddreb ši-?ala musiqiya?

musician - musiqi pl. -yin.

must - 1. xess plus object pronoun endings. I mustn't be late.

ma-xessni-s nkun meettel.
2. lazem. He must be sick. lazem ikun mrid.
mustache - šareb pl. šwareb, zeafer pl. zeafrat.
mustard - snab.
to mutilate - frem.

mutiny - tura pl. -t. to mutter - bergem.

mutton - ġelmi, ġenmi.

muzzle - kmama pl. -t, kmayem. You ought to put a muzzle on that dog. dak l-kelb xeşşek ddir-lu kmama.

N

nag - kidar pl. kyader.

nail - 1. mesmar pl. msamer. Don't

hammer the nail in too far.

la-ddeqq-& l-mesmar bezzaf.

2. dfer pl. dfar. I just broke my

nail. yallah herrest defri.

**He always hits the nail on the

head. dima ka-ižibha fe-t-tmam.

to nail - semmer. Please nail

the picture to the wall. £afak

semmer t-teswira fe-l-hit.

**On a clear day you can see the town from here with the naked eye. mnin ka-ikun n-nhar dawi ka-imken-lek tšuf le-mdina men hna gir be-l-Eeyn.

naked - Eervan.

name = sem, sm-; smiya pl. -t. What
is your father's name? sem bbak?
--What's your name, please?
smiytek men fedlek?

**What's your name? *\$-semmak* llah?

first name - smiya šexṣiya.

last name - smiya de-l-€a?ila.

to name - 1. semma. He named his
son Ahmed. semma weldu hmed.

-They named the boy after his
father. semmaw l-weld €la bbah.

2. dker. Can you name all the
planets? waš imken-lek ddker
l-kawakib kollhom?

**Name your own price. 6+i

**Name your own price. Eti t-taman dyalek.

napkin - mendil pl. mnadel.
narrow - diyyeq. This street is very
narrow. had d-derb diyyeq bessaf.
--His views on education are very
narrow. n-nadariyat dyalu & el
t-te&lim diyyqa bessaf.

**He had a narrow excape. yallah

mnet b-rașu.

to become narrow - dyaq.

to make narrow - diyyeq.

nasty - 1. qbih. pl. qbah. Don't
be so nasty' ma-tkun-š qbih
bezzaf! 2. qbih, mfelles. Do you
always have such nasty weather?

waš dima & endkom l-žuw mfelles
bhal hakda?

nation - 1. *umma pl. *umma. The whole nation mourned his death. l-*umma kollha heznet &el l-mut dyalu. 2. dula pl. duwal How many nations were there at the conference? Shal de-d-duwal kanu fe-l-mu*tamar?

national - 1. qewmi. He's no longer
in the national assembly. ma-bqa-š
fe-l-mežlis l-qewmi. 2. ∈amm.
When are the national elections
going to be? fuq-aš ġa-tkun
l-intixabat l-∈amma?

nationality - žensiya pl. -t. natural - $tabi \in i$.

nature - 1. tabića, tbića. It's not his nature to lie. ma-ši men tbićtu ka-ikdeb. 2. nuć. I can't tell you anything about the nature of my job. ma-imken-li nqul-lek hetta haža éla nuć l-xedma dyali.

navy - behriya.

near - 1. hda. They're standing near
each other. rahom waqfin wahed hda
wahed. 2. qrib. My house is near
the bank. d-dar dyali qrib men
l-benk.

near by - f-had ž-žwayeh. Is there a restaurant near by? was kayen ši-meţ fam f-had ž-žwayeh? nearly - Elayen. I'm nearly finished. Elayen nsali. neat - 1. mretteb. His desk is always neat. le-mketba dyalu dima mrettba.
2. Paniq. She always looks neat. dima tsufha Paniqa. 3. mseqqem. That was a neat trick you played on him. lesba mseqqma leebti Elih.

necessary ~ 1. lazem. I'll stay if it's necessary. nebqa ila kan lazem.
2. lli ka-ixeşş, lazem. Can you raise the necessary funds? waš imken-lek džme£ le-qder lli ka-

ixess?

neck - 1. Eenq pl. Enuq, Enaq. He fell down the stairs and broke his neck. tah fe-d-druß u-therres-lu Eenqu.

--The bottle has a very narrow neck. Eenq l-qer£a diyyeq bezzaf. 2. tuq pl. twaq. My dress has an open neck. ksuwti tuqha meftuh.

**Why are you always sticking your neck out? Elaš dima ka-džib l-rasek le-bla?

necklace - xeyt pl. xyut, xnag pl.

necktie - grabata pl. -t, živyafa pl. -t.

need - htiyaž. There's a great need for heavy clothes. kayen htiyaž kbir ∈el le-hwayež t-tqal.

if need be - ila kan lazem. I'll go myself if need be. nemši ana b-nefsi ila kan lazem.

in need of - mehtaž l-. He's badly in need of a vacation. huwa mehtaž bezzaf l-ši-roxsa.

to need - htaž, Eendu l-haža b-. We have all we need. lli mehtažin bih kollu Eendna. --I need some rest badly. ana mehtaž bezzaf le-šwiya de-r-raha.

needle - ibra pl. ibari. I can't thread the needle. ma-bġa-š idzelleg-li xeyt f-l-ibra.

**I'm on pins and needles. ana toul gales Eel š-šuk.

negative - 1. blaka pl. -t, blayek.

The negative is much clearer than the print. le-blaka žat wdeh men t-teswira. 2. selbi. The result of the test was negative. n-natiža dyal le-mtihan kanet selbiya.

**I expected a negative answer.
kont mentader refd or kont nawi
ž-žwab gad ikun la.

to neglect - gfel Ela, ferret f-.
He's been neglecting his work
lately. bda iferret fe-xdemtu had
l-iyamat.

negro - drawi pl. drawa, Eebd pl. Ebid, khel pl. kuhel. neighbor - Zar pl. Ziran.

neighborhood - 1. Ziran, malin

l-hewma. The whole neighborhood was there. ž-žiran kollhom kanu temma. 2. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi; žiha pl. žwayeh. Many artists live in our neighborhood. Eadad de-l-fennana saknin f-žihtna.

neither - la. Neither he nor I will be there. ma-gad-nkunu temma

la-ana la-huwa.

nephew 1. (brother's son) weld l-xa.

2. (sister's son) weld l-xet.

nerve - Eerg pl. Erug.

**That noise is getting on my nerves. dak s-sdae bda itlee-li f-rasi. --Some nerve! Sebha!
nervous - mgelleg.

nest - Eess pl. Esas, Esus.

net - šebka pl. -t, šbaki, šbek. never - Eemmer ma-. I never work.

Eemmerni ma-ka-nexdem.

**Now or never! daba wella b-naqes!
-Never! abaden!

nevertheless - waxxa hakdak. Nevertheless I still can't believe it. waxxa hakdak ma-zal ma-imken-li-š ntiyyeq dak š-ši.

new - ždid pl. ždad.
news - xbar pl. -at. The news came
entirely unexpectedly. le-xbar
ža tamamen Ela žefla.

newspaper - žarida pl. -t, žara?id.

next - 1. mazi, zay. We're coming next month. §ad nžiw š-šher ž-žay.

--Next time do it right. l-merra ž-žayya dirha mṣeqqma. 2. tabeć.
Who's next? škun lli tabeć?
3. men bećd. What shall I do next?
aš xessni ne£mel men bećd?

next to - geddam, hda, b-ženb. Sit down next to me. gles qeddami. --They live next to the church. ka~iseknu hda le-knisiya.

the next day - lla-ġedda. The next day he got sick. lla-ġedda tah mrid.

nice - 1. mlih pl. mlah, mezyan. She wears nice clothes. ka-telbes hwayež mezyanin. 2. ltiyyef, driyyef. He was very nice to us. kan driyyef meana bezzaf.

**Did you have a nice time? tsell:ti mEa rașek?

nickname - lagab pl. ?algab.

niece - 1. (brother's daughter) bent
l-xa. 2. (sister's daughter) bent
l-xet.

night - 1. lila pl. -t, lyali. I stayed there only one night. bqit temma gir lila wehda. 2. lil. The night was quiet. l-lil kan hade?.
nights - fe-l-lil. He works

nights. ka-ixdem fe-l-lil.last night - 1. l-bareh fe-l-lil. We had unexpected company last night. l-bareḥ fe-l-lil žaw €endna ši-dyaf Ela gefla. 2. l-bareh. Did you sleep well last night? neesti mezyan l-bareh?

tomorrow night - $jedda \ fe-l-lil$. **night watchman** - biyyat pl. -a. nine - tesEud.

nineteen − tse£taš.

ninety - $tes \in in$.

ninth - 1. (ordinal) $tase \mathcal{E}$. 2. (fraction) tusue pl. -at, tsae.

no - la, lla. Do you always have to say no? waš lazem dima tqul lla? **No smoking! memnuE t-tedxin!

nobody - hetta wahed, hetta hedd. Nobody may leave this room. hetta wahed ma-ixrož men had l-bit. --Nobody saw him. ma-šafu hetta hedd. noise - $sda \in pl$. -at.

noisy - (lli) fih ş-şḍa€, (lli) fih l-haraž, mhurež. That's a noisy hadak l-mekteb fih ş-şdaE. office. --What a noisy boy! Ela weld u-ma mhurež.

none - hetta wahed, u-tqul \(\si - \text{wahed.} \) None of my friends would help me. u-tqul ši-wahed men shabi bga i Eawenni. -- None of the women knew anything about it. hetta wehda men le-Eyalat ma-kanet Earfa ši-haža Ela dak š-ši.

**That's none of your business. dak š-šī ma-ši şuqek.

nonsense - txerdil, klam fareg, klam xami.

noodles - fdawe§ (pl.), § $e \in riya$. noon - gda, dhur. The weather cleared l-žuw tșeffa up some around noon. šwiya fe-žwayeh le-įda.

nor - wala. This shop-keeper has neither goods nor money left. mul l-hanut ma-bga-lu la-sel€a wala flus.

normal - Eadi.

normally - fe-l-Eada.

north - Samal. Rabat is north of Casablanca. r-rbat žat f-šamal d-dar l-bida.

northern - šamalı. The northern part of the island was flooded. ž-žiha š-šamaliya de-l-žazira kan fayed \mathcal{E} liha l-ma.

nose - nif pl. nyaf, menxar pl. mnaxer.

nosebleed - tfenžira pl. -t.

not - 1. ma, ma-...-š. I didn't see him yesterday. ma-šeftu-š l-bareh. --He still hasn't done his work.

ma-zal ma-dar l-xedma dyalu. 2. ma-ši. This house isn't good. had d-dar ma-ši mezyana.

note - 1. teEliq pl. taEaliq, mulahada pl. -t. Look at the note at the bottom of the page. Suf l-mulahada lli l-teht fe-l-werga. 2. \$hada pl. -t. He gave me a note for what he still owes me. Etani šhada b-dak š-ši lli ma-zal ka-nsalu.

to take note of - lahed, dda iddi l-bal l-. Haven't you taken note of that? ma-lahedti-š dak š-ši? to note - redd l-bal l-, šaf išuf. Note the difference between

the two. šuf l-ferg binathom b-žuž.

notebook - konnaš pl. knaneš. nothing - walu, hetta haža. There's nothing more for me to do here.

ma-bqa Eendi walu ma ndir hna. nothing but - ma ... gir. They got nothing but bread and water. ma-wşelhom ğir l-xobz u-l-ma.

to notify - ξ lem, suwweq le-xbar l-. November - nuwambir, nuwanbir. now - daba. I have to leave now.

xeşşni nemši daba. --Are you satisfied now? Ela xatrek daba? now and then - safa safa. I hear from him now and then. ka-yewselni

ši-xbar men Eendu saEa saEa.

by now - f-had s-sa&a hadi. really ought to be here by now. f-had s-saEa hadi rah kan lazmu ikun hna.

from now on - men daba l-fuq. From now on, I'll be more careful. men daba l-fuq gad nebda nredd bali šwiya kter.

just now - Ead daba. I talked to him just now. Ead daba thellemt mEah.

up to now - hetta l-daba. hadn't noticed it until now. Eemmri ma-ddit-lha l-ġaya hetta l-daba.

nowadays - had l-iyamat.

nude - Eeryan.

nuisance - musiba pl. -t, msayeb. The flies are a real nuisance this summer. d-debban musiba had s-sif. numb - žamed. My fingers are numb with cold. sebEani žamdin be-l-berd.

number - nemra pl. -t, nmari. to number - nemmer.

nurse - 1. fermliya pl. -t. This nurse works in the hospital that's near our house. had l-fermliya ka-texdem fe-ş-şbitar lli qrib men darna. 2. murebbiya pl. -t. The children are in the park with the

nurse. d-drari rahom fe-l-Eersa m∈a l-murebbiya.

to nurse - 1. qabel. She nursed him back to health. qablettu hetta režeet-lu sehhtu. 2. reddee. Does she nurse the baby herself? was hiya lli ka-treddeE t-terbya? nut - 1. guza pl. -t coll. guz; gerga£a pl. -t coll. gerga£. He's not allowed to eat nuts. $qat \in in$

Elih makelt l-guz. 2. wšek pl. This nut doesn't fit the bolt. $had\ le-w$ šek ma-ža-š qeddl-luleb.

**He's nuts. xaşşu bulun. to go nuts - xrez-lu le-Eqel. If this keeps up, I'll go nuts. had š-ši ila zad tal, gad ixrož-li le-Egel.

oak - šežra de-l-bellut pl. šežrat de-l-bellut, šžar de-l-bellut. oar - meqdaf pl. mqadef. oats - xortal. obedience - ta&a, tu&. obedient - $muti \in$, $taye \in$. to obey - tak itik, ttesmek l-. object - 1. haža pl. hwayež. He was struck on the head with a heavy object. derbuh f-rasu b-ši-haža tqula. 2. qesd pl. qsud. What's the object of that? §nu huwa l-qeşd dyal dak š-ši? 3. murad pl. -at. What do you suppose is his object in doing that? \$-ka-ddenn imken ikun muradu men dak š-ši lli Emel?

to object to - Eared. objection - $mu\mathcal{E}$ arada pl. -t; $man i \mathcal{E}$. He raised no objection. ma-Emel hetta muEarada. --Do you have any objections? Eendek ši-mani E? obligation - wažīb pl. -at. observation -1. tegliba pl. -t coll.

teglab. He was taken to the hospital for observation. le-s-sbitar baš iduwwzuh fe-t-teglab. 2. mulahada pl. -t. What did you gather from his observations? Snu fhemti men

l-mulahadat dyalu? to observe - 1. lahed. Did you observe how she reacted? was lahedti kif-aš Eemlet? 2. tebbeE. Everybody must observe these rules. koll-ši ka-ixessu itebbe∈ had l-qawanin. 3. ra&a. What holidays do you observe? &-men Eyad ka-traEiw?

obstinate - (lli) rasu gaseh. She's very obstinate. rasha qaseh bezzaf.

occupation - 1. xedma pl. -t; senfa pl. -t, sna&i, snaye&. What's

your occupation? Snu hiya sneetek? 2. htilal pl. -at. Where were you during the occupation? fayn konti f-weqt le-htilal?

to occupy - 1. htell. Later on the Americans occupied the town. men beEd l-mirikan htellu le-mdina. sken f-. The house hasn't been occupied for years. snin hadi ma-sken hedd f-had d-dar. 3. dda iddi, xda yaxod. School occupies all of my time. l-medrasa ka-taxod-lı weqti kollu. this seat occupied? was had l-korsi muxud?

to occur - wqeE, hdet. When did the accident occur? fuq-as weqEet l-hadi ta?

**The name occurs twice in this chapter. l-?ism mežbud žuž de-l-merrat f-had l-fesl. ---It just didn't occur to me. ma-tahet-li-\$ f-bali u-kan. -- That would never have occurred to me. Eemmerha ma-kanet džini l-l-bal.

ocean - bher pl. bhur, muhit pl. -at. o'clock - fe-l-magana. The train leaves at seven (o'clock). l-gitar ka-ixrož fe-s-sebEa (fe-l-magana). October - ktuber.

oculist - ṭbib de-l-Eeynin. odd - 1. f-ši-škel. He's an odd person. huwa ražel f-ši-škel. --His behavior struck me as being odd. dak š-ši lli kan ka-yeEmel žani f-ši-škel. 2. ferda pl. fradi. Have you seen an odd glove anywhere? waš šefti ši-ferda de-s-sebbaEat f-ši-maḥell? 3. ferdi. Pick an odd number. xtar ši-nemra ferdiya. odds and ends - hwiyžat, tfitfat. I still have some odds and ends to take care of. ma-zal Eendi

ši-hwiyžat xeşşni nkemmelhom.

of -1. d-, dyal. He's the manager of a big firm. huwa mudir d-wahed š-šarika kbira. --It still tastes of it. ma-zal fih t-tiba dyal dak š-ši. --The sleeves of my coat are wider. le-kmam d-kebbuti Eridin. --Who's the driver of that car? škun huwa s-suwwag dyal dak t-tumubil? 2. men. The watch is made of gold. l-magana msuwwba men d-dheb. -- She's afraid of him. ka-txaf mennu. -- Nothing came of it. ma-tel&et mennha hetta haža. -He's one of us. huwa wahed mennna. 3. f-. I often think of her. ka-nfekker fiha shal men merra. --We lost half of our money. $diyye \in na$ n-ness f-flusna. -He's very tall compared to the other children of his age. huma twil bezzaf be-n-nesba le-d-drari le-xrin f-sennu. --What does that remind you of? f-aš ka-ifekkrek dak š-ši? 4. b-. His father died of a heart attack. bbah mat b-sekta qelbiya. --Can you take care of it? was imken-lek ttkellef biha? -- I've never heard of him. Eemmri ma-smeEt bih. --What is he accused of? b-as methum? 5. (Often translated by the construct state.) And now we're going to enter the gates of the city. u-daba gad ndexlu Ela biban le-mdina.

**What became of them? šnu žra-lhom? --It's five of eight. hadi t-tmenya ğir qşem. --It's a quarter of eight. hadi t-tmenya llareb.

off - men. The ship anchored three kilometers off shore. l-baxira weafet si-tlata de-l-kilumitrat men š-šett. --He knocked the bottle off the table. tiyyeh l-qerea men t-tabla. --The color came off these gloves. had s-sebbaeat mša mennhom lunhom.

**She works off and on. merra ha-hiya xeddama, merra ha-hiya galsa. —June is still three months off. yunyu ma-zal-lu telt šhur. —They're very well off. la-bas &lihom or huma mxuuw&in m&a rashom. —Our maid is off today. l-met&ellma mriyyha l-yum. —The power is off. tteqte&d-duw. —This item has been off the market for a year. had s-sel&a hadi &am ma-&awed dehret fe-s-suq. —I'm going to have a week off soon. ġad n&ettel žem&a men daba šwiya.

--The post office isn't far off. l-buṣṭa ma-b⊱ida-š bezzaf.

to offend - žreh, tiyyru-lu. I hope I haven't offended you. ka-ntmenna ma-nkun-š tiyyertu-lek.

offer - Eerd pl. Eradi. He made me a good offer. qeddem-li Eerd mezyan.

to offer - qeddem l-, Ered Ela. He was offered an excellent position. Eerdu Elih mertaba mezyana.

office - 1. mektab pl. mkateb. You can see me in my office. imken-lek tšufni fe-l-mekteb dyali.

2. ?idara pl. -t; biru pl. -wat. The offices close at five o'clock. l-?idarat ka-išeddu fe-l-xemsa.

**The whole office was invited.

kanu meErudin l-muweddafin kollhom.

officer - dabet pl. dobbat. He was
an officer during the war. kan
dabet f-weqt l-herb.

official - resmi. He paid me an official visit. zarni zyara resmiya.

often - bezzaf. Do you see him often? was ka-tsufu bezzaf?
how often - shal men merra. How often do you go to the movies?
shal men merra ka-temsi le-s-sinima?
oil - zit pl. zyut.

to oil - ziyyet.

ointment - dehna pl. -t. 0.K. = 1. marra. 0 K I'

O.K. - 1. waxxa. O.K., I'll come tomorrow. waxxa, daba nži ģedda.
2. muwafaqa pl. -t. I need his O.K. xessni l-muwafaqa dyalu.
3. f-?aman llah. Everything is O.K. now. koll-ši f-?aman llah daba.
**I'll go along if it's O.K. with

**I'll go along if it's O.K. with you. nemši m£akom ila ža £la xaterkom.

to 0.K. - wafeq Ela. He has to 0.K. it first. xessu iwafeq Eliha beEda.

okra - mluxiyya.

old - 1. qdim pl. qdam. Is this an old model? was hada skel qdim?
2. bali. I've given away all my clothes. hwayži l-balyin seddeqthom. 3. kbir pl. kbar. She is older than her brother. hiya kber men xaha.

**How old are you? *hal f-Eemrek? or *hal Eendek men Eam? --He's as old as the hills. ka-yeEqel Ela *Eedd n-nmel. --That boy has an old head on his shoulder. dak l-weld Eendu r-ras.

to get old - šref. He's begun to

get old. bda išref. old man - Eguz pl. Egayez. old woman - Eguza pl. Egayez. oleander - defla. to omit - heyyed, hdef, zuwwel. on - 1. ξla , fug. Put this on the table. nezzel had š-ši fug t-tabla. 2. Ela. It's a book on animals. hada ktab Eel l-hayawanat. --This is on me. hadi Eliya. 3. b-. Do you sell on credit? ka-tbie be-t-telq? 4. f-. He's on vacation now. $fe-l-\varepsilon otla\ daba$. -On what day? $fe-\check{s}-men\ nhar?$ --Who's on the team? škun fe-l-ferga? --I live on Mohamed V Avenue. ka-neskon f- \check{s} ari ε muhemmed l-xamis. there anything interesting on the radio? kayna ši-haža muhimma fe-l-? $ida \in a$? 5. $\in la$, f-. are your ideas on this subject? šni hiya ?afkarek f-had l-mudu <? 6. men. What do they live on? mn-aš ka-iEišu? 7. mešEul. Is the light on? waš d-duw meš Eul? **Are you open on Friday? was ka-thell nhar ž-žem£a? --I got this on good authority. had \$-\$i sme&tu men mesder shih. house is on fire. d-dar ša&la fiha $l-\varepsilon afya$. —The race is already on. le-msabqa bdat be€da. --What's on for tonight? šnu huwa l-bernamež l-yum fe-l-lil? -- When do you start on your trip? fuq-aš gad tsafer? on and on - bla hsur, bla wquf. That woman talks on and on. dak le-mra ka-tehder bla wquf. once - 1. merra (wehda), xetra (wehda). I've seen him only once. šeftu ģir merra wehda. —He feeds the dog once a day. ka-iwekkel l-kelb merra fe-n-nhar. 2. hadi šhal. This was once the business section. hadi šhal had l-mahell kan huwa l-heyy t-tižari. once before - men qbel, ši-merra men qbel. I've been here once before. kont žit lle-hna ši-merra men qbel. once in a while - merra fe-xta. Once in a while I like to take a long trip. ka-ye&žebni merra fe-xta neεmel ši-sefra twila. once more - Eawed, merra xra. at once - 1. f-merra. Everything happened at once. koll-ši wqeE f-merra. 2. daba, fe-l-hin. Give it to me at once! Etih-li

fe-l-hin!

one - 1. wahed f. wehda pl. wehdin. One of us can buy the tickets. wahed fina imken-lu igetteE le-wraq. —I have only one question. ma-Eendi gir su?al wahed. 2. l-wahed, bnadem. can never know. l-wahed Eemmru ma-iqder yeEref. 3. l-wehda. It's almost one (o'clock). Elayen l-wehda. **That's a tough one! hadakwahed men duk s-seab. -- I prefer the expensive one. nfeddel l-gali fihom. --You're a fine one! walayenni f-ši-škel nta! one at a time - wahed b-wahed f. wehda b-wehda. one of these days - ši-nhar. I'll see him one of these days. daba nšufu ši-nhar. that one - hadak f. hadik pl. haduk. this one - hada f. hadi pl. hadu. onion - besla pl. -t coll. bsel. only - 1. b-wehdu. Am I the only woman here? waš ana b-wehdi lli mra hna? 2. be-l-hegg. I was going to buy it, only he wouldn't let me. kont gad nešrih be-l-heqq ma-xellani-š. 3. ģir. If you could only help me! kun gir mken-lek tEawenni! 4. gir, ma-Eada. This is only for you. had š-ši ģir lilek b-wehdek. --We have only two left. ma-bqaw-lna ma-Eada žuž. 5. gir yallah. I got here only a moment ago. yallah hadi ši-šwiya baš wselt. **He's our only child. huwa l-weld lli Eendna. --She's not only pretty but she's also intelligent. ma-Eendha-š ģir z-zın, zayda Elıh hetta d-daka. open - 1. mehlul, meftuh. He must have come in through the open window. ma-ikun dxel illa men š-šeržem l-mehlul. 2. wagef, metruh. That's still an open question. had s-sugal ma-zal metruh. 3. mužud. Is the job still open? waš dik l-xedma ma-zala mužuda? 4. hall. They're open from nine to six. huma hallin men t-tes Eud le-s-setta. 5. meftug. The seam is open. l-hašya meftuqa. **We're open all day Sunday. ka-nhellu nhar l-hedd kollu. --Why don't you come out in the open and say it? Elaš ma-tqulha-š b-taytay?

--He's always open to reasonable

suggestions. huwa dima ka-ihell

wednih l-le-qtirahat l-meEqula. to open - 1. hell, fteh. Open the door please. hell l-bab Eafak. 2. bda ibda. When does the season open? fuq-aš ģad tebda l-menzla? 3. tthell. The door opens easily l-bab ka-tthell degya degya now. daba.

to open onto - tell $\mathcal{E}la$, tellel Ela. Our bedroom opens onto the garden. bit n-nEas dyalna ka-itelle! Eel l-Eersa.

to open wide - terres. Open the windows wide! terre & s-sražem! opening - 1. teqba pl. tqabi. opening isn't big enough. t-teqba ma-kafya-š. 2. ftitah Were you at the opening of the exhibition? was konti f-le-ftitah de-l-meErid? 3. mude e xawya pl. mwade e xawyin. We'll call you as soon as we have an opening. gir tkun Eendna mudeE xawya nEeyytu-lek.

to operate - 1. šegg, Emel Eamaliya (žirahiya), fteh. The doctor says he'll have to operate. t-tbib qal-lek lazem yeEmel Eamaliya žirahiya. 2. xeddem, mešša. do you operate this machine? kif-aš ka-txeddem had l-makina?

to operate on - $fteh_{l-}$, $šeqq_{l-}$, Emel Eamaliya (žirahiya) l-. The doctor says he'll have to operate on her. t-tbib qal-lek lazem ifteh-lha.

operation - 1. fetha pl. -t, Eamaliya pl. -t. That's her third operation. hadi l-fetha dyalha t-talta. 2. dega pl. -t. One machine does the whole process in a single operation. makina wehda ka-teEmel koll-ši f-degga wehda. 3. xedma. This line was only recently put into operation. had l-xett €ad grib hadi baš daruh l-l-xedma. opinion - 1. nadar, nadariya. In my

opinion it was a waste of time. f-nadari dak š-ši kan tedyi€• l-wegt u-xlas. --I'm of another opinion. Eendi nadariya xra. 2. nasiha pl. -t, $nasa^{9}ih$. We'll have to get the opinion of an expert. gad ıxessna naxdu naşiht ši-wahed mEellem.

opponent - mdadd pl. -in, x s im pl. xosman.

opportunity - 1. fursa pl. -t, furas. When will you have an opportunity to see him? fuq-aš ġad tkun Eendek ši-fursa baš tšufu? 2. munasaba pl. -t. This is a big

opportunity for you. hadi munasaba Eendek ha?ila. opposite - 1. Eeks. That's just the opposite of what I meant. dak š-ši tamam Eeks ma bģit ngul. 2. axor f. xra pl. xrin. He came from the opposite direction. ža men ž-žiha le-xra. 3. qbalt. We live opposite the library. ka-nseknu qbalt l-mekta:= opposition - muEarada pl. -t, muqawama pl. -t. He's joined the opposition. dxel fe-l-muEarada. --The proposal met with unexpected opposition. le-qtirah žber muEarada hetta wahed ma-kan nawi biha.

or - wla, wella, aw. He's coming today or tomorrow. ġa-iži l-yum wella ģedda.

**Hurry up or you'll be late. tleq rașek la-imši ∈lik l-hal. either ... or - ?imma ... ?imma, %imma ... wella. I'll come either today or tomorrow. daba nži ?imma l-yum ?imma ģedda.

Oran - wehran. native of Oran - wihrani, wehrani adj. pl. -yen, n. pl. hel wehran.
orange - 1. limuna pl. -t coll. limun; letšina pl. -t coll. letšin. much are the oranges? be-shal l-letšin? 2. renži. She bought an orange dress. šrat keswa renži. orchard - Eersa pl. -t, Erasi. orchestra - 1. žewą pl. žwaq. Our orchestra is giving twelve concerts this summer. l-žewą dyalna gad yeEmel tnašer hefla had s-sif. 2. sefli pl. sfali. Are there any seats left in the orchestra? ma-zalin ši-mwade Examyin fe-s-sefli? order - 1. ?amr pl. ?awamir. Is this a request or an order? was hada talab wella ?amr? -- I'm just following orders. ma-ana gir mtebbe $\in l$ -?awamir. 2. talab pl. -at.They gave me an order for twelve dozen eggs. Eemlu-li ţalab Ela tnaš-el zīna de-l-bid. 3. nidam. Order was quickly restored. degya ržeć n-nidam. 4. tertib. Please put these papers back in their proper order. Eafak režžeE had le-wraq fe-t-tertib lli kanu fih. 5. gtar pl. gotran. Three orders of fish please. tlata de-l-gotran de-l-hut men fedlek. **Line up in order of height. trettbu Ela hsab tulkom. --I disposed of it in short order. fedditha f-remša de-l-Eeyn.

in order - 1. f-mahellu.

remark is quite in order.

l-mulahada dyalek žat f-mahellha.

2. mneddem. His papers are in order. le-wrag dyalu mneddmin.

in order to - bas. I've come from Fez in order to see you. Sit men fas bas nsufek.

to be out of order - 1. xser.
The fan is out of order. r-ruwaha
xasra. 2. fsed n-nidam. You're
out of order. rak fased n-nidam.

to put in order - neddem, Eeuwet, retteb. I've put everything in order. rani neddemt koll-si.

to order - 1. ?amer. Who ordered you to do this? **Skun lli ?amrek teEmel had **Si? 2. tleb, Eeyyet Ela. Order the taxi for six o'clock. Eeyyet Eel t-taksi le-s-setta.

This is not what I ordered. had **Si ma-*si huwa lli tlebt.

to order around - thekkem f-, Eebba u-žab f-. Stop ordering me around. baraka u-ma nta t€ebbi u-džib fiya.

ordinary - Eadi, meţluq. He's just an ordinary craftsman. huwa gir şnayEi Eadi.

out of the ordinary - xareq l-Eada. His competence is quite out of the ordinary. l-qabiliya dyalu xareq l-Eada bezzaf.

ore - meeden pl. meaden, maeadin.
to organize - neddem, eewwet. The
whole thing was poorly organized.
8-8i kollu kan mneddem men 9aflas
ma ikun.

**I'll have to get my work better organized. ka-ixessni nsid nneddem xdemti šwiya. --We'll call you up as soon as we get ourselves organized. gir nneddem ryusna nderbu-lek t-tilifun.

original - 1. °eșli. The original of this picture doesn't exist any more. t-teșwira l-°eșliya Ela-š muxuda. hadi ma-bqat-š mužuda. 2. luwwel. The original plan was altogether different. l-mešru£ l-luwwel kan fe-škel axor tamamen.

originally - fe-l-luwwel.
orphan - itim pl. itama.

other - axor f. xra pl. xrin. How
do I get to the other side of the
river? kif-aš nduz le-ž-žiha le-xra
de-l-wad? --Do you have any other
books? waš Eendek ši-ktuba
xrin?

**I can't tell one from the other.

ma-ka-ne@ref-s hada men hadak.

--Do you see each other every day?

was ka-ttsawfu koll nhar? --They have to help each other. xesshom it awnu. --The meetings are held every other Sunday. le-stima at ka-ikunu hedd iyeh u-hedd la. --They have nothing to do with each other. ma-binathom walu. --I saw your friend the other day. Seft sahbek dak n-nhar.

ought - xess. You ought to tell him.

xessek tqulha-lu. --He ought to
have written to us. kan xessu
ikteb-lna. --You ought to be
ashamed of yourself. xessek tehfer
hefra u-tterma fiha.

ounce - ness waiya.

out - 1. medfi, dafi. The lights are out. le-dwaw medfiyin. 2. xarez. They were out when we called them. kanu xaržin melli drebna-lhom t-tilifun.

**The raise is definitely out.
z-zyada ma-bqat ka-ittesme Eliha
hess tamamen. —We send our laundry
out. ka-ndef Eu le-hwaye Z dyalna
itsebbnu Ela berra. —The new edition isn't out yet. ma-zala
ma-xer Z et t-teb Ea Z - Z dida. —I've
added it twice and I'm still out
three dirhams. hadi t-tanya men
merra w-ana ka-n me Ele-hsab
u-ma-zal xassani tlata de-d-drahem.
—She's only out for a good time.
ma-Eeyniha gir f-le-mlahya.
—You're an out and out liar. nta
keddab ma-f-we Zh-ek h-ya.

out of - men. He came out of the house. xrež men d-dar. -- I did it out of pity. Emeltha men le-mhenna.

**We're out of this brand.

tgadat-lna had l-Eeyna. --It's too
cold to sit out of doors. l-hal
bared bezzaf Eel le-glas Ela berra.

to outgrow - kber Ela. The children have outgrown their clothes. d-drari kebru Ela hwayežhom.

outlet - mešreb pl. mšareb. The lake has two outlets. d-daya Eendha žuž d-le-mšareb.

**Children must have some outlet for their energies. d-drari la-bodda-lhom men ši-kifiya baš ižahdu.

outline - 1. xett pl. xtut. We could see the outlines of the mountains in spite of the mist. waxxa kanet d-dbaba konna ka-nšufu xtut ž-žbal.

2. mulexxas pl. -at. Have you made an outline of what you're going to say yet? ktebti be da ši-mulexxas d-dak š-ši lli gad tqul wella ma-aal?

outrageous - dalem, met&eddi.
outside - 1. berra. It's cold outside. kayen l-berd berra. 2. xarež
& la. He lives outside the city.
ka-iskon xarež & el le-mdina.
3. xariz. The house looks very
pretty from the outside d-dar
ka-tban mezyana bezzaf men l-xariz.

**I wouldn't trust anyone here outside of you. ma-neémel t-tiqa hetta f-ši-wahed men girek hna.

hetta f-ši-waled men girek hna.

oven - ferran pl. -at, fraren.

over - 1. fuq. Your jacket is hanging
over the chair. kebbutek meelleg
fuq š-šelya. --His office is located over mine. l-mekteb dyalu ža
fuq dyali. 2. Ela. Don't pull the
cover over your head. ma-džbed-š

le-ġta Ela ṛasek.

**When is the show over? fuq-as gad ifeddi l-hefla. —Is it over three kilometers? was zayed Ela tlata de-l-kilumitrat? —The lecture was over my head. l-muhadara kanet Ealya Eliya bezzaf. —I've looked all over gellebt f-koll mude£ or ma-xellit fayn ma-qellebt.—She blushed all over hmaret men rasha hetta l-režliha.

over and over again - merra Ela xetha. He asked the same question over and over again. nefs s-su?al Etah u-Eawdu merra Ela xetha.

to get over - nsa insa. He certainly got over his wife's death quickly. degya degya nsa mut mratu.

to go over - 1. mša imši. I'm going over to his house for an hour or so gad nemši ndumwez Eendu ši-saka fe-d-dar. 2. nžeh. Do you think my play will go over? waš ka-ddenn t-temtiliya dyali ga-tenžeh? 3. ražeć. Let's go over the details once more yallah Eawed nražku t-tafaşil.

overcoat - baltu pl. -yat.

to overcome - tgelleb Ela. She had many difficulties to overcome. kanu Eendha Eadad de-ş-şuEubat ka-ıxeşsha

ttgelleb €lihom.

to overdo - ketter men. I'm allowed to play tennis as long as I don't overdo it. mesmuh-li neleb t-tinis ila ma-kettert-š mennu bezzaf.

**He always overdoes it. dima kaibaleg.

overnight - f-lıla, degya değya. He got rıch overnight rže€ tažer f-lıla.

to stay overnight - bat ibat, duwwez l-lil. I intend to stay there overnight meewwel gad nduwwez l-lil temma.

oversight = nesya pl -t, shu. That
 must have been an oversight. hada
 ma-huwa gir shu.

to oversleep - xmer be-n-nEas, tal itul fe-n-nEas.

to owe - (the creditor is the subject and the debtor the object of the verb sal isal) How much do I owe you? Shal ka-tsalni? --You owe me five dirhams ka-nsalek xemsa de-d-drahem.

**She owes everything to him. dak š-ši lli Eendha kollu b-fedlu huwa.

owl - muka pl. -t.

own - (additional personal pronoun for emphasis) Are these your own things? was had le-hwayez dyalek nta?

**Can I have a room of my own?
was imken-li ikun Eendi bit liya
wehdi? --Then I'll do it on my own
hook. Ela had l-qibal gad ndebber
l-rasi.

on one's own - qadd b-rasu, qayem b-rasu. He's been on his own ever since he was sixteen. melli kanet Eendu settaš-el Eam u-huwa qayem b-rasu

to own - mlek, ksab. Who owns this property? Skun lli malek had l-?erd?

owner - mul pl. mwalin. ox - tur pl. tiran.

oyster - mehhara pl. -t coll. mehhar.

P

pace - mši. I can't keep pace with him ma-ka-neqder-š ntqadd m£ah f-le-mši.

to set the pace - mešša. He sets the pace. huwa lli ka-imešši.

to pace up and down - $tle \in u-hbet$,

mša u-ža. He paced up and down the room. kan fe-l-bit taleć habet.

Pacific (Ocean) - l-muhit l-hadi.

pack - 1. hezma pl. -t, hzami. The donkeys were loaded down with heavy packs. Eemlu hezmat taila l-le-hmir

Ela dherhom. 2. rba£a pl. -t. They went at the food like a pack of hungry wolves. tahu fe-l-makla bhal rba£a de-d-dyab. 3. £erma pl. -t, £rarem, bel£a pl. -t. That's a pack of lies! £erma d-le-kdub hadi.

pack of cards - karta pl. -t, kwaret. Where is the new pack of

cards? fayn l-karta ž-ždida?

to pack - 1. žmeć. Have you packed
your trunk yet? žmećti šanettek
wella ma-zal? --My things are all
packed. hwayži mežmućin. 2. šedd.
These dates were packed in Iraq.
had t-tmer mešdud fe-l-čiraq.
3. reqqed. This fish is packed in
oil. had l-hut mreqqed fe-z-zit.

4. dhes. The station was packed this morning. le-mhetta kanet medhusa had s-sbah.

to pack in - ddahes. We were packed in like sardines. konna meddahsin bhal l-hut.

to pack into - Eerrem. They shouldn't pack us into the train this way. ma-Eendha meEna iEerrmuna fe-l-masina hakda.

to pack up - zmeć qžaqlu. He packed up his things and left. zmeć qžaqlu u-mša.

package - 1. resma pl. -t, rsem, rsami. The mailman brought a package for you. l-ferraq šab-lek wahed r-resma. 2. xenša pl. -t, xnaši. Do you sell the coffee loose or in packages? ka-tbi&u l-qehwa mehlula aw f-le-xnaši?

page - sefha pl. -t. The book is two hundred pages long. le-ktab fih myatayn sefha.

pail - stel pl. stula. Get a pail of water! hezz stel de-l-ma.

pain - hriq, wžeć. I feel a sharp pain in my back. biya hriq kbir f-dehri.

to take pains - t \(\xi \) eddeb, tmerret. She takes great pains with her work. \(ka - t \xi \) eddeb bessaf fe-xdemtha.

painful - 1. (lli) ka-iqesseh. Was the operation very painful? was l-camaliya kanet ka-tqesseh?
2. (lli) ka-iqettee l-qelb,(lli) ka-iqellem. It's painful to watch him. š-šufa fih ka-tqettee l-qelb.

painfully = b-tamara, be-d-dree. Our
progress was painfully slow. konna
yallah ka-nkehzu b-tamara.

paint = sbaġa pl. -t, sbayeġ. The
paint is still wet. s-sbaġa ma-zala
xedra.

to paint - 1. steg. They painted their house white. sebgu darhom

bida. 2. rsem. She paints in oil. ka-tersem be-z-zit.

painter - 1. ressam pl. -a. He's a famous painter. ressam me\u00e4hur hadak.
2. \u00e3ebba\u00e3 pl. -a. The painters will be through with the kitchen by tomorrow. \u00e3-\u00e3ebba\u00e3a \u00e3edda \u00e3ad ikunu salaw \u00e1-metbex.

painting = resm. That's a beautiful
painting. resm mezyan hadak.
pair = zuža pl. -t, zwež. I bought

myself a pair of gloves. Srit l-rași zuža de-ș-șebbe£at.

pair of scissors - mqess, pl. mqusa.

to turn pale - sfar, ržeć sfer. When he heard that, he turned pale. mnayn smeć dak š-ši ržeć sfer.

Palestine - filestin.

Palestinian - filestini. palm - 1. nexla pl. -t coll. nxel.

These palms grow as high as thirty meters. had n-nxel ka-yusel hetta le-tlatin miter d-le-Elu. 2. keff l-idd pl. kfuf l-iddin. My palm is all calloused. keff iddi kollu hreš.

to palm off - zref. He palmed off his old books on me. zref-li duk le-ktuba l-balyen dyalu.

pan - meqla pl. mqali. Did you wash the pots and pans too? gselti hetta t-tnažer u-le-mqali?
pane - saža pl. -t coll. saž.
panic - re€ba pl. -t.

to pant - lhet. He came panting up
the stairs. thee fe-d-druz ka-ilhet.
pantry - bit l-ewla pl. byut l-ewla.
pants - serwal pl. srawel. I have to
have my pants pressed. ka-ixessni
neeti serwali ithedded.

paper - 1. kaģit pl. kwaģet. Do you have a sheet of paper? Eendek ši-werqa de-l-kaģit? 2. werqa pl. -t, wraq. Some important papers are missing. Ši-wraq muhimma ka-ixessu. 3. žarida pl. -t, žara?id. Lhere is today's paper? fayn l-žarida de-l-yum?

metsawyen. Draw a parallel to this

paperweight - qebbata pl. -t.
parachute - mdell pl. mdula.
parade - sticrad pl. -at.
paradise - ženna pl. -t.
paragraph - feqra pl. -t.
parallel - 1. xett metsawi pl. xtut

line. setter xett metsawı mea hada.

2. metsawi. The road runs parallel to the river. t-triq masya metsawya mea l-wad.

paralysis - btel, zhef.

to paralyze - 1. ressem, bettel, qeffed. She's been paralyzed ever since she's had that stroke. men lli neslet fliha dak l-madda u-hiya mressma. 2. hser, weqqef. Traffic was completely paralyzed. ttehser d-dwas u-r-ržuf tamamen.

to be paralyzed - rzem, tqeEEed. I was paralyzed with fear. rzemt be-l-xewf.

parasol - mdell pl. mdula.

parcel - resma pl. rsem, rsami. You forgot your parcels. rak nsiti rsamik.

parcel post - resma baridiya, hesma baridiya. I'm sending it by parcel post. r-ana msifetha-lek f-hesma baridiya.

parcel-post window - mahell l-hesmat
 l-baridiya. Where is the parcelpost window? fayn mahell l-hesmat
 l-baridiya?

pardon = smaha pl. -t. He was refused a pardon. ma-ttgeblet-\$i smahtu.

**I beg your pardon. smeh-li a sidi.

to pardon - 1. smeh, ξfa $ye\xi fi$. The president pardoned him at the last moment. $r-ra^{\gamma}is$ ξfah $f-^{\gamma}axir$ $sa\xi a$. 2. smeh. Pardon me! What time is it, please? smeh-li b-le-fdel mennek, ξhal had $fe-s-sa\xi a$?

to pare - qeššer. Shall I pare an apple for you? nqeššer-lek ši-teffaha?

parents = waldin, (waldi- before possessive pronoun endings).

Paris - bariz.

park - Eersa pl. -t, Erasi.

to park - hser, weggef. You can park your car here. imken-lek tweggef siyartek hnaya.

parlor - salun pl. -at.

parrot - babģiyu pl. babģiyat.

parsley - mednus.

part - terf pl. traf. This little
 screw is a very important part of
 the machine. had l-lwileb terf
 muhimm bezzaf f-had l-makina.

parts - žwaysh. I haven't traveled much in these parts.
ma-şafert-ši bezzaf f-had ž-žwaysh.

for my part, for your part, etc. men žihti, men žihtek, etc. I for my part have no objection. men žihti ana ma-čendi manić.

for the most part - ktir-\$i.
in part - \$i-\$wiya. I agree with
you in part. ana mettafeq m£ak
\$i-\$wiya.
part of the country - žiha

d-le-blad pl. žwayeh d-le-blad. What part of the country do you come from? mnayna žiha d-le-blad nta?

spare part - terf htiyati pl. traf htiyatiya. Can you get spare parts for your car? imken-lek thessel Ela traf htiyatiya

siyartek?

to take part - šarek. Are you
going to take part in the discussion?
ġadi tšarek fe-l-munaqaša?

to take someone's part - xda yaxod rhebt ši-wahed. He always takes his brother's part. dima ka-yaxod rhebt xah.

to part - ttefreq. They parted as friends. ttferqu shab.

to part one's hair - qsem šecru, freq šecru. He parts his hair on the left side. ha-ifreq šecru cell-işer.

to part with - tleq men. I wouldn't part with that book for any price. ma-ntleq-si men dak le-ktab b-?eyy taman.

partial - (lli) ka-ifreq, (lli) ka-yeEmel l-ferz, (lli) ka-yeEmel l-wežhiyat. He tries not to be partial. ka-iḥawel ma-yeEmel-ši l-wežhiyat.

to be partial to - feddel. He's always been partial to his youngest daughter. dima kan ka-ifeddel bentu ş-sgira.

partially - ši-šwiya. You're partially right. meak l-heqq ši-šwiya.

particle = hebba pl. -t, hbub. There
is not a particle of truth in that
story. hebba de-l-haqiqa ma-kayna-ši
f-dak le-hkaya.

particular - 1. tefsil pl. tafaşıl.

For further particulars write to the publishers. ila bğiti tafaşıl kter men had š-ši kteb le-şhab le-mţebea.

2. xaşş, xuşuşi. Is he a particular friend of yours? waš hada şahbek xuşuşi? 3. be-l-xuşuş. This particular dress costs more. had l-lebsa be-l-xuşuş ka-teswa kter. 4. mbeekek. My husband is very particular about his food. ražli mbeekek bezzaf fe-l-makla.

in particular - be-l-xusus. I remember one man in particular. ka-neEqel Ela wahed r-ražel be-l-xusus.

particularly - be-l-xusus, be-l-9axess.

He's particularly interested in science. huwa ka-ihtemm be-l- $^{\circ}axe$ \$\$ be-l- $\in ilm$.

partner - 1. šrik pl. šerkan. My
partner is coming back tomorrow.
šriki ražeć ģedda. 2. saheb pl.
shab. My partner and I have been
winning every game. ana u-sahbi
rbehna f-koll terh.

partridge - hežla pl. -t coll hžel.
party - 1. hizeb pl. ?ehzab. What
party do you belong to? fe-š-men
hizeb nta? 2. medda£i pl.
medda£yen. Neither of the two parties appeared at the session.
ma-dher fe-l-gelsa la-l-medda£i
l-luwel wala t-tani. 3. hefla pl.
-t, hfali. She likes to give
parties. ka-ye£žebha te£mel
l-heflat.

**I won't be a party to that. š-bini u-bin dak š-ši?

pass - 1. triyqa pl. -t. The pass is snowed under in winter. t-triyqa ka-tkun mgettya be-t-telž fe-l-berd.
2. tesrih pl. tsareh. You'll need a pass to get by the gate. ka-ixessek tesrih baš dduz fe-l-bab.

to pass - 1. qbel. The bill was passed unanimously. qeblu d-dahir be-l- $^{\circ}$ ižma£.

2. nžeh f-. Did you pass your examination? waš nžehti fe-mtihanek?
3. daz iduz. The exam was hard, but almost all of us passed. le-mtihan kan sčib, be-l-heqq Elayen koll-ši daz. 4. duwwez, mekkel. Will you please pass the bread? men fedlek mekkel-li l-xobz. 5. qal iqul la. It's your turn, I passed. nubtek, ana qolt la. 6. qtef f-. You passed the red light. rak qtefti fe-d-duw le-hmer. 7. daz iduz Ela. I pass this bank every day. koll nhar ka-nduz Ela had l-benk.

to pass around - duwwer. They passed the tea-pot around. duwwru l-berrad.

to pass away - mat \imath mut. Her mother passed away last week. \imath mmaha matet \check{z} - \check{z} em ε a l-fayta.

to pass by - daz iduz hda. He passed right by me without seeing me. daz hdaya u-ma-šafni-š.

to pass judgment on - hkem Ela.

Don't pass judgment too quickly on him. ma-tehkem-ši Elih degya.

to pass out - sxef. A lot of people passed out from the heat. bezzaf de-n-nas sexfu be-s-sehd.

to pass sentence - hkem, qerrer le-hkam. The court will pass sen-

tence today. l-meh'rama \dot{g} ad te \dot{h} kem l-yum.

to pass through -- 1. qtet men. You can't pass through here. ma-imken-lkom-s tqettu men hna.
2. duwwez men. Pass the rope through here. duwwez t-twal men hna.

to pass up - menneé. You ought not to pass up an opportunity like that. ma-xessek-ši tmenneé fursa hakdak.

to be passed - daz iduz. The buckets were passed from man to man s-stula dazu men ražel l-ražel.

passable = dayes. This work is passable. had l-xedma daysa.

passage - 1. medwez pl. mdawez, nbeh pl. nbuha. He had to go through a dark passage. la-bodda kan baš iduz men wahed n-nbeh medlam.

2. qet&a pl. -t, qta&i. He read us an interesting passage from his book. qra &lina wahed l-qet&a muhimma men ktabu. 3. sefra pl. -t. I've made the passage eight times. &melt dak s-sefra tmenya de-l-merrat.

passenger = msafer pl. msafrin.
passer-by = wahed dayes pl. daysin.
A passer-by must have picked it up.
ši-wahed dayes rah rfedha.

passing - 1. mut. The whole nation mourned his passing. le-blad kollha heznet l-mutu. 2. (lli) ka-iduz, dayez. That's just a passing fancy with her. hada gir hal ka-iduz Eliha. 3. metwesset. I got passing grades in all my subjects. qbett nuqat metwessta fe-l-mawadd kollha.

in passing - ?vyyeh beEda. In passing I'd like to say that ... ?iyyeh beEda, bgit nqul-lek billa... passion - wlaEa pl. -t. He has a passion for music. Eendu wlaEa de-l-musiqa.

past - 1. madi, zman. That's a thing of the past. had š-ši dyal l-madi.
2. fayet, lli daz, lli fat. Where were you this past week? fayn konti ž-žem≤a l-fayta? 3. (lli) daz. The worst part of the trip is past.

?afles taraf de-ṣ-ṣfer daz.

**It's five minutes past twelve.
hadi t-tnaš u-qṣem. --It's twenty
minutes past twelve. hadi t-tnaš
u-tulut. --I wouldn't put it past
him. ma-nkeddbu-š. --It's way
past bedtime. teeddina weqt n-neas
lhih.

in the past - men qbel, bekri.

That has often happened in the past.

dak š-ši kan sa£a sa£a ka-yuqe£ men

to walk past - daz iduz hda, daz iduz qeddam. He walked right past me without seeing me. daz qeddami u-ma-šafni-š.

paste - ġra pl. -t, leṣqa pl. -t. I'll have to buy some paper and paste. ġad ixeṣṣni nešri l-kaġiţ u-le-ġra.

to paste - lesseq. Paste these labels on the jars. lesseq had le-btayeq Eel l-Eelbat.

pastime - mlahya pl. -t, mlahı. pastry - helwa pl. -t, hlawi.

pasture - meréa pl. mraéi, merteé pl. mrateé. Are the cows still in the pasture? ma-salin le-bger fe-l-meréa?

to pat - 1. tebbel. He patted him encouragingly on the shoulder. tebbel-lu & la ketfu u-šežžću.
2. melles & la. She patted the dog. mellset & el l-kelb.

patch - req&a pl. -t, rqa&i. I'll have to put a new patch on. xessni ne&mel req&a xra. 2. želda pl. -t, žlud. He wore a patch over his eye for days. modda u-huwa &amel želda &la &eynih.

to patch - reqqeE. Mother patched my trousers. **mi reqqEet-li serwali.
**Have they patched up their quarrel yet? tsalhu wella ma-zalin?

patent - roxsa pl. -t. I've applied
for a patent on my invention.
 qeddemt talab l-roxsa l-le-ktišaf
 dyali.

path - triyqa pl. -t. A narrow path leads to the river. wahed t-triyqa dwiyqa ka-teddi l-l-wad.

patience - sber.

patient - 1. mrid pl. merda. How's
 the patient today? kif-en huwa
 le-mrid l-yum? --There were two
hundred patients in the hospital
 at that time. kanu myatayn
 de-l-merda fe-l-mustešfa f-dak
 l-weqt. 2. sebbar. He's very
 patient. huwa sebbar bezzaf.

patriot = watani pl. -yin.
patrol = Eessa pl. -t. We sent a patrol to reconnoiter. sifetna
l-Eessa l-temma le-t-tehqiq.

to patrol - Eess, hda yehdi. A policeman patrols these streets all night long. kayen sorti ka-iEess Ela had z-znaqi l-lil kollu.

pattern - 1. Skel pl. Skal, Skula; suwaqa pl. -t. This rug has a pretty pattern. had z-zerbiya fiha suwaqa mezyana. 2. fşala pl. -t. Where did you get the pattern for your dress? mnayn xditi le-fşala de-ksuwtek?

pause - raha pl. -t, modda de-r-raha pl. moddat de-r-raha. After a short pause the speaker continued. men be∈d wahed l-modda qsira de-r-raha, nad l-muhadir ikemmel.

to pave - gesses. Our street has been paved. gesssu zengetna.

pavement - geşş pl. gşeş. The pavement is very bumpy. l-geşş mheffer bezzaf.

paw - kref pl. kwaref, ržel pl. režlin.
The dog has hurt his paw. l-kelb
tqesseh f-kerfu.

pawn - bideq pl. byadeq. You've already lost four pawns. mšaw-lek beëda rebēa d-le-byadeq.

pay - xlaş pl. -at, iğara pl. -t. How is the pay on your new job? kif-en huwa le-xlaş fe-xdemtek z-zdida?

to pay - 1. dfeć. How much did you pay for your car? šhal dfećti f-siyartek? 2. xeļļes. I would like to pay my bill. bģit nxeļļes hsabi. 3. qda iqdi, xerrež. That doesn't pay. dak š-ši ma-ka-iqdi šay.

**You couldn't pay me to do that. waxxa tekrini ma-ndir-lek-ši dak š-ši.

to pay back - redd. I'll pay you back the ten dirhams on Monday. daba nredd-lek $l-\mathcal{E}e\Sra$ de-d-drahem nhar t-tnayn.

to pay for - 1. ?edda Ela. We had to pay for it dearly. walayenni šnu ?eddina Eliha. 2. dfeE f-, šra išri. How much did you pay for your car? be-šhal šriti siyartek?

to pay for itself - xelles rasu. This machine will pay for itself in five months. had l-makina f-xems shur txelles rasha.

to pay off - kemmel b-le-xlas. He paid off all his debts. kemmel d-dyunat lli Elih kollha b-le-xlas.

to pay up - kemmel b-le-xlas. In a month I'll have it all paid up. men daba sher nkun kemmeltha kollha b-le-xlas.

payment - 1. xlas pl. -at. We request prompt payment. ka-nţelbu le-xlas ikun mcežžel. 2. iţra pl. iţari.

l-qadıya ma-zala

I still have three more payments to make on this car. ma-zal xeşşni nxelles tlata d-l-itari f-had s-siyara. pea - želbana pl. -t coll. želban. peace - 1. salam. Our goal is lasting peace. ġaytna hiya s-salam d-dayem. 2. raha pl. -t. He doesn't give me any peace. ma-ka-ye€tini hetta raha. peaceful - mhedden. Everything is so peaceful around here. koll-ši mhedden hna. peach - xuxa pl. -t coll. xux. peacock - tawes pl. twas. peak - raș pl. ryuș. We climbed to the peak of the mountain. hetta l-raș ž-žbel. peanut - kawkawa pl. -t coll. kawkaw. pear - ngașa pl. -t coll. ngaș. pearl - žuhra pl.-t coll žuher. peasant - fellah pl. -a. pebble - heswa pl. -t coll. hsa, hžira pl. -t. peculiar - ġrib pl. ġrab. He's a peculiar fellow. ražel grib hadak. peel - qešra pl. -t, qšur. These oranges have a thick peel. l-letšin qšertu ģļida. to peel - 1. geššer. I have to peel the potatoes. ka-ixessni ngeššer le-btata. 2. tgeššer, tar ițir My skin is peeling. žledti ka-ttgeššer. to peel off - tar itir, tgelleE. The whitewash is peeling off the ceiling. l-gebş ka-itqelle€ men s-sqef. peep - 1. hess. I don't want to hear another peep out of you. ma-nebģi-ši nEawed nesmeE hessek. 2. tetlila pl. -t. Take a peep into the room. Emel Si-tețlila fe-l-bit. to peep - tellel. He was peeping through the hole in the wall. kan itellel men t-taga lli fe-l-hit. peeved - (lli) tar-lu, (lli) ttenger. She was peeved about the remark you made. kanet ttnegret men l-mulahada lli Emelti. pen - 1. riša pl. -t. This pen scratches. had r-riša ka-tšentef. 2. qfez pl. qfuza. We'll have to build a larger pen for the chickens.

gad ixeşşna nşuwwbu qfez kber men

penalty - $\xi uquba$ pl. -t. The penalty

is ten years' imprisonment.

l-Euguba Eešr snin de-l-hebs.

pending - meelleq. The matter is

pencil – q lam (d-le-xfif) pl. q luma

hada le-d-džaž.

(d-le-xfif).

pennyroyal - fliyu. pension - sila pl. -t; $\%i\epsilon$ ana pl. -t; heqq t-taqa€ud. He gets a pension from the government. ka-iqbet şila men Eend l-hukuma. to pension - geffed. They pensioned him last year. qeEEduh Eam people - 1. nas. Were there many people at the meeting? kanu bezzaf de-n-nas f-le-žtima ? 2. še Eb pl. šuEub. Can you name the most important peoples of Asia? tegder tsemmi-li ?ahemm š-šuEub d-?asya? **pep -** quwa pl. -t; hamas. Where do you get your pep? mnayn ka-džik had l-quwa? --He's full of pep today. kollu hamas l-yum. to pep up - sexxen, hemmes. need something to pep me up. xessni ši-haža themmesni. pepper - ibsar. per - l_{-} . How much are these eggs per dozen? be-šhal had l-bid le-z-zina? **per cent** = f - le - mya. The cost of living has risen ten per cent. le-m£iša zadet Eešra f-le-mya. perfect - 1. kamel. Nothing is perfect. hetta haža ma-kamla. 2. Eažib, mumtaz. He speaks perfect French. ka-itkellem fransawiya Eažiba. to perfect - hessen, ziyyen. They haven't perfected the method yet. ma-zalin ma-hessnu t-tariqa. perfectly - 1. tamamen. He was perfectly satisfied. kan ferhan tamamen. 2. huwa hadak, hiya hadik. He did it perfectly the first time. Emelha hiya hadik nub l-luwla. to perform - 1. qam iqum b-. Who performed the operation? * Skun lli qam be-l-Eamaliya? 2. mettel, lEeb, qam iqum b-. The actors performed the most difficult roles. l-mumettilin mettlu ?esEeb ?edwar kayna. performance - temtil pl. tmatel. you enjoy the performance? Eežbek t-temtil? perfume _ Eter pl. Etur. perhaps _ imken. **period** ~ 1 . modda pl. -t. He worked here for a short period. xdem hnaya wahed l-modda qşira. 2. fet_{ra} pl. -t. It's the most interesting period in American history. hadi ?ahemm fetra f-tarix ?amirika. 3. nuqta pl. -t, nuqat;

still pending.

m£ellaa.

weqfa pl. -t. You forgot to put a period here. nsiti ma-Emelti-\$ nuqta hnaya.

perjury - hent.

to commit perjury - hennet raşu. She committed perjury. henntet raşha.

permission - roxsa pl. -t, tesrih pl.
 tsareh. Did you get his permission?
 šedditi r-roxsa men Eendu?

permit = roxsa pl. -t; tesrih pl.
 tsareh. You need a permit to play
 tennis here. ka-ixessek roxsa bas
 tel&ab t-tinis hnaya.

to permit - smeh. I can't permit that. ma-neqder-\$i nesmeh b-had \$-\$i. --No one is permitted to enter this building. hetta wahed ma-mesmuh-lu idxol l-had l-Eimara.

perpendicular - Emudi, waqef. Persia - blad l-fors.

Persian - farisi pl. -yin, fors.

person - 1. siyed pl. sadat, ražel

pl. ržal, ?insan pl. nas. What sort

of person is he? kif Eamel dak

s-siyed? 2. siyda pl. -t; ?anisa

pl. -t. She's a nice person. siyda

mezyana hadik.

**Please deliver this to him in person. b-le-fdel mennek weşşel-lu had š-ši l-iddih. _-The king was there in person. l-malik b-raşu kan temma.

per person - le-r-ras. They paid three dirhams per person. xellsu tlata de-d-drahem le-r-ras.

personal - šexsi. He would like to discuss a personal matter with youbga itkellem m£ak Ela ši-qadiya šexsiya.

**He asks too many personal questions. ka-idxol fe-d-dwaxel bezzaf.

personality = &exsiya pl. -t.

personnel = xeddama, muweddafin (pl.).
We don't have enough personnel.
ma-fendna-\$ l-xeddama kafyen.

to persuade - quet. He persuaded me to go. quetni baš nemši.

pest - takun pl. twaken.

to pester - bessel Ela, teqqel Ela.

He's pestering me with his questions! ka-iteqqel Eliya
be-l-9as9ila dyalu.

pestle - idd l-mehraz pl. iddin le-mharëz. Mortar and pestle. l-mehraz w-iddu.

pet - 1. hayawan pl. -at. We're not allowed to keep pets in our apartment. ma-mesmuh-lna-š ndexxlu l-hayawanat le-skentna. 2. Eziz pl. Ezaz. She's her mother's pet. hiya le-Eziza Eend îmha.

to pet - feššeš. She's always been petted by everyone. koll-ši kan dima mfeššešha.

pet name - kenya pl. -t; kniya pl. -t.
Don't call me pet names.

ma-tEeyyet-li hetta b-kenva. netition = Earida pl. -t. Why

petition = Earida pl. -t. Why don't
you get up a petition? Elas
ma-tsuwwbu-si si-Earida?

to petition - qeddem Earida. We petitioned the mayor for a new school. qeddemna Earida l-l-baša Ela medrasa Edida.

pharmacy - ṣaydaliya pl. -t. Pharmacies in Morocco don't carry refreshments. ṣ-ṣaydaliyat fe-l-meġrib
ma-ka-ibiću-š l-meṣrubat.

phone - tilifun pl. -at.

to phone - Emel t-tilifun, Eeyyet fe-t-tilifun. Did anybody phone? Eeyyet \$i-wahed fe-t-tilifun?

phonograph - funu pl. -yat, makina de-t-tbasel pl. -t de-t-tbasel.

photograph - teswira pl. -t, tsawer. The wall was just covered with photographs and paintings. l-heyt kan mžellet be-t-tsawer u-l-lwah.

to photograph - summer. Have you photographed the statue? summerti t-timtal?

photographer - muşuwir pl. -in.
physical - žismi, badani. Avoid
every physical exertion. lli fiha
t-ta&ab l-žismi kollha be&&ed mennha.
physical exercise - haraka badaniya
pl. -t badaniya.

physician - tbib pl. tebba.

physics - l-fiziya?. Nuclear physics has become very important since the war. l-fiziya? n-nawawiya režeet muhimma bezzaf men l-herb l-le-hna. piano - byanu pl. -yat.

pick - fas pl. fisan. The men were carrying picks and shovels. r-ržal kanu rafdin l-fisan u-l-balat.

**I have three apples, take your pick. Eendi tlata de-t-teffahat, xud lli Eežbettek fihom.

to pick - 1. žna ižni. All the ripe grapes have been picked. l-Eineb lli tab kollu žnaweh.

2. xewwer. Don't pick your teeth! ma-txewwer-š fe-snanek!

3. xter. picked the one that pleased me. xtert lli Eežbetni.

4. treš.

Someone has picked this lock.

ši-wahed treš had l-ferxa.

to pick to pieces - ma-xella ma qal f-. They picked him to pieces. ma-xellaw ma qalu fih.

to pick on - žbed, žbed f-, negger Ela. He's been picking on

me all day. n-nhar kollu u-huwa ka-inegger Eliya.

to pick out - xter. He picked out a very nice gift for his wife. xter hdiya mesyana l-mertu.

to pick up - 1. rfed, legget.

Please pick up the paper from the floor. Eafak rfed had l-kagit men l-gerd. 2. hezz. They picked up three girls on the road. hezzu tlata d-le-bnat fe-t-triq.

3. hessel, legget. The police picked up several suspects. l-bulis hesselu Eadad de-l-methumin.

4. teellem degya. I picked up quite a bit of Italian on my trip. degya teellemt xir llah de-t-talyanıya fe-ş-şefra dyali.

pickle - xyara mreqqda pl. xyarat
mreqqdat coll. xyar mreqqed.

**He's in a pretty pickle now. walayenni rah f-wahed l-hesla.

to pickle - requed, Emel le-mrequed. Did you do any pickling this year? requedtiw had l-Eam? picnic - nsaha pl. -t, nsayeh. picture - l. teswira pl. tsawer.

They have some beautiful pictures for sale. Eendhom \$i-tsawer mesyanin l-l-bie. 2. sura pl. suwar, nedra pl. -t. I have to get a clear picture of it first. ka-ixessni beeda naxod nedra wadha Eliha. —He gave you a false picture of it. Etak nedra qbiha Eliha.

pictures - sinima. She's been in pictures since she was a child. melli kanet sgira u-hiya fe-s-sinima.

to take a picture of - summer.
to have one's picture taken tsummer. I haven't had my picture
taken in years. hadi sinin
ma-tsummert.

to picture - 1. summer, wsef.
This book pictures life a thousand years ago. had le-ktab ka-isummer l-hayat dyal hadi ?alef &am.
2. txeyyel, tsummer. I can't quite picture you as a politician.
ma-neqder-\$i tamamen ntxeyylek siyasi.

piece - 1. terf pl. traf. May I have a piece of cake? imken-li naxod ši-terf de-l-helwa? 2. qet&a pl. -t. What is the name of the piece the orchestra is playing? smiyt had l-qet&a lli ka-idreb l-žewq?

**I gave him a good piece of my mind. ll: &ta llah qoltu-lu.

to fall to pieces - tah itih be-t-traf. The book is falling to pieces. le-ktab ka-itih be-t-traf.
to go to pieces - tqettee traf.
She went completely to pieces when she heard the news. melli semeet le-xbar tqetteet traf tamamen.

to do piecework - xdem be-l-qeffa.

pier - 1. mun pl. mwan. We were standing on the pier, waiting for the boat. konna waqfın fe-l-mun ka-ntsennaw l-baxira. 2. sarya pl. -t, swari. The bridge rests on four piers. l-qentra waqfa Ela reb£a de-s-swari.

pig - helluf pl. htalef.

pigeon - hmama pl. -t coll. hmam.

pile - 1. rhiga pl. -t rhames: sarya

pigeon - imama pl. -t coll. imam.

pile - 1. rkisa pl. -t, rkayes; sarya

pl. -t, swari. The bridge is built

on piles. l-qentra medniya Eel

r-rkayes. 2. Eerma pl. -t, Eerram

pl. Erarem. What am I going to do

with that pile of books? \$-\text{gad}

neEmel b-dak l-Eerma d-le-ktub?

3. qetta pl. qtet; sebbala pl. -t.

That's a pile of money! sebbala

d-le-flus hadi!

to pile - Eerrem. Pile these books on the desk until I come. Eerrem le-ktub Eel le-mketba hetta nži.

to pile up - terrem. My debts are piling up. d-dyanut-ka-tterrem Eliya.

pillar - sarya pl. -t, swari. A large
 pillar blocked my view of the stage.
 sarya kbira žat mderrqa-li l-mesrek.
pillow - mxedda pl. -t, mxadd; xeddiya
 pl. -t, xdadi.

pillowcase - ġlaf l-xeddiya pl. ġlafat le-xdadi.

pilot - 1. tiyyar pl. -a; (lli) kaisug t-tiyyara. He's the pilot of
a mail plane. huwa ka-isug wahed
t-tiyyara de-l-barid. 2. rayes pl.
ruyas. That ship is waiting for
the pilot. had l-baxira ka-ttsenna
rayesha.

pimple - demmala pl. -t, dmamel.
pin - fenta pl. -t, fnati. She stuck
herself with a pin. tekket rasha
b-fenta. 2. šuka pl. -t, šwek.
She wore a silver pin. kanet
m&ellqa šuka de-n-noqra.

to pin - 1. lesseq. The two men were pinned under the overturned auto. r-ržal b-žuž kanu mlessqin teht s-siyara lli ttqelbet.

2. terreb. She pinned a flower on her dress. terrbet werda Ela ksuwtha. Let me pin (up) the hem first. xellini nterreb t-tehziz beEda.

**We couldn't pin him down to any-

thing definite. ma-qderna nxerržu mennu hetta haža bayna.

pinch - šwiya, şbiye£. Add a pinch of salt to the soup. zid ši-şbiye£ d-le-mleh f-le-hrira.

in a pinch - f-sa£t l-haža, f-sa£t z-ziyar. You can always count on him in a pinch. imken-lek t£edd £lih f-sa£t z-ziyar.

to pinch 1. qres. Don't pinch!
ma-teqres-\$! 2. ziyyer. Where does
the shoe pinch? fayn mziyyer
s-sebbat? 3. sheq. I got my finger pinched in the door. sheqt
seb&i fe-l-bab.

pineapple - anana pl. -t. (not used
 with art.).

pinetree - snubra pl. -t coll. snuber. These pine trees are almost fifty years old. had s-snubrat Elayen fe-Emerhom xemsin Eam. pink - werdi, fanidi.

pious - meddiyyen.

pipe - 1. žećba pl. -t, žćeb. The pipe has burst. ž-žećba tfergćet.

2. sebsi pl. sbasa. He smokes a pipe. ka-ikmi s-sebsi.

to pipe - tellet. We pipe our water from a spring. ka-ntelltu l-ma dyalna men wahed l-teyn. pistol - ferdi pl. frada; kabus pl.

kwabes.

pit - 1. hefra pl. -t, hfari; huwta

pl. -t, hwet. Nobody was in the pit
when the explosion occurred. hetta
wahed ma-kan fe-l-hefra melli žat
t-tfergića. 2. Edem pl. Edam,
Eduma. Don't swallow the pit.
ma-tebleć-š le-Edem.

pitch = Eelk pl. Eluk; zeft, rzina.
Pitch is used for paving roads.
z=zeft ka-ixeddmuh fe-nžir t-tergan.

to pitch - 1. degg. Where shall we pitch the tent? fayn gad ndeggu l-xeyma? 2. siyyeb, lah iluh. Pitch me the ball. luh-li l-kura. to pitch in - Eta d-derk. We pitched right in. degya Etina

d-derk.

pitch-dark - medlam bezzaf. It was

pitch-dark when we came home. kan

l-hal medlam bezzaf mnayn wşelna

pitch-dark when we came home. kan l-hal medlam bezzaf mnayn wşelna le-d-dar.

pitcher - gorraf pl. graref.

pitiable - (lli) ka-išeffi. He played a pitiable role. Leeb wahed d-dur ka-išeffi.

pitiful - (lli) ka-išeffi, (lli) kaiqette∈ l-qelb. That was a pitiful
sight. mender kan ka-iqette∈
l-qelb.

pity - mhenna. She took pity on him.

žatha le-mhenna \in lih.

**It's a pity you can't come. be-l-9asaf ma-imken-lek- δ dži.

to pity - šfeq men hal. She doesn't want to be pitied. ma-ka-tebģi hedd išfeq men halha.

I pity you, I pity him, etc. - ka-teezz Eliya, ka-ieezz Eliya, etc. I pity them. ka-ieezzu Eliya.

place - mude { pl. mwade { ; mahell pl.
 -at. Please put it back in the same
 place. llah ixellik reddu f-nefs
 l-mahell.

in place of - f-Eewd, fe-Ewad.

May I have another book in place of this one? imken-li naxod ktab axor f-Eewd hada?

in the first place - ra beEda. In the first place we can't leave until tomorrow. ra beEda ma-nqedru nemšiw hetta l-gedda.

to be out of place - men gir mahell, xarež l-muwduć. Your remark was out of place. l-mulahada dyalek xarža l-muduć.

to put in one's place - werrah darhom. Somebody ought to put him in his place. xess lli gad iwerrih darhom.

to place - 1. nezzel, Emel. They placed that table in the bedroom. dak t-tebla nezzluha f-bit n-nEas.

2. Eqel Ela. I've met him before, but I can't place him. tEareft mEah men qbel, walakin ma-ka-neEqel-\$Elih. 3. weddef, Zber xedma l-.
We have placed all of our graduates. l-metxerržin dyalna kollhom Zberna-lhom xedma.

plain - 1. metlug. They're plain people. huma nas metlugin.

2. meewwet. We have a plain home. Eendna dar meewwta. 3. metlug mserreh. To put it in plain language... l-hasil b-hedra metluga mserrha... 4. daher. It's quite plain that he's only after money. daher daba ma-bih gir le-flus.

5. tamm. I told him the plain truth. qolt-lu l-haqiqa t-tamma.

**It's as plain as the nose on your face. had \$-\$i bayen Eayen or had \$-\$i bhalu bhal t-tur le-bleq.

plan - 1. rsem pl. rsuma. The plans for the new house are ready. r-rsuma de-d-dar ž-ždida waždin. 2. bernamež pl. baramiž; mešruž -at. Have you made any plans yet for the future?

Emelti ši-mešru€at l-l-mesteqbal aw ma-zal?

to plan - 1. heyye?, neddem. Our trip was carefully planned. sfertna kanet mheyy?a be-l-qa€ida. 2. ?emmel, Eewwel. Where do you plan to spend the summer? ka-tEewwel dduwwez s-sif? 3. neddem. He doesn't know how to plan his time. *ma-ka-ye∈ref-*š ineddem wegtu.

**On the salary I get, I have to plan very carefully. xessni l-?užra lli ka-negbed ngadedha be-l-qa€ida.

to plan on - Eewwel Ela, Eedd Ela, hseb $\mathcal{E}la$. You'd better not plan on that. gir ma-teewwel-s Ela dak š-ši.

plane - 1. tiyyara pl. -t, tyayer. What sort of a plane is it? kif Eamla hadik t-tiyyara? 2. mustawa pl. -yat, daraža pl. -t. The discussion was not on a very high plane. l-mustawa de-l-mudakara ma-kan-ši Eali bezzaf. 3. melsa pl. -t, mlasi. I borrowed a plane from the carpenter. selleft l-melsa men Eend n-nežžar.

to plane - melles. These boards have to be planed. had l-xesbat kaixesshom itmellsu.

plant - 1. ģers (coll.); nabat pl. -at. I water the plants every day. ka-nesqi l-gers koll nhar. me∈mel pl. mEamel. The manager showed me around the plant. l-mudir sarani l-me€mel.

to plant - gres. We planted flowers in our garden. greşna l-werd fe-žnanna.

plaster - gebs. The plaster on the wall is all cracked. l-gebs de-l-heyt kollu mešquq.

plaster cast - lbixa pl. -t, lbayex; melzem pl. mlazem. Her arm still has a cast on it. ma-zala fiha l-lbixa.

to plaster - gebbes. Have they finished plastering the walls yet? gebbşu le-hyut wella ma-zalin? plasterer – gebbaş pl. –a.

plate - 1. gtar pl. getran, getra; tebsil pl. tbasel. There's a crack in the plate. le-gtar fih šeqqa. 2. luha pl. -t, lweh. The illustration is on Plate Three. ra t-teswira fe-l-luḥa reqm tlata. 3. fomm rumi pl. fmam rumiyen. I didn't know she wore a plate. ma-kont-\$i ka-neEref billa Eendha fomm rumi.

platform - 1. nbeh (le-mhetta) pl.

nbuha (d-le-mhettat). Let's meet on the platform. ntlagaw fe-n-nbeh (d-le-mhetta). 2. bernamež pl. baramiz. The two parties agreed on a common platform. l-9ehzab b-žužttafqu Ela bernamež wahed. 3. minessa pl. -t. The speakers

were seated on the platform. l-muḥadirin kanu galsın €el l-minessa.

platter - ģţar pl. ģeţran, ģeţra; tebsil pl. tbasel.

play - 1. $le\xi b$. The children are completely absorbed in their play. d-drari xaydin f-leEbhom. 2. riwaya pl. -t. Are there any good plays in town? kaynin ši-riwayat mesyanin f-le-mdina?

to play - 1. leeb. The children are playing in the garden. d-drari rahom ka-ileEbu fe-l-Eersa. 2. dreb. He plays the violin very well. idreb kamanža mezyan bezzaf. 3. leeb dur, gam b-dur. He played

Hamlet last night. qam b-dur Hamlet l-bareh.

to play a joke (or trick) - $l \xi e b$ dur, tlaha. He played a joke on me. leeb Eliya dur.

to play around - tmelleg. You've been playing around long enough. iwa tbarek llah u-ma nta ttmelleg.

to play fair with - tEamel mezyan mEa, ssensef mEa. He really didn't play fair with me. ma-t Eamel-\$ mEaya mezyan.

played out - mehdud, meshut. After a hard day's work he's all played out. men beEd nhar mežhed de-l-xedma ka-iruh mehdud.

player - leEEab pl. -a. One of the players got hurt during the game. wahed men l-le&Eaba ttqas fe-l-le&b.

plea - talab pl. -at. He ignored my plea. ma-ddaha-š f-talabi.

plead - twessel. She pleaded with him not to go. twesslet-lu baš ma-imši-š.

to plead guilty - gerr b-denbu. Do you plead guilty? ka-tgerr b-denbek?

pleasant - 1. ltif pl. ltaf. a pleasant lady. mra ltifa hadik. 2. ltif pl. ltaf; ha?il. We spent a rather pleasant evening there. duwwezna teqsira ha?ila temma.

**It isn't pleasant for me to have to do this. ma-ši mezyan-li ndir had š-ši bezz menni. --Good-by! u-triq s-slama!

please - Eafak, pl. Eafakom; men fedlek, pl. men fdelkom. Please

shut the door. Eafak šedd l-bab. to please - 1. Ežeb, ža iži. How does this please you? kif žak had š-ši? or waš Eežbek had š-ši? 2. rda irdi. He's hard to please. $\xi \in ib$ irdih l-wahed. 3. $xella \in la$ xatru. You can't please everybody. ma-imken-lek-š txelli koll wahed Ela xatru. 4. bģa ibģi. Do as you please. dir kif tebģi. kan

**He was pleased with that.

ferhan b-dak š-ši.

pleasing - ltif pl. ltaf. She has a very pleasing voice. Eendha sut ltif.

pleasure - 1. našat, mlaga. He never combines business with pleasure. Eemmru ma-ka-ix: | let l-xedma mEa n-našat. 2. farah, našat. It will be a pleasure to have you visit us. gad ikun Eendna farah kbir ila žiti dzurna.

pleat - tenya pl. -t. Do you want the dress with or without pleats? bģiti l-keswa be-t-tenyat aw blaš?

to pledge - 1. hellef. He pledged me to secrecy. rah hellefni baš nxebbe & s-serr. 2. wa Eed, gawel. I pledged fifty dirhams to the Red Crescent. watedt l-hilal le-hmer b-xemsin derhem.

plenty - bezzaf. You have plenty of time. Eendek bezzaf de-l-wegt.

pliers - leggat pl. lgaget. I need a hammer and (a pair of) pliers. xessni mterqa u-leqqat.

plot - 1. terkib pl. -at. The story l-qişşa has an interesting plot. Eendha terkib muhimm. 2. mu?amara pl. -t. The plot was discovered in time. l-mu?amara heslet fe-l-weqt. to plot - t? amer. They plotted against the government. $t^{9}amru$

dedd l-hukuma. plow - mehrat pl. mharet. You need a heavier plow. xessek mehrat tqel men hada.

to plow - hret. I'll need all day to plow this field. xessni n-nhar kollu baš nehret had l-feddan.

to pluck - ntef. Have you plucked the chicken yet? nteft: d-džaža wella ma-zal?

plum - berguga pl. -t coll. bergug. plumber - qzadri pl. -ya; qwadsi pl. -ya.

plural - žem£.

plus - u. Five plus seven is twelve. xemsa u-seb€a, ṭnaš.

pocket - žib pl. žyub. Put this in your pocket. Emel had š-ši f-žibek. to pocket - Emel f-žibu, tebb.

His partner pocketed all the profits. şahbu tebb r-rbeh kollu. pocketbook - bestam pl. bsatem. pocketknife - msiyyes pl. msiyysat. poem - q sida pl. -t, q sayed. poet - ša£ir pl. šu£ara. poetry - $\S{i}\mathcal{E}r$. point - 1. ras pl. ryus. I broke the point of my knife. herrest ras l-mess dyali. 2. ?işaba pl. -t. Our team scored 23 points. l-ferqa dyalna Emelt tlata u-Eešrin ?isaba. 3. noqta pl. -t, nuqat. We've gone over the contract point by point. ražeEna l-Eogda nogta b-nogta. 4. meEna pl. -t, mEani. You missed the point. feltet-lek l-meEna. 5. mudué pl. mawadié. Let's stick to the point. xellina fe-l-mudu \(\xi\). 6. hedd pl. hdud. I can understand it up to a certain point. kaimken-li nefhem had š-ši l-wahed l-hedd.

**I don't get the point.

ma-fhemt-s.

point of view - 1. riy pl. ryay; fekra pl. -t, ?efkar; nadariya pl. -t. Our points of view differ. ?efkarna ka-textalef. 2. žiha pl. -t, žwayeh. From his point of view he's right. men žihtu huwa m£ah l-hegg.

to the point - fe-l-wežba, f-mahellu. His comments are always to the point. $t-t \in alig$ dyalu dima ka-ižiw fe-l-wežba.

to be on the point of - kan Elayen gad. We were on the point of leaving when company arrived. konna Elayen ġad nxeržu mnin žawna d−dyaf.

to stretch a point - žebbed l-qala. In this case we can stretch a point. ila kan hakda gad imken-lna nžebbdu l-gala.

to point - mša imši l-žiht. arrow points north. l-Ealama mašya l-žiht š-šamal.

**Point out the place you told me about. werrini l-mude& lli golti-li --Point to the man you mean. werrini r-ražel lli Ela balek. --All signs point toward cold wea'her. l-Ealamat kollha ka-tgul gad ikun l-hal bared.

pointed - 1. madi. Be careful with that pointed stick. redd balek men dak le-qtib l-madi. 2. qateE. She's always making pointed remarks. hıya dıma ka-teEmel mulahadat qatEin. poise - hemma pl. -t; nexwa pl. -t, nxawi; rzana pl. -t. She never

loses her poise. Eemmer reantha

ma-ka-dzul mennha. poison - semm pl. smum; šliman. to poison - semmem, šelmen. dog has been poisoned. kelbna mat msemmem. poisonous - mesmum. poker - qtib pl qetban. The poker is behind the furnace. ra le-qtib mmur l-kanun. pole - 1. rkiza pl. -t, rkayez. the pole be long enough? was r-rkiza gad tekfi fe-ţ-ţul? 2. qutb pl. qtab. How cold does it get at the poles? hedd-as ka-ibred l-hal f-le-gtab? Pole - buluni pl. -yin. police - bulis, šorta. **The streets are well policed. z-znaqi mraqbinhom l-bulis f-gaya. policeman - bulisi pl. bulis; šorti pl -yin.police station - mhetta (pl. -t) de-l-bulis, mhetta de-š-šorta. Where is the nearest police station? fayn hiya le-mhetta de-l-bulis lli qriba? policy - siyasa. We can't support his policies. ma-imken-lna-š nde&Emu siyastu. Polish - buluni pl. -yin. polish - 1. tla. I need some brown polish for my new shoes. ka-ixessni tla qehwi l-sebbati ž-ždid. 2. seqla pl. -t. I gave the knobs a good polish. Emelt l-l-qebtat wahed s-seqla ha?ila. to polish - 1. mseh. I didn't have time to polish my shoes. ma-kan-š Eendi l-wegt f-aš nemseh sebbati. 2. sqel, mseh. She hasn't polished the trays yet. ma-zala ma-seglet s-swani. polite - m?eddeb, (lli) fih s-swab. He's not very polite. ma-fih swab bezzaf. political - siyasi. politician - siyasi pl. -yin. politics - siyasa. I'm not interested in politics. ma-ka-themmni-\$ s-siyasa. polls - mekteb l-intixabat pl. makatik l-intixabat. The polls close at 8 p.m. mekteb l-intixabat ka-išedd fe-t-tmenya. pond - gelta pl. -t, glati. pool - 1. (game) biyar. 2. (swimming pool) - sehriž pl. sharež. They have a big pool. Eendhom sehriž kbir. to pool - šrek, žme£. If we pool

our money we may have enough to buy

a car. ila šrekna flusna imken

iqedduna baš nešriw siyara. poor - 1. meskin pl. msaken; derwis pl. drawes. Many poor people live in this neighborhood. bezzaf de-n-nas msaken saknin f-had **ž-žiha.** 2. ghip pl. ghap. This is poor soil for wheat. had l-gerd qbiha l-l-gemh. 3. $d \in if$ pl. $d \in af$. He's very poor in arithmetic. huwa deif bezzaf f-le-hsab. poppy - ben-ne \in man. poplar - sefsaf pl. sfasef. poplar - 1. mešhur. The orchestra played popular numbers. 1-žewq Leb qeteat mešhura. 2. šeebi. Popular prices. ?etman še&biya. to populate - sken, Eemmer be-s-sokkan. The industrial area is thickly populated. ž-žiha ş-şina∈iya kollha mEemmya be-s-sokkan. population - sokkan, Eadad s-sokkan. The population has almost doubled in the last twenty years. Eadad s-sokkan Elayen tna raşu f-had l-Eešrin Eam t-talya. pork - lhem l-helluf. pork chop - $del \in a$ de-l-helluf. port - mersa pl. -t, mrasi. The ship lay at anchor in the port. l-baxira weafet fe-l-mersa. porter - hemmal pl. -a, zerzay pl. -a. Shall I call a porter? nEeyyet l-zerzay? **portion** - qyas pl. -at. Do they always serve such small portions? was dima ka-yeEtiw qyasat sgar hakda? Portugal - blad l-bertqiz. Portuguese - bertqizi pl. bertqiz. position - 1. ? imkan. I'm not in a position to pay right away. rah ma-ši fe-l-?imkan baš nxelles degya. 2. muqif pl. mawaqif. This places me in a very difficult position. had š-ši hettni f-muqif hariž. 3. mensla pl. -t, mnasel; mertaba pl. -t. A man in your position has to be careful of his conduct. ražel f-menzla bhal dyalek ka-ixessu ikun hadi rasu. positive - 1. ?ižabi, b-iyyeh. I expect a positive answer. ka-ntsenna žwab b-iyyeh. 2. mheqqeq, metyeqqen. I'm positive that he was there. ana mķeggeg billa kan temma. positively - be-l-mufid, be-s-sehh. Do you know that positively? was ka-teEref had \$-\$i be-s-sehh? to possess - ksab. That's all I possess. hadak š-ši ma ka-neksab. **What possessed you to do that? aš wqeE-lek hetta Emelti dak š-ši?

possession - kesb, melk.

to take possession of - hewwez.

The new owner hasn't taken posses-

sion of the house yet. mul š-ši

ždid ma-zal ma-hewwez d-dar.

possibility - ?imkaniya pl. -t; hell pl. hulul. I see no other possibility. ma-ka-nšuf hetta ši-hell axor. possible - mumkin. possibly - imken. He may possibly call you. gad imken i Eeyyet-lek. **He works as fast as he possibly can. ka-ixdem Ela gedd žehdu. post - 1. Emud pl. Emayed. We need new posts for our fence. xessna Emayed ždad le-syažna. 2. mahell pl. -at. A good soldier never deserts his post. l-Zundi lli mezvan Eemmru ma-ka-ihreb Ela mahellu. to post - 1. Eeyyen. The officer will post some soldiers at the bridge. d-dabet rah gad i Eeyyen l-Eesker l-l-gentra. 2. Eelleg. The order has been posted since vesterday. men l-bareh u-l-9emr m£elleq. **He's pretty well posted. Ela bal | lah ibarek. postage - wažeb. How much is the postage on a registered letter? šhal l-wažeb Ela briya mehfuda? post(al) card - teswira pl. -t, tsawer. Did you get my post card? weşlettek teşwira men Eendi? postal rate - hegg l-barid pl. hquq l-barid.poster - ?iElan pl. -at. He draws very nice posters. ka-işuwweb ?iElanat mezyanin. postman - ferrag pl. -a. postmark - tabe & l-busta pl. twabe & l-busta. The postmark is illegible. tabe E l-busta ma-bayen-s. to postmark - $tbe \in$. The letter was postmarked May fifteenth. had le-bra metbuEa nhar xmestaš mayu. post office - busta pl. -t. post-office box - sendug l-barid pl. snadeq l-barid. to postpone - ?exxer. I can't postpone the appointment, ma-imken-li-š n ? exxer l-mi Ead. **posture** - weqfa pl. -t. She has poor posture. Eendha wegfa ma-mezyana-š. pot - 1. tenžra pl. -t, tnažer. There is a pot of soup on the stove. kayna tenžra d-le-hrira fug l-Eafya. 2. briq pl. brayeq. Our pot holds eight cups. brigna ka-irfed tmenya de-l-kisan. 3. berrad pl. brared.

One pot of tea, please. wahed l-berrad d-atay men fedlek. potato - btata pl. -t. btavet coll. btata. potter - fexxar pl. -a. pottery - 1. (craft) tafexxaret. 2. (pots) fexxar. pound - rtel pl. rtula; ness kilu pl. nsas kilu. How much is a pound of tea? be-šhal r-rtel d-atay? pound (sterling) - ibra pl. -t. How much is an English pound in Moroccan money? Shal ka-teEmel l-ibra negliziya b-le-flus mgarba? to pound - 1. fret. We pounded on the door for five minutes before they heard us. bqina nfer&u fe-l-bab xemsa de-d-dqayeq baš Ead semEuna. 2. rdeh, tle€ u-hbet. His heart was pounding with excitement. qelbu kan ka-irdeh be-d-dehša. to pour - Eemmer, kebb. Please pour me some coffee. kebb-li ši-šwiya de-l-qehwa | lah ixellik. **It's pouring rain. š-šta ka-ţţih be-l-garag. -- The crowd was just then pouring out of the theater. n-nas kanu Ead bdaw izerru men s-sinima. -She poured her troubles out to me. fažat qelbha Eliya. poverty - fegr, tameskinet. He's living in great poverty. huwa Eayes f-wahed l-fegr kbir. poverty-stricken - maettee be-t-traf. powder - 1. gobra pl. -t. Take one powder with a glass of water! xud ši-gobra f-kas de-l-ma. 2. burbu. She's got too much powder on her face. Eamla bezzaf de-l-burbu fe-wžehha. (gun)-powder - barud. power - 1. istita£a pl. -t. That's beyond my power. dak š-ši xarez Eel l-istita&a dyali. 2. sulta pl. -t, sulat; hkam pl. -at. He weilds a lot of power. $ka-itmette\mathcal{E}$ b-sulta kbira. 3. quwa pl. -t. machine is operated by electric power. l-makina ka-texdem be-l-quwa de-d-duw. powerful - qwi, mežhed. He has a powerful voice. Eendu sut mežhed. powerless - (lli) ma-Eendu žehd, (lli) ma-Eendu qadar. I'm sorry, I'm powerless in this matter. be-l-?asaf, ma-Eendi gadar f-had. l-qadiya. practical - Eamali. That isn't very practical. had š-ši ma-ši Eamali. practically - 1. b-kifiya Eamaliya. You have to look at things practically. xessek tender l-l-9umur

b-kifiya Eamaliya. 2. Elayen, teqriben. I'm practically done. Elayen salit.

**We're practically there now.

ma-bqa-lna šay u-nkunu temma.

practice - 1. nfad. Dr. Azzouz has

a wide practice. nfad kbir Eel

d-duktur Eezzuz. 2. Eamal pl.

Emal. It's easy in theory but not

in practice. sahla be-l-fomm

ma-ši be-l-Eamal. 3. derba pl -1,

težriba pl. -t, tažarib. I'm a

little out of practice. r-ana

šwiya ma-Eendi derba.

to make it a practice - Eewwed nefsu, Eewwed raşu. I've made it a practice to get to work on time. Eewwedt raşi Eel le-wşu! l-l-xedma fe-l-weat.

to practice - tmerren. He's practicing on the piano. rah ka-itmerren Eel le-byanu.

to practice law - mares l-huquq. How long do you have to study before you can practice law? Shal xessek tegra gbel ma-tebda tmares l-huquq?

to practice (medicine) - bašer. Where does he practice? fayn ka-ibašer?

praise - teedima pl. -t coll. teedim.
Your praise of him went to his head.
t-teedima lli Emelti-lu nefxettu.

to praise - šker, mdeh. Everybody praises his work. koll-ši ka-išker xdemtu.

prank - mlaga pl. -t. That's a silly
prank. mlaga mfellsa hadi.

to pray - sella.

prayer - sla pl. -wat.

to preach - xteb.

preacher - xtib pl. xutaba.

precious - be-t-taman. Time is precious. l-wegt be-t-taman or l-wegt de-d-dheb.

precious stone - hežra horra pl. hežrat horrin coll. hžer horr. Emeralds are precious stones. z-zemred hžer horr.

z-zemred hžer horr. to predict - tnebbe?.

preface - muqeddima pl. -t.

presace - muqeadima to prefer - feddel.

to prefer to - bga ibgi hsen.
Would you prefer to go to the
movies? was tebgi temši le-s-sinima
hsen?

preference - ferz, ferq. I don't
 give preference to anyone.

ma-ka-neEmel ferq bin hada u-hada. **I have no preference. Eendi bhal bhal.

preparation - 1. lli ka-ixess. I've made all the preparations for the

trip. hiyye?t lli ka-ixeşş kollu le-s-sfer. 2. triq pl. torqan. Plans are in preparation. l-baramiž raha fe-t-triq.

to prepare - 1. qal iqul men qbel, Elem. You'd better prepare him for it. hsen tqulha-lu men qbel.

2. wežžed. Who's going to prepare the meal? škun lli ĝad iwežžed l-makla?

**Prepare for the worst. gir
wežžed rasek or gir Eewwel Ela xzit.
to prescribe - kteb, ?amer. The doctor prescribed these pills for me.
t-tbib kteb-li had l-pebbat.
prescription - dwa pl. -yat. Where
can I get this prescription filled?
fayn imken-li nešri had d-dwa?
presence - hdur, mehder. The document

has to be signed in your presence.

l-watiqa ka-ixessha ttweqqeE

be-hdurek.

presence of mind - šahed le-Eqel. I admire your presence of mind, and ka-nttebhed f-had šahed le-Eqel lli Eendek.

present - 1. hdiya pl. -t. Did you give him a present for his birthday? Etitih ši-hdiya f-Eid l-milad dyalu?
2. hadir, sa&t daba, l-yum. We live in the present, not in the past. hna Eeyyšin l-yum, ma-l-bareh daz or hna wlad l-yum u-llah irehmu lli mat. 3. hader. All his friends were present. shabu kollhom kanu hadrin. 4. d-had s-sa&a. In my present position I can't do anything else. f-halti d-had s-sa&a ma-imken-li ne&mel hetta ha&a %ra.

at present - f-had s-sa&a. He's too busy to see you at present. huwa mešģul bezzaf f-had s-sa&a baš išufek.

for the present - f-had s-sa \in a. That will be enough for the present. dah \S - \S i ikfi f-had s-sa \in a.

to present - 1. xleq. Each separate case presents new difficulties. koll qaqiya qaqiya ka-texleq mašakil ždida. 2. qeddem, Eewwed. Why don't you present the facts as they really are? Elaš ma-tEewwed-šil-waqiE kif kayen fe-l-haqiqa. 3. qeddem, hda ihdi. They presented him a gold watch. hdaw-lu magana de-d-dheb.

to preside - tre??es. Mr. Lwali presided. s-si lwali tre??es.
president - 1. ra?is pl. ru?asa.

Nagib was the first president of the Egyptian Republic. nažib kan *ewwel ra*is l-žemhuriya l-mesriya.

2. mudir pl. -in. He was president of of the Bank of Morocco. kan mudir l-benk l-megribi.

press - 1. sahafa. The press carried big stories about the attack. ş-şahafa nešret maqalat kbira Eel 2. sahafiyen (pl.). Will le-hžum. the press be admitted to the conference? gad ikunu ş-şahafiyen meqbulin fe-l-muhadara? 3. $mteb \in a$ pl. -t. Can you operate a press? ka-teEref txeddem le-mtebEa?

to press - 1. hedded. Where can I 'get my suit pressed? fayn imken-li nhedded ksuwti? 2. ziyyer, zhem. His creditors are pressing him. shab d-din rahom mziyyrineh. 3. brek Ela. Press the button. brek Eel t-teffaya.

pressing - ?akid. I have a pressing engagement. Eendi miEad ?akid. pressure - degt. We work under con-

d-degt.

to put pressure on - dget Ela. We'll have to put pressure on him. ka-ixessna ndeğtu Elih.

stant pressure. ka-nxedmu dima teht

to presume - $\in taged$. I presume he is at home. ka-neEtaged rah f-darhom. to pretend - 1. Emel rasu. He pretended that he was a doctor. Emel raşu tbib. 2. Emel messu. He pretended not to know a thing about it. Emel messu ma-Eref walu Eliha.

pretext - msebba pl. -t coll. sbayeb. He's just looking for a pretext. ğir ka-idur Ela sbaybu.

pretty - 1. mziwen, gzal pl. gezlan. She's a very pretty girl. bnita mziwna hadik. 2. bezzaf. It tastes pretty good. had š-ši madagu ldid bezzaf. 3. Ežib. That's a pretty mess! xebla Ežiba!

**He's sitting pretty. mbermek-lek mEa rasu. -He eats pretty much everything. ka-yakol koll-ši Elayen.

to prevail - nfeE. Nothing prevailed.

hetta haža ma-nefeet.

to prevail (up)on - qneE. Can't we prevail on you to come along? maimken-lna-š ngenEuk baš temši mEana?

to prevent - 1. hser. I couldn't prevent it. ma-qdert-s nehser dak -- Si. 2. hser, mneE, zuwwel l-. Nobody is going to prevent you from doing it. hetta hedd ma-gad imenEek baš teEmelha.

previous - 1. qdim pl. qdam. I met him on a previous visit. teareft mEah f-wahed z-zyara qdima.

2. tali. I met him on his previous

visit. tEareft mEah fe-z-zyara dyalu t-talya.

price - taman pl. -at, ?etmina. prices are very high here. t-tamanat Ealya bezzaf hnaya.

to price - seasa Eel t-taman. priced this radio in several stores. seqsit Ela taman had r-radyu f-Eadad d-le-hwanet.

pride - nefs. Don't you have any pride? was ma-Eendek nefs?

to take pride in - ftaxer b-. He takes great pride in his work. iftaxer bezzaf be-xdemtu.

to pride oneself - fšer. prides herself on her cooking. ka-tefšer be-tyabha.

priest - rhib pl. rehban.

primarily - men qbel koll-ši. He's primarily interested in tennis. huwa mehtemm men qbel koll-ši be-t-tinis.

primary school - medrasa btida?iya pl. mdares btida?iya.

prime - moEtabar. That butcher sells only prime meat. dak l-gezzar kaibi€ gir l-lhem l-mo€tabar.

prime minister - ra?is l-hukuma pl. ru?asa? l-hukumat; ra?is l-wizara pl. ru?asa? l-wigarat.

principal - 1. mudir pl. -in. The principal called the teachers into his office. l-mudir Eeyyet l-l-feqya l-l-mekteb dyalu. 2. ras l-mal pl. rus le-mwal. Have you paid anything on the principal? xellesti ši-haža €la raş l-mal?

principle - mebde? pl. mabadi?. make it a principle to save some money every month. xdit wahed l-mebde? baš nwoffer le-flus koll

as a matter of principle mebda?iyan. I don't do such things as a matter of principle. mebda?ıyan ma-ka-neEmel-š bhal had le-hwayež.

print - 1. herf pl. hruf. The print
in this book is too small. le-hruj f-had le-ktab şğar bezzaf. 2. $metbu \in a$ pl. -t. The museum has a fine collection of prints. Eendhom wahed l-mežmuEa ha?ila de-l-metbuEat fe-l-methef. 3. nesxa pl. -t. How many prints shall I make of each picture? shal de-n-nesxat nxerrež Ela koll

teswira? **That book is out of print. le-ktab ma-bga-š.

to print - 1. tbeE. We still have to print the programs. ma-zal xeşşna nţeb€u l-baramiž.

2. nšer.

The letter was printed in yesterday's paper. nešru le-bra fe-l-žarida de-l-bareh. printed matter - metbuEat (pl.). What are the postage rates for printed matter? šhal ka-yužeb fe-l-busta Eel l-metbuEat? printer - teb€i pl. -yin. print shop - mtebea pl. -t. prison - hebs pl. hbasat. prisoner - mesžun pl. msažen. prisoner has just escaped. wahed l-mesžun Ead hreb. prisoner of war - mesžun l-herb pl. msažen l-herb. private - 1. Eeskri (metlug) pl. Esakriya (metluqin). He was a private in the First World War. kan Eeskri metluq fe-l-herb l-Ealamiya l-luwla. 2. xass. This is my private property, hada melki l-xass.**I'd like to talk to you in private. baği ntkellem mEak bini u-binek. privilege - heaq pl. hauq; mtiyas pl. -at. He was denied all privileges. zuwwlu-lu le-haug kollha. prize - ža?iza pl. -t, žawa?iz. won first prize? škun lli rbeh l-ža9iza l-luwla? problem - 1. muškila pl. mašakil. all have our problems, kollna Eendna mašakilna. 2. muškil pl. mašakil. I couldn't solve the second problem. ma-qdert-š nxerrež l-muškil t-tani. **She's a problem child. hadikbent waEra. to proceed - zad izid. proceeds - medxul pl. -at. The proceeds will go to charity. l-medxul gad imši f-Eamal xiri. process - 1. xtibar pl. -at. process was worked out in our laboratory. dak le-xtibar tsummeb Eendna fe-l-muxtabar. 2. tariga pl. -t. That will be a long drawn-out process. dak t-tariqa gad ikun ?merha twil. procession - stigrad pl. -at. to proclaim - ϵ len. The government proclaimed Nov. 18 a holiday. l-hukuma Eelnet be-nhar tmentaš muwanbir nhar Eotla. proclamation - %iElan pl. -at. to produce - 1. ntež, xerrež. How many cars do they produce a month? šhal de-s-siyarat ka-ixerržu fe-š-šhor? 2. geddem, žab, ižib. Can you produce any written proof?

production - %intaž pl. -at. productive - muntiž. He's a verv productive writer. hadak katib muntiž bezzaf. profit - rbeh pl. rbah. I sold it at a profit. be€tu be-r-rbeh. **I don't expect to get any profit out of that, ma-Eendi ma itleE-li men dak š-ši. to profit - 1. stafed, dda iddi fayda. I didn't profit much by the lecture. ma-ddit-ši ši-fayda kbira men l-muhadara. 2. tEellem. You profit from your mistakes. men sbaylu l-wahed ka-itEellem. profitable - (lli) ka-idexxel, (lli) fih r-rbeh, (lli) fih medxul. Is it a profitable business? had l-haraka fiha ši-medxul? profiteer - xezzan r-rxa pl. xezzanin program - bernamež pl. baramiž. progress - taqeddum. to progress - tqeddem. You've progressed a lot in the six weeks I've been away. tqeddemti llah ibarek f-had s-setta de-ž-žem£at lli gebt fiha. progressive - taqeddumi. He's a prohadak ⁹ustad gressive teacher. tageddumi. to prohibit - mneE. Have they prohibited smoking on the train again? Eawed menEu d-doxxan fe-l-ma*ina? project - mešruž pl. mšarež. We're working on a project together. ra-hna xeddamin f-wahed l-mesruE mežmu£in. to project - biyyen. We projected the film on the wall. biyyenna l-film Eel l-heyt. to prolong - tuwwel, žebbed. prominent - 1. mešhur, barez. He's a prominent artist. huwa fennan mešhur. 2. xarež. He has a prominent chin. Eendu lehya xarža. promise - Eahed pl. Ehud. You didn't keep your promise. ma-wfiti-\$ b-Eahdek. to promise - wated, gawel. promised him a present. watednah b-ši-hdiya. 2. Eta klemtu. Promise me that you won't do it again. Etini klemtek ma-tEewwed-* ddirha. to promote - 1. regga, redd. He was promoted to captain. redduh gebtan. or reggaweh l-mertabt gebtan. 2. šežže£. Most countries promote their foreign trade. žul l-boldan ka-išežžEu tižarthom l-xarižiya. prompt - 1. srie pl. srae. I expect.

imken-lek tgeddem ši-hežža mektuba?

a prompt reply. ka-ntsenna žwab srić. 2. doģri. He's prompt in paying his debts. huwa doģri fe-xlas d-din lli ka-ikun člih.

promptly

to prompt - $dfe\mathcal{E}$. What prompted you to say that? Snu $def\mathcal{E}ek$ tqul dak S-Si?

promptly - be-d-debt, tamam. We start
promptly at five. ka-nebdaw
fe-l-xemsa be-d-debt.

to pronounce - 1. nteq b-. Am I pronouncing the word correctly? was ka-nnteq b-had l-kelma hiya hadik? 2. dehher. The judge will pronounce sentence tomorrow. l-qadi gad idehher le-hkam gedda.

pronounciation - notq. That's not the correct pronounciation. ma-\$i huwa hadak n-notq.

proof - hužža pl. -t, hužaž. What
 proof do you have of that? š-men
 hužža Eendek Ela dak š-ši?

to furnish proof - dla idli b-hužža. Can you furnish any written proof? imken-lek tedli b-ši hužža mektuba?

proper - mnaseb. This isn't the
proper time to ask questions. had
l-weqt ma-\$i mnaseb l-l-9as9ila.

**That isn't the proper way to handle people. ma-ši hadi hiya t-tariqa baš ka-ittēmlu n-nas.
—In 1937 the Japanese invaded China proper. f-tseɛtaš le-mya u-sebɛa u-tlatin l-yabiniyen heĕmu Eel ṣ-ṣin b-nefsha. —Everything at the proper time. koll haĕa b-meqtha.

properly - 1. be-l-qa&ida. I'll show
you how to do it properly. gad
nwerrik kif te&melha be-l-qa&ida.
2. m&ewwet. Can't you behave
properly? ma-teqder-\$\frac{1}{2}\$ ttme\$\$\frac{1}{2}\$
m&ewwet?

property - mulk pl. ?amlak. All the
 furniture is my property. l-?atat
 kollu mulki.

proportion - qyaş pl. -at, Ebar pl.
-at. The proportions in that building are all wrong. l-qyaşat f-dak
le-bni kollhom Eiwež.

in proportion to - Ela hasab, be-n-nasba l-, Ela qedd. Everybody is paid in proportion to what he does. koll wahed ka-itxelles Ela qedd ma ka-yeEmel.

out of proportion - ma-metqadd-š. His expenses are entirely out of proportion to his income. mesrufu ma-metqadd-š be-l-koll mea medxulu. proposal - Eerd pl. Erud; qtirah pl. -at.

to make a proposal - Ered.

to propose - qtareh. I propose that
we go to the movies. ka-neqtareh
nemšiw le-s-sinima.

to propose to - Ered z-zwaž Ela. He proposed to her. Ered Eliha z-zwaž.

proposition - qtirah pl. -at. He made me an excellent proposition. Emel-li wahed le-qtirah ha?il.

**Is it a paying proposition? l-qadiya fiha ši-m ϵ aš?

prospect - ?amal. What are his prospects of getting the job? temma ši-?amal baš išebber l-xedma? prospective - (lli) gad ikun. He is

my prospective son-in-law. hada lli gad ikun nsibi.

to protect - 1. hfed. I wear these glasses to protect my eyes.

ka-neemel had n-ndader bas nehfed Eeyniya. 2. hma yehmi, dwa idwi Ela. He'll protect your interests. huwa daba yehmi-lek l-masalih dyalek.

protection - fekkan, fkak. There is
no protection against that.
ma-kayen fekkan men dak š-ši.

to protest - 1. htežž. It won't do you any good to protest. ma-Eendek ma tegdi ila htežžiti. 2. ?ekked. He protested his innocense throughout the trial. ?ekked bara?tu fe-l-muḥakama kollha.

proud - meftaxer. I am proud of you.
 ana meftaxer bik.

to prove - biyyen. I can prove I didn't do it. imken-li nbiyyen bin ma-dertha-š.

to prove to be - ban iban, sdeq. The rumor proved to be false. d-dicaya sedget xawya.

proverb - metla pl. -t.

to **provide** - qewwem. They provided us with supplies to last two weeks. qewwmuna b-le-Ewin de-EmeEtayn.

to provide for - 1. xdem Ela. He has to provide for the whole family. ka-ixessu ixdem Eel l-Ea?ila kollha.

2. nder l-. The law provides for such special cases. l-qanun ka-inder l-qadiyat xassa bhal hadi.

provided, providing - be-l-heqq b-šert, be-l-heqq ila. I'll go, provided you come with me. nemši be-l-heqq b-šert dži m£aya.

province = %iqlim pl. %aqalim.
Morocco is divided into several provinces. l-megrib meqsum l-Eadad
de-l-%aqalim.

provisions - Eewla, Ewil. Our provisions are running low. Eewletna bdat

teglal. to provoke - 1. nuwwed. His remark provoked a roar of laughter. l-mulahada dyalu nuwwdet muža

de-d-dehk. 2. gelleg. He's provoked about it. qellqu dak š-ši.

provoking - (lli) ka-iqelleq, (lli) ka-ižennen. His behavior is provoking. sirtu ka-tgelleg.

prune - berguga yabsa pl. bergugat yabsat coll. berquq yabes. I don't care much for prunes. ma-ka-ye€žebni-š l-bergug l-vabes

hetta l-temma. to prune - qezzeb. You need to prune your rosebushes. ka-ixeşşek tqezzeb l-werdat dyalek.

public - 1. Eumum. Is this park open to the public? had l-Eersa mehlula l-l-€umum? 2. €umumi. Do you have a public telephone here? waš Eendkom tilifun Eumumi hna? 3. žemhur pl. žamahir. Such books

will always find a public. bhal hadu la-bodda ikun-lhom žemhur. 4. Eamm. Public opinion is against

him. $r-ra^9y$ l-Eamm deddu.

in public - qbalt n-nas. That's no way to behave in public. had š-ši ma-ka-iddar-ši qbalt n-nas. publicity - štihar pl. -at. That's what I call clever publicity. iwa hada huwa le-štihar wella balak! to publish - nšer. He hopes to publish his new book very soon. kaı°emmel inšer ktabu ž-ždid grib.

publisher - tebba€ pl. -a. puddle - gelta pl. -t, glati. Careful, don't step into the puddle!

Eendak tezdem fe-l-gelta!

puff - žebda pl. -t coll. žbid. I got sick after only one puff. mredt ģir men žebda wehda.

pull - 1. žebda pl. -t. One more pull, and we'll have it open. žebda xra u-hna hellinaha. 2. idd pl. -in; kelma pl. -t. You need a lot of pull to get a job here. xess thun Eendek idd shiha baš teqbet xedma hnaya.

to pull - 1. žbed. Don't pull so hard. ma-džbed-š bezzaf. 2. gelle£, zummel. This tooth must be pulled had s-senna xessha ttgelleE.

**Don't pull any funny stuff! iwa bla tehramiyat. -- Don't try to pull the wool over my eyes! gir ma-termi-li-š le-Ežaž Ela Eeyniya. --He pulled a fast one on me. darha biya. -- I pulled a (big) boner. beEžegtha. --Pull over to the side! ženneb l-l-herf.

to pull down - 1. hebbet. I pull down the shades? nhebbet d-derragat? 2. tiyyeh. They're going to pull down all the houses. gadyen itiyyhu d-dyur le-qdam kollhom.

to pull in - dxel, wsel. did your train pull in? fuq-as weslet mašintkom?

to pull oneself together - žmeč trafu.

to pull out -1. $qelle \in$. children pulled out all the weeds. d-drarı qelleu r-rbie l-xayeb kollu. 2. žbed. Pull out your notebooks and we'll begin. žebdu le-knaneš dyalkom u-nebdaw.

to pull through - zettet. were afraid she might not pull through. konna xewfanin Eliha ma-dzettet-š.

to pull up - 1. wqef, hser, hbes. The car pulled up in front of the house. s-siyara weqfet qeddam 2. žerr. Pull up a chair. d-dar. žerr ši-šelya.

pulse - nebd. The doctor just took my pulse. t-tbib Ead gelleb-li n-nebd.

pump - tromba pl. -t. We have a pump in the backyard. Eendna tromba fe-l-Eersa.

to pump - 1. $telle \in$. Shall I pump some water? ntelle ši-šwiya de-l-ma? 2. gdef. Don't let him pump you. la-txellih-* iqedfek.

to pump up - neffex. Will you please pump up the front tires? Eafak neffex-liya le-bnuwat l-qeddamiyen.

pumpkin - ger£a hemra pl. ger£at hemrat coll. gree hemra.

punch - 1. bunya pl. -t. The punch knocked him down. l-bunya tiyyhettu. 2. mleh, ledda. His speech lacked punch. klamu ma-kan fih mleh. 3. meesser. Would you like some punch? tešreb ši-swiya d-le-mEesser? to punch - tgeb, ršem. The conductor punched our tickets.

l-muraqib ršem-lna le-bţayeq. puncture - teqba pl. -t, tqabi. there a puncture in the tire? le-bnu fih ši-teqba?

to puncture - tgeb, heffer. to punish - Eageb. Violations will be severely punished. koll mxalfa tt∈ageb b-šedda.

punishment - 1. \in uguba pl. -t. punishment was too severe. l-Euguba kanet mžehda bezzaf. 2. degg. Our car has taken a lot of punishment. siyartna klat bezzaf de-d-deqq.

pupil - 1. mhedri pl. -ya; telmid pl.
 tlamed. She has twenty pupils in
 her class. Eendha Eešrin mhedri
 f-tabaqetha. 2. mummu pl. -yat.
 The pupil of the left eye is in jured. mummu de-leeyn l-işriya
 mqeşşeh.

puppy - žru pl. žrawi f. žerwa f. pl.

-t, žra.

pure - 1. safi pl. safyen. Is this milk pure? had le-hlib safi?

2. horr. The necktie is pure silk. had le-krafata d-le-hrir l-horr.

purple - mniyel.

purpose - 1. ġaya pl. -t. What's the purpose of all these plans? šni hiya l-ġaya men had le-mšare€ kollha? 2. niya pl. -t. What purpose did he have in doing that? š-kanet niytu b-dak š-ši lli dar?

on purpose - ξ enwa, be-l- ξ ani. Did you do that on purpose? waš ξ melti dak ξ - ξ i be-l- ξ ani?

purse - 1. šekkara pl. -t, škayer.

This purse is made of genuine
leather. had š-šekkara msuwwba men
ž-želd l-?asili. 2. medxul. The
purse was divided among the winners.
l-medxul ttegsem Ela lli rebhu.

(change) purse - bzitem pl. bzitmat. I have either mislaid or lost my change purse. bzitmi ?imma telleftu ?imma mša-li.

to pursue - 1. tbe. The police pursued the thief the whole night.

l-bulis tebeu s-sareq l-lil kollu.

tebbee, tal itul f-. I don't want to pursue the subject any further. ma-bagi-s ntul fe-l-mudue kter men had s-si.

push - def a pl. -t. He gave me such a push I nearly fell over. dfe in wahed d-def a hetta kont gad ntih.

to push - 1. dfe£. Push the table over by the window. dfe£ t-tebla l-žiht š-šeržem. 2. xella. He was pushed way back. wehli fayn xellaweh! 3. derr. The crowd pushed into the stadium. n-nas derru l-qelb l-mel£eb. 4. brek Ela. Did you push the button? brekti £el t-teffaya? 5. rma irmi. He tried to push the blame on me. bġa irmi l-lum £liya.

to push off - qelles, mša imši, bda ibda t-triq. Right after we pushed off, the boat capsized. gir hna qellesna u-l-baxira ttqelbet. to put - 1. nezzel. Put the table over there. nezzel t-tebla hnak. 2. Emel. Put an ad in the paper. Emel ?iElan fe-l-ĕarida. 3. weşşel. I have to put the kids to bed. xeşşni nweşşel d-drari ineEsu.

**I wouldn't put any faith in that story. ma-ntiyyeq-š dak š-ši lli kan f-dak le-xrafa. --Why don't you put it straight to him? Elaš ma-tqulha-lu-š b-taytay? --You stay put until I get back. xellik fe-rhebtek hetta nwelli.

to put across - 1. fesser, biyyen. I don't know how to put it across to him that... ma-Ereft-ši kif nfesser-lu billa... 2. faz ifuz b-Did you put the deal across? fezti b-dak l-gadiya?

to put an end (stop) to - Emel hedd l-, hser. I'll have to put an end to that nonsense. xessni neEmel hedd l-dak le-hmaq. --Can't you put a stop to that talk? ma-teqder-ši tehser dak l-hedra?

to put aside (or away) - xebbe£, heyyed. She's been putting aside a little money each month. koll sher ka-txebbe£ šwiya d-le-flus.

to put back - redd. Put the book back where you got it. redd le-ktal fayn xditih.

to put down - 1. hett, nezzel. Do you want to put the box down here? bgit: thett s-senduq hnaya?
2. kteb. Put down your name and address. kteb smiytek u-Eenwanek.

to put in - 1. Eta yeEti. They put in a lot of time on that job. Etaw bezzaf de-l-weqt l-dak l-xedma.
2. rekkeb. Did they put in a new windowpane? waš rekkbu zaža de-š-šeržem ždida?

**Will you put in a word for me?
iwa gad tge&Eedni b--ši klima?

to put in order - Eenwet. He's been putting his affairs in order. rah ka-1Eenwet Sgalatu.

to put off - 1. ?exxer. I can't put the matter off any longer. mainken-li-s n'exxer l-qadiya kter men had s-si. 2. txella Ela. I can't put off the appointment. mainken-li-s ntxella Eel l-miEad. 3. t'exxer Ela. Can't you put him off for a while? ma-teqder-sitt'exxer Elih si-swiya?

to put on - 1. Emel, tleq. Put on a clean tablecloth! tleq mendil nqi. 2. lbes, Emel. Put your coat on! lbes l-kebbut dyalek!
3. lesseq. Did you put stamps on all the letters? lesseqti t-tnaber Eel le-brawat kollhom? 4. SEel.

Put on the light, please. Séel d-duw Eafak. 5. zad izid. I've put on three kilos. zedt tlata de-l-kilu. 6. senneé. Don't you think her accent is put on? maka-ddenn billa lehžetha msennéa?

to put oneself out - teeddeb, teeb nefsu, teeb rasu. Don't put yourself out on my account. ma-tteeb-si nefsek ela ?ežli.

to put out - 1. tfa itfi. Put out the light before you leave. tfi d-duw qbel ma-temši. 2. xerrež. Put him out if he makes too much noise. xerržu ila £mel ş-şde£ bezzaf. 3. nšer. Who's putting out your book? škun ġad inšer-lek ktabek?

**He felt quite put out about that. kan bayen Elih mxewter men dak š-ši.

to put over on - Leeb Ela, duwwesha b-. You can't put anything over on him. ma-imken-š dduwwesha bih.

to put through - neffed. He put his own plan through. neffed mešruću b-iddih.

to put to good use - xeddem l-l-meslaha. We'll put the money to good use. \dot{g} ad nxeddmu l-flus l-l-meslaha.

to put to death - Edem. They put the murderer to death this morning. Eedmu gettal r-ruh had s-sbah.

to put to expense - telleb sayer.

This will put me to considerable expense. had š-ši gad itelleb-li şayer kbir.

to put up - 1. rekkeb. New telephone poles are being put up. rahom ka-irekkbu rkayez de-t-tilifun ždad. 2. Ered. The farm will be put up for sale this week. had ž-žem£a gad i£erdu le-£zib l-l-bi€. 3. nezzel. Each of them put up a thousand dirhams. koll wahed mennhom nezzel ?alef derhem. 4. wežžed, telles. This building was put up in six months. telleu had l-binaya f-sett shur. 5. biyyet, gelles. Can you put us up for the night? imken-lek tgellesna had l-lila? 6. biyyen. They didn't put up a fight. ma-biyynu mEarda.

to put up with - sber l-. I don't know why you put up with it.

ma-Ereft-ši l-aš ka-tesber l-dak
š-ši.

puzzle - 1. muškila pl. -t, mašakil; xentaqira pl. -t; wehla pl. -t. Can you solve that puzzle? teeref txerrež dak l-xentaqira? 2. hira pl. -t. That is a puzzle to me. hira hadik žatni.

to puzzle - heyyer. His letter had us puzzled. bratu heyyretni.
to puzzle out - fhem, fesser. I can't puzzle it out. ma-Ereft-ši kif nfesserha.

pyramid - haram pl. ?ehram.

N

qualification - qodra pl. -t. Do you think she has the necessary qualifications for the job? waš ban-lek bin Eendha l-qodra lli wažba l-had l-xedma?

qualified - 1. (lli) Eendu wsaf. He is not qualified for this job.
ma-Eendu-& le-wsaf l-had l-xedma.
2. be-&-&ert. He gave a qualified answer. Zaweb be-&-&ert.

quality - 1. nue pl. ?enwae. Don't you have any better quality? was Eendek Si-nue axor hsen? --Our product is of high quality. nue s-selea dyalna moetabara.

2. hsiniya pl. -t. She has many

 hsiniya pl. -t. She has many good qualities. Eendha bezzaf d-le-hsiniyat.

quantity - qedr, qder. It's not the

quantity but the quality that counts. ma-ši l-qedr lli l-muhemm walayenni n-nu£.

in large quantities - b-Eadad kbir. Radios are now produced in large quantities. ka-işawbu daba r-radyuwat b-Eadad kbir.

in quantity - b- ε adad kbir. We buy in quantity. ka-nešriw b- ε adad kbir.

quarrel - mdabza pl. -t. Who started the quarrel? škun lli bda le-mdabza? to quarrel - dabez. One of these days we're going to quarrel. ši-nhar ĝadi ndabzu.

quarry - 1. meEden d-le-hžer pl.

mEaden d-le-hžer. Did this stone
come from the quarry? was had
l-hežra žat men l-meEden d-le-hžer?

2. sid. Mice become the quarry of various birds of prey. l-firan huma sid dyal Eadad d-le-bratel d-le-frisa.

quarter - rbee pl. rbuea. Each partner received a quarter of the profits. koll šarik xda rbee dyal r-rbih. --It's a quarter after ten already. hadi beeda eesra u-rbee.

the Empty Quarter - r-robe l-xalı.

(a) quarter to three, etc. fe-t-tlata llareb, etc. The train
leaves at a quarter to three.
l-masına gad temsi fe-t-tlata
llareb.

quarterly - koll telt šhur. I pay my insurance quarterly. ka-nxelles s-sugra dyali koll telt šhur.

quarters - sokna. Did you find decent quarters? was sherti sokna mezyana?

at close quarters - mqerreb (bezzaf). They fought at close quarters. tharbu mqerrbin bezzaf. queen - 1. (person) malika pl. -t.

2. (at chess) wzir pl. wzara, wasara.

queer - f-š1-škel. He's a queer person. huwa ražel f-š1-škel.

to quench - berred. I simply can't quench my thirst. ma-imken-li-š nberred l-Eeţša dyali.

question - 1. as?ila pl. -t, su?al pl. asa?il. Have you any further questions? waš ¿endek ši-as?ila xra?

2. šekk pl. škuk. There is no question about it. had š-ši bla šekk.

3. qadiya pl. -t. It was a question of saving a human life. hadi kanet qadiya dyal ¿teq r-ruh.

**That's completely out of the question. ma-temken-š. --The gentleman in question was not there. r-rašel &la men ka-ntkellmu ma-kan-š temma.

beyond question - ma-Elih hetta šekk. His honesty is beyond question. ş-şfawa dyalu ma-Eliha hetta šekk.

to ask a question - s?el. They asked a lot of questions. se?lu bezzaf.

to question - 1. summel. The police questioned him all night long. l-bulis bgam ka-isummlu l-lila

kollha. 2. šekk f-. I question his sincerity. ka-nšekk fe-ş-şeda dyalu. quick - mezrub. That was a quick decision. hada kan teEwal mezrub.

**Be quick about it! serbi rasek!
quickly - be-z-zerba. Come quickly!
aži be-z-zerba.

quicksilver - zawaq.

quick-tempered - (lli) ka-itqelleq
be-z-zerba. She is very quicktempered. htya ka-ttqelleq
be-z-zerba.

quiet - 1. sukut. I demand absolute quiet. ka-nţleb mennkom sukut tamm.
2. mhedden. I live in a quiet neighborhood. ka-n∈iš f-naḥıya mheddna.

**Quiet, please! sektu Eafakom!
to keep quiet - thedden. Why
didn't you keep quiet? Elaš
ma-theddenti-š?

to quiet (down) - hedden. See if you can quiet her. šuf waš ımken-lek theddenha.

to quiet down - 1. thedden. She quieted down after a while. theddnet men beed \$1-\formswrya. 2. bred. Let's wait till the excitement quiets down a bit. ntsennaw hetta l-haraka tebred \squareswrya.

quince - sferžla pl. -t coll. sferžel.
to quit - 1. xrež men. He quit his
job yesterday. xrež men xdemtu
l-bareh. 2. wqef, hser. He quit
right in the middle. wqef
fe-l-wost. --Quit it! hser!

**It's time to quit (work). hada l-weqt baš nemšiw.

quite - 1. tamamen. Are you quite sure that you can't go? was nta mheqqeq tamamen bin ma-imken-lek-s temsi? 2. bezzaf. The house is quite far from here. d-dar b&ida bezzaf men hna.

**That's quite possible. inken.
quotation - ness pl. nsas, nsus,
nusus. His speech was full of
quotations. l-xetba dyalu kan
Eendha bezzaf de-n-nsas.

to quote - dker. That's quoted on page ten. hada medkur fe-s-sefha Eesra.

**Don't quote me' ma-tEewwed-\$ klami. --What price did he quote you? \$-men taman tleb-lek?

R

Rabat - r-rbat. native of Rabat - rbati adj. pl. yen, n. pl. hel r-rbat. rabbit - qniya pl. -t. race - 1. muşabaqa pl. -t, mşabqa pl. -t. I'm going to the (horse) races. gad nemši l-l-musabaga (de-l-xil). 2. žens pl. žnus. There is no such thing as a pure race. ž-žens s-safi ma-kayen-š. foot race - žri, sbig. to race - 1. žra ižri be-z-zerba. The car raced through the streets. t-tumubila zrat be-z-zerba fe-z-zenga. 2. sabeq. Let's race. yallah nsabqu. **Don't race the engine. ma-txeddem-š l-mutur be-z-zerba. rack - 1. merfe& pl. mrafe&. Put the books back on the rack. režžeE le-ktub l-l-merfe€. 2. šebka pl. -t, Sbayek. Put your baggage up on the rack. hett hwayžek fe-š-šebka. 3. meqbet pl. maabet. I hung my coat on the rack. Eellegt kebbuti fe-l-megbet. to rack one's brains - herres raşu. Don't rack your brains over it. ma-therres-š rașek Elih. racket - sdaf. The children are making an awful racket. d-drari ka-iEemlu şdaE kbir. (tennis) racket - rakita pl. -t. Her racket is much too heavy for you. r-rakita dyalha tqila Elik bezzaf. radio - radyu pl. -wat. radio station - ida£a pl. -t. radish - fežla pl. -t coll. fžel.. raft - m∈eddya pl. -t. rag - zif pl. zyuf, zyufa; šerwita pl. srawet. Do you have a rag to dust the table? was Eendek Si-zif baš nemseh t-tebla? **They were dressed in rags. labsin hwayež mšerwtin. rage - $tez \in ifa$ pl. -t. His rage made him tremble. t-tez&ifa dyalu øezzle t tu to fly into a rage - džennen,

tgelleg. My father flew into a

a bull. tyelley bhal t-tur.

r-reEda talet l-lila kollha.

melli goltha-lu.

rage when I told him. bba džennen

to rage - taelleq. He raged like

**The storm raged all night long.

rail - sekka pl. •skek. railing - derbuz pl. drabez. Hold on to the railing. qbet d-derbuz. railroad - Smandifir. I prefer to go by railroad. ka-nfeddel safar š-šmandifir. railroad station - lagar pl. -at, mahetta (pl. -t) de-š-šmandifir.rain - šta. to rain - tah itih š-šta. rained all morning. tahet š-šta ş-şbah kollu. rainbow - Erust s-sma pl. Erusat s-sma, qus n-nbi pl. qwas n-nbi. raise - zyada pl. -t. He got a raise. xda zyada. to raise - 1. debber Ela. I can't raise the money. ma-imken-li-\$ ndebber Eel le-flus. 2. hsed. raise a lot of wheat here. ka-ihesdu bezzaf de-l-gemb hna. 3. hezz. Raise your hands! hezzu iddikom! 4. sad isid f -. They're going to raise the rent on October first. gad izidu f-le-kra f-?ewwel ktuber. 5. rebba. Most farmers here raise 9 ekter l-fellaha hna kasheep. irebbiw le-gnem. --She has raised nine children. rebbat tes Eud de-d-drari. to raise the roof - 1. džennen (bezzaf), tqelleq (bezzaf). My father raised the roof because I took the car. bba džennen bezzaf \mathcal{E} la qibal xdit t-tumubil. 2. fre \mathcal{E} d-dar be-ş-ş $da\xi$. The kids are raising the roof again. d-drarika-ifer Eu d-dar be-ş-şda Eewtani. to raise a question - žbed su?al. Who raised the question? * *Skun lli žbed s-su?al? rake - xebbaša pl. -t. We need a new rake for the garden. xeşşna xebbaša ždida l-l-Eersa. to rake - xebbeš, kerret. range - 1. ?enwa£, anwa£ (pl.). shirts come in a large range of colors. had le-gwamež Eendhom

bezzaf de-l-?enwa \in de-l-lwan.

2. kanun pl. kwanen. We just bought

tanks were out of range of our guns.

a new range. Ead šrina kanun ždid.
out of range - bEid men pl. bEad

men, béid éla pl. béad éla. The

t-tnuga kanu b€ad men le-mdafe€

dyalna.

**Quiet! let's wait until he's out of range. skot, tsenna hetta itbe&&ed menna.

**Prices range from one to five dollars. t-tamanat bin dular hetta l-xemsa.

rank - rotba pl. -t, daraža pl. -t.
What's that officer's rank? šnu
r-rotba dyal dak d-dabit?

**That's rank ingratitude! koll z-znan u-leen mula! —He's worked his way up from the ranks. dar terqiya Ela ktafu.

rapid - be-z-zerba. His heartbeat was very rapid. qelbu kan ka-idreb be-z-zerba.

rapidly - b-sorea. This man can run quite rapidly. had r-ražel imken-lu džri b-sorea.

rare - 1. qlil pl. qlal. That's a
rare flower. had n-nu de-n-nuwwara
qlil. 2. ma-meswi-s bezzaf, demmu
sayel. I'd like my steak rare.
bgit l-biftik dyali ma-meswi-s
beszaf.

rarely - qlil. That rarely happens.

had \$-\$i ka-yuqe£ qlil.

rascal - hrami, mterreq.

rash - 1. hbub (pl.), xruž (pl.). He
has a rash on his face. xeržu-lu
hbub f-wežhu. 2. bla texmima. I
won't make any rash promises.
ma-ne{tik-\$ aman bla texmima.

rat - tobba pl. -t.

rate - taman pl. -at. What are the rates for single rooms? §nu huwa t-taman l-bit wahed? --What are the new rates for airmail? §nu huwa t-taman ½-Zdid de-l-barid l-Zewwi? --What's the rate of exchange today? §nu huwa taman \$-\$erf l-yum? --The rate of interest is four per cent. taman l-intiris huwa reb&a f-le-mya.

**At this rate we'll never get done. ila mšina f-had l-hala Eemmerna ma-nfeddiw.

at any rate — Ela kolli hal. At any rate, I'd like to see you. Ela kolli hal bgit nšufek.

first-rate - nimiru wahed. This is a first-rate hotel hada util nimiru wahed.

rather - 1. bezzaf. The play was rather long. t-temtil kan twil bezzaf. 2. hsen. I would rather wait. bgit ntsenna hsen.

rather ... than - wallah u-ma... wella. I'd rather die than
surrender. wallah u-ma-nmut wella
nsellem rasi.

to rattle - 1. gergeb. Do you have

to rattle the dishes that way?

ma-Eendek Elaš tqerqeb t-tbase!
hakda. 2. xerxer. Stop rattling
the doorknob! baraka ma-txerxer-š
l-luba!

to rattle on - hedrez. She can rattle on like that for hours. imken-lha thedrez hakda swayec.

to get someone rattled - suwwes.

Don't get me rattled. ma-tsuwwesni-s.

to rave - hetref. He was raving like
a madman. kan ka-ihetref bhal
le-hmeg.

to rave about - ttextef & eqlu f-. Everyone raves about his new book. koll wahed ttextef & eqlu fe-ktabu z-zdid.

raw - 1. xder pl. xuder. The meat is almost raw. l-lhem Elayen xder.
2. mžellef. My throat is raw. helqi mžellef.

ray - šća pl. ašćiya. A ray of light came through the window. šća de-d-duw dxel men š-šeržem.

**There's still a ray of hope. kayen ma-zal šwiya de-r-raža.

razor - mess pl. msus, mus pl. mwas. I have to strop my razor. xessni nmeddi l-mess d-le-hsana dyali.

safety razor - makina d-le-hsana pl. mwaken d-le-hsana.

razor blade - mess pl. msus, mus pl. mwas. Please buy me a dozen razor blades. Sri-li baraka llahu fik zina d-le-msas d-le-hsana.

to reach - 1. wsel l-. Can you reach that shelf? was imken-lek tusel l-dak l-merfee? --We reached the city at daybreak. wselna l-le-mdina f-le-fžer. --Our garden reaches all the way to the river. l-ersa dyalna ka-tusel hetta l-l-wad. --The rumor even reached us. l-hess wsel hetta l-Eendna. 2. ntasel b-. There was no way of reaching him. ma-mken-lna-s nntaslu bih. 3. medd. Please reach me the salt. medd-li l-melha &afak.

to reach for - medd iddu (iddih) Ela. He reaches for everything he sees. lli šafha ka-imedd Eliha iddih.

**He reached into his pocket. hša iddu f-mektubu.

to read - gra igra.

**The thermometer reads thirty-five degrees. l-mizan de-s-sxana fih xemsa u-tlatin derža.

--Was my name read? was dekru smiyti? --This reads like a fairy tale. ka-itsebbeh le-xrafa.

to read aloud - gra igra be-l-Eali.

159 reckless

reading - qraya. He got a perfect score in reading. Etaweh Eešrin Ela Eešrin f-le-qraya.

ready - wažed. Dinner is ready.

l-makla wažda. --I'm ready for
anything. ana wažed l-koll-ši.

**I don't have much ready cash.
ma-Eendi gir šwiya d-le-flus Eel
t-tabla. --She's always ready with
an answer. Eendha dima ž-žwab
fe-lsanha.

ready-made - mužud. Do you buy your clothes ready-made? waš ka-tešri hwayžek mužudin?

real - 1. hqiq pl. hqaq. That's not his real name. hadi ma-ši smiytu le-hqiqa. --What is the real reason? šnu huwa s-sabab le-hqiq? --That's what I call a real friend. hada huwa ka-nsemmi saheb hqiq. 2. horr. Is this real silk? waš had le-hrir horr?

**It was a real pleasure to listen to him. kanet hlawa baš ntsenntuh.
--That never happens in real life.
had š-ši ma-Eemmru ka-yuqeE
fe-d-denva.

real estate - melk pl. mluk. reality - hqiqa pl. -t.

to realize - 1. kemmel. He never realized his ambition to become a doctor. Eemmru ma-kemmel t-tmee dyalu baš ikun tbib. 2. ban-lu. I didn't realize it was so late. ma-ban-li-š bin mša l-hal. --He never realized the danger. Eemmru ma-ban-lu l-xater. 3. Eref rasu. Does he realize he's sick? waš ka-yeeref rasu bin mrid?

to realize a profit - rbeh. He realized quite a profit on that sale. rbeh bezzaf f-had $l-bi \in a$.

really - heggen. I really wanted to stay at home. heggen kont bagi nebga fe-d-dar.

**Do you really mean it? was had \$-\$i b-sehh? --It really isn't very far! wallah ma-b\(\xi\)id!

rear - 1. lur. The rear of the house is being painted. ka-isebgu l-lur de-d-dar. --The emergency exit is in the rear. bab l-igata fe-l-lur. 2. wrani. The rear windows haven't been cleaned yet. \$-\$ražem le-wraniyin ma-zal ma-ttsemhu.

to rearrange - neqqel. You ought to rearrange the furniture. u-kan neqqelti le-q*u*sa.

reason - 1. heqq or hquq. She has no reason for acting like that ma-fendha l-heqq bas tefmel hakda. or ma-fendha flas bas tefmel hakda.

2. sabab pl. sbayeb. Is that the reason you didn't go? waš ma-mšiti-š £la yedd had s-sabab? -He was dismissed without any reason. dhaweh bla hetta sabab. 3. £qel. If this keeps up, I'll lose my reason. ila had š-ši ţal, ġad ixrož £eqli.

**He gave me no reason for complaint. ma-xellani mnayn ntšekka mennu.

to reason (with) - tfahem (m&a). You can't reason with him. ma-imken-lek-8 ttfahem m&ah.

reasonable - 1. Eagel. She's a very reasonable person. hiya Eagla bezzaf. 2. meEqul. That's a reasonable price. hada taman meEqul. --That's a reasonable fee. hadi uĕra meEqula.

to rebel - 1. numbed l-fetna. The prisoners rebelled at the poor living conditions. l-hebbasa numbed l-fetna Eel l-hala s-si?a.

2. trummeE. My stomach simply rebelled. kerši trummeE.

to recall - 1. režžeć. The ambassador has been recalled. režžću s-safir.
2. Eqel. Do you recall whether he was there? waš ka-teEqel bin kan temma?

receipt - 1. wsul. Please acknowledge receipt of the books. Elem baraka llahu fik be-wsul le-ktuba.

2. medxul. The receipts are low today. ma-kayen-š medxul bezzaf l-yum.

3. tuşil pl. twaşel. Please give me a receipt. Eţini Eafak tuşil.

to receipt - sellem Ela. Please receipt this bill. sellem Ela had l-werga d-le-xlas.

to receive - 1. wsel-lu, weslu. Did you receive my telegram? was weslek t-tiligram dyali?
2. stegbel. We were cordially

received. steabluna b-kolli farah.
receiver - semma£a pl. -t. You left

the receiver off the hook.

ma-xelliti-s s-semma&a f-mahellha.

recent - ždid pl. ždad. Do you have any recent magazines? waš čendek ši-mažellat ždad?

recently - Ead. I heard it only recently. Ead smelt biha.

recess - raha pl. -t. We have a short recess at ten in the morning. Eendna raha qsira fe-l-Eesra de-s-sbah.

reckless - (lli) ma-ka-iredd-š balu. He's a reckless driver. huwa şuwwag ma-ka-iredd-š balu. recognition recognition – $\xi tiraf$. to recognize - 1. Eqel, Eref. I recognized him by his voice. Ereftu men helqu. --You've grown so much I didn't recognize you. twaliti hetta ma-Egelt-š Elik. 2. Etaref b-. They have finally recognized his merits. ma-mšaw hetta Etarfu-lu b-megdurtu. to recommend - wessa Ela. I recommended her highly to him. weşşit Eliha bezzaf lilu. recommendation - wsiva pl. -t. I did it on your recommendation. dertha Ela gibal Etitini wşiya Eliha. to record - sežžel. to recover - bra ibra. He recovered from his illness. bra men l-merd dyalu. **He recovered his balance t∈ewwet-lu l-mizan immediately değya or tge&Eed-lu l-mil değya. --He's on the road to recovery. huwa ka-iqeddem r-raha or huwa Elaven bra. red - hmer pl. humer. I want to buy a red hat. bģīt nešri šemrir hmer. --Red is not becoming on her. ma-ka-iwatiha-š le-hmer. Red Crescent - l-hilal le-hmer. Red Cross - s-slib le-hmer. to reduce - nges, tiyyeh. We've reduced the prices ten percent. ngesna Eešra f-le-mya men t-tamanat. I was referred to the manager. siftun: l-Eend l-mudir 2. tkellem. I'm referring to your mother not your sister. ka-ntkellem Ela yemmak ma-ši Ela xtek. 3. dker. She referred to it in her book.

to refer - 1. sifet or safet isifet. dekretha fe-ktabha. reflection - š&a. You can see your

reflection in the water imken-lek tšuf š-š€a dyalek fe-l-ma. reform - islah pl -at. He introduced many reforms. qeddem Eadad d-l-islahat.

to reform - 1. sleh. He's always trying to reform the world. ka-ibģi dima işļeh koll-ši. 2. theddel, thessen. I'm sure he'll reform. and mheqqeq bin gad itheddel.

refreshment - mešruba pl. -t. Refreshments were served during the intermission. Etahom l-mešrubat f-wegt l-ingita€.

refrigerator - tellaža pl. -t. refugee - muhažir pl. muhažrin. to refund - redd. I'll refund your money. gad nredd-lek flusek. refusal - reddan.

refuse - zbel. Place the refuse in the container. Emel z-zbel fe-t-tarru.

to refuse - 1. redd f-wezhu. doesn't refuse me anything. ma-redd-li f-wežhi hetta haža. 2. $ma-qbel-\check{s}$. He refused my resignation. ma-abel-š t-teslim dyali. 3. ma-bġa-ši. She refused to help me. ma-boat-š t Eawenni. **What'll happen if I refuse to let you take it? \$-\$ad yuqe& ila ma-xellitek-š taxdu?

regard - nahiya. In that regard, I agree with you. f-had n-nahiya ana mettafeq mEak.

to give regards to - sellem Ela. Give my regards to the folks at home. sellem-li Ela mwalin d-dar.

to have regard for - tnebbeh l-. He has no regard at all for others. ma-ka-itnebbeh-š ga£ l-hetta wahed. with (in) regard to - amma. regard to that subject ... amma f-had l-muduE...

to regard as - hseb, Etaber, Eedd. He is regarded as a specialist. ka-ihesbuh xtisaşi. regarding - amma. Regarding your new house... amma d-dar ž-ždida dvalkom...

region - nahiya or nawahi. register - konnaš t-tesžil pl. knaneš t-tesžil. Did you sign the register? was nezzelt xett iddik f-konnaš t-tesžil?

(cash) register - sendug pl. snadeq. Did you take any money out of the register? was xdit; \$i-flus men s-senduq?

to register - 1. sežžel. registered him in this hotel yesterday, sežželnah l-bareh f-had l-util. 2. tsežžel. you registered with the police? waš tsežželti Eend l-bulis? 3. tqeyyed. Where do you register here? fayn imken-lna ntgeyydu hna? 4. suger. Where do you register letters? fayn imken-li nsuger le-brawat?

to regret - ndem. I've always regretted not having traveled much. dıma nadem €la lli ma-şafert-š bezzaf.

regrettable - lli ndem \in liha l-wahed. regular - 1. Eadi. The regular price is five dollars. t-taman l-Eadi xemsa de-d-dular. 2. hadak. His pulse is regular. n-nebd dyalu huwa hadak 3. mneddem. He lives a very regular life. huwa Eayes

hayat mneddma.

**This is our regular waiter.

hada huwa l-garşun lli mwellfin bih. regularly - Eel l-qaEida. He pays

regularly. ka-ixelles Eel l-qaEida. to regulate - sawa.

regulation - qanun pl. qwanen. That's against regulations. had \$-\$i dedd l-qanun.

rehearsal - temrin pl. tmaren.

rein - lžam pl. -at.

to reject - ma-qbel-s. They rejected my application. ma-qeblu-s t-talab dyali.

related - men Ea?ila wehda. He and I are related. hna men Ea?ila wehda.

relation - Ealaga pl. -t. The relations between the two countries are strained. l-Ealagat bin l-boldan b-žuž metwettrin.

**I have a lot of relations there. \mathcal{E} endi bezzaf de-n-nas men \mathcal{E} a 9 ilti temma.

relationship - Ealaqa pl. -t. What's the relationship between those two? Sniya l-Ealaqa lli kayna bin had Z-ZuZ?

to relax - 1. rxa irxi. Relax your muscles. rxi Easabek. 2. triyyeh. I can't relax until I finish. ma-imken-li-š ntriyyeh qbel-ma nsali.

release - metlaga pl. -t. Her release was delayed a couple of days. Eettlu-lha l-metlaga dyalha b-yumayn.

to release - 1. tleq. The police released him right away. \$-\$orta telqettu degya. 2. hell. He forgot to release the brake. nsa ma-hell-\$\frac{1}{2}l-hessar.

reliable - (lli) fih tiqa. That's a reliable firm. hadi šarika fiha tiqa.

**He's a very reliable person.

huwa ražel imken-lek ttwekkel Elih.

relief - raha. Did the medicine give
you any relief? waš had d-dwa

žab-lek raha?

**I bet it's a relief to have it off your mind. ban-li bin raha Elik baš tfekk rasek mennha. --No relief (from the heat) is in sight. hetta bruda ma-bayna.

to relieve - 1. xeffef. This will relieve your headache. had \$-\$i daba ixeffef-lek merd r-ras.

2. berra. Do you have anything that will relieve his pains? was Eendek

\$i-haža lli tberri-lu le-wžeć?
3. beddel. The guard is relieved at twelve o'clock. ka-ibeddlu l-&essas fe-t-tnaš.

to be relieved - rtah. I'm glad
I've been relieved of that worry.
ana ferhan lli rtahit men had l-hemm.
to relieve one another - tnawbu.

We relieve one another. ka-ntnawbu. religion - din pl. dyan.

religious - dini.

to rely - twekkel. You can't rely on him. ma-imken-lek-s ttwekkel Elih.

to remain - bqa ibqa. Only five remain. ma-bqaw gir xemsa. --There remains nothing else for us to do but to wait. ma-bqa-lna gir ntsennaw.

**That remains to be seen. daba nšufu or Elem !lah.

remaining - (lli) bqa. What did you do with the remaining apples? šnu Emelti be-t-teffah lli bqa?

remark - tenbih pl. -at. That remark wasn't called for had t-tenbih ma-ši fe-blastu.

remarkable - fih Ežuba. What's so remarkable about it? fayn Ežuba fiha?

remedy - dwa pl. ?edwiya, duyan.

That's a good remedy for colds.

hada dwa mesyan le-r-rwah. --There's

no remedy for that. had \$-\$i

ma-Eendu dwa.

to remedy - sleh. I don't know how that can be remedied.

ma-Ereft-* kif-a* gad nselhu had

*-\$1.

to remember - 1. Eqel Ela. It was in May, as far as I remember. had š-ši wqe£ f-mayu ila ma-zal Eaqel Eliha.

--I simply can't remember his name. ma-imken-li-š u-kan ne£qel Ela smiytu. 2. ma-nsa-š ma-insa-š. Remember to turn out the light. ma-tensa-š ddfi d-duw. 3. sellem. Remember me to your mother. sellem-li Ela yemmak.

to remind - fekker. He reminded me of my appointment. fekkerni fe-l-miEad lli Eendi. --Remind me about it later. fekkerni fiha men beEd.

remnant - 1. šyata. I found a few remnants of food. sebt ši-šyata de-l-makla. 2. atar pl. -at. Did you see the remnants of that old city? was sefti l-atarat dyal dak le-blad le-qdima?

remote - mbeffed. Our house is somewhat remote. darna mbeffda šwiya.

**There's a remote possibility
that... bfid baš imken... --I
haven't the remotest idea what you
mean. bfid fliya baš nefhem šnu

ka-taul.

to remove - 1. heyyed. Please remove your hat. heyyed \$-\$emrir dyalek &afak. --This will remove all the stains. had \$-\$i gad iheyyed t-teb&at kollhom. 2. qte&. This should remove all doubt. had \$-\$i gad iqte&\$-\$šekk. 3. neqqel. He was removed from office. neqqluh men xdemtu. 4. hewwel. Remove everything from the desk. hewwel koll-si men l-biru.

to renew - žedded.

rent - kra pl. -wat. How much rent do you pay for your apartment? šhal ka-txelles d-le-kra le-s-sokna dyalek?

to rent - kra ikri. I rented a room for three months. krit bit l-telt shur. --I rented the house to him. krit-lu d-dar. --I rented the house from him. krit d-dar mennu.

repair - işlah pl. -at. The car needs only minor repairs. t-tumubila ma-xeşsha gir ši-işlahat şgira.

beyond repair - ma-ka-itteşleh-š. The watch is beyond repair. had l-magana ma-ka-tteşleh-š.

to repair - \$leh. Can you repair these shoes? was imken-lek tesleh had \$-\$ebbat?

to repeat - 1. Eawed. Repeat what I just said! Eawed had \$-\$i lli Ead qolt. --Repeat these words after me. Eawed had le-klam men beEdi.

2. belleg. They repeat everything they hear. lli ka-isemEu ka-ibellgu le-xbar.

to repent - tab itub, ndem.

to replace - nab inub Ela, ža iži
f-blast-. We haven't been able to
get anyone to replace her.
ma-qderna-š nsibu ši-wehda lli dži
fe-blastha.

**These glasses can't be replaced. had l-kisan ma-imken-lna-š nžebru xuthom.

reply - žwab pl. -at.

to reply (to) - žaweb.

report - tegrir pl. tgarer.

to make (give) a report - Emel teqrir. When will you make your report! fuq-aš gad teEmel t-teqrir dyalek?

to report - gal iqul, Eawed. It is reported that... ka-iEawdu him...

to report to - 1. qeddem rasi Eend. To whom do I report? Eend men xessni nqeddem rasi? 2. fdeh b-. Somebody reported him to the police. Ši-wahed fdeh bih le-š-šorta. reporter - muxbir ž-žarida pl. muxbirin ž-žara°id.

to represent - mettel. Who is representing the defendant? škun lli ka-imettel d-difa&?

**What does this symbol represent? **Sniya l-meEna d-had r-remz? representative - nayeb pl. nuumab.

He is the European representative of a big concern. huwa nayeb f-?urubba dyal wahed d-dar de-t-tižara kbira. —Who's the representative from your district? škun huwa nayeb l-heuma dyalek? reproach — m£atba pl. —t, luma.

reproach - meatoa pi. -t, tuma.

That's not a reproach. hadi ma-ši
meatoa.

to reproach - Eateb, lam ilum.
republic - žemhuriya pl. -t (art. l-).
reputation - sumEa pl. -t. He has a
good reputation. Eendu sumEa
mesyana.

**He has a reputation for being a good worker. huwa mešhur bin ko-ixdem mezyan.

request - talab pl. -at. Your request was granted. qeblu t-talab dyalek.
--I am writing you at the request of a friend. ana ka-nekteb-lek b-talab wahed sadiqi.

to request - tleb. I must request that you leave this place. ana lazem Eliya ntleb mennek texrož men had l-mahell.

to require - 1. htaž. That requires no proof. had š-ši ma-yehtaž-š šhud.

2. xess. How much time will that require? šhal ka-ixess de-l-weqt l-had š-ši? --How much money does that require? šhal d-le-flus ka-ixess l-had š-ši? --That will require some time. had š-ši ka-ixess l-weqt. --Do you require a deposit? ka-ixesskom Eerbun?

**A matter like this requires careful study. qadiya bhal hadi lazem Elina ndersuha be-t-tedqiq.

requirement - šert pl. šurut.

to resemble - šbeh l-. Do you think
that he resembles his mother? waš
ka-ddenn lli ka-išbeh l-yemmah?

to resemble each other - tšabhu.
to resign - qeddem istiqala. He resigned as chairman. qeddem
l-istiqala dyalu men r-ri?aşa.
--I've resigned from the club.
qeddemt l-istiqala dyali men

ž-žem£iya. resignation - istiqala pl. -t. We demand his resignation. ka-ntelbu istigaltu.

to hand in one's resignation - qeddem l-istiqala dyalu. He handed in his resignation today. qeddem l-istiqala dyalu l-yum.

with resignation - be-t-teslim.

to resist - 1. Eared. I resisted his suggestions. Earedt le-qtirahat dyalu. 2. qawem. The Moroccans resisted the French occupation. le-mgarba qawmu l-ihtilal le-fransawi. —The Prime Minister resisted the opposition party in parliament. ra?is l-hukuma qawem hizeb l-muéarada fe-l-mežlis.

resistance - mgamma.

to resole - terref. I'm having my shoes resoled. ka-nterref sebbati.
respect - ihtiram or htiram. He has won the respect of everyone. rbeh le-htiram de-n-nas kollhom.

in every respect - men koll žiha. We were satisfied in every respect.

Ežebna l-hal men koll žiha.
in many respects - f-bezzaf
de-n-nahiyat. In many respects I
agree with you. mettafeq m€ak
f-bezzaf de-n-nahiyat.

to respect - htarem. I respect your opinion. ka-nehtarem r-ra?y dyalek.

respected - mehturem. He is a respected businessman. huwa tažer mehtarem.

responsibility - mes?uliya pl. -t.
responsible - You are responsible for
it. nta mes?ul Eliha.

**It's a very responsible job.
hadi xedma fiha mes?uliya bezzaf.
--He was held responsible for the
damage. rmaw Elih l-mes?uliya
de-l-xasar.

rest - 1. baqi. Eat some now and save the rest. kul šwiya daba, xelli l-baqi. --You raise the money and I'll do the rest. nta debber £el le-flus w-ana ndir l-baqi. 2. raha pl. -t. The doctor told him he needed a month of rest. t-tbib qal-lu xessu šher de-r-raha.

**I went to the mountains for a rest. mšit nertah fe-ž-žbal.

rest of - axor pl. xrin. Where are the rest of the boys? fayn huma le-wlad le-xrin?

at rest - waqef. Is the pointer at rest? was l-muri waqef?

to take a rest - rtah. Let's take a short rest. yallah nertahu šwiya. to rest - 1. rtah. Rest awhile.

rtah šwiya. 2. retteh, riyyeh.

Rest your eyes. retteh £eynik.

3. bqa ibqa. The whole responsibility rests on him. l-mes?uliya kollha bqat £endu. 4. hett. Rest your foot on this chair. hett rezlek fuq had š-šilya. 5. tekka.

The ladder was resting against the wall. s-sellum kan mtekki £el l-hit.

restaurant -met£em pl. mta£em.

restless - mšuwweš, meftun, meštun.

to restore - redd, režžeć. The police intervened to restore order. Š-šorta ddexxlet baš tredd n-nidam. -- They restored his money to him. režžeu-lu le-flus dyalu.

to restrain - hser. She couldn't restrain her curiousity.

ma-mken-lha-š tehser le-fdul dyalha.

rest room - mida pl. -t, myadi; mirhad pl. -at.

result - natiža pl. nata?iž. The results were excellent. n-nata?iž kanu mo&tabarin. --The result was that... natiža had-š-ši hiya...

retail - be-t-tefrad. He sells whole-sale and retail. ka-ibi Ebe-z-zemla u-be-t-tefrad.

**This coat retails at about thirty dollars. be-t-tefrad had l-kebbut ka-iswa ši-tlatin dular. retreat - ržu£ l-lur.

to retreat - ržeč l-lur.

return - 1. rbeh. How much of a return did you get on that sale? shal žak de-r-rbeh f-dak l-bi£a?
2. ržu£. I found many things changed on my return. žbert beszaf d-le-hwayež tbeddlu men be£d r-ržu£ dvali.

returns - nata°iž d-le-ntixabat. Have the returns come in yet? waš ¿taw n-nata°iž d-le-ntixabat wella ma-zal?

to return - 1. režžeć. Don't forget to return the book. ma-tensa-š trežžeć le-ktab. 2. ržeć. When did you return? fuq-as ržećti?

revenge - tar.

reverse side - žiha luraniya.

to review - ražeć. He should have
reviewed his lessons. kan xessu
iražeć d-durus dyalu.

to revolt - number l-fetna. They had good reason to revolt. kan Eendhom l-heqq bas inumber l-fetna.

revolution - 1. tura pl. -t. There was almost a revolution. Elayen kanet gadi tuqeE t-tura. 2. dura pl. -t. How many revolutions does this motor make per minute? Shal

men dura had l-mutur ka-idir fe-d-dqiqa?

to revolve - dar idur. The earth revolves around the sun. $l^{-p}erd$ ka-ddur Eel 8-8ems.

reward - mžazya pl. -t.

to reward - žaza. They rewarded him well for his work. žazaweh mezyan Eel l-xedma dyalu. rhyme - qafiya pl. qwafi.

**His suggestion has neither rhyme nor reason. t-tenbih dyalu ma-fendu la ras la režlin.

rib - $del \mathcal{E}a$ pl. $dlu \mathcal{E}$.

ribbon - 1. sfifa pl. -t, sfayef.

She was wearing a blue ribbon in her hair. mduwwra šeerha sfifa zerga.

2. sinta pl. -t. I need a new ribbon for my typewriter. xessni sinta ždida l-le-mtebea dyali.

rice - ruz. I'd like a half kilo of rice. bgit ness kilu de-r-ruz.

rich - 1. gani. He comes from a very rich family. huwa men Ea?ila ganya bezzaf. 2. xseb. It's a rice soil. had l-?erd xesba. 3. qwi. The food is too rich for me. had l-makla qwiya Eliya.

riddle - mhažya pl. -t.

to ride - 1. sag isug. Do you know how to ride a motorcycle? was ka-tefref tsug l-mutur? 2. msa imsi. This car rides smoothly. had s-siyara ka-temši be-šwiya. 3. rkeb. We rode in a beautiful car. rkebna f-wahed s-siyara mezyana.

to give a ride to - wessel, dda iddi. He gave me a ride to the airport. wesselni l-l-matar.

**Stop riding me! baraka ma
therres-li rasi. --He mounted his
horse and rode away. rkeb Ela
Eewdu u-zad xelfa.

to be, get rid of - ttfekk men, fekk
rasu men. I'm glad I got rid of
that problem. ana ferhan lli fekkit
rasi men had l-qadiya.

Riff - r-rif.

native of the Riff - rifi pl. -yen, ryaf, hel r-rif.

rifle - mkohla pl. -t, mkahe!.

right - 1. head pl. hudud. I insist on my rights. ka-nwekked &el l-hudud dyali. —I have as much a right to it as you do. hett-ana &endi heddi fih bhalek. —You have no right to say that. ma-&endek hetta head bas toul had \$-\$i.

2. imni. I've lost my right glove. telfet-li \$\sim \sellin \text{sebba} & l-imniya.

3. mrebbe \(\epsilon \). A right angle has

ninety degrees. qent mrebbe fih tes in daraža. 4. mnaseb. He came just at the right time. ža tamamen fe-l-weqt le-mnaseb. 5. shih. That's the right answer. hada huwa z-zwab s-shih. 6. qaşed. I'm coming right home from the office. ana maši qaşed men d-dar l-l-mekteb. 7. tamamen. The house is right next to the church. d-dar hiya tamamen hada le-knisiya. 8. mezyan. We'll leave tomorrow if the weather is right. gad nemšiw gedda ila kan t-teqs mezyan.

**Are we going the right way? was hiya hadi t-triq f-as ra-hna gadyen? --We're going right after dinner. hna masyin gir nfeddiw b-le-&sa. --They fought right to the bitter end. qawmu hetta l-l-?axir. --I'll be right there. ana masi daba. --You can't be in your right mind. si-hasa &endek f-&eqlek! --It serves him right' xxi fih!

right away - 1. daba. Let's go right away or we'll be late. yallah nemšiw daba wella gad nuslu meettlin. 2. fe-l-hin. He left right away. mša fe-l-hin.

right now - f-had s-saξa. I'm busy right now. ana mešģul f-had s-saξa.

all right - 1. waxxa. All right, I'll do it if you want me to. waxxa, daba ndirha ila bģitini ndirha. 2. la-bas. Everything's all right now. koll-ši la-bas daba. 3. la-bas £lih. She'll be all right again in a little while. men daba šwiya tkun la-bas £liha.

**Everything will turn out all right. daba rebbi ixerrež koll-ši Ela xir.

on the right - Eel l-imin. Look at the store on the right. Suf l-hanut lli Eel l-imin.

to be right - Eendu l-heqq. You're right in this matter. Eendek l-heqq f-had l-qadiya.

rightful - hqiqi pl. -yin. He is the rightful owner of the house. huwa mul d-dar le-hqiqi.

rim - 1. kwadru, qžer pl. qžura The rim of my glasses is broken.

le-qžer de-ndadri mherres. 2. žanta pl. -t. The rim has come off the wheel. ž-žanta tqell Eet men r-rwida.

ring - xatem pl. xwatem. She wears a ring on her right middle finger.

 \mathcal{E} endha xatem fe-s-sbe \mathcal{E} l-westani d-yeddha d-l-imin.

**Give me a ring tomorrow. Eeyyet-li fe-t-tilifun gedda.

to ring - 1. zenzen. The noise is still ringing in my ears. dak s-sdae ma-zal ka-izenzen f-wedni.

2. serser. The phone rang. t-tilifun serser. - The bell just rang. Ead serser n-naqus. - Have you rung the bell? was serserti fe-n-naqus?

rinse - tešlila pl. -t.

to rinse - 1. medmed. Rinse out your mouth with a little salt and water. medmed fommek be-šwiya de-l-melha u-de-l-ma. 2. šellel. I rinsed my wash twice. šellelt t-tesbir dyali žuž de-l-merrat.

riot - fetna pl. -t. Two people were killed in the riot. žuž de-n-nas matu f-l-idrah.

**He's a riot. huwa dehhuki.

rip - tešriga pl. -t. You have a rip
in your shirt. Eendek tešriga
f-qamižtek.

to rip - 1. qette E. I ripped the towel down the middle. qette Et l-futa men l-mest. 2. fteq. I have to rip the seams. xessni nefteq le-xyata.

to rip open - felleh. I nearly ripped my hand open. Elayen felleht yeddi.

ripe - tayeb. This apple isn't ripe.
had t-teffaha ma-tayba-8.

**She lived to a ripe old age.
matet **sarfa bezzaf.

to rise - 1. šreq. The sun rises early in the summer. š-šems ka-tešreq bekri fe-s-sif. 2. tlef. The cake is rising. l-helwa ka-ttlef. —Prices are still rising. t-tamanat ka-izidu itelfu.—The river is rising fast. l-wad be-z-zerba ka-itlef. 4. nad inud. All rose from their seats. kollhom nadu men šilyathom.

risk - xatar.

to risk - xater b-. He risked his life to save her. xater b-Eemru baš ifekkha. --He's risked his entire fortune. xater b-malu kollu.

rival - mdadd pl. -in. river - wad pl. widan.

road - triq pl. torqan. Where does this road go to? fayn ka-teebbi had t-triq?

**He's on the road to recovery.
bda išebbeh le-r-raha.

roar - I. haraž. We can hear the roar of the waterfall from here.

imken-lna nsemeu l-haraž dyal

š-šrašer men hna. 2. zhir. The voice we heard sounded like the roar of a lion. dak s-sut lli smeena kan ka-išbeh le-z-zhir de-s-sbee.

to roar - 1. zher. The lion roared when he saw us. s-sbee zher melli šafna. 2. tfergee. They roared with laughter. tfergeu be-d-duhk.

roast - mešwi. The roast is tough today. l-mešwi qaseh l-yum. —Do you like roast chicken? waš ka-tebģi d-džaž mešwi?

to roast - šwa išwi. You didn't roast the meat long enough.

ma-šwiti-š l-lhem bezzaf.

to rob - 1. xwen. They robbed and pillaged. xewnu u-ritlu. 2. šeffer. They robbed me. šeffruni.

They'll rob you of your last cent. daba išeffruk hetta l-l-gerš t-tali.

robbery - xeuma, sriqa.
 **That's highway robbery. tešfir
hada!

robin - bwiqša pl. -t.

rock - 1. sexra pl. -t, sxura coll. sxer. The rock is hard to drill. wafer bas nteqbu had s-sxer.

2. hežra pl. -t coll. hzer. He was throwing rocks. kan ka-iluh le-hžer. to rock - 1. tthezz. The floor rocked under my feet. l-?erd tthezzet teht režliya. 2. zezzet. The boat's rocking. l-babur ka-dzezzet. 3. hezz. The explosion rocked the whole house. t-tfergiza hezzet d-dar kollha. 4. duwweh. She rocked the cradle until the baby fell asleep. duwwhet l-kuna hetta t-terbiya žatha n-neas.

rod - qtib pl. qotban, qtayeb. The parts are connected by an iron rod. t-traf mlagyin be-qtib d-le-hdid.

role - dur pl. dwar.
roll - 1. qayma pl. -t. Am I on the
roll this year? was ana medkur
fe-l-qayma had l-fam? 2. gersa
pl. -t, gres. Shall I get bread or
rolls? nžib l-xobz aw le-gres?
3. qennut pl. qnanet. They used
five rolls of wire to install these
telephones. xeddmu xemsa d-leqnanet de-s-selk baš irekkbu had
t-tilifunat. --Bring me a roll of
film. žib-li wahed l-qennut
de-t-teswir.

-He should have bought four rolls of paper but he only bought three.

kan ka-ixessu išri reb€a d-le-qnanet de-l-kağit be-l-heqq sra hi tlata. to call the roll - ξ eyyet l-9asma9. Have they called the roll yet? was Eevytu l-?asma? wella ma-zal? to roll - 1. kerkeb. Don't roll the barrel. ma-tkerkeb-s l-bermil. A rock rolled down from 2. tkerkeb. the mountain. wahed le-hžer tkerkbet men ž-žbel. 3. žra ižri. The ball rolled under the table. l-kura žrat teht t-tabla. 4. ftel. I roll my own cigarettes. ka-neftel l-garru dyali. 5. mal imil men žiha l-žiha. The ship was rolling heavily. l-babur kan ka-imil men žiha l-žiha bezzaf. to roll in money - Eam i Eum f-le-flus. He's rolling in money. ka-iEum f-le-flus. to roll up - lumma. We rolled up the rug. lummina z-zerbiya. Rome - ruma. roof - sqef pl. squfa. flat roof - stah pl. -at, stuha, stihan, stuh. roof of the mouth - sqef l-fomm. room - 1. bit pl. byut. This is quite a large room. hada bit kbir bezzaf. 2. mude€. Is there any room left for my baggage? was ma-zal ši-mudeć fayn nečmel hwayži? roomy - waseE. rooster - ferruž pl. frarež. root - žder pl. ždur. The roots of this tree are very deep. ž-ždura d-had š-šežra žargin bezzaf. -- His molar decayed all the way to the root. d-dersa xmažet-lu hetta le-ž-žder. to take root - Emel ž-ždur. How can you tell whether the rose bush has taken root? kif-aš imken-lek teEref bin l-werd Emel z-zdur? **He stood there as if rooted to the spot. bga wagef temma bhal ila kan laseq fe-l-? erd. rope - twal pl. -at, tula; hbel pl. hbul. He chewed the rope in two to get loose. qette& t-twal be-snanu baš ifekk rasu. **I'm at the end of my rope. ana qate E l-iyyas men rasi. --He knows all the ropes. ka-yeEref l-xentagirat kollhom. -They roped the street off today. šeddu t-triq b-le-hbal l-yum.

rose - 1. (flower). werda pl. -t coll.

werd. 2. (color). werdi, fanidi.

to rot - xmaž. The fruit is rotting

rosebush - werd.

on the trees. l-ģella ka-texmaž fe-š-šžer. rotten - 1. xamež. The peaches are rotton. l-xux xamež. 2. msumwes. The beam was rotten through and through. l-gayza kanet msummsa kollha. 3. qbih pl. qbah. They played a rotten trick on us. leEbu Elina wahed l-leEba abiha rough - 1. hreš pl. hureš. Why are your hands so rough? Elas yeddik hures? -- This piece of wood is still rough, smooth it down a little more. had l-xešba ma-zala herša, zid mellesha šwiyyeš. 2. glid pl. glad. He has a rough voice. helqu ģlid. 3. wafer. She isn't used to such rough work. ma-mwellfa-\$ b-xedma waEra bhal hadi. --You've got to treat him rough. xessek tkun waEer mEah. 4. hažem. sea's pretty rough today. hažem bezzaf l-yum. 5. gaseh. He's a mighty rough man! ražel qaşeh bezzaf hada! round - 1. dura pl. -t. He finished him off in the first round. sala mEah fe-d-dura l-lummla. 2. mduwwer. They have a round table in the dining room. Eendhom tabla mduwwra f-bit l-makla. **Is there enough coffee to go round? was kayen l-gehwa l-koll maked? --He's just coming round the corner. ha-huwa ka-idur fe-l-gent. -- I live here all the vear round, and saken had 1-Eam kollu. -- In round numbers there were two hundred present. tegriben myatayn wahed hadrin. -The book is making the rounds. le-ktab ka-imši men yedd l-yedd. to round out - kemmel. I need this to round out my collection. xessni had š-ši baš nkemmel l-mežmuža dvali. round trip - mši u-mži. Give me a round trip ticket. Etini btaga mši u-mži: route - triq pl. torqun. Which route did you take? *-men triq xditi? row - 1. sda∈. My neighbors made a terrible row last night. ž-žiran dyali Eemlu wahed s-sdaE kbir l-bareh fe-l-lil. 2. mdabza pl. -t. I had a row with him. wegeet-li mdabza mEah. 3. seff pl. sfuf. sat in the first row. glesna fe-s-seff l-luwwel. in a row - mtabe E. We won three

times in a row. rbehna tlata de-l-merrat mtab∈in.

to row - qeddef. We rowed across the lake. qeddefna u-qteEna d-daya. rowboat - fluka pl. flayek.

royal - malaki.

to rub - 1. dber. My shoes rub at the heel. sebbati ka-idberni f-le-gdem. 2. dummez Ela. Keep rubbing the tray until it shines. xellik dduwwez Eel s-siniya hetta ddwi. 3. frek, hekk. He kept rubbing his hands together until he got them warm bqa ifrek yedd f-yedd hetta sexxenhom. 4. dlek. Rub his back with alcohol. dlek-lu dehru b-l-alkul

to rub against - thelles ξla . The cat rubbed against my leg. l-qetta žat tthelles Ela režli.

to rub out - mha imhi. You forgot to rub out the price. nsiti ma-mhiti-š t-taman.

rubber – kawetšu.

rude - xšin pl. xšan. Don't be so rude! ma-tkun-š xšin!

rudeness - xšuna. We can't understand his rudeness. ma-imken-lna nfehmu le-xšuna dyalu.

rug - zerbiya pl. zrabi.

ruin - ?atar pl. -at. They discovered the ruins of an old church. sabu l-?atar dyal wahed le-knisiya qdima.

to ruin - hlek. The frost will ruin the crop. daba ž-žlid ihlek le-hada. --He's ruining his health. ka-ihlek sehhtu. --They were ruined by the war. hlekhom l-herb. 2. kerfes. The paint ruined his new suit completely. s-sbaga kerfset ksumtu ž-ždida kollha.

rule - 1. hkuma. They were under Spanish rule for three centuries. kanu teht le-hkuma de-s-sbanya tlata d-le-grun. 2. ganun pl. qwanen. That's against the rules. had š-ši dedd l-ganun. --I'm sticking to the rules. ka-ntebbe€ l-qamanin.

as a rule - mwellef. As a rule mwellefI don't drink. ma-ka-nešreb-š.

to rule - hkem Ela. They wanted to rule the entire world. ihekmu Eel l-Ealem kollu. ruled over them for nineteen years. hkem Elihom tseEtašer Eam.

ruler - 1. hakem pl. hokkam. a benevolent ruler. kan hakem

rhim. 2. mestara pl. -t. The ruler is too short. l-mestara qsira bezzaf.

rumor - hess. The rumor spread like wildfire. l-hess sat be-z-zerba.

** ${
m It}$'s rumored that she was kıcked out. ka-iqulu bin dhawha. --It's been rumored for quite some time. hadi modda u-n-nas kaitkellmu Ela had š-ši.

rumpus - haraž, sda£.

run - sefra pl. -t. The run takes five hours. s-sefra ka-ttul xemsa de-s-swayeE.

**You've got a run in your stockfetqu-lek tqa\srek. --He's above the average run. huwa fuq l-wasat.

in the long run - $m \in a$ l-wegt. In the long run you'll get tired of that. daba te Eya men had \$-\$i mEa l-wegt.

to run - 1. žra ižri. Don't run so fast. baraka ma džri bhal hakka. -I ran after him, but I couldn't catch up to him. žrit Elih walayenni ma-qdert nqebtu. 2. xdem. Why do you keep the motor running? Elas ka-txelli l-mutur xadem? 3. tleq. The color runs. had l-lun ka-itleq. 4. xeddem. Do you know how to run this machine? waš ka-te€ref txeddem had l-makina? 5. mešša imešši, hkem f-. He's been running this comhadi telt pany for three years. snin u-huwa ka-imešši had š-šarika. 6. duwwez. Run the rope through this ring. dummez t-twal f-had l-xorsa. 7. ža iži. The road runs right by my house. z-zenga žat tamamen qbalt dari. wsel. My horse ran last. l-Eewd dyali wsel t-tali.

**He's running a high fever. sexxantu tal Ea bezzaf. --He's running around with a bad crowd. ka-ixellet nas qbah -- Thev ran him out of town. lezzmu Elih ixrož men le-mdına.

to run across - tlaga mEa. I'll run across him someday. imken-li ntlaqa m€ah ši-nhar.

to run aground - herret. My boat ran aground. le-fluka dyali herrtet.

to run away - hreb. My dog ran away. hreb-li kelbi. ---When he saw us, he ran away. melli šafna hreb.

to run down - 1. tkellem b-le-qbih. She's always running her friends down behind their backs. hiya dima

ka-ttkellem b-le-qbih fe-dher shabha.

2. geddem, dxel f-. He was run down by a truck. geddmu kamyu.

to run into - 1. dxel f-. The car ran into a tree. dexlet t-tumubil f-mahed š-šežra. 2. graq f-. He's running into debt. ka-igraq fe-d-din.

to run off - hreb. He ran off with the club's funds. hreb b-le-flus dyal n-nadi.

to run out - tsala. Our sugar has run out. tsala-lna s-sokkar.

to run over - 1. fad ifid. Watch out that the bathtub doesn't run over. ma-txelli-s l-ma ifid men l-banyu. 2. raže£. Run over your part before the rehearsal. raže£ d-dur dyalek qbel t-temrin.
3. geddem. He was run over by a

truck. geddmu kamyu.

run down - 1. mxerreb. The house is run down. d-dar mxerrba.

2. mehluk. He's very much run-down. sehhtu mehluka. 3. Eeyyan. She looks terribly run-down. daher Eliha Eeyyana bezzaf.

rung - derža pl. -t, druž. The last rung of the ladder is broken. d-derža t-talya de-s-sellum mherrsa.

runner - žerray pl. -a. He's a famous runner. huwa žerray mešhur.

rupture - fteq. He has a rupture. Eendu fteq.

ruse - hila pl. -t.

rush - 1. zerba. What's the rush for? Elaš had z-zerba? 2. dhas. Let's wait till the rush is over. xellina ntsennaw hetta isali d-dhas.

to rush - zerreb. Don't rush me, I'll do it. ma-dzerrebni-š, daba ne∈mel-ha.

to rush oneself - zreb. Don't rush yourself. ma-dzreb-š.

**Rush him to the hospital. Eebbih degya l-l-mestešfa.

Russia - rusya. Russian - rusi.

rust - tsedya.

to rust - tsedda. The machine rusted. tseddat l-mašina.

rustle - xerxer. I thought I heard something rustling. ban-li bin smeEt ši-haža ka-txerxer.

rusty - 1. mseddi. He scratched his hand on a rusty nail. Ereh iddu f-mahed l-mesmar mseddi. --The lock is all rusty. le-qfel mseddikollu.

**My French is a little rusty.

le-fransawiya dyali dEafet.

ruthless - bla hanana.

rye - šqiliya.

•

sack - xenša pl. -t, xnaši.
sacred - mgeddes. Nothing is sacred to him. hetta haža ma-fendu mgeddsa.

sacrifice - tedhiya pl. -t. They made
many sacrifices for their children.
qeddmu bezzaf de-t-tedhiyat
le-wladhom.

at a sacrifice - be-t-tyuh, b-le-xtiya. I sold my car at a sacrifice. be£t siyarti b-le-xtiya. to sacrifice - dehha b-, sebbel. She sacrificed her life for him.

dehhat be-Emerha Elih.

sad - (lli) tayer-lu. Why does he
look so sad? ma-lu ka-iban tayer-lu?

saddle - serž pl. sruža. Can you ride
without a saddle? tqedd terkeb bla
serž?

to saddle - serrež, rekkeb s-serž, Emel s-serž. Do you know how to saddle a horse? ka-tecref tserrež l– ϵewd .

**He saddled me with all his troubles. nezzel Eliya hmumu kol' or teggelni be-hmumu kollhom. saddle making, saddlery - taserražet. saddler - serraž pl. -a. safe - 1. xzana d-le-flus pl. xzayen d-le-flus. We keep our safe in the office. ka-nxellıw le-xzana $d-le-flus \ fe-l-mekteb$. 2. salem. You are safe now. nta salem daba. --This bridge is safe, we can cross had l-qentra salma, ımken-lna nget \mathcal{E} uha. 3. (lli) fih l- 9 aman. This neighborhood isn't quite safe. had l-hewma ma-fiha-š l-?aman bezzaf. 4. mane£, salem. Their house was the only one that remained safe from the fire. darhom hiya llı bqat man£a men l-Eafya.

**He's back safe and sound. ržeć ma-Eendu hetta bas. --To be on the

safe side, let's ask him again. baš nebgaw mertahin yallah nseqsiweh. safely - b-xir, Ela xir. They arrived safely. rahom weşlu Ela xir. safety - salama. This is for your own safety. had š-ši Eel s-salama dyalek. safety pin - šuka pl. -t, šwek. safety razor - makina d-le-hsana pl. -t d-le-hsana, mwaken d-le-hsana. to sag - mal imil. The bookshelf sags in the middle. t-tebqa d-le-ktub mayla fe-l-wost. sail - glat pl. glut, gluta. The wind tore the sail. r-rih qette ξ le-qle ξ . to sail - 1. ttsara f-merkeb le-qlaE. We go sailing every Sunday. koll hedd ka-nemšiw nttsaraw f-merkeb le-gla \mathcal{E} . 2. gelle \mathcal{E} . The boat sails at five. l-baxıra gad tqelle& fe-l-xemsa. **Do you know how to sail a boat? ka-teEref txeddem merkeb le-glaE? sailboat - merkeb le-qla€ pl. mrakeb $le-qla \in$. sailor - behri pl. -ya. salad - šļada pl. šlaved. salad dressing - merga de-š-šlada. salary - [?]užra pl. -t. How can you manage on that salary? kif ka-t&i\$ b-dak l-?užra? sale - $bi\xi$. The sale of alcohol to Moslems is prohibited. biE le-xmer l-le-mselmin memnu£. for sale - $l-l-bi\epsilon$. Our neighbor's house is for sale. d-dar d-žarna raha $l-l-bi\epsilon$. salesclerk - baye& pl. bay&in f. bay&a pl. -t. He's a salesclerk in a department store. huwa baye f-wahed dar s-selfa. Sale - sla. native of Sale - slawi pl. -yen, hel sla. salesman - bayee pl. bayein. One of our salesmen will call on you tomorrow. wahed men l-bay&in dyalna gad iži Eendkom gedda. salt - mleh, melh. to salt - melleh, Emel le-mleh. Did you salt the soup? mellehti le-hrira? **He salted away a tidy sum.

žme E wahed d-dqiqa d-le-flus.

same - 1. nefs. I can be back on the

same day. imken-li neržeć f-nefs

n-nhar. 2. wahed f. wehda. They

f-dar webda. -- They arrived at the

same time. we slu f-we qt wahed.

ka-iseknu

salt shaker - mellaha pl. -t.

live in the same house.

salty - maleh.

qedd qedd. We're the same age. hna qedd qedd fe-s-senn. **He said exactly the same. š-ši lli gal hetta huwa. all the same - 1. tamamen bhal That's all the same to me. Eendi tamamen bhal bhal. 2. beEdella. All the same, I want to see it. beEdella, ana bagi nšufu. sample - mšetra pl. -t, mšater. you have a sample of the material with you? mEak le-mšetra dyal dak t-tub?sand - remla pl. -t, rmali coll. rmel. Let's lie in the sand. aži ndžebbdu fug r-remla. **sandal –** nEala pl. –t, nEayel. sandwich - sandwiš pl. -at. **He was sandwiched in between two stout women. kan mbezzet bin zuž d-le-Evalat sman. sanitary - şihhi. sardine - serdin. satisfaction - 1. našat. I don't get any satisfaction out of that kind of work. ma-ka-nežber hetta ši-našat f-xedma bhal hadik. xater. Was everything settled to your satisfaction? iwa koll-ši tşuwweb Eel l-xater dyalek? satisfactory - 1. (lli) ka-ineššeţ. His condition is satisfactory. haltu ka-tneššet. 2. (lli) f-gaya. This room is satisfactory. l-bit f-gaya. to satisfy - 1. neššet, berred l-xater 1-. That answer doesn't satisfy me. had ž-žwab ma-berred-li-š l-xater. 2. xella Ela xatru. You can't satisfy everybody. ma-imken-lek-š txelli koll-si Ela xatru. 3. ferhan. am not satisfied with my new job. ma-rani-š ferhan be-xdemti ž-ždida. **We'll have to be satisfied with less. l-haşil nhemdu | lah Eel le-qlil. Saturday - sebt pl. sbuta. sauce - merga pl. -t, mrug. saucer - ġţiyer pl. ġţiyrat. Saudi Arabia - l-žaziro s-sa£udiya. savage - wehši. to save - 1. sellek, nged, fekk. Who saved her life? škun sellek-lha Emerha? 2. xella, xebbeE. Could you save this for me until tomorrow? imken-lek txelli-li had š-ši hetta l-ġedda? 3. theļļa f-. Why do you save these old newspapers? Elaš ka-tthella f-had l-žara?id le-qdam?

xda yaxod, haz ihuz. Have you saved a seat for her? xditiw-lha \S_{i-mude} ? 5. \ncong_{me} . weffer. Did you save any money? žme€ti ši-flus?

**You could have saved yourself the trouble. u-kan gir ma-šqiti-š.

savings - wfer. He has used up all his savings. fedda le-wfer lli kan Eendu kollu.

saw - menšar pl. mnašer. Could I borrow a saw? imken-li nsellef wahed l-menšar?

to saw - nšer. He's been sawing wood all morning. had s-sbah kollu u-huwa ka-inšer f-le-xšeb.

to say - 1. gal iqul. She left the room without saying a word. xeržet men l-bit bla ma-tqul hetta kelma. -- They say he speaks many languages. ka-iqulu billa ka-ihder bezzaf de-l-lugat. --He's said to be rich. ka-ioulu la-bas ξlih . 2. lahed. I would like to say something in that connection. bagi nlahed \S_{i-haza} f-had $l-mudu \in \mathcal{S}$. \S_{bed} , dker. The papers didn't say a thing about it. l-žara?id ma-žebdet hetta haža ∈la dak š-ši. 4. xebber b-. The paper says rain. l-žarida xebbret be-š-šta.

**What does that sign say? šnu mektub f-dak l-luha?

to say good-bye to - $sellem \in la$, weddee. I said good-bye to him yesterday. sellemt Elih l-bareh.

saying - metla pl. -t, mtul. That's a very common saying. hadik metla meErufa bezzaf.

**That goes without saying. š-ši ma-yehtaž tefsir.

scaffold - srir pl. srayer. He fell from the scaffold. tah men fug s-srir.

scale - 1. mizan pl. myazen, mwazen. She practices scales all day. raha ka-ttmerren Eel le-myazen n-nhar kollu. 2. qyas pl. -at. The scale is one to one thousand. le-qyas wahed Ela ?alef. 3. qešra pl. qšur coll. qser. This fish has big scales. had l-hut Eendu gšur kbar. scale(s) - mizan pl. myazen. Put the meat on the scales. Emel l-lhem fe-l-mizan.

to scale - 1. tšebbet, tleE. Ten of us scaled the cliff. Eesra bina lli tšebbetna fe-l-žorf. 2. geššer. Has she scaled the fish yet? geššret l-hut wella ma-zala? scandal - fdiha pl. -t, fdayeh.

scar - šerta pl. -t, šrati. He has a scar on his right cheek. Eendu šerta fe-l-henk l-imni.

scare - glil pl. glal. Food has become scarce. l-makla režeet glila.

scarcely - gir šwiya. I scarcely knew him. ma-Ereftu ģir šwiya.

scare - xel£a pl. -t, xla£i. You gave me an awful scare. tiyyerti menni xel&a qedd-aš.

to scare - 1. xummer, $xle \in \mathcal{E}$. The dog scared me badly. l-kelb xleEni bezzaf. 2. ttexleE. I scare easily. ana degya ka-nttexleE.

**Where did he scare up the money? mnayn telle le-flus?

scared stiff - miyyet be-l-xel εa . were scared stiff. konna miyytin be-l-xelEa.

scarf - šarašakel pl. šarašaklat; šal pl. šilan; rumiya pl. -at, rwama.

scarlet - Eekri.

scarlet fever - bu-šwika.

to scatter - 1. tferreq. The crowd scattered when the police arrived. n-nas tferrqet gir žat š-šorta. 2. šettet. The books were scattered all over the floor. le-ktub kanu mšetttin Eel l-9erd kollha.

scenery - 1. zina pl. -t. Who designed the scenery? ** *kun lli summeb z-zina? 2. mender pl. manadir. We didn't have time to look at the scenery. ma-kan-š Eendna l-wegt baš ntfežžžu fe-l-manadir.

scent - šemman. Our dog has a keen scent. kelbna Eendu šemman qwi.

to scent - šemm, šemm riha. The dogs have scented the fox. le-klab šemmu riht t-te∈leb.

schedule - bernamež pl. baramiž. We'll have to work out a schedule if we're going to finish on time. xeşşna nşuwwbu wahed l-bernamež ila konna gad nfeddiw fe-l-weqt.

**The train arrived on schedule. l-mašina weşlet fe-l-weqt.

scheme - mešru£ pl. mašari£; bernamež pl. baramiž. Has he thought up a new scheme? was fekker f-si mesruc ždid?

to scheme - debber. They're always scheming. dima ka-idebbru.

school - medrasa pl. mdares.

science - Eilm pl. Eulum. He is more interested in science than in literature. huwa mehtemm $be-l-\mathcal{E}ulu\mathbf{z}$ kter men $l-^{9}adab$.

scientific - Eilmi.

scissors - mqess pl. mqusa. The
scissors are dull. had le-mqess
hafi.

to scold - gunwet Ela. My mother scolded me. in i gunwtet Eliya.
to scorch - hreq. I nearly scorched my dress. Elayen hreqt ksuwti.

**The sun is scorching hot. š-šems

sxuna ka-tehreq.

score - 1. hsab, hsiyba. I have a score to settle with that fellow. Eendi ši-hsiyba gad nseffiha m£a dak xiyyna. 2. nahiya. You don't need to worry on that score. ma-Eendek mn-aš ttšuwweš men dak n-nahiya.

**What's the score? fayn wsel l-le&b? --The score is three to one. l-le&b wagef fe-tlata l-wahed.
--The score is tied. l-le&b metgadd. --The final score was five to nothing. n-natiža de-l-le&b kanet xemsa l-walu.

to score - dar idir, rbeh. They scored five points. rebhu xemsa de-n-ngat.

scoundrel - selgut pl. slaget.
scrap - 1. šyata pl. -t. Give the
scraps to the dogs. Eti š-šyata
l-le-klab. 2. terf pl. traf. That'
only a scrap of paper. hadak ģir
terf de-l-kaģit. 3. ģnan pl. -at.
They had an awful scrap last night.
kan binathom ģnan kbir l-bareh

scrap metal - hdid bali. He deals in scrap metal. ka-ibi∈ w-išri f-le-hdid l-bali.

fe-l-lil.

to scrape - kerret. She scraped her hands on the rock. kerrtet iddiha mea l-hežra.

to scrape off - kerret. Scrape the paint off first. kerret s-sbaga beeda.

to scrape together - qaded. I couldn't scrape the money together. ma-qdert-s nqaded le-flus.

scratch - 1. xebša pl. -t coll. xbaš.

Where did you get that scratch on your cheek? mnayn žatek dak
l-xebša lli f-wežhek? 2. m²adya
pl. -t. We escaped without a scratch. mne£na bla m²adya.

from scratch - men walu, men l-luwwel. After the fire he had to start from scratch. men beed l-eafya dterr ibda men l-luwwel.

to scratch - 1. xebbeš. Be careful not to scratch the furniture. Eendak txebbeš l-?atat. 2. šenger. This pen scratches. had r-riša ka-tšenger. to scratch out - (!reb Ela. Scratch out the last sentence. dreb Eel l-žumla t-talya.

scream - ģuta pl. -t coll. ģwat. I thought I heard a scream. žab-li llah sme&t ši-ģuta.

to scream - gummet. The child screamed with fright. d-derri gummet be-l-xewf.

Screen - 1. derraga pl. -t, drareg.
Undress behind the screen. zuwwel
hwayšek mur d-derraga. 2. izar pl.
izur. He looks older on the screen.
ka-iban kber men dak š-ši f-l-izar.
3. šebka pl. -t, šbek. We need new
screens in the living room. xessna
šebkat ždad fe-l-bit le-kbir.

screw - luleb pl. lwaleb. These screws need tightening. had l-lwaleb xesshom it Eeggaw.

to screw - ziyyer, Eezza. Don't forget to screw the cap on the bottle. Eendak tensa ma-dziyyer-š le-ġţa de-l-qerEa.

**If I can screw up enough courage, I'll ask for a raise. ila žbert l-qodra ġad ntleb z-zyada.

screw driver - bu-lwaleb pl. bu-lwalbat.
to scribble - xenfeš. It's terrible
the way he scribbles. walayenni
kif ka-ixenfeš.

**The wall is all scribbled up.

l-heyt kollu mEemmer be-t-txenfis.

to scrub - hekk. She still has to

scrub the floor. ma-zal xessha
thekk l-?erd.

sculptor - neqqaš pl. -a. scythe - mhešša pl. -t.

sea - bher pl. bhur, bhura. How far >>
are we from the sea? šhal binna
u-bin le-bher?

seal - 1. kelb le-bher pl. klab
le-bher. We watched them feed the
seals. **sefnahom ka-iwekklu klab
le-bher. 2. tabe£ pl. twabe£. The .
papers bore the official seal.
le-wrag kan £lihom t-tabe£ r-resmi.

to seal - 1. šedd. Have you sealed the letter yet? šedditi le-bra wella ma-sal. 2. lekkek. You have to seal the jars while the fruit is still hot. ka-ixessek tlekkek le-Eleb ma-hedd l-fakya

seam - xyata pl. -t. Rip open this seam. fteq had le-xyata.

search - teqlab, teqliba. The police made a thorough search. l-bulis daru teqliba men r-ras le-r-režlin.

to search - qelleb. I've searched the whole house. qellebt d-dar kollha. --We searched for him everywhere. ma-xellina fayn

qellebna Elih.
season - 1. menzla pl. -t, mnazel;
fesl pl. fsul. Which season do you
like best? š-men menzla ka-tEežbek
ktir-ši? 2. weqt pl. wqat; fetra
pl. -t. The hotel had an excellent
season this year. l-?util daz Elih

weqt ha?il had l-Eam.

to season - Emel l-Eetriya. What did you season the meat with?

š-men Eetriya Emelti fe-l-lhem?

seat - 1. korsi pl. krasa; šelya pl. šli. This seat needs fixing. had l-korsi xeşsu itsuwweb. 2. mudeE pl. mwadeE. There's still a free seat. ma-zala mudeE xawya.

3. meqEed pl. mqaEed. The pants are too tight in the seat. had s-serwal mziyyer bezzaf fe-l-meqEed.

to have (take) a seat - gles.

Please have a seat. tfeddel, gles.

to seat - 1. gelles. She seated
the children in the front row.
gellset d-drari fe-s-seff l-lummel.

2. rfed. The theater seats five
hundred people. l-mesreh ka-irfed
xems-mya de-n-nas.

second - 1. taniya pl. -t. He ran a hundred meters in ten seconds. Fra myat miter f-Eesra de-t-taniyat.

2. tani pl. tanyin. Will you please give me the second book from the left? men fedlek Etini le-ktab t-tani Eel l-iser.

second-class = t-tanya. Give me one
second-class ticket to Rabat, please.
Etini btaqa fe-t-tanya le-r-rbat
llah ibarek fik.

second-hand - 1. ness lebsa. He bought the book second-hand. **sra le-ktab ness lebsa. 2. men Eend **xrin. I only know that story second-hand. dak le-ktaya ma-ka-ne@refha gir men Eend **xrin.

secret - 1. sirr pl. star. Let me in on the secret. ?emmenni be-s-sirr.

--Can you keep a secret? ka-teEref tektem s-sirr? 2. sirri. He was elected by secret ballot. summutu-lu be-ntixab sirri. 3. mestur, mexfi. They have a secret plan. Eendhom bernamež mestur.

**She keeps no secrets from me.
ma-ka-txebbe& šay &liya.

to keep secret - xebbeɛ. I don't know why they keep it secret.
ma-Ereft-ši ɛlaš ka-ixebbɛuha.

secretary - 1. katib, kateb pl. kottab; f. katiba pl. -t. She's my secretary. hadik l-katiba dyali. 2. wazir pl. wuzara?. His father is the Secretary of the Interior. bbah wazir

d-daxiliya.

secretly - sirriyan, f-xefya, men teht l-teht. They met secretly. rahom tlagaw men teht l-teht.

section - 1. feqra pl. -t. You'll find it in Chapter One, Section Three. gad tsibha fe-l-feqra t-talta de-l-fesl l-luwwel.

2. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi. I was brought up in this section. kbert f-had n-nahiya. 3. hewma pl. -t, hwem; nahiya pl. -t, nawahi. He lives in one of the nicest sections of the town. ka-iskon f-hewma men ehsen hwem d-le-mdina.

secure - 1. fe-l-?aman. Nobody feels secure these days. hetta wahed ma-ka-ihess b-rasu fe-l-?aman had l-iyam. 2. qabet. Is this bolt secure? was had z-zekrum qabet?

to secure - dmen. His future is secured. musteqbalu medmun.

security - 1. °aman. It gives us a sense of security. had š-ši ka-yudećna šwiyeš fe-l-°aman.

2. damana pl. -t. What security can you give me that he'll pay me? š-men damana imken-lek tečtini °annahu gad-ixelleşni? 3. rhen pl. rhuna. I had to leave my watch as security. tlezzemt nxelli maganti fe-r-rhen.

to see - 1. šaf išuf. We've just seen a good movie. Ead šefna wahed l-film mezyan. 2. šaf išuf, tqabel. I can't see him until tomorrow. ma-gad imken-li ntqabel mEah hetta l-gedda. 3. šaf išuf, fhem, qšeE. Anybody should be able to see that. men wala ifhem hadik. 4. šaf išuf, mša imši Eend. Why don't you see a lawyer about this matter? Elaš ma-temši-š Eend ši-muhami Ela had l-qadiya? 5. tsara f-. I would like to see the town. bagi ntsara f-le-mdina.

**Oh, I see! xyar! žitek. --See you again! iwa ntlaqaw! or llah ihennik! --Wait and see. daba tšuf. --He has seen better days. kan £ayeš fe-l-xir u-le-xmir. --I'd like to see more of you. baği ntmette£ be-š-šufa fik kter men had š-ši. --We saw them off to the boat. mšina m£ahom l-l-baxira. --He makes me see red. ka-iţēlle£-li z-z£ef. --Anybody can see through that guy. men wala i£iq b-dak xiyna. seed - 1. zerri£a pl. -t. Did you buy any seeds? šriti ši-zerri£a?

2. Edem pl. Edam, Eduma. Some types of oranges have no seeds. ši-xerž

de-l-letšin ma-fih Edam. to seem - ban iban, dher. That seems peculiar to me. ka-iban-li grib dak š-ši.

seesaw - mizan pl. myazen.

to seize - 1. xtef, gnem. If I don't seize this opportunity it may be too late. ila ma-xteft-ši had l-wežba gad imken iduz l-weqt. 2. qbed, šedd. He seized the rope with both his hands. qbed t-twal b-zuž iddih.
3. slat Ela, nzel Ela. He was seized by fear. l-xewf nzel Elih.
4. bser, hbes. They seized his papers. hebsu-lu kwagtu.

seldom - qlil (f-as). I seldom agree with him. qlil f-aš ka-nttafeq m£ah.

to select - xter.

to sell - 1. ba\(\xi\) ibi\(\xi\). Did you sell your old car? be\(\xi\) ti siyartek le-qdima? --He sold us out to the enemy. ba\(\xi\) bina l-le-\(\xi\)du.

2. ttba\(\xi\). This suit usually sells for two hundred dirhams. had l-keswa ka-ttba\(\xi\) \(\xi\) \(\xi\)derhem.

**Sorry, we're all sold out. $be-l-^{9}asaf$, xerrežna koll-ši. semiannual – merrtayn $fe-l-\mathcal{E}am$. semolina – smid, smida.

to send - sifet, safet isifet. I
want to send him a telegram. bgit
nsifet-lu bergiya. --Have you sent
for the doctor? sifetti mur t-tbib?
--When did he send that package
off? fug-as safet dak r-rezma?
**Send him in. qul-lu idxol.

to send one's regards - sellem $\mathcal{E}la$. He sends his regards to everybody. ka-isellem $\mathcal{E}la$ koll- $\mathcal{S}i$.

sensation - 1. Sucur pl. -at. It's a very pleasant sensation. Sucur hlu bezzaf. 2. fetna pl. -t. His speech created a sensation. l-kalima dyalu temlet fetna.

sensational $-\epsilon a \tilde{s} ib$, $ha^{\tilde{s}} il$, (lli) ka-iften.

sense - Eqel, ras. I hope he has enough sense to take a taxi. messab gir ikun Eendu r-ras u-yaxod taksi.

--I must have been out of my senses. waqila kont xarez Ela Eeqli.

2. meEna. There's no sense in doing that. dak š-ši ma-Eendu meEna ikun.

3. šuEur. It gives me a sense of security. had š-ši ka-ibEet fiya šuEur de-l-?aman.

**That's true, in a sense. dak \$-\$i \$hih men wahed n-nahiya. --That doesn't make sense. had \$-\$i ma-\$i me&qul. --That doesn't make any sense to mε. ma-zal dak š-ši ma-bġa-ši ittefhem-li.

to sense - hess. I sensed right away that something was wrong-degya hessit b-ši haža ma-ši hiya hadik.

senseless - 1. (lli) ma-fendu mefna. That's altogether senseless. had š-ši kollu ma-fendu mefna. 2. (lli) ma-fendu fendu mefna out in this rain is senseless. ma-fendu feqel lli ixrož f-had š-šta. sensible - mfeqqel.

sentence - 1. Sumla pl. -t, Sumal. I didn't understand the last sentence.

ma-fhemt-\$\frac{1}{2}\text{l-\text{Sumla}} t-talya. 2. hkam

pl. -at. The judge has already pronounced sentence. l-qadi sedder

hkamu.

to sentence - hkem Ela. He was sentenced to five years. hekmu Elih b-xems snin.

sentimental - Eatifi, (lli) qelbu rhif.

sentry - Eessa pl. -t, Eses. The sentry didn't let me pass. l-Eessa ma-xellatni-š nduz.

separate - mefruq. Could we have
 separate rooms? imken-lna naxdu
 byut mefruqin?

under separate cover - b-webdu. I'm sending you my application under separate cover. r-ana msifet-lkom t-talab dyali b-webdu.

to separate - 1. freq. I could hardly separate those two.

ma-statect-s hetta nefreqhom b-suž.

--My parents are separated. waldiya mefruqin. 2. qsem. Separate that group into five sections. qsem dak ž-žmaća čla xemsa de-l-ferqat.

separately - b-wehdu. I want to talk to each one of the boys separately. hebbit nehder mea koll wahed men le-wlad b-wehdu.

September - šutanbir, šutambir. series - selsila pl. -t. He's written a series of books about it. huwa kteb wahed s-selsila d-le-ktub Ela dak š-ši.

serious - 1. doğri. That man is very serious in his work. had r-ražel doğri bezzaf fe-l-xedma dyalu.

xatir. His illness isn't very serious. l-merd dyalu ma-ši xatir bezzaf.
 kbir pl. kbar. That's a serious mistake. gelta kbira hadi.
 seriously - 1. bezzaf. She is ser-

iously ill. hiya mrida bezzaf.

2. be-n-niya. I'm seriously considering getting married.
ka-nxemmem be-n-niya fe-z-zwaž.

sermon - xotba pl. -t. Our preacher gave a good sermon on Friday. le-xtib dyalna Emel wahed l-xotba mezyana nhar ž-žem£a.

servant - metEellem pl. metEellmin, xeddam pl. -a.

to serve - 1. Eta yeEți, duwwez, ferreq. Shall I serve the drinks now? nferreq l-mešrubat daba? 2. ·slah, qda iqdi. This will serve its purpose. had š-ši gad igdi meşlahtu. 3. duwwez. He's serving a four-year term in prison. rah $ka-iduwwez modda d-reb \in a snin$ fe-l-hebs. 4. nezzel. When do you serve supper? fuq-aš ka-tnezzlu le-€ša?

**That serves you right! xxi fik! or iwa baš ttEellem! service - 1. maabla, maabla. The service is bad in this restaurant.

le-mgabla Eendhom gbiha f-had l-met ξ em. 2. xedma pl. -t. maid is giving us good service. l-metEellma ka-teEmel-lna xedma mezyana.

**These buses have been in service for twenty years. had t-tubisat hadi Eešrin Eam u-huma xeddamin. -- How long have you been in the service? šhal hadi u-nta fe-l-žeyš? -- Can I be of service to you? tebģini neqdi-lek ši-haža? service station - mhetta d-l-isans pl. mhettat d-l-isans. Let's stop at the next service station. nweg fu f-le-mhetta d-l-isans l-mažya. Sesame - zenžlan.

set - 1. serbis pl. srabes. We have a whole set of these ash trays. Eendna serbis kamel men had l-getran de-d-defya. 2. $mežmu \in a pl. -t$. There's only one stamp missing in that set. ma-xass f-dak l-mežmu£a gir tenber wahed. 3. ?ala pl. -t. He sold his old radio and bought a new set. ba£ r-radyu le-qdim dyalu u-šra ?ala ždida.

to set - 1. nezzel, Emel. Set it on the desk. nezzelha fug t-tebla. heggeg. I set my watch by the station clock. heggegt maganti Eel l-magana d-le-mhetta. 3. Eeyyen. Why don't you set the time? Elas nta ma-tEeyyen-ši l-weqt? 4. gerreq, hedden. Is the hen setting? waš d-džaža mąerrąa? 5. rekkeb. I'd like to have these stones set in gold. nebģi had l-hežrat mrekkbin Eel d-dheb. 6. bda ibda. He set to work immediately. deżya bda fe-l-xedma.

greb. The sun had already set. š-šems kanet ģerbet beEda. 8. Eta ye£ti. You've set a good example. nta Etiti mital mezyan.

**I set my watch five minutes ahead. zedt xemsa de-d-daayeg f-maganti. -- He set the price at fifty dirhams. xemsin derhem t-taman lli ϵ mel. --Set the clock for seven. telle€ l-magana fe-s-seb ξa . —The meeting has been set for nine o'clock. le-žtima£ daruh le-t-tesEud. --He set the dogs on me. tleq Eliya le-klab. --Can you set me straight on this? imken-lek tbiyyen-li had š-ši?

to set aside - xebbeE, xella. Set this one aside for me. xebbe€-li hadi.

to set down - nezzel. Set the box down gently. nezzel s-senduq be-š-šwiya.

to set in - bda ibda, dxel idxol. The rainy season set in early this year. wegt š-šta bda bekri had l-Eam.

to set off - terteq. They didn't have time to set off the charge. ma-kan-š f-iddhom l-weqt baš itertqu le-Emara

to set cut for - šedd t-triq l-. They set out for home on Monday. nhar t-tnayn šeddu t-triq l-darhom.

to set the table - wežžed t-tebla. Quick, set the table! deżya weżżed t-tebla.

to set up - rekkeb. The new machines have just been set up. Ead rekkbu l-?alat ž-ždad.

all set - wažed. Everything is all set. koll-ši wažed.

to be set on - Emel Eeynu f-. I'm set on that. Emelt Eeyni f-dak š-ši.

to settle - 1. seffa, fedda. He settled with his creditors. fedda mEa mmalin t-telq. --We must settle our accounts today. xessna l-yum nseffiw hsabatna. 2. ressa, fedda. You must settle that between yourselves. xeşşkom treşşiw dak š-ši beEdiyatkom. 3. sleh. Can you settle their argument? imken-lek teşleh ma binathom? 4. treşşa. wall has settled a little. l-hit tressa ši-šwiya. 5. qEed, rqed. Wait until the tea has settled. sber hetta ig Eed ?atay.

to be settled - fra ifra. question was settled some time ago. had l-gadiya frat shal hadi.

**Now settle down to work!

3. hebba pl. -at.

xyalu ka-ixaf.

There is not a shadow of doubt

about it. dak š-ši ma-fih-ši

gles texdem Ela rașek daba. --On Sunday I like to settle myself in a chair and smoke my pipe. nhar l-hedd ka-iršeq-li nwerrek Ela ši-šelya u-nekmi s-sbisi dyali. to settle down - ressa rasu. Hasn't he settled down yet? ma-zal ma-ressa rasu? to settle for - ttawa b-. We settled for two hundred dirhams. ttawina be-myatayn derhem. settlement - ttifagiva pl. -t. couldn't reach a settlement. ma-weşlu hetta l-ši ttifaqiya. seven − seb£a. seventeen - sbečtaš. seventh - 1. (ordinal). sabe epl. sab ξ in. 2. (fraction). subu ξ pl. -at. seventy - seb&in. several - Eadad d-. We passed several beautiful houses. dezna Ela Eadad de-d-dyar mezyanin. several times - ma-hiya xetra ma-hiya zuž. I've been there several times. kont temma ma-hiya xetra ma-hiya zuž. severe - 1. qaşeh. It was a very severe winter. l-berd kan gaşeh bezzaf. 2. kbir. The punishment was too severe. l-Euguba kanet kbira bezzaf Ead. 3. xtir. He has a severe case of pneumonia. merd s-sder lli fih xtir. Seville - šbilya. to sew - xeyyet. She sews her own dresses. ka-txeyyet ksawiha b-iddha. **Please sew these buttons on for llah ixellik rekkeb-li had me. s-sdaf. sewer - qadus Eettara pl. qwades Eettara. sewing machine - makina d-le-xyata pl. -t d-le-xyata. sex - žins pl. žnas. In your application state age and sex. fe-l-werga de-t-talab dker s-senn u-l-žins dyalek. the fair sex - l-žins |-|tif. sexual - Zinsi. shabby - mbehdel. His suit looks shabby. ksuwtu ka-tban mbehdla. **That was very shabby of him. hadik darha tayha. shade - 1. dell pl. dlul. Let's stay in the shade. "xellina fe-d-dell. ġlag pl. -at. Pull down the shades. hebbet le-glagat. shadow - 1. dell pl. dlul. The trees cast long shadows. š-šžer ka-ye£tiw

dell kbir. 2. xyal pl. -at.

afraid of his own shadow. men

He's

hebba de-š-šekk. **They hired a detective to shadow him. kellfu bulisi sirri irmi Elih l-Eevn. shady - 1. mdellel. That place is shady and we can play there. l-mahell mdellel w-imken-lna nle∈bu temma. 2. mdebdeb. had l-bi€a a shady business. u-š-šerya mdebdba. shaft - wted pl. wtad. The shaft broke off. le-wted therres. She shook her to shake - 1. hezz. 2. mxed. head. hezzet rașha. You must shake it before using. xeşşek tmexdu qbel-ma txeddmu. 3. zeEzeE. The earthquake shook everything within a radius of three kilometers. l-hezza l-gerdiya zeEzEet lli ttsab kollu Ela tlata kilumiter men hna. shaky - mfeefee. I'm still shaky. rani ma-zal mfeEfeE. shall - gad (plus the imperfect). We shall see who's right. gad nšufu škun mEah l-hegg. shallow - 1. ma-gareq-s. The lake is very shallow at this point. d-daya ma-garqa-š bezzaf f-had l-mude€. mbesset, mgerres. Put it in a shallow bowl. diru fe-gtar mbesset. 3. ma-ši doģri. He's a very shallow person. huwa ma-ši ražel dogri. shame - 1. hya. Haven't you any shame? ma-fik hya? 2. hšuma pl. hšayem. It's a shame the way he treats us. hšuma kif ka-iEamelna. **Shame on you! | lah iqellel hyak! or llah in Eel men lla-yehšem! --What a shame you can't come. be-l-?asaf ma-imken-lek-š dži. shape - 1. fsala pl. -t, fsayel. fez is all out of shape. t-terbus ma-bqa qabet hetta fşala. 2. hala pl. -t, hwal. I'm in bad shape. τ-ana f-wahed l-hala mfellsa. 3. \dot{g} aya pl. -t. Is everything in shape? waš koll-ši f-gaya? to shape - fessel. His head is shaped like a watermelon. mfeşşel bhal ši-dellaha. to shape up - $t \in ewwet$. Things are gradually shaping up. l-?umur raha ka-tt∈ewwet šwiya be-šwiya. share - 1. hegg pl. haug. Everybody has to pay his share. koll wahed ixelles heqqu. 2. sehm pl. sham, shuma. How many shares did

you buy? šhal men sehm šriti?

to share - qşem. Let's share the cake. aži nqeşmu l-helwa.

shareholder - shaymi pl. -yat, msahem pl. msahmin.

shark - maraxu pl. -yat.

sharp - 1. madi. Do you have a sharp knife? ϵ endek δ i-mess madi?
2. ϵ qate ϵ , ϵ , ϵ (lli) ka-idbe ϵ . She has a sharp tongue. ϵ endha ϵ lsan ka-idbe ϵ . 3. tamam. We have to be there at five o'clock sharp. ϵ xessna nkunu temma ϵ ϵ -l-xemsa tamam.

to sharpen - 1. meçda. You have to sharpen this knife. xeşşek tmeddi had l-mus. 2. nžer. Sharpen this pencil for me, please. Eafak nžer-li had le-glam.

shave - hsana d-le-wžeh, tekrita,
tehsina. I want a shave and a
haircut. bģit ši-tehsina d-le-wžeh
u-de-š-šEer. --The barber gave me
a good shave. l-hežžam dar-li wahed
t-tekrita ha?ila.

to shave - hessen le-wžeh. Who shaved you? škun hessen-lek wežhek? she - hiva.

to shed - 1. xwa ixwi. She shed bitter tears. xwat dmu£ d-demm.
2. rma irmi. That sheds some light on the matter. had š-ši ka-irmi šwiyeš de-d-duw £el l-aadiya.
3. zuwwel. As soon as I got into my room I shed all my clothes. gir wselt l-biti zuwwelt hwayži kollhom. sheep - kebš pl. kbaš.

sheer - 1. tamm. That would be sheer madness. iwa hadak le-hmaq t-tamm.
2. rhif pl. rhaf. I'd like a sheer fabric. ana baġi ši-tub rhif.

sheet - 1. isar pl. isur. Shall I change the sheets, too? nbeddel hetta l-isur? 2. werqa pl. -t, wraq. Please give me a sheet of paper. Eafak Etini ši-werqa.

**Her face turned as white as a sheet. wžehha wella bhal l-hit.

shelf - tebqa pl. -t. The shelves are empty t-tebqat xawyen.

shell - 1. qešra pl. -t, qšur. These walnuts have a hard shell. had l-guz qšertu qaşha. 2. kura pl. -t, kwer. A shell exploded near our house. wahed l-kura ttertqet hda darna.

to shell - qeššer. Do you want to shell the walnuts? tebģi tqeššer l-guz?

shelter - tedriqa pl. -t. Some bus
stops have no shelters. be&d
le-mhettat de-t-tubis ma-fihom
tedriqat.

to shelter - sekken. They sheltered and fed us. huma sekknuna u-wekkluna.

shepherd - sareh pl. sorrah.

to shield - 1. derreq, xebbe£, hfed.
You ought to shield your eyes against the sun. lazem dderreq £eynik men š-šems. 2. ster. He must be shielding somebody. ma-huwa gir ka-ister ši-wahed.

shift - 1. refga pl. -t, rfagi. Our workers work in three shifts. l-xeddama dyalna & eamlin tlata de-r-refgat. 2. tegyir pl. -at. This will mean a shift in my plans. had š-ši me&nah ġad ikun tegyir fe-l-baramiž dyali.

to shift - 1. beddel, qleb. You ought to shift into second. xessek tbeddel le-t-tanya. 2. ģiyyer, hewwel. We have to shift the meeting to Tuesday. la-bodda nģiyyru le-žtima£ le-nhar t-tlata.
3. tteqleb. The wind has shifted. r-rih tteqleb.

to shift for oneself - debber Ela rasu. I always shift for my-self. dima ka-ndebber Ela rasi. shin - qesba de-r-ržel pl. qseb r-režlin.

shine - 1. lmi£. If you polish the tray, the shine will come back. had \$-\$iniya ila msehtiha irže£-lha l-lmi£ dyalha. 2. mesha pl. -t coll. msih. A shoe shine costs half a dirham. l-mesha de-\$-\$ebbat ka-teswa ne\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ derhem.

**We'll come, rain or shine. ġad nžiw waxxa ikun l-ġaraq.

to shine - 1. lme£, breq, dwa idwi. The sun isn't shinning today. \$\sisms ma-ka-telme£-\sisms l-yum. --Her eyes were shining with joy. £eyniha kanu ka-iberqu be-l-ferha. 2. ban iban, brez, bre£. He's good in all his subjects, but mathematics is where he shines. huwa mezyan fe-l-mawadd kollha be-l-heqq le-hsab fih ka-iban. 3. mseh. I have to shine my shoes. xesşni nemseh sebbati.

to be shiny - dwa idwi. His pants are shiny. serwalu ka-idwi.

ship -- babur pl. -at, baxira pl. -t. When does the ship leave? fuq-aš gad temši l-baxira?

to ship - sifet, safet isifet.

They can ship these goods by rail.

imken-lhom isiftu had s-selea mea

l-mašina.

shipment - selfa pl. -t, sluf. We've just received a new shipment of

shoes. Ead weşletna selfa ždida de-s-sbabet.

shipwreck - gergan l-babur.

shirt - qamežža pl. -t, qwamež. my shirts back from the laundry? qwamži žaw men Eend ş-şebban?

**Keep your shirt on, I'll be right there. xellik temma, daba w-ana žit.

to shiver - gzel, qefqef. The child was shivering with cold. d-derri kan ka-igzel be-l-berd.

shock - 1. derba pl. -t, deqqa pl. -t. His death was a great shock to us all. l-mut dyalu žatna kollna derba kbira. 2. qetta pl. -t, qtet. They stacked up the wheat in shocks. Eerrmu l-gemh qtet qtet.

to shock - šlet. We were shocked by the news. šletna le-xbar.

shoe - 1. ferda de-s-sebbat pl. sebbat, sbabet. Where are my new shoes? fayn s-sebbat ž-ždid dyali? 2. sfiha pl. -t, sfayeh. The horse lost one shoe. l-Eewd mšat-lu sfiha.

**I wouldn't want to be in his shoes. lleh-la ye∈mel-ni fe-rhebtu. to shoe - rekkeb sfayeh l-. He's going to shoe his horse. gad irekkeb ş-şfayeh l-l-€ewd dyalu.

shoehorn - $tella \in a$ pl. -t.

shoelace - sir pl. syur. shoemaker - xerraz pl. -a.

shoe polish - siraž. I need some brown polish for my new shoes. bagi siraž gehwi l-sebbati ž-ždid.

shoe repair man - terraf pl. -a. shoot - friyeE pl. friyEat. Our rosebush has two new shoots. l-werda dyalna Eemlet zuž d-le-friyEat xrin.

to shoot - 1. dreb, Edem. You'll be shot for that. iEedmuk Ela hadik. 2. suwwer. They're shooting in Studio Five. ka-işuwwru fe-s-stidyu l-xames.

**The car shot past us. s-siyara dazet hdana be-ž-žehd. --How the child has shot up in the last year! walayenni kif fad d-derri had l-Eam lli daz.

to shoot dead - qtel mqertes. They shot him dead. qetluh maqertes.

to shoot down - tiyyeh. Four of our airplanes have been shot down. tiyyhu-lna reb€a de-t-tyayer.

shop - hanut (m. or f.) pl. hwanet. There are many shops on this street. kaynin bezzaf d-le-hwanet f-had z-zenga.

to talk shop - hder Eel l-xedma. Stop talking shop! iwa xlas u-ma-tehder €el l-xedma!

to shop - tsuwweq.

**I want to shop around before I buy the present. bagi ndur hna u-hna, Ead nešri le-hdiya.

shore - terf le-bher pl. traf le-bher. How far is it to the shore? * Shal men hna l-terf le-bher.

short - 1. selk mehrug. There must be a short in the radio. hada ši-selk mehruq fe-r-radyu. 2. qsir pl. qsar. She wears her dresses too short. ka-telbes ksawiha qsar bezzaf.

** $ec{I}$ am three dirhams short. baqika-ixeşşuni tlata de-d-drahem. --Right now, I am short of money. f-had s-sa£a ana mexsus men le-flus. --It fell short of my expectations. dak š-ši xeyyeb-li d-denn.

in short - l-hasil. In short, I can't. l-hași | ma-imken-li-š.

to cut short - nges men. had to cut their trip short. melzumin baš ineqsu men s-sfer dyalhom.

to run short - qlal. Our supplies were running short. le-qwam kan bda iqlal-lna.

short cut - trig mextufa pl. torgan mextufin. He knows a short cut to the beach. ka-yeEref wahed t-triq mextufa l-le-bher.

to shorten - nges men t-tul. Shorten the pants for me, please. llah ixellik nges-li men t-tul d-had s-serwal.

shortly - men daba šwiya. He'll be here shortly. gad ikun hnaya men daba šwiya.

shorts - 1. serwal tehtani pl. srawel thata. He ordered six pairs of shorts. huwa tleb setta de-s-srawel t-thata. 2. serwal qsir pl. srawel qsar. The girls were all wearing shorts. le-bnat kollhom kanu labsin s-srawel qşar.

short wave - muža qṣiṛa pl. mwaž qṣaṛ. You can get short wave on this radio too. imken-lek tegbet hetta l-muža le-qsira f-had r-radyu.

shot - 1. gortas pl. grates. Did you hear (the sound of) a shot? smeEti ši-teklima de-l-qortas? 2. Emara pl. -t, Emayer. He fired three shots. xerrež tlata d-le-Emarat. --Somebody took a shot at him. ši-wahed xla fih Emara. 3. niyyaš pl. -a. His brother is a good shot. xah niyyaš mezyan. 4. teşwira pl. -t, tsawer. We got beautiful shots of the lake. t-tsawer de-d-daya xeržu-lna mezyanin. 5. šuka pl.

šwek; ibra pl. ibari. Have you gotten all your shots yet? kemmelti l-ibari kollhom wella ma-zal? **He thinks he's a big shot. ka-ižib-lu rebbi huwa ši-haža.

shotgun - zwiža pl. -t.

should - xess (plus the imperfect). You should study harder. xessek

teqra kter men had š-šı.

should have - kan xess (plus the imperfect). You shouldn't have believed it. ma-kan-š xessek ttiyyeq dak š-ši. --He should have written to them. kan xessu ikteb-lhom.

shoulder - ktef pl. ktaf. He has very broad shoulders. Eendu ktaf wasEin bezzaf.

**He doesn't even know how to shoulder a rifle. ma-ka-yeeref-s hetta iqbet le-mkohla f-ketfu. --Why did you give him the cold shoulder? Elas nexxeltih. --Why should I shoulder the blame for it? Elaš ana ģad naxod l-luma Ela dak 5-8i?

straight from the shoulder be-s-saraha. -- I gave it to him straight from the shoulder. qoltha-lu be-s-saraha.

to shout - guwwet. You don't have to shout! ma-kayen Elaš tģuwwet.

to shout down - $juwwet \in la$. The speaker was shouted down by the crowd. n-nas ģuwwtu €el l-muḥaḍiṛ.

shouting - gwat pl. -at. Your shouting is getting on my nerves. had le-gwat dyalek ka-iqelleqni.

shove - $def \in a$ pl. -t. He gave me such a shove that I nearly fell over. dfeEni wahed d-defEa hetta Elayen gad ntih.

to shove - $dfe\xi$.

shovel - bala pl. -t. You'll need a pickax and a shovel. gad ixessek fas u-bala.

to shovel - hfer be-l-bala. had to shovel a path through the snow. ma-fadna gir nhefru triq be-l-bala fe-t-telž.

show - fraža pl. -t. Did you go to the horse show? mšiti l-le-fraža de-l-xil? -- When does the first show start at this theater? fuq-as ka-ibda le-fraža l-luwwla f-had s-sinima?

to show - 1. werra. Could you show me the way? imken-lek twerrini t-triq? 2. ban iban. Only his head head showed above the water. gir rasu lli kan iban fuq l-ma. 3. *l*€eb. What are they showing at the theater

this evening? š-gad ileEbu fe-ssinima had l-lila? 4. biyyen, dehher. The investigation didn't show a thing. l-beht ma-dehher hetta haža. --He doesn't dare show himself again around here. ma-bqa-š iqedd ibiyyen wežhu hnaya.

to show around - sara isari. She's showing her guest around town. ka-tsari d-difa lli Eendha f-le-mdina. to show off - fšer, hal ihil. He's just showing off. xeddam ka-

ifšer. to show up - 1. ža iži, ban iban.

Nobody showed up. ma-ža hedd. 2. twata. Yellow shows up well against a black background. le-sfer ka-itwata mezyan €el le-kḥel. shower - 1. nezla de-š-šta pl. -t

de-š-šta. We were caught in a shower. qebtetna n-nezla de-š-šta. 2. duš pl. dwaš. Does your bathroom have a shower? l-hemmam dyalek fih d-duš?

to take a shower - xda yaxod duš, dduwweš. I just have to take a shower and get dressed. maši ģir naxod ši-duš u-nelbes hwayži.

show-off - hayel pl. haylin, huyal. He's a big show-off. hadak hayel bla gyas.

shrewd - madi pl. madyen. shrewd businessman. huwa biyya& šerray madi.

shrimp - qemruna pl. -t coll. qemrun. We're having shrimp for dinner. gad ntgeddaw be-l-gemrun.

**He's a little shrimp. r-ražel qsiwer u-mhetnek.

to shrink - kref. Does this material shrink? had t-tub ka-ikref?

shrub - šžira pl. -t.

to shut - šedd. I shut the door because of the cold. Seddit l-bab Ela gibal l-berd.

to shut down - gleq. Why was the factory shut down? Elaš ģelgu l-me€mel?

to shut off - hser, qte€. Shut off the water. heer l-ma.

to shut up - 1. šedd. They've shut up their shop for the winter. šedcu l-hanut dyalhom Ela wedd l-berd ža. 2. šedd Ela. Who shut the log up in the garage? škun šedd Eel l-kelb fe-l-garaž?

**Shut up! šedd fommek! shutter - glaq pl. -t. Open the shutters, please. hell le-glagat Eafak.

shy - (lli) ka-yehšem, hešman.

to shy - zfel. The horse shied. $l-\xi ewd z$ fel.

**He shies away from hard work.

ka-ihreb men l-xedma de-t-tamara.

sick - mrid adj. pl. mrad, n. pl.

morda.

to be taken sick - mred.

**I'm getting sick and tired of this. qelbi rah ka-itib men had §-§i.

sickle - menžel pl. mnažel.

sickness - merd pl. mrad.

side - 1. žiha pl. -t, žmayeh. On this side of the street there are only a few houses. had ž-žiha d-had z-zenga fiha d-dyar glal.

--It's difficult to take sides on this question. stib l-wahed iži men ši-žiha f-had l-qadiya. --You always take his side. dima ka-dži men žihtu. 2. ženb pl. žnab. I nearly split my sides laughing. mšit nefret žnabi be-d-dehk. --They walked along silently side by side. kanu mašyen sahtin ž-ženb le-ž-ženb.

**To be on the safe side, I asked him again. baš nkun mhenni Eawed seqsitu. —He does something else on the side. ka-yeEmel ši-haza xra men l-fuq.

sidewalk - meššaya pl. -t.

sieve - ġerbal pl. ġrabel.
to sift - ġerbel. I still haven't
 sifted the flour. ma-zal ma-ġerbelt
 t-thin.

sigh - tenhida pl. -t, tnahed.

to sigh - tnehhed.

sight - 1. nder, bser. He nearly lost his sight in the accident. Elayen mša-lu n-nder f -dak l-hadita.
2. mender pl. mnader. The dead bodies were a terrible sight. mender l-muta kan ka-ixewwef.
3. rehba pl. rhabi. Have you seen the sights of the town? tsariti r-rhabi d-le-mdina?

**They had orders to shoot him on sight. kan Eendhom ?awamir gir iqešEuh iderbuh.

at first sight - fe-r-remqa l-luwla. I recognized you at first sight. fe-r-remqa l-luwla Ereftek.

by sight - b-le-wžeh. I know him only by sight. ka-neerfu gir b-le-wžeh.

to be in sight - bda ibda iban.
The end is not yet in sight. t-tali
ma-zal ma-bda iban.

to catch sight of - rmeq. As soon as he caught sight of you, he vanished. gir remqek gtes.

to lose sight of - tlef-lu. Don't lose sight of that man. Eendak itlef-lek dak r-ražel.

sign - 1. Ealama pl. -t, ?išara pl.
-t. What does this sign mean? šnu mEent had l-Ealama? 2. imara pl.
-t, imayer. Is that a good sign? imara mesyana hadik?

to give a sign - šiyyer. He gave us a sign to follow him. šiyyer-lna baš ntebčuh.

to sign - Eellem, weqqeE. He forgot to sign the letter. nsa ma-Eellem-š le-bra.

**Don't forget to sign in. Eendak tensa ma-teElem-š be-d-dxul! --I forgot to sign out last night. nsit ma-Elemt-š b-le-xruž l-bareh. --He signed over the business to his son. smeh fe-l-biE u-š-šra dyalu l-weldu.

signal - Ealama pl. -t, %isara pl. -t.
to signal - šar išir. He signaled
me to come over. šar-li nži.

signalman - dmanži pl. -ya. The signalman stopped the train in time. d-dmanži hser l-mašina fe-l-weqt.

signature - tuwqi£ pl. -at. The letter has no signature. le-bra ma-fiha tuwqi£.

silence - skat, shat. There was a profound silence in the room. kan shat kbir fe-l-bit. --They listened in silence. tsenntu be-s-skat.

to silence - sekket, hedden. I couldn't silence him. ma-qdert-š nsekktu.

silent - 1. sekkuti. He's a silent partner. hadak saheb sekkuti.
2. lli bla klam. She used to play in silent pictures. kanet ka-teleeb fe-s-sinima lli bla klam.

to be silent - kuwwen, sket. Why are you so silent? ma-lek mkuwwen hakda?

**The newspapers were silent about the accident. l-žara $^{\circ}id$ derbuha b-tekwina $\mathcal{E}el$ l- $^{\circ}af$ at.

silk - hrir. You simply can't get silk stockings. rak ma-tsib-š t-tqašer d-le-hrir.

silly - msetti, mehbul.

**He's not so silly as he looks.
rah niya u-hramiya.

silver - 1. fedda. This is sterling silver. fedda safya hadi. 2. negra. She's wearing a silver ring. Eamla xatem de-n-negra.

similar - bhal. I know of a similar case. ka-neeref qadiya bhal hadi.

simple - 1. sahel. That's quite a simple matter. hadi mes?ala sahla.
2. metluq. She wears very simple

clothes. hiya ka-telbes hwayež metlugin. 3. tamm. That's the simple truth. hadi l-haqiqa t-tamma.

simplicity - suhula pl. -t. For the sake of simplicity let's say that ... Ela wedd s-suhula gad ngulu...

simplification - teshil pl. -at.

to simplify - sehhel. sin - denb pl. dnub.

since - 1. men. He has not been here since Monday. men nhar t-tnayn ma-ža lle-hna. 2. melli. I haven't seen anybody since I got back. ma-šeft hedd melli rže£t. 3. hit. Since I didn't have the money I couldn't go, hit ma-kanu Eendi flus ma-mken-li-š nemši.

ever since - men dak l-Eahed, men temma. I haven't talked to him ever since. men temma ma-Eawed tkellemt mEah.

sincere - (lli) gelbu şafi. He's a sincere person. hadak ražel gelbu safi.

to be sincere about - thellem b-niytu ∈la, kan b-niytu f-. think he's sincere about it. ka-ndenn ila ka-itkellem b-niytu Ela had š-ši.

sincerely - 1. be-n-niya, be-l-mufid. You sincerely believe it? was be-n-niya ka-ddenn had š-ši? 2. l-gaya. I'm sincerely sorry that you can't come. and met essef l-gaya lli ma-imken-lek-š dži.

**I sincerely hope you'll be able to come. ka-ntleb Eel llah imken-lek

to sing - genna. I don't sing very well. ma-ka-ngenni-š mezyan bezzaf.

singer - 1. mugenni pl. -yin f. mugenniya pl. -t. He's a wellhuwa muģenni mešhur. known singer. --She's a singer, too. hetta hiya mugenniya.

single - 1. Eesri pl. Ezara. Are you married or single? nta msuuwež wella Eezri? 2. wahed f. wehda. He didn't make a single mistake. ma-Emel-ši ģelta wehda. 3. wehdu f. whedha. I looked through every single drawer, but couldn't find it. gellebt koll mžer wehdu u-ma-sebtu-š.

to single out - Ezel, xerrež. Why did they single you out? Elas Eezluk gir nta?

sink - 1. žfina pl. -t. The dishes are still in the sink. l-getran ma-zalin fe-ž-žfina. 2. qadus pl. qwades. Don't throw it into the sink. You'll stop it up.

la-termih-ši fe-l-gadus, daba txenqu. to sink - 1. graq. The ship sank in ten minutes. l-baxira graget f-qesmayn. 2. nehder. The house has sunk ten inches. d-dar nhedret ši-Eešra d-l-işabeE. 3. gerreg. They sank three enemy ships. gerrqu tlata de-l-baxirat d-le-Edu.

sip - zgifa pl. -t. I only had a sip of it. ma-xdit gir zgifa mennha. to sip - zgef.

sister - xet pl. xwatat. Do you have any sisters? Eendek ši-xwatat? --All my brothers and sisters are still alive. xuti u-xwatati kollhom baqyen Eeyyšin.

sister-in-law - 1. (wife's sister) xet le-mra pl. xwatat le-mra. She's my sister-in-law. hadik xet mrati. 2. (husband's sister) lusa pl. -t, lwayes. She's my sister-in-law. hadik lusti.

sit - gles. We sat in the front row. glesna fe-s-seff l-luwwel. --Please sit down. tfeddel, gles. --He walked in just as we sat down to eat. hna kif glesna naklu u-huwa dxel.

**You won't get anywhere sitting around the house. ma-gad tegdi walu b-le-glas fe-d-dar. -- I sat in on all conferences. heert Eel l-mu?tamarat kollha.

to sit up - sher, bga ibga fayeq. We sat up all night waiting for him. sherna l-lil kollu u-hna ka-ntsennaweh. -- I sat up with him all night. bett fayeq mEah l-lil kollu.

situation - 1. muqif pl. mwaqef. She saved the situation. negdet l-muqif. 2. wedEiya pl. -t, wdaE. He wasn't equal to the situation. l-wed&iya kanet bessaf Elih.

six - setta. **It's six of one and half a dozen of another. hemmuş kamun.

sixteen - settaš.

sixth - 1. (ordinal) sades.

(fraction) sudus pl. -at. sixty - settin.

size - 1. qyaş pl. -at. What size do you wear? *s-men qyas ka-telbes?
2. kber. Everything is arranged according to size. koll-ši mEewwet Ela hasab kebru. 3. tagedda pl. -t. They are about the same size. huma Elayen tagedda wehda.

**What size book will it be? qedd-aš gad ikun le-ktab? --How do you size up the situation. *-kaidher-lek fe-l-wedEiya?

skeleton - Edam (pl.).

skeptical - metša[?]em. Don't be so
skeptical! la-tkun-ši metša[?]em
l-had l-hedd.

to **skid** - zleq. The car started to skid. s-siyara bdat tezleq.

skill - tamEellmit, mdawa.

skilled - mEellem. He is a skilled cabinet-maker. hadak niyyar mEellem.

skillfully - be-l-qa&ida, b-le-qwa&ed.
You got yourself out of that
situation very skillfully. selliti
rasek men l-muqif gir b-le-qwa&ed.

to skim - 1. suwwel l-gelya men, seffa.

Did you skim the soup? seffiti
le-hrira? 2. suwwel le-frara men
I skimmed the milk. suwwelt le-frara
men le-hlib.

to skim through - daz iduz Ela, duwwez Ela. I just skimmed through the book. yallah duwwezt Eel le-ktab.

skin - 1. želd pl. žlud. She has a very sensitive skin. želdha me£lal.

2. želda pl. -t, žlud. How many skins will you need for the coat? šhal de-ž-želdat xessek l-l-baltu?

3. qešra pl. -t, qšur. These apples have a very thick skin. had t-teffah qšertu ģļida.

**He has a thick skin. qeššabtu was£a. --I made it by the skin of my teeth. be-d-dre£ baš menne£t rasi.

to skip - 1. neggest Ela. I skipped a few pages. neggest Ela ši-sefhat.

2. xella. Skip the hard words. xelli l-kelmat s-sEab.

3. hreb Ela, hreb men, xwa ixwi. They skipped town. rahom xwaw le-mdina.

to skip rope - negges or leeb be-t-twal. Can you skip rope? ka-teeref teleeb be-t-twal?

skirt - zentita pl. -t. Her skirt is too short. z-zentita dyalha qsira bezzaf Ead.

skull - žemžma pl. žmažem.

sky - sma pl. -wat. How does the sky look today? kif dayra s-sma l-yum?

**The news came out of a clear sky. le-xbar ža u-nzel. --He praised her to the skies. ma-xella kif mežžed u-Eeddem fiha.

slack - 1. qlil, Eeyyan. Business is slack. l-biE u-š-šra Eeyyan.
2. merxuf. His work has become very slack. šģalu ržeE merxuf. slacks - serwal pl. srawel.

to slap - dreb, seet. I'll slap your hand if you touch it. rani nderbek ela iddek ila gesti fiha.

to slap one's face - treš, Eta yeEti t-terš l-. She slapped his face. ţeršettu.

slate - luha d-le-hžer pl. -t d-le-hžer, lweh d-le-hžer.

slaughter - dbiha pl. -t, dbayeh.
The slaughter was terrific. d-dbiha kanet ka-texle\(\xi\).

to slaughter - dbeh. We always slaughter a lamb for the Great Feast. dima ka-ndebhu kebš fe-l-Eid le-kbir. slave - Eebd pl. Ebid.

to slave - kdeh. I've slaved enough today. kfa ma kdeht l-yum. sleep - neesa pl. -t coll. neas. It was like awaking from a deep sleep. bhal lli faq men si-neesa twila.

to sleep - nees. Did you sleep well? neesti mezyan?

**I didn't sleep a wink. ma-gemmedt-ši Eeyn wehda.

to sleep on something - xemmem f-s-i haža. Sleep on it before you decide. xemmem fiha Ela-ma tyerrer s-żad teɛmel.

sleeping car - fagu de-n-n£as pl. faguyat de-n-n£as.

sleepy - fih n-nEas. I'm still sleepy. ma-zal fiya n-nEas.

to make sleepy - žab ižib n-n£as l-. The heat is making me sleepy. s-sehd ka-ižib-li n-n£as.

sleeve - kemm pl. kmam. The sleeves are too short. le-kmam qşar bezzaf Ead.

**He laughed up his sleeve. ttefree qelbu be-d-dehk. --I don't know what he's got up his sleeve. ma-Ereftu Elaš metwi.

slender - rgiq pl. -in, rqaq.

slice - sir pl. syur. How many slices of bread shall I cut? šhal de-s-syur de-l-xobs ngette?

to slice - qette. Do you want to slice the roast? tebġi tqette? le-mhemmer?

to slide - 1. zleq, zheq. Did you slide on this street? zleqti f-had t-triq? --She slid down the banister. zehqet mea d-derbuz.
2. duwwez, siyyee. Maybe you can slide it in sideways. waqila imken-lek dduwwezha be-z-zenbiya.

to let slide - xella ixmed. Let's let things slide awhile. nxelliw l-?umur texmed wahed š-šwiya.

slight - 1. qlil, qliwel, şģir.

There's a slight difference. kayen ši-ferq qlil. 2. xfif pl. xfaf.

He has a slight cold. Eendu rwah xfif. 3. rqiq pl. -in, rqaq. She's very slight. hiya rqiqa bezzaf.

to slight - hmel, tšennek. She

felt slighted. hesset b-rasha

bhal lli hemluha.

slim - rqiq pl. -in, rqaq. She's gotten very slim. wellat rqiqa bezzaf.

**His chances are very slim.

ma-šeft-lu šay!

sling - meqlat pl. mqalet. He killed a bird with his sling. qtel wahed t-tir be-l-meqlat dyalu.

slingshot - žebbada pl. -t, žbabed.
slip - 1. želta pl. -t. Did I make
a slip? Emelt ši-želta? 2. žlaf
pl. -at. Our pillows need new
slips. le-xdadi dyalna xesshom
žlafat ždad. 3. terf pl. traf.
She wrote it on a slip of paper.

ketbetha f-wahed t-terf de-l-kagit.
 **It was just a slip of the
tongue. gir feltet-li men lsani.
--He's given us the slip again.

tlef-lna Eewtani.

to slip - 1. zleq. I slipped on the ice. zleqt fe-t-telž.

2. flet. It slipped out of my hand. feltet-li men iddi. --I really didn't want to tell him, but it just slipped out. fe-l-haqqa ma-kont-š bagi nqulha-lu be-l-haqq feltet-li

**It slipped my mind completely.

ma-bqat-š Ela Eeqli tamamen.

to slip away - sellu. Let's slip away: yallah nselluh.

to slip up - fellesha. I slipped up badly on the second question. fellestha be-l-mufid fe-s-su⁹al

to let slip - xella iduz. Don't let the chance slip. la-txelli-š l-forsa dduz.

slippers (pair of) - belġa pl. blaġi.
I can't find my slippers.
ma-žbert-š bleġti.

slit - fetha pl. -t. Make the slit a bit longer. Emel l-fetha šwiyeš kber men had š-ši.

to slit - fteh.

to slit someone's throat - šlet l-geršuta l-. The criminals slit his throat. l-qettala šeltu-lu geržuttu.

slope - hebta pl. -t. Is the slope very steep? waš l-hebta qasha bezzaf?

to slope - zerdeb. The floor slopes. l-lerd mzerdba.

sloppy - 1. mruwwen. Don't be so sloppy la-tkun-ši mruwwen bezzaf.
2. mdebbez. They always do sloppy work. dima ka-i\(\epsilon\) emlu xedma mdebbza.

slot - teqba pl. -t, tqabi; hefra pl. -t, hfari. Insert four ryals in the slot. tleq rebξa de-r-ryal fe-t-teqba.

slow - 1. tqil pl. tqilin, tqal.

He's a slow worker. huwa xeddam
tqil. --She's slow in catching on.
dmagha tqil. 2. be-š-šwiya.

Drive slow. sug gir be-š-šwiya.
3. Eeyyan. The market was slow.
s-suq kan Eeyyan. 4. mhil pl. mhal.
Cook the soup over a slow fire.
tiyyeb le-hrira Ela Eafya tkun
mhila.

**Your watch is slow. magantek fiha t-tiqal. --He's a slow payer. ka-it∈ettel b-le-xlas.

to slow down - 1. mehhel. Slow down when you come to an intersection. mehhel mnayn tqerreb l-ši-mefreq t-torqan. 2. tiyyeh, nqes. He's slowing down in his work. bda inqes fe-xdemtu.

slowly - be-š-šwiya. Drive slowly. sug gir be-š-šwiya.

sly - hrami, mterreq.

small - 1. sģir pl. sġar. The room is rather small. l-bit sģir ši-šmiya. --I haven't anything smaller. ma-Eendi-ši ši-haža sģer men had š-ši. 2. qlil pl. qlilin, qlal. The difference is very small. l-ferq qlil bezzaf. 3. bsit pl. bsat. That's no small matter. ma-ši haža bsita hadi. 4. rdil pl. rdal. That was a small thing for him to do. qadiya rdila hadik Emel. small change - mferred, mferrda, serf. I haven't any small change. ma-Eendi mferrda.

smallpox - žedri. We have all been vaccinated against smallpox. kollna xerrežna ž-žedri.

smart - 1. mšiyyek. That's a smart dress. keswa mšiyyka hadik. 2. dk. pl. ?edkiya. He looks like a smart boy. ka-iban Elih weld dki.

to smash - herres. The boys smashed the window. d-drari herrsu z-zaža de-š-šeržem. --I found the lamp on the floor smashed to bits. žbert z-zaža de-d-duw mherrsa štat fuq l-erd.

smell - riha pl. -t, rwayeh. Where
does that unpleasant smell come
from? mnayn mažya had r-riha
le-qbiha?

to smell - šemm. Do you smell gas? ka-tšemm riht l-gas?

to smell a rat - šeer b-ši haža kayna. He must have smelled a rat. hada ma-huwa gir šeer b-ši-haža kayna.

**The roses smell beautifully.

l-werd rihtu ha?ila.

smile - dhika pl. -t, tebsima pl. -t.
She has a charming smile. Eendha
dhika driyfa.

to smile - thessem. She is always smiling. hiya da⁹ imen ka-tthessem.

--She smiled at you. raha
thessmet-lek.

**She was all smiles. kanet tedhek men wedniha.

smoke - doxxan pl. dxaxen. Where's
 that smoke coming from? mnayn
 maži dak d-doxxan?

to smoke - 1. kma ikmi. Do you smoke? ka-tekmi? 2. tleq d-doxxan, tleq d-dxaxen. The stove is smoking again. n-nafex Eawed ka-itleq d-dxaxen.

**No smoking! memnue d-doxxan.

smooth - 1. mles, males. The ice is very smooth today. t-telž males bezzaf l-yum. 2. hade?, mhedden.

The sea was very smooth. le-nher kan hade? bezzaf. 3. rteb. I can' get a smooth shave with this blade. ma-ka-ttle-li-š le-hsana retba b-had l-mess.

**He's a smooth talker. lehhab hadak.

to smooth down - retteb. Smooth down your hair. retteb šeerek.

to smooth out - Eerwet, Zebbed, tleq. Smooth out the tablecloth. Eerwet mendil t-tebla.

smoothly - fi ?aman llah. Everything
went smoothly. koll-ši tmešša fi
?aman llah.

to smother - xneq, žiyyef. The smoke nearly smothered him. d-doxxan Elayen xenqu.

snail - ġlala pl. -t coll. ġlal; bebbuša pl. -t coll. bebbuš. snake - henš pl. hnuša hnaš.

snap - 1. šeddada pl. -t. I have to sew snaps on my dress. xessni nrekkeb š-šeddadat fe-ksewti.
2. teswira pl. -t, tsawer. I'd like to take a snap of you. nebgi

naxod-lek ši-teswira. 3. hamas. There's no snap to that song. ma-kayen hamas f-dak l-genya.

**That's a snap for me. dak š-ši bhal l-helwa Eendi. —The exam was a snap. le-mtihan kan sahel.

--Don't make snap judgments. ma-tkun-š tehkem b-sor€a.

to snap - tqette\(\xi\). That rope is sure to snap. had t-twal bla \(\xi\)ekk itqette\(\xi\).

**Snap out of it! sebhan !!ah! or redd balek! --The lock snapped

shut. l-ferxa degya tšeddet.

to snap at - 1. nad inud l-,
ntleq Ela. The dog snapped at me.
l-kelb nad-li. 2. ntleq Ela, nhed
f-. I don't know why he snapped at
me that way. ma-Ereft-ši Elaš nhed

fiya hakdak.

to snap one's fingers - terteq

sebčanu, kellem sebčanu. She snapped her fingers. tertqet sebčanha.

snapshot - teswira pl. -t, tsawer.
Where did you take these snapshots?
fayn xditi had t-tsawer?

to sneak - tteslet. He must have sneaked into the house. waqila tteslet l-gelb d-dar.

to sneak in - tteslet, ttehša ttesleg. He must have sneaked in while I wasn't looking. ma-huwa gir ttesleg mnayn ma-kont-š ka-nšuf.

to sneak out - tsell, flet. He sneaked out while I wasn't looking. ma-huwa ġir tsell mnayn ma-kont-š ka-nšuf.

sneeze - $\epsilon etsa$ pl. -t.

to sneeze - Etes. He's been sneezing all morning. s-sbeh kollu u-huwa ka-yeEtes.

to snore - , šxer.

snow - telž pl. tluž, tlužat. How deep is the snow? hedd-aš taleć t-telž?

to snow - ṭaḥ iṭiḥ t-telž. It snowed all night. t-telž ṭaḥ l-lil kollu.

snowed in - hasel fe-t-telž. They were snowed in for a whole week. kanu haslin fe-t-telž žem€a kollha. We're snowed under with work. ra-hna garqin be-l-xedma.

snowdrop - ben n-neEman.

snowflake - liqa de-t-telž pl. lyeq de-t-telž.

so - 1. hakda. So they say. hakda
ka-iqulu. 2. kif. It's so hot
today. walayenni kif l-yum l-hal
sxun. 3. ?iden. So you think it's
a good idea. ?iden ka-ddenn fekra
mezyana. 4. hetta. I'm leaving
now, so is he. ana gadi daba,
hetta huwa.

**I suppose so. ka-ndenn. --I told you so. qoltha-lek. --Is that so? hakda? or xlas? --So I see. hakdak qul-li. --So long. iwa be-s-slama. --So what? iwa u-š-kayen? or u-u-men be&d? --So much the better. iwa mezyan.

so as to - bas. I did some of the work so as to make things

easier for you. Emelt-lek swiya men dak l-xedma bas nsehhef ℓ lik l- ℓ umur.

so far - l-hedd s-safa, f-had s-safa. I haven't had any news so far. f-had s-safa ma-fendi xhar. -So far you've heen pretty lucky. l-hedd s-safa rah hekmek z-zher.

so far as - Ela ma. So far as I know he is still in Egypt. Ela-ma ka-neEref ma-zal f-maser.

so much - bessaf. Not so much pepper, please. $la-te \in mel-li-s$ bessaf d-l-ibsar llah ixellik.

so so - ka-nfeddi, ka-tfeddi, etc... How are you? So so. še-xbarek? ka-nfeddi.

so that - bas. I'm telling you so that you'll know. h-ana ka-nqul-lek bas te ξ ref \S -kayen.

ever so much - bezzaf Ead. Thanks ever so much. ka-nšekrek bezzaf Ead.

or so - ši...hakdak. I need ten dirhams or so. xeşşni ši-Eešra de-d-drahem hakdak.

to soak - fezzeg. We soak the laundry overnight. ka-nbiyytu t-tesbin mfezzeg.

soaked - fazeg, (lli) ka-iqter. We came home soaked. wselna le-d-dar ka-naetru.

to get soaked - fzeg. I got soaked to the skin. fzegt hetta l-l-daxel.

soap - sabuna pl. -t coll. sabun. I want a cake of soap. bgit sabuna.

to soap - gsel be-s-sabun. Dad is soaping his face. bba rah ka-igsel wezhu be-s-sabun.

to sob - šheq. The child was sobbing violently. d-derri kan ka-išheq be-ž-žehd.

sober - 1. sahi. He is never quite sober. Eemmru ma-ka-ikun sahi.
2. mhedden. He's as sober as a judge. mhedden bhalu bhalu si-qadi.
to sober up - sha isha, sha

to sober up - sha isha, sha isha. He sobered up quickly. degyosha.

so-called - (lli) ka-iqulu-lu, (lli) ka-isemmiweh.

soccer - kurat l-qadam, l-kura. Soccer is a very popular sport in Morocco. kurat l-qadam meshura bezzaf fe-l-megrib.

social - žtima£i.

socialism - le-štirakiya.

socialist - štiraki.

society - 1. mužtama£ pl. -at. He doesn't feel at ease in society. ma-ka-ihess-ši b-rasu huwa hadak fe-l-mužtama£. 2. žem£iya pl. -t. He's a member of many learned societies. huwa Eudw f-Eadad de-l-žem£iyat mteqqfa. 3. mu°essasa pl. -t. The society was founded ten years ago. l-mu°essasa tel€et hadi €ešr snin.

sock - teqšira qşira pl. tqašer qşar. I want three pairs of socks. bģit telt zwaž de-t-tqašer qşar.

to sock - Eta yeEti bunya.

**I'd give him a sock on the jaw. r-ana nkehšu.

soda - 1. suda pl. -t. I put some soda in my wash. r-ana Emelt ši-šwiya de-s-suda fe-t-teşbin.
2. munada pl. -t. Bring me a bottle of soda. žib-li wahed l-qer€a de-l-munada.

baking soda - xmira pl. -t, xmayer. Use one teaspoon of baking soda. Emel mEelqa şgira d-le-xmira.

soft - 1. rteb. Is the ground soft?

l-erd retba? - He's terribly soft
with his employees. huwa rteb bla
qyas mea l-xeddama dyalu. 2. mehni
She sang in a soft voice. gennat
b-wahed s-sut mehni. 3. qlil pl.
qlal. A soft light would be better.
ši-duw qlil ikun hsen. 4. sahel pl.
sahlin. He's got a soft job.
Eendu xedma sahla.

to get soft - 1. thell. The butter got too soft. s-smen thell bezzaf. 2. rtab. You're getting soft. rak bditi tertab. --The earth got soft after it rained. l-lerd rtabet men beed taket *-*sta.

soft drink - mešrub pl. -at, muberrid pl. -at. Only soft drinks are served here. ma-kayen ģir l-mešrubat hnaya.

to soften - retteb.

soil - ⁹erd pl. ⁹aradi. The soil here is very fertile. l-⁹erd de-hnaya xesba bezzaf.

to soil - wessex, tebbe E. You soiled your suit. tebbe Eti ksuwtek. --Everything is soiled. koll-ši mwessex.

soldier - Eeskri pl. Eeskriya,
Esaker, Esakriya coll. Eesker.
sole - 1. qa£ pl. qi£an. I have a
blister on the sole of my foot.
Eendi felha fe-l-qa£ d-režli.
2. mešta pl. mšati. The soles of
the brown shoes are worn through.
le-mšati de-s-sebbat l-qehwi
tqett£u. 3. wahid. He was the
sole survivor. huwa l-wahid lli
bqa Eeyyeš.

**He came here for the sole pur-

pose of meeting you. ža lle-hna ģir baš it Earef mEak.

to sole - rekkeb mšati ždad l-, terref. I want to have my shoes soled. xessni nrekkeb mšati ždad l-sebbati.

solid - 1. qaşeh. The lake is frozen solid. d-daya qaşha be-z-zmudiya.

2. kamel. She talked to me for a solid hour. tkellmet meaya saea kamla.

3. qabet, şhih pl. şhah. This chair doesn't seem very solid to me. had š-šelya ka-tban-li ma-qabta-š bezzaf.

4. xaleş. The statue is made of solid gold.

t-temtal mşuwweb men d-dheb l-xaleş.

solution - hell pl. hlul. He wants to find a solution to the political problem. bġa ižber hell l-l-muškila s-siyasiya.

to solve - hell. I can't solve the problem. ma-qdert-š nhell l-muškila.

some - 1. ši. There must be some way for us to find out. la-bodda kayna ši-wasila baš nEerfu š-kayen. --I've seen you some place before. sbeq-li šeftek f-ši-mude€. --You'll regret that some day. Ši-nhar gad tendem. 2. šwiya, ši-šwiya. lent me some money. huwa sellefni šwiva d-le-flus. 3. $be \in d$. Some people can't stand noise. beEd n-nas ma-ka-iḥemlu-š l-haraž. 4. $l-be \in d$ men, $l-be \in d \cdot f$. Some of us are going by train and some by boat. fina lli mašyen fe-l-qitar u-fina lli mašyen fe-l-baxira. 5. ši ... hakdak. We stayed some two or three hours. baina ši-tlata de-s-saEat hakdak.

**Boy, that's some jalopy!
siyara hadi qolt-lek! —I need some
stockings. xessni tqašer twal.
It's in some book or other on that
shelf. raha fe-ktab men le-ktub lli
Eel t-tebqa.

somebody - ši-wahed, ši-hedd. Somebody asked for you. ši-wahed segsa Elik.

somehow - 1. kif-emma kan l-hal.

We'll do it somehow. kif-emma kan l-hal gad ndiruha. 2. yeelem llah kif-as. The letter got lost somehow. le-bra daeet yeelem llah kif-as.

somehow or other - la-bodda. Somehow or other he always gets what he wants. dima l-haža lli bgaha la-bodda ka-ilqaha.

someone - ši-wahed, ši-hedd. Is there someone here who can play the lute? hna ši-wahed ka-ye&ref idreb Eel l-Eud? --You have to talk with someone else. xessek ttkellem mEa \$i-wahed axor.

something - \$i-haža. Is something the matter? \$i-haža ma-ši hiya hadik?

2. šwiya, \$i-haža. He knows something about medicine. ka-yefref šwiya fe-t-tebb. 3. ši, \$-ši.

That's something to think about. hada ši ka-ixeşş l-wahed ixemmem fih. something or other - ši-haža

something or other - \$i-haža
ma-Eref. Something or other reminded me of home. \$i-haža ma-Ereft
fekkretni f-darna.

sometime - 1. \$i-weqt, \$i-sa&a. She'll
be here sometime today. raha ġad
tkun hna \$i-weqt l-yum.
2. \$i-wqiyyet, \$i-swi&a. Come and

 \$i-wqiyyet, \$i-swifa. Come and see me sometime. aži šufni ši-wqiyyet.

sometime or other - \$i-nubu, \$i-merra. I'd like to read it sometime or other. nebģi negrah \$i-nuba.

sometimes - be&d l-merrat, be&d l-xetrat. Sometimes it gets very hot here. be&d l-xetrat ka-isxon l-hal bezzaf hnaya.

somewhat - šwiya. I feel somewhat tired. ka-nhess b-rasi šwiya Eeyyan.

somewhere - \$i-mude\(\xi\), \$i-mahell, \$i-rehba. I saw them somewhere but I don't remember where. \$efthom f-\$i-mude\(\xi\) be-l-heqq ma-bqit-\(\xi\) \(\xi\) agel fayn. --Let's meet somewhere else. ntlagaw f-\(\xi\)i-rehba \(\xi\)ra.

son - weld pl. wlad. Does he have any sons? was Eendu ši-wlad?

song - gonya pl. -t; gonnaya pl. -t.
for a song - Elayen batel. We
bought the chair for a song
šrina š-šelya Elayen batel.

son-in-law - nsib pl. nsab.
soon - 1. degya. He soon went away.
degya mša f-halu. 2. bekri. It's
too soon to tell what's the matter
with him. l-hal bekri bezzaf daba
baš ngulu š-cendu.

as soon as - kif, ģir. Let me know as soon as you get here. ģir tuşel lle-hna Elemni.

**I'd just as soon not go. hsen ma-nemši-š. —The sooner you come, the better. koll-emma bekkerti hsen.

-He'd sooner die than give in. kaifeddel imut wala itnasel. --He no
sooner mentioned her name than she
appeared. yallah kif žbed smiyytha
u-hiya banet. --Sooner or later
we'll have to make up our minds.

daba aw sa€a xra la-bodda xeşşna ngerrru.

to soothe - retteb, hedden. This salve will soothe the pain. had d-dehna raha tretteb-lek le-hrig. sore - 1. demmala pl. -t, dmamel. The sore is pretty well healed up. d-demmala brat kamla. 2. mrid pl. mrad, mgesseh. I have a sore toe. Eendi benna mrida. --Where's the sore spot? fayn r-rehba le-mqessha? --He has a sore throat. helou mrid.

to get sore - t?ellem. You needn't get sore right away. ma-kayen l-as tebda tt?ellem men daba.

to be sore at - tar-lu itir-lu m€a. Are you sore at me? waš tayer-lek mEaya?

sorrow - ?alam, hzen. She can't get over her sorrow. ma-qeddet-š tensa 9alamha.

sorry - 1. meskin, mbu es. He's a sorry-looking specimen. ražel hadak $mbu^{9}es f-haltu.$ 2. $m^{9}essef$, met essef. I'm really sorry. haqiqatan rani met?essef.

**I'm sorry for her. hiya ka-tEezz Eliya. -- I'm sorry to say that can't be done. $be-l-\gamma asaf \dot{g}ad$ ngul-lek bin dak š-ši ma-imken-š ikun. -- Sorry! Did I hurt you? smeh-li! qeşşehtek?

sort - xerž pl. xruž; škel pl. škula, škal; nu£ pl. nwa£. I can't get along with that sort of person. ma-ka-negder-š nthamel m£a dak š-škel de-bnadem.

**He's a decent sort. hadak ražel mezyan. --She's not a bad sort. mra ma-qbiha-š hadik. -- I sort of knew that it was going to happen. bhal ila Ereftha kanet gad tuqeE. -- I feel badly out of sorts today. tamamen ma-ka-nhess-š b-rasi huwa hadak l-yum. -- I said nothing of the sort. ma-golt hetta haža men had s-si. --What sort of person was he? kif kan dak s-siyyed?

--He promised me all sorts of things. ma-xella baš wa Eedni. to sort - frez. Have you sorted

the stockings yet? freztiw t-tqašer t-twaļ wella ma-zal? soul - 1. nefs pl. nfus. There wasn't a soul to be seen. nefs wehda ma-kanet-š ttšaf. 2. ruh pl. rwah. He's in it heart and soul. fiha b-gelbu u-ruhu.

sound - 1. sut pl. swat. Light travels faster than sound. d-duw

ka-isre& kter men s-sut. 2. What was that sound? pl. -at.dyal aš dak ş-şdaE lli kan? 3. zewya pl. -t. She didn't utter a sound. zewya wehda ma-xerržetha-š. 4. meEqul, mezyan. That's a sound bit of advice. nastha meEqula hadik. 5. shih pl. shah. The house is old but sound. d-dar qdima be-l-heqq shiha. 6. qabet. That's a sound argument. hužža qabta hadik.

**He's sound asleep. xamed fe-n-nEas. --He has a sound constitution. la-bas Elih f-sehhtu. --He's back, safe and sound. ržeE ma-Eendu hetta bas.

to sound - 1. dher, ban iban. That sounds very strange. had š-ši ka-ıban grib. -- The report sounds good. t-tegrir ka-idher mezyan. 2. Eber. The boatman sounded the depth of the river. le-flayki Eber l-gorg de-l-wad.

soup - hrira pl. -t, hrayer; šorba $p\hat{l}$. -t.

The milk has turned sour - hamed. sour. le-hlib ržeć hamed.

**Don't make such a sour face. ma-txeşşer-š wežhek hakdak.

source - 1. žiha pl. -t, žwayeh; mesder pl. msader. I have this news from a good source. had le-xbar Eendi men meşder şhih. 2. 9aşl pl. ?sul. Have you found the source of the trouble? Zberti l-?asl de-l-haraž?

to have its source - nbeE, nebbeE. The Sebu River has its source near Taza. wad sbu kaınebbe€ fe-žwayeh taza.

Sous - sus.

native of Sous - susi adj. pl. -yen; n. pl. swasa, hel sus.

south - 1. žanub. I want to go south for the winter. bgit nemši l-l-žanub fe-l-berd. 2. gebli. This is a south wind. had r-rihgebli.

South America - ?amirika l-žanubiya. southern - žanubi. This plant is found only in southern regions. n-neqla ma-kayna ģir fe-ž-žihat l-žanubiya.

souvenir - tedkar pl. tdaker; tefkira pl. tefkira pl. -t. I want to buy some souvenirs here. bģit nešri $\Si-tefkirat$ men hna.

sow - hellufa pl. -t.

to sow - zreE.

**As ye sow, so shall ye reap.

187 lli Emel ši isibu. space - 1. tisa£. The desk takes up too much space. le-mketba waxda bezzaf de-t-tisa ξ . 2. fda. must leave some space between the lines. xeşşek txelli šwiya d-le-fda ma bin s-stur. in the space of -f-moddet. did that work in the space of two weeks. dak l-xedma darha f-moddet žme£tayn. **The posts are spaced a meter kayen bin r-rkiza u-r-rkiza apart. miter. spade - \mathcal{E} etla pl. -t, \mathcal{E} tali. Grab a spade and start digging. xud Eetla u-bda tehfer. **Why don't you call a spade a spade? Elaš ma-ka-tEeyyet-š l-l-haža be-smiytha? Spain - sbanya. Spaniard - sbanyuli adj. pl. yin,

n. pl. sbanyul.

Spanish - şbanyuli.

spare - fareg. What do you do in your your spare time? š-ka-te€mel fe-l-weat lli ka-ikun Eendek fareg?

spare part - terf zayed pl. traf zayda. Can you get spare parts for your radio? tegder thessel Ela traf zayda le-r-radyu dyalek?

spare room - mahell šayet. Is there any spare room in the car? šayet ši-mahell fe-s-siyara?

spare (tire) - rwida zayda. We never travel without a spare tire. Eemmerna ma-ka-nşafru bla rwida zayda.

to spare - 1. henna. You can spare yourself the trouble. henni rașek men had tamara. 2. mne£, ma-£ţa-š ma-ye£ţi-š. me the details. mneEni men t-tafaşil. 3. xella. He spared no expense. ma-xella ma-dfeE.

**Can you spare a minute? Eendek ši-dqiqa de-l-magana? --He was the only one whose life was spared. huwa b-wehdu lli bqa Eeyyes. sorry, but I don't have a minute to spare. met essef, walakin ma-Eendi-ši daqiqa wehda. --Nobody was spared. ma-bqa hedd.

sparingly - be-s-siyasa. Use it sparingly. steEmlu be-s-siyasa. spark - tšaša pl. -t coll. tšaš.

to sparkle - dwa idwi, lmeE.

spark plug - buži pl. bwaža. I need a new spark plug for my car. xeşşni buži ždid l-siyarti.

sparrow - bertal pl. bratel. to speak - thellem, hder. He doesn't speak English very well. itkellem-š n-negliza mezyan bezzaf.

**May I speak to you? tesmeh-li ntkellem mEak?

to speak up - 1. gwwwet. up! We can't hear you. ġuwwet, ra-hna ma-ka-nsemEuk-š. idwi. Why didn't you speak up? Elaš ma-dwiti-š?

to speak up for - dareb Ela, dafeE Ela. Nobody spoke up for him. ma-dareb Elih hedd.

speaker - xtib pl. xutaba, muhadir pl. -in. He's an excellent speaker. hadak xtib Eažib.

speaking - hedra, klam. I prefer speaking to writing. ka-nfeddel l-hedra €el le-ktaba.

**We're not on speaking terms. ma-ka-nthadru-š.

special - xass. I'm saving it for a special occasion. rani methelli fiha l-wahed l-munasaba xaşşa.

specialty - xtisas. Children's diseases are his specialty. xtişaşu fe-l-?emrad de-d-drari.

spectator - metferrež pl. metferržin. **speech - 1**. hedra, Isan. He lost his speech after the accident. mša−lu

l-Isan men be€d l-hadita. kalima pl. -t; xetba pl. -t,xutab. He gave a very good speech.

lga wahed l-xetba mezyana. **Weigh your speech! wzen klamek! or Eref rașek š-ka-tqul! speed - $sor \in a$ pl. -t. The train was going at full speed. l-qitar kan maši b-sor€a kbira. --We are moving at good speed now. hna gadyen b-sorEa hiya hadik.

to put on speed - zreb. Let's put on a little speed. iwa nzerbu šwiya.

**Can you speed things up a little? teqder teežžel be-l-?umur ši-šwiya? speed limit - hedd s-sorEa. The speed limit here is thirty-five kilometers an hour. l-hedd de-s-sorea hnava huwa xemsa u-tlatin kilumiter. spell - 1. shur pl. -at. She's completely under his spell. waxedha tamamen be-shuru. 2. weqt pl. wqat; nezla pl. -t, nzali. Does she often get spells like that? ka-dduz Eliha waat bhal had š-ši sa£a sa£a? 3. $modda \ pl. -t.$ He worked for a short spell. huwa xdem wahed

l-modda qşira. cold spell - nezla de-l-berd. hot spell - muža de-ş-şehd. How long do you think this hot spell

will last? šhal ka-ddenn gad ttul had l-muža de-ş-şehd.

to spell - kteb. How do you spell your name? kif ka-tekteb smiytek?

to spend - 1. $dfe\xi$. We spent a lot of money. dfeEna bezzaf d-le-flus. duwwez. I'd like to spend my nebģi nduwwez vacation here. $l-\varepsilon$ otla dyali hnaya. 3. diyye ε . I can't spend any more time on this. ma-negder-s ndiyyeE si-wegt axor f-had š-ši.

sphere - 1. kura pl. -t, kwer, kwari. The shape of the earth is a sphere. fṣalt l-erḍ bḥal ši-kura. da ira pl. -t. Their sphere of influence is very large. d-da?ira de-t-te?tir dyalhom was Ea bezzaf.

spice – $\mathcal{E}etriya$ pl. –t. Do you use spices much in your cooking? ka-tEemlu bezzaf de-l-Eetriya fe-tyabkom?

to spice - Emel l-Eetriya. spider - rtila pl. -t, rtayel.

to spill - hreq, deffeg, qleb. Who spilled the milk on the counter? . škun hreq le-hlib Eel l-baset? **There's no use crying over spilt milk. le-gnaza men be∈d

l-miyyet xsara. to spin - 1. luwwa. The thread is spun unevenly. l-xeyt mluwwi Ewež. 2. dar idur, dax idux. My head is spinning. rasi ka-idux.

to spin around - duwwer. She picked the child up and spun him around. hezzet le-wliyyed u-duwwrettu.

spinach - beggula.

spirit - 1. bal. I was with you in spirit. bali kan mEakom. 2. Eqel pl. Equl, Equla. The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak. le-Eqel lli qwi, ma d-dat dEifa. evil spirit - ženn pl. žnun. Some people believe in evil spirits. beEd n-nas ka-i?amnu be-ž-žnun.

**I hope you're in good spirits. ka-ntmenna tkun €la xaţṛek. seemed to be in low spirits. kanet bhal lli tayer-lha.

spiritual - ruhi, ruhani. There's a spiritual bond between them. rabtahom ši-Ealaga ruhiya.

We roasted spit - 1. qtib pl. qetban. the lamb on the spit. swina l-xriyyef f-le-qtib. 2. bezga pl. -t coll. bzeq.

to spit - bzeq, dfel. spite - kerh. He did it just for spite. Emelha gir kerh.

in spite of - regm, regma. went in spite of the rain. regma š-šta mšit.

to spite - gesseh, derr. you doing that just to spite me? waš ka-ddir dak š-ši ģir baš dderrni?

to splash - 1. tar itir ršayeš. water splashes in all directions. l-ma ka-iţir ršayeš f-koll žih. 2. rešš, tiyyer ršayeš. The car splashed me. s-siyara reššetni.

splendid - ha?il, Eažib. That was a splendid idea! fekra ha?ila kanet.

splint - žbira pl. -t, žbayer. His arm had to be put in splints. ye∈mel ž-žbira l-iddih.

splinter - šengur pl. šnager. I've got a splinter under my nail. dxel-li ši-šengur teht d-dfer.

split - tefriqa pl. -t. There was a split in the party. wegEet tefriqa fe-l-hizeb.

to split - 1. šegg, felleh. lightning split the tree from top to bottom. le-breq šegg š-šežra men l-fug hetta l-l-teht. 2. qsem, freq, tqasem. We split the profit three ways. tqasemna

r-rbeh \mathcal{E} la tlatal. 3. ttegsem, ttefreq. The party has split into three groups. l-hizeb $ttefreq \in la$ tlata de-l-fiºat. 4. tšegq, ttefteq. Your pants have split at theseam. serwalek ttefteq

f-le-xyata. 5. fre ϵ . I nearly split my sides laughing. mšit nefre Enabi be-d-dehk.

to spoil - 1. xesser. She's spoiled my whole fun. xessret-li n-našat dyali kollu. 2. fsed. The meat will spoil. l-lhem gad ifsed. 3. xmaž. The apples are beginning to spoil. t-teffahat bdaw ixmažu. 4. feššeš. You're spoiling her. nta ka-tfeššešha.

spoke - qtib pl. qotban, qtayeb. put two new spokes in the front wheel. rekkebt zuž de-l-qetban ždad fe-r-rwida l-qeddamiya.

sponge - $\check{z}effafa$ pl. -t, $\check{z}fayef$. spoon - mEelqa'pl. -t, mEaleq.

sport(s) - riyada. Do you go in for sports? ka-tebģi r-riyada? **Be a sport. kun metluq mEa rașek

or kun mesrar.

spot - 1. $teb \in a pl. -t$, $tbaye \in .$ have a spot on your tie. Eendek tebξa f-žiyyaftek. 2. rehba pl. -t, rhabi; $mude \in pl$. $mwade \in mahell$ pl. -at. I stood in the same spot for a solid hour. sa&a kollha w-ana waqef f-nefs l-mahell. --You've touched a sore spot. rak qesti fe-l-mudeć lli medrura or qesti d-demmala. 3. nahiya pl. -t. That's a sore spot with him. hadik n-nahiya f-aš huwa mqesseh.

**A cup of coffee would just hit the spot. gir kas de-l-qehwa huwa lli ka-ixess. —He stood there as if rooted to the spot. kan waqef temma tqul bhal \$-\$e\$ra. —I was right on the spot when it happened. ana kont temma mnayn wqe£ dak \$-\$i.
—Now I'm on the spot. h\$elt daba.
—You put me on the spot.

on the spot - fe-l-hin. They fired him on the spot. dhaweh fe-l-hin.

to spot - 1. frez. I spotted him in the crowd. freztu ma-bin n-nas. 2. tellec. I could spot him anywhere. imken-li nțelleu fayn-emma kan.

to **sprain** - fekk. She sprained her ankle. ttfekket-lha l-ke€ba.

to spray - rešš. We have to spray the peach trees. xessna nreššu l-xuxat.

spread - 1. ntišar. They tried to check the spread of the disease. hawlu baš iraqbu ntišar l-merd.
2. mlaya pl. -t. They put new spreads on the beds. daru mlayat ždad čel le-frašat.

to spread - 1. ntašer, sreh. The fire is spreading rapidly. l-Eafya deżya serhet. 2. ferreq. The payments were spread over several years. ferrqu l-itari Ela modda men snin.

**Spread some honey on the bread for me. $dhen-li\ l$ -xobs be-šwiya d-le- ϵ sel.

to spread out - serreh, ferreš. Spread the map out. serreh l-xarita.

spring - 1. rbie, weat r-rbie. We arrived in spring. wselna f-weat r-rbie. 2. saqya pl. -t, swaqi; Eeyn pl. Eyun. There's a spring behind our house. kayna wahed s-saqya mur darna. 3. neqša pl. -t, nqaši. The spring in my watch is broken. n-neqša d-maganti therrset.

to spring - 1. qfez. She sprang from her seat. qefzet men rhebtha.
2. tle£, xrež, ža iži. All the rumors spring from one and the same source. l-?iša£at kollha ka-ttle£ men ?sel wahed.

**He sprang the news on us at

dinner. rma-lna had le-xbar f-weqt le-gda.

to sprinkle - 1. rešš. Have the streets been sprinkled yet? reššu z-znaqi wella ma-zal? 2. ģebber. Sprinkle the sugar on the cake. ģebber s-sokkar Eel l-helwa. sprinkler - mrešša pl. -t, mrašš.

sprinkier - mressa pi. -t, mrass spy - biyya€ pl. -a, žasus pl. žawasis.

square - 1. saha pl. -t. Our windows look out on a large square.

s-sražem dyalna ka-išerfu Ela wahed s-saha kbira. 2. murebba£ pl. -at. That's not a square, that's a rectangle. hadak ma-ši murebba£, hadak mustatil.

3. mrebbe£. I'd like a square box. bģit ši-senduq mrebbe£. 4. doģri. He's a pretty square fellow.

ražel dogri hadak bezzaf.
5. metgadd, kamel. I haven't eaten a square meal in days. hadi modda ma-klit makla metgadda.

to square - şeffa, sawa. This will square our accounts. had š-ši gad işeffi hsabatna.

squash - qeréa pl. -t coll. qreé. to squash - l. éenfež. I squashed the cake. éenfežt l-helwa.

2. be $\xi \in ez$, b $\in ez$, sheq. I squashed my finger in the door. sheqt $seb \in i$ m $\in a$ l-bab.

to squeal - jummet. The child squealed with joy. d-derri jummet be-l-ferha.

to squeeze - 1. Eezza. Don't squeeze my hand hard. ma-teezzi-li-\$ Ela iddi bezzaf. 2. dhes. I can't squeeze another thing into the trunk. haza wehda ma-Eendi-\$ kif nzid ndhesha fe-\$-\$anta.

to squeeze (out) - Eesser. I'll squeeze the oranges. ana daba nEesser l-letšin.

squirrel - senžab pl. snažeb.

to stab - teez. Someone stabbed him in the brawl. si-wahed teezu fe-d-debza.

**He's just waiting for a chance to stab me in the back. ka-itsenna gir l-wežba ye£tini fe-d-dher.

stable - 1. rwa pl. rwi. Are the horses in the stable? was l-xeyl fe-r-rwa? 2. mestgerr, qabet, metga£ed. They haven't had a stable government for years. hadi sinin ma-kesbu hukuma metga£da.

stack - Eerma pl. -t, Erarem; qetta pl. qtet. I looked through a whole stack of newspapers for the article. qellebt f-Eerma de-l-Zara?id kamla Eel 1-magal.

staff = 1. rkiza pl. rkayez; &mud pl.
&mayed. The flag staff is broken.
le-&mud de-r-raya therres.

2. muweddafin (pl.). He dismissed part of his staff. dha terf men l-muweddafin dyalu.

stage - hala pl. hwal; wedLiya pl. -t;
wdaE. That depends on the stage
it's in. Ela hasab l-hala f-aš-en
huwa dak š-ši.

to stage - suwweb, neddem. We staged a birthday party for him. neddemna-lu hefla l-Eid miladu.

to stagger - 1. txerwee, teerbet. I saw him stagger out of the saloon. Seftu xarež men l-qehwa ka-itxerwee. 2. dehšer. The blow staggered him. d-derba dehšrettu.

3. ddeEdeE. Prices are staggering. l-?atmina ka-ddeEdeE.

stain - tebéa pl. -t, tbayeé. I can't get this stain out of my dress.

ma-bġat-ši dzul-li had t-tebéa men ksuwti.

to stain - tebbe£, tla itli, wessex. You've stained your trousers. tebbe£ti serwalek. --The tablecloth is all stained. l-mendil kollu mtebbe£.

stairs - druž (pl.). Take the stairs to your right. xud d-druž lli Ela iminek.

stake - 1. wted pl. wtad. Did you drive the stakes into the ground? dequiti le-wtad f-l-erd? 2. xtar pl. -at. They doubled the stakes. tnaw le-xtar.

to stammer - gewgew.

stamp - 1. tenber pl. tnaber. Five one-dirham stamps, please. xemsa de-t-tnaber dyal derhem llah ixellik.
2. tabe Epl. twabe E. Where is the 'Payment received' stamp? fayn t-tabe Elli fih "m'eddi"?

to stamp - 1. the. I stamped all the documents. le-wraq kollhom the. thom. 2. zdeh. She stamped her foot with anger. zedhet rželha be-z-zeef.

to stamp out - 1. tfa itfi
be-z-zdim. They stamped out the
fire. tfaw l-Eefya be-z-zdim.
2. hettem. They stamped out all
the opposition. hettmu l-muEarada
kollha.

stand - 1. tebla pl. -t, tbali. They have a stand in the market. Eamlin tebla fe-s-suq. 2. muqif pl. mwaqef. He's changed his stand on this matter several times. giyyer muqifu Eadad men merra f-had

l-aadiva.

to stand - 1. wqef. Don't let him stand outside. ma-txellih-š yuqef Ela berra. 2. sber. I can't stand it any longer. ma-neqder-ši nesper kter men had š-ši. 3. hmel. I can't stand him. ma-ka-neqder-š nhemlu. 4. thamel m£a. She can't stand the cold weather. hiya ma-ka-tthamel-š m£a l-berd. 5. bqa ibqa. Tell him to stand right where he is. qul-lu ibqa tamam fe-l-mahell fayn huwa. 6. weqqef. Stand the ladder in this corner. weqqef s-sellum f-had r-rekna.

**What I said the other day still stands. dak š-ši lli golt dak n-nhar ma-zal huwa hadak. --I want to know how I stand. nebġi ne€ref kif ana.

to stand aside - dženneb, wqef l-had ž-žih. Stand aside for a moment, please. b-le-fdel mennkom džennbu ši-šwiya.

to stand by - 1. wqef. He stood by, doing nothing. kan waqef bla ma-idir walu. 2. wqef m£a. You know that I'll stand by you in case of trouble. ka-te£refni billa nuqef m£ak ila kanet ši-haža. 3. qbet. He is not standing by his decision. ma-ka-iqbet-š fe-klamu.

to stand for -1. ?eyyed. He stands for equality. huwa ka-i?eyyed l-musawat. 2. qbel, smeh b-. I won't stand for that! ma-nesmeh-š b-dak š-ši ikun.

to stand on - šedd f-, qbet f-. I stand on my rights. ana šadd fe-l-huquq dyali.

to stand out - 1. mtaz, brez. He stands out in mathematics. ka-imtaz f-le-hsab. 2. ban iban. She stands out in a crowd. ka-tkun bayna f-woşt ž-žma£a.

to stand up - wqef, nad inud, qam iqum. Do you want me to stand up? tebgini nuqef?

to stand up for - dafe $\in \ell$ la. If we don't stand up for him, nobody will. ila ma-dafe $\in \ell$ na- $\in \ell$ lih, hetta wahed ma- $\in \ell$ adi idirha.

to stand up to - Eta yeEti ž-žebha, twažeh mEa. Why don't you stand up to your boss once in a while? Elaš ma-teEți-ši ž-žebha le-mEellmek saEa saEa?

standard - 1.mustawa pl. -yat. You can't judge him by ordinary standards. ma-imken-lek-& tehkem Elih Ela hsab l-mustawa l-Eadi. Their standard of living is lower than ours. l-mustawa de-l-maEi&a dyalhom

qell men dyalna. 2. mebda pl. mabadi. Their standards are very high. l-mabadi dyalhom Ealya bezzaf. 3. Eadi. Is this a standard size? waš had le-qyas Eadi?

standing - retba pl. -t; menzla pl. -t, mnazel; suméa pl. -t. He has a high standing in his community. Eendu suméa mezyana fe-l-wasat dyalu.

**They are friends of long standing. huma shab men zman.

star - nežma pl. nžum.

**You can thank your lucky stars that it wasn't worse. hmed llah lli ma-sedget-lek-ši ši-haža kfes.

starch - nša. Mix some starch for the shirts. xellet šwiya de-n-nša l-le-awamež.

to starch - nešša, dar idir n-nša. Did you starch the shirts? neššiti? Le-amamež?

to stare - 1. šaf išuf. He just stared into space. bqa gir ka-ıšuf fe-s-sma. 2. bellez. She just stood there and stared at me. bqat gir waqfa temma ka-tbellez fiya.

start - bdu, lummel. I read the book from start to finish in one day. qrit le-ktab men bduh l-talih fe-nhar wahed.

**You gave me quite a start. walayenni kif xle&tini.

to start - 1. bda ibda. The game has just started. Ead kif bda l-le\(\xi\)b. --She started out at a good pace. bdat f-aman llah. 2. tleq, nummed. You can start the motor now. imken-lek ttleq l-mutur daba. --Who started this rumor? **skun tleq had d-di\(\xi\)aya? 3. xeddem. Start up this machine. xeddem had l-\(^2\)ala. 4. *\(xi\)el. Let's start a fire. a\(xi\)in m\(^2\)ellah d=\(xi\)ellah is \(^2\)ellah is m\(^2\)ellah is \(^2\)ellah is

**I'll start the ball rolling.

ana ġad n£eyyet ya-fettah. --Starting today the bus will stop here.

men had n-nhar ġad ibda ihser

t-tubis hnaya.

to startle - xle. The noise startled me. xleeni s-sdae.

to be startled - ttexleE. I was startled by the shot. ttexleEt be-d-derba.

to starve - mat imut be-ž-žuć.

Thousands of people were starving.

l-?alaf de-n-nas kanu ka-imutu

be-ž-žuć.

to starve to death - mat imut be-z-zuE. They almost starved to death. Elayen kanu gad imutu be-z-zuE. starved - miyyet be-ž-žu£, sexfan be-ž-žu£. I'm completely starved. rani tamamen miyyet be-ž-žu£.

state - 1. wilaya pl. -t. What is the largest state in the U.S.A.? Šni hiya ?ekber wilaya f-?amirika?

2. hukuma pl. -t, dula pl. duwwal. The heads of the states will meet next week. ru?asa? d-duwwal ġad ižtem£u ž-žem£a ž-žayya. 3. hala pl. hwal. I'm in a very bad state. rani f-wahed l-hala qbiha bezzaf.

4. hukumi. It's a state institution. hadik mu?essasa hukumiya.

state of affairs - wedEiya pl. -t, wdaE. Anything is better than the present state of affairs. dak š-ši lli kan hsen men l-wedEiya d-had s-saEa.

to state - 1. qal iqul. You just stated that you were not there. Ead golti bin ma-konti-s temma.

2. Eta yeEti, serreh b-. I thought he stated the facts plainly. kan ishabni Eta l-haqa?iq mbiyyna.

static - šwaš pl. -at. There is so much static I can't get a single station. ma-qdert nšedd hetta nhetta be-ktert š-šwaš lli kayen.

station - 1. mhetta pl. -t. Get off at the next station. nsel f-le-mhetta l-mažya. 2. ?ida£a pl. -t. What station did you hear it on? fe-š-men ?ida£a sme£tiha?

to station - dar idir, weggef. The officer stationed a guard on the hill top. d-dabit dar ε essas f-ras l-kodya.

statue - timtal pl. tmatel.

stay - glas. Our stay in the mountains was very pleasant. glasna fe-ž-žbel kan ha?il.

to stay - 1. bqa ibqa. How long will you stay? šhal ġad tebqa? --Our children stay up until nine o'clock. d-drari dyalna ka-ibqaw fayqin hetta le-t-tesEud. --He must stay in bed. xesşu ibqa fe-l-ferš. 2. gles, bqa ibqa. I stayed there three months. glest temma telt šhur. 3. nzel. Are you staying at the hotel? rak nazel fe-l-?util? --Are you staying with friends? rak nazel Eend ši-shabek?

steady - 1. shih, mziyyer. This needs a steady hand. had š-ši ka-ixessu šì-idd mziyyra.

2. qabet, m£ezzi. The ladder isn't steady. s-sellum ma-qabet-š.

3. mettabe£. We kept up a good

3. mettabe. We kept up a goo steady pace. qbetna-lek sorea

mettab \in a. 4. mwabed. He's making steady progress. t-taqeddum lli ka-ye \in mel mwabed. 5. mdawem. I'm looking for steady work. ka-ndur \in la xedma mdawma.

steak - biftik.

to steal - sreq, šeffer. They stole all my money. serqu-li flusi kollhom.

to steal away - tsell, sell raşu.
We stole away early because we had
to go somewhere else. tsellina bekri
Ela wedd konna gadyen l-mahell axor.
steam - fwar pl. -at. Steam is coming up from the kettle. le-fwar

taleE men l-begrež.
 **Don't mind him, he's just letting off steam. ma-teddiha-* fih,

ra gir ž-žnun tal£in fih.

to steam - 1. fummer. The kettle is steaming. l-beqrež ka-ifummer.

2. bexxer. Why don't you like to steam your vegetables? Elaš ma-ka-tebģi-š tbexxer xdertek?

steamer - baxira pl. bawaxir.

steel - hend. The bridge is built entirely of steel. l-qentra mebniya kollha men l-hend.

steep - 1. wagef. Be careful, the stairs are steep. redd balek, ra d-druž wagfin. 2. Eali. The price is too steep for me. t-taman Eali Eliya bezzaf.

to steep - qeed, tqeeded. Let the tea steep a little longer. xelli atay izid itqeeded swiya.

steeple - sem£a pl. -t, smæ£, smæ£i.

The steeples of the church are visible from a long way off.
s-smæ£i d-le-knisiya ka-ittšafu men b£id.

steer - tur pl. tiran. How many
steers did they take to the
slaughter-house? \$hal de-t-tiran
ddaw l-l-gorna?

to steer -wežšeh, xeddem l-žiht, redd l-žiht. He steered the boat to shore on time. redd l-baxira l-žiht terf le-bher fe-l-weqt.

to steer clear of - beffed men. You'd better steer clear of that fellow! hsen-lek theffed men dak xiyyi.

steering wheel - dman pl. -at.

stem - şag pl. şigan. step - l. derža pl. -t, druž. steps are carpeted. d-druž

steps are carpeted. d-druž mferršin b-zerbiya. 2. xelfa pl. -t. He took one step forward. sad xelfa l-l-qeddam.

**We built up our business step

by step. bnina l-haraka dyalna šwiya be-šwiya. --He's always out of step with the times. huwa dima ma-metgadd-š m&a l-wegt.

to step - 1. wqef, tle£ fuq. Perhaps if you step on a chair you might be able to reach the ceiling. waqila ila tle£ti fuq ši-šelya rak teqder telheq s-sqef. 2. zdem. I stepped into a puddle. zdemt f-gelta.

**Step lively! bter b-rasek!
to step aside - zal izul men
t-triq.

to step in - dxel. They just stepped in for a moment. yallah dexlu wahed š-šwiya.

to step into - 1. dxel l-. I saw him step into the store. šeftu daxel l-l-hanut. 2. ddaxel. The President himself may step into this. $r-ra^{9}$ is b-rasu imken iddaxel f-had š-ši.

to step off - nzel, hbet. He just stepped off the train. Ead kif nzel men l-gitar.

to step up - zad ızid f-, Eella. We'll have to step up the pace a bit. ka-ixeşşna nzidu fe-s-sorEa šwiyeš.

to step up to - zad ızid l-Eend. A strange man stepped up to me on the street and asked about you. wahed r-ražel berrani zad l-Eendi fe-z-zenqa u-seqşa Elik.

stepfather - ražel l-yemm.

stepmother - mrat l-bu.

sterling - şafi, xaleş. That's sterling silver. hadik fedda xalşa. stern - doğri, qaşeh.

stick - qtib pl. qotban. She hit me with a stick. derbetni be-qtib.
to stick - 1. tekk. Something is

to stick - 1. tekk. Something is sticking me. ši-haža ka-ttekkni.

2. lşeq. This stamp doesn't stick. had t-tenber ma-ka-ilşeq-š.

3. t£ezza, hşel. The door always sticks in damp weather. l-bab dima ka-tt£ezza f-weqt š-šta.

4. rşa irşa, rsex. Nothing sticks in his mind. hetta haža

ma-ka-tersex fe-dmagu. 5. dha idhi, dexxel, Emel. Stick your hands in your pockets. dhi iddik fe-žyabek. —He sticks his nose into everything. ka-idexxel raşu f-koll-ši. —Don't stick your nose into other people's business.

ma-tkun-š ddexxel sugek f-de-xrin.
to stick it out - kaber, sber.
Try and stick it out a little

longer. hawel dzid tkaber šwiya.

to stick out - xrež, ttenneš.
Watch out! There's a nail sticking
out there. & Eendak! ra wahed
l-mesmar xarež temma.

to stick to - qbet. I still stick to my opinion. ana ma-sal qabet f-fkerti. --He never sticks to anything. Eemmru ma-ka-iqbet hetta f-haža.

to stick together - bqa ibqa mežmuć, ttahed. Let's stick together. xellina nebqaw mežmućin.

to stick up - xrež, ttenneš.
Watch out! There's a nail sticking
up over there. Eendak! ra wahed
l-mesmar mtenneš temma.

to get stuck - hsel. My car got stuck in the mud. siyarti heslet fe-l-gis. --Now I'm stuck. daba r-ana hasel.

sticky - 1. (lli) ka-ilşeq. My fingers are all sticky from honey. şeb ani kollhom ka-ileşqu b-le-Esel.
2. mæmmet. It's awfully sticky today. walayenni kif mæmmet l-hal had n-nhar.

stiff - 1. wagef. He always wears stiff collars. dima ka-ilbes le-Enuq wagfin. 2. mteggef. He has a stiff neck. Eenqu mteggef. 3. gaseh, water. 4. stib pl. stibin, stab. Was it a stiff examination? kan mtihan stib?

still - 1. mhedden, hade?, haden.
The children stayed still for a while. d-drari bqaw mheddnin ši-šwiya. 2. ma-zal, baqi. He still believes you. ma-zal ka-itiq bik. 3. waxxa hakdak, reģma dak š-ši. Still, I think you did the right thing. waxxa hakdak ka-ndenn billa &melti mziya.

to keep still - thedden, tressa.
stingy - mežhah, qemšiš, mqemšeš.
Have you ever seen such a stingy
millionaire? Eemmrek šefti
ši-mlayni qemšiš bhal hada?

stir - šwaš, ruća. There was a stir in the crowd when he got up to speak. kan š-šwaš f-weşt n-nas mnayn wqef itkellem.

to stir - 1. herrek. If you had stirred up the soup it wouldn't have burned. u-kan herrekti le-hrira u-kan ma-ttherqet-s.
2. therrek. Look, he's stirring now. suf, haw ka-itherrek daba.
stirring - (lli) ka-ihiyyež. It was

stirring - (lli) ka-ihiyyež. It was a stirring speech. kalima kanet ka-thiyyež.

stitch - 1. ġerza, ġorza pl. -t, ġraz.

Don't make such big stitches.

la-te∈mel-ši l-ġorzat kbar.

2. derba pl. -t. I haven't done a stitch of work today. ma-drebt-š

derba wehda fe-l-xedma had n-nhar.

to stitch - grez, xeyyet. Did you stitch the hem yet? grezti t-tectaf wella ma-zal?

to stitch on - rekkeb, xeyyet. Did you stitch on the pockets? rekkebti ž-žyab?

stock - 1. xzin pl. xzayen. I'll look through my stock and see if I have it. daba ngelleb f-le-xzin dyali u-nšuf waš čendi. 2. sehm pl. sham. I advise you not to buy these stocks. ka-nneshek ma-tešri-š had le-sham.

in stock - f-le-xzin, mexzun. What do you have in stock? šnu Eendek f-le-xzin?

to be out of stock - tsala, tqada, tfedda. It's out of stock, but we have reordered it. tqada-lna be-l-heqq ra-hna Eawed tlebnah.

to take stock - Emel le-hsab, raše£ s-sel£a. Next week we're going to take stock. Ž-žem£a.

to take (put) stock in - seddeq, tiyyeq, qbet. I don't put much stock in what he says. ma-ka-neqbet-ši haža wehda men dak š-ši lli ka-iqul.

to stock - xzen, šab, ižib. We don't stock that brand.
ma-ka-nxeznu-š dak l-Eeyna.

to stock up on - dar idir Eewla, dar idir Ewil, Emel Eewla, Emel Ewil. Did you stock up on coal? derti le-Ewil de-l-faxer?

stockholder - shaymi pl. -ya, msahem pl. msahmin. I'm a stockholder in that company. ana msahem f-dak \$-\$arika.

stocking - teqšira twila pl. tqašer twal. I'd like three pairs of stockings. bģit ši-telt zwaž de-t-tqašer twal.

stomach - kerš pl. kruš. He has an upset stomach. keršu mrumuka.

**I'm sick to my stomach. qelba mṛuwwe£.

to stomach - hdem, qbel. I can't stomach that fellow. dak xiyyi ma-ka-ibgi-š ittehdem-li.

stomach-ache - hriq l-kerš. I have a a stomach-ache. qabetni hriq l-kerš. stone - 1. hežra pl. -t, hžer. Who

threw that stone? škun rma dak l-hežra? --That hall has a stone

floor. l-erd de-n-nbeh d-le-hžer.

2. šahed pl. šwahed. We had a beautiful stone put on his grave. Emel-na-lu wahed š-šahed mezyan Ela qburu.

3. Edem pl. Edam, Eduma. These plums have big stones. had l-bergug Eedmu kbir.

**He killed two birds with one stone. Emelha hežža u-zyara.
--He left no stone unturned.
ma-xella ma-žerreb.

stool - korsi pl. krasa. Put the stool back into the room. redd

l-korsi l-qelb l-bit.

stool pigeon - biyya€ pl. -a. Be careful, he's a stool pigeon. redd balek, ra hadak biyya€.

stoop - tegwisa pl. -t, tqawes. The
man with the stoop is the inspector.
dak r-ražel lli be-t-teqwisa, huwa
l-mufettiš.

to stoop - 1. hna yehni. She stooped to pick up the newspaper. hnat baš thess l-žarida. 2. tiyyeh b-rasu, hebbet b-rasu. I don't think she'd stoop to anything like that. ma-ka-ndenn-š ttiyyeh b-rasha l-ši-haža bhal hadi.

stop - 1. mhetta pl. -t. You have to get off at the next stop. xessek tenzel f-le-mhetta ž-žayya.
2. weqfa pl. -t coll. wquf. We have a ten-minute stop in Rabat.

Eendna qesmayn d-le-wquf fe-r-rbat.

to bring to a stop - bbes, bser,

weqqef. Why did you bring the car to a stop? Elas weqqefti s-siyara? to put a stop to - Emel hedd l-.

We must put a stop to this practice. la-bodda n \in emlu hedd l-had $l-\mathcal{E}ada$.

to stop - 1. her, hoes. Shall I stop the car at the next crossing? waš nehser s-siyara f-mefreq t-torgan ž-žay? 2. mne£, hser. couldn't stop him from going there. ma-mken-li-š nmen£u men le-mši l-temma. 3. fedda men. Please stop that noise. | lah ixellik feddi men dak ş-şdaE. 4. bga ıbga, gles, nzel. We stopped at a farm for two days. glesna yumayn f-wahed le-Ezib. --We stopped in Fez for a while. nzelna f-fas ši-modda. 5. wqef. Where are we going to stop? fayn gadyen nweqfu? 6. teggef. I instructed the bank to stop the check. golt le-nûnalin l-benk iteggfu š-šak. 7. sket, wqef. My watch has stopped. maganti sektet.

**He stops at nothing. ma-kaixaf hetta men haža or ka-izdem f-koll-ši.

to stop over - daz iduz, hser, nzel. Why don't you stop over at my place on the way? Elaš ma-dduž-ši Eendi mnayn tkun šadd t-triq?

to stop short - 1. değya wqef. The car ahead of me stopped short. s-siyara lli kanet qeddami değya weqfet. 2. değya qte£, delqem, qte£ l-hedra f-. I stopped him short before he could say too much. değya qte£tu qbel-ma izid fe-l-hedra.

to stop up - xneq. You're going to stop the drain. rak gad texneq l-qadus.

stopper - hessar pl. -a, hsaser.
store - 1. hanut (m. or f.) pl.
hwanet. I know a store where you
can buy that. ka-nefref wahed
l-hanut fayn imken-lek tesri dak
š-ši. 2. xzin pl. xzayen. We
have a store of food in the pantry.
Eendna xzin de-l-muna f-bit
l-fewla.

in store - mxebbe£, ka-itsenna. Who knows what is in store for us? škun £aref aš mxebbe£-lna?

to store - xebbee, xzen. Where shall I store the onions? fayn gad nexzen l-besla?

to store up - žmeć. I stored up a lot of energy during my vacation. žmećt bezzaf de-l-qwwwa fe-l-cotla

storm - hemla pl. -t, hmali. There was a big storm yesterday. žat wahed l-hemla kbira l-bareh.

to storm - reffed. It is storming outside. d-denya ka-treffed fla berra.

stormy - mreffed.

story - 1. hkaya pl. -t; xrafa pl. -t
xrayef; qessa pl. -t. I wish I
could tell you the whole story.
tmennit u-kan mken-li n&ewwed-lek
le-xrafa kollha. 2. tebqa pl. -t,
tbeq. The house has five stories.
d-dar fiha xemsa de-t-tebqat.

stout - smin pl. sman. He's gotten very stout lately. ržeć smin bezzaf had l-iyyam.

stove - mežmar pl. mžamer, nafex pl. nwafex. Put the peas on the stove. Emel ž-želbana Eel l-mežmar.

straight - 1. meewwet. Draw a straight line. setter xett meewwet.
2. dogri. He's always been straight with me. huwa kan dima dogri meaya.
3. tamamen, be-d-dat. Our house is straight across from the

mosque. darna žat mqabla ž-žameć be-d-dat. 4. gased, dogri. Go straight to school. sir gased l-l-medrasa. 5. safi. He can't think straight, much less talk straight. tefkiru ma-ši safi, $\mathcal{E}assak$ klamu.

to go straight - tmešša meewwet, Eewwet rasu. He promised us to go straight. rah waeedna baš itmešša meewwet.

to get straight - 1. fhem. I think you didn't get her straight. ka-ndenn ma-fhemtiha-\$. 2. biyyen r-ra\$ men r-re\$lin. Now let's get this straight once and for all. daba a\$i nbiyynu l-had \$-\$i ra\$u men re\$lin u-nthennaw. 3. \$\{\text{re}f}\] l-haqiqa. See if you can get that story straight. \$\\$uf kan te\$\{\text{re}f}\] l-haqiqa d-dak l-qe\$\$\{\text{s}}\$a.

straight ahead - tul, gud. Just keep straight ahead. gir xellik gadi tul.

to work straight - xdem (xedma) mettabéa. I worked for fifteen hours straight yesterday. l-bareh xdemt xemstašer saéa mettabéa.

to straighten - Eewwet, qaded.

Straighten this wire for me please.

Eewwet-li had s-selk Eafak.

to straighten out, up - Eewwet, neddem. Did you tell them to straighten up their rooms? qolti-lhom ineddmu byuthom?

strain - 1. ta£ab, tamara, mašeqqa. It's a strain to read this small print. mašeqqa l-wahed iqra had le-ktaba ş-şģira. 2. tešbad, žehd. I don't think the rope will stand the strain. ma-ka-ndenn-š t-twal ithemmel t-tešbad.

to strain - 1. seffa. Did you strain the coffee? seffiti l-qehwa?
2. tEeb. I strained my eyes from reading. tEebt Eeyniya b-le-qraya.
3. Eafer, tEafer, tgaher. The dog was straining at the leash. l-kelb kan ka-itEafer mEa rbatu.

**We must strain every effort to finish on time. xessna nEemlu Zehdna kollu baš nsaliw fe-l-weqt.

to strain oneself - t\(\xi\)eddeb, tmerret, dreb tamara.

strained - mwetter. At the moment our relations are somewhat strained. f-had s-sa&a l-&alaqat dyalna &i-&wiya mwettrin.

strange - ģrib pl. ģribin, ģrab.

There is something strange about this house. Ši-haža ģriba kayna f-qadiyt had d-dar.

stranger - berrani pl. -yin. He
always welcomes strangers to his
house. dima ka-irehheb be-l-berrani
l-daru.

strap - şemţa pl. -t, şmeţ. Put the strap around the suitcase. Emel ş-şemţa Eel §-šanţa.

straw - 1. tebna pl. -t coll. tben.

That's made of straw. dak š-ši
mşuwweb men t-tben. 2. žećba pl.
-t, žćeb; žćiba pl. -t. May I have
a straw to drink my Coca-Cola with?
ćafak ćtini ši-žćiba baš nešrob
kuka kula dyali.

**That's the last straw. daba & ad kmel lli bga.

strawberry - tuta l-erd pl. -t l-erd coll. tut l-erd.

stray - talef, metluf. He keeps
bringing stray kittens home. gir
ka-ižib f-le-qtitat t-talfin
le-d-dar.

stream - wad pl. widan, zerraf pl. zraref. Where can we cross the stream? fayn imken-lna nqet€u l-wad? --Did you see the stream of cars? šefti €la zerraf de-s-siyarat?

to stream - hummed, sal isil.

The sweat was just streaming on his forehead. le-Ereq kan gir hummad Ela žbehtu.

street - senga pl. -t, snaqi; triq pl.
terqan, torqan. I met him on the
street where I used to live. tlaqitu
fe-z-zenqa fayn kont ka-neskon.
--This is a dead-end street. had
z-senga ma-ka-txerrež-š.

strength - 1. qowwa pl. -t; žehd, qadar. I haven't the strength to do it. ma-Eendi-š l-qowwa baš ndirha. 2. meqdura pl. -t. He doesn't know his own strength. huwa b-rasu ma-ka-yeEref-š meqdurtu.

to strengthen - quwwa, žehhed. strenuous - met Eub. That's a strenuous job. xedma met Euba hadik.

stretch - semta pl. -t, smet; smita pl. -t; žebda pl. -t. We had to run the last stretch. s-smita lli bqat-lna drebnaha be-ž-žri.

at a stretch - težbida wehda, bla wquf. He works about ten hours at a stretch. ka-ixdem ši-češra de-s-swayeć bla wquf.

to stretch - 1. žebbed. The rope is stretched too tight. t-twal mžebbed bezzaf. 2. džebbed, wsać. These gloves will stretch. had s-sebbaćat ġad yewsaću. --I just want to stretch a little bit. ġir bġit ndžebbed ši-šwiya. 3. dar idir

fe-l-qaleb, wesse ϵ . Can you stretch my shoes for me? imken-lek ddir-li had s-sebbat fe-l-galeb?

to stretch out - sreh. The wheat fields stretch out for kilometers. l-?aradi de-l-gemh sarha kilumiter \mathcal{E} la kilumiter.

stretcher - n£aš pl. -at. They carried him out on a stretcher. ddawehmehzuz Eel n-nEaš.

strict - (lli) ma-ka-ye ξ ref mzah. His father is very striet. bbah ma-ka-yeEref mzah be-l-koll.

strike - ?idrab pl. -at. How long did the strike last? shal tal l-?idrab? --We're going on strike tomorrow. ģedda ģad ndiru l-?idrab.

to strike - 1. dreb, $\in mel\ l-?idrab$. Why are the workers striking? $\in las$ l-xeddama Eamlin l-9idrab?

2. dreb. The clock has just struck ten. l-magana Ead derbet l-Eešra. --Who struck you? ** *kun derbek?

3. š&el. Strike a match. šEel ši-wqida. 4. qaş iqiş. The ship struck a rock. l-baxira qaşet wahed s-sexra. 5. thellem. Did the lightning strike anywhere? \$-\$ahqa tkellmet f-ši-rehba?

**He must have struck oil, the way he's throwing money away. ma-huwa gir tah f-ši-kenz Eel l-kifiya lli ka-irmi biha le-flus.

to strike off - šetteb Ela, dreb $\mathcal{E}la$. Just strike his name off the list. ģir šetteb Ela smiytu men $l-la^9iha$.

to strike out - hdef, mha imhi. Did you strike the second paragraph out? mhiti l-fegra t-tanya?

to strike up - bda ibda. The two of them struck up a friendship very quickly. haduk z-zuž deģya deģya bdaw s-sehba binathom.

to strike a blow - žmeć b-derba mea. He struck him a blow with žmeć meah b-derba his cane be-Esatu.

**That was the first thing that struck my eye. hadik ?ewwel haža Elaš rmit Eeyni.

striking - 1. barez, (lli) ka-ixtef. She likes to wear striking colors. ka-i∈žebha telbes l-lwan lli kaixetfu. .2. Edim pl. Edam. There's a striking resemblance between them. mošbiha Edima kayna binathom.

string - 1. qennba pl. -t, quaneb coll. qenneb. Tie your books with this string. Eqed ktubek b-had l-qennba. 2. wetra pl. -t; wtar pl. -at. I

have to buy a new string for my xessni nešri wetra ždida l-l-kamanža dyali. 3. xit. She's wearing a beautiful string of pearls. Eliha xit ž-žuher gzal. **He's still attached to her

apron strings. ma-zal laseq-lha fe-žlayelha.

to string - 1. zelleg. Where can I have my beads strung? fayn imken-li nzelleg Eqiqi? 2. Eelleq. How are you going to string this wire? kif gad teelleg had s-selk? string beans - lubya xodra.

strip - sir pl. syur. Cut the paper into strips. qette& l-kagit syur syur.

stripe - šerta pl. -t, šrati. His tie has red and white stripes. živyaftu fiha š-šrati humer u-buyed.

stroke - 1. derba pl. -t. done a stroke of work on my book for three weeks. hadi tlata de-ž-žem£at ma-Emelt hetta derba f-le-ktab dyali. 2. noqta pl. ngati. Her father had another stroke yesterday. bbaha Eawed hebtet-lu n-nogta l-bareh. 4. degga pl. -t. At one stroke everything was changed. f-degga wehda koll-š tbeddel.

**It was a real stroke of luck to find that car. wellah men Eada hekma de-z-zher lli tşabet dak s-siyara.

at the stroke of - fe-d-degga d-, fe-d-derba d-, fe-t-teklima d-. She arrived at the stroke of four. weşlet fe-d-degga de-r-reb€a.

to stroke - melles. Our cat loves to be stroked. l-qetta dyalna ka-tebģi bezzaf lli imelles Eliha.

stroll - msarya ($\mathcal{E}el\ r$ -ržel) pl. -t. First I'd like to take a stroll through town. bagi ndir wahed le-msarya ∈la režliya f-le-mdına hiya l-luwla.

to stroll - tmešša. Let's stroll through the old city. yallah ntmeššaw f-le-mdina.

strong - shih pl. shah.

struggle - maatla pl. -t, maarha pl. -t, $m \in afra$ pl. -t.

to struggle - Eafer, gatel, tEafer, tqatel. I've been struggling with this problem for some time. hadi modda w-ana ka-nEafer mEa had l-muškila.

stubborn - rasu gaseh. He's terribly stubborn. walayenni raşu qaşeh. student - talib pl. talaba, tolba,

tollab. How many students are there at the medical school? **hal de-t-talaba kaynin f-kulliyat t-tibb?

study - 1. dirasa pl. -t, durus. Has
he finished his studies? fedda
d-dirasa dyalu? 2. beht pl. buhut;
dirasa pl. -t. He has published
several studies in that field. nšer
Eadad de-d-dirasat f-dak l-midan.

to study - 1. dres. We studied the map before we started. dresna l-xarita qbel-ma nebdaw. 2. teellem, dres, qra. He's studying Chinese. ka-iteellem s-siniya.

stuff - 1. madda. What are you going to make out of this stuff?
š-ġa-tṣuwweb men had l-madda?
2. ši. Throw that stuff away. rmi dak š-ši ∈lik xlas!

**Now we'll see what stuff he's made of. daba Ead gad nšufu hennt iddih.

to stuff - 1. Emmer. We had stuffed turkey for dinner. tgeddina b-bibi memmer. 2. Emel. Stuff cotton in your ears. Emel le-qten f-wednik.

to stuff oneself - dhes raşu, dekken raşu. Don't stuff yourself with food. ma-ddhes-š raşek be-l-makla.

to stuff up - xneq. My nose is stuffed up. menxari mexnuq. to stumble - Eter. I stumbled over a step. Etert f-wahed d-derža.

stupid - balid. He isn't that stupid.
ma-huwa-ši balid hetta l-temma.

sty - nežma pl. -at. I'm getting a sty on my left eye. nežma $tal \in a-li$ $fe-l-\ell = eyn de-\check{s}-\check{s}m\mathring{a}l$.

style - 1. ?uslub pl. ?asalib. He
has a very poor style. Eendu ?uslub
qbih bezzaf. 2. şenEa pl. -t,
şnayeE. It's the latest style.
hadi ?axir şenEa or hadi ş-şenEa
ž-ždida.

to be in style - nadet-lu ş-şula. Combs are in style again. le-mšati Eawed nadet-lhom ş-şula.

subject - 1. mudu€ pl. mawadi€. I'm not familiar with that subject. ma-ka-ne€ref-šay f-dak l-mudu€.
2. muwatin pl. -in. He's a British subject. hadak muwatin britani.

**This schedule is subject to change. had l-bernamež imken yehdet fih ši-tegyir.

to submit - sellem, dfe€, qeddem.
I'll submit my report on Monday, ġad nsellem t-tegrir dyali nhar t-tnayn.

to submit to - εta yeεti γαςu l-. His mother had to submit to an operation. π̂πu ma-fadha ġir teεti γαςha l-l-εamaliya.

to subscribe - štarek. I subscribed to both newspapers this time. štarekt fe-l-žaridat b-zuž had n-nuba.

substantial - muhimm. He lost a substantial sum of money. mša-lu qder muhimm d-le-flus.

substitute - lli ka-ixlef, lli
ka-i&enwed, lli ka-inub &la. If
you can't come tomorrow, send a
substitute. ila ma-mken-lek-s
dži gedda sifet lli inub &lik.
to substitute - &mel fe-&wad.

I'll substitute red for green. daba ne Emel le-hmer fe-Ewad le-xder.

to substitute for - xlef, Eewwed, nab inub Ela. Can you substitute for me today? imken-lek tEewwedni l-yum?

to succeed - 1. xlef, ža iži men beEd. Who succeeded him in office? škun ža men beEdu l-l-mensib?
2. nžeh, tweffeq. I think he will succeed in his profession. ka-ndenn gad itweffeq fe-l-mihna dyalu.

**He succeeds in everything he undertakes. lli Emelha ka-tesxer-lu.

success - nažah. Congratulations on your success! ka-nhennik be-n-nažah dyalek.

**The play wasn't much of a success. r-riwaya ma-kan-lha-ši ši-nažah kbir.

successful - nažeh, mweffeq. successor - xlifa pl. xlayef.

such - bhal (plus pronoun). I've never seen such a man. Eemmerni ma-šeft ražel bhal hada. --A car such as yours is very expensive. siyara bhal dyalek galya bezzaf.

**Why are you in such a hurry?

Elaš Elik had z-zerba? --It's
been such a long time that I can't
remember any more. modda twila
hadi dazet hetta ma-bqit Eaqel
Ela walu. --She would never say
such a thing. Eemmerha ma-tqul had
š-ši. --I heard some such thing.
ana sme£t ši-haža f-had š-škel.

sudden: **There's been a sudden change in the weather. degya l-žuw tteqleb. --All of a sudden I remembered that I had to mail a letter. ma-ftent b-rasi hetta tfekkert Eendi bra gad nsifetha.

suddenly - degya, f-remša de-l-Eeyn.

sue Suddenly everything disappeared. it up for you. xellini f-remša de-l-Eeyn koll-ši gab. nlexxeşha-lek. **To sum up, he's no good at all. to sue - 1. déa idéi, theé fe-lğaytu ma-€endu-ši l-aš işlah. mehkama. We sued him for damages. summer - sif, weat s-sif. dEinah Eel t-teEwidat. 2. dafeE Ela, sun - šems, šemš (f.), pl. šmus, šmuš. taleb b-. They have always sued for peace. dima kanu italbu b-l-aman. to sun oneself - tšemmes. to suffer - t\(\xi\)eddeb, tmehhen. He'll Sunday - l-hedd, nhar l-hedd. she suffer much? tEeddbet \$i? be back on Sunday. gad irže nhar **They suffered heavy losses. l-hedd.nezlet Elihom xaşarat kbira. sundown - grub š-šems, le-grub, sufficient - kafi. mogreb. to suffocate - 1. žaf ižif. I nearly sunny - mšemmes. The front rooms are le-byut l-qeddamiyen suffocated. Elayen kont gad nžif. sunny. 2. žiyyef. He nearly suffocated mšemmsın. sunrise - šrug š-šems. the baby. Elayen kan gad ižiyyef sunset - grub š-šems, le-grub, mogreb. t-terbya. superior - 1. Ela men. Is he your sugar - sokkar. superior? was huwa Ela mennek? to suggest - 1. qtareh. I suggest 2. raqi. This is of superior that we go to the movies. quality. had š-ši Eeyna raqya. ka-negtareh nemšiw le-s-sinima. superstition - ?aman b-le-xrayef; 2. Ena yeEni. Are you suggesting that I'm wrong? was rak ka-teEni tira pl. -t. bin ma-mEaya-š l-hegg? 3. fekker superstitious - (lli) ka-itiq f-. What does this suggest to you? b-le-xrayef. Don't be so superstitious. la-tkun-ši ka-ttiq f-aš ka-ifekkrek had š-ši? b-le-xrayef hakdak. to commit suicide - qtel raşu. supervision - muraqaba pl. -t. They suit - 1. keswa pl. ksawı; lebsa pl. -t. lbasi. He needs a new suit. are under constant supervision. xessu keswa ždida. 2. de \in wa pl. -t, huma Elihom muragaba mdawma. supper - Eša pl. -wat. I've been dEawi. If we do not hear from you invited for supper. and meErud by Monday, we shall bring suit. ila men daba le-t-tnayn ma-Etitina xbar l−le-Eša. supplement - zyada pl. -t. ra-hna ngeyydu deEwa. to follow suit - Emel bhal, dar supply - xzin pl. xzayen. We still If you take one I'll follow have a big supply of vegetables. bhal. ma-zal Eendna xzin kbir de-l-xodra. suit. ila xdıtı wehda neEmel to supply - 1. rna irni. bhalek. store supplies all the big to suit - 1. Emel xater. restaurants. hanuthom ka-terni hard to suit everybody. \$\xi ib Eel l-mata€im le-kbira kollha. l-wahed ye Emel xater koll-ši. 2. walem, naseb. It's suited to 2. Eta yeEti, ferreq Ela. He always supplies us with cigarettes. the age of the children. dak š-ši dıma ka-iferreq Elina d-doxxan. ka-iwalem senn d-drari. 3. ža iži 3. quawem b-. We have enough shoes mEa. Red doesn't suit you. to supply the demand. igedduna le-hmer ma-ka-iži-š mEak. **Suit yourself. Emel lli ĕa ş-şbabet baš nquwwmu be-t-talab. support - teg€ida pl. -t. You can Ela xatrek. -- Is she suited for this kind of work? was hiya dyal count on support from me. imken-lek had n-nu de-l-xedma? ttkel Ela tegEida men Eendi. suitable - mnaseb, mwalem. We can't **You must offer some evidence in support of your statement. xeşşek find a suitable house. ma-sebna-ši ši-dar mwalma. tedli b-ši hužža te?yid le-klamek. to support - 1. ?eyyed, de&&em. sullen - mkedder. sultry - meamut. It's awfully sultry He's being supported by all parties. today. walayenni l-hal kif mezmut l-?ehzab kollha m?eyydah. l-vum.2. Eewwen, xdem Ela. He has to

sum - qder pl. qdar, qdura. I still

owe him a small sum. ma-zal ka-

to sum up - lexxes. Let me sum

isal-ni wahed le-qder sgir.

ixdem Ela waldih.

support his parents. melzum baš

to support oneself - $xdem \in la$ raşu. I've supported myself ever since I was fifteen. melli kanet Eendi xemstašel Eam w-ana ka-nexdem Ela rasi.

to suppose - 1. fred. Let's suppose you're right. nferdu m£ak l-heqq.
2. denn. I suppose so. ka-ndenn (ila hakdak).

**Suppose you wait till tomorrow.

še-dher-lek ttsenna hetta l-jedda?

to be supposed to - 1. lazem Elih.

I'm supposed to go tonight, but I'm
too tired. lazem Eliya nemši l-yum
fe-l-lil, be-l-heqq Eeyyan bezzaf.

2. qalu Elih, ka-iqulu Elih. She
is supposed to be very intelligent.
ka-iqulu Eliha dkiya bezzaf.

sure - 1. myeqqen, metyeqqen. That's a sure thing. haža myeqqna hadi.

--Are you sure of that? waš nta myeqqen b-dak š-ši? 2. meɛlum.

Sure, I'll come. meɛlum nži.

3. be-l-mufid. I'd sure like to see him again. nebģi nɛawed nšufu be-l-mufid.

**You thought it would rain, and sure enough it did. qolti imken ttih š-šta u-be-l-fiel tahet.

for sure - 1. bla mzah. You must be there at five o'clock for sure. xeşşek tkun temma fe-l-xemsa bla mzah. 2. be-t-teşhih. I know that for sure. ka-ne&ref dak š-ši be-t-teshih.

to make sure - 1. tyeqqen, theqqeq. I just wanted to be sure that she was there. gir bgit ntyeqqen bin kanet temma. 2. hawel išuf. Make sure that it doesn't happen again. hawel tšuf ma-téawed-š tuqeé had l-qadiya.

surely - 1. me&lum. Will you be
there? -Surely. gad tkun nta
temma? -me&lum. 2. ma ... gir.
I surely thought you would do it.
ma-dennitek gir te&melha.

surface - wžeh pl. wžuh. surgeon - žirahi pl. -yin.

surplus – zyada pl. –t. surprise – $mfaž^2a$ pl. –t, $fuž^2a$ pl.

-t. She gave us a big surprise. Emelt-lna mfaž?a kbira.

by surprise - Ela begta, Ela gefla. The rain caught me by surprise. qebtetni š-šta Ela begta.

--You took me completely by surprise. žitini Ela gefla tamamen.

to surprise - 1. faže?. I wanted to surprise you. kont bagi nfaž?ek.
2. bhed. Nothing surprises me any more. hetta haža ma-bqat tebhedni.

to be surprised - ttebhed, bqa

ibga mebhud. I was very much surprised when I heard that he came. bgit mebhud bezzaf mnin sme£tu ža.

to be surprised - tse€žeb, tseġreb. I am not surprised at anything you do. ma-ka-ntseġreb hetta f-haža €meltiha.

to surrender - steslem, sellem rasu, nezzel s-snah. The enemy surrendered immediately. le-Edu degya nezzel s-snah.

to surround - 1. dar b-. A high wall surrounds the old city. heyt kbir dayer b-le-mdina le-qdima.

2. tuwweq. They were surrounded by soldiers. kanu mtuwwginhom l-Eesker.

to suspect - Eendu š-šekk f-, šekk f-.
Do you suspect him? ka-tšekk fih?

to suspend - 1. her, teqqef. The bank has suspended all payments. l-benk her le-xlasat kollhom.

2. weqqef. He was suspended for a week. weqqfuh l-moddet žemća.

suspense - tešniqa pl. -t. He was waiting in great suspense. kan itsenna b-wahed t-tešniqa kbira.

suspicion - šekk pl. škuk. What aroused your suspicion? šnu dexxel-lek had š-šekk?

suspicious - 1. lli fih š-šekk, lli ka-idexxel š-šekk. That looks suspicious to me. dak š-ši ka-idexxel-li š-šekk. 2. meškak. He immediately gets suspicious. deģya ka-irže£ meškak.

swallow - xettifa pl. -t. coll. xettif.
There were many swallows here last summer. kanu bezzaf de-l-xettifat hnaya fe-s-sif d-Eam luwwel.

to swallow - 1. blee, sret. I can't swallow because I have a sore throat. ma-ka-neqder-8 neblee ela wedd helqi mrid. 2. kemmed. She couldn't swallow the insult. ma-qeddet-8 themmed l-xetya. 3. taq itiq b-. He swallows everything he hears. l-haža lli smeeha ka-itiq biha.

swamp - gelta pl. -t, glati. How far
does the swamp go? hedd-as masya
l-gelta?

to swamp - fad ifid. I was swamped with work last week. fadet Eliya l-xedma ž-žem£a l-fayta.

swarm - gežž pl. gžež. They followed him like a swarm of bees. mšaw tab€ineh bhal ši-gežž de-n-nhel.

to swarm - ġla iġli. The swamp swarms with mosquitoes. l-gelta ka-teġli be-n-namus. to swear - 1. hlef, gsem be-llah. ka-tehlef bin ka-tqul l-heqq.

2. sebb, qal iqul klam s-sebb.

That soldier is always swearing.
dak l-Eeskri dima ka-isebb.

3. šhed. Can you swear to that?
imken-lek tešhed b-dak š-ši?
to swear in - hellef. Has the
witness been sworn in yet? hellfu

She swears she's telling the truth.

\$-\$ahed wella ma-zal?

sweat - Ereq pl. Eruqat. Wipe the sweat from your forehead. mseh le-Ereq men Zbehtek.

to sweat - Ereq.

to sweep - 1. šetteb. Did you sweep the bedroom? šettebti bit n-n£as?
2. džeržer. Her dress sweeps the ground. ksuwtha ka-ddžeržer f-l-erd.

sweet - 1. hlu f. -wa pl. -win.
These apples are very sweet. had t-teffahat hluwin bezzaf. 2. hlilu, ltiyef. She is a very sweet girl. hiya bnita hlilwa bezzaf.

sweets - fanid (sg.), hlawi (pl.).

I don't care much for sweets.

ma-Eendi-Say bezzaf mEa le-hlawi.

to swell - ttenfex. My ankle is all

swollen. kEebti kollha ttnefxet.

**Does he have a swelled head?
was rasu kbir? or was huwa menfux?
swelling - nefx. Has the swelling
gone down? ršet n-nefx?

gone down? {zec n-ne/x? swim - fewma pl. -t. How about a swim now? \$e-dher-lek f-\$i-fewma daba?

to take a swim - dreb ši-Eewma. He takes a swim every morning. ka-idreb Eewma koll sbah.

to swim - 1. Eam iEum. Do you know how to swim? ka-teEref tEum?

2. qteE be-l-Eewm. Are we going to swim the lake? was gad ngetEu d-daya be-l-Eewm?

swing - matiša pl. -t. We have a swing in our garden. Eendna

matiša fe-l-Eersa dyalna.
in full swing - fe-l-qemma. The
party was in full swing. l-hefla
kanet fe-l-qemma dyalha.

to swing - 1. taš itiš. You'll fall off if you swing so high. ila tešti hetta l-l-fuq rak ttih.

2. tiyyeš. She swings her arms when she walks. ka-ttiyyeš iddiha mnin ka-tkun mašya.

to swing around - dummer. Swing the car around. dummer s-siyara. switch - teffaya pl. -t. The switch is next to the door. t-teffaya

raha hda l-bab.

to switch - 1. dunmez, hewwel.
The train was switched to another track. l-qitar thewwel l-sekka x̄ra.
2. beddel. Let's switch places. aži nbeddlu le-mwadeɛ. 3. tbadel.
I don't know how we switched umbrellas. ma-ɛ̄reft-ši kif tbadelna le-mduļa.

to switch off - tfq itfi. Did you switch the light off? tfiti d-duw? to switch on - 1. \$\xie el\$. Switch on the light. \$\xie el d-duw.

2. dunwer. Switch on the ignition. dunwer l-mutur.

sword - sif pl. syuf, syufa.

symbol - remz pl. rmuz.
to sympathize - henn. I can sympathize with you. ka-imken-li nhenn mennek.

sympathy - mhenna pl. -t. He has no sympathy for her. ma-Eendu mhenna Eliha.

**You have my sincere sympathy. l-baraka f-raşek.

Syria - surya.

Syrian - suri adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel surya.

system - 1. tariqa pl. -t, turuq.

I have a better system. Eendi
tariqa hsen men hadik. 2. maEida
pl. -t. My system can't take that.
maEidti ma-tthemmel-ši dak š-ši.

T

table - 1. tabla, tebla pl. twabel.

Put the table in the middle of the room. hett t-tabla f-west l-bit.

2. mida pl. -t, myadi. There isn't much food on the table. ma-kayen-š makla bezzaf fuq l-mida. 3. luha pl. -t, lwah, lwahi. The figures are given in the table on page 20. imken-lek tsib r-raam fe-l-luha

f-sefha reqm & ešrin.

tablecloth - sif de-t-tabla pl. zyaf,
 zyuf de-t-tabla.

tack - msimer pl. msimrat, mesmar
 mgerres pl. msamer mgerrsin.

Tafilalet - tafilalet.
 native of Tafilalet - filali adj.
 pl. -yin, n. pl. filala.

tail - šuwwal pl. šwawel. My dog has

a short tail. l-kelb dyali Eendu šuwwal qsir.

**Can you make head or tail of what he's saying? was imken-lek tefhem had s-si lli ka-iqul?
—Head(s) or tail(s)? sfer wella khel?

tail light - duw furani pl. dwaw luraniyin.

tailor - xeyyat. pl. -a.

take - medxul. The take at the game ran to fifty thousand dollars. tah l-medxul de-l-le&ba b-xemsin ?alf dular.

to take - 1. xda yaxod. Who took my ties? škun lli xda-li grabatati? --- Why don't you take the plane? Elaš ma-taxod-š t-tiyara? -- Take these pills three times daily after meals. xud had l-hebbat tlata de-l-merrat fe-n-nhar men beEd l-makla. --What else do you want to take with you? snu axor bgiti taxod meak? 2. qbet, qbed. She took her child by the hand. gebtet weldha f-yeddu. 3. Eebba, dda iddi. He wants to take me to dinner. i Eebbini nt Eešša. 4. qbel. Take my advice. qbel n-nasah dyali. 5. wessel, dda iddi. Who's taking her to the station? škun gadi iwesselha l-lagar? 6. xess. long will it take you? shal de-l-weqt ixessek? 7. Emel. necessary measures were taken. Eemlu l-ihtiyadat lli lazmin.

**That doesn't take much brains. had š-ši ma ka-iherres šay r-ras. --Let's take a quick dip. yallah nģetsu šwiya fe-l-ma. --All seats are taken. le-blasat kollhom mEemmrin. -I'll take the responsibility. and nkun l-mes?ul. --He took the town by storm. Emel d-dežža f-le-mdina. —I take it you don't like it. bayen Elik ma-bģitiha-š. --Shall we take a chance? neemlu Ela llah? --Let's take a chance on him. yallah nžerrbuh. --You'll have to take a firm hold of things. xessek $te \in mel muragaba qwiya l-l-masa$? il.-- I take back what I said. ka-ntṛaže€ fe-klami. --I'm taking it easy today. ma-gad nherres rași bezzaf l-yum. -- Take it easy! šwiya Elik! --He takes too many liberties. huwa mserreh bezzaf. -- I don't know why she took offense. ma-Ereft Elaš tayer-lha. --Did the doctor take your

temperature this morning? was Eber-lek t-tbib s-sxana l-yum fe-s-sbah?

to take a nap - tmedd. We always take a nap after dinner. dima ka-ntmeddu men be€d le-ġda.

to take a short cut - qtee t-triq. You can take a short cut here. imken-lek teqtee t-triq men hna.

to take a walk - tsara. Would you like for us to take a little walk? was biti ntsaraw swiya?

to take after - Emel bhal. He takes after his father. ka-yeEmel bhal bbah.

to take back - režžeć. When are you going to take his car back to him? fuq-aš ġad tṛežžeć-lu s-siyara dyalu?

to take care of - thella f-, redd l-bal Ela. We'll take care of everything. daba nthellaw f-koll haža.

--He takes good care of his things. ka-ithella fe-hwayžu bezsaf. --You should take better care of yourself. hsen-lek thella f-rasek.

to take charge of - thellef b-. Who will take charge of my work? Shun gad ithellef be-l-xedma dyali?

to take down - 1. heyyed. Take the picture down from the wall. heyyed t-teswira men l-hit. 2. kteb. Take down my address! kteb l-Eonwan dyali. 3. sežžel. Who's taking down the minutes? škun lli ka-isežžel l-gelsa?

**I took him down a peg or two. teyyeht-lu be-l-qobba dyalu.

to take hold of - qbet. Take hold of the ropes! qbet t-twal.

to take in - 1. rbeh. He doesn't take in much more than a few dollars per day. ma-ka-irbeh-s kter men si-dularat fe-n-nhar. 2. nqes. Will you take this dress in at the waist for me? was bgiti tenges-li had l-keswa f-le-hzam? 3. deyyef. I took in a child for the winter. deyyeft wahed d-derri f-weqt l-berd. 4. Eber Ela. Have you been taken in again? was Eebru Elik Eawtani?

to take off - 1. heyyed, summel.
--I'm taking off my coat. ka-nheyyed l-kebbut dyali.

2. qelle . When does the plane take off? fuq-as gadi tqelle .t-tiyara?

to take on - 1. xeddem. I hear the factory is taking on some new workers. sme£t bin l-me£mel ġadi ixeddem ši-xeddama ždad. 2. xda yaxod. In Rabat we'll take on two more cars. fe-r-rbat naxdu žuž de-l-faguwat xrin. 3. bda ibda. I took on a new job yesterday. bdit xedma ždida l-bareh.

to take out - heyyed, zuwwel. Did you take it out of the box? was zuwweltih men s-senduq?

to take part in - tšarek f-. I didn't take part in the discussion. ma-tšarekt-š fe-l-mudakara.

to take revenge - ntaqem. She took revenge on him. ntaqmet mennu. to take sick - tah itih mrid. When did you take sick? fuq-aš tehti mrid?

to take up with - txalet mea. I wouldn't take up with those people if I were you. and fe-blastek ma-ntxalet-s mea had n-nas.

talk - 1. xetba pl. -t. His talk was much too long. l-xetba dyalu kanet twila bezzaf. 2. klam. Oh that's just talk! hada gir klam!

**I had a long talk with him. bqit ntkellem meah bezzaf. —Her marriage is the talk of the town. Eersha f-fomm n-nas d-le-mdina kollha. —I had a heart-to-heart talk with him. ddakert meah menni lilu.

to talk - thellem, hder. Don't you think he talks too much? was ban-lek bin ka-yehder bezzaf?
--Now you're talking sense. daba ka-ttkellem b-Eeglek.

tall - 1. twil pl. twal. She's tall and thin. hiya twila u-rqiqa.
2. Eali. Have you ever seen such a tall building? was Eemmrek Sefti ši-bni Eali bhal hada?

**How tall are you? *hal Eendek fe-t-tul? --You don't expect me to believe that tall story, do you? was ittehsabek gadi ntiq b-had le-xrafa?

to tan - dbeg. What do you use in tanning hides? š-ka-teste mel baš ddbeg ž-žlud?

tangerine - mendarina pl. -t coll. mendarin.

Tangier - tanža.

native of Tangier - tanžawi adj. pl. -yin, n.pl. hel tanža.

tank - 1. sariž pl. swarež. Look at those big oil tanks. šuf duk s-swarež de-z-zit le-kbar.

2. teng pl. tnuga. A column of

tanks led the attack. wahed seff t-tnuga guwwed l-hežma.

tanner - debbag pl. -a.

tannery - dar d-dbeg pl. dyur d-dbeg. tanning - tadebbaget.

tap - bezbuz pl. bzabez. I can't
 get the tap out of the barrel.
 ma-qdert-š nzuwwel l-bezbuz men
 l-bermil.

to tap - 1. deqq be-šwiya. He tapped on the window. deqq fe-š-šeržem be-šwiya. 2. tebbel l-. She tapped me on the shoulder. tebblet-li Ela ktafi. tape - sfifa pl. -t, sfayef. I'd like five meters of the white tape. bgit xemsa mitru d-dak s-sfifa l-bida.

tape recorder - sežžala pl. -t.

tape recorder - sežžala pl. -t. tapeworm - sinta pl. -t.

tar - zeft, qetran.

target = \$ara pl. -t.
tart = hamed. The apples have a tart
taste. had t-teffah hamed.

taste - 1. madaq pl. -at. This meat has a peculiar taste. had l-lhem Eendu madaq f-ši-škel. 2. duq. She has good taste. Eendha duq mezyan. -Suit your own taste. tebbeE duqek. -She is always dressed in good taste. hiya dima labsa hwayež fihom d-duq.

**I just want a taste of it.
bgit nduqha u-kan. --That remark
was really in bad taste. dak
l-mulahada kanet basla.

to taste - dag idug. Taste this coffee. dug had l-gehwa.

**The soup tastes good. s-subbaldida.

to taste of - fih d-duq d-. It tastes of vinegar. fih d-duq de-l-xell.

tasteless - (lli) ma-\(\xi\)endu duq. The food is tasteless. \(l-makla\)
ma-\(\xi\)endha duq.

tax - dariba pl. -t. Have you paid
your taxes yet? waš xellesti
d-dariba wella ma-zal?

to tax - Emel dariba Ela. Everybody was taxed two dollars. Eemlu Ela koll wahed dariba d-žuž dular.

tax collector - mul d-dariba pl. mwalin, d-dariba.

taxi - taksi pl. -yat. I took a taxi from the station. xdit taksi men l-lagar.

tea - atay (not used with art). to teach - 1. Eellem. Who taught you that? škun lli Eellmek had š-ši?
--I'll teach him! daba nEellmu!
--I'll teach him not to disturb me!
daba nEellmu iEawed ibessel Eliya!
2. qerra. He teaches in a boys'
school. ka-iqerri f-wahed
l-medrasa d-le-wlad.

teacher - fqi pl. feqya f. fqiha pl. -t; mu ellim. He always wanted to be a teacher. dima kan ka-itmenna ikun fqi.

teakettle - begraž pl. bgarež.

team - ferga pl. -t. Our team has won every game this year. l-ferga dyalna rebhet l-leebat kollhom had l-Eam.

teamwork - yedd ž-žma£a, xedma ž-žma£a. Teamwork did it. yedd ž-žma£a daretha.

teapot - berrad pl. brared.

tear - tešriga pl. -t, teqti£a pl. -t. Can you mend this tear? waš

imken-lek treqqee had t-tešriga?

to tear - 1. qellee. She tore the letter out of his hand. qelleet le-bra men yeddu. 2. tšerreg.

Careful, the rope is tearing!
be-šwiya l-qennba ka-tšerreg!
3. qettee. You tore my coat with that nail. qetteeti-li l-kebbut dyali b-dak l-mesmar.

to tear down - hdem. The house was torn down last year. hedmu d-dar l-Eam lli fat.

to tear off - 1. qettee. Tear me off a piece of paper. qettee-li wriqa. 2. tah itih. One of my buttons tore off. tah-li wahed s-sdafa.

to tear up - Serreg. I hope you tore that letter up. ka-ntmenna bin Serregti le-bra.

teur - dem£a pl. dmu£. Tears won't help you. d-dmu£ ma-ġadi i£awnuk l-hetta ḥaža.

to temme - tmelleg m£a, qelleq b-le-mzah, qelleq b-le-mlaga. Everyone teases him. koll wahed ka-itmelleg m£ah.

telegram - tiligram, pl. -at. telephone - tilifun pl. -at.

to telephone - dreb t-tilifun l-.
Telephone me tomorrow at six.
dreb-li t-tilifun gedda fe-s-setta.
telescope - tiliskup pl. -at; mrayet

l-hend.

to tell - 1. qal iqul. Tell him your name. qul-lu smiytek. —He told me to give you this letter. qal-li ne&tik had le-bra.

2. & emmed. I'll tell you the

whole story. daba rewwed-lek dak š-ši lli wqee kollu. 3. Eref. I can't tell one from the other. ma-ka-neeref hada men hada. --You can never tell what's going to happen. Eemmrek ma-imken-lek teeref š-gad yuqee. --You can tell by his voice that he has a cold. b-helqu imken-lek teeref bin mruwweh.

**Has your little boy learned how to tell time yet? was weldek \$-sgir bda yeEref isuf s-saEa?

temper - tbec. He has an even temper. tebeu mezyan.

to lose one's temper - tar

itir-lu. He loses his temper
easily. ka-itir-lu be-z-zerba.

temperature - sxana. Did you take his temperature? waš Eberti-lu s-sxana?

temple - 1. meEbed pl. mEabed. Is
this a temple or a church? waš
hada meEbed wella knisiya?
2. meddaga pl. mdadeg. He's
getting gray at the temples already.
šab fe-mdadgu beEda.

temporary - muweqqat. This is a temporary solution. hada fsal muweqqat.

to tempt - gwa igwi. That doesn't tempt me. had š-ši ma-ka-igwini-š.

**I was tempted to tell him the truth. kont tayeb baš ngul-lu l-hegg.

ten - Eešra, Eešr.

to tend - 1. qabel, gabel. Who's going to tend to the furnace? **Skun gad igabel l-borma? 2. hda yehdi. Who's going to tend the children? **Skun lli gad yehdi d-drari?

**Tend to your own business.

ddiha f-suq rasek. --He tends to
be partial. ka-yeEmel l-fers.

ender - fti. The meat is so tende

tender - fti. The meat is so tender you can cut it with a fork. men kter l-lhem fti imken-lek tgetEu be-l-forSita.

tent - xima pl. xyem, xyam. tenth - 1. (ordinal) Easer.

2, (fraction) Eusur pl. -at.

term - 1. šert pl. šurut, šrut,
šurutat. The terms are hard.
š-šurut wa£rin. 2. modda pl. -t.
His term will end in October.
l-modda dyalu gad ttsala fe-ktuber.
**We're on bad terms. hna mxasmin.
--We're on good terms. l-£alaqat

binatna mezyanin.

terrace - stah pl. -at, stuh, stuha, stihan. to terrify - qtel be-l-xel ξa . He terrified me. qtelni be-l-xel&a. terror - $xel \in a$. We were speechless with terror. ma-qderna-š ntkellmu be-l-xel&a lli weg&et-lna. test - mtihan pl. -t, xtibar pl. -at. You have to take a test before they give you a driver's license. xessek dduwwez mtihan qbel-ma yeEtiwek tesrih de-s-sugan. --Did you take all your tests? was duwwezti le-mtihanat kollhom? to test - 1. duwwez lxtibar, duwwez mtihan. I was tested in arithmetic today. duwwzu-li mtihan d-le-hsab l-yum. 2. žerreb. You better test the brakes. hsen-lek džerreb le-hsayer. to testify - šehhed. Have you anything further to testify? was Eendek si-haža žra Elaš tšehhed? to testify to - shed l-. Can you testify to that? was imken-lek tešhed l-had š-ši? Tetuan - tittawen, testawen, titwan. native of Tetuan - titwani adj. pl. titwaniyen; tettawni adj. pl. tettawniyen; n. pl. hel titwan. text - ness pl. nsas, nsus, nusus. than - men. He's older than his brother. huwa kber men xah. to thank - šker. I can't thank you enough. ma-kfawni-š klami baš nšekrek. --You have only yourself to thank for this mess. Sker rasek Ela had l-xaluta. **Thank God!, Thank goodness!, Thank heaven(s)! l-hemdu l-llah! -Thank you. baraka llahu fik. thankful - $(lli) \in taref$. We are very thankful to you. hna neEtarfu be-l-xir dyalek. thanks - škir. I don't expect any thanks from him. ma-ka-ntsenna-š škir mennu. **Many thanks - baraka llahu fik. that - 1. dak š-ši. What does that mean? šnu me€na dak š-ši? 2. (near) had; (far) hadak or dak, f. hadik or dik, pl. haduk or duk. Look at that magnificent view. šuf had l-mender l-Eažib. --Would you like that little one? waš tebģi hadak ş-şģir? 3. lli. Who's the man that just came in? škun r-ražel lli Ead dxel? -- Do you know the

story (that) he told us? was

ka-tekref le-xrafa lli Eewwed-lna.

4. aš. Where's the ship that you

were riding in? fayn l-baxira f-aš kontiw rakbin? 5. bin, billa. They told him that his brother had left. xebruh bin xah mša. **It's pretty good at that. mo€tabar baraka. --We'll leave it at that. nhesruha hna. -I'm sorry that this happened. ana met?essef Ela had š-ši lli wqe€. --I don't want that much milk. ma-bģit-š had le-hlib kollu. --He's not that tall. ma-Eendu-š had t-tula. --What will you get by that? aš ģadi terbeh f-had š-ši? --How about that? šu ban-lek Ela dak š-ši? --That's life! hadi hiya d-denya! --Well, that's that! salina daba. that is - yeEni. I'll come tomorrow, that is, if it doesn't rain. ģadi nži ģedda, yeEni ila ma-tahet š-šta. that (one) hadak f. hadik pl. Take that one that's on the table. xud hadak lli fuq t-tabla. that way - hakka, hakda. You can't do it that way. ma-imken-lek-s teEmelha hakka. thaw - duban de-t-telž. This year the thaw set in rather early. had $l-\xi am$ d-duban de-t-telž wqe∈ bekri. to thaw - dab idub. The ice is thawing. ka-idub $t-tel\check{z}$. **He was very reserved at first, but after a while he began to thaw. fe-l-luwwel kan meqbut u-men be $\mathcal{E}d$ wahed š-šwiva bda ntleg. the - l- (le- before consonant clusters; assimilated before.d, d, n, r, s, s, t, t, z, z, s, l, and usually &). Look at the bread. $\delta uf l-xobz$. —Look at the donkey. šuf le-hmar. --The house is big, and the car is small. d-dar kbira u-s-siyara sģira. --The guests are all gone. d-dyaf xollhom mšaw. the...the - ma-hedd...u-. The more she studies, the worse she gets. ma-heddha ka-tegra u-hiya ttfelles. theater - mesreh pl. msareh. theft - sriga pl. -t. their --hom, dyalhom. Do you know their address? was ka-teEref Eonwanhom? theirs - dyalhom. Our house isin't as big as theirs. darna ma-ši gedd dyalhom. them -1. -hom. We haven't seen them. ma-šefnahom-š. -Give them a car. Etihom tumubil. 2. -lhom.

themselves - 1. rashom. They killed themselves. qetlu rashom.

2. b-yeddihom, b-rashom. They did it themselves. Eemluha b-yeddihom.

among themselves - binathom. They discussed the matter among themselves. ddakru l-qadiya binathom.

by themselves - b-wahedhom. Diction they really do all that work by themselves? was be-s-sehh daru l-xedma kollha b-wahedhom?

then - 1. men beEd. What did he do
then? Snu Emel men beEd? --Then
what happened? Snu wqeE men beEd?
2. iden. Then everything is settled.
iden koll-ši mressi.

then and there - f-dik s-sa£a. Why didn't you take it then and there? Elaš ma-xditiha f-dik s-sa£a?

by then - f-had l-weqt, f-dak l-weqt. Call Tuesday. We'll know by then. Eeyyet fe-nhar t-tlat, daba nšufu f-had l-weqt.

(every) now and then - sata sata, merra merra. We go to the movies now and then. ka-nemšiw le-s-sinima sata sata.

there - 1. temma, temmak, hnak, temmaya. My father is there now. bbah temma daba. 2. l-temma, l-temmak, le-hnak, l-temmaya. She went there yesterday. mšat l-temma l-bareh.

**There, that's enough for me.

waxxa, had š-ši baraka Eliya.

--I'm afraid he's not quite all
there. xeftu ikun hmeq šwiya.

--There you are! I was looking all
over for you. ha-nta! kont
ka-nqelleb Elik. --There you are!
It's all done. safi. salit koll-ši.

--There you are! Now you're
sneezing! iwa šefti! ha-nta
ka-te£tes!

here and there - hna u-hna, f-ši-mahellat. You can still find a copy here and there. imken-lek tsib wahed n-nesxa hna u-hna.

there is, there are - kayen f. kayna pl. kaynin. There are a few good shops in town. kaynin šwiya d-le-hwanet mezyanin f-le-maina.

therefore - iden. I therefore assume it is so. iden gadi nefred had \$-\$i ikun.

these - see 'this'.

they - huma. They're alive. huma Eayšin.

thick - 1. qaşeh. The soup is too thick. ş-şubba qaşha bezzaf.
2. ġliḍ pl. ġlaḍ. This board isn't very thick. had l-luḥa ma-ġliḍa-š bezzaf.

**I'll go through thick and thin for him. gadi ne mel šnu-ma kan lilu. —He's too thick to understand that. huwa hmar baš ifhem had š-ši.

thief - xumman pl. -a, serraq pl. -a. thigh - fxed. pl. fxad.

thimble - helga pl. -t, hlagi.

thin - 1. rhif pl rhaf. The paper is too thin. l-kagit rhif bezzaf.

2. rqiq pl. rqaq. She got thin. režeet rqiqa. 3. deif pl. deaf. Her face is very thin. wžehha deif.

**That's a pretty thin excuse.

hada Eder gbih.

to (get) thin - 1. rhaf. His hair is thinning. rhaf-lu šeEru.
2. rqaq. She got thin. rqaqet.

to thin out - qlal. Let's wait until the crowd thins out. yallah ntsennaw hetta iqlal z-zham.

thing - 1. haža pl. hwayež. Have you packed all your things yet? waš žme£ti hwayžek kollhom fe-l-bakit wella ma-zal? —I don't know a single thing about it. ma-ka-ne£ref hetta haža mennu. —We've heard a lot of nice things about you. sme£na bezzaf d-le-hwayež mezyanin £lik. 2. ši. There is no such thing. had š-ši ma-kayen-š.

**It all adds up to the same thing. kif kif or bhal bhal.

--How are things? **Se-xbar koll-**i?

--You poor little thing! meskin!

--Well, of all things, what are you doing here? u-nta beEda qul-li
a** ka-teEmel hna?

not a thing - hetta haža. haven't done a thing all week. ma-Emelna hetta haža ž-žemEa kollha. to think - 1. xemmem. He's never really learned how to think. ma-tEellem ixemmem. --Now he thinks differently. daba ka-ixemmem fe-škel axor. --What are you thinking about? f-aš ka-txemmem? -Think twice before you do it. xemmem bezzaf qbel ma-ddirha. 2. ban-lu. Don't you think it's too warm? ma-ban-lek-8 bin kayen s-sehd bezzaf? 3. nwa inwi rasu. She thinks she knows everything. nawya rasha ka-teEref koll-ši. 4. denn. We thought he was gone. dennina bin mša. 5. Egel. I can't

think of his address right now.

f-had s-sa&a ma-&qelt-* &el l-Eonwan dyalu.

**That's what you think! hada klamek! -- I'll think about it. gadi nšuf. -Think nothing of it (no harm done)! ma-fiha bas! -You're welcome, think nothing of it! bla žmil!

to think up - xtareE. Who thought that up? škun lli xtare E had š-ši? third - 1. tulut pl. -at. A third of that will be enough. igeddni tulut men had š-ši. 2. talet. We couldn't stay for the third game. ma-mken-lna-š nhedru fe-l-leEba t-talta. -Give me one third-class ticket to Casablanca. Etini werga de-t-tabaga t-talta le-d-dar l-bida.thirst - Etes. I can't quench my

thirst. ma-imken-li-s nberred le-Ețeš dyali. thirsty - Eetšan. I'm very thirsty. ana Eetšan bezzaf.

thirteen - teltaš.

thirty - tlatin.

this - 1. had. Do you know this man? waš ka-teEref had r-ražel? ---Why did you buy this house? Elas sriti had d-dar? 2. hada f. hadi pl. hadu. This is my house. hadi dari. 3. had š-ši. What's this? šnu had š-\$i?

this far - 1. had t-triq kollha. Do you always have to walk this far? waš dima lazem Elik ttmešša had t-trig kollha? 2. hetta le-hna. Did he come this far? was ža hetta le-hna?

this minute - daba daba. Come here this minute! ?aži daba daba! this morning - l-yum fe-s-sbah. I met her on the street this morning. tlaqitha fe-z-zenqa l-yum fe-ş-şbah. thorn - šuka pl. -t coll. šuk. The tree is full of thorns. š-šežra

Eamra be-š-šuk. thorough - hadeq. He's very thorough in everything he does. huwa hadeq bezzaf fe-šnu ka-ye∈mel.

thoroughly - men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin. It's been thoroughly tested. biyynuha-lhom men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin.

those - see 'that'.

though - 1. waxxa. Though he knew it he didn't tell me anything about it. waxxa kan Earefha ma-bga-š igulha-li. 2. walayenni. I'll do it! Not now, though. gad neEmelha, walayenni ma-ši daba.

as though - bhal ila. He acted as though he were sick. Emel bhal ila

kan mrid. **It looks as though it may rain. tqul Eliha gad ttih š-šta. even though - waxxa. He went there even though I warned him

against it. mša l-temma waxxa wessitu ma-imši. thought - texmina pl. -t coll. texmin.

texmam; tefkira pl. -t. The very thought of it makes me sick. t-texmima fiha ka-tmerredni. **I'll have to give this matter

some thought. xeşşni mxemmem swiya

f-had l-gadiya.

thousand - ?alef pl. ?alaf, ?uluf. thread - 1. xit, xeyt pl. xyut. Do you have a needle and thread? was Eendek l-ibra u-l-xit? 2. hruf (pl.). The thread on this screw is worn out. le-hruf d-had-l-luleb sxaw. **His life hung by a thread.

hayatu kanet qabta be-xwiyyet.

to thread - zelleg. I'll thread the needle for you. daba nzelleg l-xit lilek.

to threaten - hedded. He threatned to leave if he didn't get a raise. hedded b-le-mši ila ma-Etaw-š z-zyada. --The entire city is threatened by the disease. le-maina kollha mehduda be-l-merd.

**It's threatening to rain. tqul Eliha gadi ttih š-šta.

three - tlata, telt. I have three

books. Eendi tlata d-le-ktub or Eendi telt ktub.

to thresh - dres. They're threshing the wheat now. ka-idersu z-zre& daba.

thrifty - mhawel. She's a thrifty woman. hiya mra mhawla.

throat - 1. helq pl. hluq, hluqa. " The doctor painted my throat. t-tbib dhen-li helqi. --I have a sore throat. ka-iderrni helgi. -He cleared his throat and continued. serreh helqu u-zad. 2. geržuta pl. gražet, geržuma pl. gražem. They cut his throat.

qetEu-lu l-geržuta. **She wanted to say something, but the words stuck in her throat. bģat tgul ši-haža walayenni

wehlu-lha le-klam.

throne – Eerš pl. Eruš, Eraš. through - 1. $\in la$ sabab. The work was held up two weeks through his negligence, weqfet l-xedma žme£tayn Ela sabab t-taraxi dyalu. 2. bin. The bullet passed through the wall. l-qertasa dazet bin l-hit. -- That man can see through walls.

r-ražel imken-lu išuf bin le-hyut.

3. men. The ball came through the window. dexlet l-kura men š-šeržem.

**He fell through the floor.
l-erd xmat bih. --The deal fell through. ma-xedmet-š l-qadiya.

--We went through the woods. qte&na l-gaba.

through and through - men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin. We were soaked through and through. konna fazgin men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin.

to be through - 1. sala isali, fedda ifeddi. I'll be through work at five o'clock. gadi nsali xdemti fe-l-xemsa. 2. fedda ifeddi. I am through with him. feddit meah.

**If you ever do that again, we're through. ila Eawtani derti had š-ši nfeddi m£ak. --He's been through a lot. dazu Elih le-mḥayen bezzaf.

throughout - f...kollu. You can get these vegetables throughout the whole year. imken-lek tsib had l-xedra fe-l-Eam kollu. -This hotel is famous throughout the world. had l-util mešhur fe-d-denya kollha.

throw - remya pl. -t. That was some throw. hadi remya mesyana.

**His house is only a stone's throw from the station. daru qriba (bezzaf) men lagar.

to throw - 1. lah iluh, siyyeb. Let's see how far you can throw the ball. yallah nšufu hetta l-ayn gad tluh l-kura. 2. tiyyeh. The horse threw him. tiyyhu l-&ewd.

**Throw that light this way, please. duwwi had l-mude& &afak.

to throw away - lah iluh, siyyeb. Throw the papers away. luh le-kwaget.

to throw in - zad izid. The baker threw in a few extra rolls for us. zadna l-xebbaz ši-xbizat.

to throw on - loes (degya). I'll just throw a coat on an we'll go. gadi nelbes (degya) l-kebbut u-nemšim.

to throw out - 1. lah iluh, rma irmi. I threw the old shoes out. leht s-sebbat le-qdim. 2. dha idhi. She almost threw me out. Elayen dhatni.

**The case was thrown out of court for lack of evidence. l-mehkama refdet l-qadiya Ela wedd ma-kanet hožža kafya.

to throw over - 1. lah iluh. Can you throw it over to me? was imken-lek tluhha-li? 2. fedda ifeddi mea. She threw him over for a sailor. feddat meah ela wedd wahed l-behri.

to throw up - gell, tqiyya. I throw up every time I ride on the train. fuq-emma ka-nerkeb feš-mandifir ka-ngell.

thumb - sbee kbir pl. sebean kbar.

**I'm all thumbs today. ma-qdert
neemel b-yeddi walu l-yum. --He's
too much under his wife's thumb.
žarrah mratu men menxaru.

thunder - read. Did you hear the thunder last night? was smeeti r-read l-bareh fe-l-lil?

**A thunder of applause greeted the speaker. rehbu l-muhadir b-muža de-l-keffan.

to thunder - reed, thellem r-read. I'ts beginning to thunder. bda ireed.

Thursday - le-xmis.

thyme - ze£ter.

tick - grada pl. -t coll. grad. The woods are full of ticks and mosquitoes. l-ġaba €amra b-le-grad u-n-namus.

ticket - werqa pl. wraq; btaqa pl.

-t, btayeq. Can you get us three
tickets for the play? was
imken-lek tsib-lna tlata d-le-wraq
le-r-riwaya? I want a round-trip
ticket to Paris. bgit werqa
d-le-mši u-d-le-mži le-ariz.

to tickle - herr. He won't laugh even if you tickle him. maidhek-lek-s waxxa therru.

ticklish - 1. (lli) žah ižih l-herr.

Are you ticklish? waš ka-ižik
l-herr? 2. wačer, sčib pl. sčab.
That's a ticklish question. mes?al.
wačra hadi.

tide - mariya or mariya. The tide is coming in. mažya l-mariya.

high tide - mlu.

low tide - hsir.

**Twenty dollars will tide me over until Monday. Eešrin dular ifekkuni hetta l-le-tnin.

tie - kravata, krabata pl. -t; žiyyafa pl. -t. He wears loud ties. kailbes kravatat lunhom ka-ixtef.

to tie - Eqed. I have to tie my shoes. xessni neEqed sebbati.

**My hands are tied. ana yeddiya

mteqqfin.

to tie up - 1. Eqed. Please tie
this package up for me. Eqed-li

had l-bakit Eafak. 2. rbet. Did you tie up the boat? was rbetti l-gennba d-le-fluka.

**I'm terribly tied down all day long. ana mešģul n-nhar kollu.
--Are you tied up this evening?
waš &endek ši-haža ma te&mel had l-lila?

tiger - nmer pl. nmura.

tight - 1. mEezzi. This coat is too tight for me. had l-kebbut mEezzi Eliya bezzaf. 2. sekran. Boy, was I tight last night! iyyeh, kont sekran l-bareh fe-l-lil!.

3. mseqrem. He's very tight with his money. huwa mseqrem bezzaf Ela flusu. 4. mziyyer. I was in a tight spot. Eal kont f-wahed l-hala mziyyra.

**Is the jar sealed tight? mas l-gella mEezzya mezyan? --Shut your eyes tight. gemmed Eeynik. --Hold me tight! Eezzini Elik! to tighten - Eezza. Tighten the

rope. Eezzi l-gennba.

tile - 1. zelliža pl. -t coll.

zelliž. We don't have enough blue
tiles to finish this pillar.

ma-bqam-lnas-š z-zelližat z-zureq
l-kafyen baš nkemmlu had s-sarya.
2. qermuda pl. -t, qramed coll.
qermud. Many of the tiles on this
roof are broken. bezzaf d-le-qramed
mherrsin f-had s-steh.

tiler, tile worker - sellayži pl. -ya.
tile work - tasellayžit. Tile work
used to be a very popular craft.
tasellayžit kanet herfa mešhura
bezzaf.

till - hetta. Wait till I come back.

tsennani hetta neržeć. --I won't
be able to see you till next week.

ma-imken-li-š nšufek hetta ž-žemća

ž-žayya.

to tilt - 1. miyyel. If you tilt the bottle, you can get it out. ila miyyelti l-qerfa imken-lek txerrežha. I can't tilt my head. ma-qdert-š nmiyyel rasi. —Don't tilt your chair so far back. ma-tmiyyel-š š-šilya dyalek bezzaf l-lur.

timber - xšeb.

time - 1. weqt pl. wqat. I don't have the time to go with you.

ma-\xi endi-\xi l-weqt ba\xi nem\xi m\xi ak.

-Time will tell. had \xi \xi iban m\xi a l-weqt. --At the time I thought differently about it.

f-dak-l-weqt kont xemmemtha
f-kifiya \xi \xi a. --We got there at

the same time. wselna l-temma f-weqt wahed. 2. merra pl. -t, nuba pl. -t. This is my first time here. hadi l-merra l-luwla baš žit le-hna. --How many times have you visited Morocco? šhal men merra zerti l-megrib? --I've asked him time after time not to do it. qolt-lu nuba mur nuba ma-yeénel-ha-š. --At times I work fourteen hours at a stretch. ši-nubat ka-nexdem rbeétašer saéa bla hsir.

**These are hard times. hadi
iyam sɛiba. --What time is it?
šhal hadi fe-s-saɛa? --The time is
up tomorrow. ġedda huwa l-?ažal.
--I see him at times. ka-nšufu
saɛa saɛa. --Does your watch keep
good time? waš l-magana dyalek
dima mheqqqa? --Can your little
boy tell time yet? waš weldek
s-sgir bda yeɛref išuf s-saɛa?
--What time do we eat? fuq-aš ġad
naklu?

in no time - deģya deģya. He finished in no time. sala had š-ši deģya deģya.

times - f-. Two times two equals four. žuž f-žuž hiya reb{a.

all the time - dima.

for a long time - šhal hadi. I haven't seen him for a long time. šhal hadi ma-šeftu.

from time to time - sa£a sa£a. He comes to see us from time to time. ka-iži sa£a sa£a išufna.

on time - 1. fe-l-weqt. Please be on time. aži fe-l-weqt £afak.

2. be-t-telq. He bought the car on time. šra t-tumubil be-t-telq. to have a good time - nšet. Did you have a good time? waš nšetti?

—Have a good time! nšet m£a rašek!

timely - fe-l-wežba, f-weqtu. That's a timely topic. had l-mudue fe-l-wežba.

timetable - bernamež pl. baramiž.

'According to the timetable we should be in Oujda at five o'clock. Ela hasab l-bernamež gadi nkunu f-wožda fe-l-xemsa.

timid - hešman.

tin - qezdir. The price of tin went up last week. t-taman de-l-qezdir tlee z-žemea lli fatet.

tinsmith - qzadri pl. -ya.

tiny - sgiwer.

tip - 1. terf pl. traf. They landed on the northern tip of the island. weslu f-t-terf š-šamali de-l-žazira. 2. ras pl. ryus. My shoes are worn at the tips. sebbati melhus f-rasu.
3. xbar. Let me give you a tip. xellini neɛṭik ši-xbar. 4. fabur pl. -at. How much of a tip shall I give the waiter? šhal de-l-fabur xeṣṣni neɛṭi l-l-garsun?

to tip - Eta yeEti l-fabur l-. Did you tip the waiter? was Etiti l-fabur l-l-garsun?

to tip off - Eta yeEti le-xbar. Who tipped you off? Skun lli Etak le-xbar?

to tip over - 1. tteqleb. The boat tipped over. le-fluka ttqelbet. 2. qleb. A wave tipped the boat over. wahed l-muža qelbet le-fluka.

tiptoe - ras le-bnan. The children came in on tiptoe. d-drari dexlu Ela ras bnanhom.

to tiptoe - tmešša Ela ras le-bnan. You don't need to tiptoe. ma-Eendek-š Elaš ttmešša Ela ras bnanek.

tire - bnu pl. -wat. Did you put air in the tires? was neffexti le-bnuwat?

to tire - Eya yeEya. I tire very easily in this heat. ka-neEya b-suhula f-had s-sehd.

tired - Eeyyan. He looks tired. daher Elih Eeyyan.

tired out - mehluk. I'm tired out from the trip. ana mehluk bezzaf men beéd had ş-şafar.

to he tired of - Eya yeEya ma. I'm tired of doing this over and over again. Eyit ma nEamed ndir had l-haža.

title - Eonwan pl. Enawen. Do you know the title of the book? was ka-teEref l-Eonwan d-le-ktab?

to - 1. l-. (li- or lil- when used independently before pronoun endings.) Let's go to the movies. yallah nemšiw le-s-sinima. -- Explain that fesser-li dak š-ši! --What to me! did he do to you? snu Emel-lek? --Send it to me. sifetha-li. sent me to you. sifetni lilkom. 2. f-. Apply this ointment to your feet. dhen had l-bumada f-režlik. 3. hetta l-. They killed them to the last man. getluhom hetta le-r-ražel t-tali. --I'm in my office from nine to twelve. ana ka-nkun fe-l-mekteb dyali men t-tes Eud hetta le-t-tnaš. 4. l-Eend. Why do you come to me?

Go to him! Elaš žiti l-Eendi?

sir l-Eendu! 5. mEa. Did you talk to him? was thellemti meah? -- To me he's always polite. huwa dima m⁹eddeb mEaya. 6. ģir. It's three minutes to four. hadir-reb€a gir tlata de-d-dqayeq. 7. baš. I'm doing my best to help you. ka-neEmel žehdi baš nEawnek. 8. Ela. Take the first turn to your left. dur fe-z-zenga l-luwlaEla yeddek l-1ser.

**The dog tore the rug to pieces. l-kelb getteé s-serbiya traf traf.
--I must go to bed. xessni nemši nnfes. --To our surprise he passed the exam. tfežžebna melli nžeh f-le-mtihan. --To date I haven't heard a thing. baqi ma-smeft hetta haža men dak š-ši.
--What do you say to this? šnu ban-lek f-had š-ši?

toad - žrana pl. -t coll. žran, grana
pl. -t coll. gran.

toast - xobs mgermel. Who ate my
toast? škun lli kla l-xobs
le-mgermel dyali?

**Let's drink a toast to the man of the house. yallah nšerbu Ela mul d-dar.

to toast - 1. germel. Do you want me to toast the bread for you? was bigitini ngermel-lek l-xobs?

2. šreb Ela. Let's toast the boss! yallah nšerbu Eel le-mEellem!

tobacco - doxxan.

today = l - yum.

today's - de-l-yum. I haven't read today's paper yet. ma-zal ma-qrit l-žarida de-l-yum.
toe - benna pl. bnan.

on one's toes - ℓla balu. I have to be on my toes all the time. xessni nkun dima ℓla bali.

together - (pronoun plus wiya plus pronoun ending). We work very well together. ana wiyahom ka-nxedmu mezyan.

to get together - džemmeć. Can we get together some evening? waš imken-lna ndžemmću ši-lila? toilet - mida pl. -t, myadi; bit l-ma

pl. byut l-ma. toilet paper - kaģit de-l-mida.

token - Ealama pl. -t. He gave it to me as a token of his friendship. Etah-li b-Ealamt s-sehba dyalna.

You have to pay a toll on this bridge. xessek txelles head d-dwaz f-had l-qentra.

**The crash took a heavy toll of

life. $matu\ fe-l-musiba\ Eadad\ kbir\ de-n-nas.$

to toll - tenten. Church bells tolled. n-nwages d-le-knisiya tentnu.

tomato - sg. and coll. matiša pl. -t.
tomb - qber pl. qbura, qbur.

tomcat - qett pl. qtut. tomorrow - gedda. I won't see him

till tomorrow morning. ma-gad
nsufu hetta l-gedda fe-s-sbah.

tomorrow's - d-gedaa. It'll be in tomorrow's paper. gadi tkun fe-l-žarida d-geada.

the day after tomorrow - beed gedda. It will be ready the day after tomorrow. gad ikun wazed beed gedda.

tongue - lsan pl. -at, lsun.

**Hold your tongue! skot!

tonight = l-yum fe-l-lil. What shall

we do tonight? aš ġadi n€emlu
l-yum fe-l-lil?

too - 1. Eetta. May I come too?
imken-li nži hetta ?ana or hett-ana?
2. bezzaf. It's too hot. l-hal
šxun bezzaf.

too long - bezzaf. Don't stay
away too long! ma-tġiyyeb-š bezzaf!
**That play was none too good.
dak t-temtiliya ma-kanet-š mezyana
bezzaf.

tool - 1. mwaten (pl.; a single item is generally referred to by its name). 2. ?ala musxara pl. ?alat musxara. The mayor is just a tool of his party. l-tamil gir ?ala musxara de-l-hizeb dyalu.

tooth = senna pl. -t, snan (front six
upper and lower; also saw-tooth);
dersa pl. -t, drus (bicuspids and
molars).

**She has a sweeth tooth.
ka-thebb le-hlawa. --We fought
against it tooth and nail.
harebnah be-ž-žmi£ ma £endna men
quunwa.

toothache - hriq d-dersa, dersa (literally just tooth).

toothbrush - šita (pl. -t, šyet) de-s-snan.

tooth paste - dwa de-s-snan.

top - 1. ras pl. ryus (of tree, mountain, etc.) You'll find it at the top of page 32. imken-lek džberha f-ras s-sefha tnayn u-tlatin.

2. trinbu pl. -yat (toy). 3. dher pl. dhura (convertible car).

4. lexxrani pl. -yin, tali pl. talyin. There's still one room vacant on the top floor. ma-zal

400

bit xawi fe-t-tebqa l-lexxraniya. 5. fuqani pl. -yin. It's in the top drawer. raha f-le-mžerr l-fuqani.

**İ don't know why he blew his top. ma-Ereft-š Elaš. zEel. --He yelled at the top of his voice. gunwet Ela ma fih men žehd. --That story tops everything! hadi hiya hkaya wella balak!

from top to bottom - men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin.

on top - l-fuq. It's on top. $rah \ l-fuq$.

on top of - fuq, fuq men. It's on top of the refrigerator. rah fuq t-tellaža.

**He's sitting on top of the world. le-mwara Eendu fe-t-tnaš.

to top it off - zad kemmel. To top if off he stole my wallet. u-b-aš zad kemmelha sreg-li beztami.

to top off - kemmel. Let's top off the evening with a game of cards. aži nkemmlu l-lila b-wahed t-terh de-l-karta.

topic - $mudu \in pl$. $mawadi \in$.

topsy-turvy - mšeqleb, or meqlub ras Ela režlin.

torch - meščel pl. mšačel (fire), fnar pl. -t (electric).

torture - Eadab (mental, physical).
to torture - Eeddeb.

total - žamić (art. l-), bin l-žamić. My total earnings are two thousand dollars. l-medxul dyali bin l-žamić ?alfayn duļar.

**The evening was a total loss. l-lila kollha da&et.

to total up - žmeć. Let's total up our expenses for the month. aži nžemću l-masarif d-had š-šher.

touch - 1. qisa pl. -t. She wakes up at a single touch. b-qisa wehda ka-tfiq men n-n&as. 2. ngisa (of salt, spice, etc.).

to get in touch with - ttasel b-.
to touch - 1. qas iqis f-.
(physically). 2. Petter f- (i.e.,
move emotions).

**He's a little touched. falta-lu n-negša.

tough - 1. mEezzef (as meat).

2. séib pl. -in, séab (difficult). tough luck - hedd qbih.

tour - $\check{z}ila$ pl. -t, msarya pl. -t. tourist - $sa^{\circ}ih$ pl. summah.

tourist guide (person) - gid pl. gyad. toward(s) - 1. mfa. I'll be there

towards evening. nkun temma m£a le-£šiya. -He was nice towards

kan driyyef mEana. 2. l-žiha. The bull came running toward me. t-tur ža ka-isbeg l-žihti. towel - 1. futa pl. -t, fwet (hand, bath). 2. mendil pl. mnadel (dish). tower - borž pl. bruža. town - mdina pl. -t, mdun, mudun; blad pl. -at. town-crier - berrah pl. -a. toy - gešwaša pl. gšaweš. trace - ?atar pl. -at (clue, indication). track - 1. ?atar pl. -t, imara pl. -t, imayer (animal, truck, etc.). 2. sekka pl. skek (train). **Now you're on the right track. rak fe-t-triq daba. --I've lost track of him. ma-bga yewselni hetta xbar Elih. tractor - traktur pl. -at. trade - 1. tabadul tižari (as between countries). 2. xedma pl. -t, xdami; herfa pl. -t, hrafi; sen \in a pl. -t, sna&i (job, profession). 3. mbadla pl. -t (exchange). to trade - beddel. I traded my typewriter for a bicycle. l-makina d-le-ktaba dyali b-bešklit. tragedy - musiba pl. msayeb (unfortunate occurrence). trail - triq pl. torqun. to trail - $tbe\mathcal{E}$ (s.o.). train - mašina pl. -t, qitar pl. -at. He went by train. safer fe-l-mašina. to train - 1. derreb, Eellem. trained his dogs well. derreb 2. dderreb. le-klab dyalu mezyan. We trained a lot before the race. dderrebna bezzaf qbel le-msabga. training - tedrib. traitor - xa? in pl. xawana. tramp - msiyyeh pl. msiyyhin. to trample - zdem Ela, štef Ela. to translate - teržem. transparent - (lli) ka-ibiyyen. transport - negl (of troops, goods, etc.). to transport - neggel. . . . trap - msida pl. msayed, fexx pl. fxax. trash - zbel (includes garbage). to travel - safer, žal ižul. tray - siniya pl. -t, swani. treason - xiyana. treasure - kenz pl. knuza. treat - šehwa fe-d-denya (pleasure). to treat - 1. Eamel. He treats me like a child. ka-iEamelni bhal $\S_{i-derri}$. 3. xelles ξ la. He's treating us to a movie. gad

ixelles Elina dexla le-s-sinima.

2. gabel (a patient). to treat lightly - traxa f-. You shouldn't treat this matter lightly. ma-xessek-š ttraxa f-had l-qadiya. treatment - 1. muEamala (manner with s.o.). 2. mgabla (of a patient). treaty - Eegd pl. Eugud, muEahada pl. -t. tree - šežra pl. -t coll. šžer. to tremble - gzel. trial - muhakama pl. -t, $de \in wa pl.$ -t, dEawi (court). on trial - be-s-swar (in buying s. th.). to give a trial - žerreb (i.e., . try out). triangle - mutellat pl. -at. tribe - qbila pl. -t, qbayel (Indian, Arab, of Israel, etc.). trick - 1. hila pl. -t (ruse, deception). 2. bentaxa pl. -t (cards, magic.). mean, dirty trick - xesla pl. -t, xsayel. He played a dirty trick on me. Emel-li wahed l-xesla. to trick - \mathcal{E} melha b-. She tricked me into marrying her. Eemletha biya u-dzuwwežt biha. to **trim -** heddeq (hair, mustache). trip - sefra pl. -t, safar pl. 9 esfar. **Have a nice trip! triq s-slama! to trip - 1. Eekkel 1-. I tripped him and he fell. Eekkelt-lu u-tah. 2. Eter. He tripped on the stairs and fell. Eter fe-d-druz u-tah. to trip up - glet (to err). triumph - nesr. troops - Eesker. trouble - muškila pl. mašakil. We've had some trouble in the office. kanet Eendna ši-muškila (or mašakil) fe-l-mekteb. **What's the trouble? aš-kayen? to be in trouble - Eendu muškila. to give trouble to - Eeddeb. to trouble - Eeddeb (e.g., a sore **What's troubling you? ma-lek? troubled - 1. qbih pl. qbah. We live in troubled times. $ka-n \in i$ il-wegt qbih. 2. mšuwweš. Her mother is very troubled now. mšuwwša bezzaf daba. trousers - serwal pl. srawel. trout - bu-ders. truck - kamiyu pl. -yat, kamyun pl. true - haqiqi pl. -yin (factual, genuine). **He's always true to his prin-

ciples. dima qabet fe-l-mabadi?

truly dvalu. truly - fe-l-haqiqa. trumpet - 1. nfir pl. nfayer (for Ramadan). 2. kornita pl. -t (bugle). trunk - 1. sag pl. sigan (of tree). 2. senduq pl. snadeq (for clothes). 3. kesda pl. -t, ksadi (body). 4. xertum pl. xratem (elephant). trunks - serwal (pl. srawel) de-l-Eeum. trust - tiga. I'm putting my trust in you. ka-neEmel fik t-tiqa. to trust - tag itiq b-. truth - hegg, sehh. to try - 1. hawel. They tried to kill us. hawlu iqetluna. 2. žerreb. Try them before you buy them. žerrebhom qbel-ma tešrihom. to try on - qeyyes (a suit). tub - žefna pl. -t, žfani (primarily for washing). tube - žaža pl. -t (radio, etc.). tuck - tenya pl. -t (as in a dress). to tuck in - hša yehši (as a shirt). Tuesday - nhar t-tlata, t-tlata. tug - rmuk pl. -at (boat). to tug - nter. to tumble - tšeqleb. He tumbled down the stairs. tšegleb fe-d-druž. tumor - welsis pl. wlases. Tunis - tunes. Tunisia - tunes. Tunisian - tunsi adj. pl. -yen, n. pl. twansa, hel tunes. tunnel - gar pl. giran. turban - rezza pl. -t, rzez. Turk - torki pl. -yin, ?atrak. Turkey - torkya. turkey - bibi (no art.) pl. -yat. Turkish - 1. torki pl. -yin. 2. torkiya (language). turn - 1. dura pl. -t (around a corner, a pivot). 2. nuba pl. -t. It's my turn. hadi nubti. **One good turn deserves another.

rrn - 1. dura pl. -t (around a corner, a pivot). 2. nuba pl. -t.

It's my turn. hadi nubti.

**One good turn deserves another.

lli Emel Si-xir ka-ilqah. --You're

talking out of turn. ma-Eendek

heqq bas ttkellem.

at every turn - f-koll mudee,

f-koll qent, fayn-emma msa.

in turn - b-nuba (i.e., when your

turn comes, etc.).

to take turns - tnawbu (pl.).

to turn - duwwer (make go round).

**She turned her back on me.

¿tatni be-dherha. --He turned his
ankle. tfekket-lu režlu. --Now
the tables are turned! ma-ši bnita,
had l-merra wliyyed! --I don't know

212 who to turn to. ma_Ereft le-mmen --My stomach turns when I think of that scene. ka-iqum qelbi mnin ka-nfekker f-dak l-mender. to turn around - 1. duwwer. the wheel around. dummer r-rwida. 2. dar idur. The propeller is turning around very slowly. l-ferfar ka-idur ģir be-š-šwiya. to turn back - rže£. to turn down - 1. ma-qbel-š, rfed (reject). 2. xda yaxod (a road). nges men (radio, light). Turn the radio down. nges men r-radyu. to turn in - 1. režžeć (as s. th. lost). 2. qeddem (application, resignation). 3. nees (go to bed). to turn into - wella, ržeč (to become). to turn off - 1. dfa idfi (radio, light). 2. šedd (water, gas). to turn on - 1. š&el (light, radio). 2. xeddem (machine). tleq, hell (water, gas). to turn out - 1. dfa idfi (light). 2. tleE, sdeq. The work turned out bad. l-xedma teleet qbiha. 3. hder. A lot of people turned out for the president's speech. bezzaf de-n-nas hedru Eel l-xotba de-r-ra?is. 4. xerrež (i.e., evict). 5. sne E, wežžed (manufacture). to turn over - 1. $dfe\xi$ (to hand over). 2. gleb. I turned the table over so I could fix the legs. qlebt t-tabla baš nsuwweb-lha l-ker \in an dyalha. 3. ttegleb. chair turned over when I sat down on it. š-šelya ttgelbet mnin glest Eliha. **Turn it over in your mind before you give him an answer. duwwer Isanek f-fommek seb€a de-l-merrat, Ead wažbu. to turn up - dher (appear). to turn upside down - qleb. turnip - lefta pl. -t coll. left.

turnip - lefta pl. -t coll. left.
turtle - fekrun pl. fkaren.
twelfth - taneš pl. tanšin.
twelve - tnaš.
twenty - češrin.
twice - žuž de-l-merrat, merrtayn.
**I paid twice as much as you.
xellestha metniya člik.
twig - gsen pl. gsan.
twins - twam (no sg.).
twine - qennba pl. -t, qnaneb coll.
qenneb.
to twist - 1. dar idur (road).
2. lumma ilummi (s.o.'s arm, a

rag, etc.). 3. fekk (ankle). two - žuž, zuž; tnin, tnayn (used in combinations, e.g. 22, 32, 42, etc.) **She actually didn't tell me but I can put two and two together. fe-l-haqiqa ma-qalet-li šay, ģir ana kemmelt men Eegli.

in, by twos - žuž b-žuž.

to cut in two - freq or qsem Ela žuž.

type - 1. nu E pl. ? enwa E, škel pl.

škal, \in eyna pl. -t (kind, sort). huruf (letters).

to type - dreb $\xi e l - l - \gamma a l a$. Do you know how to type? ka-teEref ddreb Eel 1-9ala?

typewriter - ?ala katiba pl. ?alat katiba, makina d-le-ktaba pl. makinat d-le-ktaba.

typhus - tifus.

tyranny - dolm, togyan.

tyrant - dalem pl. dollam.

H

ugly - xayeb, qbih pl. qbah. That's an ugly picture. hadi teswira xayba.

**They're spreading ugly rumors about him. ka-itkellmu mur dehru. Ujda - wežda.

native of Ujda - weždi pl. adj. weždiyen, n. pl. wžada, hel wežda. umbrella - mdell pl. mdula.

umpire - hakem pl. hokkam. The umpire got hit by the ball. l-hakem derbettu l-kura.

to be unable - ma-qder-s, ma-mken-lu-s. I'm sorry I'm unable to give you that information. met?essef ma-imken-li-š neEtik had le-xbar.

unbiased - (lli) ka-yehkem m£ewwet. On this subject he's quite unbiased. ka-yehkem meewwet f-had l-mudue.

uncertain - fih š-šekk, ma-mheggeg-š. Hís trip is still uncertain. ma-zal s-safar dyalu fih š-šekk. 2. Eendu š-šekk. I'm still uncertain whether I'll go. ma-zal Eendi

š-šekk waš nemši wella la. in no uncertain terms - b-saraha. I told him in no uncertain terms

what I thought of him. qolt-lu b-saraha aš ka-iswa Eendi. uncle - 1. (paternal) Eemm pl. Emam. 2. (maternal) xal pl. xwal.

uncomfortable - gaseh. That's an uncomfortable chair. had š-šilya gasha.

unconscious - gayeb. He's still unconscious. huwa ma-zal gayeb.

**He was unconscious of the real danger. ma-kan-š ša£er be-l-xatar le-haiai.

unconsciously - bla-ma iščer. He did it unconsciously. Emelha bla ma-iš€er.

undecided - ma-mheggeg-š. I'm still

undecided. ana ma-zal ma-mheggeq-s. under - 1. men teht. Slip the letter under the door. duwwes le-bra men teht l-bab. 2. teht. The slippers are under the bed. l-belga teht n-namušiya. 3. Ela hsab. Under the new law, taxes will be higher. Ela hsab l-ganun ž-ždid, d-daribat gad itelEu.

**Is everything under control? waš koll haža mragba? -- I was under the impression that he wanted kan ka-vehsab-li bin bġa to go. imši.

underbrush - hišer.

underneath - teht, teht men. I found the ball underneath the bed. žbert l-kura teht men n-namusiya.

to understand - fhem. He doesn't understand French. ma-ka-ifhem-š le-fransawiya. -- It's understood that you will stay with us. mefhum bin gad tebga mEana.

understanding - mfahma.

to undertake - Emel. I hope you're not planning to undertake that trip alone. ka-ntmenna bin ma-ka-tenwi-š teEmel had s-safar b-wehdek.

underwear - hwayez tehtiyin (pl.). to undo - 1. hell, fekk. Help me undo this knot. Eawenni baš nhell had l-Eogda. 2. sleh. I'll need a week to undo his work. xessni žem£a baš nesleh l-xedma dyalu.

undoubtedly - bla šekk.

to undress - zuwwel le-hwayež, heyyed le-hwayež. I'll undress the children. ana jad nzumvel le-hwayež de-d-drari, -- I want to undress before I go to sleep. bgit nzuwwel hwayži qbel-ma nn Ees.

unemployed - bettal pl. -a. unemployment - gellet l-xedma. ungrateful - nekkar l-xir pl. nekkarin l-xir. He's an ungrateful person. huwa nekkar l-xir.
unhappy - ma-ši ferhan.
unharmed - bla žerha. He escaped
unharmed. menne£ bla žerha.

unimportant - ma-ši muhimm.
union - 1. ttihad pl. -at. Union
gives strength. le-ttihad ka-yeeti
l-quuma. 2. niqaba pl. -t. How
many workers are there in this
union? šhal de-l-xeddama kaynin
f-had n-niqaba.

unique - frid pl. frad.
unit - l. bab pl. bwab, fesl pl.
fusul. There are twenty units in
this book. had le-ktab fih Eešrin
bab. 2. ferqa pl. -t. They've
transferred him to another unit.
hewwlikh l-ferqa xra.

United Arab Republic - l-žemhuriya l-Earabiya l-muttahida.

The United States l milayat

The United States - l-wilayat l-muttahida.

university - žamiča pl. -t.
unjust - 1. mxalef l-heqq. This
stipulation is unjust. had š-šert
mxalef l-heqq. 2. dalem. He is
an unjust man! ražel dalem hada!
unknown - mežhul, ma-ši mečruf.

unless - ila ma-. We're coming unless it rains. gadi nžiw ila ma-tahet š-šta.

unlike - ma-ši bhal.

united - mettahed.

unlikely = muhal. That's very unlikely. had š-ši muhal ikun.
to unload = xwa ixwi. They haven't
unloaded the truck yet. bagi
ma-xwaw l-kamiyu.

to unlock - hell le-qfel d-. Unlock the door! hell le-qfel de-l-bab!

unlucky - 1. qbih pl. qbah. It was an unlucky coincidence. kanet wahed s-sedfa qbiha. 2. zogbi, ma-fendu zher. I don't know why I'm always unlucky. ma-freft-s gir clas and alma ma-fendu zher.

unnecessary - ma-ši daruri. That's entirely unnecessary. had š-ši ma-ši daruri be-l-koll.

to unpack - žbed, xerrež. I am just unpacking my things. ana ģir ka-nežbed hwayži.

unpleasant - qbih pl. qbah. I have
some unpleasant news for you. ana
Eendi ši-xbar qbih lilek.

unreasonable - ma-ši meEqul.

to untie - hell. Can you untie this knot for me? was imken-lek thell-li had l-Eogda? --Wait till I untie

the package. tsenna hetta nhell l-bakit. —My shoe is untied. sebbati mehlul.

until - 1. hetta l-. Wait until tomorrow. tsenna hetta l-gedda.
2. hetta. Wait until I come.
tsennani hetta nži.

unusual - ma-ši men $l-\xi ada$, grib pl. -in.

unwise - qlil le-mbalya pl. qlal le-mbalya.

up - 1. l-fuq. Hands up! hesz
yeddik l-fuq! 2. fe-l-fuq. I'm
up here. ana fe-l-fuq hna.

**Is he up already? was huwa nad be $\in da$? —Your time is up. l-?ažal dyalek tfedda. --Shut up! šedd fommek! --We all have our ups and downs. nhar lilek u-nhar Elik. --What's up? aš kayen. --He's up and around again. huwa bra u-bda ka-ixrož. --He was walking up and down the room. kan ka-imši w-iži fe-l-bit. -- The decision is up to you. le-fsal dyalek. --What's he up to this time? as gad yeEmel had n-nuba? --Because of the windstorm trains were up to two hours late. Ela gibal r-rih qwi l-mašinat t∈ettlu hetta $b-sa \in tayn$. -- She only comes up to my shoulder. ma-ka-tewsel-li gir l-ketfi. --Up to now he hasn't answered. hetta l-daba ma-zal ma-žaweb-š.

uphill - tale \(\). This road goes uphill. had t-triq talea.

upkeep - masarif. The upkeep on my car is too expensive. l-masarif dyal t-tumubil dyali galyin bezzaf. upper - fuqani. The fire started on

one of the upper floors. l-Eafya bdat f-wehda men t-tabaqat l-fuqaniyin.

**Write the page number in the upper right-hand corner. kteb r-ream de-s-sefha l-fuq u-fe-l-qent l-limni.

upset - mqelleq. He was all upset.
kan mqelleq bezzaf.

**I have an upset stomach. Eendi le-wže& f-kerši.

to upset - 1. qleb. Be careful or you'll upset the pitcher. redd balek wella rak gadi teqleb l-gerraf. --You're upsetting the boat! rak gadi teqleb le-fluka. --The rain upset our plans. š-šta qelbet-lna l-bernamež. 2. qelleq. Nothing upsets him. hetta haža ma-ka-tqellqu.

upside down - meqlub.

upstairs - 1. fuqani. --The upstairs
apartment is vacant. s-sokna
l-fuqaniya xawya. 2. fe-l-fuqi.
He's upstairs. huwa fe-l-fuqi.

urge - regba pl. -t. I felt the urge to tell him what I thought of him. hessit b-wahed r-regba baš nqul-lu aš ka-iswa Eendi.

to urge - ržeb iržob. She urged us to stay longer. režbetna baš ngeEdu kter.

urgent - mezrub. I have an urgent request. ana Eendi talab mezrub.

use - 1. fayda pl. -t. What's the use of arguing? šni hiya l-fayda dyal le-mžadla? 2. ġarad. I have no use for two. ma-cendi-š l-ġarad b-žuž.

**It's no use hurrying. ma-kayen elaš z-zerba. —It's no use, we've got to do it. ma-kayen walu, xessna nemlu had š-ši.

to be of use - slah. Will that be of any use to you? was had s-si gad islah-lek l-hetta haža?

to use - 1. ste£mel. I can't use these tickets. ma-imken-li-š neste£mel had le-btayeq. 2. xeddem. Please show me how to use this machine. £afak werrını kıf-aš nxeddem had l-?ala.

used to - 1. kan (plus imperfect).

I used eat in a restaurant before

I got married. kont ka-nakol fe-l-met \(\xi \) may alef. She's used to getting up at seven o'clock. hiya mwalfa tnud fe-s-seb\(\xi \).

to get used to - 1. wellef. I've got my children used to eating at five o'clock. welleft d-drari dyali yaklu fe-l-xemsa. 2. twellef. I can't get used to getting up at three in the morning. ma-imken-li-s ntwellef nnud fe-t-tlata de-s-sbah.

--He never got used to that custom. Eemmru ma-twellef b-had l-Eada.

useful - mufid. I've found this book very useful. lqit had le-ktab mufid bezzaf.

useless - (lli) ma-ka-işlah. This map is useless to me. had l-xarita ma-ka-teşlah-li hetta haža.

ususal - ϵadi . The train arrived at the usual time. l-massina we slet fe-l-we qt l- ϵadi .

**We'll see each other at the usual place. ntšawfu fe-l-mahell l-meElum.

as usual - bhal l- ξ ada. Everything went along as usual. koll-ši bqa mmešši bhal l- ξ ada.

usually - men Eadtu. I usually go to see them twice a week. men Eadti ka-nemši nšufhom žuž de-l-merrat fe-ž-žem£a.

V

vacant - xawi. The house has been vacant for a week. hadi žem€a u-d-dar xawya.

to vacate - xwa ixwi. When are you going to vacate the house? fuq-as gadi texwi d-dar?

vacation - Ewaser, Eotla pl. -t. The children are looking forward to their vacation. d-drari ka-itsennaw le-Ewaser b-koll farah.

on vacation - mEuser. Ahmed is on vacation. hmed rah mEuser. vain - menfux. That is a very vain man' razel menfux bezzaf hada!

in vain - bla fayda. The doctor tried in vain to save the boy's life. t-tbib hawel bla fayda imenne \(\) l-weld men l-mut.

valuable - (lli) Eendu qima. That's a valuable ring. had l-xatem
`Eendha qima.

valuables - hwayež lli Eendhom l-qima. You'd better lock your valuables in the safe. hsen-lek tšedd Eel le-hwayež lli Eendhom l-qima fe-ş-şenduq.

value - qima. This book has no value.
had le-ktab ma-fendu qima.

to value - 1. Etaber. I value his friendship highly. ka-neEtaber shebtu bezzaf. 2. qedder. What do you value your house at? be-shal qedderti darek?

to vanish - gber. My father vanished during the war. bba gber f-wegt l-herb.

vapor - fwar.

wariety - škel pl. škal, nu£ pl.
nwa£. We have a wide variety of
shirts. £endna bezzaf de-š-škal
de-l-qamizat. --How many varieties
of apples do you have in your orch

orchard? Shal men nu£ de-t-teffah Eendek fe-l-Eersa?

various - mnumwet. I have various reasons. tendi sbab mnumwein.

**The table was decorated with various kinds of flowers. t-tabla kanet maiyyna b-belea de-l-?enwae de-n-nummar.

varnish - berniz. How long does it take the varnish to dry? **Shal xessu l-berniz ibqa ba** iybes?

to varnish - bernez. We just varnished the floor. Ead bernezna l-erd.

to vary - 1. tģeyyer. The size varies in each case. le-qyas ka-itģeyyer. f-koll merra. 2. beddel. You can vary the colors if you wish. imken-lek theddel l-lwan ila böiti.

vase - gorraf pl. graref.

veal - lhem d-le-Ežel.

veal cutlet - šekla d-le-Ežel pl. škali d-le-Ežel.

vegetables - xodra (col1).

veil - ltam pl. -at.

vein - Eerg pl. Erug.

velvet - mwobber.

venereal disease - merd n-nummar.

vengeance - tar.

vent - tenfisa pl. tnafes.

venture - mgamra pl. -t. It was a dangerous venture. kanet mgamra xtira.

to venture - xater. I wouldn't venture to go out in this cold.

ma-nxater-s nexrož f-had l-berd.

-Nothing ventured, nothing gained.

lli ma-ka-ixater walu, ma-irbeh

walu.

on the verge of - Elayen. She's on the verge of a breakdown. hiya Elayen ttxelxel. --I was on the verge of telling him. Elayen kont gadi ngulha-lu.

versus - dedd.

vertical - Eamudi.

very - 1. bezzaf. The bank is not very far from here l-benk ma-b&ida-& bezzaf men hna.
2. tamamen. He's the very man you

2. tamamen. He's the very man you want. hada huwa tamamen r-ražel lli ka-ixeşşek. --She left the very next day. mšat tamamen n-nhar lli men beéd.

very much - bezzaf, bezzaf \in ad. I liked it very much. \in žebni bezzaf \in ad.

vest - žili pl. -yat, bed∈iya pl. -t.
vicinity - nahiya pl. nawahi. There
are good restaurants in the vicinity

of the railroad station. kaynin mata€im mezyanin f-nahiyet l-lagar. vicious - wehši. The dog is vicious. l-kelb wehši.

victim - 1. dhiya pl. -t. He was the third to fall victim to the killer. kan huwa t-talet lli mša dhiya de-l-qettal. 2. frisa pl. frayes. He was the victim of a swindle. kan frisa f-wahed tašeffaret. victor - rabeh pl. rabhin. victory - nser.

view - mender pl. manadir. You have a nice view from here. Eendek mender mesyan men hna.

vile - 1. qbih pl. qbah. Where's that vile smell coming from? mnayn žayya had r-riha le-qbiha? 2. xbit pl. xbat. He's a vile man. huwa ražel xbit.

village - qerya pl. -t, duwwar pl. dwawer.

vinegar - xell.

to violate - xalef. That's not the first time he's violated the law. hadi ma-ši hiya l-merra l-luwwla lli xalef l-qanun.

violation - mxalfa pl. -t.

violent - mežhed.

violin - kamanža pl. -t.

violinist - kamanži pl. -ya.

virtue - fadila pl. fada?il. Patience is a virtue. s-sber fadila.

vision - nder. His vision is getting poor. n-nder dyalu bda ka-id af.

visit – gyara pl. -t.

to visit - şar işur.

visitor - zayer pl. zuwwar.
voice - helq pl. hluq. He has a
beautiful voice. Eendu wahed
l-helq mezyan.

volume - žoz⁹ pl. ⁹ažza⁹. Volume Fifteen of this magazine is missing. ka-ixeşş l-žoz⁹ l-xemştaš dyal had l-mažella.

volunteer - mutatawi€ pl. -in.

to vomit - gell, tqeyya.

vote = 1. sewt pl. ?eswat. How many
votes did he get? šhal de-l-?eswat
Elaš hessel? 2. teswit. He
succeeded on the third vote. nžeh
fe-t-teswit t-talet.

to vote - summet. Who did you vote for? le-mmen summetti? --I voted against the proposal. summett dedd had le-qtirah.

to vouch for - dmen. I vouch for him. ana damnu.

voyage - sfer, sefra pl. -t.

W

to wage - dar idir. They can't wage a long war. ma-iqedru-š idiru herb twila. wages - %ožra pl. -t. Are you satisfied with your wages? was ferhan be-9žortek? wagon - kerruşa pl. t, krareş. Hitch the horses to the new wagon. l-xil l-l-kerruşa ž-ždida. waist - hzam pl. hzamat, kerš pl. kruš, kruša. I took the pants in at the waist, ngest men s-serwal f-le-hzam. We have an wait - msayna pl. -t. hour's wait before the train gets in. Eendna saEa d-le-msayna qbel-ma ıži l-qitar. to lie in wait - ttelles. They were lying in wait for us. kanu mtellsin-lna. to wait - 1. tsenna. We found him waiting at the station. žbernah ka-itsenna f-le-mhetta. --He kept me waiting an hour. xellanı ka-ntsenna saEa. 2. şber. I can't wait any longer. ma-negder-š nesber kter men dak š-ši. 3. bga ibga. That can wait till tomorrow. dak š-ši imken-lu ibqa hetta l-gedda. **I can hardly wait to see him. ma-nertah gir ila šeftu. --Go to bed, don't wait up for me. gir sir tenEes, ma-tebqa-š fayeq ka-ttsennani. to wait for - tsenna. I'll wait for you until five o'clock. gadi ntsennak hetta l-xemsa. **I can hardly wait for the day. lehla yehremni gir ila šeft dak n-nhar.to wait on - serba iserbi. Will you please wait on me now? serbini Eafak daba. waiter - serbay pl. -a. waiting room - $qa \in a d - le - ntidar$. waitress - serbaya pl. -t, xeddama pl. -t. to wake - fiyyeq. Please wake me at seven o'clock. fiyyeqni fe-s-seb€a Eafak. to wake up - 1. faq ifiq, derbettu l-figa. I didn't wake up until

eight this morning. ma-derbetni

2. fiyyeq. The noise woke me up.

l-fiqa hetta le-t-tmenya had s-sbah.

l-haraž fiyyeqni. walk - 1. msarya pl. -t. Did you have a nice walk? waš Eežbatek le-msarya? mešya pl. -t. You can recognize him by his walk. imken-lek teglu men mšiytu. to take a walk - tsara. Let's take a walk. yallah nemšiw ntsaraw. to walk - 1. tmešša, mša imši Ela režlih. Shall we walk or take the bus? nemšiw Ela režlina wella nrekbu fe-t-tubis? 2. tmešša, tleg režlih. Can the little boy walk yet? was bda le-wliyed itleq režlih? -- Our maid walked out on l-met∈ellma dyalna herbet Elina. to walk down - nzel, hbet. were walking down the stairs. konna habtin m£a d-druž. to walk up - $t l e \epsilon$. He can't walk up the stairs. ma-igder-s itle fe-d-druž. wall - 1. heyt, hit pl. hyut, hitan. Hang the picture on this wall. Eelleg t-teswira f-had l-hit. --Only the walls are still standing. ma-bqaw waqfin gir le-hyut. 2. sur pl. swar. The old city is surrounded by walls. le-mdina dayrin biha ş-şwar. **They've walled up that doorway. bnaw Eel l-bab. wallet - beştam pl. bşatem. I've lost my wallet. mša-li beztami. walnut - gerga€a pl. -t. coll. gerga€. walnut tree – šežra de-l-gerga€ pl. -t de-l-gerga⊱ coll. šžeṛ de-l-gerga£. want - htiyaž pl. -at. My wants are very modest. le-htiyažat dyali griba bezzaf. **I'll take it for want of something better. gad naxdu hit ma-kayen ma hsen. to want - 1. bga (imperfect ibgi is not usually translatable as 'to want'). I want to go swimming. bģit nemši nEum. 2. tļeb, bģa ibģi. How much do you want for those three d−le-kbaš? **He is wanted by the police. š-šorta ka-tfetteš ∈lih.

war - herb pl. hrub.

wardrobe - mariyu pl. -wat.

What are

your shoes doing in my wardrobe? &-ka-idir &ebbatek fe-l-mariyu dyali?

warehouse - hri pl. herya.

warm - dafi. It's very warm today.
l-hal dafi bezzaf l-yum.

to warm oneself - sxen isxon. Come in and warm yourself by the fire. dxol tesxon qeddam l-Eafya.

to warm up - sexxen. Please warm up the soup for me. sexxen-li le-hrira Eafak.

warmth - sxuniya pl. -t.

to warn - nebbeh. I was warned about him. nebbhuni Elih.

warning - tenbih pl. -at. Let that be a warning to you' ra hada tenbih lilek! or redd balek had l-merra! to warp - teewwež, tluwwa. This wood will warp. had l-Eud gad iteewwež. wash - tesbina pl. -t, coll. tesbin.

The wash isn't finished yet. t-tesbin baqi ma-kmel.

to wash - 1. şebben. I didn't have time to wash my socks.

ma-zbert-š l-weqt baš nşebben tqašri.

2. ģsel. She hasn't washed the floor yet. ma-zala ma-ģeslet l-erd.

--I'd like to wash (up) before supper. ma-da biya neģsel qbel le-Eša.

wash? was had t-tub ka-itsebben?
**Last spring the flood washed
away the dam. r-rbi& lli fat
l-hemla ddat s-sedd. —The sea
washed a lot of dead fish up on the
beach. le-bher lah bezzaf de-l-hut

3. tsebben. Does this material

washcloth - kis de-l-hemmam pl. kyusa de-l-hemmam.

waste - 1. tedyac. It's just a waste of time and energy. hada gir tedyac l-wegt u-z-žehd.

**Haste makes waste. l-far le-mgelleg men seEd l-gett.

to go to waste - $da\mathcal{E}$ $idi\mathcal{E}$. A good cook doesn't let anything go to waste. t-tebbaxa l-mezyanama-ka-txelli hetta \S i $idi\mathcal{E}$.

to lay waste - heddem. The earthquake has laid waste the entire city. z-zelzal heddem le-blad kollha.

to waste - diyye. He wastes a lot of time talking. ka-idiyye. bezzaf de-l-weqt fe-l-klam.

wastebasket - sellat l-muhmalat.

watch = magana: pl. -t, mwagen. By my
watch it's five o'clock. hadi
l-xemsa f-maganti.

to watch - 1. miyyes f-. I've been watching him for some time. hadi modda w-ana ka-nmiyyes fih.

2. šaf išuf. Watch how I do it. šuf kif ka-ndırha.

3. hda yehdi, gabel. Who's going to watch the children? škun lli ġadi yehdi d-drari? 4. hda yehdi, Eess Ela. That fellow needs close watching. dak xıyyna xeşş lli iEess Elih men grıb.

**Watch your step' Eendak! or redd balek!

to watch out - redd balu. Watch out when you cross the street. redd balek mnin tegtes t-trig.

**Watch out for that fellow. hdi

raşek men dak xiyyna.

water - ma pl. myah. Please give me a glass of water. Etini kas de-l-ma Eafak.

to water - 1. sqa isqi. I water the flowers every day. koll nhar ka-nesqi n-nuwwar. 2. dme£. My eyes are watering. Eeyniya ka-idem£u. 3. šerreb. Have you watered the horses yet? waš šerrebti l-xil wella ma-zal?

**This cake makes my mouth water. had l-helwa ka-džerri-li l-ma f-fommi.

watermelon - dellaha pl. -t. coll. dellah.

waterproof = (lli) ma-ka-idexxel-\$
l-ma. Is this coat waterproof? had
l-baltu ma-ka-idexxel-\$ l-ma?

wave - muža pl. -t, mwaž. The waves are very high today. l-mužat Ealyin bezzaf l-yum.

to wave - 1. ferfer, refref. The flags were waving in the breeze. r-rayat kanu ka-iferfru m£a r-rih.

2. šiyyer b-. Somebody was waving a handkerchief. ši-wahed kan ka-išiyyer b-derra.

3. šiyyer b-derra b-iddu. I waved to him. šiyyert-lu b-iddi.

wax - 1. §ma£. Don't put this doll hear the fire; it's only made of wax. la-te£mel-ši had t-teşwira hda l-£afya, raha gir de-š-šma£. 2. dehna pl. -t, tla. This furnitur

wax has a strange odor. had t-t/a fin $\delta i-riha f-\delta i-\delta kel$.

to wax - sqel, tla itli. The furniture gets waxed once a month. ka-nseqlu l-?atat merra fe-š-šher.

way - 1. triq pl. torqan. Is this the way to town? was hadi hiya t-triq l-le-mdina? --I don't want you to go out of your way for my sake. ma-nebgik-ši t∈ewwež triqek ∈la weddi.

--Make way for the doctor. diru t-triq le-t-tbib. 2. hal pl. hwal. That's just his way. hadak huwa halu. 3. hala pl. -t. I'm afraid he's in a bad way. ka-nxaf ikun f-ši-hala qbiha. 4. žiha pl. -t, žwayeh. Are you going my way? waš ġadi men žihti? 5. kifiya. Let's do this work in a different way. aži ndiru had l-xedma b-ši-kifiya ra.

**That's no way to treat people. ma-ši hakda ka-it€amlu n-nas. -- That's no way to behave. hadik ma-ši sira. —Do you know your way around here? ka-teeref t-torqan d-had ž-žiha? — Everything is going along (in) the same old way. koll-ši rah bagi kif kan bekri. --Have it your own way. dir lli bgiti. --I paid my own way. xellest Ela rasi. -- That's the way he wants it. hakdak ka-ibġi. --What have you got in the way of radios? š-men škula de-r-radyuwat Eendek? --His house is just across the way. daru raha ģir fe-ž-žiha le-xra de-t-triq. -The school is a long way from our house. l-medrașa žat b&ida &la darna. --Ramadan is still a long way off. remdan baqi bEid. don't see any other way out. ma-ka-nšuf-ši ši-hell axor. --Which is the way out? fayn bab le-xruž? -You'll have to make your way through this crowd with your elbows. be-d-draf xessek tsellek rasek f-had z-zehma. --He has a way with children. ka-yeEref le-d-drari. -- They have a farm way out in the country. Eendhom wahed le-Ezib wahli fayn f-berra. -We went by way of Casablanca. dezna Eel d-dar l-bida. -- He said it by way of a joke. qalha gir b-le-mzah. --This is in no way better than what you had before. had š-ši ma-fih ma hsen men lli kan Eendek. -- In what way is that better? b-aš hadak ši-hsen? --You shouldn't do the work that way ma-ši hakda xeşşek te€mel had l-xedma. -- This place is somewhat out of the way. had l-mahell ža mxebbe & ši-swiya. --We went out of our way to make him feel at home. ma-xellina ma Emelna baš išEer b-raşu bhal lli f-mahellu. --Make way! balak! (sg.), balaku!(pl.) we - hna, hnaya.

weak - 1. xfif pl. xfaf. Do you like coffee strong or weak? ka-tebgi l-qehwa qasha wella xfifa? 2. deif pl. deaf. I feel a little weak. ka-nhess b-rasi deif šwiya.

weakness - 1. doef. The doctor told her that her weakness was due to undernourishment. t-tbib qal-lha d-doef dyalha sbabu qellt l-makla.

-You have to do something with your boy about his weakness in arithmetic xessek teemel &i-haža l-weldek &el d-doef dyalu f-le-hsab. 2. &ib pl. &yub. That's one of his weaknesses. hadak &ib men le-&yub lli fih. wealthy - gani, mreffeh. He married

wealthy - gani, mreffeh. He married a wealthy widow. džumnež b-hežžala mreffha.

weapon - slah (coll.). All weapons have to be turned over to the police. s-slah kollu ka-ixessu itsellem le-š-šorta.

wear - ma ittelbes. There's still a
lot of wear left in these shoes.
had s-sebbat ma-sal fih ma ittelbes.

**The cuffs are showing signs of wear. le-kmam bdaw itbalaw.

to wear - 1. lbes. He never wears a fez. Eemmru ma-ka-ilbes t-terbus.
2. sber. This coat didn't wear well. had l-kebbut ma-sber-s bezzaf.

to wear down - 1. ttkel. These heels are all worn down. had l-gedmiyat tteklu bezzaf. 2. ġleb. We finally wore him down. ma-mšina hetta ġlebnah.

to wear out - 1. hlek, sala m£a. He wears out his shoes very fast. deġya deġya ka-ihlek sbabţu. --Just don't wear yourself out. ġir ma-tehlek-š raṣek. 2. ttkel, tbala. Our furniture is worn out. ?atatna tbala.

weary - Eeyyan. I get very weary at times. beEd l-merrat ka-nkun Eeyyan bezzaf.

weather - hal.

**I'm a little under the weather today. rani šwiya ma-ši huwa hadak l-yum.

to weave - nsež. The children wove this rug at school. had z-zerbiya nesžuha d-drari fe-l-medrasa.

weaver - derraz pl. -a. weaving - taderrazet.

wedding - Eers pl. Erasat.

Wednesday - l-arbeE.

weed - rbiEa qbiha pl. rbiEat qbah coll. rbiE qbih. The whole garden is full of weeds. Z-Znan kollu Eamer be-r-rbiE le-qbih.

to weed - neqqa. I've got to weed the garden. xeşşni nneqqi ž-žnan. week - žem£a pl. -at, ?usbu£ pl. ?asabi£. I'll be back in three weeks. ġad nerže£ men daba tlata

de-ž-žem£at.

a week from tomorrow - bhal ģedda. He'll come a week from tomorrow. ġad iži bhal ģedda.

weekend - ?axir ž-žem£a, ?exxer ž-žem£a. We decided to spend the weekend at the lake. m£ewwlin baš nduwwzu ?exxer ž-žem£a fe-d-daya.

weekly - 1. žarida ?usbu£iya. He
publishes a weekly. ka-inšer žarida
?usbu£iya. 2. ?usbu£i. Is your
weekly report ready? waš t-tegrir
l-?usbu£i dyalek mwežžed? 3. merra
fe-ž-žem£a. This magazine appears
weekly. had l-mažella ka-texrož
merra fe-ž-žem£a.

to weep - bka ibki.

to weigh - wsen. Please weigh this package for me. wsen-li had l-bakit Eafak. —He always weighs his words. dima ka-yusen klamu.

**This piece of meat weighs two kilos. had t-terf de-l-lhem fih žuž kilu.

weight - 1. serf pl. sruf, srufa. The weights are under the scale. s-sruf rahom teht l-mizan. 2. mizan, tqol. The weight of the box is a hundred kilos. tqol s-senduq myat kilu.

**Don't attach too much weight to what he says. ma-teddiha-s bezzaf fe-klamu! —His opinion carries great weight. r-reyy dyalu Eendu te?tir kbir.

to lose weight - dEaf, tiyyez. When I was sick I lost a lot of weight. l-weqt lli kont mrid dEafit bezzaf.

welcome - mrehba (b-). Welcome, welcome, please come in. mrehba, mrehba, tfeddel zid. --Welcome to our house' mrehba bik Eendna.

**You're welcome! (in response to thanks). bla žmil! --You're always welcome to use my car. imken-lek taxod siyarti weqt-emma bģiti b-koll farah. --You're always welcome here rak dima bhal lli f-mahellek hnaya. --That is the most welcome news I've heard in a long time. hada ?ehsen xbar sme&tu men hadi modda.

to welcome - 1. repheb b. They welcomed us very warmly. rephbu bina b-qelbhom u-žwarephom. 2. qbel b-farah. He would welcome the opportunity to go abroad. gad iqbel l-mešya l-l-xariž b-farah.

well - 1. bir pl. byar. They're digging a well back of the house. rahom ka-ihefru bir mur d-dar.
2. bezzaf. Do you know him well? ka-teerfu bezzaf? 3. mezyan. He works well. ka-ixdem mezyan.

4. iwa. Well, just as you wish. iwa kif tebġi.

**He couldn't very well refuse to come. ma-qder-š tamamen irfed baš iži. —The new business is doing very well. l-haraka ž-ždida ka-ttmešša f-ġaya. —The patient is doing very well today. le-mrid bdat dzyan haltu l-yum. —I'm not feeling well. ma-ka-nhess-š b-rasi huwa hadak. —He is quite well off. huwa la-bas Elih tbarek llah. —He's well off there. ma-xessu hetta haža temma.

as well as - 1. u-kadalik. He knows German as well as several other languages. ka-yefref l-almaniya u-kadalik fadad de-l-lugat xrin. 2. bhal. He talks Arabic as well as I do. ka-itkellem l-ferbiya bhali.

to get well - rtah. First I must get well again. ka-ixessni nertah huwa l-luwwel. -- I hope you get well soon! ka-ntmenna-lek degya tertah.

well-to-do - la-bas Elih, xwaži pl.
-yin, xwaža. His parents are wellto-do. waldih xwažiyin.

west - gerb.

western - ģerbi. They live in the western part of the state. ka-iseknu fe-ž-žiha l-ģerbiya de-l-wilaya.

wet - 1. faseg. My socks are wet.
tqašri fasgin. 2. mrewwi. We had a wet summer. das Elina sif mrewwi.
3.tri, xder. The paint is still wet.
s-sbağa ma-sala triya.
what - 1. aš, š-, šnu. What would

you like to eat? as tebgi takol?
—What's the color of the gloves?
snu hawa l-lun de-s-sebba£at?
—What do you need this for? l-as gad tehtaš had s-si? —What are you doing here? s-ka-ddir hna?
2. s-men. What things are missing?
s-men hwayež ka-ixessu? —Do you know what train we're supposed to take? ka-tefref fe-s-men qitar xessna nrekbu? —What house are you living in? fe-s-men dar ka-teskon?

**That's just what I wanted to avoid. dak š-ši huwa lli bģit nehdi rasi mennu. —I don't know what's what any more. ma-bqit-š nefref rasi š-ka-nefmel. —What time is it? šhal hadi fe-s-safa? —What nonsense! Ela Eqel! —What beautiful flowers you have in your garden! walayenni werdat mezyanin fendek fe-l-fersa!

what about - u-, w-. What about me? w-ana? --What about the job you applied for? u-l-xedma lli tlebti? --What about your appointment? u-l-mi&ad lli &endek?

what ... for - Elas. What did you do that for? Elas Emelti dak s-si?
what if - w-ila. What if your friends don't get here at all?
w-ila shabek be-l-koll ma-žaw-s?

what is more - u-zaydun, u-fuq had š-ši. And what's more, he is very efficient. u-zaydun Eendu meqdura kbira.

what of it - u-men $be \in d$, $u-\check{s}-kayen$. He didn't get there in time, but what of it? $ma-wsel-\check{s}$ l-temma fe-l-weqt, u-men $be \in d$?

whatever - 1. (dak š-ši) lli. Whatever he does is all right with me. lli Emel ana mwafeq Elih.

2. be-l-koll. I have no money
whatever. ma-Eendi flus be-l-koll.
**Whatever made you do that?

š-men Eqel qal-lek ddir dak š-ši?

wheat - gemb.
wheel - rwida pl. -t., rwayed. This
 wheel needs to be tightened. had

r-rwida xessha ddziyyer.

**He wheeled around suddenly and

fired. dar değya u-xerrež le-Emara. when - 1. fuq-aš, weqt-aš. When can I see you again? fuq-aš imken-li nšufek? 2. mrayn, mnin, melli. When you finish your work yoù can go. mnayn tsali šġalek imken-lek temši. --I wasn't home when he called. ma-kont-š fe-d-dar melli Eeyyet.

3. melli, ila. When he calls up, tell him I'm not home. ila Eeyyet qul-lu m-ana-š fe-d-dar. 4. u. You'd scarcely gone when he came. yallah kif mšiti u-huwa ža.

whenever - fuq-emma. Come to see us whenever you have time. aži šufna fuq-emma kan Eendek l-weqt.

**Whenever did you find time to write? gir fuq-aš žberti l-weqt baš tekteb.

where - 1. fayn, fin. Where are they living now? fayn ka-iseknu daba? 2. layn, fayn, fin. Where are you going? layn gadi nta? 3. (fe-l-mahell) fayn. We found him just where we told him to wait for us. Ebernah tamamen (fe-l-mahell) fayn qolna-lu itsennana.

**Is this the house where they live? was hadi d-dar lli saknin fiha?

where ... from - 1. mnayn, mnin.

Where did all this money come from? mnayn žaw had le-flus kollhom?

2. mnina blad. Where does your friend come from? mnina blad sahbek?

**Where I come from it often rains for weeks. fe-bladi ktir-ma ka-ttih

š-šta žem£a Ela žem£a.

wherever - 1. fayn-emma, fin-emma.

Wherever you are, don't forget to write me. fayn-emma konti,
ma-tensa-š tekteb-li. 2. layn-emma,
l-'eyy mahell. Wherever you go in this part of the country you'll find good roads. layn-emma mšiti f-had ž-žiha d-le-blad gadi tsib torqan mezyana.

whether - waš, kan. I'd like to know whether he's coming. nebġi neɛref waš ġad iži. --Let me see whether that rascal is still there. xellini nšuf waš dak xiyyna baqi temma.

which - 1. Smen. Which bag did you pick out? S-men Sekkara xterti?
--Which car did you put the food in? fe-S-men siyara derti l-makla?
2. lli. Please return the book (which) you borrowed. men fedlek redd le-ktab lli sellefti.

whichever - lli. Take whichever (one) you want. xud lli bgiti.

while - 1. \(\frac{\su}{\su} \) iya, \(\frac{\su}{\su} \) aya. You'll have to wait a while. \(x \in \si \) ket then na \(\frac{\su}{\su} \) iya. 2. \(\text{mnayn}, \) mnin. He came while we were out. \(\frac{\su}{\su} \) mnin konna berra.

3. ma-hedd. I want to arrive while it's still light. bgit nusel ma-hedd ma-zal d-duw. 4. u. Some people live in luxury, while others starve. \$i & eyye\$ fe-r-rafahiya u-\$rin ka-imutu be-\$-\$u\$.

**It isn't worthwhile. ma-temma fayda.

to while away - tellef. I'm whiling away the time playing cards. ka-ntellef l-weqt be-l-karta.

whip - msuta pl. -at, msawet to whip - sewwet, dreb b-le-msuta. He whipped the horse mercilessly. sewwet l-Eewd bla mhenna.

whisper - tweswis, tweswisa pl.

-t. His throat was so sore that he could only talk in a whisper. helqu mred-lu hetta ma-bqa iqder itkellem eir be-t-tweswis.

to whisper - weswes. She whispered it in my ear. weswsetha-li f-wedni. whistle - 1. seffara pl. -t, sfafer. He signaled to us with his whistle. Elemna b-seffartu. 2. tesfira pl. -t. The signal was one long and

white one short whistle. l- $\mathcal{E}alama$ kanet fiha tesfira twila u-tesfira qsira. to whistle - seffer. Who's whistling? škun ka-iseffer? 'white - byed pl. buyed. She was wearing a white dress. kanet labsa keswa bida. white (of egg) - byed. -I put in the whites of four eggs. le-byed d-reb€a de-l-bidat. whitewash - žir pl. žyur. The whitewash is peeling off the walls. ž-žir d-le-hyut bda itqeššer. to whitewash - žiyyer, biyyed. How long will it take you to whitewash the garage? Shal de-l-weqt xeşşek baš tbiyyed l-garaž? who - 1. škun. Who was the last one to use this book? škun t-talı lli steEmel had le-ktab? ---Who do you want? škun bģiti? 2. men, -mmen. Who are you looking for? Ela men ka-tfetteš? --Who did you give the book to? le-mmen Etiti le-ktab? 3. lli. Do you know the child who's playing out there? ka-teEref dak d-derri lli ka-ilEeb temma? whoever - lli. Whoever wants this apple may have it. lli bġa had t-teffaha yaxodha. whole - kamel, koll-. He ate the whole cake by himself. kla l-helwa kamla b-wehdu.

on the whole - fe-l-zomla. On the whole, I agree with you. fe-l-zomla

ka-nttafeq mEak.

wholesale - be-l-žomla. They sell only wholesale. ma-ka-ibiću ģir

be-l-zomla. wholly - tamamen.

whooping cough - Eewwaqa.

whose - 1. de-mmen, dyal men. Whose watch is this? de-mmen had l-magana?

2. men (in construct with a preceding noun). Whose house do you live in? f-dar men ka-teskon?

3. lli ... (plus noun with possessive ending). Mr Tazi's the one whose house I live in. s-si t-tazi huwa lli ka-nskon f-daru.

why = Elaš. Why didn't he come
yesterday? Elaš ma-ža-š l-bareh?
 that's why = biha b-as, Ela dak
š-ši, hadak Elaš. That's why I
didn't call you. biha b-aš
ma-Eeyyett-lek-š.

wide - 1. wase. This street is very wide. had z-zenqa wasea bezzaf.
2. kbir pl. kbar. They have a wide selection of shoes. Eendhom mežmuća kbira de-s-sbabet.

**Is this jellaba wide enough for

you? had ž-žellaba qeddek fe-t-tisa{?

to open wide - terrec. Open the windows wide. terrec s-sražem. to widen - wessec. They're going to widen our street. gad iwesseu z-zenqa dyalna.

widow - hežžala pl. -t.

widower - hežžal pl. -in, hžažel.

width - Eord, tisas. The room is four meters in width. l-bit fih rebsa miter de-t-tisas.

wife - mra (construct form mrat)
pl. Eyal, Eyalat; zewža pl. -t.
She's the wife of a famous actor.
hadik mrat wahed l-mumettil mešhur.
wild - wehši.

**My boy is wild about ice cream.

weldi mešlum Eel l-basta.

wild animal - wehš pl. whus. There are no wild animals in this forest. ma-kaynın whus f-had l-ġaba.

wilderness -xla.

will - 1. Eazima pl. -t, Eazayem.

He has a strong will. Eendu Eazima qwiyya. 2. wsiya pl. -t. He died without leaving a will. mat bla-maixelli wsiya.

to will - kteb, xella, hebbes Ela. He willed all his property to the city. hebbes melku kollu Eel le-maina.

I will, you will, etc. - 1. ġadi, ġad, ġa- (plus imperfect tense).
 I'll go tomorrow. ġad nemši ġedda.
 (imperfect tense). I'll see you at three o'clock. nšufek fe-t-tlata.
 **Will you please reserve a room

for me? hbes-li ši-rehba llah ibarek fik. --He won't get anywhere. ma-gad iqdi-šay.

would - 1. (imperfect tense). He would never take the job. Eemmru ma-išedd l-xedma. 2. bġa (past negative only). She wouldn't take it. ma-bġat-š taxodha.

would have - 1. kan (plus the imperfect tense). He would never have gotten that job if it hadn't been for his father. Eemmru ma-kan išedd dak l-xedma kun ma-kan-š bbah.

-I would've gone to the movies with you but I didn't have any money. kont nemši m£ak le-s-sinima be-l-heqq ma-kanu Eendi flus.

2. (the imperfect tense). I did it, but if he hadn't hit me I wouldn't have done it. Emeltha, be-l-heqq kun ma-drebni-š ma-ne@melha.

I would like, you would like,

Did she wink

etc. - nebģi, tebģi, etc. would you like to drink? š-tebģi tešrob? --We haven't seen you at all as much as we would like. ma-šefnak kif nebģiw.

I would rather, you would rather, etc. - nfeddel, tfeddel, etc. We would rather live in the country. nfeddlu nseknu f-berra.

willing - qabel. He's willing to help us. · huwa gabel baš i Eawenna. will power - Eazima.

to wilt - tterxa, dbal.

to win - rbeh. I'm going to win this game. ana gad nerbeh f-had l-leEba.

**I've won him over to our side.

žerritu l-žihetna.

wind - rih pl. ryah. There was a violent wind last night. ši-rih mežhed l-bareh fe-l-lil.

**There's something in the wind.

ši-haža ka-truž.

**I got wind of it yesterday. l-bareh wşelni xbar had š-ši. to wind - 1. tluwwa, Ewaž. The road winds through the mountains. mluwwya ma bin le-žbal. 2. duwwer. Wind it around my finger. duwwerha-li \mathcal{E} la seb \mathcal{E} i. 3. telle \mathcal{E} . I forgot to wind my watch. nsit ma-telle€t-š maganti.

to wind up - 1. luwwa, gennet. Will you help me wind up this yarn? Eafak tEawenni nluwwi had l-xit? 2. sala, fedda, seffa. They gave him two weeks' time in which to wind up his affairs. Etaweh žmeEtayn işeffi fiha gradu.

winded - megduf. At the end of the game they were all winded. fe-t-tali de-l-le€b kanu kollhom megdufin.

to get winded - tteqdef. I get winded easily. degya ka-ntteqdef. window - 1. šeržem pl. šražem. Please open the windows wide. Eafak terreE š-šražem. 2. šebbak pl. šbabek. Inquire at window number three. şeqşi fe-š-šebbak reqm tlata.

windowpane - zaža de-š-šeržem pl. zažat de-š-šražem coll. zaž de-š-šražem.

wine - šrab pl. -at.

wing - 1. ženh, žneh pl. žnuha, žwaneh. The pigeon broke its wing. le-h herrset žnehha. 2. žiha pl. -t. le-hmama The office is in the left wing of the building. l-mekteb ža fe-ž-žiha l-işriya de-l-binaya.

**She took him under her wing.

xdatu fe-hdenha.

wink - gemza pl. -t coll. gmiz. understood me at a single wink. b-gemza wehda fehmetni.

**I didn't sleep a wink.

ma-Emelt-ši teģmida. to wink at - gmez.

at you? was gemzettek? winter - iyyam l-berd. wipe - mseh, neššef. I'll wash the

dishes if you wipe them. negsel l-lwani ila ģad tneššefhom nta.

to wipe (off) - mseh, suwwel. First let me wipe off the dust. xellini nzuwwel l-ġobra be∈da.

to wipe out - mha imhi. The earthquake wiped out the whole town. z-zelsal mha le-mdina kollha.

wire - 1. selk pl. sluka. The wire isn't strong. had s-selk ma-ši shih. 2. berqiya pl. -t, tiliğram pl. -at. Send him a wire. sifet-lu bergiya. -- I'll let you know by wire. gad nxebrek b-bergiya.

**Hold the wire, please! ma-teqte∈-š, men fe¢lek. --I had to pull a lot of wires to get it. šhal de-n-nwater duwwert f-le-xwa bas wselt-lha!

to wire - Emel tiligram, Emel bergiya. He wired me to meet him at the station. Emel-li bergiva baš ntEerred-lu f-le-mhetta.

wiring - sluka de-d-duw. The wiring in this house is dangerous. s-sluka de-d-duw f-had d-dar fihom xatar.

to do the wiring - rekkeb d-duw. Who is doing the wiring in your house? škun ka-irekkeb-lkom d-duw fe-d-dar?

wisdom - Egel pl. Egul, Egula. wise - me Equl. You have made a very wise decision. xditi wahed l-garar meEqul.

**When are you going to get wise to yourself? fuq-aš gad tfiq men glebtek? -- Don't you think we ought to put him wise? ma-kaidher-lek-š billa xeşşna nhellu-lu Eeynih?

wish - 1. ?umniya pl. -t, ?amani. I'll be able to satisfy my wishes easily. gad imken-li nheqqeq l-?umniyat dyali b-suhula. 2. tehni?a pl. -t, tahani. Best wishes for the New Year! t-tahani l-harra b-munasabat l-Eam ž-ždid!

to wish - 1. tmenna. We wished him luck on his trip. tmennina-lu sefra séida. -- I wish I could stay here longer. tmennit u-kan imken-li nebga hna ši-modda xra.

**I wouldn't wish it to my worst enemy. ma-tmennaha-š hetta le-Eduk. -Did you wish that on me? was

wit tmenniti-li dak š-ši? --I wish you many happy returns for your birthday. ka-nhennik b-Eid miladek. to wish for - tmenna, bġa ibġi. What do you wish for most? š-ka-ttmenna ktir-ši? wit - fyaqa pl. -t, hdaqa pl. -t,
ftana pl. -t. What I like about him especially is his wit. ka-ye&žebni ktir-ši b-le-fyaqa dyalu. **He's no great wit. ma-fih-ši $\check{s}i-fyaqa\ kbira.$ —I'm at my wit's end. ma-bqit-š neEqel š-ka-neEmel. wits - Eqel pl. Equl, Equla; dmag pl. -at. She was out of her wits with fright. flet-lha d-dmag be-l-xewf. witch - sehhara pl. -t. with - 1. mEa. I'll have lunch with him today. ġad ntġedda m£ah l-yum. -- Do you want something to drink with

your meal? baği tešrob ši-haža m£a l-makla dyalek? 2. b- (bi- before pronoun endings). Did you write with this pen? ktebti b-had r-riša? -- The place was crawling with ants. dak r-rehba kanet ka-teģli be-n-nmel. With pleasure. b-koll farah. --She was green with envy. matet b-le-hsed. 3. $\mathcal{E}la$. The responsibility rests with him. l-mes? $uliya \in lih$. 4. $\in lend$. He's staying with us: huma nazel ϵ endna. 5. be ϵ d-emma. With all the work he's done he still isn't finbe€d-emma dak l-xedma kollha lli dar, ma-zal ma-sala-š. wither - ybes. within - 1. men daba. I expect an

answer within three days. ka-ntsenna ž-žwab ižini men daba telt iyyam. 2. daxel, f-qelb. Speeding is forbidden within the city limits. memnufa s-sorfa daxel hudud le-mdina. **The letters came within a few days of each other. le-brawat žaw b-ši-modda ma bin l-wehda u-l-wehda. --We're within walking distance of the theater. ka-imken-lna nemšiw

Ela režlina men Eendna le-s-sinima. without - 1. bla. Can I get in without a ticket? imken-li ndxol bla bţaqa? 2. bla-ma. I took it without anyone seeing me. dditha bla-ma išufni hedd.

witness - šahed pl. šhud.

to witness - 1. šaf išuf, tferrež f-. A huge crowd witnessed the game. bezzaf de-n-nas tferržu fe-l-leEb. 2. hder Ela. Did you witness the accident? hderti Eel l-9afat?

to give witness - šhed. She gave witness that she had seen him enter the house. šehdet billa šafettu

daxel le-d-dar. witty - qežžam pl. -a. wolf - dib pl. dyab. woman - mra pl. Eyal, Eyalat, nsa; siyyda pl. -t.old woman - Eguza pl. Egayez. wonder – Eažab pl. Eažayeb, Ežeb pl. Ežayeb. -- The medicine works wonders. d-dwa ka-idir le-Ežayeb. **No wonder it's cold, the window is open. iwa Eliha kayen l-berd,

š-šeržem mehlul. to wonder - 1. tsegreb, tEežžeb. I shouldn't wonder if this were true. ma-ntsegreb-š ila kan had š-ši shih. 2. tsa?el. I wonder whether they're at home or not. ka-ntsa?el waš huma fe-d-dar wella la. 3. tsa%el, xemmem. I was just wondering what you were doing when you called me up. kont tamamen ka-nxemmem š-konti ka-teEmel mnin Eeyyetti-li.

**I wonder what he'll do now. qal-li š-ģad ye∈mel daba. --I wonder if she has written him. šuf waš ketbet-lu! -- I wonder whether they're still here. yeElem !lah waš ma-zalin hnaya.

wonderful - Eažib.

wood - Eud pl. Ewad, xšeb (coll.). What kind of wood is this? *-men $nu \in de-l-\varepsilon ud$ hada?

woods - ġaba pl. ġyeb. Is there a path through the woods? kayna ši-triq f-wost l-ģaba?

**He isn't out of the woods yet. ma-zal ma-xrež men dak l-wehla.

wood carver - neggaš pl. -a. wood carving - taneqqašet.

wooden - d-le-xšeb. The pan has a wooden handle. l-meqla qbettha d-le-xšeb.

wool - suf pl. swaf. The blanket is made of pure wool. l-bettaniya suf xaļşa.

woolen - de-ş-şuf. I bought a woolen sweater. šrit kebbut de-s-suf. woolens - hwayež de-ş-şuf.

word - 1. kelma pl. -t coll. klam. How do you spell that word? kif ka-tekteb had l-kelma? --We have to learn fifty new words for tomorrow. xeşşna nhefdu xemsin kelma xra l-ģedda. 2. kelma, kelma de-š-šaraf. He gave us his word that he would finish the job. Etana klemtu de-š-šaraf billa gad ikemmel l-xedma.

to have a word - thellem. May I have a word with you? imken-li ntkellem mEak?

**You can take his word for it.

imken-lek ttiq bih. —I don't mince my words. klami ma-fih zwaq. —Have you had any word from your son lately. weslek si-xbar had l-iyyam men Eend weldek?

work - 1. xedma pl. -t, xdami. This work isn't important. had l-xedma ma-ši muhimma. 2. tamara pl. -t. It took a lot of work to convince him that we were right. tamara htažina meah baš ngeneuh billa kan meana l-hegg.

out of work - bla xedma, gales. He's been out of work since the factory closed. melli šedd l-meEmel u-huwa bla xedma.

to work - 1. xdem. I work from eight to five. ka-nexdem men t-tmenya l-l-xemsa. --The mechanic is just working on your car now. l-mikaniki rah ka-ixdem f-siyartek daba. --The motor isn't working. l-mutur ma-xeddam-š. 2. xeddem. He works his employees very hard. ka-ixeddem l-xeddama dyalu bezzaf.

**We're working on him to give us the day off. ra-hna ka-nhawdu fih baš yeɛtina n-nhar de-r-raha. --The doctor worked over him for an hour. saɛa u-t-tbib xeddam fih.

to work loose - tterxef, sxa isxa. We almost had an accident when the steering wheel worked loose. Ela świya konna gad neemlu hadita mnin bda d-dman itterxef.

to work out - 1. xrež, sdeq. How do you think this idea would work out? kif ka-ddenn gad tesdeq had l-fikra? 2. tmešša. How did things work out? kif tmeššat l-?umur?

**The plan is well worked out. l-mešru£ mneddem f-gaya.

worker - xeddam pl. -a. Workers in this factory are well paid. kaixellsu l-xeddama d-had l-meEmel mezyan.

**She's a good worker. hiya ka-texdem mesvan.

working hours - sa&t l-xedma, weqt l-xedma. May I call you during working hours? imken-li n&eyyet-lek f-weqt l-xedma.

workman - xeddam pl. -a.

world - denya pl. -t, Ealam pl. Eawalim. He's traveled all over the world. huwa safer fe-l-Ealam kollu.

**Where in the world have you been? qul-li gir fayn konti! --I wouldn't hurt him for the world. ma-nqeşşhu-ši waxxa ikun lli kan. --My father thinks the world of you. nta qedd-aš Eend bba.

worm - duda pl. -t coll. dud.

worn - bali. This rug doesn't look worn at all. had z-zerbiya ma-bayen-š Eliha balya be-l-koll.

worry - hemm pl. hmum, dbila pl. -t, dbayel. Her son gives her a great deal of worry. weldha ka-ixleq-lha bel€a de-l-hemm.

to worry - 1. Summes. His silence worries me. skatu ka-isummesni.

-I'm worried because I haven't heard from him in a week. ana msummes hit hadi semsa ma-zani slih xbar. 2. rfed dbila. Don't worry' ma-terfed dbila' 3. xaf ixaf. You have nothing to worry about.

ma-sendek mn-as txaf.

**The future doesn't worry him. l-mustegbal ma-ka-ihezz-lu wden.

worse - 1. kfes. He's feeling worse this morning. had s-sbah ka-ihess' b-rasu kfes. --Her condition is getting worse and worse. haltha ka-dzid kfes u-kfes. 2. kter. It's snowing worse than ever. Emmer t-telž ma-tah kter men had š-ši.

from bad to worse - men kfes le-kfes, men kfes le-tles. His business is going from bad to worse. haraktu mašya men kfes le-tles.

to be worse off - zad tkeffes impf. izid itkeffes. He's even worse off now. daba Ead zad tkeffes. to worship - Ebed. Many people.

to worship - Ebed. Many people worshipped idols. Eadad de-n-nas kanu iEebdu l-?aṣnam.

worst - 1. kfes. But wait, I haven't told you the worst. bellati elik, ma-zal ma-qolt-lek-ši lli kfes men had š-ši kollu. 2. Pefles, Pekber, Peqbeh. It's the worst accident I can remember. Pefles hadita ka-neegel eliha.

**Of the three he's worst off. have all mayla-lu f-had t-tlata.

-The worst is yet to come. ma-zal & dad t suf ma kter men had s-si.

-If worst comes to worst, we can always sell our property. ila & edmet l-hala gad imken-lna nbi&u melkna. --You got the worst of the argument. dditi ma kfak men d-dbaz.

worth = qima pl. -t. He didn't
appreciate her true worth.
ma-qedder-s qimetha le-hqiqiya.

**That horse is worth three thousand dirhams. dak l-Eewd tamanu telt alaf derhem. --Give me two dirhams worth of peanuts. Etini žuž drahem d-kakaw. --I think he's easily worth a million. ka-ndenn yeEmel melyun mxiyyer f-resmalu.

--Did you get your money's worth last night? yak ma-mšaw-lek-ši flusek xsara l-bareh? -- It's worth the trouble hetta ila šqa l-wahed $be \in da$ be - l - fayda. -- Was it worth your while? fadek šī dak š-šī? --Is the book worth reading? had le-ktab fih ši ma ittegra? -- That's really worth seeing dak š-šı kayen fih ma ittšaf. worthless - bla qima, bla fayda, batel. would - see 'will' a couple of months before the wound in his leg is healed men daba

wound - žerh, žerha pl -t. It will be ši-šehrayn Ead ibra-lu ž-žerh lli f-fexdu.

to wound - žreh. He wounded him in the shoulder with the sword žerhu f-ketfu be-s-sif. --Several men were wounded in the brawl llı džerhu f-le-mdabza.

to wrap (up) - kemmes. Shall I wrap it up for you? nkemmsu-lek?

**He's all wrapped up in his work medhi fe-šgalu tamamen.

wreck - 1. ?afat pl -at, hadıta pl Were any killed in the wreck? mat ši-wahed fe-l-hadita? 2. rdem pl rduma. The bodies are still buried in the wreck l-žettat bagyen medfunin teht r-rdem.

**He's a complete wreck mehluk f-sehhtu.

to wreck - 1. Eenfež The car was completely wrecked s-siyara tEenfžet kollha. 2. heddem. The explosion wrecked the whole plant t-tfergića heddmet l-mecmel kamel.

wretched - 1. mdeglel. I still feel ma-zal ka-nhess b-raşı wretched mdeqlel. 2. mfeEfeE. We had a wretched weekend ?exxer l-?usbuE daz-lna mfeEfeE.

wrinkle - tekmıša pl -t coll tekmaš. Her face is full of wrinkles wžehha kollu tekmaš.

to wrinkle - tkemmeš. This silk wrinkles easily had s-sabra degya ka-ttkemmeš.

wrist - meEsem pl mEasem, gebta (de-l-yedd) pl qbati. wrist watch - magana de-l-yedd.

to write - kteb. writing - 1. xett pl xtut. I can't read his writing ma-ka-nferrez-š xettu. 2. ktaba pl -t, ktayeb. I don't get around to writing

ma-ka-nsalı-š le-ktaba.

**I'd like to have that in writing bgit dak š-ši mektub.

wrong - 1. galat. He admitted that he that I was completely wrong about ka-ne€taref billa kont tamaman galet fih. 3. xaser. Something is wrong with the telephone \$1-haža xasra fe-t-tilifun.

**I'm afraid you're wrong ikun ma-mEak heqq. -- Is anything wrong with you? Eendek ši-haža? -- I must have added the figures up wrong waqila r-ana galet f-žemE le-hsabat. -- Everything went wrong yesterday hetta haža ma-mšat mEewwta l-bareh. --You're heading in the wrong direction rak maši xarež Eel t-triq.

to do wrong to - dlem. done no wrong to anyone ma-dlemthetta wahed.

to do (something) wrong - glet f-. You did your work wrong again Eawed gletti fe-l-xedma dyalek.

to wrong - dlem, tEedda Ela thinks they have wronged him ıdenn ıla tEeddaw Elih.

X

X ray - blaka (de-r-radyu) pl. -t.I asked the doctor if I could see the X-ray. suwwelt t-tbib was ımken-lı nšuf le-blaka.

to X-ray - duwwez fe-r-radyu. The dentist X-rayed my hand duwwez yeddi fe-r-radvu.

Y

yard - tasiξa pl. -t, saḥa pl. -t.

The children are playing in the yard. d-drari ka-ileξbu fe-t-tasiξa.

yarn - 1. xit. I'll take six balls of that green yarn. Etini setta de-l-kobbat men dak l-xit le-xder.

2. hkaya pl. -t; xrafa pl. -t, xrayef. He's telling one of his yarns. ka-iEewwed hkaya men l-hkayat dyalu.

to yawn - tfuwweh.

year - & Eam pl. snin. He's thirty years old. f-& Eemru tlatin & Eam.

-They live in the country all year round. ka-iseknu f-berra l-& Eam kollu. -I haven't seen him for years. hadi modda men s-snin ma-& Eftu.

yearly - 1. fe-l-Eam. How much is it yearly? be-shal fe-l-Eam? 2. koll Eam. My uncle pays us a yearly visit. xali ka-iži išufna koll Eam.

to yell - 1. Eeyyet. We heard someone yelling for help. smeEna Si-wahed ka-iEeyyet l-igata l-llah.
2. gummet. He yelled when the doctor stuck him with the needle. gummet mnin dreb-lu t-tbib l-ibra.

yellow - 1. sfer pl. sufer. She's wearing a yellow dress. labsa keswa sefra. 2. xuwwaf, xayef. He's yellow. huwa xuwwaf.

Yemen - l-yaman.

yes - iyeh, ih, nEam. She answered yes. žawbet b-iyeh.

yesterday - l-bareh, yames. I saw him only yesterday. Ead Seftu l-bareh.

the day before yesterday - wel-l-bareh. He left the day before yesterday. mša f-halu wel-l-bareh.

yet - 1. wella ma-zal. Have you seen the movie yet? was sefti l-film wella ma-zal? 2. baqi, ma-zal. He hasn't come yet. baqi ma-ža. --I'll get him yet! baqi nqebtu! or ma-zal yehsel.

3. u-be-l-heqq, lakin. He didn't want to go, yet he had to.
ma-bga-š imši u-be-l-heqq tlezzem

to yield - 1. xella. His business doesn't yield much profit. l-bie

u-š-šra dyalu ma-ka-ixelli-lu
rbeh bezzaf. 2. Eta yeEti. This
bomb yields a lot of heat. had
l-qenbula ka-teEti l-harara bezzaf.
—This land yields a lot of wheat.
had l-?erd ka-teEti z-zreE bezzaf.
3. steslem, Eta yeEti rasu. The
city yielded to the enemy.
le-mdina steslmet l-le-Edu.
**I'll yield on this point.

qabel had n-noqta.

yolk - fess pl. fsus, mehh pl. mhah. yoke - nira pl. -t. you - m. sg. nta, f. sg. nti, ntiya,

pl. ntuma.

**You never know what's going to

**You never know what's going to happen. ma-ka-yeEref l-wahed *-gad yewqeE.

young - sgir pl. sgar. She's still
very young. ma-zala sgira.
young lady - šabba pl. -t.
young man - šabb pl. šobban.
young people - nas sgar. The
young people had a lot of fun.

n-nas s-sgar tmellgu mEa rashom.

**I never worked very hard in my
younger days. f-iyam sogri Eemmri
ma-xdemt bezzaf. --The night is
still young. l-lil twil.

your - 1. -ek pl. -kom. Your hair is black. \$e&rek khel. --Children, your uncle is in the house.
a d-drari, &emmkom fe-d-dar.
2. dyalek pl. dyalkom, mta&ek pl. mta&kom. Your tree is blooming, Ahmed. a hmed, &-&e&ra dyalek mnuwwra.

**You've got to watch your car in this town. f-had le-blad l-?insan ka-ixessu yehdi tumubiltu. yours - dyalek pl. dyalkom. Is this yours or ours? was hada dyalkom wella dyalna?

yourself - 1. rasek pl. raskom,
nefsek pl. nfeskom. Did you hurt
yourself? was gessehti rasek?
--Keep it for yourself. xelliha
l-nefsek. 2. b-rasek pl.
b-raskom, b-nefsek pl. be-nfeskom.
You must do it yourself. nta
b-rasek xessek te∈melha.

**You have to guard yourself against the cold here. hna l-?insan lazem yehdi rasu men l-berd.

youth - 1. sger, sgor. He worked hard in his youth. xdem bezzaf f-sogru. 2. weld pl. wlad. The

youth struck the old man. l-weld dreb r-ražel le-kbir.

Z

zero - sfer pl. sfura. Add another zero. zid sfer axor.
zinc - zeng.
Zionist - sehyuni pl. -yin.

zipper - sensla pl. -t. zone - mentaqa pl. -t. zoo - Eersa de-l-hayawan.